Ninth Victory In Ten Games

WIN FROM CHARLEVOIX AND HARBOR SPRINGS DURING PAST WEEK

HARBOR 22 - JORDAN 26

The Jordanites, engaged in a hard and fast game last Friday night, succeeded in defeating a strong Harbor Springs team by a score of 26-22.

Although East Jordan made the first point of the game Harbor soon the lead and maintained that lead until the first quarter ended Harbor 7, E. Jordan 3.

In the second quarter the Jordan-ites hastened to close the breach that Harbor had made between the two They put on plenty of speed and both teams were functioning per-fectly when the second quarter ended with Harbor leading by one point. The

Both teams shots were falling short of their goals in the third quarter, but this didn't hinder East Jordan from taking a decided lead, which

they kept until the game ended.

It was also in the third quarter that the Jordanites put into effect the good blocking plays that Coach Damoth has been working on. At the end of the third they led 21-15.

Harbor started some pretty wild passing in the fourth and plenty of fouls were called on them. Some The hard playing and plenty of speed was small store room containing, among shown by East Jordan and the team other thing, some chemicals that had perfect co-ordination.

finest games they have played this season and the game was so close that no one knew, until the final whistle blew, who the victors would

Although Harbors boys were some what taller than ours, the Jordanites made up for this in speed and team-

East Jordan has played nine games this season and out of these nine have

won eight.

It's a fine record and, we know that collapsed last week, owing they'll keep it up if the townfolks will the building operations around it.

The new 21-foot launch construction of the constructi won eight.

back them up.
So come to the game at Peliston,

In an earlier game the East Jordan
Reserves lost to a taller and stronger
Harbor Reserves by a score of 27-20.
East Jordan FG FT Total C. Saxton Bennett D. Ager _ J. Sommerville Totals ____ 11 Harbor Springs Neuman __ Kishigo Kaltz Totals _____ 10

CHARLEVOIX 17 — JORDAN 23

In a hard fought and bitter battle, last Tuesday night, East Jordan defeated Charlevoix by a score of 23-17.

East Jordan took a decided lead in the first quarter and things were looking pretty fine. At the end of the first

mg pretty nne. At the end of the first quarter they were leading 7 - 0.

The Jordanites were working in perfect teamwork during th second quarter, but Charlevoix's team was intercepting our passes. This, however, didn't stop the locals from gaina bigger lead and ending the first

ing a bigger lead and ending the first half 13-15.

Again in the third quarter our team had some mighty fine teamwork and Charlevoix was making some Oct. 21, 1922, died at the Charlevoix hospital January 20th, following an until the 3rd ended 23-10 in favor of East Jordan.

By George E. Reycraft of Petoskey died January 26th. George M. Miller, who married hospital January 20th, following an appendectomy.

Miss Eva Waterman was home

ahead to make seven points while our ents before leaving next Wednesday team concentrated on blocking them. They did a good job of this and the Oberlin College.

It was an exciting and hard fought game and both teams were still fight-

ing when the final whistle blew.

This game was the Jordanites ninth victory out of ten games, Good going

boys, and keep up the good work. Don't forget the game at Pellston Feb. 9. Everybody come.

In an earlier game the East Jordan Reserves defeated the Charlevoix Reserves by a score of 26 - 14.

BEG YOUR PARDON

In last week's locals an item said that two of our supervisors were attending a state meeting at Lansing. It failed to say that the dean of Charlevoix County supervisors - Wm. F. Bashaw - was also there, Sorry, Bill, but those darn things will happen.

AN APPRECIATION

We wish to express our thanks and appreciation to our many friends and relatives who helped us after losing

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Clark and Family.

Winter Kill of Fish Is Reported In City of Lansing

First reported instance this sea- ON THE NEW CHINA IN THE NEW TES SOMEWHERE IN GERMANY son of so-called "winter kill" of fish PACIFIC AT ROTARY in Michigan's inland lakes has occur-red practically at the state conservation department's front door

Thick ice and a snow covering have blocked the sun's rays from the water in Jones lake on the northwest edge of Lansing, stopping oxygen production, and fish are dying as a consequence.

Department experiments of other years in restoring oxygen to winter-locked lakes were unsuccessful. Holes chopped in ice freeze quickly and comparatively few fish find them. Pumping rigs can help but little in aerating water. Cleaning snow from the ice is likely to be most helpful to fish of any measures that can be taken.

Losses among fish populations during severe winters are instances of Nature's vagaries about which man can do little.

Premoe Beauty Parlor Damaged By Fire

Fire of undetermined origin about 7 p. m. last week Thursday, caused considerable damage to the Premoe Beauty Parlor just east of the State

The fire evidently originated in a threw off nauseating odors.

Both teams were still fighting hard when the final whistle blew, ending the game 26-22 in favor of East Jor-Mrs. Grace Premoe, were damaged by smoke. Insurance was carried or The Jordanites played one of the both building and contents.

Looking Backward

February 4, 1905

James Keat and bride have returned from their wedding trip to Alle-

N. Muma is erecting a bake-over which will be the largest and best in the county. It replaces the old one

So come to the game at Peliston, ted at Waterman & Price setted by Feb. 9. It's a long way to go but we for Bellaire parties is now practic-ally complete and another has been started for Postmaster Frank A. Ken-

January 30, 1915

The Metropole orchestra is planning a series of dances to begin in

Bernard Bowen splintered the bone in his right leg in a fall while skating on the pavement.

Miss Victoria Steimel who has

made her home here for some time returns to her home in Sutton's Bay Saturday where she will be married February 10th.

C. S. Pinney was stricken with par Miss Mina Hite leaves next week

for Florida for a two month's stay.

Laurence Lemieux has bought new set of orchestra traps which will make the Metropole orchestra one of

the best in the State. Rev. C. N. Coulter, a pioneer resident of Antrim county, father of Alvan Coulter of Charlevoix was taker to a hospital in Traverse City this

week.
Mrs. Ira Burbank died in a Petos key hospital January 26th.

January 30, 1925

Dr. George E. Reycraft of

In the fourth, Charlevoix went from Detroit for a visit with her par-

The coldest weather recorded here two teams raced from one end of the floor to the other. Until the final whistle blew, giving the Jordanites another victory by a score of 23-17. started dropping at sundown and at 6:00 a.m. Tuesday it registered some thirty degrees below zero.

Mrs. Marjorie Miller went to Pe toskey Monday where she will open a beauty shop.

THE WEATHER

ı	··					ď	
ľ	Temp.		Rain or		Weather		
ı	N.	lax	Min	Snow	Wind	Cond'n	
i	Jan.					1	
ļ	18	25	5	2.5	\mathbf{SE}	cloudy	
	19	28	21		sw	pt cldy	
	20	. 32	16		sw	pt cldy	
	21	32	23		sw	cloudy	
	22	34	25		. W	cloudy	
	23	27	17	1.	NW	cloudy	
	24	23	0		NW	clear	
	25	16	-10		$\mathbf{s}\mathbf{e}$	cloudy	ı
	26	24	-10		SE .	clear	l
	27	24	19		sw	cloudy	1
	28	29	21	1.5	sw	cloudy	l
	29	24	16	1.	sw	cloudy	١
	30	18	11	5.5	SW	cloudy	ì

PACIFIC AT ROTARY INSTITUTE

William B. Johnson, who was a prisoner of the Japanese in the Stanley Interment Camp and returned to the United States on the "Gripsholm" will give the closing lecture on the course on International Understanding at the East Jordan High School, Saturday evening, February 3, at 8 o' clock.

Mr. Johnson went to China for missionary service in 1906. For a number of years he served as principal of years he served as principal of the protection of the principal of t



WILLIAM B. JOHNSON

Nanchang Academy in China. Then for a time he served as executive secretary of Kaingai Provincial Interna-tional Famine Relief Committee.

He was in Hong Kong in American Red Cross service when it was taken by the Japanese, and he was taken

prisoner at that time.
Mr. Johnson has seen China inti-

East Jordan mon of the worms with the men who have been in the thick of O. E. S. stirring events in different parts of the world. Mr. Johnson has probably seen as much of pathos and of drama as any speaker East Jordan. who has spoken

EAST JORDAN WAR BRIEFS

Mr. and Mrs. A. Dubas of the Bohemian Settlement received word in December that their son S-Sgt. Roman Dubas had been wounded in action in France, Nov. 27, and is convalescing in a hospital in Southern

S-Sgt. Dubas entered service on Dec. 3, 1942, and went overseas in Oct. 1944. He was a graduate of the East Jordan High School in the Class of 1935, and was employed by the East Jordan Canning Co. as Field

Mr. and Mrs. William Swoboda received a delayed notice recently that their son, 1st Lt. William Swoboda had been wounded in action on Sai-pan, June 17, with fragments of

shrapnel in the back. Lt. Swoboda, who is in the Marines is a graduate of East Jordan High School in the class of 1935 and of M.S.C. in 1939. At the time of induction he was employed in General Motors Production office in Pontiac.

The first intimation that Mr. and Mrs. Swoboda had that he had been wounded was that they receiver the Purple Heart awarded him a few

CALENDAR of COMING EVENTS

Fridays, 8 p. m. - I.O.O.F. Lodge. Saturdays, 8:00 p. m.: Institute of International Understanding at High

School Auditorium.
Sunday: Services in Churches. Tuesdays, 12:15 p. m.: Rotary Club

Laws To Assure Dog Heroes' Welfare. Lionel Calhoun Moise says Congress must soon decide whether it will protect K-9 veterans from vivisectors. Read how dog lovers, stirred by revelations of unnecessary crueity, are asking for action at this session. This side of enemy-held American serstory will appear in The American Weekly, the maggzine distributed with next week's Sunday Chicago Herald-American.

> **3** 310

Japanese Prisoner Soith Rogers to Speak Killed In Action

ON JANUARY 12

Y. FEBRUARY 2, 1945

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel E. Rogers re

Three brothers, Lemuel, Ida, Mich. 1st Sgt. Rodney in the Medical Corr h Italy; and Forrest, AMMH 3/0

Half-Year License Plates On Sale This Saturday, Feb'y 3

The 1945 Half-year License plates will go on sale this Saturday, Feb'y Fred Wallace, Boyne City; Mr. and Mrs. Walter Phillips, Boyne City; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wallace, Boyne City; Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Wallace and Mr. and Branch Manager W. E. Hawkins from Mrs. Richard Taylor, Midland. the Department of State

Mother of East Jordan Businessman Passes Away at Charlevoix

Mrs. Adeline M. Bellinger, resident of Charlevoix since 1880, pass-ed away at Charlevoix hospital, Sun-

ents to Michigan, settling on a farm near Maple City. Later moving to I. G. — Beatrice Kopkau.

Traverse City where she was married O. G. — Viva Sutton. Mr. Johnson has seen China inti- Traverse City where she was married mately from the inside, and can speak to C. R. Bellinger who preceded her with authority on many phases of in death some 18 years ago. They eslife there, and of the part that China tablished the Bellinger Jewelry Store may be expected to play in the future: in which she still had an interest at The course of lectures on International Understanding has brought to She was a member of the Methodist East Jordan mon of fine partials.

She is survived by two sons, F. G. Bellinger of East Jordan and W. C. Bellinger of Charlevoix; two daughters, Mrs. G. E. Dutton of West Branch and Mrs. Frank Schuler of

Muskegon, eleven grandchildren and thirteen great grandchildren. Funeral services were held Wednesday, Jan. 17 at 2 p. m. from the See Funeral Home with the Rev. Leigh Hagle officiating. Internment was in Brookside Cemetery, Charle-

Red Cross Aids Prisoners of War

Food, medical and clothing pack ages are not the only messages from home supplied to American prisoners of war by the Red Cross.

In September 1943, the American Red Cross started publishing "The Red Cross News," a lively news bul-letin for prisoners in Europe. It includes sports features, cartoons, and many features of our own papers except war news, which would not

pass enemy censors. As soon as a man is officially announced as a prisoner, his family is Wayne C. Belding ____ Charlevoix placed on the mailing list for the Red Lawrence McClhanaghan Charlevoix "Prisoners of War Bulletin. tion contains information of prison camp conditions, advice regarding communications and gift parcels for prisoners, illustrations of prison life, letters from prisoners, and maps showing location of camps in Europe and the Far East.

For families anxious about sons officially reported as prisoners of war and wounded in hospitals in enemy territory, the Red Cross of-ten is able to obtain supplemental information on their condition. Parents anxious to prevent unnecessary worry are told how to send their sons word that the family knows them to be alive. They are given information on the kinds of food, clothing and comfort articles they can send in next of kin parcels and how to address them to go through safely to some far-off prison camp.

Each inquiry which comes to Red Wednesday, Feb. 7, 8 p. m: Wednesday evening circle Presbyterian Ladies Aid at Mrs. Richard Malpass' home. my's clearing agency for prisoners of war information, the Red Cross is kept up-to-the-minute on develonments governing with prisoners.

Despite barbed wire and vast distances. Red Cross remains at the vicmen as well as their families, helping to relieve worry and to provide comfort for both.

Mrs. Mary A. Bennett Passes Away

Mrs. Mary Abigal Bennett was born in Allegan County, Mich., in 1856 and passed away at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Elmex Faust, in Eveline Township, Jan. 24, 1945. The cause of death being senility.

She was first married to Ruthven J Newland, who died in 1914. She next married Alexander M. Bennett, who preceded her in death in 1935
She moved to Bellaire in 188 where she made her home until the past few years which were spent with her daughter, Mrs. Elmer Faust and family. She was a member of the Women's Relief Corps.

She is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Elmer Faust of Eveline Township, Mrs. George Underhill of Boyne city, and a son, Clyde Newland of Clio; fourteen grandchildren, 38 great grandchildren and four great grandchildren.

Funeral services were held from the Watson Funeral Home, Saturday afternoon, Jan. 27, with burial in Lake View cemetery, Bellaire.

Those from away to attend the funeral were Mr. and Mrs. Walter

Jasamine Rebekah Lodge Install Officers Wednesday, Jan. 24

The following officers were installed at Jasamine Rebekah Lodge, Wed

nesday evening, Jan. 24.
N. G. — Bertha Williams.
V. G. — Dorothy Sommerville. ad away at Charlevoix nospital, Sun-day, Jan. 14, having been in failing health for some time.

Adeline M. Hodge was born in Oak Point, N. Y., April 4, 1856. When but a small child she came with her par-Conductor — Helen Klooster.

Pianist — Lulu Clark. R.S.N.G. - Jane Foote

These Men Called

Or About To Be Called By The Charlevoix County Selective Service Board No. 1.

The following registrants are sche-

duled to report at the City Hall, Charlevoix, Michigan at 7:30 a.m. CWT on January 31, 1945 for transportation to Detroit for their Pre-in duction Physical Examinations: James W. Sloan ____Charlevoix Lyman E. Jubenville ___Boyne City John Skop I _____Boyne Falls Herschell Fitzpatrick __Boyne City Kenneth M. Hunt ____Boyne City James L. Munson ____ Boyne City Vernon LaFreiniere ____ St. James Robert J. White _____ Charlevoix Lawrence Detlaff ____Boyne City R. M. Sutton _____Charlevoix Gerald W. Albright ____Boyne Falls Marlin L. Cihak _____East Jordan Leland C. Genson ____Boyne City Richard O. Lilly Russell J. Fraser Charlevoix _Charlevoix Henry S. Dougherty ____East Jordan Charles C. Cole _____Boyne City ____ East Jordan Percy J. Bennett George E. Smith Jr. ___.Charlevoix Everette E. Griffin ____ Boyne City

LeRoy A. Cole _____ Charlevoix Robert L. Haney ____ East Jordan James E. Bashaw _____ Boyne City Newell Davis _____East Jordan Ralph L. Leist _____Boyne City Subject: January Inductions.

The following registrants were accepted by the branch of service opposite their names at the Chicago Induction Station on January 16, 1945: Thomas S. Sarna, —Ironton—Navy William C. Bissell — Char.— Navy Jack L. Urman -Boyne C. -Army E. J. Matelski -Boyne F. -Army Walter R. Ford — Char. — Army Willis J. Miller — Char. — Army Ralph B. Mathers --- Boyne C .-- Army William A. Kane— Char.—Navy M2 Robert Zeitler—Charlevoix—Army 2. Harvey J. Nelson of Boyne City volunteered and was inducted into the Army at the Detroit Induction

CLOSED PART TIME

Station on January 12, 1945.

After February 5th, Cal's Tavern will be closed on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday of each week on account of the shortage of coal.
adv5-2 CAL BENNETT.

CARD OF THANKS

We desire to express our sincere appreciation to neighbors and other friends for their many acts of kindness extended during the illness and at the death of our beloved mother. Mary Abigal Bennett.

Clyde Newland

Mrs. Elmer Faust Mrs. George Underhill and Grandchildren.

1945 "V" Garden In Her 88th Year Program Launched

EVERY INDIVIDUAL GARDENER HAS A REAL RESPONSIBILITY

With a goal of more than one million, the State Victory Garden pro-gram for 1945 was launched this week by Paul R. Krone, Chief of the Victory Garden Section of the Michigan Office of Civilian Defense, Lan-

sing, in a directive sent to more than 600 OCD Victory Garden Committees. The goal is based upon the number of gardens - 1,032,882 - grown

last year. Tightening up of the civilian com-mercial food supply as indicated by the OPA's recent action in restoring points on many canned products and increased military demands for food will be emphasized in urging the public to again grow gardens so that they may be assured an ample supply of the kinds of foods essential to good

diet. The State-wide garden survey conducted last fall showed that many persons planned to discontinue plant-ing gardens in the erroneous belief

that there had been a great improve-ment in the commercial food supply. "Although during the fall of 1944, some may have doubted the necessity for carrying on an extensive Victory Garden program in 1945, the need for it should now be evident to all," Krone said. "The increasing food requirements of our armed more serious farm labor problems brought on by recent revisions of Selective Service regulations, increasing transportation difficulties, and a greater demand for fruits and vege-tables on the part of the civilian population make it necessary for us to renew our efforts and to produce as much or more food in home gardens in 1945 as w did in 1944."

Pointing out that the individual may not regard his garden as of great importance in the general food supply situation, Krone said that "Michigan's gardens alone contributed 22,000,000 bushels to the national

"Considering this total production," he said, "the job of every individual Victory Gardener develops into a real responsibility."

Through the cooperation of the Extension Service of Michigan State College and other agencies, plans are being made to increase the assistance given to the individual gardener. Michigan's 1944 Victory Garden ecord is believed to have been by far the best in the Nation and became more outstanding when the National Victory Garden Institute selected

Mrs. Catherine Benzo, of Norway, as the nation's champion gardener and named two students, Euling Stirling, 15, of Sault Ste. Marie, and Carl M. Hakes II, 13, of Hanover, as runnersup respectively in the high school and grade school classifications of the national "Green Thumb" contest.

Ballard — Weaver

Announcement has been received of the marriage of Miss Delores Ballard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Coleman of Barryton, Mich., to Lyle Weaver, MM 2/c, son of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Weaver, Sunday, Jan. 11. The ceremony was preformed by the Rev. N. Dalenburg, pastor of the Warren ve. Presbyterian church in Saginaw. Lyle is a graduate of the East Jor-

lan High School. Shortly after grad-

uation he enlisted in the Navy.

