

to make reports to department of conservation of number and species of furniture wood. Many woods that game birds and animals taken in sea. would be suitable for furniture mak-son under license. This applies to ing do not have the "figure" that is bow-and-arrow and regular deer hun- so pleasing to most of us. The beau ters as well as small-game hunters tiful effects made possible by the proand all trappers.

per matchng of figured veneer-Prohibits setting of fires in marsh- effects that cannot be obtained with es or other lands for purpose of driv-ing out wild birds or animals. Sets season on pheasants, ruffed but the inherent structural advantgrouse, prarie chickens and sharp-tailed grouse in upper peninsula from count for the fact that the bulk of the Oct, 1 to Oct. 12, inclusive; in lower finest furniture produced today is peninsula, from Oct. 15 to Oct. 31, veneered. In building a veneered inclusive. Prarie chickens and sharp-table top, for instance, the manufac-Tests at tory, Madison, Wis., have shown that woods that make the best cores are arms by persons entering hunting light in weight, that they neither areas within five days of open deer shrink nor swell excessively with moisture changes, and that they are easily glued. In high-grade veneer construction wo layers, called "plies", are glued Comedy At Temple to each side of the corp. These plies, which are selected for their strength and similar qualities are named "crossbands" because they are laid with their grain at right angles to side that shows, and the back veneer are glued over the crossbands with core. The crossbands stabilize the panel, resist its tendency to shrink or to swell, and give it greater strength against splitting. If properly selected and glued, the crossbands also tend to keep the panel flat. Thin plywood nanels made entirely of veneer ar usually either three or five ply. Plywood furniture, in addition to displaying highly figured cabinet woods to better advantage gives a more stable construction than solid wood. In contrast to solid wood, cross banded panels change size but little with moisture changes, a property that makes plywood most desirable for this purpose. In summer, when the excessive winter dryness of the air in our heated homes has given away to the generous and varying and ability. moisture conditions of the outside at- Trophies

phetic insight."

tary of State to postpone this dead-

The snarling and growling of the ani-mals that echo throughout the grounds; the graceful and almost a human mind evidenced mid the great group of educated horses. From the sublime we find ourselves admiring spectators of those funny clowns, whose life is spent in making others Sidebotham for reservations. laugh and who seldom themselves

Next Tuesday, July 20, is Ladies' Day at the Pine Lake Golf Club. uncheon will be at 1:00 o'clock with luncheon alone priced at 30c. Golf and luncheon combined is 60c. All ladies of this region interested are in-vited to attend. Phone Mrs. C. W.

tails still protected in zone three and turer starts with a "core." pheasant shooting forbidden by com- the U. S. Forest Products Laboramission action in upper peninsula.

No permit necessary to carry firehunting season.

Week of Thrills and

Entertainment at the Temple this week is fast-paced, punch-packed and ture has been surrounded by careful- that of the core. The face veneer, or ly selected short subjects to make each program 100 per cent entertain-their grain parallel with that of the see every one! The complete schedule for the week is as follows: -

Saturday only (Matinee and Night) The Jones Family in "Big Business." Our Gang Comedy. Latest News. Car-

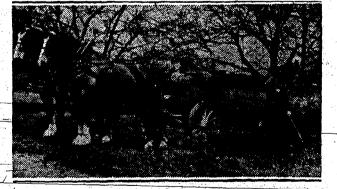
Sunday, Monday: Spencer Tracy, Gladys George, Francot Tone in "They Gave Him A Gun." Selected Novelties.

Tues. Wed. : Family Nights :-Paul Kelly and Judith Allen in "It Hap-pened Out West." Comedy and Cartoon.

Thursday, Friday: Official Pictures of Joe Louis vs. James Braddock championship fight. Also, Lily_Pons and Gene Raymond in "That. Girl From Paris."

.The forest fire loss in acreage mosphere, solid wood swells appreciaburned in Michigan has mounted to bly, and may cause considerable an-nearly 12,000 acres. Up to July 1 noyance. Both excessive shrinking dent of the association. This association there were 617 fires and 11,703 acres and excessive swelling of this nature burned over, according to reports are largely done away with by the use sponsoring the contest. compiled by conservation authorities. of correct veneer construction. One trophy will go

Name and Annual Contraction of the second second



CAN A FARM TEAM BEAT THEM?

These two sorrel geldings, Stub and Major, comprise the sole Michigan State College team picked to pull against farm entries in a new type endurance contest to be staged in the annual Farmers' Day program at Michigan State College, Friday, July 30.

