Last Concert This Thursday

E. J. SCHOOL BAND WILL ALSO PLAY AT FLOWER SHOW

The East Jordan School Band, which has played weekly concerts since the first of June, will play their last concert for the season, this week Thursday evening.

The Band, which has 55 members

when all are present, had an average attendance of about forty all through the summer and although was not at its best at times, was much compli-mented by many listeners from in

Many cars were lined along the limited space around the band stand all through the summer but it is to be regretted that East Jordan has not a better place for these concerts, away the noise of passing cars

The Band members and its Director most sincerely hope the time is near that East Jordan's band boosters get together and find a more suitable place for the summer concerts to the enjoyment of both listeners and players.

Many Attractions At Northwest Mich. Fair Traverse City Next Week

Among the many attractions to be features at the Northwestern Michigan Fair, beginning Tuesday, August 31 at Traverse City, is the thrilling horse jumping act presented by thirst and satisfy your appetite.
the Getzendaners, expert equestrien— Whiting County Park has been

Included in their repertoire of jumping tricks are twenty-five-foot ing such a beauty spot. Remember broadjumps with the horse, Suicide, Lahor Day, September 6. world champion broad jumping horse high jumps, with the rider standing on the horse's back, and the feature act of the show, a high jump by a blind horse, ridden by Miss Eleanor Getzendaner.

Three years ago Elmer Gantry, high jumping horse, went blind when cataracts formed over both his eyes, and he was retired to a stall near the practice-ring. But he had loved jumping, and when he heard other horses running, bunching their feet for the leap, and alighting with a clatter of hoofs he reared in his stall and at-tempted to jump.

Miss Getzendaner saw the strugcles of the horse and resolved to train it to jump, blindly. More than a year was spent in teaching the blundering and to respond to the rider's voice telling him when to run, when to get ready, and when to jump. Gradually he horse took confidence, and learn d to let other eyes do the seeing for

Tuesday, at Traverse City, that borse blind for three years, will make he s cond professional debut of its career, this time in a feat many times more difficult than mere jumping, Miss Eleanor Getzendaner, the pa-'ien" and careful trainer, and the oniy person in whom the horse has abolute confidence, will ride him over several jumps.

same as those which won fame for the two Cetzendaners at the Chicago World Fair Horse show. They will appear each day of the Fair, beginning on Tuesday.

Many other famous acrobats and entertainers will be seen in the large varie'v of free acts planned for the four day exposition.

With a midway twice as large, as in former years, two glamorous stage revues stock parades, horse-pulling contests, a fast harness racing pro gram and many other new features the 1937 Northwestern Michigan Fair should break all records for at tendance, and entertainment.

Archie Murphy's Herd First In Production In Dairy Herd Ass'n

Archie Murphy's herd of Guerr seys was first in production last month among the smaller herds in Northwest Michigan Dairy Herd Improvement Ass'n. Average per cow was 463 lbs. milk and 22.8 lbs. butter-

Most herds showed considerably less production for July than for . Average per cow throughout the association for July was 554 lbs. milk and 23.6 lbs. fat, as compared with 670 lbs. milk and 28.7 lbs. fat for June. Some dairymen were using alfalfa for pasture, but even this did not help much, as conditions of the crop was below normal.

The Northwest Michigan Dairy Herd Improvement Ass'n, reorgan-ized July 1st, includes herds in Charlevoix, Antrim, Emmet and Cheboy-gan counties. Members in Charlevoix County include A. M. Murphy, East ing "Daniel in the Lions' Den," is teld Jordan; George Meggison, Ecklund in an article in The American Week-Bros., Hill View Dairy, and Richard ly, the great weekly magazine with Paddock, all of Charlevoix.

15th Annual Charlevoix County Picnic At Whiting Park

Communities are making prepara tions for the big crowd that will be enjoying the 15th Annual County Picture on Labor Day, September 6. This is the one day when all folks in the county, both city and rural, unite for a day of fun and recreation.

Promptly at 1:00 o'clock activities will commence with a flag raising ceremony followed by a program supervised by the American Legion and from then until late in the after noon everything will be in full speed. Two baseball games will be played dan, followed by the Boyne City All rich our civic pride and community Stars and Thompsons Farm Lads. life. These will be soft ball games and will be well-worth seeing. Also the us-dal running races, pie eating con-sts, horse shoeing and other games will attract the usual interest and attention.

Another big feature of the day will Another big feature of the day will be the annual 4-H club exhibit. Over 50 girls will display their canning club exhibits and 45 boys will show their dairy club animals. These boys tre all ready carefully grooming their animals for the show.

Boxing bouts are also being arranged. These will include the best boxers from all points in the county including several from the CCC camp. Music will also be featured by one or wo bands within the county. Free coffee, sugar and cream will be furnished during the noon hour. The various American Legion posts will again be on hand to quench your

developed from year to year until all citizens can be justly proud in hav-

Trout Fishing Is Good

Trout fishing has been more satis factory all around in Michigan this season than in any season during the past five years, according to the opinion of fisheries authorities.

Generally better weather condi ions, absence of severe drought and average higher stream levels are beeved to have contributed to the mor uccessful fishing of 1937.

Ten days remain of the regular cont fishing season which closes Laor Day.

Park of the Pines L. D. S. Reunion Closed Last Sunday

The L. D. S. Reunion of the North rn and Western Michigan Districts being the seventeenth in number. was reld at the above named park from Friday, August 13th to Sunday, Augist 22nd. The following ministers from headquarters, Independence, Missouri, were in attendence: President Wilbur A. Smith, Bishop; C. A. Skinner and Elder C. C. Wesley. Of the general traveling ministry, Apos-M. A. McConley, who has charge of the southern states was present. Of Michigan representatives there were, Elders A. C. Marmore and B H. Doty. Two young men represent-ng the Graceland College, the church educational institution were also present. Their names, were A Gilbert and Walter Johnson. Elders Wesley and Johnson are Australians and Elder Barmore spent nineteer years as a missionary in Australia.

Much of the work of the reunion was done by teaching. The principal instructors were M. A. McConley, Bishop Skinner, and C. A. Wesley. Mrs. Fern Weedmark taught the juveniles. Those who addressed audience in the sermon form were the first four mentioned with the addition of Prof. A. R. Gilbert.

The reunion committee consists of Ork Scheuer, Allen Scheuer, Hector McKinnon, J. C. Doty, J. E. Bennett and R. Bertnell. Of this number the most active generally was Allen Scheuer, who is the president of the orthern Michigan district.

People are gathering here from all ar's of Michigan in addition to the wo districts in this gathering. In ct, there is no part of the state

out its representatives, and quite number are present from Canada

3URPRISING EXPLOITS OF AN ENGLIST EX-RECTOR

How he led a blameless life until around 60, then made adrent love to pretty working girls, went around in a barrel, starved in a glass coffin and finally made the fatal mistake of stepping on a lion's paw while play the August 29 issue of The Detroit Norman Thompson, Tester, Sunday Times.

First Annual

LOCAL GARDEN CLUB STAGES EVENT THIS FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

The ladies of the East Jordan Garden Club will stage a Flower Show at the City, Building Friday and Saturday of this week, August 27 - 28.

The vogue for flower shows is beng on throughout the United States - the members realizing a deeper appreciation of flower culture and arbetween the K. P. team of Charlevoix tistic arrangement for beautifying and the Coffee Cups from East Jor- our homes that will enhance and en-

> Ribbons will be awarded at the lo cal show. Anyone may enter flowers under the various classifications and

are urged to do so.

The public is cordially invited to attend. A small admission fee of five cents will be made to defray neces sary expenses. Open evenings

County Clerks Approve New Marriage Law Forms

Representatives of the State Asciation of County Clerks meeting Lansing last week with Dr. C. C. emons, state health commissioner, approved the medical certificates which will be used in the administration of the premarital health examination law which goes into effect Oct. 29.

The new law requires all applicants for marriage licenses to have a medical examination including blood test within 15 days prior to applying for a license. County clerks cannot accept marriage license appli cations after Oct. 29 until both bride and groom present medical certificates signed by a licensed physician. The certificates will be issued to physicians through the county clerks.

General approval of the new law was expressed by the association's ommittee which included Emmett M Bibb, Washtenaw county clerk and secretary of the state association. C. Ross Hilliard of Ingham, Lynn D. Allen of Oakland, and John A. Hagman of Livingston County.

Alfalfa Needs A Month's Vacation

Alfalfa, the crop that gives Michigan a national crown covering one and one-quarter million acres, needs month vacation during September.
From experiments at Michigan
State College and demonstrations
at have been carried out in nearly

very county in the state by memhers of the extension service, proof found that the vacation is neces-Alfalfa is one plant that needs to

ave a chance to get ready for win-er. S. T. Dexter, college specialist farm crops, explains that much of he winter damage to alfalfa is the result of improper fall management. be off the field by the middle of ugust. Then the plants have hance to put out new growth and tore up food in the roots to defy reezing temperatures.

Even September pasturing is no dvised. After a cutting is made, or, while alfalfa is being pastured, the ew growth that shows up is at the xpense of food stored in the roots. ew leaves then put back this food. i the alfalfa is cut so late that the eaves cannot grow or do not have me to restore the food supplies to he roots, winter killing occurs.

...Avoid cutting or pasturing alfalfa n September, Dexter advises farmers ho plan to use a field the following If a second cutting is taken late in August, further cutting or pasturing is considered unwise.

Flower Show TODAY In Your Paper

Titus' important historical serial, "Black Feather," now running in our feature section.

Who pours at a women's club tea? Emily Post gives the answer in "Good Taste Today." a series of informative articles you'll want

Hok Lang Can Russia Last?" . another investigation of the modern Soviet Republic by Richard Halliburton, famed globe-trotter and author.

In this issue Irvin S. Cobb, America's foremost newspaper humorist, reminds those who deplore Japan's invasion of China that Uncle Sam deliberately violated 264 treaties with the Indians.

In his Washington Digest, William Bruckart, ace capital correspondent, marvels at Vice-President Garner's ability to dispose of senate legislation, and explains the prominence the press is giving to the New York mayoralty race. The Rev. Harold L. Lundquist lectures on intemperance in the

Shanghai's undeclared war horror grows as bombs and shells kill thousands — Black appointment may become political fodder. See "News Review of Current Events." Edward W. Pickard's summary of the world's week.

Sunday School Lesson for August

Roadside Tables Placed By State Highway Dep't In Charlevoix County

An expansion of the state high way department's roadside develop ment policy during the past year has eculted in the placing of eight roadside picnic tables along state high ways in Charlevoix County this sum

The state highway department has announced that more tourists than ever before are using the 1,500 roadside tables that have been placed throughout the state. This is a total increase of nearly 600 täbles over last year. The tables are located at convenient points along the trunk-ines where outstanding views or a particularly shady spot are available. At many of these spots, stoves and wells or springs are also provided.

"Counts taken at typical roadside picnic parks and letters we have received from tourists from all parts of the nation indicate that these extra services are deeply appreciated," said State Highway Commissioner Murray D. VanWagoner. "Registrations also show that hundreds of Michigan motorists are using these picnic facilities as well as

from outside the state." There are eight points in Charlevoix County where picnic facilities have been provided by the highway department. A list of them showing their location follows:

Roadside Table Locations US-31 - 8 miles south of Charlevoix.

US-31 -- 4miles south of Charlevoix, view of Lake Michigan. US-31 - 7 miles north of Charlevoix. M-131 - 2 miles south of Boyne

M-131 - 3 miles north of Boyne

Falls - Spring Site. M-75 — 3 miles north of Boyne City. M-66 — 4 miles north of East Jordan M-32 — 3 miles east of East Jordan.

(One table at each of the above places.)

An engagement ring is not a gift and must be returned if the engagement is broken, according to a recent court ruling.

Field Day At Lake City **Experiment Farm** Thursday, September 2

The Lake City Experiment Farm will be host to thousands of farm visitors on Thursday, September 2 when the annual Field Day will be staged. The main attraction will be some 40 acres of potatoes including many varieties that are grown for demonstration purposes. This acre-uge will include irrigation tests, var-iety plots, and fertilization experiments. Also a very fine potato madininery demonstration is planted that has practical applications on

every farm producing potatoes.

Activities will begin promptly at 30 in the morning and continue all day. Farmers in this county interested in potatoes should arrange to make this trip. The distance is not. oo great, the roads fine, and you will enjoy a most profitable day. Remember the day and date, and why not make your arrangements now so that nothing will prevent you seeing his Field Day?

B. C. Mellencamp, County Agr'l Agent.

Milk Production

Drops In State

Milk production in Michigan in the past month took a sharp drop because of high feed prices and drying up of pastures, according to reports accumulated by E. C. Scheidenhelm, extension dairyman of Michigan State College.

Production dropped to about the same daily basis as that of last February among the 22,000 cows on test in dairy herd improvement associa-

tions in the state.

The average cow's production for last month was 668 pounds of milk and 27.4 pounds of butterfat, a drop of 12.7 per cent from the previous 30 days. Unproductive pastures and high grain prices are credited with wering the level in the milk pails. Culling, in reports received by Scheidenhelm, is being practiced by many dairymen, anxious to weed ou the least productive cows. Herd own ers also are being attracted by high

ecf prices, which makes it seem wis o sell animals rather than to feed hem for low milk and fat produc One activity in the reports from he 70 dairy herd improvement associations emphasizes the interest in building buil pens. Safety keepers which make it easier to care for valcable yet dangerous bulls were con-tructed by 31 farmers who are assoation members. The aid of county gricultural agents in the state is

timulating interest in constructing pens. Blueprints and material lists are available in offices of he county agents. Checking silos to omplete any necessary repairs before silo filling time is another activy wise dairymen are following.

Homemakers' Corner - By

Home Economies Specialists Michigan State College

MAY CAN FRUITS WITHOUT **SUGAR**

Fruit canning in the midst of bountiful Michigan harvest can be accomplished without the use of sugar until lated use, but the fruit will not hold its color, shape or flavor as well.

This is an explanation prepared through the home economics extension service of Michigan State Col-

Unsweetened canned fruit is use ful for piemaking and also in the diet of persons who have diabetis. Juicy fruits should be canned in their own juices rather than with water, when no sugar is used

The process is not difficult. A new wrinkle suggested by those who have experimented with fruit canning is the idea of adding extra juice. Extract the juice from the riper fruits by crushing, heating and straining. Pack the remaining fruits closely into glass jars or tin cans without preheating and add enough boiling juice to cover. Partially seal the jars or exhaust and then seal tin cans.

A hot water bath is used then to process from 5 to 20 minutes depending on the density of the fruit. Another method is to precook the fruit 2 to 4 minutes and then pour hot into containers, seal and process.

Less juicy fruits canned without sugar require water. These include apples, peaches and pears. Only the smallest amount of water necessary should be used, however, in order to keep the natural flavor of the fruit.

School Days Again - Read what Detroit experts say about all phases of school life - health, diet, discipline, clothes and the part parents should play to give their children the for this series starting in next Sunday's Detroit News.

Tag Day This Saturday

FOR UNDERPRIVILEGED CHILD. REN OF CHARLEVOIX COUNTY

Charlevoix County Child lealth League, at its spring meetng, decided to adopt as one of major objectives for the year 1937 and 1938 the raising of a fund to care for the underprivileged

ren in the county.

A large group of interested people met at Boyne City for the purpose of organizing a campaign throughout the entire county. Mrs. Addie March of Walloon Lake, the pioneer in the 100 per cent dental correction program in the schools was elected genral county chairman.