RATIONING AT A GLANCE

Butter, Fats, Canned Milk, Lamb, Beef Steaks and Roasts, Cheese and Canned Fish

Book 4 - Red stamps Q5 through S5 valid for ten points each through March 31st. Stamps T5 through X5 good through April 28. Stamps Y5. Z5, A2, D2 good through June 2.

Processed Fruits and Vegetables Book 4 — Blue stamps X5 through Z5 and A2, B2, good through March 31. Stamps C2 through G2 good through April 28. Stamps H2 through M2 valid Feb. 1st, good through June

Book 4 — Sugar stamp No. 34, good for 5 pounds, is valid until March 1st. Stamp No. 35 valid Feb'y 1st to June 8.

Gasoline Those applying for supplemental gasoline must present to the Ration Board the stub (Form R-584) off the

bottom of your A book application.

No 14 stamp in A book valid
through March 21 for four gallons each. Coupons B5, C5, B8, C6 good for five gallons each. Fuel Oil

and new period No. 1, 2 and 3 coupons valid throughout the year. New coupons No. 4 and 5 become valid

Old period No. 4 and No. 5 coupons

Feby. 5th.
Rationed Shees Airplane stamps 1, 2 and 3 of Book 8 valid indefinitely.



REAL DANGER OF FOOD SHORTAGE THIS YEAR

WASHINGTON. - The government is sponsoring a food scare.

New York's Mayor LaGuardia has been calling for meatless days. Lo-cal rationing boards are putting out to their newspapers around the coun-

try alarming predictions of scarci-ties. Some people are concluding it is just the usual government fright campaign to get desired popular re-action, but this time it is real.

Hard as this may be for the average maidless housewife in the kitchen to believe, after all the stuff she has been hearing about great food stockpiles in government hoard-ing to feed the world, and large reserves bought up by the army and navy, the truth is we could lose this war on the food front if we do not have good crop weather this spring.

Behind the tightening condition is an explanation the government is not telling, namely that it misman-rged its food supplies situation last year and is now reaping the harvest of its mistakes

Look at poultry. The government last summer thought it was faced with an over-supply, expected the war to be won swiftly in France. discouraged poultry raisers
hatching eggs. That now proves to have been very bad judg-ment, and there is a shortage of

In hogs, the farmers were simiin nogs, the farmers were similarly scared of an over-supply, and reduced their feeder schedule upon government advice. We are now short on pork.

The sheep feeders ran into cold weather at lambing time last year, and we have a shortage of lamb. Beef Prices Too Low.

Beef has been handled so sloppily as to discourage production.
Last summer both the OPA and
WFA (War Food administration)
promised no ceiling price would be put on cattle, but one is now about to be applied.

An investigator went out to the midwest to hold hearings and reported the farmers were for a \$17.50 ported the farmers were for a \$17.50 ceiling. This proved to be false. Feeder stock had been bought for around \$18, to put on 200 to 400 additional pounds, and a \$17.50 ceiling would have meant ruination of this production process. So now the ceiling will be upped to \$18 so as not to discourage the production of this additional meat.

But in order that the price to the consumer not be raised, the govern-ment is to pay the packers an additional \$1 per 100 pounds subsidy out of the treasury and the taxpay-ers' pocketbooks (a secret price increase under which those who pay taxes actually pay a portion of the price on steaks bought by ev-

eryone).
All this retracing and self-repudiation by the government officials na-turally tended to demoralize the cattle industry and scare off pro-

Worse than this, the war manpower commission is threatening to draft farm help and the War Pro-duction board is cutting down or out the allocations for production of new farm machinery. The local draft boards in farm communities, however, have shown some signs of revolting against drafting more farm help, and frankly, I doubt that WMC orders will be obeyed.

Yet it is clear that farm help, new machinery, and parts for re-pairs will be scarcer than last year. If spring weather is bad, we will be in trouble. As for large reserves, we simply do not have them in any

The department of agriculture is now out holding meetings to get the farmers to increase planting, and extension directors are doing good constructive work, but the OPA, WFA, and the other government bureaus are doing nothing to extend production that I can see.

Bureaucratic Wrangling.

Indeed, there is constant quarreling and bickering on policy between OPA and WFA which is somewhat demoralizing, and coordinator Vin-son's office is full of left-wing boys who always have sociology uppermost in mind.

It is evident then that this new food scare has more validity behind it than in former cases, although the wrong reasons are being of-fered by the administration, naturally enough, in order to cover its old mistakes. "Peeple are eating more," they say, for instance. I doubt that

The Germans seem to have cap tured a large quantity of our canned goods in their Belgian sanset goods in their Belgian smash, and there is some black market seepage corruption from army supplies in France, but it is hard to believe the official excuse that a soldier in France eats more than in the United States, Lend lease is taking no more, and, indeed, our own supply situation is preventing as from living up to commitments.

Army has secured several convictions for black market operations. How many have been concerned with foodstuff is not known.

WEEKLY NEWS ANALYSIS

Germans Strive to Check Great Russian Break-Through in East; Congress Ponders Labor Draft

Released by Western Newspaper Union.

(EDITOR'S NOTE: When spinions are expressed in these columns, they are these of Western Newspaper Union's news analysis and not necessarily of this newspaper.)



Evidencing cooperation given Yank forces in Philippines, native volunteers information of enemy activity on Mindoro island.

EUROPE:

'Greatest Offensive'

right on to Berlin.

Their lines shattered and their border lands imperilled by what was described as the greatest offensive

in history, Germany's armies of the east fell back for a feverish reor-ganization in an effort to stem the

Russian tide that threatened to roll

Although the Russians plunged forward all along the sprawling Polish plains, the drive of their First Ukrainian army under Marshal Koney on the rich industrial prov-

ince of Silesia to the southwest con-

stituted the greatest immediate dan

ger to the Germans, with the enemy

frankly admitting its loss would seri-ously impair their ability to continue

the war. In an effort to shore up the

Russian advance there, Heinrich Himmler's home army was called into action under a hail of aerial and artillery bombardment. To the north of this sector below

Warsaw, the First White Russian

warsaw, the First white Russian army of Marshal Zhukov speared westward toward Pomerania, and also threw one wing southward in a move designed to hook up with the First Ukranian force and trap Ger-

Leaders in the great Russian offensive in clude (left to right) Marshals Zhukov Konev and Rokossovsky.

man units in a huge pocket. As these two drives developed, Mar-shal Rokossovky's Second and Gen-eral Cherniakvsky's Third White

Russian armies squeezed East Prussia from the north and south.

Frankly admitting the gravity of their situation, the Germans re-ported the withdrawal of their

forces to the west, and the hus

banding of their reserves for coun ter-action if the rapidity of the Russian advance should result in the spreading of their strength. Because

spreading of their strength. Because of the numerical superiority of the Russians, it was said, it was impossible to stop the Reds' advance by attempting frontal resistance on the open plains along 'he whole line.

the Nazis looked with apprehension

to the west, where they feared another all-out thrust against the

Regaining their balance after the

German break-through of a month

ago, Ailied forces were back knock-ing against the Nazi frontier, with the British Second army punching toward the Roer river along a broad front, and the U. S. First and Third

armies whittling down the remains

As the First and Third armies hacked off the shoulders of the

bulge, they encountered stubbors

rear-guard action as Von Rundstedt sought to pull his prize troops back into the Siegfried line.

While British and American force

exploited their initiative to the north, the Germans maintained

pressure on the lower Alsatian plains, throwing in tanks and in-fantry to hold the positions gained

in limited offensives while main Al lied power was diverted to Belgium

In the event definite assurances

are given to American corpora tions and business enterprises

that their property rights will be respected and that they will be

given the opportunity of making legitimate profits, it may

be expected that a considerable

flow of private American capi-

tal abroad in the form of direct

investments will take place.—Al-

exander Hamilton Institute.

"They Say ..."

ago, Allied forces were back knock

Rhineland.

Nazis Outnumbered

PACIFIC:

Advance Inland

Moving deeper inland down the great central Luzon plain to Manila, with elements probing into the mountains on either side to secure their flanks, Americans of the 6th army under Gen. Walter Krueger proceeded with caviting as the Luce belowed. ceeded with caution as the Japs held back on committing their major forces to the battle.

At the same time, U. S. carrier planes ranged far to the west to strike at enemy sources of supply and reinforcements along the south China coast, and U. S. army airmen swept up and down Luzon hammering at communications lines and airdromes harboring the remnants of the Japs' air force

Strongest opposition to the U. S. drive was encountered in the mountainous terrain on the east flank, where the Japs fought back hard from caves and entrenchments in an effort to hold open the country to the north of them.

NATION'S CUPBOARD: Well Stocked

With larger supplies in some foods offsetting smaller stocks in others, civilians should eat as much during the first three months of 1945 as

during the preceding three months, the War Food administration said. In comparison, the WFA said, more milk, eggs, cheese and citrus fruits will be available for civilians,

Reflecting prospects for a long-Reflecting prospects for a long-er European war than anticipat-ed last fall, farm production goals for 1945 were upped upon the War Food administration's recommendation for more milk, hogs and beef, and dry beans, potatoes, tebacco, flaxseed, sug-ar beets and clover seeds.

but less meat, chicken, fats, oils, but-

but less meat, chicken, fats, oils, butter, canned fruits and vegetables, potatoes, sugar and dry beans.
For 1945 as a whole, the WFA declared, civilian supplies will be smaller than 1944, but slightly larger than the 1935-'39 average. More milk, eggs, meat, chicken, fresh vegetables and fruits, lard, margarine, syrups, honey and cereal products will be available than before the war, but less butter, sugar, dry beans, canned fruits and juices, evaporated milk and canned fish.

LABOR DRAFT:

Push Bill

Spurred on by the President's insistence, congress gave increased attention to Rep. Andrew May's modification to Rep. Andrew May's modificatio fled labor draft bill, prohibiting men between 18 and 45 from leaving es-sential work without their local Selective Service board's permission, or compelling them to accept jobs designated by such boards.

With the army calling for younger men for replacements, War Mobilizer Byrnes outlined procedure for the induction of registrants in the 26 to 29 group, with less important employees in essential and so-called critical war industries to be called up before key men. Probably half of the present 365,000 deferred farm workers between 18 and 25 now be ing examined prior to review of their cases can expect to be inducted, Draft Director Hershey said.

While the President said some sort sary to channel workers into neces sary jobs, representatives of both la-bor and industry told congress that the present comparatively small manpower shortage could be best met by voluntary recruiting.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Because it is looked to as the largest single field of expansion, the est single neid of expansion, the building trade will have to employ 6½ million workers if the postwar objective of 60 million jobs is to be attained, R. J. Thomas of the CIO Automobile Workers union told the American Home Builders convention in Chicago, Ill.

With 61/2 million workers, Thomas said, a minimum of 1,750,000 homes could be constructed each year, a small percentage of the new housing needed.

Food Shipments

LEND-LEASE:

Showing a 4 billion pound drop under 1943, lend-lease food and agricultural products shipments during 1944 totalled over 7 billion pounds, with meats, dairy items and grain cereals composing the bulk of deliveries.

Of meat lend-leased, 708,627,733 Of meat lend-leased, 708,627,733 pounds were cured, smoked and frozen pork products; 65,238,418 pounds of frozen pork loins; 60,702,243 pounds of lamb and mutton; 23,285,892 pounds of frozen beef, Of forcen beef, Of the pounds of frozen beef, Of the pounds of frozen beef, Of the pounds of frozen beef. 16,101,290 pounds of rrozen beet. Of dairy products, 280,845,699 pounds of cheese were delivered, 23,886,449 pounds of butter, and 17,860,503 pounds of butter oil.

pounds of butter oil.
Other food and agricultural products lend-leased included 543,930,297 pounds of granulated sugar; 44,041,306 pounds of canned peas; 41,424,-897 pounds of canned peaches; 28,059,898 pounds of canned green beans; 24,650,997 pounds of canned tomatoes; 21,868,310 pounds of soap, and 20,195,112 pounds of canned

SYNTHETIC RUBBER: 1944 Production

Built up almost overnight as a result of the severance of the nation's imports of crude rubber from the far east following the Japs' early conquests, the U. S.'s 700 million dollar synthetic rubber industry produced 763,000 long tons (of 2,240 pounds) last year.

Declaring that synthetic production can be boosted to 1,000,000 tons if necessary, Secretary of Com-merce Jesse Jones said that the 1944 output was equal to the naannual peacetime rubber

Because 60 per cent of the rubber was made from alcohol instead of petroleum, Jones said, production costs of the synthetic averaged 33 cents a pound, compared with about 19 cents for the crude.

Celebrities Stricken

On the same day, in mid-month, death came to three of the nation's celebrated figures:

In Meriden, Conn., 50-year-old Francis
T. Maloney (Dem.) succumbed to a heart
attack. Left to support four brothers and
sisters at the age of 12, Maloney worked
up to the senate from newspaper reporter,
mayor of Meriden and congressman.

up to the senate from newspaper reporter, mayor of Meriden and congressman. In Washington, D. C., to attend the President's inauguration, 57-year-old George D. Crowley, vice chairman of the division of finance of the Democratic National committee, and one of the founders of the 1,000 club during the recent campaign, died of heart trouble. A prominent Chicago insurance man and financier, Crowley was the son of an assistant secretary of the treastant material control of the second control of the second control of the fiction character, whose amazing exploits thrilled millions of readers, 78-year-old Gilbert Patten, who wrote under the name of Burt L. Standish, passed away in San Diego, Calif. Patten, who ran away from home at 16 because he didn't like school, wrote a 20,000-word adventure novel every week for 18 years, and was estimated to have written 40,000,000 words in his lifetime.

BASEBALL: Gets FDR's Nod

With the game having been given presidential approval provided it did not interfere with the conduct of the war, major league baseball magnates began laying plans for the 1945 season, with their chief concern being to scrape together teams from the dwindling manpower pool.

Although the clubs were expected to rely again on discharged or re-jected army personnel, their plans were complicated by recent government regulations calling for re-ex-amination of 4-Fs and work or fight orders to men under 38. Some of these men, however, intend to enter essential industry and arrange for playing ball on the outside.

Because of the need for personnel, "... kids about 17... will have a wonderful opportunity to play in the big leagues," said Clark Griffith, owner of the Washington like. Senators.

U. S. NAVY:

Greater Firepower

Its firepower increased five times since July, 1940, combatant ships, auxiliaries and coast guard vessels of the U.S. navy can now hurl 2,000 tons of steel in a 15 second firing run, the equivalent of 50 freight carloads of steel.

Packing a wallop 92 per cent greater than the pre-Pearl Harbor battleship, Texas, the modern Iows is armed with nine six-inch guns mounted in threes, twenty five-inch double purpose guns in twos, a many smaller anti-aircraft guns.

Possessing 123 per cent more fire-power than the 1930 heavy Pensacola, the modern Baltimore carries nine eight-inch guns in threes, twelve five-inch anti-aircraft guns in pairs, and numerous smaller antiaircraft weapons.

BRITISH CASUALTIES

With the United Kingdom of England, Scotland and North Ireland suffering 635,107 casualties alone, British Empire losses totaled 1,043,554 up to last November, Prime Minister Churchill told the house of commons.

Of the other constituents, India's losses reached 152,597; Australia, land, 34,115; South Africa, 28,943, and other colonies, 28,946.

other colonies, 20,940.
Including recent western front casualties, U. S. losses totaled 721,325

Washington Digest

Mounting Battle Tempo Calls for More Material

Big Problem Is to Route Manpower Into Critical Work; Labor Needs Vary Throughout Different Areas.

By BAUKHAGE

News Analyst and Commentator

What is wrong with the American

what is wrong with the American war effort on the home front? Why all this excitement over a new draft of manpower? Didn't War Mobilizer Byrnes say that our war production almost equalled the production of the entire

These questions are being asked in many minds. I have asked them of the men whose job it is to get things done in Washington, and I want to try to put their answers

Let me quote one sentence spoken by War Mobilizer Byrnes himself: "Critical production no longer feeds pipe-lines or goes into strate-gic reserves—it is going right into battle."

If we compare "critical produc-tion" with fighting units, perhaps the recent German counter-offensive will help us see the picture.

When Von Rundstedt's drive started, men and tanks and guns and trucks, "critical production" in other words, all had to be poured other words, all had to be poured into actual battle. The result was that there were just not enough of them in the right place at the right time and our line crumbled. There were no immediate reserves to throw in and bolster the defense throw in and boister the defense.
Later on, when the veterans from
the Third army and the First army
and the British troops arrived, the
tide was turned. They represented
the reserves of "critical production" which should have been there
all the time.

For many months on that particular front only the men in the front lines were needed. There were enough men there to take care of the normal enemy opposing them. It was a minimum force without enough reserve to take care of maximum need and they were thrown back.

That is the situation in war production today. Certain critical supplies (airplanes, tanks, other vehi-cles and their accessories, certain types of ordnance, certain types of ammunition) are being used so fast in battle that if an extra strain developed at a certain point there would not be any reserve to call

Changing Conditions Alter Planning

Why are these things lacking? Why didn't we pile them up, as we do other things, until we had enough to take care of an emergency? Chiefly, because their greatest need developed after we started our war programs. Reserves for the future can only be based on present infor-mation or estimates based on previ-

ous knowledge, or lucky guessing. When the war began nobody, not even the Japs who used amphibious warfare in the early stages to the best advantage, had any idea of the type and number of landing-craft, to say nothing of the tech-nique of operating them, which are used in the latest Allied operations. The contrast between the Japanese landing in Lingayen bay and the American landing three years later in the same place is astounding.

Byrnes used as examples of other 'unpredictables,' inventions and improvements over old models, jet planes, new types of radar and the

Today, 55 per cent of our war production does not need to rise. Some of it is properly declining. But there are other parts of the program which are lagging that

should mount, because they are Of course "critical production." some plants making such goods are temporarily closed while re-tooling for new models. Others are under construction. But many plants lack nothing except manpower, those, for example, making certain types of planes and tanks and ships. Tires planes and tains and snips. These are being ground to pieces by shell splinters in the mud of Luxembourg and Belgium. Tanks are rolling from New Guinea to the Philippines to the Rhine, and bigger and better ones are demanded. There is a constant need for all kinds of am munition, but there is critical need for certain types of ammunition. both heavy and light. And so we come to the main prob-

lem which is really the only prob-lem today—manpower. We have the

WNU Service, Union Trust Building raw material and will have the manufacturing facilities in time.

Undersecretary of War Patterson told the house military affairs committee that in the first six months of 1945, 700,000 men would be needed for war production and industry necessary to the war effort.

I have talked with the War Man-power commission experts and they break down those figures something

One hundred and fifty thousand

war production.
One hundred and fifty thousand more for other war production to take care of the normal turn-over, expected replacements, etc. The remaining 400,000 must be retained in civilian production and services which have to be continued in order to maintain the total war effort.