ที่สุดทุกที่สุดสารทุกที่สุดทุกที่สุดทุกที่สุดทุกที่สุดทุกที่สุดทุกที่สุดทุกที่สุดทุกที่สุดทุกที่สารทุกที่สา

the team

Teams To Pull

Addition of a trophy for the best teamster as well as one already an-nounced for the best team is heightening interest in a new type endurance contest for horses. The competition will be staged for the opening feature of the annual Farmers' Day feature of the annual Farmers' Day the best showing in horsemanship. program at Michigan State College, The audience will be asked to consid-Friday, July 30.

Entries by farmers are to be matched against a team of college ance and stability of the equipment red sorrel geldings. Stub and Major, and 20 per cent for the quietness and Belgians, represent what Ralph Hudson, college farm superintentient, believes are models for horses which show superior willingness, endurance

Trophies are offered by the Michigan Horse Breeders' association. dent of the association. This association is cooperating with the college in

One trophy will go to the team | Baldwin, extension director.

laugh or even smile; the clown ways are in happy accord with the Sunburned Pigs. merry circus throng. The great death defying wizards of the air, nimbly float through space, defying the fears of danger that you and I may be entertained.

"Lewis Bres." Big 3 Ring Circus and Menagerie comes to Boyne City not as an unknown quantity but a tried and proven organization of real merit, --- whose motto is "give the people their money's worth and even more.'

We anticipate the kiddies as well as we grown-ups will have our community well represented on that day. While some will like the lions, ele-

phants and tigers and the wilder animals of the jungle, many will be amazed at the beautiful horses, ponies and dogs, say nothing about the great herd of traned goats, an animal we all thought was hopeless.

placing first on the basis of the great-Mr. Lewis superintends all perforest total distance in three consecutive mances in person and extends a hearon Farmers' Day pulls. Thirty seconds for intermissions are to be allowed for rest between ty invitation to the patrons to visit all departments before or after the pulls without unhitching. The teams main exhibition. The Lewis Bros, must pull the college dynanometer set for a pull one half the weight of Circus has become an institution and ranks far shove the average circus playing these size towns. There will

The other trophy is to be awarded by popular vote of the crowd. The trobe two performances, one in the afternoon at two, and the other at 8 in phy is offered the teamster making the evening, and the prices are most nusual, — a nominal sum of 20c for children and 35c for grown-ups. er each driver and award 50 per cent These prices alone insure, a packed for driving, 30 per cent for appear-

good manners of the team.

Preparations are being made to entertain the thousands of Michigan farmers who annually attend this ummer program which offers an insight into college research, projects in griculture, entertainment and an afternoon program. Addresses will be made by E. L. Anthony, dean of agriculture, V. R. Gardner, director of the experiment station, and R. J.

Take More Feed

Sunshades for hogs might seem like an expensive luxury. But experi-ments and experience at Michigan

State College prove that a sunburned pig delays gains for two or three months before recovery and that the pig costs more to place on the market. A hot summer in which consider-

able rain occurs is a season in which. the irritation shows up the most, according to V: A. Freeman, extension specialist in animal husbandry at the

White pigs are especially sensitive to the burning rays of summer sunshine. Whether the wet surface of a hog burns more easily, or whether the rain clears up the atmosphere so that rays of the sun are able to pen-

etrate, the hogs seem to suffer most n weather similar to that in southern Michigan the past few weeks:

A sunbarned pig acts quite human with his symptoms. He is sore and uneasy and runs around and shakes his head. Redness appears on the skin around the ears and neck or perhaps on the entire upper part of the Itching follows and this helps pig. scatter mange and lice when the animals scratch themselves.

Shade is the best preventive. Another management practice is to keep the animals out of pasture when it is wet with dew or rain. If natural shade is not available, then posts may be set up and boards laid on top for temporary shade. Poles and straw are also used.

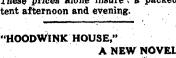
For burn treatment, Freeman recommends a mild antiseptic to cut down excessive rubbing. ner who loved to live but who found can be applied. It is made of equal out how much joy there is in living parts of lime water and raw linseed oil. This soothes the hide and help ly, the great human interest maga-zine, with the July 18 issue of The containing gasoline increases the containing gasoline increases the irritation after sunburn.

A NEW NOVEL

An absorbing tale glorifying ro-mance that lasts forever . . . a gripping story about a beauty prize win-

to love, starts in The American Week-Detroit Sunday Times.