To secure the necessary finances to carry on this program various methods were suggested. The rural areas will devote their major efforts toward dental correction and will continue as they started - children's activities, children earning their own money, programs, cake walks, box socials, etc. The city areas — having more demands - decided on a gen-

eral tag day.
Friday August 20th, representaives from the three cities of Charlevoix County met at the March Inn, Walloon Lake, to complete their plans for their tag day. The following attended: Mrs. Addie March, Walloon Lake; Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. Kit Carson, Mrs. Joseph Bugai, and Miss Mary Buser, R. N., East Jordan; Miss Caroline Geiken, R. N., and Mrs. Russel Barden, Boyne City; Mrs. Oakley Hammond, Mrs. Ray Faulkner, Mrs. ouis Orlowski, Mrs. Joseph Foster, Mrs. Engle VanAlsburg, and Miss Deane Rinck, R. N., Charlevoix.

Saturday, August 28th, was selected as tag day for Charlevoix County. Mrs. Joseph Bugai was appointed chairman for East Jordan, Miss Caro-line Geiken, (Boyne City School lurse) chairman for Boyne City and Mrs. Engle VanAlsburg chairman for Charlevoix. This tag day is entirely under the auspices of the Charlevoix County Child Health League and all funds obtained will be used for the benefit of Charlevoix County child-

Refuges From Hay Fever

From the Chicago Daily News. For those of us who are going round sneezing and dripping tears by the gallon because of the ragweed pollen which new fills the middlewestern air, relief is within easy reach, Bert Vanderwarf, manager of the touring and travel bureau of the cago Motor Club, declares.

"'Hay fever sufferers can be out and away from affected territories and into havens of refuge, Mr. Van-derwarf said. We have been in touch with health authorities throughout the country and have compiled a list of all those areas and have where tests have been made which show either an extremely low or absolutely negative pollen count.

The lists the following counties in each state as'bona fide hay fever havens, recommended by respective state boards of health:
Michigan—Grand Traverse coun-

square miles; Charlevoix county, 411 square miles; Emmet county, 485 square miles; Cheboygan county, 725 square miles; Markinac county (Mackinac island), 1,044 square miles; Keeweenaw county, 554 square miles; Roscommon county.538 square miles; Marquette county, 1,870 square miles.

Will Rogers At Temple Starting Sunday

Holiday shows crowd the week at the Temple with four outstanding programs on the current announcement. The Sunday - Monday bill is of special interest for it brings back one of the grandest of all Will Rogers pictures, "Handy Andy." Pungent with his homely philosophy and radiant with sly humor and with Robert Taylor cast as romantic lead, "Handy Andy" is to be looked for-ward to with pleasure. The weeks complete schedule is as follows: Saturday only: Mary Brian, Dick Purcell in "Navy Blues". Donald No-

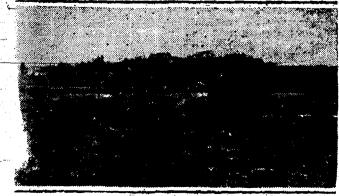
vis comedy. Latest news flashes. Sunday and Monday: Will Rogers, Robert Taylor in "Handy Andy." Bert Lahr comedy. Musical novelty, "Pot Luck."

Tuesday, Wed.; Family Nites: Pat O'Brien, Henry Fonda in "Slim". Estelle Taylor comedy. Color car-

Thursday, Friday: Barton Mac-Lane, Ann Sheridan and Pat O'Brien in "San Quentin." Irene Bordoni musical. Merry Melody cartoon.

The peril of being too careful with cupid. A story of a man who tried his best to play safe with love, and how his caution led to half million dollar suit. In the American Weekly. heat school year of their lives. Watch the magazine distributed with Next Sunday's Chicago Herald and Exam-

MACHINES SPEED HAYMAKING



Haymaking on the 1,600 acre Crapo farm near Swartz Creek is being simplified this summer with a pickup baler that picks up comparatively

green alfalfs, baling it ready with nearly all for the mow leaves intact. Alfalfa acreage on the farm totals nearly 275

News Review of Current Events

CHINA'S HORROR GROWS

Thousands Die in Unofficial War . . . Senate Confirms Black Appointment . . . House Debates Deficiency Bill

dward W. Pickard summarizes the world's week

Declared or Not, It's War

SHANGHAI'S "war" of 1932 was a second-rate movie sham battle compared with what's going on over there now. The city of 3,500,000 inhabitants and its environs are a scene of destruction, terror, flames and death on a mass scale the horror of which is unthinkable

Thousands upon thousands of civilians lie dead, dying and wounded, and the toll increases day after day. No estimate has even been attempted to determine the amount of casualties among the Chinese and Japanese fighting forces. Indeed such an estimate today might be woefully inadequate tomorrow, for reports tell of whole brigades being shot or blown to bits in a single encoun-

Square mile after square mile especially in the native Chapei district, has been gutted by fires that rise in the wake of bombs and artillery shells. Millions of men, women and children face slower, even more terrible death by hunger, for who is to bring supplies from the outlying farm fields while the whole area is under terrific fire?

Even in the International Settle ment life is fleeting, insecure, for bombs and shells drop there, too. And with 1,000,000 refugees inside to be fed, shops are rapidly locking their doors to protect their wares

As this is written, the Chinese land forces, outnumbering the Japanese four to one, are forcing the invaders slowly back to the Whangpoo in fierce ground fighting. Whether the Japanese reinforcements will be able to turn the tide of battle is problematical. At the same time Japanese warships-half the entire Japanese fleet must be in the Whangpoo-are showering exploding shells upon huge concentrations of Chinese soldiers.

Eye-witnesses reported that the Japanese had concentrated some 40 destroyers, six cruisers, four dreadnaughts, an airplane carrier and many gunboats in the rivers near Shanghai. Only through a clever maneuver did the Chinese prevent them from gaining the upper reaches of the Whangpoo and shelling Shanghai from the rear. The Chinese, in a surprise attack, captured six Japanese merchant ships, sailed them into the heart of the channel and scuttled them, preventing passage.

American authorities in Shanghai decided upon immediate evacuation by the 3,800 Yanks living there. The danger which confronted them was emphasized when stray Japanese bombs blasted the American Baptist mission, leaving the fate of 20 persons inside in grave doubt.

United States marines were on hand, of course, to offer what protection they could to American nationals, and reinforcements were quick in leaving San Diego, Calif., to join them. The U.S. S. Augusta, flagship of Uncle Sam's China squadron, lay in the Whangpoo alongside the Japanese ships. With shrapnel flying about their ears, Americans were getting out of China on every available ship.

It was not considered likely that President Roosevelt would invoke the neutrality act so long as no "official" state of war between Japan and China existed. would involve the declaration of embargoes on arms and on the extension of credits to both nations, a situation which would be of definite aid to the aggressor, Japan, since China is in far greater need of war materials.

continued to "defend" itself, officially, from the wicked Chinese, whom its foreign office characterized as "prejudiced." However, the "defense" was being was being carried on in the other fellow's back yard. Japanese authorities continued to insist that they meant no harm to the Chinese people, and that their aim was still for the cooperation of China, Manchukuo, and Japan. They also revealed that voluntary contributions to the nation's war chest, coming from all over Japan, had passed the \$2,500,-000 mark.

Question Black's Eligibility

THE senate confirmed the Presi dent's nomination of Sen. Hugo L. Black of Alabama to the Supreme court, 63 to 16, but only after a bitter fight, following which the minority protested that the confirma-tion had been railroaded through.

Six Democrats and ten Republi-cans voted against Black. The Democratic insurgents, led by Edward R. Burke (Neb.) and Royal S. Copeland (N. Y.) based their objections principally upon charges that he was associated with the Ku Klux Klan, and therefore unfitted to sit with the high tribunal for reasons of racial and religious prejudice. The Republicans, notably William E. Borah (Idaho), argued that he could not legally become a member

of the court. That his eligibility might be tested before the court itself was a possibility when Attorney Albert Levitt.



Appointee in judicial mien.

former special-assistant to Attorney General Homer S. Cummings, filed plea-for leave to pray an order for Black to show affirmatively why he should be permitted to serve as an associate justice. He raised the same legal questions as the Republican minority had:

1. That Black could not become a justice because during his term as a senator the Sumners retirement act was passed, permitting justices to retire at full pay. The Constitu-tion provides that no member of congress shall be appointed to an office which was created or the emolument of which was increased

during his membership in congress. 2. That no vacancy existed on the Supreme court anyway, since_Justice Willis Van Devanter had only retired, not resigned, and may still be called for judicial service by the chief justice.

was expected that the Black appointment would become politi-cal fodder in the next election cam-

Grist from the Mill

A FTER months of wrangling over the Supreme court measure the wages and hours bill, the ever normal-granary bill and other ad-ministration "musts" the house of representatives began to act upon some other legislation in haste, with a view to adjournment some day

The house appropriations committee reported out the year's last "deficiency" measure to supply funds for government operations overlooked in the regular budget. It called for \$78,500,000; two previous deficiency measures, totaling nearly a billion, had been passed. The committee turned down requests from the executive department for \$43,000,000 in additional appropriations. Some of the appropriations recommended were \$23,000,000 for new buildings, \$3,000,000 for federal participation in the New York world's fair and \$1,500,000 for participation in the San Francisco world's fair. Funds for the opera-tion of the Jones-Bankhead farm tenancy act and for naval building were denied altogether; appropria-tions for payments to federal land banks and the Federal Farm Mortlabor relations board were sliced severely.

The house passed the low-cost housing bill, but with so many alterations that it had to go to a joint committee for the differences to be straightened out before it could be sent to the White House. The sen-ate had approved a bond issue of \$700,000,000; the house shaved it to \$500,000. The house also raised the percentage of funds which local communities must contribute to projects; increased the limitation of cost of a single dwelling to \$5,000 or \$1,000 a room; and cut the limit of any one state's share in the funds from 20 per cent to 10 per cent.

The house also passed a bill designed to plug the tax loopholes by which, it was alleged, the wealthy have been, legally or illegally, avoiding the payment of income taxes which they have a moral if not a legal right to pay. The extremely complicated bill carried unanimously after only two hours' consideration.

Strange Doings at Sea

FOUR insurgent airplanes dropped 25 bombs upon the Danish ves-sel Edith and sank it in the Mediterannean, came the report from Barcelona. The crew of 20 and a French observer for the non-intervention control were rescued by two fishing boats. The owners of the vessel, in Copenhagen, said it was their twentieth ship to be captured bombed by the rebels.

The captain of the French freighter Peame reported to authorities that a torpedo had been fired upon his ship by an unidentified submarine which floated beside his ship for several minutes off the Tunisian

When the Spanish tanker Campeador was sunk in the Mediterransthe rebel command issued a communique taking the full blame. But the captain of the tanker insisted an Italian destroyer sank it.

Campaign Aftermath

TURNED down by the house rules committee when he demanded a special investigation, Rep. Bertrand . Snell of New York, Republican floor leader, has carried direct to Attorney General Homer S. Cummings his charges of violation of the federal corrupt practices act by the Democratic national committee. The charges arise from National Chairman James A. Farley's ingenious method of replenishing the party's treasury by selling Democratic convention books, autographed by President Roosevelt, for \$250 each. In a letter to Cummings, Snell charged:

1. That sales of the book, auto graphed by the President, in 1936. at \$250 each constitute an illegal collection of campaign funds and a direct violation of section 313 of the

corrupt practices act.

2. That a Colorado man was the "victim of eleven specific acts of reprisals" by the resettlement administration and threats to "put him out of business" since his refusal last October to subscribe \$500 to the book sales campaign.

3. That a New Yorker was approached by a Democratic campaign committee agent with promise of White House intervention in return for a \$25,000 subscription or retainer. Snell attached affidavits and a synopsis of the evidence he had furnished the house rules committee.

Rebels Press Santander

R EPORTS from the insurgent command said that 35 villages and 1,000 prisoners had been captured by the rebels in their drive on Santander and the tiny remaining slice of the northern Spanish coast held by the government. The government admitted that some advances had been made, but refused to concede that General Franco's forces were threatening the main defenses of the Santander area.

Franco, in his new drive, was us ing the same tactics which eventually brought about the downfall of Bilbao after a siege of many months. Bombing planes and artillery were pounding the fortifications while other airplanes poured machine gun fire upon trenches.

Insurgents planned the Santander advance to require as little manpower as possible, so as to leave enough men at the Madrid front to start a separate offensive there if necessary. They admitted the loy-alists had caught them napping with an offensive west of Madrid in July, causing them to abandon the Santander drive temporarily, but de-clared that "That will not happen this time."

Rumor Has Farley Quitting

Is "Genial Jim" Farley going to resign as postmaster general to the executive head of an automobile firm? That's what his friends in Washing-



ton say, and Jim has not denied the rumor, as he has promptly denied similar rumors in the past. Farley, it is said, seeks to rehabilitate his personal fortunes. As postmaster general he has lost \$10,000 a year over his salary

of \$15,000 and is, according to his friends, today in debt. The story went that he would be come an executive of the Pierce-Arrow Motor corporation, that 5,000 shares of stock would be delivered to him, and that he would also be allowed to share in the \$100,000

Wonder if the Pierce-Arrow sales force is watching the charts for Maine and Vermont?

French Lifeline Periled?

THE Paris press disclosed that France considers herself in danger of losing her possessions in the Near East and of having her air route connections with the Far East severed because of revolts in Syria.

Censorship of the news out of Syria is strict, but some have leaked through which indicate the revolt recently quelled was a serious one. According to one dispatch the population is extremely dissatisfied with the terms of the Franco-Syrian treaty signed last September 10. As soon as the proper machinery can be set up, the treaty provides, a unified Syrian state will be formed from four of the five mandate areas which the

French hold in the Levant. Large sections of the population differ in religion from the Syrians in Damascus. They are willing to be governed by a foreign nation like France, as they have been for centuries, but they do not want to be subjected to the will of the Damascus politicians.

Protests Lease of Ships

L A NACION, influential newspaper of Buenos Aires, Argentina, caused some stir by vigorously protesting the proposed leasing of ob-solete. United States warships to Brazil, declaring that such an act would upset the balance of naval

power in South America. Secretary of State Hull had writ-ten a letter to the senate naval committee asking congressional authority for the leasing of over-age war vessels to South American republics. When the Argentinian objections were noted, President Roosevelt pointed out that the vessels in question were obsolete, and were only to be used for training.

Washington Digest National Topics Interpreted By WILLIAM BRUCKART

Washington: — Some years ago, when New England's sharp-tongued George H. Moses sat in the presid-Like Old Times ing officer's chair

as president pro tempore of the senate, I used to marvel at the speed with which he got rid legislation got rid of legislation. The Republicans were in control of the senate. The late Senator Charles Curtis of Kansas was the Republican leader. Between the astute Curtis and the nimble-witted Moses, the senate many times really ran in high gear.

To me, it was reminiscent of the old days, therefore, when I watched Vice President "Jack" Garner operate in the senate the other day to get the judiciary reform bill through that body without permitting a deluge of debate. I think Mr. Garner performed on that occasion with even greater finesse than did Senator Moses because Mr. Garner did not wait for cues from the floor of the senate; he simply took charge and, knowing what the job was, saw to it that things were accomplished in record time.

But the significance of this incident should not be overlooked. It was noteworthy, of course, that the senate should pass the court bill and send it to the house in a total of six hours. It was noteworthy that the Vice President established a precedent by granting permission to senators to include in the Congressional Record speeches they would have made if the debate had been prolonged: And yet it was the implication of the senate action that seems to me to be the most impor-tant phase of that situation.

The way I see the picture is this: The ease with which that bill was put through demonstrates that those who opposed the original bill to add six new justices to the Supreme court were objecting only to the court packing and not to the reforms in procedure.