The situation is summed up in general terms this way: The man-power mobilization problem is not as large as it was in 1942 and 1943 but it is more acute in certain lines. Two things contribute to making it more scute. One is the fact ing it more acute. One is the fact that we haven't the pool of either civilian production or the unemployed from which to draw as we had at the start. Second, because the needs are "critical" (battle needs) they must be satisfied im-mediately or the actual front-line activities may be immediately af-

One thing which must be considered is the geographical shift of the American labor force, a point which affects the general situation for it involves moving a worker from place to place. And in the present need, although the West coast (where labor is concentrated) is still the most critical area, the building of new factories to meet new needs and the change in the type of needs from one established type of needs from one established factory in one place to one in an-other place involves the question of suasion or force on the worker.

For instance, there is a great need in Utah and Wyoming for work-ers in coal mines. The scattered foundry sections from Michigan and Ohio, through Pennsylvania and New York to New England are critical areas. Even plane produc-tion, concentrated in the West, has its problems, for, although some airplane factories on the Pacific coast have closed down, many of the new factories for the flying fortresses and other new models are in areas other than the West coast.

We have the man and woman-ower in the nation to take care of the need. It is a question of getting the right man in the right place.

Overoptimism Causes Letdown

There are several reasons why the right man (and woman) is not in the right place now. One is due to an error in judgment which may, or may not, be blameworthy. Ger-many's "come-back" power, for which I attempted to set forth certain reasons in two preceding col-umns, was underestimated.

This caused a shortage in certain types of weapons. Superabundance in others. The latter put men out of work and caused them to seek non-war jobs. We had counted on a more mobile type of warfare. We did not think we needed the heavy artillery to blast Germany out of powerful defenses. powerful defenses. We counted too heavily on enemy vulnerability to the bombing of German cities. That was both a psychological and stra-tegical error.

Underestimating the length of the European war also had a bad psy-chological effect. It caused many workers to quit war work for what they thought would be more per-manent employment. It caused great pressure on Washington to begin reconversion, as War Mobilizer Byrnes admits was wrong. He said:
"... we could not do two things
at once ... could not pursue an
all-out war production effort while
simultaneously releasing materials,
facilities and manpower for civilian production."

The man and his job were separated, too, by the improvement of models and creation of new equipment. No one can be blamed for this. But frequently, as I have shown, it tended to place the job and the man miles apart.

BARBS . . . by Baukhage

There is a report that Hitler can't even hear himself properly any more. Lucky Adolph.

They say a girl gave the answer, "The telephone rings," when asked by the professor as to what happens when a body is immersed in water. But I doubt if she felt that it would put a wet blanket on her conversa-tion.

An American soldier made such a hit conducting a Berlioz symphony in Rome that the Italians requested a repeat. He couldn't because his three-day pass had expired.

Ralph Waldo Emerson once said that "Good is a good doctor but Bad is sometimes a better." But what difference does it make? They're probably both in the army now.

Ernie Pyle's Slant on the War:

Digging Ditches Becomes A Welcomed Job to G.I.s

Foxholes Offered Protection Against Nazis' Continued Attack

By Ernie Pyle

(Editor's Note): This dispatch was written and first published when Pyle was with the G.I.s at the African front. He is now on his way to cover the boys in the Pacific war zones.

WITH TROOPS IN AFRICA: -When our Sahara salvage expedition found wrecked airplanes far out on the endless desert, the mechanics went to work taking off usable parts; and four others of us appointed ourselves the official ditchdiggers of the day.

We were all afraid of being strafed if the Germans came over and saw men working around the planes



Ernie Pyle

and we wanted a nice ditch handy for diving into. The way to have nice ditch is to ig one. We dig one. We wasted no time.
Would that all

slit trenches could be dug in soil like that. The sand was soft and

moist; just the kind children like to play in. The four of us dug a winding ditch 40 feet long and 3 feet deep in about an hour and a half.

The day got hot and we took off our shirts. One sweating soldier said: "Five years ago you couldn't a got me to dig a ditch for \$5 an hour. Now look at me.

"You can't stop me digging ditches I don't even want pay for it; I just dig for love. And I sure do hope this digging today is all wasted effort. I never wanted to do useless work so bad in my life.

"Any time I get 50 feet from my home ditch you'll find me digging a new ditch, and brother I ain't joking. I love to dig ditches."

Digging out here in the soft desert sand was paradise compared to the clay-like digging back at our base. The ditch went forward like a prairie fire. We measured it with our eyes to see if it would hold everybody.

"Throw up some more right here," one of the boys said, indi-cating a low spot in the bank on either side. "Do you think we've got it deep enough?"

"It don't have to be so deep," another one said. "A bullet won't go through more than three inches of sand. Sand is the best thing there is for stopping bullets."

A growth of sagebrush hung over the ditch on one side. "Let's leave it right there," one of the boys said. "It's good for the imagination.
Makes you think you're covered up
even when you ain't."

That's the new outlook, the new type of conversation, among thou-sands of American boys today. It's hard for you to realize, but there are certain moments when a plain old ditch can be dearer to you than any possession on earth. For all bombs, no matter where they may land eventually, do all their falling straight at your head. Only those of you who know about that can ever know all about ditches.

A Soldier's Letter.

A Soldier's Letter.

While we were digging, one of the boys brought up for the thousandth time the question of that letter in Time Magazine. What letter, you ask? Why, it's a letter you probably don't remember, but it had become famous around these parts.

It was in the November 23 issue, which eventually found its way over here. Somebody read it, spoke to a few friends, and pretty soon thousands of men were commenting on this letter in terms which the fire department won't permit me to set

paper. To get to the point, it was written by a soldier, and it said: "The greatest Christmas present that can be given to us this year is not smok ing jackets, ties, pipes or games. If ing jackets, ties, pipes or games. It people will only take the money and buy war bonds . . . they will be helping themselves and helping us to be home next Christmas. Being home next Christmas is something which would be appreciated by all of us boys in service!"

The letter was all right with the soldiers over here until they got down to the address of the writer and discovered he was still in camp in the States. For a soldier back home to open his trap about anything con-cerning the war is like waving a red flag at the troops over here. say they can do whatever talking is necessary.

"Them poor dogfaces back home," said one of the ditchdiggers with fine soldier sar-casm, "they've really got it rugged. Nothing to eat but them old greasy pork chops and them three-inch steaks all the time. I wouldn't be surprised if they don't have to eat eggs several times a week."

"And they're so lonely," said anther. "No entertainment except to rassle them old dames around the dance floor. The USO closes at 10 o'clock and the night clubs at 3, It's mighty tough on them. No wonder they want to get home."

"And they probably don't get no sleep," said another, "sleeping on them old cots with springs and evrything, and scalding themselves in hot baths all the time."

"And nothing to drink but that nasty old ten-cent beer and that awful whisky," chimed in another philosopher with a shovel.

"And when they put a nickel in the box nothing comes out but Glenn Miller and Artie Shaw and such trash as that. My heart just bleeds for them poor guys.'

"And did you see where he was?" asked another. "At the Albuquerque Air Base. And he wants to be home by next Christmas. Hell, if I could just see the Albuquerque Air Base again I'd think I was in Heaven."

That's the way it goes. The boys feel a soldier isn't qualified to comment unless he's on the wrong side of the ocean. They're gay and full of their own wit when they get started that way, but just the same they mean it. It's a new form of the age-old soldier nesting of growing It old soldier pastime of grousing. It helps take your mind off things.

. . . Into Northern Tunisia.

We moved one afternoon to a new position just a few miles behind the invisible line of armor that sep-arates us from the Germans in Northern Tunisia. Nothing happened that first night that was spectacular, yet somehow the whole night became obsessed with a spookiness that leaves it standing like a landmark in my memory.

We had been at the new camp about an hour and were still setting up our tents when German planes appeared overhead. We stopped work to watch them. It was the usual display of darting planes, with the conglomerate sounds of ack-ack on the ground and in the sky.

Suddenly we realized that one plane was diving straight at us, and we made a mad scramble for foxholes. Two officer friends of mine had dug a three-foot hole and set their tent over it. So they made for their tent, and I was tramping on their heels. The tent flap wouldn't open, and we wound up in a silly heap. Finally it did open, and we all dived through the narrow open-

We lay there in the hole, face down, as the plane came smack overhead with a terrible roar. We were all drawn up inside, waiting for the blow. Explosions around us were shatteringly loud, and yet when it was all over we couldn't find any bomb holes or anybody hurt.

ous people.

Dusk came on, and with dusk began the steady boom of big guns in the mountains ahead of us. They weren't near enough for the sound to be crashing. Rather it was like the lonely roll of an approaching thunderstorm—a sound which since childhood has always made me sad with a kind of portent of inevitable

We went to bed in our tents. nearby farmyard was full of dogs and they began a howling that lasted all night. The roll of artillery was constant. It never stopped once in 24 hours. Once in a while there were nearer shots which might have been German parties or might not been German patrols or might not.

We lay uneasily in our cots. Sleep wouldn't come. We turned and turned. I snapped on a flashlight. "What time is it?" asked Chris Cunningham from the next cot.

"Quarter to one," I answered. "Haven't you been asleep?"

General Doolittle Meets a Doolittle

The last time I had seen General Doolittle was at the desert airdrome of Biskra on the edge of the Sahara.

Lieut. Gen. Jimmy Doolittle, head of the Eighth air force over here, noticed one day in the roster of of-ficers at his staff headquarters the name of a Captain Doolittle. One day not long after that his phone rang and the voice at the other end said, "This is Captain Doolittle." "Oh, yes," said the general. "I had noticed your name and I meant to call you up sometime.'

"I'd like to come in and see you,"

said the voice at the other end.
"Why, yes, do that," the general
said. "I'm pretty busy these days,
but I'll switch you to my aide and he'll make an appointment for you. Glad you called, captain. I'll look forward to seeing you.





Fruit, Meringue and Cupcakes . . . Dessert Trio

Dessert Simplicity

Desserts that are delicious in spite of their simplicity and yet hearty ough to satisfy appetites whipped to their keenest by sharp wintry weather are the order of the day.

We're concentrating on des-serts that take up little time and effort, little of the precious, rationed sugar, but use plenty of fruits in season. There are many recipes among them that

use eggs or milk to fortify diets shy in these two important foods. The first is an especially quickly prepared dessert that is satisfying

but not too heavy:

Fruit Cupcakes
Slice plain bakery cupcakes into
wedges, cutting only half way
through. Open gently and fill the
cavity with meringue and fruit. Bits
of fruit left over from breakfast or lunch may be used. Served with cof-fee or another hot beverage, these make a tempting climax to heavier fall and winter meals.

Butterscotch Rice Pudding. (Serves 6) 1/4 cup rice
2 cups milk
1/4 teaspoon salt
2 tablespoons butter
1/4 cup brown sugar
1 tablespoon lemon juice
1/4 teaspoon vanills

1/2 teaspoon vanilla
1/2 cup chopped dates
Wash rice and add salt and rice to the milk. Bring to a boil and then simmer 25 minutes. Meanwhile, melt butter, add brown sugar and cook over a low flame until very dark brown but not burned. Add the caramel mixture to the rice and milk and stir until dissolved. Re-move from heat

and add lemon juice, vanilla and dates. Pour into a howl and chill. When cold this pudding can be unmolded.

Serve plain or with cream. Pears are in season and are good to serve with cake or just plain fresh or stewed. Here they are combined into cake:

Pear Cake. 1/2 cup shortening ½ cup sugar 2 eggs cup sifted

1 teaspoon baking powder

½ teaspoon salt 1 teaspoon cinnamon 1/2 teaspoon lemon extract

10 pear halves, pared and stowed ½ cup sugar 1 teaspoon cinnamon

Cream shortening, add sugar and cream until light and fluffy. Add eggs one at a time and beat well. Add flour which has been sifted with baking powder, salt and cinnamon.

Lynn Says

Saving Sugar: Syrups may be used in cookies while sugar is saved for cakes. The texture of cookies is not affected enough by syrup in place of sugar so that it is perfectly all right to use it. Use % cup honey or corn syrup in place of each cup of sugar, and add 2 tablespoons of flour to each cup called for in recipe.

Fruits may be sweetened with jams and jellies or honey. Add sweetening last with a pinch of salt to make the most of it.

Prepared pudding and gelatin

mixes may be used with unbaked sweet cooky crusts to save sugar in making pies.

Thicken left-over fruit syrup from canned fruit with cornstarch

and use as sauce for puddings.

Make use of dried and fresh
fruits for their natural sugar con-

Substitute fresh fruits in sea son and custards for cakes and pastries as often as possible.

Lynn Chambers' Point-Saving

Lamb Steaks with Mustard Sauce Creamed Potatoes Brussels Sprouts Pear Salad Cinnamon Rolls
Rice Pudding

Beverage

Add flavoring. Pour into a wellgreased oblong or square pan. Press the cooked pear halves into the batter and sprinkle with sugar and cin-namon mixed together. Bake for 30 minutes in a 400-degree oven.

Have you tried cookies and fresh fruits for dessert simplicity and satisfaction? You'll like:
Orange Crisps.
(Makes 7½ dozen small cookies)
2 cups sifted enriched flour ½ teaspoon baking powder ¼ teaspoon soda

½ teaspoon salt 1/2 cup shortening 1 cup sugar

2 teaspoons grated lemon rind 2 teaspoons grated orange rind 3 tablespoons orange juice

3 tablespoons orange juice
Sift together flour, baking powder,
soda and salt. Cream together
shortening and
sugar until light
and fluffy. Add
egg and beat well.
Add fruit rinds
and juice. Add
flour mixture to and Juice. Add flour mixture to creamed mixture. Mix thoroughly. Shape into rolls and wrap up in waxed paper. Chill until firm. Slice 44-inch thick and bake on un-greased baking sheets in a moder-ate (350-degree) oven 12 to 15 min-

utes. These cookies may also be shaped by using a cookie press, if fancy shapes are desired.
Spiced Apple Pudding.
(Serves 6)
11/2 cups sifted flour

cup sugar teaspoon cinnamon teaspoon nutmeg ½ to ¾ cup milk 2 teaspoons baking powder

1/4 teaspoon salt tablespoons shortening 2 cups sliced apples 2 tablespoons butter 14 cup sugar Juice of ½ lemon

Sift flour, sugar, baking powder and salt together. Cut fat into flour, using fork or pastry blender. Add one-half cup chopped apples and cnough milk to make a soft dough. Melt butter into the bottom of a casserole, then add sugar, remaining apples and lemon juice. Pour the batter over the apples. Steam for 1½ hours and serve hot with lemon juice or cream.

Chocolate is such a big favorite that it should be included in desserts occasionally to add to appetite appeal. Here is a nutritious dessert that is bound to bring cheers:

Chocolate Finating Island.
(Serves 6)
11/2 squares unsweetened chocolate 3 cups milk

14 teaspoon salt ½ teaspoon vanilla 4 tablespoons sugar

eggs

4 tablespoons sugar

Melt chocolate in top of double
boiler, add ½ cup sugar and mix
well. Add milk slowly, stirring constantly. Reserve 2 egg whites for
meringue. Beat remaining whites
and 4 yolks slightly with salt. Pour
hot milk mixture over eggs, then
return to double boiler. Cook, stirring contactly with salt recorders. ring constantly until mixture coats the spoon and foam disappears. Add vanilla. Strain into serving dish; cover; let stand until cold. Chill before serving. Garnish with meringue made of egg whites, sugar and a dash of salt.

Get the most from your meat! Get your meat roasting chart from Miss Lynn Chambers by writing to her in care of Western Newspaper Union, 210 South Desplaines Street, Chicago 6, Ill. Please send a stamped, self-addressed envelope tor your renly. sens a stamped, for your reply, Released by Western Newspaper Union

SEWING CIRCLE PATTERNS

Dainty First Clothes for Baby Versatile and Smart Two-Piecer



HERE is an adorable set of tiny first clothes for the very small member of your family. It makes a lovely gift for a new baby. Make the little dress of organdy, dimity or dotted swiss—the dainty underthings in fine lawn or batiste.

Pattern No. 8708 comes in sizes 6 mos. 1, 2 and 3 years. Size 1, dress, requires 1% yards of 35 or 39 inch material; pantic and slip, 1½ yards; 3 yards lace for pantic and slip.



Naturally Jasper—The skunk is a very useful animal. We get fur from

Joan—I'll say we do. We get as fur from him as possible.

Round and Round

New Recruit—Why is it that w
have to do so much marching?

Sergeant—Because it keeps you fit.

Recruit—Fit for what?

Sergeant—Fit for marching.

A fool and his money are soon parted, but how did they ever get together in the first place?

No Incentive Hostess—Willie, you seem to be in very deep thought. Willie—Yessum! Mama told me

something to say if you should me to have some cake, candy or anything, and I can't remember what it was!"



THE long-line torso hugging twopiecer is the last word in smartness. This clever style, made up in light weight woolen, will give you an ensemble that's easy to make, easy to wear and easy to look at!

Pattern No. 8539 comes in sizes 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18 and 20, Size 12, short sleeves, requires 3% yards of 36 or 39 inch material.

Due to an unusually large demand and current war conditions, slightly more time is required in filling orders for a few of the most popular pattern numbers.

SEWING CIRCLE PAT'S 530 South Wells St.	TERN DEPT. Chicago
Enclose 25 cents in c pattern desired.	oins for each
Pattern No	Size
Name	
Address	



11:00 A. M., E. W. T. WWJ WOOD WSAM 10:00 A. M., C. W. T. WMAQ

Get Your War Bonds To Help Ax the Axis

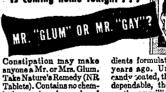


you can still get Smith Bros. Cough Drops. We'll be gladder still when Victory lets us make all everybody needs. Smith Bros.—

SMITH BROS. COUGH DROPS BLACK OR MENTHOL-5¢



Which of your two husbands is coming home tonight . .



dients formulated over 50 years ago. Uncoated er candy conted, their action is dependable, thorough, yet gentle, as millions of NR's have proved. Get a 25¢ Convincer Box todayl All druggists. Caution: Take only as directed.

different—act different.
Purely vegetable—a combination of 10 vegetable ingre-ALL-VEGETABLE LAXATIVE NR TO-NIGHT, TOMORROW ALRIGHT

icals, no minerals, no phenol derivatives. NR Tablets are



Mr. Chrysler Owner: We will pay top government prices as listed below if car is in sale-e condition. We also buy other makes and models.

CHRYSLER 1942 - \$1385.00 to \$1705.00 CHRYSLER 1941 — \$1190.00 to \$1505.00 CHRYSLER 1940 — \$ 910.00 to \$1135.00 CHRYSLER 1939 — \$ 755.00 to \$ 950.00

Prices based on sedan model with Radio and Heater Drop in—Let us appraise your car, call or write us. We will send an appraises. Ask for MR. DENNY CARROLL

CHRYSLER DETROIT COMPANY 5925 Woodward, Detroit 2, Mich. Factory Branch



Charlevoix County Herald G. A. LISK, Editor and Publisher. Herald Bldg East Jordan, Phone 32

Entered at the Postoffice at East Jordan, Michigan, as second class mail matter.