'HOODWINK HOUSE,"



THE CHARLEVOIX COUNTY HERALD, (EAST JORDAN, MICH.), FRIDAY, JULY 16, 1937

H: Servis - 2019 News Review of Current Events

STEEL GOES BACK TO WORK Two-Thirds of Idle Have Returned . . . Riots Kill Two In Aluminum Strike . . . Siege of Madrid Gets Setback

Edward W. Pickard SUMMARIZES THE WORLD'S WEEK

C.I.O. Steel Grip Loosens THE grip of the C. I. O. con-tinued to loosen in the steel strike as three big independent steel corporations-Republic, Bethlehem and Youngstown Sheet & Tubereported more than two-thirds of their idle mill hands had returned to work. This covered plants in Ohio and Pennsylvania. Inland, the fourth of the steel independents, announced that it was operating with its normal force of 13,000 in Indiana since it and the Steel Workers' Organizing Committee signed a compact with the state labor commission. Steel production in the Youngstown, Ohio, area, one of the principal scenes of strike violence, climbed to 76 per cent of capacity, 3 per centage points above the operating figure before the start of the strike.

Strike Riot Kills Two

O NE striker and one policeman were killed and twenty men were injured at an aluminum plant in Alcoa, Tenn., when rioting broke out as 3,000 strikers started a backto-work movement. The plant, belonging to the Aluminum Company of America, had been closed since May 18, when the strike was called by the Aluminum Workers of America. an affiliate of the American Federation of Labor. Difference in wages paid at Alcoa and at the company's plant in New Kensington, Pa., was the issue in the strike. State troops were on hand, but Adjt.-Gen. R. O. Smith, in charge, said that they were there merely to protect rights, and no martial had been declared.

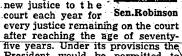
Lewis Scans the Sea

OHN L. LEWIS sought to expand the scope of his Committee for Industrial Organization by invading the maritime industry. With Harry Bridges, west coast longshoremen's leader, he sought to unify scattered maritime unions in one big industrial organization dominated by the C. I. O. The American Federation of Labor already has two strong unions in the maritime field, so this action brings Lewissinto another point of friction with William Green's or-ganization. The nation has 250,000 marine and coastal workers.

'Compromise' Takes Bow SENATOR M. M. LOGAN, Democrat, of Kentucky, presented the "compromise" version of the Pres-

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ident's Supreme court bill to the senate, apparently with the blessings of Majority L e a d e r Joseph T. Robinson and the chief executive. In form an amendment to and substitute for the old Ashurst administration bill, the new draft authorizes ap-pointment of one





Amelia: Lost in the Pacific.

from other fronts, delaying tempo rarily the drive on Santander, next rebel objective on the Biscayan coast

Meanwhile, the fall of Bilbao was expected to add 150,000 refugees to the constant stream pouring into loyalist Valencia. Although some of the refugees remained in France where they were first taken, the vast majority preferred to go to Catalonia, where the government takes care of them at its own expense. Nearly 1,500,000 have arrived in Valencia since the start of the war and 300,000 have remained there.

Bingham's 4th of July

R OBERT WORTH BINGHAM, United States ambassador to London, became the third prominent American to bring down the fury of Nazi Germany's officialdom and press when, in an Independence day. speech before the American society in that city, he declared Unday. cle Sam had been forced by the dictator countries to join Britain in an armament race. Mayor LaGuardia of New York and Cardinal Munde-lein of Chicago had been other recent Nazi targets.

The ambassador was quoted as "There must be some (of saying: the dictatorships) who realize that they have imposed upon the British commonwealth and the United States an armaments race.

"We did everything in our power to avert it, but it is a race, and the British and ourselves must inevitably win. I admit the strongest an guments that can be made for dictatorships—they offer a better method of preparing for war. But I am sure that democracies provide a better way to finish a way

The Nazis charged that the ambassador had insulted Germany and Italy with his "arrogance and ig-norance." Voelkischer Beobachter, Voelkischer Beobachter the official newspaper, added: "If there is any talk of defense, then we should speak of defense against the arrogant and teacher-like attitude of the defenders of western ideals."

Navy Hunts for Amelia

F OUR ships of the United States Γ navy, with attendant airplanes; two ships of the Japanese navy, and a British freighter scoured the court each year for Sen. Rounsy-court each year for Sen. Rounsy-every justice remaining on the court after reaching the age of seventy-five years. Under its provisions the Bresident would be permitted to No. 1 woman flyer, and her navibeen forced down before completing the 2,570-mile hop from New Guinea to Howland island, a "leg" of their 'round-the-world flight. Signals-received from the hapless flyers were so weak that it was impossible to tell whether they were affoat at sea or marconed on some tiny island, and as the days passed it became doubtful that many of the radio messages which served as clues for the searchers were from the two at all. Storms over the area of the sea in which they were believed lost hampered searchers and minimized possibilities of a rescue. So alarmed was the world at the loss of Amelia and her companion, the United States even sent out the giant aircraft carrier Lexington with 98 planes aboard, which, it was said, could explore an area of 36,000 square miles in five or six hours.