The bill as it becomes law provides for a number of changes in court procedure to the end that adjudication of controversy can be accomplished much more quickly than has been the case in the past. It does not include any addition to the membership of the Supreme court and it does not include any provision for sending hand-picked judges into the various circuits and dis-tricts as the White House and the Department of Justice may decide. In other words, the new law leaves the judiciary system independent and again establishes it as a coordinate branch of the government, equal in all respects to the legislative, which is congress, and the executive, which is the President and the executive departments. There can be no doubt that this piece of legislation is worthwhile although to the layman the benefits may not immediately appear. It must be regarded, however, simply as a piece of legislation that cuts much legal red tape and those who must avail themselves of the courts or those who are forced under jurisdiction of courts will come more nearly

obtaining justice than heretofore. I have said in these columns before that when the senate refused to accept the President's orders and pass legislation that would permit him to appoint six new justices to the Supreme court at one time, the President suffered one of the worst political defeats he has ever encountered. He probably will never meet with another such disastrous

setback. It was obvious to the vast major ity of senators and representatives and to observers here within six weeks after Mr. Roosevelt submitted the court packing bill that he could not force it through. He refused nevertheless to admit defeat. In consequence, it took nearly six months of bitter and futile wrangling in the senate to convince the President that he was on the wrong side of the question as far as public sentiment was concerned.

So, congress has wasted nearly all of the 1937 session on a proposi tion for which it was not respon-

It may be said that congress should remain in session under those circumstances and give all of the time that is necessary to deliberation of measures before it. Yet. facts must be faced. One of these facts is that through all of the months prior to adjournment scores of members were wearing themselves down fighting against a proposition with which they could not agree. In the meantime, Washington's summer settled down. Washington's summer is a completely hot and humid summer. Most of the members of the senate and house are no longer boys of college age. They cannot withstand the physical rigors of heavy work under weather conditions that prevail in a Washington summer. Thus it is not strange at all that as July passed and August wore on, most of the members wanted to go to places more comfortable than the Capital city and that constituted a terrific urge to get rid of whatever legislation was before them with the very

minimum of effort. In consequence there has been some very bad legislation and congress is now wholly to blame for it.

A friend of mine, a well-known doctor, who is not a politician, k n o w s nothing about politics—a man, in short, New York's Fight who minds his

business and tries to do the best job of which he is capable, asked me a question the other day that precipitated this discussion. He asked me why the newspapers throughout the country were giving so much space front page space at that, to the political fight over the Democratic nomination for mayor in New York.

My doctor friend observed that which is true, namely, that the may-or of New York is only mayor of that city and has no jurisdiction or power anywhere else; he observed as well that New York City is simply a subdivision of the state of New York and that New York state is only one state out of forty-eight in our nation. Further, he suggested that he, and he believed millions of others, could not possibly have any interest in whether Tammany or the New Deal faction of Democrats in New York City should win the nomination and their mayoralty candidate.

Superficially, the doctor was right. His thoughts, however, do not touch the root of that situation. Fundamentally, the battle between Tammany and the Democrats in New York is a battle between the old line, conservative Democrats throughout the nation and the New Deal faction of the party which is headed by President Roosevelt. It is vitally important also to the Republicans for the reason that the Presidential election of 1940 is almost certain to be a campaign in which we will find conservatives from whatever party aligned on one hand and radicals from whatever party aligned on the other side. To that extent, the New York primary and mayoralty election is the beginning of the 1940 presidential cam-

paign.

The bitterness that is going to prevail from here on has been given something of a preview by the charge by Senator Copeland, the Tammany candidate, that President Roosevelt was interfering in a purely local fight. Senator Copeland's activities in the senate have been almost wholly antagonistic to the President and the New Deal generally. Where the President has been sound, as the conservatives recognize sound policies, Senator Cope-land has fought alongside of the New Dealers. Otherwise, he has not concealed his opposition to radical New-Deal proposals.

Thus, when Senator Copeland broke openly and accused the President of stooping to local politics, he opened the way for conservaives everywhere to strike back at the political machine managed by Postmaster General Jim Farley in Mr. Roosevelt's behalf. As one house member suggested: "Senator

The selection of Senator Copeland

by the famous Tammany organiza-

tion in New York City was the sig-nal for the New Deal faction of the great city to take off their coats. They promptly announced selection of New York Supreme Court Justice Mahoney as their candidate against Copeland. There are four burrough organizations behind Mahoney. There is only the Tammany group behind Copeland. On the face of it, it would seem that the senator cannot win. The fact seems to be, nowever, that there will be a rather close race for the reason that some of the four organizations behind Mahoney may not be able to control the Democratic votes in their bailiwicks as entirely as Tammany Hall will control Democrats so long affiliated with that organization. tainly, according to the best advices I can get, the Copeland charge against Mr. Roosevelt is likely to swing a good many Democrats to the Copeland ticket. This will be so because New York City always has resented outside influences in its political battles. Senator Copeland can be counted upon as well to broaden the charge so that Mr. Farley's tentacles in New York City politics where he has long been active will be made to appear like the strangling, crushing arms of an octopus. In other words, the conservatives who are supporting Copeland will not let the charge of interference by the President become of less consequence any time it is re-

True, Secretary Marvin McIntyre of the White House staff denied that the President had talked politics with the Mahoney leaders. But the denial was not accepted by Cope land as being sincere, for he added: "I am not afraid of Mr. Roose-velt's reprisals. The President en-

joys a great personal popularity, but his political popularity is swiftly dis appearing."

Western Newspaper Union

Thinks about

Japs Killing Chinamen SANTA MONICA, CALIF.— The formula still holds good. A Jap kills a Chinaman. That's another dead Chinaman. A Chinaman kills a Jap. That's a

But before we get too busy de-ploring Japan's little way of disre-

garding pledges so as to gobble more Chi nese territory let us look at some records closer home. Since the republic was formed we have de-liberately broken 264 separate treaties with the original Red owners of this land.

From these violations of our solemn promises border wars Irvin S, Cobb

frequently ensued. When the Indians started fighting we called it an uprising. When we sent troops forth to slaughter the Indians it was a punitive expedition to restore law and order. If the white soldiers wiped out the Indians that was a battle. If the Indians wiped out the soldiers that was a massa-

Those who make history rarely get a square deal from those who write history.

Keeping Undercover.

THIS is the land where, in selfprotection, you hide your place of residence and have your tele-phone private elisted. The result is, if your aged grandmother hap-pens along and doesn't know your address, she can never reach you, but any smart stranger may approach the right party—let us call him a 'phone-legger—and, by pay-ment of a small fee, get the number

So, in about two calls out of three, you answer the ring to find at the other end of the line somebody with a neat little scheme, because here in movieland neat little schemes grow on every bush and gentlemen promoting them are equally numer-

Through long suffering, I've become hardened to this, but today over the wire came a winning voice saying the speaker desired to give me, as he put it, "a checking over for white termites."

I admit to a touch of dandruff and there have been times when I suspected fleas—we excel in fleas on this coast—but I resent the idea of also being infested with white termites.

I've about decided that, to modern civilization, telephones are what cooties are to a war-nobody likes 'em, but everybody has 'em.

Camera Sniping.

SNAPSHOOTING of famous folks from ambush may be upsetting to the victims of the sniping, but the subscribing public certainly gets an illuminating eyeful every time one of the photographic magazines

I've just laid aside the current copy of a periodical which could be called either "The Weekly Expose" or "Stop, Look and Laugh." Among ing, illustrations, I note the follow-

A reigning movie queen with her mouth so wide open that her face looked like a "gates ajar" design. If I had tonsils like hers, I'd have em right out.
A political idol taken in a brief

one-piece bathing suit. Next time they snap him, he would be well advised to wear more than a mere g-string. A Mother Hubbard would be better. Or, anyhow, a toga. A statesman is greatly handicapped when he suggests a barrel of leaf-lard with the staves knocked out.

A close-up of Mr. John L. Lewis with the lips pouting out and a congested expression. Would not this tend to confirm the impression that lately Mr. Lewis bit off more than he could chew?

This candid camera stuff is transating into the pictorial fact the nightmare all of us have had—that horrid dream of being caught outdoors with practically nothing on.

Field Days for Rods.

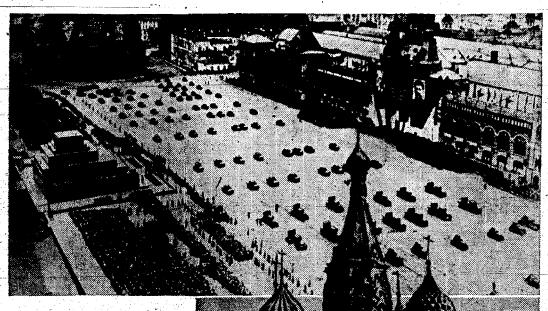
UNDER the warming suns of tolerance and indifference and even tacit encouragement in certain quarters, many of our hothouse communists are changing from the pallid, timorous flowerlets of discontent into full-blown advocates of the glad new "age" when-Lenin will take over Lincoln's niche in the gallery of the immortals and government everywhere will be of the Trotskys, but the Trotskys, for the Trotskys.

True, there still remain some wavering souls who are so pink they'd be red if they weren't so yel-

But these quivering aspens shrink in number as their bolder comrades openly profess the blessed doctrine which is doing so much for the undertaking business in Russia

IRVIN S. COBB. O-WNU Service.

HOW LONG CAN RUSSIA L'AST? GOOD TASTE



Halliburton Wonders: Tyranny Supposed to Save Citizens' Souls — Children Are Taught Only Communism.

Above: The military parade rolled through the Red Square for four hours to salute Stalin, who stands on a corner of Lenin's tomb. The Kremlin is at the left, St. Basil's church in the background. The stands to either side of the tomb

Right: St. Basil's cathedral, at the end of the Red Square in Moscow is one of the world's strangest, but most beautiful buildings.

By RICHARD HALLIBURTON Author of "The Royal Road to Romance," etc.

Moscow, U. S. S. R.—Russia! I've seen Russia, and now I can believe in miracles, for there is no word to describe the picture of Russia today, other than miraculous.

And I do not mean that the picture is miraculously beautiful. In many ways it is unbelievably ugly.

I stand and look at it with fascinated and astonished eyes, but for nothing on earth would I personally, under the present scheme of things endure the enslavement and tyranny which its citizens must suffer who have been saved according to the gospel of Karl Marx.

The old czarist government gained the detestation of its subjects because of its notorious despotism. But compared to the government of today, life under the czar was free as a spring breeze.

The wonder of wonders is the ease and power with which this new system of super-despotism works. A handful of labor-leaders consumed with communistic theory and fanati-cal zeal, sit on high within the Kremlin walls, their eyes fixed on a book of political and social notions, and proceed to experiment on the lives and souls of 16,000,000 human beings with as much impersonal detachment as a bacteriologist experiments with germs.

Center Attack on Czar.

In the beginning of 1917 the tarian leaders who had seized control of Russia, said:

"The czar has proved himself the greatest obstacle in the way of our lifting the masses of workers out of their slough of ignorance and mis-

"First of all, then, if we are to improve our lot, we must exterminate the czar, his wife, his four daughters, and his young son. Perhaps a bit brutal, but you've got to be tough to get anywhere.

And so the czar and his entire family were shot.

"And the aristocrats and intelli-gentsia must go next. They'll never-take to our ideas about exalting the factory workers and moujiks to the throne. That means about a million murders, imprisonments, exiles, of our nobility and gentle pen ple, of our educators, religious leaders, scientists, professors, mer-chants, architects, diplomats — in fact of all civilized Russian citi-

So this million was murdered, im

prisoned, or exiled.
"Now," said the leaders," we can accomplish something for the masses. Now, rid of the bourgeoisie, we will give the masses the great privilege of being made over to conform with our sacred theories.

Russians "Locked In."

"Of course, some of the stubborn ones may not like their new medicine. But we know what's good for them—they don't. So we'll lock them in. From now on, no Russian can leave Russia. If he escapes we will persecute his mother and father and brother and sister, and send them to Siberian prisons. We will declare him a public enemy and sentence him to be shot when he comes home. All this will teach

So the frontier was enclosed by I asked a fifteen-year-old school-steel sing of bullets and bavon- boy what they were taught in school

ets. No Russian, however desperate, can run away from the social experiment.

"Now we've got 'em," said the leaders. "What is our first vivisection operation to be? First we'll amputate the church."

A labor-leader waved his hand and abolished the church.

"The family must go next. -Family unity is a capitalistic and bourgeois custom dangerous to communism. Our men and women must be able to love whom they please, when they pleasemarry vorce on impulse. Our state will care for the children, and do it better than their parents.'

So the family was abolished too. "Money," they said, "is the source of all evil. Money was the support of the gentry and intelligentsia. We must destroy all private wealth and all means of ac cumulating it, lest these old antisocial classes come back.

Seize Peasants' Supplies. Money went next. Everybody ras, and still is, allowed to share the same poverty together.

"But we must have industry and commerce to keep our people employed. We must sell our wheat and buy machinery. We haven't enough wheat for our own needs, but we've nothing else to export, so we must seize the peasants' private food sup-

The supplies were seized. Five million people starved to death from 1929 to 1931. There was no mourning for them—mourning would be only sentimentality, a cardinal sin among Bolsheviks. The sacrifice had to be made for political expediency. The wheat was sold and machinery secured to make guns and tanks with which to defend the dic-

"There is one last and very im portant gap to be closed to com-plete our despotism," said the lead-'We must use every means in ers. our power to protect our new the ories and our new liberated masses. from foreign capitalistic influences. No information, no counter-revolu-tionary enlightenment, from the world outside must come in. Russia must be a sealed box. Only then can we be complete masters. No foreign books not of a communistic character shall cross the borders, no newspapers or magazines that might reveal the false happiness of other people living under enemy's system will be tolerated. The movies, the theater, school books, must be rigorously censored Nothing must be solowed to emerge that does not glorify the working man and damn the other classes."

That is exactly what the Bolshevik leaders have done. After 17 years of communism not a single movie can be shown that is not political propaganda, that does not sermonize. The entire industry has become merely a stick with which to beat the capitalists. The results are so appallingly dull that even the most wild-eyed communists at-tend only from a sense of duty.

Newspapers Echo Rulers.

The newspapers are only echoes of the dictatorship, mouthing proletarian slogans. Even the great National library,

the last bulwark of intellectual lib erty, was gagged. The same warping of education. the same blinding of all else but proletarian prejudices and principles, goes straight down to the kinder-

I asked a fifteen-year-old school-

about America and western Europe "We are taught the history of the communistic revolutionary ment in American and England, he said. "No other history?" I asked.

Geography Is "Out." "History is just the lives of kings

and capitalists and generals. There is nothing in it about the working "Do you learn geography in your

chool? Do you know where Argentine is?' He had never heard of Argentine. Nor was any other foreign country more than a vague name. Such worldly knowledge as foreign geography is not allowed even to the

working classes. The working classes-Forward, the working classes! That is the bat-tlecry—the only cry—heard in Russia. One of the great Soviet leaders recently exclaimed: "I have given 15 years of my life to the working classes." And so he had. But not, be it understood, to the society as a whole. Only the working class.

Once I witnessed a gigantic demonstration of this political patriotism, on Moscow's magnificent Red square. It was to celebrate the anniversary of the Soviet regime.

2,500,000 Workers March.

Two and one half million workers marched through Red square that day—a river, a tidal wave, of humanity. Every factory, every trade, every school, every bureau, turned out with all its members, with banners, floats, placards, music, of a thousand kinds to prove their loyalty to the sacred cause.

I left the Red square after the first million civilians had passed. I was too dizzy to endure more; dizzy from the numbers of moving legs and heads, dizzy from standing sev en hours: dizzy from the waves of enthusiasm and energy that had engulfed me.