ADVERTISING RATE Readers in Local Happenings column Three lines or less ______ 30 Over three lines, per line Display Rates on Request

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION (Payable in Advance Only) One Year \$2.00
Six Months 1.25
3 to 5 months — 25c per month

ss than 3 months — 10c per copy Single copies 5c. By mail 10c Member Michigan Press Association

Member National Editorial Ass'n

First Insertion
-25 words or less 25c
Over 25 words, per word 1c
Subsequent Insertions
(If ordered with first insertion)
25 words or less 15c
Over 25 words, per word %c
10c extra per insertion if charged.

Wanted at THE HER ALD Building. What have you?

WANTED - 3.000 Bolts of White

WANTED - Used Electric Motors. What have you? PAUL LISK, East Jordan. 23-t.f.

WANTED TO BUY — A Deer Rifle in good condition. Write to BOX 193, East Jordan. 4x3

WANTED TO BUY — Adjustable Dress Form. 32-in bust. Phone 122-F21. MRS. ARCHIE MURPHY. 5-1

MATURE GIRL or WOMAN to assist part time with housework. Reasonable wages per hour. — MRS G. A. LISK, phone 32.

PINSETTERS WANTED - Steady or part time. A lucrative spare time employment for boys, girls or men. JORDAN RÉCREATION. East Jordan.

WANTED - Clean rags, at least a foot square, for cleaning purposes. No buttons or fasteners. No heavy material such as pants or overalls. Se per pound at HERALD OFFICE

WANTED: to buy. 20,000 cords of Basswood and Poplar Excelsion bolts. 55 inches long. For full information write, telephone or call and see me. F. O. BARDEN, SR., Boyne City, Michigan. Phone 146.

FOR SALE - MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE - Fresh Guernsey Cow.

SALE — Fresh Garring,
- FRANK ADDIS, R 2, East Jor5x1 -O.I.C. Pig eight months FOR SALE-

old. - FRED ALM, phone 162-F3,

HIGHEST PRICES paid for Cedar Bolts and Tie Cuts. — MILLER BOAT CO., Charlevoix.

FOR SALE — 6-tube Battery Set.
Uses only a 2-volt battery. — TOM Uses only a 2-volt battery. -KISER, R 1, East Jordan. Phone

FOR SALE - Fifteen White Rock Pullets, starting to lay. — MRS. MINNIE GOULD, R. 1, East Jor-5x1

FOR YOUR interior or exterior decoration call FRANK E. DAVIS. Work guaranteed, Phone 216, East 5x1

FOR SALE — Large Size Sap Pan, in good condition. LEILA GIFFIN, taken. R 2, East Jordan, or phone Irving Crawford, 162-F21.

FOR SALE - No. 1 Chippewa Po tatoes \$1.50 per bushel. Phone 129-F2 — HESTON SHEPARD. R. 2, East Jordan. 2-4

SIGNS FOR SALE- Keep Out, No Trespassing, No Hunting or Trespassing, For Rent, etc. At the HERALD OFFICE.

FREE - Will give away four Collie Puppies, 8 weeks old. — Call 176-F11, MRS. THEO JEFFERIES, Route 3, East Jordan.

FOR SALE - 70 acre Farm on Ellsworth road known as Eugene Miles farm. Cash or terms. — MRS. A L. LaLONDE, 4470 N. State Rd. MRS. A Davison, Mich. 3x3

HAVE BUYERS waiting for farms and lake properties. Write or phone NILES A. YANSON, Real-tor, Alba, Mich., Phone 17F12.

CEILING PRICES paid for spruce. balsam, pine, hemlock and tamar-ack in 8 ft. lengths loaded in gondola cars. C. B. CLARK, Phone 2221, 170 State Street, Mancelona Mich., 51x12

NOTICE - Due to circumstances beyond our control, Cherryvale Hatchery will not operate this season. We thank you for your pat ronage in the past and will look forward to serving you next season. — Mr. and Mrs. CARLTON BOWEN.

Desert Training Camp Fades Into Lone Ghost Town

Large War Maneuver Area Scene of Grimmest Mock Warfare.

SAN BERNARDINO, CALIF. The California-Arizona desert training center, springboard for the North African invasion troops, has faded into the "ghost" town of Indio. Corps headquarters were removed to the command unit here, and a guard of Negro soldiers has taken over the lonely desert post.

Known as Camp Young and head-quarters for the smaller reservations in the area, its existence be-gan in April, 1942. One of the na-tion's largest war maneuver areas. Want Ads tion's largest war maneuver areas, the desert center was the scene of some of the grimmest mock warfare conceived.

From the southern California desert southeast into Arizona, tanks and tank destroyers, half tracks, artillery, and troop carriers rolled through the sandy washes and over the rubble hills in operations as much like actual desert warfare as and climate could make them.

130 in Shade—No Shade.

Temperatures in midsummer were as high as 130 degrees in the shade, but the leafless palo verde casts no shade and the scrub lies close to the soil for sustenance. This was an area well calculated to try a man's mental and physical resources. Residents of Indio say as many as 85,000 men were in training at one time.

All the while Indio, population 2,200, was quietly engaged in raising dates and grapefruit. But the army spiraled the population and jeeps clogged the two main streets. Laundries went on a vague schedule, groceries sold out by ing, the telephone company erected

a new building.

Air and artillery bombings shook
the straw out of adobe ranch buildings. The Salton sea, paradise for ducks, became a bomber base. Indio went to war for two years.

Town Is Quiet Now.

Now it's all over. The town is quiet. Horse trailers and hay trucks move slowly through the streets. There is a big pile of overseas caps in the dry goods store. Original price was \$2.65; marked down first to \$1.50, and now to 49 cents, they lure no buyer.

Camp Young's physical property will move away as it came, in sections. Tent frames and floors are to be taken up, the prefabricated buildings that housed bakeries, laundries, bathhouses, recreation halls, and post exchanges are to be hauled away.

The ghosts of thousands of sweating, sand-grimed men paced along the roads where rocks have been piled in unit insignias and cactus plied in unit insignias and cactus transplanted into gardens. Tar pa-per flapped disconsolately from board walls of the day rooms. The chapel door was agape, its only occupant a lizard.

The Negro sentry rolled his eyes heavenward: "Yes sir," he answered, "I'm the onliest man here."

Home of Judge Hearing Burglary Case Robbed

NEW YORK, N. Y.—Judge Samuel Leibowitz, famed jurist, was hearing a burglary case in Brooklyn when he was called to the telephone.

"Come home at once," said his fe, Belle. "The house has been wife, Belle.

At the Leibowitz home police were told the loss amounted to "upward of \$10,000," mostly in jewelry belonging to the judge's wife and his daughter Marjorie, 18.

Marjorie, who will marry Ensign Lee Ross, a navy air force interests at Penseyle Fig. Lune

structor at Pensacola, Fla., June 18, and her mother were shopping when the robbery occurred. Judge Leibowitz said many of his daughter's wedding presents had been

"One thing they didn't take," said the judge, "was the fountain pen I write sentences with. And there's still plenty more ink."

Drank Port, Used Pipe;

She Reaches Age of 102 CHICAGO, ILL. — After having drunk port wine daily for nearly 100 years—recommended by her hus-band, a Greek neurologist, as relaxing—Mrs. Catherine Copulos now likes milk as her favorite drink. Mrs. Copulos, who also followed

her husband's recommendation and has smoked a Turkish pipe for 50 years, observed her 102nd birthday

recently.

One of Mrs. Copulos' four sons, Milton, said his mother was still cheerful and healthy, and was active until two years ago when she suffered a hip fracture. He recalled that when his mother was 77 she went to New York and climbed to the top of the Statue of Liberty.

Find New Drug Addicts, Thyroid Gland Hormones

NEW YORK. — A new form of drug addiction, the secret taking of thyroid gland hormones, was reported to the medical society of the state of New York. The thyroid produces one of the body's most potent energy-making hormones. Addicts use it in the form of dessicated thyroid. Some use it for extra energy, some for mental stimula-tion. There is perhaps, also, it was tion. There is perhaps, also, it aid, some mental intoxication.

U. S. Revives Interest

In Ramie, Tough Fiber

During the past few years considerable interest in ramie has been revived in the United States. This plant, a perennial shrub, was introduced into this country in 1855 by the department of agriculture. It is extensively cultivated in China and Japan and to a limited extent in In dia. In China, it was one of the principal fibers used for making cloth previous to the introduction of cotton into that country about 1300

Six thousand years ago the slaves of the Pharaohs dragged the huge stones for the building of the pyramids with unbelievably strong ropes made from the tenacious fibers of ramie. By way of contrast, the sheer wrapping cloths that were wound about their mummies and which through the ages have retained both strength and fineness were made from this fiber.

The name "ramie" is generally used by English-speaking people to designate the plant Boehmeria nivea. It belongs to the nettle family but does not have stinging hairs growing from perennial rootstocks, it sends up herbaceous shoots or canes one-half to three-quarters of an inch in diameter to a height of five to six feet. These canes bear nearround or heart-shaped leaves rather thick in texture, dark green above and woolly white on the under surface. At maturity they produce near the tops branched clusters of very small greenish-yellow stam-inate flowers and later still higher up on the stems clusters of pistillate or seed-bearing flowers.

Census Shows Big

Modernization Job Ahead Bringing existing houses up to date will keep the nation's plumbing and heating contractors busy for many years after victory. The extent of the potential market for plumbing and heating equipment in the modernization and rehabilitation of existing houses is indicated by a

study of the 1940 census returns Nearly 40 per cent or 14,320,000 of the nation's 37,000,000 dwelling units do not have either a bathtub or a shower. This is the percentage for the country as a whole. In rural areas 88 per cent of houses do not have a bathtub or shower and only 17 per cent have running water in the house. Exactly 58 per cent or 19,802,230 dwelling units lack central heating.

Equally significant with respect to the need for repairs and overhaul-ing of existing equipment is the fact revealed by the census that 22,171 329 dwelling units, or 59.4 per cast are 20 years or more old. The average house in the United States is 25 years old.

Control Meningitis

investigations during 1943 show that the sulfonamides are ef ficient in controlling meningitis, bringing the total number of deaths from 17 for each hundred cases to 3 for each hundred cases in various epidemics. Physicians in one large army camp stopped the spread of an epidemic by giving regular doses of sulfathiazole to all the soldiers who might be exposed to the infec-tion. Deaths from pneumonia in

many army camps were less than 1 per cent. In civilian life the num ber of deaths was reduced from 27 out of each hundred cases to 7 out of each hundred infected.

New sulfonamides were developed in 1943, including sulfamerazine, which was said to be less toxic than previous forms and which was recommended particularly for use where there might be complications related to the kidney. Research showed that baking soda or sodium bicarbonate taken previous to the giving of the sulfonamide drugs tends to prevent such kidney com plications. The sulfonamides were found to be especially effective in the treatment of dysenteries and diarrheas.

Rubber Flavor

Boiling synthetic rubber rings for glass jar tops 5 to 10 minutes in a solution consisting of a pint of water and a teaspoon of baking soda will remove any flavor-imparting quality they may have. Synthetic rubber used in wartime jar rings has a characteristic flavor occasionally carried over into the jars of canned

Rinse the rings well in water afterward, and give them a second boiling of two to three minutes in fresh water without soda. If the water from this latter boiling has no rub ber flavor, the home canner may be certain that the food in her jars will also be free of it. Exposing the canned food to the air for an hour or two before it is cooked also helps eliminate any possible rubber flavor

Polishes Jewels

A single strand of nylon polishes jewel bearings for navy precision in-struments in a new use in which the synthetic monofilaments are replacing wood or copper wire.
Fifteen-thousandths inch in diam

eter nylon in one-inch lengths was found ideal for the delicate operation of giving the tiny bearing in the gems a highly polished finish. Nylon did not chip the jewels, held very well the diamond dust used in polishing, and had superior life. Examination under 20x magnification showed surfaces polished with nylon scratch-free. Two other firms have now adopted nylon for the same op-

SOUTH ARM... (Edited by Mrs. Arnold Smith)

Robert Evans, Jr., returned home Friday, Jan. 26, from Little Traverse Hospital, Petoskey, after spending three months there recovering from third degree burns.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Dougherty and children were Sunday dinner guests of their daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Aug ust Behling.

Mrs. Harry Dougherty was dinner guest Monday of her son, Mr. and

Mrs. Henry Dougherty and family. Henry Dougherty left Wednesday for Detrot to take his pre-induction

examination for the service.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Goebel and Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Smith attended the stock sale at Boyne City, Tuesday.

"Doc" Gibbard took a pork and veal to Boyne, Tuesday, for Gardelle Nice. Mrs. Irene Crawford underwent ar

appendictomy, Wednesday, at Little Traverse Hospital, Petoskey, She is doing nicely at this writing. Mr. and Mrs. Walter Goebel were

Sunday dnner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Behling. Other guests were their former minister, Mr. and Mrs. Felton of Grand Haven and their small son. Wally Goebel returned home Mon-

day after taking his pre-induction ex-amination in Detroit for the service. Little Patty Murphy is quite bad with a cold. Mr. and Mrs. Harvey McPherson

and children were Sunday dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Smith. Mr. and Mrs. Allen Walton and daughter were Sunday supper guests of Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Smith and

family. The South Arm Extension Club met Thursday with Mrs. Arnold Smith with eight members present. A very interesting lesson was given by leaders Lula Clark and Alma Hart.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Decker and children were Sunday night supper guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Mc-Pherson and family. Lloyd, who is home on furlough after spending several months overseas, is a cousin of Mrs. McPherson.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyle Smith called on Mr. and Mrs. Roscoe Smith Saturday

Mrs. Ralph Ranney was dinner guest of Mr. and Mrs. Roscoe Smith, Thursday.

Kraut Small Cabbage Supplies in Spring

Although fall is usually the season for krauting or brining cabbage, small supplies may be put up in the spring for family use. A jar of two-quart size is ideal because it holds just four pounds of cabbage shedded and midd with call. shredded and mixed with salt.

Shred the cabbage the thickness of a dime, either with a special cut-ter or a sharp knife. Thoroughly mix the shredded cabbage and the salt in an enamel pan, using eight teaspoons of salt to four pounds of cabbage. A pure medium-coarse salt, such as meat or dairy salt, should be used. Pack the cabbage and salt mixture into the jars, filling them just to the shoulder, as space must be allowed for fermentation. Put the lids on the jars and fasten only the top wire. Set the jars in an enamel pan and keep

Remove the lids each day and tamp or press the kraut down so it will be entirely covered with liquid, and pour back into the jars any liquid which may have bubbled into the pan. At the end of the formentation period, place the rubbers on the jars and clamp the lid on tight. The fermentation should either research or education; either be complete in about 10 days from the time the shredded cabbage is placed in the jars

use at once within the next few weeks if kept in a cold place. If it is to be kept longer, jars should be processed in a hot-water bath as in canning.

Wheat Germ Meal Cuts Stiff Lamb Disease Toll

Sheep growers may prevent losses of spring lambs from "stiff lamb" disease by feeding wheat germ meal to the ewes in the barn for a week before lambing, and to both ewes and lambs during the nursing period.

Lambs born in March or early often struck by the disease so

April before the pasture season, are cannot walk, or walk with great difficulty, and so are unable to get milk. Many die, and some that re-cover are never profitable. Lambs are usually two to seven

weeks old when the disease strikes, usually after they have violent exor are driven some distance to pasture. Though the disease has occurred in flocks fed many different rations, ewes fed a ration of al-falfa or clover hay, oats, barley, and cull beans seem to have the most "stiff lamb" trouble with their

young. Prevention of the disease requires only the feeding of one-half to one-third pound of wheat germ meal to each ewe in the dry lot week before lambing and during the time the lambs are still nursing Lambs should also be fed the wheat germ meal in the creeps. Wheat bran can be used if germ meal is not available from feed dealer,

WEST SIDE.... (Edited by Mrs. John Saganek)

Mr. Himebauch of near Phelps spent part of last week with his son and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Hime-

bauch. Mrs. Geo. Whaling and sons and

Mrs. Geo. Whating and sons and
Mrs. Bertha Metcalf were Sunday
supper guests of Mrs. Anna Craft.
Vale Gee called his dad, Ray Gee,
long distance from San Francisco, California, Monday.

Mrs. Leonard Hite of Finkton called on her daughter, Mrs. Max Kamradt, one day last week. Mrs. Beatrict McWatters called or

Mrs. Emma Gee and spent the night with Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Mocherman, Tuesday.

Those to call on Anna Craft Sun-

day evening were Laurence Dick and Mary Wright, Chas. Vandecar of Charlevoix, and Mr. and Mrs. Wal-Sgt. Dale Gee of Fort St. John's

Alaska, arrived home Monday to spend his furlough with his mother. Mrs. Emma Gee and brother Russell. also other relatives. Mrs. Zell Bricker spent several days with her daughter,

Mrs. Glen Gee and children, the first of the week.
Mrs. Myrtle Zitka left Saturday for Detroit to visit her son, Norman

Robert Sommerville, BM 1-c, of the U.S. Coast Guards, stationed at Chicago, visited his mother, Mrs. Alice Sommerville the last part of last week, leaving again Tuesday. His wife and children of Charlevoix will spend the rest of the winter with his mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Ingalls and children, Mrs. Frank Ingalls and son Larry, and Eunice Sommerville, were dinner guests of Mrs. Thelma Evans, Sunday Earl Gee and two children are stay.

ing with his mother, Mrs. Ray Gee, while Mrs. Earl Gee is in the Charlevoix Hospital. His sister, Evelyn Murphy, is caring for the other three children. Geo. Staley, of the Peninsula, was

supper guest Sunday, of his daugh-ter, Mrs. Vale Gee and sons. Mrs. James Bennett returned home

last Saturday from the Charlevoix Hospital, Her infant daughter, Nancy Evelyn, will remain there for further care.



Ranking fifth in the nation, the University of Michigan looks for-ward to the post-war with anticipation of an enrollment of 18,000 to 20,000 resident students, according cation and in race relations have just to Dr. Alexander G. Ruthven, pres- been started. ident.

"Preparation for the opportunities which the post-war period will bring is the dominant idea today here at the University of Michigan," said Dr. Ruthven. "Both the administration Ruthven. "Both the administration and the faculty realize fully these them at room temperature (75 to coming years will bring problems and 80 degrees Fahrenheit) for about difficulties which will be as great or four days or until bubbles are no longer formed. greater than those we have had to confront and overcome since 1940. But we are going ahead with plans and preparations in the belief that if the University gives its full measure of service to Michigan, then the citi-zens of the state will back the University in solving its problems.

seeking out new knowledge or imparseeking out new knowledge. I believe ting present knowledge. I believe that our opportunities to serve Mich-possibilities for great service like-wise will bring greater problems.

ded the same way.
"In the research field, the demand both on and off the campus will be ed during the war can be applied to peacetime production. The govern-ment already is laying plans to continue a great deal of its present re-search. The engineer, biologist, chem-ist, physicist, electronic expert — all will be called on for new discoveries

and applications.

"Business will be asking for marketing studies. Labor and management already are calling on the University for leaders and for educational programs. Schoolmen are asking how they can best utilize the lessons which our war training programs have taught us.