Uncle Sam Checks Up

UNCLE SAM wound up the 1937 U fiscal year with a net deficit of \$2,707,347,110, or about \$150,000,000 more than President Roosevelt estimated last April, according to the report of the United States Treas-

ury. The gross national public debt climbed to a total of \$36,424,613,732 as of June 30. it was shown.

Receipts for the period just closed were the largest in 16 years, amounting to \$5,293,840,236, com-pared with \$4,115,956,615 for the 1936-37 year and about \$70,000,000 in excess of estimates. Expenditures were \$8,105,158,547, including \$103,-933,250 for debt retirement originally planned for that period but carried over into the current year. Completion of the debt retirecompletion of the debt retire-ment program as previously con-templated would have called for the expenditure of \$404,525,000, which would have placed the gross deficit above the \$3,000,000,000 mark.

In the 1936-37 period, recovery and relief costs were more than \$400,-000,000 below the total for the year before, amounting to \$2,846,462,932 against \$3,290,927,869.

Reliable authorities around the capitol said that as soon as all appropriation bills for the 1938 fiscal year were cleared, the President would direct the heads of all government departments to impound 10 per cent of their appropriations, exclusive of fixed charges, in an attempt to balance the budget. Experts said that a maximum of \$400,-000,600 could be saved in that way. The prospective net deficit for 1938 was estimated at \$400,000,000.

Ford Tests Labor Board

THE national labor relations board is receiving its most exacting test in the hearings at Detroit on the United Automobile Workers' union complaint that the Ford Motor company is guilty of unfair labor practices. The U. A. W. U. is a C. I. O. affiliate; Ford is

It was expected that the hearings night take a long time and may eventually reach the United States Supreme court. After the hearings in Detroit a board examiner will draw up "intermediate findings" and send them to the NLRB in Washington Washington, accompanied by a transcript of the evidence and briefs of both sides. The board will then either order the Ford Motor company to "cease and desist" its unfair practices or dismiss the union's charges. Appeal may be taken to the United States circuit court of appeals, which has the power of enforcement which NLRB lacks. The case may reach the Supreme

One of the allegedly unfair practices to which the U. A. W. A. objects is distribution of anti-union literature by the Ford company to its employees. The company charges that a denial of this would violate constitutional guaranties of free speech and a free press.

Mediators Blame Steel

THE federal mediation board named by Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins, which reached a deadlock and gave up in its efforts to help the C. I. O. affiliated Steel-Workers Organizing Committee and the independent steel corporations solve their difficulties, laid the blame for its failure at the door of

the steel concerns. "We cannot but believe that the bitterness and suspicion which sep-parate the two sides would be allayed by a man-to-man discussion around the conference table between the heads of the four companies and the union representatives, and that the only present possible hope of



in New York city and save his own New York city budget.

Another phase of the debate

should be noticed. It was the re-

luctance of congress to reassume

its right to direct and control the

spending of federal funds. The above-mentioned Mr. Hopkins wants

to be free and unfettered in his

spending and those policies were

the ones he recommended to Mr. Roosevelt. Consequently, with ad-

ministration pressure on many sen-

ators, the Hopkins idea prevailed

and so for another year congress

must sit back and watch the Hop-

kins organization spend money vir

I think there ought to be a les

son in this whole situation upon which the country can look back

rather regretfully. The experience

gained by making lump sum ap-

propriations certainly shows how a

bad habit can be contracted and

how difficult it is to cure that habit.

Seldom in history until this depres-

sion would congress ever vote lump

sum appropriations for executive

departments to spend as they will.

Having contracted the habit, how-ever, it is going to be difficult here-

after to deny any President lump sum appropriations, provided only that he has a substantial majority

No doubt many persons will won-

der why this sort of thing consti-tutes an important issue. The an-

swer is simple. Governments are wasteful and the federal govern-

ment, being larger than state or lo-

cal governments, is just that much

more wasteful and unable to handle

money carefully. If states and lo-

cal communities have to bear ex-

penses of this sort out of their own

treasuries, they see to it that only

those entitled to relief obtain it. Un-

happily, the national relief system

is caring for thousands upon thou-sands of men who could get jobs

and who could support their fami-

lies but who will not do so as long

as money is given them from Wash-

Since the national debt is at the

highest point in the history of our nation, there is a growing convic-

tion at the Capitol that a halt must

be called sometime. The present trouble is that there are not yet

enough courageous representatives

and senators to force a stoppage in

While the steel strike blazed forth

While all of the sensational things

were happening on the steel front.

job as assistant relief administrator

of a new labor unit to be associated

was damaged. lit-

paid to a develop-

tle attention

ington.

in the house and senate.

tutes an important issue.

tually any way it desires.