I tottered home, asking myself how such a tyranny could achieve so much, how the workers' leaders. so utterly indifferent to the lives and hearts of the marching millions, were able to win such a magnificent response. I knew the answer: Universal education, complete emancipation of women, elimination of crime, prisons, unemployment, physical misery. Surely, I said, there is great good and great power n this scheme of things The intolerance, the bigotry, the

constraint, the intellectual gagging, which at present cut Russia off from the good will of the world, sooner or later must weaken and pass. (It is already weakening at a rate alarming to Bolshevik fundamentalists). Russia will emerge—say in 25 years—from a bath of blood and

despotism, into a really civilized and progressive nation, with a num-ber of social institutions so far ahead of ours that, to her, we will seem in some ways as backward as she once seemed to us.

Many of these new ideas, born with such travail, we must accept, and the sooner the better. Thus is America going to develop, per-force, in the direction of new Russia's enlightened attitude toward the masses; while Russia at the same ime develops towards America's ideals of personal and intellectual liberty. The two greatest nations in the world must some day meet on the common ground of friend ship and understanding, for both will have contributed something viand enduring, each to the other © Bell Syndicate.—WNU Service.

Hands Off Chicken, Modern Code Insists

DEAR Mrs. Post: Is it incorrect, according to etiquette, to eat even the slightest bit of chicken in the fingers? I don't mean whether it is correct to take up what can be cut off the bone easily enough, but I am referring to the very small bones from which it is impossible to cut meat loose with knife and fork. Aren't good table manners day more lenient about these foods especially if finger bowls are pro-

Answer: No, people are less lenient than they used to be. That is, if we go back to the descriptions given us by the writers of long ago, and as copied for instance in the moving picture of Henry the Eighth, who picked up a whole chicken in his hands and tore it apart, our table manners have become positively finicky. The only thing-that could soil the fingers and i not tabued by the meticulous are lobster claws. And when such lobster is served, finger bowls of hot soapy water should be provided at once Perhaps, if this practice were followed when serving chicken, there would be no objection to taking the wings in the fingers.

Address Invitations to Wedding Tactfully

DEAR Mrs. Post: Our families are both large and I really can not include all the children at my wedding, so must end the lists with aunts and uncles. Would you suggest that it might be a good idea to enclose a card with the invitations of the children with the invitations of the card with the invitations of the card with the invitations of the card with t tions saying "no children"? Or how should I break the news to the parents without hurting them?

Answer: To emphasize the fact that they are not invited would be needlessly cruel, especially if some of them have been looking forward to a wedding in the family. Merely address invitations to Mr. and Mrs. and say nothing about the Marys and Johnnies. Should you be asked whether the children may come, then explain that unhappily you can not include so many more.

The Bridesmaid's Dress.

D EAR Mrs. Post: (1) I have been told that taffeta is a better material for the dresses at a spring wedding than one in winter time. is this also true of moire? (2) Also, if a bride wears a simple velvet dress, must her only attendant wear velvet or would she be suitably dressed in crepe or any of the more practical materials which she thinks would be better suited to her needs

after the wedding?
Answer: (1) Moire is particularly suitable for autumn and winter. (2) Her dress need not be of velvet. It would be quite all right to have the bridesmaid wear crepe.

White Gold Ring.

EAR Mrs. Post: I've always liked the plain yellow gold wedding band and would like to have of this description when I am married. But one never sees yellow gold wedding bands today, that is, not on the new brides. Also, I am wondering whether yellow gold will look well with my other rings, which happen to be set in platinum. What would you suggest?

Answer: Although I myself have Answer: Atthough I have a strong prejudice in favor of the yellow gold wedding ring, I think that the bride of today would better have a ring of white gold, for the reason that you yourself give.

Folding the Napkin.

DEAR Mrs. Post: When eating a meal in someone's house, how is the napkin supposed to be

left at the table?
Answer: Fold the napkin together Answer: Fold the hapkin together loosely and lay it at the left of your place. If you are staying for the next meal, you would be more careful to fold it neatly in its original creases, especially it the others at table make it obvious by the way they fold their own that it is not customary to provide fresh napkins at each meal.

Guests Go First. D EAR Mrs. Post: When I ask friends home with me to my apartment, after unlocking the hall door should I go first or let them go in first? And does the same an-swer hold for both women and men

Answer: Unless it is necessary that you go into the apartment in to turn on a light, you would open the door and stand aside for woman to go ahead of you. A man would of course follow you.

Tea for Many.

DEAR Mrs. Post: Please tell me whether you think I can use a big silver electric coffee percolator which has a spigot, as a water kettle on a large afternoon tea table?
Answer: If there is an electric outlet under your table so that no one will trip over the cord, there is no reason why you shouldn't use it.

Ask Me 🔾 Another -

A Quiz With Answers Offering Information on Various Subjects

1. What is the largest liner that gone through the Panama canal? 2. How many of our Presidents

owned slaves? 3. Who first discovered the prin-

ciples of magnetism?
4. What are the elevations above

sea level of the Great Lakes? 5. How much space does a ton of gold occupy?

6. Roman senators were appointed for a term of what dura-

7. Are all eyes of the same size? 8. How is salt secured?

Answers

1. The Panama canal office says that the Empress of Britain was the largest liner to pass through the canal. It was also the liner to the largest fee, which was

\$18,941.25.
2. Ten Presidents owned slaves: Washington, Monroe, Jefferson, Madison, Jackson, Tyler, Polk, Taylor, Johnson and Grant. Lincoln never owned slaves.

3. Discovery of the simple principles of magnetism possessed by magnetite, or loadstone, was made by Chinese in 1400 B. C., or 3,500 years before magnetism was known in Europe.

4. The Great Lakes have approximately the following elevations above sea level: Superior, 602 feet; Michigan, 581; Huron, 581; Erie.

241; and Ontario, 246 feet.
5. A 14.1 inch cube of gold weighs



Leisure Is a Stimulant

Efficiency whets the appetite for leisure. And the latter stimulates the former.

Folks who hit the high spots are presently going so fast that the high spots hit them.

He who borrows and never repays is too great a coward to steal.

Country people envy the city people and move to the city, but in later years, remembering the free, happy life of the country, they pity the children they have to rear there. A bald-headed man never

knows whether to take it as a compliment or jest when he is spoken of as "a polished gentleman.'

That, Too, Can Hurt Many a man is liable to think his character has been defamed,

when it has only been defined.

Change the daily schedule of your life if you want to break annoying habits.

One may make a great mistake looking on the bright side of things" in the presence of people who want to mourn.

Men first learned in a barber nop the courtesy of "waiting

To remain young in thought loesn't mean to turn handsprings. When One Can Think

One may like to travel fast, except when he is on foot. Personally, one of our besetting habits is sauntering, but that's how thoughts keep up with us.

Satan finds some mischief for idle hands to do-with the ardent assistance of the owner of the idle hands. A query is printed in an ex

change asking what is the difference between "farther" and "further." Why doesn't the querier look in the dictionary? what it's for.

6. Roman senators were appointed for life unless expelled from office for some dishonorable cause.

7. Contrary to general opinion, says a specialist, there is no small eye or large eye. All eyes are approximately of the same size. The reason for the apparent difference depends upon the orifice or aperture through which the eyes are seen. It is the variable diameter of this opening that creates the erroneous impression of different sizes of eyes.

8. There are three ways in which salt may be secured: First, by mining; second, by evaporation of sea water; and third, by digging wells until a salt vein is struck and then pouring water and pumping it up again as brine.

Household & @ Questions

Improving Canned Grapefruit. The flavor of canned grapefruit can be improved by aerating it, that is pouring it from one container into another several times.

For Bathroom Curtains.—Terry cloth or toweling makes excellent bathroom curtains, easy to wash, requiring no ironing.

To Prevent Iron From Sticking. -A little salt added to starch will prevent the iron from sticking.

Rhubarb Batter.—Cut rhubarb into pieces one inch long. If sticks are large split them lengthwise as well. Fill a buttered fireproof dish three parts full with the rhubarb. Beat together one ounce butter, two ounces granulated sugar and one egg; then add two ounces flour and beat again. Add enough milk to make a thin batter, pour over the rhubarb, and bake in a moderate oven for 30 to 40 minutes. Serve with cream.

For Roly-Poly or Suet Pudding. -When making a roly-poly or suet pudding, instead of using a cloth wrap the pudding in double grease-proof paper and tie with string in the usual way. The pudding will be much lighter and there will be no greasy cloth to wash afterwards.

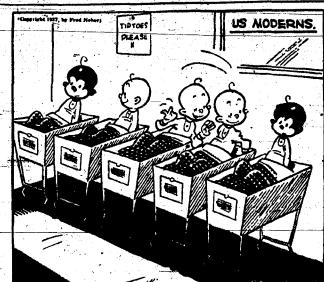
Fresh Peas, French Style.—One quart shelled peas; two small onions, whole; one bunch parsley, lump of butter, one tablespoonful salt, outer leaves of lettuce, onehalf cup cream. In a saucepan put peas, onions, parsley, butter and salt. Add enough boiling water to cover bottom of saucepan, cover with lettuce leaves and cook until peas are tender. Remove onion, lettuce, parsley, add cream to peas and heat until scalding hot.

Retaining Vegetable Flavor .-Vegetables will retain more of their flavor if put on to cook in water that has already been brought to the boiling point. Oth-erwise much of the flavor will soak into the water.

Hanging Mirrors. - Hang the mirror where it adds to the size as well as attractiveness of the room. coupie rors can do wonders to the small living room.

LIFE'S LIKE THAT

By Fred Neher



that we have two good end me

Notices of Lost, Wanted, For Sale, For Rent, etc., in this Column is 25 cents for one insertion for 25 words or less. Initials count as one word and compound words count as two words. Above this number of words made for the first insertion and 1/2 cent for subsequent insertions, with a minimum charge of 15 cents. These rates are for cash only. Ten cents extra per insertion if charged.

HELP WANTED

WOOD CUTTERS WANTED-Fifty men to cut chemical wood. Inquire Fred Haney, 2 miles south and 3 miles east of East Jordan. \$1.50 per cord, payable weekly. — PEN-NY ATKINSON, Mancelona. 16t.f.

FOR SALE - MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE: Davenport with Table and chairs. MRS. H.W. DICKEN, Third St., East Jordan.

FOR SALE: Second Cutting Alfalfa, at former Hiley Ensign farm. CARL RUSHTON, Bellaire, Michi-

FURNITURE FOR SALE:-Kinds, Piano; all glass China Cabinet; Many other Bargains. MRS. LOUISE JOHNSON, R. 2, East

FOR SALE: Early Potatoes \$1.00 bushel, HESTON SHEPARD, R2. Phone 129-F2, East Jordan.

OR SALE: Gravel Pit near City limits on Ellsworth road. Price \$100.00 if cash sale. Also a Kerosene Heating Stove in good condition, \$2.00. LEILA CLINK. 34x1

Most of us are happiest on our

Try Herald Want Ads - They Click

First M. E. Church Rev. J. C. Matthews. Pastor

11:00 s. m. — Church. 12:00 a. m. — Sunday School. 7:00 p. m. - Epworth League.

St. Joseph Church

St. John's Church Bohemian Settlement Rev. Joseph J. Malinowski, Paster

Sunday,, August 29th, 1937. 8:00 a. m. — East Jordan. 10:00 a. m. — Settlement. 10:00 a. m. - Bellaire.

Union Gospel Tabernacle A Hour of Prayer For All People 309, Main Street

Services each Sunday as follows

11 a. m. — Sunday School. 8 p. m. — Song service followed

by testimony and preaching.

This new work is not denominational but is in no sense anti-denominational. We shall work and pray for the upbuilding of christian work everywhere. We believe present conditions demand a united effort and tions demand a united choice shall always be ready to co-operate Mr. and Mrs. Harry Behling.
in any movement for the civic and Mrs. Rose Reidel of Deer Lake and in any movement for the civic and social betterment so long such movements do not conflict with our con-ception of Christian Life. "Come and See," — John 1-39.

Christ Evangelical Lutheran (German Settlement) V. Felten — Pastor

2:00 p. m. - Sunday School and

Bible Study. 2:30 p. m. — English Worship. Walther League meets every 1st and 3rd Thursday of the month Ladies Aid meets every 2nd Thursday of the month.

Full Gospel Mission

Sunday School - 11 A. M.

Rev. James Sheltrown - Pastor

Morning Worship — 12 M. Evangelistic Service — 8 P. M.

Charlevoix County Herald G. A. LISK, Publisher. Subscription Rate...\$1.50 per year.



Entered at the Postoffice at East ordan, Michigan, as second class nail matter.

WILSON TOWNSHIP (Edited by Mrs. E. Henning)

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Burdt.

first of the week.

August 15. A large crowd of relatives attended.

Our Lutheran church is receiving new coat of white paint. Members

of the congregation are painting it. Mrs. Clare Krenz of Grand Rapids was a week end guest of her parents,

Mrs. Emma Wolters visited their brother, August F. Knop, Thursday. Mission Festival will be held this Sunday, August 29. German Services at 10 a. m. English at 11 a. m. Dinner will be served at noon. A musical concert in the afternoon and ball hall game for old and young. You

Mrs. Fred Storm of Manistee and hildren are spending a few weeks vacation with her sister, Mrs. Harry Behling and family.

Mr. and Mrs. William Stanke of Detroit visited their sister, Mrs. Harry Behling, over the week end. Walter Barnes of Lansing and bro-

ther Russell of Chesaning visited their aunt, Mrs. Victor Peck, for a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Mackey of Bear Lake visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Dow, Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Victor Peck called at the home of Milo Clute, Sunday

Mrs. Johanna Behling is much improved in health. She is able to be

p and around again. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Aldermann of Chicago spent a weeks vacation at he home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank

Behling. Frank and Harry Behling were recent visitors at the home of their bro-ther, Louis at Saulte Ste Marie,

Rev. and Mrs. Harold Ott of Cheooygan visited relatives in the neighrhood the first part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Boehm of Petoskey were Sunday afternoon visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest

Eldon Peck spent Saturday and Sunday with his parents, Mr. and (Continued on Fifth Page)

SOUTH WILSON (Edited by Mrs. Luther Brintnall)

The saw mill recently erected on Wm. Vrondran's is now operating, utting lumber.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Zoulek and daughter and Fred Zoulek were Sunday callers at the Peter Zoulek home. Mr. and Mrs. Plemens of Chicago are visiting friends and relatives in this vicinity. Mrs. Plemens was ormerly Miss Anna Votruba of this

her brother, Joseph Cihak and family. Peter Zoulek and son Donald

Josie Cihak of Chicago is visiting

Sunday afternoon callers of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Zoulek. · Mrs. Clem. Kenny and Mrs. Ro-

bert Barnett of East Jordan were callers of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rebec and family, Monday. Daniel Trojanek and Frank and James Rebec were taking the plaster

off the inside of Cedar Valley chool house last week. Ralph Lenosky is on the sick list. Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Holland and

son Basil. and Mr. and Mrs. Jasper Warden went berrying Sunday. Joe Martinek Jr. was a caller at the Peter Zoulek home Sunday even-

Mr. and Mrs. Edgell and family of Benton Harbor visited over Sunday and Monday with Mrs. Edgell's ister, Mrs. George Jaquays and fam-

Mrs. Mabel Holland return Lansing last Thursday where she is Sunday evening callers at the Wm-Zoulek home were Mr. and Mrs. Law-

rence Addis and sons and Mr. and Mrs. Joe Etcher. George Jaquays attended a banquet and meeting of the Michigan Potato Growers Exchange, Inc., at

Cadillac, Wednesday. Preparations are being made to

replaster the Cedar Valley school

Mr. and Mrs. Kirkland and family of Pennsylvania were callers at Mr. and Mrs. Claud Pearsall's, Thursday. Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Rice and family and Mr. and Mrs. Powfley and fanily all of Charlevoix were Sunday callers at the Claude Pearsall home. Carl Bergmann Jr. was a caller at Luther Brintnall's home Monday ev-

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Lenosky and family and Mrs. Alex Weldy of North Wilson were Sunday callers at Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lenosky's and son

Bill Durrance of Detroit and Fran-

PENINSULA (Edited by Mrs. E. Hayden)

Miss Alberta Tibbits motored up from Lansing, Friday evening to Cherry Hill where she will join her parents, State Rep. D. D. Tibbits and Mrs. Tibbits and sister Edith and brother Donald. They plan to motor to Frankfort and take the ferry then motor to Iowa to visit Mrs. Tibbit's father, Mr. Ehler for two weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Hunt of Deer Lake will live at Cherry Hill while they

are gone.
The funeral of F. H. Wangeman was very largely attended Tuesday. Frederick Burdt of Saginaw, Mich. Immediately after the funeral Lieut.

pent the week end with his parents, and Mrs. A. J. Wangeman and son Frankie, and Mrs. F. H. Wangeman Mr. and Mrs. Walter Schultz of went to CCC at Cheboygan, where Oak Glen, Illinois, visited at the they remained until Friday evening home of Edward C. Henning the when they returned to the farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Mullett and Edward Henning Junior celebra- family returned to Freemont Wedted his seventh birthday anniversary nesday and Mrs. Katherine Pearsall nesday and Mrs. Katherine Pearsall

> ces Durrance of Charlevoly and their niece, Mary Grace Ragan of Detroit, were Saturday evening callers at Esther and Ed. Shepard's,

Betty Smith had an attack of appendicitis Saturday, but is improving.

to Lansing, after spending a week at he F. H. Wangeman farm because of the injury and death of F. H. Wangeman. They returned Saturday and will spend the week at the farm.