"All these are just a few of the opportunities to serve which will be offered to the University by men and institutions off the campus. Great as this field will be, I believe a still larger one will lie in the other, the edu-

cational. "The University's first responsibil-

'S FUNNY How Folks Store Stuff In An Attic When They Can Cash In With A WANT AD

ROCK ELM.. (Edited by Mrs. Fred Alm)

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Johnstone and grandchildren of Ellsworth were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Kemp.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Carlson returned last week from Sturgeon Bay. Wis., and Chicago, Ill., where they have been visiting relatives and fri-

Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Bunker and Elois and Burton were in Boyne City Saturday afternoon.

Evelyn Crawford is staying with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Irving Crawford, while her mother, Mrs. Versel Crawford is a patient at Little Traverse hospital, Petoskey.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Nasson and daughter Adele called on Mr. and Mrs. Walter Kemp Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Boyd Crawford and sons spent the week end in East Jordan with her mother, Mrs. Leila Peters. Mr. and Mrs. Russell Crawford called on Mr. and Mrs. Irving Crawford

Monday evening.

The Helping Hand Club met with
Mrs. Walter Kemp, Wednesday afternoon.

ity, of course, will be to offer the young men and women of Michigan change to acquire as fine an education as can be had at any institution of higher learning. In this connec tion, I hope to see our counseling and guidance programs extended. By learning what abilities, what aptitudes a student has when he first comes to college, we are able to help him make a wiser choice of courses and often of a career. An enlarged program will save wasted effort, cost

and time. "Veterans are returning to our colleges in constantly greater numbers. Already with comparatively few discharged from service, the University has 350 enrolled. These men and wo-men need and deserve special helps. Not special courses where they are segregated, but extra counseling, time to become readjusted to civilian and academic life, refresher work, testing and guidance. All these items require added staff and added outlay, but with the veteran turning to us for an education, the University is glad of the opportunity to give this service.

"It is becoming more and more evident over the world that training of the young folks is not enough; that our schools have not had the final results for society that we hoped; that we must begin to provide educational opportunities for adults. The University recognizes this work as one of its major responsibilities.

"Even now through its many off-campus services it is reaching far more citizens each year than come to Ann Arbor. And this program must constantly be expanded.

"I want to mention just a few of the newer lines this development is taking. The correspondence study program is growing rapidly. New extension centers, like those at Flint and Grand Rapids, are being added wherever there is a community need for one. New branches in labor

"Besides these there are the many special services which the University will give Michigan citizens: the community leadership work, the Forestry school with its meetings and programs for lumbermen and farmers, the School of Education with its counseling service to public schools; the lecture bureau and the visual educa-

tion office with its loan films.
"I have mentioned a lot of details but by means of them I have tried to give a picture of a great university the fifth in the nation now — working and planning for the future. The Uni-versity of Michigan is doing all it can to be ready to serve the citizens of Michigan, no matter where they live

or what they do.
"These opportunities, however, are only one side of the picture. The post-war years which will bring these

"The University must expect and prepare for greater enrollment, one of 18,000 to 20,000 resident students staggering. Industry will want to at least. This will mean more class-know how the new processes develop-rooms and laboratories. The last new building constructed with p funds was Angell Hall, put u 1924. Several of the oldest put up in buildings must be replaced in the interest of safety.

"Housing is an ever-present trou-Dormitories can be built on a self-liquidating basis but first must buy the land for them and this is costly.

"The University has a faculty of men and women with national and in-ternational reputations as teachers and investigators. We cannot keep this exceptional staff at pre-war sal-aries. While the cost of living has increased 25 per cent, the salaries of the faculty have gone up only 9 per cent. The result is that other institutions are offering our people more than we can, and our most valuable staff members are thus being drawn away. So there is the University's outlook on the future; greater opportunities than ever before to serve Michigan, and the problem of meeting the cost of the enlarged program and the larger plant which will be needed. We of the University, however, are going ahead with preparations for the fu-ture, confident in the belief that as long as this institution is faithful to the trust and responsibility placed in it, the people of Michigan will provide it with tools to do its work well and meet the obligation owed to the future generations of students, young

OCALS

relatives in Kalamazoo and Niles.

Word has been received that Mr and Mrs. Ira D. Bartlett had arrived is feeling much better at the present in Melbourne, Florida.

Mrs. W. E. Malpass II has gone to New Orleans, La. to visit her husband William E. Malpass, F 1-c.

Donald Sutton, A-S, of Mt. Pleas ant spent the week end here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Sutton.

Mrs. Donald Stokes and son Roger of Flint are guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Rogers

Mrs. Joseph Stanek has returned to her home in Lansing, after visit-ing her sister, Mrs. Wm. Swoboda

Archie Derenzy, S 1-c, is spending a thirty day leave with his parents, ailment.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Derenzy in Echo Mr. G Twp., from the European theatre of

Trooper, Joseph Duby of Detroit who has just returned from a year in France, has been guest of his cous-in, Mrs. Warne Davis and other rela-

A few good buys. 2 boys fingertip coats. 3 men's all leather jackets. 5 plowed out to stay Thursday morn-men's all wool mackinaws. 1 all wool ing, and the mail came this way. navy P. coat. These are not rationed yet. — Bill Hawkins, adv.

Martin Martinson and Alfred Martinson of Suttons Bay were guests Monday of their mother and grandmother, Mrs. Ingeborg Martinson, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Mike Gun-

the Presbyterian Aid will meet with Mrs. Richard Malpass, Wednesday, February 7, at 8 p. m. Mrs. Gerald DeForest will have charge of devotionals. The Wednesday Evening Circle of

Mrs. John Seiler returned home last Friday from a visit in Chicago. She was accompanied by her son, En-sign Galen who spent three days here, Minnie Taylor in East Jordan. Monday he left enroute to San Die-

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Isaman Jr. of Birmingham, at St. Joseph's Hospital, Mt. Clemens Tuesday, Jan. 30. Mrs. Isaman of for-merly Miss Helen Whiteford, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Verne Whiteford.

Marlin "Spin" Cihak, who has been spending the week with his family at the G. Stallard home and with his mother, Mrs. Vesta Cihak, left Wednesday for Detroit for a pre-induction physical examination.

A son, Gerald Ralph, was born to Pfc. and Mrs. Gerald Bos at Charle-voix Hospital, Friday, Jan. 26. Mrs. Bos was formerly Miss Beatrice Ran-ney, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Ranney, Pfc. Bos is overseas.

and Mrs. Rex Hekox, was one of 15 to "shanks horses" for a few rods. girls to be initiated into the Delta Lambda chapter of Alpho Late 1988. Lambda chapter of Alpha lota, inter-national business sorority, recently. Haley of Far View farm, Thursday, She is attending the University of Grand Rapids.

Mrs. Ray Dennison has returned them. They had a very instructive home after visiting relatives in New and pleasant meeting. York, Ann Arbor, Jackson and Grand Rapids. She was met in Grand Rapids by her husband. Mrs. Guy Hunsberger accompanied him to Grand Rapids for a short visit with friends.

Bobbie, six year old son of Lt. (j.g.) R. W. Dye (now in England) and Mrs. Dye, sustained a fracture in the right leg (between the knee and hip) last Friday while playing near ceiving care in Charlevoix hospital.

Chapter OES, met at the home of Clarence Johnston. Mrs. G. W. Bechtold, Monday evening for their annual meeting and dinner. Officers elected for the ensuing year were: President, Edith Swafford; day morning to catch the bus to De-vice Pres., Lorene Wade; Sec'y and troit for their pre-induction physical Treas., Ida Kinsey.

Thirty-two Blue Star Mothers gathered at the Eastern Star rooms last Friday evening for their annual dinner. After a sumptuous pot luck dinner the regular business was transacted. Mrs. Archie Howe tendered her resignation as president and Warne Davis was elected president, and Mrs. Joseph Bugai elected corresponding secretary. The next meeting will be held Feb. 23.

> E. J. H. S. JUNIOR PLAY

A 3-Act Comedy Drama

SALAD **DAYS**

H. S. AUDITORIUM

Friday Eve

CURTAIN AT 8:15 Admission 30c (including tax)

JORDAN.. (Edited by Mrs. Tom Kiser)

Mrs. Minnie Gould and Mrs. Flora Church were recent callers at Mrs. Church's brother's home, Mr. Jim

Craig.
Mrs. H. Sutton, who was quite ill, writing.

Mrs. Anna Kotowich called on Mrs Minnie Gould, Sunday.

A few of the neighbors gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Allison Pinney to help Auntie Gould celebrate her 79th birthday, Monday. A very nice dinner with a lovely birthday to the contract of the contract day cake to top off, was enjoyed by

Clarence Trojanek called one day last week at the Jack Craig home.

PENINSULA.. (Edited by Mrs. E. Hayden)

Mr. Lyle Wilson of Mountain Dist. is not so well, suffering from a heart

Mr. Geo. Staley of Stoney Ridge Mr. Geo. Staley of Stoney Ridge farm was Sunday supper guest of his daughter, Mrs. Vale Gee and two sons of East Jordan. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Alcott and

grandson of Boyne City were Sunday dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Char-les Healey at Far View farm. After being snowed in from Sun-

day to Thursday, the ridge road was

Clayton Healey, Ray Loomis, Ar-thur Nicloy and Orla Robison of the Peninsula, plan to leave Monday evening for Farmer's Week at East

Lansing.
Mrs. Bell Ikens who has recently come to the home of her son, James Palmiter in Three Bells Dist., from a ospital, has had a relapse and not nearly so well.

Mrs. Caroline Taylor, who makes her home with her daughter, Mrs. Ted the Westerman and family, spent

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Gaunt of Flint arrived Saturday noon at the Gaunt home in Three Bells Dist. and spent Sunday with Mrs. Gaunt's relatives in Charlevoix, returning Mon-

ay.

Miss Beverly Bennett of Honey Slope farm stayed with some child-ren at the Elmer Faust home Saturday afternoon while the family attended the funeral of Mrs. Mary Bennett in East Jordan.

Mrs. Ray Loomis of Gravel Hill, north side, received a letter from Mrs. Evert "Bob" Jarman, Ann Ar bor, stating Mr. Jarman was again in the hospital after having been re

leased a short time ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Healey o Willow Brook farm attended Farm Bureau meeting at Barnard, Tuesday, and got stuck in a snow

for their cooperative dinner. Mis-Emma Fero of Petoskey was with

lus, daughter of Orvie Gunsolus in Chaddock Dist., but has been em-ployed in Traverse City for some time, has joined the WAC and will report for duty next week.

Mrs. Anna Johnston will make her home with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Gaunt and brother, Mr. Will ip) last Friday while playing near is home on Main St. He is now repeiving care in Charlevoix hospital.

The Past Matron's Club of Mark

Mr. A. B. Nicloy of Sunny Slope farm took his son LeRoy and Calvin "Buster" Reich to Charlevoix Tuesexamination. LeRoy passed but Calvin only for limited service because of deflective vision. They returned Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Mary Bennett, who has made her home with her daughter, Mrs. Sabra Faust in Three Bells Dist. for several years, but has been a shut-in, passed away Wednesday afternoon at her daughter's home. Funeral was at East Jordan Saturday afternoon with burial at Bellaire, her former home. Because of lack of telephone service I am unable to get any par-

ticulars. Mrs David Gaunt still keens very ill at her home in Three Bells Dist those to call on her the past week were Mr. Walter and Frank Gaunt of west of South Arm lake, Friday afternoon; Mr. and Mrs. Sam Peters of Phelps, Mrs. Robert Dickie of Char-levoix, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ross and family of Norwood, Wednesday af-ternoon; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gra-ham and Ted Westerman, Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. K. Hayden and family of Pleasant View farm and Miss Beverly Bennett of Honey Slope farm were Sunday dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Beyer and son Herman near Horton Bay. Mr. and Mrs. Joe Leu and son of Orchard Bay form were also there and Mr. and Mrs. Stokes and five sons, near neighbors, were also there. They had one jolly time. There were 20 for dinner

> We Print Everything But Dollar Bills

Lights of New York

hock of noisy youngsters, their arms' loaded with school books, pouring from a subway exit. Seemingly New York kids go to and from classes of all beauty of the seeming to the seeming the

classes at all hours of the day

In the old home town, there were
only morning and afternoon sessions and the first and last bell regulated our movements . . and we had to walk instead of ride underground

. A sweet little miss, in brand new attire, stealing an admiring glimpse of herself in a window mir ror . . While a passing grand-mother, forgetting she had once been young herself, makes a wry face... and the grandmother's hat is far funnier than the one on the blonde head of the lassie. . At 45th and Broadway, a disheveled toss pot weaving about and arguing with himself as to whether or not he should have "just one more" before going home and facing the "little woman."

completed, but not before it nad contributed heavily to the stream of men and equipment pouring into France. The other was finished as planned—a port as big as Dover, complete with docks, piers, and the should have "just one more" before going home and facing the "little woman."

The ports were built in three sections, blockships, caissons (sea-

A taxi driver, parked in front of the Paramount theater, improving his time while waiting for a fare by studying higher mathematics the Paramount theater, improving his time while waiting for a fare by studying higher mathematics is a mystery to me—I'm still a little groggy from the effects of that "simplified" income tax blank . . . If Mr. Whisk-little were sent to the bottom with the income tax blank . . . If Mr. Whisk-little were sent to the bottom with the income tax blank . . . If Mr. Whisk-little were sent to the bottom with the off breakwater. jail—not from criminal intent but from sheer dumbness when it comes to figures . But I do know that \$75 will buy a government bond worth \$100 . A soldier, a sailor and a marine who look alike and they should because the three are brothers, or at least that's what

I heard the sailor tell another sailor as they swing up Broadway
Old vaudevillians, in a huddle near the Palace, discussing the hit made by the new variety show headed by Frank Fay and Bert Wheeler and wondering if it will mean anything to them in the way of employment and regular eating.

The quicker tempo of footsteps of Times Square pedestrians that autunn always brings. Though there are still dawdlers who clog the progress of impatient travelers on crowded sidewalks. Matineegoers equipped with boxes of candy. They must have their nourishment though the rustling of paper is no aid to the enjoyment of a play. Open-faced refreshment stands beginning to acquire fronts that will The quicker tempo of footsteps of

beginning to acquire fronts that will

act as barriers to chilly breezes.

The glittering, sleek mount of a policeman fraternizing with a shallow liceman fraternizing with a shalfy horse attached to a battered delivery wagon . . . Democracy . . . A striking looking and neatly clad graying widow who peddles homemade cookies . Her fortune depleted by unwise investments, I'm told that she now supports an invalid daughter and herself though wealthy relatives are willing to aid her. tives are willing to aid her.

More hats on male heads on Broadway though there are still those who go uncovered . But they are the well-thatched . A prolific writer of Western thrillers for pulp magazines, who has never been any nearer the land of the setting sun than Pittsburgh, getting in-spiration from a display of boots and saddles in the window of a Broadway bar . . Possibly 20 young women, all blondes, turning into Shubert alley . . Probably a chorus call has gone out and they are seeking employment.

A timid-appearing, middle-aged couple stepping up to an out-of-town newspaper stand and the man asking for a paper from some remote place
and looking disappointed when the stand attendant shakes his head

A second lieutenant with the of a mustache on his upper trace lip, stiffly returning the salute of an aging sergeant and then breaking into an embarrassed grin as a newsboy shouts, "Shavetail!" . . . The slim finial of the Chrysler building slim finial of the Chrysler building pointing like a needle toward a steel blue sky . . . A crowd of home front strategists discussing news bulletins with many gestures and vehement expressions . . While a couple of cops keep a vigilant eye for an outbreak of hostilities . . Taxi drivers exchanging compliments because of scraped fenders. scraped fenders.

The mendicant violinist who, whenever a musical is shown on the screen stands in front of the Roxy on Saturday night and plays the complete score of the picture . . He generally gets good tips from those waiting in line . . Don Bryan asked a sailor what is meant by the phrase "The admiral transferred his flag" and was told it's just a nautical way of saying he called for a new . It's a funny thing but dway phonies who talk in most Broadway phonies who talk in millions usually have to borrow subway fare to get home.

Bell Syndicate,—WNU Features.

New Comet Discovered

By Rumanian Scientist CAMBRIDGE, MASS .- Discovery of a new comet was reported to Harvard observatory by Dr. C. Popovici of the National Observatory at Bucharest, Rumania. The comet was discovered September 10 by a Ru-manian astronomer identified only as Diamaca. Now of the eighth mag-nitude, the comet will not be visible to the naked eye unless it attains the fifth magnitude, Harvard observ. Allied tribunals established to try

Float 2 Ports to Norman Coast

Ramblings and Ruminations: A Artificial Harbors Built in Britain Used to Supply Invasion.

> LONDON - Two artificial harbors, built in secret and towed across the channel behind the assault forces for installation on the Normandy beaches, supplied the invasion armies and "made possible the liberation of western Europe. supreme headquarters disclosed reently.

The worst channel storm in 40 years wrecked one before it was

Gigantic Task.
Planning of the gigantic construc-tion task began in June, 1943, when American and British operations of-ficers decided that French ports falling into allied hands during the invasion could not possibly have the capacity for the quantity of stores

necessary. One harbor was earmarked for the Americans and the other for the British.

A decision to go ahead was made at the Quebec conference of the com-bined chiefs of staff and involved: . 1. Building 150 concrete caissons (harbor walls) of six different sizes to suit various depths of water up to 5½ fathoms (33 feet). The largest caisson displaced 6,044 tons and the smallest 1,672.

2. Prefabrication of seven miles of pier equipment and its assembly into towing pieces 480 feet long.

3. Constructing outer breakwaters made from steel floats weighing 15,-

000 tons. Preparation of the blockships they could be sunk easily and

rapidly on even keel. Towed by 85 Tugs.
In addition to the construction,

plans had to be made for:
1. Towing the caissons, floating the breakwater and pier equipment from as far distant as Leith and Glasgow with 85 tugs necessitating 500 tows in the face of enemy ac-

2. Servicing and general prepara-

tions of the tug fleet.

3. Forming and training staffs and personnel of the United States navy,

the royal navy, and engineers.
Soon after the assault troops hit
the beach the old block ships arrived, and in spite of their age, all made the crossing. They were sunk by explosive charges and within five days troops and equipment ashore were provided very valuable shelter during this critical period.

Meanwhile the breakwaters, caissons and piers were being towed across at an average speed of four knots through choppy water. Luckknots through choppy water. Luck-ily few tugs were lost to enemy ac-By D-day plus eight heavy moor-ings had been laid in deep water to

which the floating breakwaters were attached as they arrived. Port parties of American Seabees, royal engineers and royal marines cleared mines, cut ramps and pre-pared roadways down to the beaches

to receive the shore end of the piers.

More Captured Fliers Return From Bulgaria

ROME.—The withdrawal of 442 captured Allied fliers from Bulgaria was completed when 24 wounded men landed at an Italian air base from Cairo. The first men crossed the Bulgar border into Turkey September 10 following Bul-garia's surrender. A 15th air force announcement said all the injured made the trip in good condition and, like those brought here earlier, told stories of life in overcrowded prison camps, where food and medical care were poor.