Washington .- It appears that another session of congress will go by Spending gress and the administration doing Will Go On

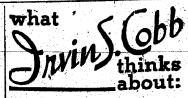
anything serious in the way of cutting down government expenses. There is nothing that can be done now toward carrying out the expressions made by President, Roosevelt in his message last January when he' told congress that he wanted to cut federal expenses and take important steps to-ward balancing the federal budget. The reason that federal spending is due to go on for another year at the extraordinary rate of the last four or five years is because a majority in congress, under the lash of the White House, refused to require states and local governments to percentage of the relief costs. bear a In other words, federal spending will go on because congress and the President have lacked the courage to start taking the federal government out of the relief work and gradually restore it to the care of those folks in the various communities who know where relief is need-

There had been a very determined movement in congress to compel the states to share in the gigantic relief burden. It took on various forms and had various sponsors. But the end and aim of all of them was to divide the cost in equitable fash-

ion. The proposal that had the best chance of getting through was one offered by Senator Robinson of Arkansas, the Democratic leader in the senate. He offered an amend-ment to the relief bill which would have, required the states to contribute one-fourth of the amount expended in each state, with the fed-eral Treasury supplying the remainder. When that amount was offered, it was something in the nature of a compromise between proposals that the states should bear 40 per cent and that they should bear none of the cost. With the White House op-erating through the President's lob-Charles West, and Senator bvist. Barkley of Kentucky, the adminis-tration was able to force defeat of the Robinson amendment.

Now. Senator Barkley is assistnt Democratic leader of the sen ate and so we had the spectacle of one of Mr. Roosevelt's spokesmen being on one side and a second one on the other side. The one who was spurred on by the President

such spending. was victorious. I am not sure that the Robinson with battle after battle, blood was shed and property. proposal would have resulted in an appreciable reduction in the federal 'outlay for relief. Of course, it would have cut the total somewhat but not by the full one-fourth that ap ment here in the nation's capital-in peared on its face. It was valuable the government itself. as a piece of legislation, however, because it would have required the states again to assume some of the one Jacob Baker was resigning his burden which only a few years ago they carried in its entirety. It was a principle for which Senator Roband was accepting the job of chief inson fought and it was a principle upon which he was defeated bewith John L. Lewis and his Committee for Industrial Organization. cause Harry Hopkins, relief administrator, objected and still objects Mr. Baker's unit is to be made up to returning any part of the relief of government workers themselves, obligation to the local authorities. a labor union in the government of I suspect that Senator Robinson's the United States.



Seeking Contentment.

SANTA MONICA, CALLE. -Out in the desert country I met kindly, hospitable folk bravely making the best of things on remote, small homesteads.

On little far-away ranches, on reservation trading posts, they are educating their children

by resolute self-sacrifice; keeping in touch with the world through - r a d i o, through books and magazines.andnewspapers; and al-most invariably con-tent with their lives and proud of their struggles and living comfortably - yes, and happily-within



their means, how-Irvin S. Cobb

ever meager. Then I come back to crowded cities where wealth seems only to make the inmates dissatisfied because somebody with greater wealthputs on a gaudier show of ostentation and extravagance. And I see the man who feverishly is striving after riches so that when he breaks down he may afford the most expensive nerve specialist. And the spoiled woman who was born with a silver spoon in her mouth, but judging by her expression the spoon must have been full of castor oiland the flavor lasts. And the poor little rich children who have everything now and so will have nothing -except maybe dollars-when they grow up.

Curious, isn't it, that so little buys such a lot for some people and such a lot buys so little for the others?

The Return of Prosperity.

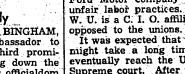
CAN'T help gloating over what appeared in this space when I predicted that the temperamental and fickle bird of passage known as prosperity was winging its way back. Because the Better Business bureau reports that sellers of nogood stocks are showing increased activity.

Moreover, I hear that for the first time in years practically all the veteran bunco-steers are off relief. The lean times when the locusts of depression gnawed away our sub-stance must indeed be over if the customers begin to nibble more freely at the same dependable old baits. So, as he thumbs his copy of the sucker list against the morrow's campaign, I seem to hear Mr. Henry J. Slickguy (late of Leavenworth but now opening offices in the Wall street district) murmuring to him-

self: "Happy days are here again! Drouth may kill the corn, Rust rots the wheat. Boll weevils destroy the cotton. But, thanks be, there's one crop in America which never fails!" Have you a little gold brick in your home, dear reader? Well, don't worry, nobody's going to be slighted. Ere long you'll get your chance to invest in one.