Miss Eva Beers of Chicago came londay to attend the funeral of her brother-in-law, F. H. Wangeman.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. McNabb and hree children of Stafford, Texas, arved Saturday evening for a ten day visit with her mother, Mrs. J. W. Hay len and other relatives.

Mrs. J. W. Hayden of Orchard Hill had the surprise of her life, Friday vening, when her nephew, Nathan Snider, who was placed in the home at Coldwater in 1896, came to see ner. The gentleman was adopted and named Russell Williams. He was accompanied by his wife. All these zears he had been no farther away han Whittimore and never knew he had an aunt until Friday when he risited his mother at the State Hospital at Traverse City and found the

name in the visiting list.

The Joe Lew threshing outfit breshed on the ridge, Friday and Saturday.
John Prine and Jr. Cowin of Pe-

oskey visited the Charles Healey family at Willow Brook farm, Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Glen Sandford and

two sons of Detroit called on Charles Healey family at

Brook farm, Sunday. C. A. Crane and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Little and son Charles William, who motored up a week ago to visit Mrs. C. A. Crane at Cedar Lodge, returned o Royal Oak, Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Little and son spent three days last week at the Soo.

Mrs. M. Louise Johnson spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Will Gaunt. Mrs. Johnson and Mrs. Gaunt relled on Mr. and Mrs. John McClane and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Orowell, Mr. and Mrs. David Gaunt of

Three Bells Dist. spent the week end with their daughter Mrs. Robert Myers in Mountain Dist.

Everybody and all his relation vent blackberrying Sunday and got nice lot of berries.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. McNabb and hree children of Stafford, Texas, and Mrs. J. W. Hayden of Orchard Hill, and thefour F. K. Haydens and four of the A. Reich youngsters called on Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hayden, the Elmer Fause home, and on the D. A. Hayden family at Boyne Falls, Sun-

Green beans are now in full production and is a very large crop.

THE SHOW PLACE OF THE NORTH SAT. ONLY. Matinee 2:30 - 10c - 15c TEMPLE THEATRE

Mary Brian — Dick Purcell

NAVY BLUES

2 BIG SUN. - MON. Aug. 29 - 30 SUNDAY MAT. 2.30. Adm. 10c-15c EVENINGS 7 & 9:15. Adm. 10c-25c

BROUGHT BACK TO THRILL YOU ANEW!

TUES. WED. Family Nites 2 for 25c Pat O'Brien — Henry Fonda

SLIM

THURSDAY-FRIDAY. SEPT. 2 - 3

BARTON MacLANE — ANN SHERIDAN HUMPHREY BOGART — PAT O'BRIEN SAN QUENTIN

SPECIAL COMEDY - COLOR CARTOON IRENE BORDONI "DU BARRY DID ALL RIGHT" PLAN NOW TO ATTEND OUR GALA LABOR DAY SHOW! See The "Singsational" Hit of the New Show Season

YOU CAN'T HAVE EVERYTHING

Alice Faye - Rubinoff and his Violin - Don Ameche - Ritz Brothers Chas. Winninger — Tony Martin — Louis Prima and His Band — Arthur Treacher - Tip, Tap and Toe - and Louise (Guess Who?) Hovick.



Hotpoint Electric Water Heaters are sold on a convenient Budget Purchase Plan with a small down payment.

() --

Plenty of Hot Water is a Strong Influence in Forming the Cleanliness Habit in Children

• Few of us like washing in cold or lukewarm water and children are no exception. You will be surprised how eco nomically you can have a constant and abundant supply of hot water, the electric way. Our special water heating rate and the thrifty Hotpoint Water Heater go hand in hand to establish a new low cost in automatic water heating.

> Hothoint ELECTRIC WATER HEATERS

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

A Part of Your Community

Northwestern Michigan

- - TRAVERSE CITY - - -TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY

Aug. 31 to Sept. 3

ENTRY DAY — MONDAY, AUGUST-30

NEW MIDWAY . . . Under Happyland Shows of Detroit. New Rides, Sideshows . . . twice as large as last year.

TWO GLAMOROUS REVUES "Rhythm and Moonlight" _____ Aug. 31., Sept. 1 "Calvacade of Stars" _____ _____ Sept. 2 - 3

Evenings only FREE ACTS GALORE FINE ARTS EXHIBITS

LIVESTOCK EXHIBITS 4-H FAT CALF and LAMB SHOW

HORSE PULLING CONTESTS Thursday and Friday Mornings. — Prizes of \$50.00, \$40.00, \$20.00 and \$10.00 in each of two clases.

\$5,200 IN PREMIUM MONEY FOR EXHIBITS

Three Cars to be Given Away

FORD — CHEVROLET — DODGE Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday Nights.

Admission: - Adult, Gate 35c; Grandstand, 35c; Automobile, 25c; Grandstand children, 15c; Grandstand Bleacher, 15c; No charge for children under 12 at main gate.

FARMERS ATTENTION! WE REMOVE DEAD HORSES AND CATTLE We Pay Top Market Price

\$3.00 for Horses **\$2.00** for Cows Service men will shoot old or disabled animals. Telephone Collect Prompt Service

TELEPHONE 123 Valley Chemical Co. GAYLORD, MICH.

Cocal Happenings

Rex Shepard of Flint is visiting his grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. A.H. visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs Sheppard.

Miss Margaret Staley has returned summer shool.

Matthew Cipra of Cleveland joined his family here last Sunday for a few days visit.

Thomas Paxton of Pittsburgh, Pa. was guest last week of his aunt, Mrs. Guy Hunsberger.

Mrs. Nina Malone was taken to Lockwood hospital, Petoskey, for trucks and engines for sale on easy treatment last week

George Rogers is in Lockwood hospital, Petoskey, receiving treatment Beach, Fla., is here for a visit at the for an injured knee.

Beach, Fla., is here for a visit at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L.

Minor Vandermade of Saginav visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Sherman, last Tuesday

Mr. and Mrs. James Hignite and family of Midland were week end guests of East Jordan friends.

left Sunday for Coral where the former will teach the coming year. Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Montrov and Mr.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Quin and son

and Mrs. H. B. Hipp and son were Sunday visitors at Houghton Lake. Mr. and Mrs. H. Hanneman

and Saturday. Flint were week end guests of the latter's mother, Mrs. Alice Sedgeman.

Donna Jean Vogt of Flint, who has been visiting her cousin Mrs. H. B. Hipp and family, returned home Sun-

Mr. and Mrs. Phemons returned to Hulburt.

Mr. and Mrs. Myron Eggert of Chicago were guests of the former's brother, Russell Eggert and family first of last week. Mr. and Mrs. Hooper Freshney of

Middleville were week end guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter · Hunsberger.

the C.J. Malpass and Mrs. Morgan payments or trade. Malpass Hdwe. Lewis homes.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hoover and

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Palmer and family returned to Grandville, Monday, having spent the past few weeks in East Jordan. Mr. and Mrs. Russell Eggert and

sons, Ellwyn and Merle, spent a few days last week on a camping trip in the Upper Peninsula.

Mrs. J. Love of Bay City, Mr. and Mrs. Ronald Love and children of Wednesday where she will join Mr. Flint, were guests at the G.W. Kits- Dve to drive to New York City. Miss man home last week

spending some time at her East Jordan home. Her grandson, John Dicken of Boyne City, is visiting her

Emily of Atlantic City, N. J., are the home of her guests at the homes of Mrs. Morgan Hale and family. Lewis and Mr. and Mrs. C.J. Malpass.

week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Brown and family of Detroit are camping on Intermediate Lake and visiting the for-mer's sister, Mrs. H.F. Kidder and

-Mr. and Mrs. Robert Glass returned to their home in Grand Rapids, Sunday, after a week's visit with the gifts. Refreshments were served. parents of the former, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Rogers.

Miss Deane Rinck (R.N.) of Charlevolx attended a reception at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. Muma, Tuesday evening, honoring Miss Mary Buser, (R.N..)

FOR SALE Mancelona

Beer Parlor and Dance Floor. Thirteen Bedrooms and Bath. Living quarters on first floor.

Will self building or stock and fixtures. Low rent. Will sacrifice.

Mullens

Jos. Junget is here from Chicago L.A. Hoyt,

Mr. and Mrs. Keith Laird were in from Ann. Arbor where she attended Big Rapids over the week end to attend the Zinnia Festival.

> The East Jordan School Band will play at the Flower Show in the City Building this Saturday evening.

Building this Saturday evening.

payments or trade. C.J. Malpass. Mrs. George Russell of Miami

Some fine horese, cattle, cars,

home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Rav C.W. Sidebotham was the principal speaker at the Home Com-

ing and Jubilee of Kalkaska village last Friday. Mr. and Mrs. A.E. Wells returned to their home at Dearborn last week-

end after a visit here at the home of

the latter's parents Mr. and Mrs. L.A. Miss Ethel Vance and Mrs. Mary Carnenter and four children visited Sault St. Marie, Crystal Falls in Canada and Mackinac Island last Friday

Miss Josephine Cihak returned to Chicago last week-after visiting her sister, Mrs. Roy Hulbert and family. Enroute she will visit another sister in Grand Rapids.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Votruba with Chicago, Tuesday, after a few days two sons of Chicago returned home, visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Monday after a fortnight's visit here the homes of John Hejhal, Frank Lilak and other friends.

> Walter McKenzie of Detroit arrived last week for a few days visit at the Loveday home. Mrs. McKenzie and children returned to Detroit with him after spending several weeks

All kinds of new and used Furni The Misses Eva, Agnes, and Pearl ture, farm machinery, stoves and Lewis of Grand Rapids are guests at ranges and lumber for sale on easy

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Tallant and family of Detroit are spending the daughter, Miss Esther, Mrs. Clara week with the former's mother, Mrs. Lewis, Mrs. C.S. Harrison, and Mr. and Mrs. O.H. Flenning all of Shelby, were week-end guests of Mrs. E.A. Clark and family.

> Sunday guests at the home of Mr and Mrs. Ed. Kowalske were, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Cooper and family of Flint Mrs. Minnie Cooper of East Jordan, and Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Kowalske of Roger City.

Mrs. Fred Dye left for Detroit, Esther, who has been on an European tour, arrives Saturday having sailed Mrs. H.W. Dicken of Ann Arbor is from LaHavre Aug. 21 on the S. S. Georgic.

Mrs. Charles Cornwell, sons Char-Mrs. Bert Lewis and daughter les, Melvin and Rohand of Mich., are spending a few weeks at les, Melvin and Rolland of Wayne, the home of her brother, Delbert

Mrs. G. Walt of Spring Lake and Mrs. Edd Barrie and Mrs. L. Biggs and children of Lapeer were guests at the home of Mr. and the Sharman last of th Mr. and Mrs. Edd Barrie and Mrs. also took o trip in the Upper Penin sula accompanied by Mrs. Leda Ruhling.

> Miss Phyliss Rogers and Miss Phylis Bulow entertained with a pre. nuptial shower, Monday evening, at the home of the former, honoring Miss Harriet Conway, Miss Conway received many beautiful and useful

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Bugai and daughters, Jean and Irene, attended the Zimna Festival at Big Rapids last 'aturday and Sunday and also visited Buddy who is spending the summer there. Fred Bechtold went with the Bugai's and will spend a week with Buddy.

Mr. and Mrs. James Miller of Kalamazoo spent the week end at the Afton; and Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Neal and son Bucky stopped for Sun day dinner after visiting his mother in Petoskey, before returning to Kal-

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen S. Lowe of Grand Rapids, Ohio, and Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Lowe and son of Toledo Ohio, have been occupying Mrs. Abe Carson's "Blue Bird" Cottage, Cherryvale, for the past week and have left for a week's visit at Cleveland, Ohio. They were former East Jordan residents. They enjoyed a most pleaant visit here, re-newing former friendships and expect to return next summer for a two weeks vacation.

Presbyterian Church

C. W. Sidebotham, Pastor C. R. Harper, Foreign Pastor "A Church for Folks."

10;30 a.m. Morning Worship. Dr. Roy Vale of the Woodward Avenue Presbytesian Church will preach. 11;45 s. m. Sunday School.

Mrs. Earl Ruhling returned Mon-

George H. Ruhling of East Lansing guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. George Freen a daughter, Martha Matilda, Saturday, August 21.

Bud Strehl of Detroit spent the week end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Strehl.

Arthur H. Balfair of Argubright College, Battle Creek, was a week end guest of Al. Thorsen.

Charles Kelly and George Courier The East Jordan School Bass will of Cadillac are guests at the home of play at the Flower Show in the City Mr. and Mrs. Harry Simmons.

> Mrs. Fred Vogel and Miss Mary Green entertained the Birthday Club last Saturday with a chicken dinner at Al. Warda's. Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Malpass

> and children returned to Detroit, Sunday, after spending the past several weeks near the Pines. Mr. and Mrs. Albert Nesman and

family, who have been resorting near the Pines the past several weeks, returned to Benzonia, Tuesday. Mrs. Alan Kunze returned to her

nome in Columbus, Ohio, after a two

weeks visit with her parents, Mr. and

Mrs. C. Healy, and other relatives. Quart fruit cans 50c doz. new steel wheelbarrows \$3.95, new screen doors\$1.85. Fishing flies 5e and lots of other bargains at Malpass Hdwe.

Among the minor changes in Michigan's conservation laws which be ome effective Oct. 29 is a provision forbidding the hunting of all small Schroeder, returned to Detroit, Mongame before the hour of sunrise on day. each day of open hunting season. Only ringnecked pheasants have been thus protected under the laws now in effect

Dr. Roy Vale Preaches Sunday

Dr. Roy Vale, pastor of the Woodward Avenue Presbyterian Church of Detroit will preach in the Presbyterian church, Sunday morning at 10:30. The Woodward Avenue church is one of the outstanding churches of Detroit and Dr. Vale is recognized as a preacher of conspicuous ability and influence. Mrs. Donald Grey, of Saginaw, will sing and Miss Mowry will play an offertory violin solo.