Allies Have Captured Half-Million Germans

LONDON.—The six Allies in West-ern Europe have captured at least 526,084 German prisoners.
Prisoners announced captured by

ne various armies:

the various armies:
U. S. First army, 183,827; U. S.
Third army 92,600; U. S. Seventh
army, 90,000; U. S. Ninth army, 19,
312; British Second army, 77,709;
Canadian First army, 62,636.

Eire Now Only Haven For War Criminals

LONDON. ENGLAND. -- Portugal has informed Great Britain that it will refuse asylum to war criminals, Richard Law, Portugal's minister of state, announced in com-

mons recently.
Declaration left Eire as the only

FARM LOAN_ Should Fit I the Farmer

There is no such thing as an "average" farm or an "average" farmer. The most important factor in any farm loan is the farmer himself.

> In our dealings, we know the farmer by name and by reputation; we are familiar with his land and his location. When he tells us what his needs are, we know what he is talking about. This close acquaintance with our farmer friends

helps us to cut right through a lot of red tape and to give service without waste of time. This is one of the reasons why farmers like to do business \star \star \star

STATE BANK of EAST JORDAN

Farm Topics By B. C. MELLENCAMP Charlevoix County Agr'l Agent

Fertilizer Situation For 1945 Not

Available facts pertaining to the ertilizer situation show that the supply may not be as great as last year. The amount of Superphosphate for the entire country is about 14 percent less than last year. This amoun is slightly less than was used in 1943 but about 15 percent more than was used in 1942. The supply of Chemical Nitrogen will be about 5 percent less than was used in 1943. At this time we are not sure what form Nitrogen will come in. However, the supply of Nitrate of Soda will likely increase. The Potash situation is not so dis-

couraging as the supply probably will be 20 percent more than in 1943. To be on the safe side, farmers should immediately decide what an-alysis of fertilizers they will need and the tonnage needed and put in the order with their regular fertilizer dealer as soon as possible. Then in order to help the situation don't hesitate to take delivery of fertilizer as soon as it arrives. Place in a dry place in as low piles as possible. This may be best accomplished by setting the bags on end with none piled on

Phosphate Applied to Feed Crops Whets The Cows' Appetites

Four and one half years of Test Demonstration Work sponsored by MSC has shown the dividends from the use of phosphate fertilizer on livestock roughage. Field demonstra-tions greatly show that livestock pastured on phosphorous treated fields make ten to fifteen more returns than on un-fertilized fields. Not alone does it give the livestock the necessary minerals but it also increased the grain yields with noticeable benefits to alfalfa and clover seedlings. The use of fertilizer in Charlevoix County has nearly doubled during the past two or hree years. This is largely due to the AAA making fertilizer payments to cooperating farmers instead of cash. Since the analysis in most cases is largely phosphate, farmers now testify as to its value and are now usng fertilizer in larger quantities. It certainly pays!!

Need for Victory Gardens Even

Greater This Year. The need for victory gardens this spring and summer will be as great if not greater than last year. The f not greater than last year. visible supply of canned vegetables and fruits is not encouraging. With a scarcity of these items on the grocers' shelves we should all make definite plans to have the best garden consideration

possible for next summer. Remember that you can obtain full information on the various features of growing a garden from your County Agent's Office free of charge. To be on the safe side, why not begin making plans for your garden site. Order the fertilizer needed and get things in shape for the best victory

Do You Need Help With Building Plans?

garden you have ever planted.

A. J. Bell. Extension Agricultural A. J. Bell, Extension Agricultural Engineer, has been scheduled to spend Thursday, February 8th to assist farmers in any problems pertaining to buildings and other improvements. Instead of having a meeting we would like to make farm with the halp folks who have specific to the state of the visits to help folks who have specific problems.

Without doubt we can find it possible to make seven or eight farm visits and we want to be of help to those who have particular needs. Let your county agent know if you would like to have Mr. Bell help you with any of your problems.

On my trips around the county I have found that many farmers are more certain about ventilation than nearly any other particular feature of construction. Particularly this is true with poultry houses. They do not require fancy lumber and construction but must have plenty of room, clean surroundings and proper ventilation. Let us know immediately if you want to see Mr. Bell.

Agricultural Deferment Situation Causing Deep Concern

Practically all of my time of last week has been devoted to visiting farms where boys eighteen to twen-ty-five have been deferred for Agricultural work. This year we are making a greater effort to obtain an accurate and true picture of each farm. You will recall that forty-five farm boys received their pre-induction physical last week. Before the end of February it will be necessary to have up-to-date reports in all cases so that their classification status can be determined as soon as

possible. The Agricultural production this coming year will be seriously impaired if the available labor is removed from the farms. It doesn't seem that the war effor will be aided if efficient and well-organized in the final analysis if the President and the military authorities definitely force Selective Service Boards to take farm boys of this age no one locally can avoid the issue. In the meantime our efforts will be dedi-cated to obtaining full information on all farms so that all available information can be used for

NOTICE!

TO ALL MEN OF DRAFT AGE

I have been notified by the American Excelsior Corporation that the producers of basswood and poplar excelsior bolts are exempt, because excelsior is a vital war material, and there is a severe shortage now. For full information see your local draft board or write to the American Excelsior Corporation, Grand Rapids, Michigan.

20,000 CORDS URGENTLY NEEDED



(Purchasing Agent)

Boyne City, Michigan

DEPARTMENT

HELP WANTED

Persons now engaged in exsential industry will not apply without state-ment of availability from their local United States Employment Service.

AUTO MECHANICS—Large Ford dealer-ship—clean shop—our men make up to

AGENTS WANTED

LADY WANTED in every community, both rural and city, to sell line of household necessities to her neighbors. Our line in-cludes such scarce items as cheese and laundry soap. Liberal commission. General Preducts Cempany (U-3), Albany, Georgia.

BABY CHICKS

Bay American Chicks—Leghorns, Rocks, Wyandottes, Legorcas, Rock-Reds, Red-Rocks, Livability guar, Early order discis. Cockereis \$2.50 per 100 up. Free cat. Amer-cam Chick Farm, Box 60, Zecland, Mich.

FARMS

154-ACRES; Arenac County; modern buildings; house with bath, full basement, hot and cold running water; dairy barn with drighting cups; milking machine; automatic litter cleaner; with or without tractor, equipment and cattle.

WM. C. SCHULTZ, Standish, Mich. Rt. 1

FEATHERS WANTED FRATHERS WANTED, NEW OR OLD Ship or write to STERLING FEATHER Co., \$11 North Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

POULTRY

HERE IS YOUR CHANCE to get the fa-mous Townline R. O. P. breeding in your Leghorn. Barred and white Rock chicks at ordinary hatchery prices. Also Minorca-Leghorn Cross with Townline Leghorn breeding. Write for Free educational cata-log illustrating Townline breeding. Town-tiae Feeliry Farm. Bex 5-N. Zeeland. Mich.

SILOS

SILOS—Ribstone, Michigan's favorite— you see one, you want one. Overlapping joint lends strength and beauty. Write FARM SERVICE CO., Kalamasce 52, Mich.

TRAPPERS

TEAP FOX AND COYOTE on bare ground or deep snow. Learn modern tricks to outwit the siy furbearers.

Free illustrated circular.

Q. BUNCH, Box 67-D, Welch, Minnessia.

Retired Army Officers Are **Under Military Regulations**

After retirement, an officer of the regular army remains under the jurisdiction of military law and may be tried and punished by a court-martial any time during the rest of his life for violating any army regulation including the use of contemptuous or dis-loyal words against the President of the United States.

Beware Coughs from common colds That Hang On

Creomulsion relieves promptly because it goes right to the seat of the trouble to help loosen and expel germ ladden philogm, and ald nature to soothe and heal raw, tender, indamed bronchial mucous membranes. Tell your druggist to sell you do bottle of Creomulsion with the understanding you must like the way it quickly allays the cough or you are to have your money back.

CREOMULSION for Coughs, Chest Colds, Bronchitis

WOMEN VIUN 40% Do You Hate HOT FLASHES?

all due to the functional "middle age" period peculiar to women—try Lygis E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to relieve such symptoms.

Taken regularly—Pinkham's Compound the particle of the symptoms. Pinkham's Compound is middle of the such a specially for women—if helps nature and that's the kind of medicine to buy! Follow label directions. LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S COMPOUND

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS

Has merited the confidence of mothers for more than \$6 years. Good for self-drew more than \$6 years. Good for self-drew more than \$6 years. Good for earlier and for all the family when a pleasingly-acting insative is needed. Package of 16 easy-to-take powders, 35c. Be sure to ask for Molher Gray's Suest Powders. At all drug stores. Caution: use only as directed.

WNU-O





CLASSIFIED Federal Plan to Tame Missouri River After War Will Benefit 11 Million People Living in Its Basin

Dams Curb Erosion, Provide Irrigation, Electric Service

By WALTER SHEAD

Harnessing the nation's second mightiest river, the turbulent, muddy Missouri, which annually roars its flood crests along its twisting course for 2,460 miles through seven states, will become one of the major postwar projects. More than 11 million people live in this great basin of a half billion acres, comprising one-sixth of the area of the United States.

For more than 30 years feeble at tempts have been made to shackle the destructive power of the Missouri. Millions of dollars have been expended in levees and dams in at tempts to prevent the costly floods which annually destroy vast sums in crops and property. Damage of the 1943 floods alone was placed at eas one one

Army engineers and the bureau of reclamation of the interior departreclamation of the interior department have been for some time at cross-purposes in the development of a comprehensive plan. The army approached the job from the standpoint of navigation and flood control. The reclamation engineers were interested also in irrigation, erosion control and power projects.

On November 27, 1944, a reconciliation report was filed in which the two agencies were in complete accord and the congress in its flood

accord and the congress in its flood control bill accepted the entire program and also authorized \$200,000,000 each to the army and the



TOO MUCH WATER-The rampaging Missouri river is croding millions of tons of good soil away every year. Here the flood waters carved into the bank, washing out a road, and leaving a pillar of earth to indicate the earlier line.

bureau of reclamation to get the program underway.

President Roosevelt signed the bill on December 23, but put a hiatus in the proceedings by recommending the creation of a Missouri Val-ley authority to handle the project and asserting that his approval of the bill was with the distinct under-standing that it would in no way jeopardize the creation of such an agency. He appealed for early con-sideration of the new authority by the 79th congress.

The President further asserted: "I consider the projects authorized by the bill to be primarily for post-war construction."

Only Blue-Print Now.

Hence, the project is now merely in the blue-print stage and it is possible that a fight may develop in the new congress over whether there shall be divided responsibility as to the army and the reclamation bureau, or whether a new Missouri valley authority shall be created.

Proponents of single regional control point to the Tennessee Valley authority and its successful opera-tion as a yardstick for future fedral policy in developing and con-trolling all the nation's waterways. However, there are powerful inter-ests which oppose the creation of these regional authorities, such as the power utility interests, the railroads, the national rivers and harbors congress, the Mississippi Val-ley association, and even divided

public opinion along the waterway. The rule of thumb, for instance, of the TVA is that regional authority will produce the largest possible benefits at the least possible costs "each task must be carried out in such a way as to contribute to the total result to salvage every



ONE OF MANY dams and reservoirs already constructed in the Missouri Valley basin is the Gibson dam on the Sun river in Montana. The top of the great wall is about 200 feet above the river bed. Eightynine more such projects are planned.

possible benefit and the ultimate goal should be the greatest procurable economic returns and human acre benefits for the entire region."

Arguments on Rule.

Even agricultural interests are di Even agricultural interests are divided on the pros and cons of regional authorities as opposed to operation by established federal agencies. For instance, in agricultural sections where there is plentiful rainfall along the lower Missouri and water resources are adequate, opposition is voiced as "subsidized competition" by the extension of irrigation. Public opinion is joined in industrial areas with the railroads industrial areas with the railroads in opposing the development of new competing waterways.

One basic objection to operation by the reclamation bureau has come from large land owners and ranchers of the west and north-west. Under the law governing the bureau of reclamation, this agency cannot propose irrigation for more than 160 acres of land for any one person. Another objection is that reclamation projects must self-liquidating over a period of approximately 40 years. In contrast, the statutes governing TVA give 60 years or more for liquidation and a regional authority likely would not be hamstrung by the limitation of

acreage proviso.

In a recent pronouncement however, Harry W. Bashore, commissioner of the reclamation bureau said: "We continue to stand on the basic policy that the bureau will support the principle of relatively support the principle of relatively small family farms as one of the foundations of American agriculture and rural social life. On new land which is brought under irrigation for the first time, we shall insist that the undeveloped property be parcelled in lots of not more than 160 acres."

Forms Shrink in Size. During the past 20 years the average size farm or ranch in the states of the Missouri basin have in-creased, rather than diminished in size, due largely to the decrease in population. For instance, in 1920, the average size farm in Montana was 480 acres, in Wyoming was 749 acres and in Nebraska it was 339 acres. By 1940 the farms had increased to 821 acres, 1,866 acres and 391 acres, respectively.

Dust bowls, droughts, floods have

Dust bowls, droughts, floods have driven farmers and ranchers from the plains states during the past decade. Net loss of population in the period from 1930 to 1940 in the seven plains states was 302,314. In the Missouri-Souris area of North Dakota, a strictly rural farm area, 28.7 per cent of the population moved out, equal to 1,000 families of five each. The financial loss entailed by this shift of population in at least four of these states is reflected in abandoned farms, abandoned towns and unused properdoned towns and unused propercrease of size and congestion in the three larger cities of the basin, Denver, Omaha and Kansas City.

These Benefits Expected.

The agreed plan of the reclama-tion bureau and the army engineers is intended to do these things: 1—Provide navigation and flood control on the river from its mouth

to Sioux City, a distance of about 760 miles, by construction of levees and revetments to provide a chan-nel 6 feet deep and 300 feet wide. 2—Construct 89 reservoirs and

dams with a combined capacity of 45,700,000 acre feet of water. (An acre-foot is water a foot deep over one acre.) This is more than the annual average flew of the river at annual average new of the liver at its mouth. These reservoirs are to be constructed to withhold water along the main tributaries including the Yellowstone, the Big Horn, the Belle Fourche, the Chayenne, the North Platte, the Republican, the Smoky Hill and along the main

3-Irrigation of 4,760,400 acres of

new land and furnishing supplemental water to 547,000 additional acres to increase crop values approximately \$130,000,000 annually on 53,000 farms of about 90 acres each.

4—To increase the population of the Basin by about 636,000 from irri-

gation development alone.

5—To increase the assessed valuation of properties approximately \$600.000.000 6-To furnish adequate and safe

water supply and sewage facilities for 19 cities and towns along the river.
7—To construct 17 hydroelectric

plants which will provide 3,800,000,000 kilowatt hours of electricity to be sold at an annual value of \$17,-141,000.

8—To create additional recreational facilities through formation

of new lakes and parks and the pro-tection of fish and wild life. 9-To introduce proper land use, soil erosion conservation, contour treatment and reforestation.

States in the Missouri Basin watershed include approximately two-thirds of Montana, from the source of the Missouri in the southwest corner of the state; North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Wyoming, including roughly the northeast half from a line bisecting the state from the northwest to the southeast corner; approximately the northeast quester of Colorade, the north half quarter of Colorado; the north half of Kansas; a tip of the southwest corner of Minnesota; a strip along the west boundary of Iowa and the northern part of Missouri from a line reaching from the Ozarks in the southwest in a northeasterly direction to St. Louis.

Needs of the people in these wide-ly scattered areas of long distances are divergent. Those living along the lower river want flood protection at one season, and supplemental water for navigation at others. In the western and northwestern section the people want protection from lo-cal floods, water for irrigation, wa-ter for sanitary and domestic uses and power for various purposes. The comprehensive plan which has been agreed upon is intended to store water to prevent floods and water the land in time of drought. The great river will be made to serve the people to live within its basin and thus decrease its destructive power.

Will Pay for Itself.

Construction cost of the plan is estimated at approximately \$1,325,000,000 which is to be self-liquidating from the sale of water and power over a period to be determined. Only \$400,000,000 of this cost has been authorized.

The entire nation has a stake in maintaining the agricultural prod-uctivity of the plains states, for even in the drought period of 1930-1939 these seven states—Montana, the Dakotas, Wyoming, Colorado, Kansas and Nebraska, produced 41.5 per cent of the nation's wheat; 43.4 per cent of the rye; 43.8 per cent of our barley; 15.3 per cent of our oats and 10 per cent of our corn.

Droughts, the dustbowls and the lowering of the ground water level by the rampaging river has per-mitted wheat yields to reach 20 bushels to the acre only 5 times business to the acre only 5 times— 1879, 1882, 1883, 1895 and not again until 1942. In many of those inter-vening years the yield has been be-low 10 bushels to the acre, and thousands of acres of seeded land have been abandoned year in and vear out.

But at last the government has developed a comprehensive plan aimed at the relief of this agricultural arsenal of the nation. From Cut Bank, Mont., in the northwest to St. Louis in the southeast; from Denver in the southwest to Devile Lake, N. D., in the northeast—the harnessed Missouri will extend its benefits—but not until after the war

GOOD LAND now laying waste

and overgrown with sagebrush car be brought into productivity by ade-

quate irrigation. This picture shows

m productive irrigated land.

tract a few thousand feet away

SEWING CIRCLE NEEDLECRAFT

Not Even One Yard Per Apron



EACH of these aprons takes less than one yard to make. The colorful embroidery is so simple even a youngster just learning could do it.

ASK ME ANOTHER (A General Quiz

The Questions

1. What is the difference between a mosquito and a Mosquito?

2. A barleycorn was once used as a measure of length. How long

3. Since 1775 how many years

has the United States been at peace? At war?

4. What is the only musical instrument represented on a national flag?

5. Is a Brahman a Hindu of the lower caste?
6. Which is the highest rank, a captain in the U.S. army or a captain in the U.S. navy? 7. Absolutely pure gold is said

to contain how many carats?
8. Who was the first person to be portrayed on a U. S. coin while What is the meaning of sans

10. What are the three main types of twins?

The Answers

1. A mosquito is an insect; a Mosquito is an inhabitant of the Mosquito coast of Central America
2. One-third of an inch.

Mosquito coast of Central America.

2. One-third of an inch.

3. One hundred forty-eight years of peace; 21 years of war.

4. The harp on the Irish flag.

5. No. He is of the sacred or priestly caste.

6. A captain in the navy.

7. Twenty-four.

8. Calvin Coolidge. The Sesqui-Centennial half dollar issued by the mint in 1926 shows George the mint in 1926 shows George Washington and Coolidge.

9. Without equal.
10. Identical, fraternal (unlike), and Siamese.

Little material, easy stitchery, make ideal hostess gifts. Pattern 7277 contains transfer pattern of motifs; patterns; di-

Due to an unusually large demand and current war conditions, slightly more time is required in filling orders for a few of the most popular pattern numbers. Send your order to:

Sewing Circle Needlecraft Dept. 564 W. Randolph St. Chicago 80, Ill. Enclose 16 cents for Pattern

Address.