Making Mental Slips.

THE most incredible thing has come to pass. Here I go along, year after year, building up a rep-utation for inveriably being right, the same as George Bernard Shaw and Mme. Secretary Perkins. - Then -bango!-I make one little slip and the trusting reader is shocked from



court if the Constitution is involved.

name one new justice this year (be-sides filling the vacancy left by the retirement of Justice Willis V an Devanter) and assure him of at least one new appointment to the court in each remaining year of his present term of office. All of the appointments would hinge on the decision of justices seventy-five or older on retirement.

The opposition immediately charged that the new bill was as offensive as the old one. Sen. Burton Wheeler, Democrat, Montana, d: "The compromise is not going said: " to get through. The new bill is just as objectionable as the old, because it seeks to pack the Supreme court just like the original bill did." Sen. Edward R. Burke, Democrat, Neb-raska, said the 43 senators would vote against any kind of measure that would increase the Supreme court.

Some of the other provisions of

the new bill were: Authority for 20 additional ap-pointments to lower courts in the event that judges over seventy fail to retire. The old bill would have permitted 50 new appointments altogether.

Speedy intervention by the gov ernment in cases involving consti-tutionality of federal laws, and speedy appeal to the Supreme court. ___¥___

Rebels Fall from Madrid

SPANISH rebel forces which took **D** Bilbao after the city's first successful siege are still finding Madrid a tough nut to crack. In a two-day battle the lovalist forces broke through the siege lines about the city, captured the villages of Villaneuva de la Canada and Brunette, and threatened to cut the besieging rebels off from their main forces So nearly successful was the at tempt to rout the rebel forces that the latter were forced to admit new troops might have to be withdrawn ····*

Mae West Tells All

I T SEEMS Mae West, buxom blonde cinema menace DID marry Frank Wallace in Milwaukee on April 11, 1911, after all. After stoutdenying the marriage which aroused the whole nation when it was revealed in 1935, she did an about-face and confessed it, al-though denying she had ever lived with the vaudeville player as his wife. Her admission was necessitat ed when she answered Wallace's suit for declaratory relief in a Los Angeles court.

*

Nation Finds More Jobs

NEARLY 35,000,000 persons are now employed in non-agricul tural pursuits, the federal reserve board has announced. This is only 1,000,000 or 1,500,000 shy of the average in 1929 and 8,500,000 to 9,000,-000 more than in March, 1933.

the board's report said.

On the board were Charles P. Taft, chairman; Lloyd-K. Garrison and Edward F. McGrady,

Isolates Paralysis Germ

WHAT the medical profession considers a major step in the conquest of infantile paralysis was taken when Dr. Edward Carl Rose-now announced to 100 physicians, surgeons and medical research workers in Glendale, Calif., that he had isolated the germ which causes it. Dr. Rosenow is professor of experimental bacteriology at the Mayo foundation in Rochester, Minn.

Work with spinal fluid taken from nurses who had contracted the disease at the Los Angeles general hospital in 1934 enabled him to isolate the micro-organism.

Dr. Rosenow said that now the germ has been isolated steps must be taken to develop a serum similar to the serums used in fighting other ravaging contagious diseases

Triple Split for Palestine

P ALESTINE. would be split into three parts and British man-date over the whole country ended, according to suggestions made by the royal commission on Palestine and delivered to the British government. The commission was formed a year ago to find some way of putting an end to Arab-Jewish riots. Under the new plan, about twohirds of Palestine would be converted into an Arab state and about one-third into a Jewish state. A small territory, including the holy cities of Jerusalem, Bethlehem and Nazareth, and a corridor to the sea, would be given to Great Britain as a permanent mandate. It is claimed that the plan would remove the Arabs from Jewish domination, give the Jews a home and protect Christian shrines.

I suspect that Senator Robinson's activities on the relief proposition will not help his relations with the White House but I think it ought to be said that Senator Robinson demonstrated again his capacity as a statesman. He demonstrated as well that he recognizes the dan-gers confronting the United States

Treasury which at the end of the current fiscal year—June 30—had an outstanding debt in excess of \$36,000,000,000.