Mrs. Gus Muma and daughter Mar ella entertained a group of friends at her home on Tuesday evening announceing the approaching marriage f their son and brother Richard to Miss Mary Buser (Public Health Nurse) which will be solemized Sept. ith at 8 o'clock at St. Joseph Catholic church of this city. An enjoyable evening was spent with games and music. Delicious refreshments were served; all departing, wishing bride to be happiness in the future.

WILSON

Continued from page four

Mrs. Victor Peck. Miss Jeanette Clutterbuck of Traerse Gity is visiting her aunt, Mrs. has. Schroeder for a few-weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Walter Henning of Washington Heights, Illinois, visited

family, Wednesday. Miss Sylvia Tyron of Detroit, who ad been visiting her aunt, Mrs. Chas.

heir brother, Edward C. Henning and

Louis Kitson of South Haven re-

A Good Bank is a Real Help to Any MAN or WOMAN

ARTICAL ARTICA

You can do without an automobile or radio. You don't have to have a bathtub or electric light in your home. But such modern conveniences make life more worth living.



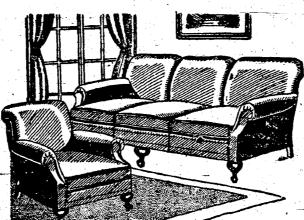
This is true of a bank, too. You can get along without a bank. But you can get along much better with it. A bank is a modern convenience which can be a real help to any man or woman.

STATE BANK of EAST JORDAN

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bretz and family with Donald Floyd returned to turned home after spending the last their home in Detroit, Sunday, after two-months with his uncle, Levi Mc several weeks spent at their cottage

Mrs. A. M. Brown left last week for her home in Billingham, Washington, after spending the past few months with her mother, Mrs. I. W Bartlett and other relatives.





Suite That Will Add Charm and Comfort to Yor Home. Full Spring Construction and Covered with Durable Freezette Covering. — A REAL VALUE.

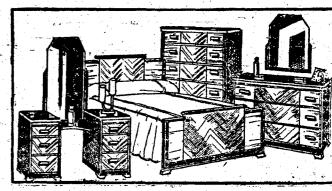
Living Room Suite \$69.50
A Lovely 2 pc. Living Room A Lovely 2 pc. Living Room





FREE en With Each Rug Sold During This Special.

Seamless Rugs That Formerly Sold for Much More



3 Large, Roomy Pieces. — Bed, Chest

and Choice of Vanity or Dresser. You Must See This Suite to Appreciate its Smart, Modern Style. Priced so that it means a Real Saving for You.

INNERSPRING

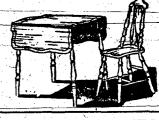


Guaranteed

Free Delivery

PAINT THEM YOURSELF

A Sturdy Unpainted Breakfast Set including Table and 4 Chairs. \$8.95



OTHER VALUES

Dining Room Suites ___ \$ - 69.50 Bed Spring ____ 5.95 up Cotton Mattress _ 5.95 up Simmons Beds __ 5.95 up

Dressers _____ 12.95 up

Complete at \$195.00 and \$249.00.

Chaffee Furniture Co.

Phone 25

BLACK FEATHER

By HAROLD TITUS

SYNOPSIS

Bodney Shaw, independent trader, arrives in Michilimackinac in 1818, determined to fight the trader monopoly established by the John Jacob Astor company in the Northwest territory. He is met by Conrad Rich, an elderly clerk Ramsay Crooks, Astor's dominant figure, and Annette Ledere, local beauty and inspiration to all the traders, especially to Burke Rickman, a ruthless trader who is the instrument of destruction to traders refusing to amalgamate with the to traders refusing to amalgamate with the Astor company. Boussel, the twon bully, wearing the black feather, symbol of invinci-bility, knocks down, Shaw's head garaman, Basile, and Shaw in return throws Roussel bility, knocks down Shaw's head carsman Basile, and Shaw in return throws Roussel into the water. Ramsay Crooks presents the symbolic black feather to Shaw. Later, at a conference, Shaw scorns Astor's proposal virtually to surrender-his Andopendence, announces his readiness to fight the amalgamation, and prepares to depart the following day. At a ball that evening Shaw recognizes Burke Rickman as the Astor agent who had previously robbed him of his partner and his trade, and as a dangerous rival for Annette, with whom he is infatuated. There is an exchange of bitter words. Annette is chosen queen of the dance, and chooses Shaw-as king for the following evening. Basile warms Shaw to masten his departure and tells him an old man awaits him at his tent. Shaw finds Lesile, an old free-trader, who proposes that Shaw join him and go to the rich Plilager country, where Astor is planning to send Rickman. He shows him a map and an Indian ceremonial stone given him by Standing Cloud, Pillager chief. Shaw accepts Lesile's offer. The spying Rickman fiods Annette alone and artfully belittles Shaw, aggravating Annette into boasting of his plans, until Rickman learns of the partnership and the departure for rich unclaimed ground. He follows Shaw to Lesile's camp and hides within earshot. Shaw finds Lesile very ill, attended by his clerk, Giles, With Giles as a witness, Lesile gives Shaw the map and the Indian stone.

CHAPTER III—Continued

Leslie smiled peacefully and

"Good!" he whispered after a mont. "Set a . . spell, old coon . Waugh!" The brave ejaculation came as no more than a breath

Giles retired to his tent then and Shaw sat in the faint glow from the fire for a time silently watching the face of the older man, regretting that his partnership could not be

Leslie roused after an interval and they talked of the route and of the cance maker who, once Superior was traversed, could supply the smaller craft necessary in the rivers. And all the while that prone figure outside the tent listened . . . scarcely breathing.

It was time for Shaw to go. Leslie gallantly struggled to his feet and stepped outside his tent. he said and took Rod-"Luck!" ney's hand.

"Luck, old coon!" Shaw's voice wanted to break, on that. This was a final parting, he knew.

But no more was said. He waved as he turned and stepped past the fire. He looked back once from the darkness to see the stooped, buck-skin - clad figure there outlined against his tent. Then the trail turned and took him from sight.

So he did not see Leslie clutch at his breast and sway and take an unsteady step and fall. He did not see that other man rise from his concealment behind the tent and stand and watch the motionless fig-A quick hand rolled Leslie A cheek went close to his Fingers felt vainly for the pulse. Hands rummaged within the buckskin shirt, feeling the gaunt and

A knife blade glittered in the fire-light. It poised and found its mark and plunged. Then, breath some-what hoarse, Burke Rickman drew back into the shadows.

"And who marches for the Pillagers tomorrow?" he muttered. "A tight pinch, Shaw, but we'll see who

Rodney did not go directly to his encampment. When he put off he would march with vigor and his boatmen would need all the rest the night might afford.

He was depressed at leaving Leslie in such a condition. And he was depressed, too, at thought of leaving Annette Leclere. He chided himself when first aware of this reaction but he slowed his pace nevertheless and turned in the direction of the girl's house. He grew a little warm, thinking of what manner of place a fort might be with Annette Leclere established in his house as wife and mother and sharer of his

burdens and successes. He was tempted, then, to fling gravel at her window, to plead with her to come, but he put it back, telling himself that he had a task to

So he walked further, forcing his ardor to cool, putting aside this impractical whim. And another hour passed before he turned back toward his tent, tightening his belt, walking faster to rouse Basile and his men and prepare for departure

But Basile was up. The men were Others were there, a group about the fire. One held a paper in his hands; four soldiers from the fort stood silently by the blaze warming their hands with muskets grounded and supported in the crooks of their arms.

"Well?" Rodney challenged, sens-

ing a menace.
"Shaw?" The man holding he
"Shaw?" the question. "I've a rrant for your arrest!"

'Arrest?"

"For the murder of one Leslie," now dead with a knife thrust in his

The words took speech from Rodney's lips. They gripped, like a hand, on his throat. Arrest, Imprisonment. Delay . . . Delay! "Murder!" he cried. "Why . .

Why, I left the man two hours ago, dying of disease and—Murder? Why Why, it's preposterous!"

The marshal shrugged.

"The man is dead and you admit being with him. There's a knife thrust in his heart. And 'tis rumored you'd been bargaining with his species for the goods he has." out success for the goods he has. Rodney drew a long and audible breath. Se someone knew! Someone

had told! His eyes, a bit wild, searched the faces about him, close pressed behind the soldiers. And beyond the fire he caught the glint of light on buttons and made out Burke Rickman's face set in a sardonic smile of triumph.

"So that's your play, Rickman!" he cried. "So that's the foul trick

you'll try next! So that—"
Rage choked back the words and the rushed. They were upon him, though, before his wild hands reached Rickman. They bore him down, shouting and cursing. Many minutes were required to subdu him. Long enough for candle lights to appear in windows, for doors to open and men to come running.

They led him away, a soldier on either side, one ahead and one be-hind. They marched him up the



Many Minutes Were Required to Subdue Him.

hill, carrying him when he re newed his struggles and threw him, strangling curses, into the guard

And, at dawn, Annette Leclere slipped out of her aunt's house, no longer able to maintain the pretense of sleeping. She had heard news of the happening shouted in the small hours.

Now she sought Basile for detail of the truth. But Basile was gone for the moment and only Shaw's boatmen moved restlessly about his encampment. She turned back. Something in the trampled sand at tracted her. She stopped and picked from the dirt the frayed and battered black ostrich plume which Ramsay Crooks had handed Shaw on his arrival days before.

Annette thrust it into her bosom and hastened homeward, tears beading her long lashes.

Rodney Shaw stood at the narrowed window, hands gripping the prisoning metal, staring across the blue waters of the strait.

He suspected what was happening. He guessed that Rickman aware of what his plan had been, would waste no time, now, in putting out for the Pillager country. Sounds of feet approaching caused

him to quiet suddenly.
"Ah, Basile! You bring news?" The old man nodded, but not glad-

"The Rickman," he said, "embarks at noon. The entire force of company engages are busied in preparation. He goes, it is said, to the Pillager country."

"Damn! It was to be expected. But tell me, Basile, is there no friendly ear to listen to appeal?"

"Ayı" — nodding. "Friends, we have. The place buzzes with the narrative of what was done. It amazes one, the friends one finds.
But,"—sadly—"the friends one finds
lack courage. The shadow of the
great company"—with a shrug— 'lies like a threat.''

He glanced nervously at the guard standing near "The place buzzes!" Basile whis-

"It was the ma'm'selle, the

Leclere, who betrayed you!"
"Betray-- What's this? What did she—She knew nothing of that Rodney's astonishment—gave into a grean of dismay. He reprem-

bered in that moment his boasts to the girl.
"The vixen!" he cried. "The

. the trollop! So she wench! betrayed my secret to company ears, eh? Trickery, eh? A device to trap me into confidences! . . If I had her slender throat in these hands I'd throttle the smirk from her grimacing face! . . . Vixen! . . . And you take the word to her,

Basile! Before all else, do that! Say to her that I say she's a vixen! No

He shook his head in helpless rage "But, master! One wastes strength, hating. What is done, is done. The puzzle, now, is to be free to move. You will go before the justice here and be bound to the Detroit court. Weeks may elapse. I have seen Leslie's body. It is true, what they charge, that a knife wound is in the heart. But master within the shirt is scarce a smear of blood! On the flesh is no more than would flow from the scratch of a splinter! No knife entered that beat-

ing heart!"
"You mean—Basile! That's it! He knew he was dying! He bade me farewell. He must have died after I left. A spy waited and knifed the corpse to give this charge against me the color of truth!"
"Truth! And it is said that you

had bargained for his goods and that he refused and that is the mo-

"But Giles! Giles knows! Giles listened last night when Leslie gave his goods to me without reserva-"This Giles!!" Basile muttered

'The man has no spine! He is so frightened of what the company may do to him that he dares not claim his own soul!"

Rodney's eyes narrowed. "Mark this, Basile! There's no aid from the law. A trial might vindicate me; surely a fair trial would clear me. But Rickman departs at noon He will have plenty of strong backs; he will march fast. We should be gone . . Attend, Basile. There's but one way! I must have my freedom! Find me a file. A new sharp You can smuggle it to me on some pretext or other. At night I'll saw my way from this place and they can serve their warrant in hell! You hold the men in readiness. You keep watch, my child! When I leave this confinement, you load the packages Leslie left. Have no interference from Giles. The goods are mine!"

They whispered further, perfecting the plan, and then Basile departed and Rodney paced and plot-ted further and watched preparations on the beach which were de-

signed for his final crushing. Two great canoes were loaded with goods. A crowd gathered. Mac-Iver was there, viewing detail. Shaw saw Conrad Rich, the old clerk who had worked in Crooks' office garbed in buckskin, surely bound for the interior to cast the fat accounts that Rickman planned to show from the Pillager trade.

And Rickman himself was there, tall and commanding, but Shaw thought the man conducted himself as one whose mind is neither at peace nor completely on the task.

Rickman gave his final order. The oar blades dipped. The great canoes gathered way and another com-pany brigade had begun its march to bring to the fold still one more band of hunters.

Basile came at sundown, bringing a fresh linen shirt to replace the torn and soiled and bloodied one Rodney wore. He thrust it through the grill in the door with a significant narrowing of the eyes and Shaw felt within its folds the hard outof a file.

"Did you deliver my message to the vixen?" Sodney asked. "I tried, and failed. Rickman was

with her for long. When he left she followed from the house. She wept and begged him not to leave her. Truly, it turned one's stomach! Such kissing and embracing and such pleading with him to remain!' 'What of the night? "The moon will be high. There will be no wind. The file will

scream and screech." "Yes. And the guard walks his post at all hours. Damn!" He ground his teeth. "But keep the men in readiness, Basile. If the wind rises tonight, I'll try. Not, however, until I have good cover for the sounds of escape."

But the night was quiet except for the wail of fiddles and laughter from company headquarters and from dwellings in the village. Although Rodney watched and listened until dawn he was forced at last to abandon hope and throw himself on the bunk to sleep fitfully.

CHAPTER IV

At least one other in the village had spent a night of distress.

It seemed to Annette Leclere as dawn broke that the wells of her tears had gone dry. Burke Rickman came and Annette

would not see him. She paced the rooms; started out a score of times; turned back; cried, tossed clothing and pillows and books about; re food, wept again.

Not until her aunt, frightened, now, by the girl's behavior and eager to do what she could to ease her mind, panted home with the word that Rickman was about to march did Annette quiet.

It was a tense and desperate quietude which then possessed her. Annette came close and embraced her aunt. saying:

"The way is clear, now, dear one! I must see Burke. Go and ask him to come. Without delay, dearest! Without delay, now!" Rickman came in answer to the

summons. He came, clad in his buckskin, with his departure but a brace of hours away.
"Burke, I've sent for you to do

what no girl craves to do: to admit wrong, to beg forgiveness!" His pulse picked up at that and covetous instead of a baffled

gleam showed in his hard, blue "You are forgiven, dear Annette

before forgiveness is asked!' advanced toward her, taking her hands in his. "Did you think for moment I felt that you were lightheaded enough to take serious stock in a mere upstart?" Her eyes filled and his expression

softened somewhat. Not for him to know the emotion prompting tears! "And now You see

You're intending to leave? After I've found again my lost senses, you'll
... leave me here?" Color came quickly into his cheeks

at that. She'd never spoken so tenderly to him. "Not for long! The one season,

only! Just—

"The one season! You speak so lightly of endless months? You belittle hours that can stretch them-selves into years?"