'Pineapples'

Hand grenades derived their nickname from their shape and the yellowish-orange paint which covered their surface. They are now being painted olive drab to prevent the enemy from getting a good view as the "pineapple" approaches, with time to take cover.



really soothing because



Millions use F & F Lozenges to give their throat a 15 minute southing, comforting treatment that reaches all the way down. For coughs, throat irritations or hoarseness resulting from colds or smoking, soothe with F & F. Box, only 104.

Happy Relief When You're Sluggish,Upset



WHEN CONSTIPATION makes you feel punk as the dickens, brings on stomach upset, sour taste, gassy discomfort, take Dr. Caldwell's famous medicine to quickly pull the trigger on lary "innards" and help you feel bright and chipper sgain.

BR. CALDWELL'S is the wonderful senses the state of the

DR. CALDWELL'S is the wonderful senne iszative contained in good old Syrup
Pepsin to make it so easy to take.

MANY DOCTORS use pepsin preparations in prescriptions to make the medicine more palatable and agreeable to
take. So be sure your larative is contained in Syrup Pepsin.

NAIST ON DR. CALDWELL'S—the favorite of millions for 50 years, and feel
that wholesome relief from constipation. Even finicky children love it.

CAUTION! Use only as directed.

CAUTION: Use only as directed.

DR. CALDWELL'S **SENNA LAXATIVE** CONTAINED IN SYRUP PEPSIN



HOW LOW, discouraged, they can make you feel—those nagging mus-cle aches. In Soretone Liniment you get the benefit of methyl salicylate, a most effective pain-relieving agent. And Soretone's cold heat action brings you fast, so-co-thing relief. Soretone Liniment acts to:-

- 1. Dilate surface capillary brood
- 2. Check muscular cramps.
- 3. Enhance local circulation. 4. Help reduce local meelling.
- For fastest action, let dry, rub in again. There's only one Soretone-insist on it for Soretone results. 50¢. A big bottle, only \$1.

MONEY BACK-IF SORETONE DOESN'T SATISFY

"and McKesson makes it"

soothes fast with **COLD HEAT* ACTION** MUSCULAR LUMBAGO

OR BACKACHE MUSCULAR PAINS SORE MUSCLES MINOR SPRAINS

Howehold

not plunge it from the hot range into cold water. Let it cool first, water. Let it cool first, then soak before washing.

When wringer rolls begin to lose their grip, the glaze can be re-moved by roughening the rolls with coarse sandpaper. Wipe with a damp cloth. Use sandpaper with discretion, of course.

When you have a bottle or jar that is difficult to open, use a lighted match. Run this quickly around the edge of the bottle or jar and it will come open imme-

Take a nice big, firm, rosy apple. Core it, and cut it crosswise. Make patties of your favorite ground meat mixture—make them the corrections. them the same size as your apple slices. Put an apple slice between two patties and press together. Bake in a shallow pan in a moderate oven until meat and apple

When discarding worn bath towels, save the best parts and use for making washcloths or bath

When dycing wearing apparel it is a good idea to run a few lengths of thread through an in-side seam. When finished, these threads may be removed to furnish an exact match if repairs are needed.

A small vegetable brush is an effective tool when using paint and varnish remover, especially on carved surfaces.

MULTIPLE RELIEF EASES COLD MISERIES LIKE A DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION

Many doctors prescribe a combina-tion of ingredients for relief of cold tion of ingredients for reflef of cold symptoms. Colds don't show up as a single aliment, but as a complex series of miseries. Grove's Cold Tab-lets are a combination of eight active medicinal ingredients. Work inter-nally and promptly on all these symp-toms: relieve headache, reduce fever, ease body aches, leasen musculer ease body aches, lessen muscular pains, case masal atuffiness. Take exactly as directed. Get Grove's Cold

GROVE'S TABLETS



Every gas mask issued by the U. S. Army contains 1½ pounds of rubber.

Even now, with the rubber situation improved, it is important that car owners have their tires recapped in time. In time means when

to is expected by industry gutherities that the early pest-war period will bring a demand for from 10,000 to 40,000 long tons of rubber for the production of latex form sponge used in cushions

In war or peace

BF.Goodrich

FIRST IN RUBBER

3344

多少点

Use Kondon's.. Count Ten. Head Cold Misery Starts Easing II condon's Nearl Join in surrorly fast relaying the Appendix of the Condon Start Color of the Condon Start Color of the Condon Start Color of the Color of KONDON'S NASAL JELLY



Get Into Action For Full Victory!



settled on a farm at Marysville, Missouri, where he married and a son, Hosouri, where he married and a son, Ho-mer, was born. Homer's earliest recol-léction was of a cyclene which blew down the sod barn and wrecked the orchard. Sunday meant church, company for din-ner and steer weight guessing. Dehorning of the calves and the curing of hams were two of the jobs that Homer had to help with. It became his job to wean the calves. He originated the idea of placing a rubber tube in the milk pail and had a rubber tube in the milk pail and had them suck on that instead of his finger. By this means they were weaned con-siderably quicker than by finger. He sent the idea to the local farm paper which related to the local farm paper which

CHAPTER VII

When the water was boiling, the scalding scalding barrel set at the proper angle in the bobsled and everything was ready, Pa would go to the house and come out with his rifle and brass powder flask with the measuring device. "I expect you'd better go in the house for a while, Homer."

I was glad to, for I couldn't bear to see what was going to happen....

Inside the house there was a tense ness, a lowering of voices. One of the women, who had come to help my mother, would look out the win-dow and say, "They're in the hog lot now." lot now.' They would try to talk neighbor-

hood news, but it would be in sub-dued voices and there'd be silences. Then my mother would begin to whet a knife on a crock. Suddenly, sharp and clear on the winter air, would come a shot . . . then the sound of a man running, and I would know he had a knife in his hand and it would seem to me l just couldn't live through the next few moments. There would be antew moments. There would be another shot, and another . . . three hogs now. Then there would be a feeling of relief, for we all knew this was the last. The women would begin to talk again, but a little too fast. I would open the door; the smell of powder would still be on the air.

The men would come dragging one of the hogs by the forelegs to the sled, and in a few moments the animal would be in the scalding water and the men would go "Hueh!" all together so as to get the right timing for the animal to slosh up and down in the barrel. Pa would take some of the hair between his thumb and finger and give it a pull. "One more time, boys."

At last the animals would be dressed and hanging on the gam-brels. The worst part of butchering would be over, for it didn't seem so bad now as it had when the hogs were alive and the men were advancing in the lot. The faintness I had felt would be gone and I'd be thinking about the good eating that was coming. And so'd everybody Lots of talk, now, about eating.

As the meat was being cut, the women would strip the casings, turn them inside out, scrape them, and put them to soak in salt water.

Sausage making was best of all. Mostly lean meat trimmed from the hams and shoulders and some from the tenderloin. When it was ready, the grinder would be brought and everybody would gather around, as if it was the opening of a circus. My mother was the one who fed the meat into the grinder and I was the one who had to turn the damned one who had to turn the damned thing. On a chair, beside her, would be the salt and pepper in bowls, but the sage was in the bag it was cured in. My mother was proud of her ability to mix the seasonings just right. She knew the amount of sage to put in; if too much went in, it gave the saysage an old treat it gave the sausage an old taste.

At last the day would be over, and the neighbors, each with a piece of fresh meat, would be starting home. The house, which had been so full of excitement, would seem lonely. Everywhere would be the peculiar, unpleasant smell of fresh meat.

The casings would be stacked in the pantry, so they wouldn't freeze, and I would forget about them. Then some morning, about two weeks lat-er, as I would be coming back from helping with the chores there would be a perfectly captivating smell hanging on the air—the smell of fry-

There would be Ma, when I opened the door, bending over the stove. She would take the lid off the skillet, turn the cakes over with a fork, then put the lid back on again. The smell would get more and more enthralling and I'd get hungrier and hungrier.

At last breakfast would be ready There in the center of the table would be the redolent, brown cakes. We'd all take one-me pretty fastand Ma would look at Pa and say,
"How do you like it, Amos?" Pa would eat a moment, then say, "Fine! You got just about the right amount of seasoning." Then he'd look at me in that sly way of his and say, "Homer, do you think you'll be able to masticate a bit of it?"

After this first inspection, Ma would pass the buckwheat cakes and I would cut a slice of honey, spread it over the cakes and let it run down the sides. On top of this smoking mound I would put my age, then haul my knife across mix sausage and buckwheat and honey all up together. I tell you

vasn't all. At noon that day when I opened up my dinner bucket at school there would be a package with grease spots showing through the brown paper—a delicious cold sausage cake. It wouldn't have the lovely smell it had at breakfast, but it was still good. It always would be good; nothing could keep it from being good. I wish I had some now—right this moment!

Newt Kennedy was our neighbor-hood correspondent for the weekly, and, for the items he sent in, he received the paper free of charge. Newt was a trifle weak on grammar, but he was strong on what peo-ple liked to read, and always, in everything he wrote, was this under-current of humor which I loved and which influenced me so much. He signed himself "The One-Horse Farmer," which, of course, made mar, but he was strong on what peo-Farmer," which, of course, made everybody laugh, for no one could run a farm with one horse. This was another way of saying "The Bottom of the Heap." Of course Newt wasn't, but it was good fun to pretend he was. Newt didn't merely send in who was sick and who was visiting and that tramps had broken in the schoolhouse again, but sent in comments and humorous philosophy. Each week, when we got the paper, the first thing I turned to was the One-Horse Farmer.

He was the biggest and strongest man in our section, and about the best natured. A great brawny giant with a mop of hair like an unfinished haystack. He wore an over-coat fastened around his middle with a belt; he had felt boots and over



'The One-Horse Farmer'

shoes and a cap with flaps that pulled down over his ears.

He did something of value to the township, for he conceived the idea we ought to have plays, and set about getting them up in the same joous, boyish way he went into anything that had fun in it. These were put on in the Wilcox School which was bigger than the Knabb School was bigger than the Knabb School. There was no door in the end of the room which was to be the stage, but that was all right; a window was used. The women made a curtain, and the boys and girls began to study their lines. When the time came, that wonderful opening night, Newt, all dressed up in his good clothes, stepped out in front of the draw-curtain and said the opening number would be a tableau entitled "The Setting Sun." The curtain whizzed along the galvanized clothes line and there, sitting on a box, was one of the neighborhood boys. It took us some moments to see through it, but when we did we thought it was about the funniest thing we'd ever heard of. Well, those plays were a tremendous success, judged by our standards, and brought us immense satisfaction.

Newt could be plenty serious. He would sit up with the sick and, in some strange way was amazingly tender with them, this rough giant of a man. When one of our neigh-bors died, Newt was the first person start toward the cemetery.

The second time my name was ever in print, Newt Kennedy put it there. I tried to earn money for myself by having a line of traps in the slough, and one day I found a long, strange, perfectly white creature, as big around as a buggy whip handle, in a steel trap. The neighbors came in to see it.

When the One-Horse Farmer came out that week this item was in it:
"Homer Croy has captured a white weasel.'

I was delighted. I was thrilled! It had never occurred to me that I would be in the One-Horse Farmer but there I was for all the world to

I thought over and over why he had used the word "captured" in-stead of "trapped," for I was coming more and more to love words and to be a little awed by the thrilling things one could do with them.

As for the weasel, it must have been an albino. I took it down to Mr. Jenkins, who bought for a fur house in St. Louis, and sold it.

My father was a "cattle" farmer, Mr. Knabb was a "hog" farmer, Newt Kennedy was a "mule man," for even in our neighborhood we specialized. There were many other mule men, but none like Newt Kennedy, who got fun even out of mules.

Most farmers, when they wanted to "break" a mule, gingerly hitched him up with an old mare who could be got into a trot only by determined effort, and let the mule lunge and kick and prance beside the faithful old mare. But not Newtliand kick and prance beside the faithful old mare. But not Newti-Newt got his fun out of the very thing that others dreaded. He liked to break mules; more than that, he looked forward to mule-breaking time, as children do to circus time.

Fall was mule-breaking time; during the hiatus between harvest and corn picking. The mule colts had been on grass all summer, kicking up their heels and watching the up their heels and watching the horses and other mules plodding off to work. They'd run along beside, as near as the fence would allow, and whinny and taunt the dull plodders; at least, it seemed that way.

But these gay mules didn't know But these gay mules didn't know that Newt Kennedy would soon be on their trail. Newt would go bouncing along in a wagon, or on a hay-frame, looking them over with a joyous eye. It wouldn't be long till he would have a nose-twitch on

Usually, when a farmer wanted to break a mule, he would take him to the back pasture so he could swing on a line and make him run in a circle. But nothing so common as this would do for Newt Kennedy.

When it began to chill up in the autumn, he would say to me, "Homer, are you going to be doin' anything Thursday morning?"

I never was, if Newt wanted me. It was understood I was to say

nothing to anyone, for Newt's mule methods were frowned on. They might like him fifty-one weeks a year, but mule-breaking week they had no use at all for him.

I would go out the back way, so I would go out the back way, so as to appear to be about my work (a suspicious item) and cut across the fields to Newt's. I could see the mules even before I got there, for they would be running around in the barn lot, the wildest things on four less and the trickiest. And four legs, and the trickiest. And the smartest, too, for a mule is miles ahead of a horse in horse sense. It really ought to be called "mule sense." "mule sense."

"I thought maybe you'd like to help me break," he would say and we would go to the horse lot where the mules were racing around and around with their heads as high around with their heads as high as giraffes. Newt would stand there, his arms on the fence, looking them over, as a fisherman might look over a trout he was going to have his way with.

The thing was to get a rope around he neck of one of them. Newt would approach with a rope held behind him, and suddenly send it looping through the air, like a cowboy. If the rope landed, it was hell. Newt and I would have to sink our heels in the ground and hang on for dear life. Of course the mule couldn't go out of the lot, so we would stand in the middle, like a ringmaster at a circus, and let the mule run 'round and 'round.

After a time we'd get him into a chute that Newt had for the purpose and leave him, as Newt said, to "think it over," and then go back for another mule. This one usually would be in harness and considered partly broken. Newt would not have dreamed of putting an old plug-ugly plow horse in to break a mule with. Newt wanted to get fun out of his work.

After a time we'd have the partly broken second mule in, and snubbed; then we'd go back to the first mule and Newt would pretend he loved that mule. He'd stroke his nose and talk to him in honeyed words, but Newt had something behind his back. The twitch. This was a stick as long as a person's arm, with a loop of rope at the end Newt would get the loop over the mule's upper lip and twist it tight, and pass the stick to me. The mule's head would go down and his heels up. But usually I could hold him, in spite of all the ideas he had on the subject. Newt would creep up with a collar and slip it over his neck. Bit by bit he would get the harness on the mule and then the harness on the second mule. Then would come the tremendous job of getting the mules to a wagon tongue. Only Newt could do that, sometimes with soothing words; sometimes with threats that, if he had understood them, would have made the mule's blood turn to ice water.

In some superhuman way. Newt would get both those mules on a wagon and then I would be sent to open the gate to the public road! No back pasture for Newt. Some of the neighbors even broke mules on plowed ground hitched to a drag. on plowed ground hitched to a drag. But not Newt Kennedy. He wanted to extract every possible morsel of fun from it. Fun that made the neighbors think he was crazy.

(TO PE CONTINUED)

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL CUNDAY **J**CHOOL _esson

BY HAROLD L. LUNDQUIST, D. D. Of The Moody Bible Institute of Chicago. Released by Western Newspaper Union.

Lesson for February 4

on subjects and Scripture texts se-and copyrighted by International of Religious Education; used by sion.

JESUS' CONCERN FOR ALL

LESSON TEXT—Matthew 8:1, 9:13, 18:26.
GOLDEN TEXT—Therefore all things
whatsoever ye would that men should do
to you, do ye even so to them: for this is
the law and the prophets.—Matthew 7:12.

What is a man worth? Well, say we, that depends, and then we are prone to undervalue him. Jesus had (and taught) a high regard for the inherent value of man. He saw pos-sibilities in all men. He had a love for them. He was concerned about their welfare, and they responded by an interest in Him.

Jesus showed by His dealings with men how wrong are most of the standards and attitudes of the world. With Him there were:

I. No Social Barrier (vv. 1. 9. 10). The caste system of some lands, dividing people into social strata which separate men and hinder fel-lowship, does not exist in our land. Yet, in practice, we have such lev-els which are a formidable barrier in the thinking of many (perhaps most) people.

Jesus knew nothing of social bar-riers. He ignored them and went straight to the one in need. In our lesson it was a man of position and wealth who was an outcast among his people because he was a hated gatherer of taxes for Rome.

Jesus saw in him a man of faith and a useful witness for Him. And He not only talked with him, but called him to be His disciple. Then He went further and, to the astonishment of His critics, went in to a great feast where many such

men were gathered.

He ate with publicans and sinners, not because He approved of their manner of life, but because He wanted to change it as He changed them.

II. No Fear of Criticism (vv. 11-13) Many a kind and noble impulse has died a-borning because of the fear of criticism. "What will people say?'' has kept many a Christian from speaking to some sinner about his (or her) soul.

"The world is too much with us—" and we all too often guide our lives and service by the possible reaction we may receive from those round about us. We did not learn such an attitude from Jesus.

His answer to His critics made it clear that there will be no self-righteous, "good enough" people in heaven. The Lord is not even calling them, so long as they trust in their own goodness. He came to seek and to save sinners (v. 13, and Luke 19:10).

We, too, may go forward without fear of our critics. That doesn't mean that we "don't care what peo-ple think" about us. We ought to but if their opinion is based on unbelief and self-righteousness. it should certainly not deter us from our all-important business of soulwinning.

III. No Limitation of Time and

Place (vv. 18-22).
Often the help of man to those in need is circumscribed by so many regulations that those who most de-serve help cannot get it. There are times and places for application forms, and tests must be completed, etc. Doubtless much of this is needed, but one wonders at times whether our charitable impulses have not disappeared under a mountain of

Be that as it may, how interesting it is to see that Jesus met the need when and where it appeared. He was already on one errand of mercy when the sick woman touched His robe. He was not too busy nor too preoccupied to stop and give her a word of help and comfort (v. 22).

Is there not a significant lesson here for us in the church? The need is reason enough for the extension of our help. The place is anywhere that men are in sadness or sorrow, and the hour is now-when they need our help.

IV. No Lack of Power (vv. 23-26) How often the human heart is prompted to help, and willing hands are ready to follow its promptings in loving action, yet we find that we cannot do anything. The need is too great for our meager resources. Our strength does not suffice. no money, or the situation is one beyond human help.

How wonderful it is then to remember the Lord Jesus! A touch on the hem of His garment in faith made the woman whole (v. 22). A word from Him brought the dead little girl out to face the scorners of Jesus, in the bloom of life and health.

Has He lost any of His great pow-er? No. He is just "the same yes-terday, and today, and forever" (Heb. 13:8). Why not trust Him? Do you need help—spiritual men-

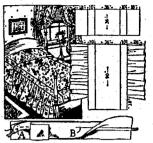
tal, physical? He is able. He has no prejudice regarding your social position. He will meet you right where you are, and right now. He is seeking the sick and the sinful—"the lost, the last, and the least." Look to Him by faith.