From among some of the senators I gained the impression that there is considerable worry about the government's spending and they wanted to see the Robinson amendment prevail because they recognized it as a move that would eventually bring federal government spending within control. Also, senators of that school of thought maintained that if states were called upon to bear some of the burden of relief, it would bring home forcefully the fact that all of this spending must sometime be made up out of taxes. People do not like to pay taxes and they cannot be blamed for their attitude Unless they realize, however, that borrowed money is being spent and they and their children and children's children are to be taxed to pay off the loans, they will not be favor of reducing national, state

or local expenses. The debate in the senate on the proposition to send some of the relief burden back to the states showed City Mayors rather plainly that most of the sena-Are Active tors are disgusted with talk that hunger and distress will haunt the land if states are required again to take over some of this charity

work. The impression I gained from this debate was that a powerful lobby of mayors from some of the larger cities was turning on all of the steam it could muster. Mayor La-Guardia of New York was the bold-

est of these as he has been bold

Baker Takes

Labor Job

For some years, there have been minor labor units among govern-ment employees. They were affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. Generally speaking, they were impotent and did little more than create a dozen jobs for the officials of the organization.

Now, however, the government workers are to have a "militant, fighting labor union which will get things done for them." Such at least is the press agent word that has been spread under Mr. Baker's

Mr. Baker is familiar with the problems of government service. Undoubtedly he recognizes that he cannot use the same methods in organizing government workers that are used in private industry. If, for example, he would attempt a strike, I think probably it would be the end of labor organizations in the government of the "militant, fighting" type.

The advance notices concerning Mr. Baker's plans seem to indicate that he is seeking members below the grades of official rank. In other words, if the Baker plans are car-ried out, the new union will be made up of the so-called rank and file. This would seem to be an advantageous arrangement because it eliminates some of the dangers that always develop where bureaucrats and division heads assume too much

authority. There is a danger also in confinng the organization to the rank and file because among the less experienced labor leaders there is always a tendency "to flare up." That is to say, lacking experience they may say things or do things which are regrettable or which they have cause to regret later on. The vio-lence that has shown its ugly head in the steel strike proves this point. So Mr. Baker has his jeb cut out for him in this direction. • Western Newspaper Union

The other day I suggested taxing salaries of governmental em-ployees. Now from all sides I'm ployees. told federal employees are subject. to income taxes; only the vast majority of them, and probably the hardest-worked ones, draw such small wages that they owe Uncle Sam nothing when March 15 rolls, around.

So far as I recall, this is the second time in my life I've been wrong-I can't cite what the other instance was + some very trifling matter, no doubt-but it must have occurred hecause I remember the nation-wide excitement which ensued, with people going around in a daze mutter-"Can it be possible?" ing:

I now admit that early error and the recent one, too, and humbly beg pardon of my devoted public eight of them. It'll never happen again.

. . .

Conquered Champions.

T HAS been brought to the attention of Mr. James J. Braddock. that something happened to him a while back. Probably, by now, he has quit wondering whether many others were caught in the earth-quake, but is reported to be still saying, "Ouch!" at intervals.

And now, as is customary, his backers will insist he demand a return engagement—or disaster—with the Brown Bomber. But if I were Mr. Braddock-game though he be -I think I'd pattern my reply on the example of the gentleman who was knocked galley-west by a hitand-run motorist.....

As the dazed pedestrian was trying feebly to ascertain whether he was all in one piece, a kind-hearted citizen hurried up.

"Have an accident?" he inquired, brightly.

"No, thank you," said the victim; "just had one."

IRVIN S. COBB. O-WHU Service.

THE CHARLEVOIX COUNTY HERALD, (EAST JORDAN, MICH.), FRIDAY, JULY 18, 1937

SOMEONE'S PICKING YOUR POCKET!

It's the Hidden Tax Collector-He Respects Not Even the Real Necessities of Life, and How He Wallops Your Budget!

By WILLIAM C. UTLEY

D^O YOU make \$150 a month? If you do, you'll be interested-and perhaps a little surprised-to learn that the tax collector picks your pocket to the tune of one-eighth of your income. He sneaks enough from the family wallet in two years to buy a new car.

Yes, he picks your pocket. For this "take"—which amounts to 12.7 cents out of every dollar—repre-sents indirect, or "hidden," taxes. They're not like your income tax or personal property tax or a state retail sales tax, for you rarely know when you have to "shell out" for them. They're concealed in the price of the goods and services you buy, even the bare necessities of life such as bread and shoes. "Death and taxes are inevitable"-and all too often invisible.

These are only a few of many il-luminating revelations to come out of a survey just completed by the Family Economics bureau of the Northwestern National Life Insurance company, of Minneapolis. The study was started in Novem-ber, 1935. Records of 208 concerns —public utilities, insurance companies, manufacturers, jobbers and retailers-were investigated "in an effort to measure as accurately as possible the proportion of prices paid by the consumer for which taxes-federal, state and local -are responsible.'