Then come with me, Annette!" he begged, on a knee before her. his arms seeking to draw her close. 'Come with me today! March with me and I'll make-" The interior? she cried, voice

atremble. "Oh, I could not stand it, Burke! I'd perish, in the interior! It's you I need . . . You, here, close, safe!" She stroked his hair. she patted his cheek, she pleaded and begged and did not surrender to his lips until all else she could think of had failed.

And her kisses failed, as well. He

would not be seduced from his in-tent. Desire for her was strong, but ambition, as well, was mighty.

A messenger came, summoning Rickman, and Annette threw herself upon him, desperate in her pleas. She followed him to the gate, making a scene such as villagers had never beheld before, and it was this Basile watched and reported to Rodney Shaw.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

Fluid That Continually Spreads Over Retina Gives Us the Ability to See

The elaborate mechanism for vision would fail to give ability to see if it were not for a fluid that continually spreads over the retina, the viewing plate in the back of the eyeball on which the objects seen are projected as a picture, according to a writer in the New York Herald-Tribune. This plate is covered with a structure of rods and cones which appear to be the elements from which the picture is transmitted to the sight center in the brain. These rods and cones would be unable to transmit their picture unless they were covered with a fluid called vis-

The chemical nature of this suo stance has been unknown. Dr. Selig Hecht, of Columbia university, has ascertained that it is a protein by establishing its size by passing It through a porous porcelain filter. This test showed it has a molecular weight of about 810,000, which indicates it is a highly complex molecule and a protein since no other class of substances possess such high molecular weights.

Visual purple has been extracted from animals' eyes and has been found sensitive to light. In its natural state it is a pinkish color, but when it has been exposed to light it changes to a yellow and finally becomes colorless. By leaving it in the dark it will return to its original pink color and regain its sensitivity to light. When the eye looks at too strong a light, the visual purple is changed to its inactive state, and when the eye is plunged into a dark area from one too strongly illuminated, it is unable to see well until the visual purple has been regenerated, or a new supply spread on the retina.

Carotene, a parent substance from which the body makes vitamin A, seems to be necessary for the body when it is manufacturing visual purple. Lack of vitamin A leads to blindness.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL **CUNDAY**

JCHOOL Lesson By REV. HAROLD L. LUNDQUIST.
Dean of the Moody Bible Institute

Lesson for August 29

of Chicago.

© Western Newspaper Union.

GOD CONDEMNS INTEMPERANCE.

14:21,
GOLDEN TEXT—Wine is a mocker,
strong drink is raging; and whosoever is
deceived thereby is not wise, Prov. 20:1.
PRIMARY TOPIC.—What a Wise King

said.

JUNIOR TOPIC—When a Man Dfinks.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—
How Drinking Harms Others.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—
Why Beverage Alcohol Is a Social Foe,

The use of intoxicating liquors is financially unprofitable to the nation, scientifically unwise and de-structive, socially degrading, and morally wrong:

I. The Problem.

The selected Old Testament scrip-tures which comprise our lesson present the use of intoxicants as causing four socially undesirable re

1. Religious disobedience (Lev. 10:1,2; Isa. 28:7). Two things we may rightfully expect of those who serve the nation in its religious life: (1) a vision of God and obedience to that vision in life and service and (2) the exercise of sound God-guided judgment in the affairs of when the prophet and the priest turn to wine and strong drink. "They err in vision" (Isa. 28:7). That is, they have no clear concepts of divine truth, and lead the people into error. Further, we see that "they stumble in judgment." To every true servant of God comes repeatedly the opportunity and the need of render ing judgment, that is, of advising and counselling those to whom he ministers. If his mind is befuddled by the use of alcohol (or, for that matter, of any other kind of worldly indulgence) he will "stumble," and

cause his people to stumble. A sad incident is related in Lev 10:1,2 of the sons of Aaron, appointed to the priesthood and instructed in its privileges and duties, but coming with strange fire to be of-fered before the Lord. Swift and terrible was the judgment they received. We are not told directly that they were intoxicated, but it is implied in the fact that there is an immediate injunction against the use of wine by the priests.

Lest someone think that such a thing could not happen in our day the writer mentions word which re-cently came to him that a leading eminary has professors on its staff who defend the so-called moderate use of alcoholic drink.

2. Political disorder (Prov. 1:5). While political leaders make sanctimonious protestations that government agencies are not influenced by the liquor interests, it is common knowledge to even those who are slightly informed that the two are closely associated. The result of that unholy alliance is rightly de-scribed in Prov. 31:5—"They forget the law, and pervert the judgment of any of the afflicted." Much of the sad disorder in the body politic is traceable directly to the door of the makers and sellers of alcoholic beverages.

3. National decay (Isa. 28:1-6). "Overcome with wine"—stricken down, useless in life, without true ambition, such is the picture of the man who gives himself to drink Poverty, with all its attendant so-cial problems, follows on the heels of the sale and use of intoxicants Some liquor dealers are beginning to sense a rising tide of opposition to their business, and are advertis-ing, "We do not want bread moning, "We do not want bread money," but the fact is that it is all too often bread money that goes for liquor, and the vile stuff is still on sale where the poor man may readily spend his "bread money" for it.

4. Personal degradation (Isa. 28: 8). "Vomit and filthiness" are not very nice words, but they describe accurately the ultimate condition of the drinker and his surroundings. The writer knows a young man who boasts that he never gets drunk because the "booze" makes him so sick that he vomits it up. Imagine a supposedly intelligent man drinking stuff so vile that his stomach (evidently having more sense than his head) sends it back—and then boasting of his ability to drink

II. The Solution, a Divine Princi-

ple (Rom. 14:21).
Thousands of Christian people have solved not only the drink problem, but practically every question of conduct and social life by applying this principle. Surely no true follower of Christ will be guilty of doing anything that will cause any brother to be offended, to stumble, or to be made weak.

Foundations

The foundation of domestic happiness is faith in the virtue of woman: the foundation of political hap piness is confidence in the integrity of man; the foundation of happiness, temporal and eternal, is reliance on the goodness of God.—Lan

Reading Good Books Book love is your pass to the greatest and purest and the most perfect pleasures that God has pre pared for His creature

A Crocheted Rug Is a Lifetime Joy

This rug that you can so easily crochet yourself will be a lifetime joy. See if it isn't! Do the stunning medallions separately - they're just 81/4 inch squares—and keep joining them till you've a rug the desired size. If you like, make



each flower center a different color, keeping the background uniform. Rug wool or candlewicking make for a sturdy durable rug, or otherwise useless rags will serve the purpose. In pattern 5855 you will find instructions for making the rug shown; an illustration of it and of all stitches used; material requirements; color suggestions, a photograph of the actual

Send 15 cents in stamps or coins (coins preferred) for this pattern to The Sewing Circle Household Arts Dept., 259 W. Fourteenth St., New York, N. Y.

Please write your name, address and pattern number plainly.

This Expanding Universe

Be the earth great or small what matter is that to mankind? always great enough provided it gives us a stage for suf-fering and for love. To suffer and to love, these are the twin sources of its inexhaustible beauty. Suf-fering, pain—how divine it is, how misunderstood! To it we ow that is good in us, all that makes ife worth living; to it we owe pity and courage and all the virtues .-

HELP KIDNEYS

To Get Rid of Acid

and Poisonous Waste
Your kidneys help to keep you well
by constantly filtering waste matter
from the blood. If your kidneys get
functionally disordered and fall to
remove excess impurities, there may be
poisoning of the whole system and
body-wide distress.

Burning, scanty or too frequent urination may be a warning of some kidney
Vou may suffer magging backache,
you may suffer magging backache,
pertistent headache, stracks of disniness,
getting up alghts, swelling, puffiness
under the yes—leel weak, nervour, all
In such cases it is better to rely on a
medicine that has won country-wide and Poisonous Waste

ed out.

such case it is better to rely on a cine that has won country-wide im than on something iess favor-known. Use Doon's Pills, A multiof grateful people recommend's. Ask your resignator?

GET RID OF **BIG UGLY PORES**

PLENTY OF DATES NOW...DENTON'S FACIAL MAGNESIA MADE HER SKIN FRESH, YOUNG, BEAUTIFUL

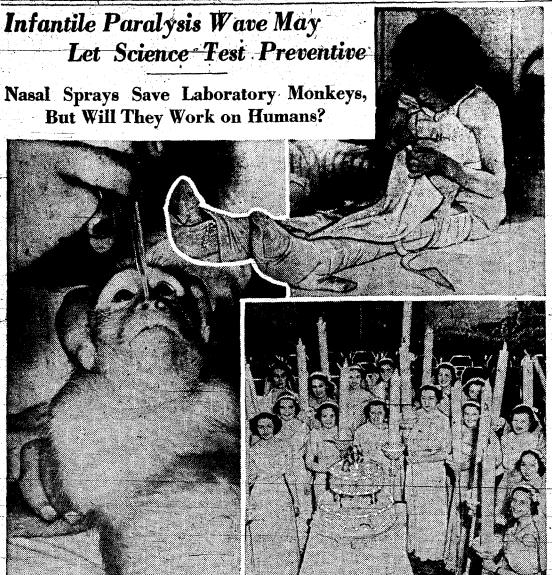
Romance hasn't a chance when big ugly pores spoil skin-texture. Men love the soft smoothness of a fresh young complexion. Denton's Facial Magnesia does miracles for unsightly skin. Ugly pores disappear, skin becomes firm and smooth.

Watch your complexion take on new beauty Rem the first few treatments with Denton's Facula Magnesia make a remarkable difference. With the Denton Magnesia make a remarkable difference. With the Denton Magnesia have been a schally see that betture pit year alth become smoother day pyday. Impeticitions are washed olean. Winkles greatesly disappear. Before you know it Denton's has brought you entirely new skin loveliness.

EXTRAORDINARY OFFER

Tou one type the series of the





Hero monkey—that's what science calls the tiny rhesus monkey, like the little fellow here, whose nose i being sprayed in an experiment to test a preventive for infantile paralysis; thousands of monkeys have died in the cause. If the sprays prove successful on humans it may mean the end of pitiful cases like that of the title girl above. The annual, nation-wide series of President's Birthday parties helps to raise funds for the research work; a scene from one is also shown.

By WILLIAM C. UTLEY

WITH a wave of infantile paralysis assuming serious proportions in the south central region of the United States, science may find its longawaited opportunity to make mass tests of nose sprays as a means of preventing the dread, crippling disease.

Nasal sprays have proved nearly 100 per cent effective upon laboratory monkeys, which respond to poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis) in the same way humans do. But until an extensive outbreak of the disease occurred there was no chance to conduct experiments upon humans, for the lives of large numbers of persons must not be endangered unnecessarily.

Now that outbreak may be at hand, for the south central regions are reporting an increase in "polio". cases far over the normal increase which comes with the summer months. Between May 9 and July 24 there were, according to the. United States public health service, 486 cases reported from the west south central region, as compared with only 18 cases for the same pe riod of 1936 and 65 cases for the same period of 1935. During these the east south central region reported 317 cases as compared with 234 in 1936 and 57 in 1935. There reported 317 cases as compared touched every state, and struck with 234 in 1936 and 57 in 1935. There down more than 25,000 persons, was some indication of the spread of most of them children. the disease eastward.

Doctors hope that the nose spray will be proved definitely successful in its application to human beings, for it is more than a century since the first written account of poliomyelitis was made by a trained physi-

English Doctor Started Crusade.

Even so, progress has been phe nomenally rapid in the light of the age of the disease, for it is probably as old as mankind.

But it was only 102 years ago that Dr. John Badham, of Worksop, England, moved by the condition of four tiny patients, pleaded through the medium of medical journals for oth-er doctors to come to his aid with suggestions for the cure of a disease nobody knew anything about.

Dr. Badham's paper, telling of the plight of the four crippled young-sters doomed to pathetically unhap-py lives, launched one of the greatest crusades in medical history. Poorly equipped as they were doo tors of the Nineteenth century did not heateste in responding to the pio-neering Badham's call for assist-

Get on Trail of Germ.

Only five years later, Jacob von Heine, German orthopedic surgeon of Cannstaat, made public an important study of infantile paralysis. His practice brought him in contact with many cases of deformed limbs in children. A shrewd observer, he noticed something about young paralytics which other medical men had largely overlooked. He saw that paralysis was the result of some kind of acute disease which preceded the appearance of muscular weakness.

The discovery was epochal for, in other words, Heine perceived that paralysis in children didn't just happen—it had a definite antecedent in this country. He saw the need cause. He won for himself a place for more widespread co-ordination of honor in ranks of those battling of affort. After discussing the mat-

against the spread of infantile paral-ysis. It was a battle that widened the idea of a gigantic series of to many more fronts as time wore on, and by 1885 the infectious nature of the disease was pretty generally accepted.

Yet it was not until 1908 that the first real advance was made in the search for a germ. Then Landsteiner and Popper, in Paris, injected portions of the brain and spinal chord, taken from a fatal human case of infantile paralysis, into some monkeys. They succeeded in infecting the monkeys with the disease, thus putting it on an experimental basis for the first time. Only a short time later several doctors almost simultaneously managed to pass poliomyelitis from one monkey to another. They were Flexner and Lewis in New York, Leiner and Von Weisner in Vienna, and Landsteiner and Levaditi in Paris.

The way was now cleared to studying the mechanism of the disease. It was indicated how the germ was spreading, but scientists still had not banded in any united effort. It took a national tragedy to wake them up.

In the summer of 1916 the great infantile paralysis epidemic hit the United States. It began in a small area in Brooklyn, then spread rapidly over the rest of New York City and Long Island, eventually cascading over the entire country. It

Health Officers at Loss.

Panic swept the nation. In the mistaken belief that only those under sixteen were susceptible, railroad officials refused to let children ride on trains. Vigilante bands of citizens established unofficial martial law in many places, and health certificates were required as "passports" for children moving from one community to another.

Health officers made every conceivable effort to check the disease, but they still lacked a working knowledge of ways and means to combat its ravages. The epidemic died of itself, finally, and so did public terror. There have been less epidemics since then; 15,000 cases were reported in 1931, and 10,000 each in the years 1927 and 1935.

Medical science recognized infantile paralysis as one of its most challenging problems and redoubled its efforts to find an answer. Foun dations, research laboratories both public and private, universities and individual physicians and research workers concentrated their attention upon it.

But it remained for a layman, Col. Henry L. Doherty, to begin the most novel move in the battle, one which popularized the fight among President all classes of Americans. President Franklin D. Roosevelt, himself a victim of infantile paralysis, inspired the move, President Roose-velt's previous interest in the cause of fellow sufferers had been repeat-edly manifested by activities on behalf of the Warm Springs, Ga., foundation where victims are treated.

First President's Birthday Ball. Visiting Warm Springs in 1933. Colonel Doherty also became deeply interested, and acquired a first-hand knowledge of the research and after-treatment work going forward in this country. He saw the need

parties which would enable millions of Americans to do their share in the war on polio.

Under Colonel Doherty's direction the mammoth party-organizing task was started. A national headquarters was established in New York and civic-minded persons were called upon to help. The first series of parties was held on January 30 1934, the President's birthday.

Funds Aid Experiment.

So far more than \$4,000,000 has been raised by the annual parties. Seventy per cent remains to fight infantile paralysis in the community where it was raised, while 30 per cent goes to the national fund, to be used for research or rehabilitation

One important use to which the receipts from the parties was put was the development of the masal spray preventive for poliomyelitis.

How this spray came to be discovered is a dramatic episode in medical history. The subvisible microbes have ever defied scientists to follow their meanderings. Yet after long and brilliant experimen tation, scientists in laboratories in New York, Chicago, Stanford university and London at last found out that the nose was a doorway to the polio virus.