The great Physician now is near, The sympathizing Jesus: He speaks, the drooping heart to cheer; O hear the voice of Jesus.

Bed Spread Made Of 36-Inch Goods

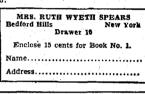
THIS spread for a double bed may be made out of chintz or any 36-inch-wide material that you have on hand. Eleven and one-half yards will be required for a bed 54 inches wide and, if you follow the cutting diagram given here, not a scrap of goods will be

Cut the center parts first; then the 18-inch side sections for the pillow cover; then the 10-inch



strips for the pillow cover and spread. This leaves a long strip for the flounce. You may buy seam welting or cover cable cord with bias strips as at A. Use your machine cording foot for the seam so that the stitching will be close to the cord as at B.

NOTE—This spread is from SEWING Book I which is 32 pages of illustrated directions for silp covers, dressing tables, couch covers and other things to keep homes bright and attractive for the dura-tion. To get a copy of Book I enclose 15 cents with name and address direct



Whenever the Quintuplets catch cold—their cheets, throats and backs are rubbed with Musterole. Powerfully soothing—Musterole not only promptly relieves coughs, sore throat, aching chest muscles due to colds—but also helps break secongestion in upper bronchial tract, nose and throat. Wonderful for grown-ups, tool

Strengths MUSTEROLE

Buy War Savings Bonds



IT PAYS BIG TO INOCULATE WITH



• Formers report that inoculation with NITRAGIN makes bigger yields and surer crops. NITRAGIN is good crop insurance for every planting of clovers, alfalfa, lespedeza, soybeans, other legumes. It costs a few cents an acre, takes only a few minutes to mix with the seed. It's the oldest, most widely used inoculant. Produced by trained scientists in a modern laboratory. Get it, in the yellow can marked Nitragin, from your seed dealer. FREE booklets tell how to grow better cush, feed,





Kidneys Must Work Well

For You To Feel Well

For You To Feel Well

24 hours every day, 7 days every
week, never stopping, the kidneys filter
wate matter from the blood.

11 more people were aware of how the
kidneys must constantly remove surplus fluid, secass acids and other waste
matter that cannot any in the blood
with the secass acids and other waste
matter that cannot any in the blood
to the secass acids and other waste
matter that cannot any in the blood
to the secass acids and the world
whole system is upset when kidneys fall
to function properly.

Burning, scanly or too frequent urination sometimes warns that something
is wrong. You may surfer nagging backache, headaches, dizcinces, rheumate
pains, getting up at nights, swelling.
Way not try Doon's timulate the function of the kidneys and help than to
hold. They contain pathing harmful
Get Doon's today. Use with confidence
at all drug stores.

Reveille on the Jordan

home. Sponsored by the East Jordan Community Service Club.

Hello Gang:
Perhaps the most repeated question
in all your letters pertains to the new airport that it now in development You'd rather expect these queries from Air Force personnel but, actually, the interest in this project is just as keen in every branch of the Service and goes to show just how airminded all you young folks have become. Many of you haven't been home since the work started and the sketchy references that have appeared in the paper have not furnished many of the particulars so I'll try to answer all your questions with as complete a report as possible.

Just about a year ago the wheels started to roll in earnest and the State Airport engineer, Clyde Stevens, came up from Lansing to help in the selection of a site. The recommended location was directly south of the Deer Creek electric dam, just across M-32, and included eighty acres that belonged to Bob Carson, forty belonging to Mr. Franseth and another forty immediately south under the control of Kit Carson. Our Council really went to bat and acting on the recommendations purchased the property and also allocated \$1500, which was matched by the State, for improvements — giving us a total of \$3000 to work with last year. You can get a good idea of the layout by ima-gining it as a big T with the top composed of three forty acre pieces along M32 and a fourth forty directly south of the center section. Instead of spreading the \$3000 over the entire field it was decided to initially complete a couple of useable runway that could be expanded as additiona funds become available and work went ahead on that basis. Sam Rog-ers took the contract and with Cliff Brown as his right-hand man they started in to see how far they could stretch the money. 120 acres were cleared of trees and two 2500 ft. run ways (one east and west, one north and south) were graded, leveled and then floated smooth. Approximately 10,000 yards of dirt were moved during this part of the job and much of the equipment was fashioned right on the field by Sam and Cliff. The two runways were then seeded with combination planting designed to establish a good turf - and then we

J. VanDellen M.D. EAST JORDAN, MICH. OFFICE HOURS

2 to 5 p. m. Daily Except Thursday and Sunday 7 to 9 p. m. Wed. and Sat. Sunday by appointment or in case of emergency.

PHONES
Office 182-F2 Residence 182-F8

W. A. Porter Plumbing — Heating **HARDWARE**

SUNBEAM FURNACES Estimates Cheerfully Given on Any Job at No Cost to You.

PHONE 19 — WE DELIVER

Main St. — East Jordan.

> FRANK PHILLIPS BARBER SHOP

YOUR PATRONAGE APPRECIATED

SATISFACTION -

- SANITATION -

Insurance

AUTOMOBILE, LIFE, FIRE and WINDSTORM CITY and COUNTRY RELIABLE COMPANIES GEORGE JAQUAYS EAST JORDAN, MICH.

Herman Drenth - & SONS -

A complete line of

LUMBER — SUPPLIES

Phone 111 - East Jordan

(Successors to E. J. L. Co.)

R. G. WATSON FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Phone — 66 MONUMENTS EAST JORDAN,

ran out of money and weather. Look ing back it seems impossible that so strip — but in the meantim we will have a useable field for small and medium ships.

I don't suppose this will be complete without at least a mention of last July!
the first and inauspicious flight operation on the new port. Clyde Stevens the new steepers of the new steepers. plete without at least a mention of the first and inauspicious flight operation on the new port. Clyde Stevens came in one day while grading was still in progress flying a small Stinson and with Maurice Moody, also on the Michigan Aeronautical Board engineering staff, as a passenger. Sad to relate, the small do-nut wheels of the Stinson just wouldn't roll in that soft dirt and the boys ended up in a not-too-graceful ground loop. Maurice lost a little skin from a shin and the ship cracked her prop and tailfin—and for Steve it was the first accident

s.-Sgt. EDWARD STANER left and without mentaling the order late last week to report back for duty after a thirty day furlough which he divided between East Jordan and his wife's home grounds . . his overseas sitting on his bunk waiting for him tour included Africa, Sicily, Sardinia, and now is hoping that MONK CI-HAK will try the same stunt — between! Ed brought his Southern sounds too good to be true — but see Belle (and wife) Mary, home with what you can do, Monk. him and before they left we were all Pfc. STEVE KOTO kinda getting our accents tangled-up. Mary's from the South! Ed checked in at Fort Bragg and we're waiting for give a darn at present because he has hns next assignment. Pvt. ARCHIE just located a barn that's all in one GRIFFIN has hit the jackpot for another thirty day leave from Percy Jones and when we caught up with ing for that box of German junk him the other day he had accumulated yea, and we're waiting for a full-75 fre games on the pin-ball machine fledged letter, make it soon soldier. in Frank's — and that's really break- From India Pfc. OLIVER DUPLESin Frank's — and that's really breaking quite a few records! Just now ing quite a few records! Just now SIS reports everything under control Archie is breaking-in his new right with the 459th Fighter Squadron arm and if there's anything he can't and the safe arrival of that old can of do with it, well, it'll be news to him! Archie's wife, Maxine, is home with him and between them they have the mas are the same as yours. It startfuture pretty well doped out. Sgt. ed a-raining over on the Philippines WM. C. WALDEN has just been upped to a S-Sgt. and why he didn't reto his tent and decided to write us a port it personally we'll never know. letter . . . a bunch of Filipinos who and inquiry, Come on, Bill, one letter, more or were digging a drainage ditch nearby On motion

ruys that write letters straight from a tent full of company from Atlantic City where he is a pa-tient at the England General Hospital from his Mom and this week he for change-overs . . . nice letter, Bill, checks in personally and encloses come again soon soldier. FREDERIC some Japanese invasion money. His SULAK reports in with the new APO rating has been "upped" from MM of 70 and the new promotion to a 2-c to MM 1-c and has been transferred to land based duty and although we'd like a little more from you, but those fighting PT's are still his special care he dosn't get much characteristics. ial care he doesn't get much chance to ride 'em anymore . . . a fine letter, Gerald, and thanks for the souvenirs. Sgt. GUY HITCHCOCK writes from 'somewhere in France' that the chicken sure hit the spot. Guy is with the 393rd Fighter Sqdn. and credits the IFPO San Francisco; S. Sgt. JACK Infantry with doing one whale of a lob. Okay, soldier, and we know that Laredo, Texas; Pvt. LaVERN ARCHyou guys in the Air Corps are sure ER, Co. D, Inf. 324, APO 44, c-0 Pm. putting in your nickel's worth too . . . New York; T-4 ORRIN PARKS, 35. down the time between letters a lit-

C. McKENNEY, S 2-c is getting kind of tired of the rain and the heat and is wishing for a couple of inches of good old E. J. snow. By Gosh, we sure could spare it right now, Jack. The censor did a little clipping on your letter, sailor, but we have the lowdown on your meeting with JIM PERSONS, S 2-c, anyhoo — about a third of Jack's crew are from Michigan and a couple of his buddies are Petoskey boys so you can imagine the ing back it seems impossible that so much was accomplished for so little breeze they shoot! Lt. (j.g.) E. K. cash and we take our hat off to the careful planning of Mayor Vern Whiteford and the frugal and ingen-BECHTOLD wasn't successful but he ious engineering of Sam Rogers. Of still has hopes and is keeping his eyes course this is just a "good" beginning open. We don't know what ship Ed is as the plans call for an east-west on but we do know that Fred is on runway of 3900 ft., a N. W. - S. E. Guam and it's our hope that youse dunway of 3700 ft., a N. E. - S. W. runway of 2400 ft. and further development of the 2500 ft. north-south just after finishing the last sentence on but we do know that Fred is on about the ultimate in coincidences, just after finishing the last sentence Fred's dad called and advises that he has just been officially notified that Fred has been awarded the Purple Heart for wounds received in action

lost a little skin from a shin and the ship cracked her prop and tailfin—hows about a letter? Cpl. DALE GRE and for Steve it was the first accident breezed home last night from away up in Northern Canada. He has been the strong of fluing. Since then several smoothed-up runways which are non and just laughs at our snow grive.

pretty thoroughly settled and from now on there will be no repetition of "time" fellows — the home-town will the cleaners, 23 to 18! Pvt. DOUG-be on the airmap when you all get LAS GILKERSON checks in with the new address of: Co. B, 5th Div., 2nd Inf., APO 5, c-o Pmr., New York . . . if there's any tougher outfit than the Up and down Main Street today infantry in the Service we haven't folks are gathering in little groups and talking in sort of hushed voices. Say, "I can take it", we have some idea of what you really mean! Cpl. brought the terse message, "Killed E. N. THOMSON received his box in A brief War Department telegram to a divided the tense message, "Killed E. N. THOMSON received his box in in action in Germany... Pvt. KEITH France and V-mails the "best" for all ROGERS... leter follows." A lot of you went to school with Keith. He exemplified everything that we call awhile, we look out for mail from "American" and fine. Now he has joined the ranks of those who have do from home and we hope your wishess for the New Year all come true. made the supreme sacrifice to the end es for the New Year all come true. that Freedom and Decency shall sur- And from Miami, Capt. E. S. WHITE that Freedom and Decency shall survive and that bestial brutality shall die. We reverently place his name side by side with those other immortals who are etching the message of Democracy indelibly on the pages of humanity. Your comrades, Keith, all around the world, will never lay down their arms until your goal has been achieved and future generations will attest the price you paid was not in vain. R.I.P. Soldier.

S.-Sgt. EDWARD STANEK left late last week to report back for duty between! Ed brought his Southern sounds too good to be true — but see

Pfc. STEVE KOTOWICH comes in to report that Belgium has it's full share of snow too but he doesn't less, will be just water over the dam. also decided to get out of the rain attorney for plaintiff, it is ordered Pfc. DON WALTON is one of those and the first thing Cecil knew he had that said defendants and their unthe shoulder — and whoever censored it sure had elbow-action with the them out of a 5 Pesos bill, which he entered in this cause within three acissors! It looks like one of those enclosed in his letter ... you're sure old-time jig saw puzzles — or a maze right, Cecil, it is a long time since we in the fun house at Belle Isle. Just had that last cold one but when you the same, Don, I got most of the get through with those "little brown "holes" and by now you know most of the same old everything about the new airport.

Maybe we'll get a little "time" in together when this decrease thing is over.

T-Sgt. FRANK STREHL checks in turned from a South and Central Pamen (?)" we'll head for the same old cific tour of duty on Efate, New He-brides and Guam with the most of his after being flown home from Europe and county and care the same of ter from all you people would sure be something. Last week we had a report on GERALD BARNETT, MM 1-c his foxhole — without losing any time for shore a without losing any time.

More guys on the hop

can catch up with them if you'll no tice these new addresses: Lt. WIL LARD L. HOWE, 1st Det. 3rd AAF Pers. Depot, Plant Park, Tampa, Fla. VALE M. GEE, S 2-c, USS LST 861 New York; T-4 ORRIN PARKS, 852 tle, don't wait so long for the next NEMECEK, 246 Port Co., APO 322, c-o Pmr., San Francisco; MT-Sgt. C.

Aboard the USS Sagittarius JOHN H. STREHL, USMC, SMS Ma. SG 48, MCAS, Comm., Santa Barbara (Goleta), Cal.; PAUL H. GREENMAN, J 1-c. NLFED, Security Watch, Nev ton Park, Norfolk, Va.; ROBERT M. ARCHER, S 2-c, Trainee Flotilla, Fort Emory LCS Coronado, San Diego, 59, Cal.

Before signing off this week we'd like to remind you home-folks how important it can be that unauthorized and rumored reports be immediately scotched. Unfounded rumor frequently are causing more concern than official news. You can do your part by refusing to repeat anything, and particularly anything pertaining to casualties, until YOU KNOW IT IS OFFICIALLY CONFIRMED. The unpleasant experiences of last week will not occur again if you will follow that simple rule and we know we can

ount on all of you. Thanks.

Archie Griffin has twisted an oldtimer so it goes like this, "The Lord must love second lieutenants; He made so many of them.'

Your friend and pal, Skipper Hollis Drew.

Thanks, Mrs. Turner

1113 Wayburn Ave.. January 17, 1945.

Mr. G. A. Lisk, Editor Charlevoix County Herald, East Jordan, Mich.

My mother, Mrs. J. Warden, who is spending the winter with me has ask-ed me to write and thank you for sending the East Jordan paper to her here, also to renew her subscription for 1945, check enclosed

Mother looks forward with antici-pation to the arrival of her paper each week and although I have been away from East Jordan for many years I still enjoy reading the "Home

Town News." We both especially enjoy the 'Looking Backward" column Your very truly, Fae Turner (Mrs.)

CHANCERY ORDER

State of Michigan, In the Circuit Court for the County of Charlevoix

In Chancery.

Anthonette Washburne, Admin-Louise Johnson, deceased, plain-tiff,

Nehemiah Joy, Mary C. Joy, Sarah M. Joy, Royal N. Joy, and their unknown heirs, devisees, legatees, and assigns, defen-

124-4. Order of Publication on Bill to Quiet Title Under Statute.

At a session of said court held at the courthouse in the City of Che-boygan in the county of Cheboygan on the 4th day of January, 1945.
Present: Hon. Ward I. Waller, Cir.

cuit Judge, presiding.

On reading and filing the bill of complaint in said cause and the affidavit of Albert T. Washburne at tached thereto, from which it satisfactorily appears to the court that the defendants above named, or their unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and assigns, are proper and necessary parties defendant in the above entit-

ed cause, and, It further appearing that after diligent search and inquiry it cannot be ascertained, and it is not known whe

ther or not said defendants are living or dead, or where any of them may reside if living, and if dead, whether they have personal representa-tives, or heirs living or where they or some of them may reside, and further that the present whereabouts of said defendants are unknown, and that the names of the persons who are included therein without being named, but who are embraced therein under the title of unknown heirs, de visees, legatees and assigns, cannot be ascertained after diligent search

On motion of Albert T. Washburne, — and before know heirs, devisees, legatees and a months from the date of this order and in default thereof that said bill of complaint be taken as confessed by the said defendants, their unknown

heirs, devisees, legatees, and assigns.
It is further ordered that within forty days plaintiff cause a copy of this order to be published in the Charlevoix County Herald, a newspacontinued therein once in each weel

Fenton R. Bulow Clerk of Circuit Court.



A word to the wise is useless,

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our sincere ap-preciation of the many acts of kindness extended by neighbors and other friends during our recent bereave ment - the death of our beloved hus-

Mrs. Clarence Johnston and Family.

Buy War Bonds and Stamps

LAWS TO ASSURE DOG HEROES' WELFARE

Stirred by revelations of useless cruelty, dog lovers are urging Congress to protect K-9 veterans, America's valiant canine soldiers, from vivisection, Get this Sunday's (Feb. 4) issue of The Detroit Sunday Times, bringing you The American Weekly, with an article on these dog heroes and many more exclusive feaheroes and many more exclusive fea-

persons in your community when you read The Christian Science Monitor regularly. You will find fresh, new viewpoints, fuller, richer understanding of world affairs . . . truthful, accurate, phiased news. Write for sample copies today, or send for one-one trial subscription. month trial subscription.

Freezing Locker Plant

To Be Located In Former Northern Auto Co. Garage

THOSE DESIRING LOCKERS URGED TO SIGN UP NOW!



We are pleased to announce that arrangements have been made for the purchase of the former Northern Auto Co. garage, for the freezing locker and cold storage plant for East Jordan.

We have a large number of lessees for lockers and wish to remind those who plan to rent lockers to do so at once so you will not be disappointed, as those signing up first will have preference. If more than the required number sign up we will apply for 300 more lockers.

Do not delay, as you will get the service sooner by acting now. We believe we have a wonderful location with plenty of parking space for a business of this type, and with prompt action on the part of everyone, our hope is to have an industry which will be a credit to East Jordan and vicinity.

To insure getting a locker, sign up now with the State Bank, Joe Nemecek, Jr., or Percy Penfold at East Jordan; Gerritt Drenth at Ellsworth; or John Bos at Atwood.



Jordan Frozen Food Locker Co. East Jordan

LOST: Many opportunities to sell goods if you fail to advertise in The Herald.

FOUND: An advertising medium of real value, which is READ by hundreds of residents of East Jordan and adjacent territory.

STRAYED: Your customers, if you fail to keep them informed of to keep them informed of your values by advertising in THE HERALD.

STOLEN: Trade that you might have kept if you had protected it by consistent advertising.

FOR SALE: Advertising space that will bring you rich returns on a small investment by reaching the buying public of this

WANTED: Wide-awake business men who will improve their own business and their community by

progressive advertising.

Increased business and profits for all who keep their **REWARD:** values before the public by wise and consistent advertising.

Charlevoix Co. Herald

 \star \star \star

"Covers an Exclusive Territory"

Phone 32

East Jordan, Mich.