In the laboratories of the United States public health service, Charles Armstrong, a "microbe hunter," decided that if he could find some means of blocking that doorway, there would be no way for the dead-ly germs to attack. For three years he experimented with a whole drove of rhesus monkeys. Finally he found what he wanted. By washing the insides of the monkeys' noses a week solution of picric acid and alum, he was able to save 24 out of 25 monkeys exposed to a hot, exceptionally dangerous infantile paralysis virus!

Confusion Hampers Test.

Armstrong was confident that if his solution worked with monkeys it ought to be effective on humans. But he was forced to wait for an opportunity to make the test. It apparently arrived last summer, when an epidemic broke out in Alabama, Mississippi and Tennessee, Rush ing to the scene, he won widespread support to his plan of spraying the solution into the children's noses.

He planned to have the doctors supervise the spraying and keep careful records. Unfortunately the experiment got out of hand: the ctors became swamped with demands upon their time and many parents used the easily procurable solution without bothering about scientific counsel on its use.

After salvaging what records he could and making extensive records of his own, Armstrong decided that a more powerful solution was needed. Two California scientists, working on funds supplied by the President's Birthday Ball commission, supplied it. They were E. W. Schultz and L. P. Gebhardt of Stanford university, and they offered a 1 per cent zinc sulphate so lution. Zinc sulphate had been used for years as an eyewash. They discovered it was virtually 100 per cent effective in preventing infantile paralysis when sprayed into the oses of monkeys.

@ Western Newspaper Tailor

FARM OPICS

BOARDER HEN NOT WORTH FEED; CULL

Non-Producers Will Bring No Profit From Eggs.

By Dr. W. C. Thompson, Poultry Husband-man, Rutgers University,—WNU Service. Don't feed boarders if it is the im to maintain high egg produc-

tion during the summer months.

Egg prices will probably begin to advance soon, but in view of present grain prices, the hope of profit n egg farming lies chiefly in keeping egg production at relatively high

Cull the laying flocks carefully, removing birds which have stopped production. Such birds are early molters with yellow pigmentation on shanks and beaks and with withered, dry combs.

Carry on the same feeding pro-

gram as in winter and provide an ample water supply. There should be no let-down in feeding, for it requires lots of good food to produce eggs no matter what the season. Do not change rations in summer. Keep the nests clean, sparsely lit-

tered, well ventilated and sufficient in number to furnish one nest for every five hens.

Gather eggs at noon and in late afternoon, preferably using wire baskets which permit a circulation of air and rapid cooling. Store eggs in a cool, somewhat moist room and market them frequently during hot weather.

Remove any male birds-except when eggs for hatching may be still desired—and produce only infertile eggs for table use.

Good quality stock is necessary to get the best results in summer egg production regardless of fine management. If present stock is questionable as to breeding, perhaps the coming fall will offer a good opportunity to change.

Shipping Inspection for

Fruit and Vegetables

This is the fifteenth year of the federal shipping point inspection service on fresh fruits and vegetables, administered by the bureau of agricultural economics. Nearly five times as many carloads of these commodities were inspected at ship-ping points in 1936 as during 1923, the first full year this service was available.

During the first years the service was available in only a few states and only during the harvesting season of certain products. Today it is available during the entire year, under co-operative agreements with the state, in California, Colorado, Florida, Idaho, Louisiana, Oregon, Texas, Utah, and Washington.

In other states, with the exception of New Mexico, Kentucky, and Vermont, where no co-operative agreements are in effect, the service is offered during the movement of the major fruits and vegetables if the volume for inspection is sufficient to prevent prohibitive costs to users.

In nearly all parts of the country he service is self-sustaining. A few states have small appropriations which are used to supplement the fees collected.

The United States Department of Agriculture receives from the in-spection fees only enough to cover the cost of supervision and general verhead expenses.

Don't Wash Eggs

Eggs have a natural bloom to them when fresh. When stale they become slick, or shiny. This bloom seems to be made up of tiny pores in the shell, which may be seen upon close examination. When a hen sets on the egg a few days, when the egg becomes old, or when it is washed, these tiny pores become stopped up and the egg cannot "breathe" with a consequent deterieration in quality. For that reason, says the Missouri Farmer, eggs should never be washed if they are to be sold on the market. A better way is to wipe them off with a dry cloth, or sandpaper the spot of dirt off with a piece of sandpaper or emery cloth.

Farm Notes

Apples, pears, and peaches are produced in three-fourths of the states.

A daily loss of nine ounces per 100 eggs during the incubator period indicates that the proper humidity is being maintained.

after milking time keeps much bet-ter in hot weather than that which is allowed to cool slowly. Agricultural authorities say a sin-

Milk or cream cooled quickly

gle barberry bush can harbor 64,-000,000,000 spores of grain-destroying, black-stem rust. It is estimated that in the United States 12,000 dozens of eggs are laid

every three minutes, day and night,

throughout the year. South Dakota's duck crop for 1937. in 58 of 69 counties, not including four United States refuges, is esti

mated at more than 725,000 birds.

Fine Feathers for Three



CEW-YOUR-OWN wouldn't be your weather prophet for the world, but you know, Milady, and so does S-Y-O, that it's always fair weather when good fashions get together. Which brings us to today's three sparkling new frocks—a whole crowd of style for the pretty part of any man's family.

A Fun Frock.

Rain, nor gloom, nor a flat tire (either kind), can dampen the spirits of the girl who wears this buoyant, young sports frock (above left) on her daily rounds—be they on the fairway, the campus, behind the counter, or merely from pillar to post.

Here's to Mothers.

Sew-Your-Own loves nothing more than catering to mother's wardrobe needs. The frock above (center) is for all mothers: old sweet ones, young darling ones, yes, even for mothers-to-be. It is esy to run up, easy to do up, and best of all, easy to look at. Smart simple lines make it a favorite of women who demand more than a

You'll Do It

THERE are thousands to tell you it cannot be done. There are thousands prophesy failure; There are thousands to point

out to you, one by one, The dangers that wait to assail you.

But just buckle right in with a bit of a grin, Then take off your coat and

go to it. start in to sing as you tackle the thing.
That cannot be done, and -New York Tribune

Electric Tuning

Magic Brain

Magic Eye

Armchair Control (es

RCA Metal Tubes

Straight-Line Dial

leasty-Tone Cabinet

GENUINE RCA VICTOR

SETS FROM \$24.95

Sonic-Are Magic Voice

Little Brown Girl.

An all-over suntan is her forte; and many sunny days, are ahead for young Miss Fortunate whose mommy chooses to interpret the fetching model at the right. A scallop-edged waist front accentuated by frou-frou trim is right down her avenue, and a gored skirt, that's second to non class, fits into her scheme of things o a T. Mother, why not make one dressy version, as pictured, another finished differently for school? (Perhaps with a simple braid trim) Rayon prints, gingham, or sheer wool, will do nicely as the

The Patterns.
Pattern 1249 is designed for sizes
14 to 20 (32 to 42 bust). Size 16 requires 41/2 yards of 39 inch ma-

material.

Pattern 1207 is designed for sizes 34 to 50. Size 36 requires 4½ yards of 35 inch material. With long sleeves 4¾ yards of 39 inch material.

Pattern 1366 is designed for sizes 6 to 14 years. Size 8 requires 2% yards of 39-inch material plus 1% yards of machine pleating.

Send your order to The Sewing Circle Pattern Dept., Room 1020, 211 W. Wacker Dr., Chicago, Ill. Price of patterns, 15 cents (in coins) each.
© Bell Syndicate.—WNU Service.

What You Seek

Have you ever thought how many objects you pass without even noticing them; how many voices and sounds fail to register with you? It seems that one usually sees

what he is looking for and hears that to which his ears are attuned. Perhaps this is what Emerson had in mind when he said that no one brings back from Europe anything which he did not take over with him. (Excluding merchandise of course.)-Ohio Farmer.

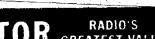


Victor Electric Tuning! Tune while standing or sitting.

Thrilling new Straight-Line Dial lets you easily see the stations you want!

This outstanding new radio brings you countless stations, domestic and foreign, with finer tone, increased selectivity! Its price is sensationally low. Lenient trade-

in. See your nearest RCA Victor dealer nowi



GREATEST VALUE SERVICE OF THE RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA

R. G. WATSON FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Phone — 66 MONUMENTS EAST JORDAN,

FRANK PHILLIPS Tonsorial Artist

WHEN IN NEED OF ANYTHING IN MY LINE, CALL IN AND SEE ME.

FIRST CLASS Shoe Repairing City Shoe Shop ALBERT TOUSCH EAST JORDAN

Wanted To Buy Scrap Metal

\$9.00 per ton delivered our yard at Traverse City.

M. GINSBURG METAL & HIDE CO.

Mystery Surrounds Death of Detroit Man

Sheriff Floyd Ikens, assisted State Police, are investigating the mystery surrounding the death of Sidney Commer, 28, of Detroit, found unconscious in his auto near Bay Shore, Sunday, and who died at Charlevoix hospital, Monday fore-

He was found in his car on a side road off US31 near Bay Shore. Taken to Charlevoix, he failed to regain consciousness before death. Coroner McMillan performed an autopsy revealing Commer had suffered a scalp cound that might have caused death. The man had been robbed.

His parents, summoned from Deroit, stated that the young man, differing from hay fever, had left home for Petoskey Friday morning.

DR. F. P. RAMSEY Physician and Surgeon

Office Hours: 10:00 - 12:00 A. M. 2:00 - 4:00 P. M. Evenings and Sunday by Appointment. Over Hite's Drug Store Phone - 196-F2

Dr. H. M. HARRINGTON Physician and Surgeon

Office Hours: 2 to 5 P. M. - 7 to 8 P. M. Office in Lumber Co. Building 140-F2 Office Phone -

FLOUR GRINDING EVERY WEDNESDAY AT The Alba Custom Mills

MICHIGAN

ELEGAL

PROBATE ORDER

State of Michigan. The Probate Court for the County of Charlevoix. In the Matter of the Estate of Guy King, Deceased.

At a session of said Court, held in the Probate Office in the City of Charlevoix, in said county, on the 23rd day of August, 1937.

Present: Ervan A. Ruegsegger robate Judge. The above estate having been ad-

mitted to probate and Mildred Val-lance having been appointed Admin-

It is Ordered, That four months rom this date be allowed for crediors to present their claims against aid estate for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of haid deceased are required to present their claims to said Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Charlevoix in or before the 27th day of Decem ber, 1937, at ten o'clock in the fore-moon, at which time claims will be heard.

It is Further Ordered, That public otice thereof be given by publicaion of this order for three succes ive weeks previous to said day of hehring in the Charlevoix? Herald, a newspaper printed and cir-

Herald, a newspaper, pulsted in said-county.

ERVAN A. RUEGSEGGER,
Judge of Probate.

PROBATE ORDER

State of Michigan. The Probate Court for the County of Charlevoix. In the Matter of the Estate of Elisha N. Clink, Deceased.

At a session of said Court, held in the Probate Office in the City of Charlevolx, in said county, on the 12th day of May, 1937. Present: Ervan A. Ruegsegger

Probate Judge. The above estate having been admitted to probate and Leila M. Clink having been appointed Administra

It is Ordered. That four months rom this date be allowed for creditors to present their claims against oid estate for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors o id deceased, are required to present their claims to said Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Charle voix, on or before the 13th day of September, 1937, at ten o'clock ir. the forenoon, at which time claims will be heard.

It is Further Ordered, That public notice thereof be given by publication of this order for three succes sive weeks previous to said day of hearing in the Charlevoix County Herald a newspaper position in said county.

ERVAN A. RUEGSEGGEP

Judge of Probate Herald a newspaper printed and cir



State of Michigan, The Probate Court for the County At a session of said Court, held at he Probate Office in the City herlevoix in said County, on th day of August A. D. 1937.

Present: Hon. Ervan A. Ruegseg er, Judge of Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Iary Clark, Deceased, Mary Fowler daughter, having filed in said cour er petition praying that the adminis ration of said estate be granted to ome other suitable person,

It is Ordered, That the 3rd day of September, A. D. 1937, at ten o' ock in the forenoon, at said pr bate office, be and is hereby appointd for hearing said petition;

It is Further Ordered, That public notice thereof be given by publication f a copy of this order, once each week for three successive weeks pre rious to said day of hearing, in the Charlevoix County Herald a newspaper printed and circulated in said

ERVAN A. RUEGSEGGER, Judge of Probate

CHANCERY ORDER

State of Michigan. The Circuit Court for the County of Charlevoix, in chancery.

Leslie Viland, Plaintiff, vs. Ruby

Viland, Defendant.
ORDER OF APPEARANCE In this cause it appearing from an affidavit on file that the Defendant

Ruby Viland, is not a resident of this State and that her present address is unknown: On Motion of E. A. Ruegsegger Attorney for Plaintiff, it is Ordered that said Defendant, Ruby Viland, cause her appearance to be entered in aid cause within three months from

the date hereof, and in default there of that the Bill of Complaint in said cause be taken as confessed. Publication of this Order shall be in the Charlevoix County Herald, unless other service is obtained, as is

provided by Law. Dated June 16th, 1937, at Charlevoix, Michigan. PARM C. GILBER Circuit Judge.

Attorney for Plaintiff, Business address: Boyne City, Mich.

E. A. RUEGSEGGER

Don't Sleep When Gas Presses Heart

If you can't eat or sleep and awful gas bloats you up try Adlerika. One dose rids you of gas and cleans four poisons out of BOTH upper and lower bowels. Gidley & Mac, Druggists.



AT its 1937 Session, the Michigan State Legislature enacted Enrolled Act 28 to provide relief to property owners delinquent for Taxes and Special Assessments.

Failure to take advantage of the provisions of this Act means that properties delinquent for taxes SHALL be sold at public auction in May next year.

ACT NOW TO SAVE YOUR PROPERTY

WHAT TO DO: 1. See your County Treasurer TODAY.

2. Place 1933, 1934, 1935 taxes and special assessments, as well as unpaid installments due in 1935 and 1936 on prior unpaid taxes, on the TEN YEAR PAYMENT PLAN.

Pay 10% of the total due, without interest or Penalties and pay off the balance 10% annually. 2% Collection fee on amount paid is the only

3. Pay 1936 Taxes in full.

4. Make payments before September 1, 1937



STATE ADMINISTRATIVE BOARD

GEORGE T. GUNDRY, Auditor General FRANK MURPHY, Governor

Only 5 More Days To Save Your Home! See Your County Treasurer Today!



use three quarts of regularly distilled motor oil. One whole quart of carbon-forming, sludge-forming impurities-material which causes high oil consumption—is carefully removed by Standard Oil's patented Propane and Chlorex processes, and is "not for sale!" That's why Iso=Vis is longer lasting-why it holds your oil level up and your oil costs down! Try this tougher, more durable motor oil in your own crankcase. Your Standard Oil dealer nearby can quickly

Iso =Vis in bulk 25¢* a qt. Stand change your oil to Iso=Vis today!

THREE FINE MOTOR OILS

iso-Vis in cans 306* a qt. Polarine in bulk 206* a qt.

Stanolind in bulk 156 a qt.



When you are away, avoid worry by calling home or office to learn how things are going there. Note the low night and Sunday rates for long distance calls listed below. Rates to other points are proportionately low.

EAST JORDAN TO:-	Night and Sunday Station-to-Station Rates
CHICAGO, ILL.	\$.60
DETROIT	
GRAND RAPIDS	 .50
MT. PLEASANT	.40
ANN ARBOR	65
LANSING	 .55
MUSKEGON	.50
CLEVELAND, O.	the state of the s
MARQUETTE	.50
ST. IGNACE	.35
MACKINAW CITY	35
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNI	