All levies which would not normally be included in the cost of goods and services sold were omitted in the calculations which followed from the original producer to the retailer. The principal taxes entering into the picture then were: Farm and urban realty taxes, per-sonal property and general property taxes of business concerns, exchise taxes, licenses, fees and franchises, moneys and credits taxes, gasoline and oil taxes on motor truck deliveries, import duties and the tax element in freight costs involved in the various steps of distribution

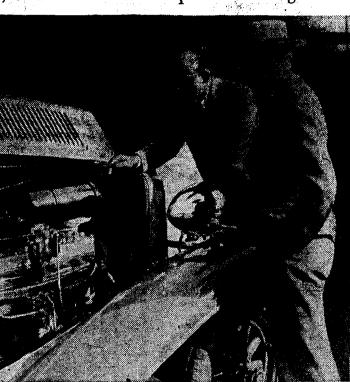
Taxes Are Passed On.

To understand the figures it is necessary to understand how some of these indirect taxes work. "In the case of a retailer who owns the building which houses his store." says the report, "real estate taxes are shown on his books as an item of overhead, and their participa-tion in the 'makeup' which he must add to his cost prices can be measured with considerable certainty.

"However, if he rents his store building, the taxes on the building are necessarily contained in the rental paid, and are just as surely a portion of his overhead expense, even though concealed in the entry rent.

"In the wholesale price which the retailer pays for his merchandise is necessarily contained an overhead element consisting of the real estate taxes on the building occupied by the wholesaler, and just as neces-sarily, taxes on the factory which produced the goods contribute portion of the price charged the jobber by the manufacturer.

"This study," the report contin-"has undertaken to include in



What the salesman doesn't always tell you: The cost of a used ca and its operation include hidden taxes amounting to 20.1 per cent. If it were a new car, the figure would be 21.4 per cent.

their files.

Here's the way the tax collector | were it not for the inevitable taxes.

Tares	with the	it one		
	Pe	Cost r Month	in Cost-	of Tax in Dollars
Foo	1	\$27.00	7.1	\$1.92
Shel	ter	18.00	25.3	4.55
Clot	hing	9.00	8.0	.72
Fue	and Light	6.00	9.5	.57
Trai	sportation treetcar)	4.00	11.0	.44
	reation	2.00	10.0	.20
	rance	2.00	2.6	.05
Sund	ries & Mis		1 St. 1 S	
	llaneous	12.00	10.2	1.22
To	tal	\$80.00 A	v.12.0 12.0	\$9.67
	Taxes of		Income	

There is a slight difference in the proportion of hidden taxes to the spending of a family with an in-come of \$200 a month. This is again accounted for by the automobile,

	as shown:	Cost	% of TAXE	
		Per	Found	Tax in
1		Month	in Cost	Dollars
1	Food	\$48.00	7.1	\$3.41
_	Shelter	. 38.00		9.61
1	Clothing	. 22.00	8.0	1.76
	-Fuel and Light		9.5	1.33
	Transportation			
1	bought new)		~ 21.4*	4.28
		~ 6.00	10:0	.60
	Savings		: ••	
'	Insurance	. 12.00	2.6	.31
	Sundries & Mis			
. 1	cellaneous	35.00	10.2	3.57
	Total			24.87
	Annually	\$2:400.00) 12.4	\$298.44

*Also includes license, and gas and oil sales taxes.

oil sales taxes: ••Tax ratio to total time and demand deposits in banks studied was .2 per _cent: However, the effect of this tax would obviously not be to increase the savings depositor's outlay, but could only affect him by reducing the interest yield on his savings. The moneys-and credits taxes levied by many states are paid directly by depositors, with wide variation in rates and in minimum exemptions.

"After arriving at general tax ratios for the various lines of goods and products represented by the concerns studied," says the report "further studies were made of in



The great proportion of indirect taxes to residential rental costs was

investigated with the aid of real estate companies in 48 cities; rec-

ords on representative local prop-

erties were taken at random from

A total of 7,964 single and multiple

family dwelling units were covered by the final averages. These re-vealed that taxes represented 28

per cent of the current rental rate

of the one-family dwellings studied; 19.2 per cent of the rental rates of

the duplexes and 13.6 per cent of

the rental rates of the apartments.

to apartment dwellings is due," says

the report, "first to the fact that a portion of the apartment rental dol-

lar represents fuel, water, rent, jan-itor service, etc.? second floor space is more intensively occupied.

in apartment buildings, and third, apartment rental rates have in gen-

eral recovered somewhat faster than

house rental rates. In many com-

munities, however, tax rates are

mounting approximately as fast as rental rates are recovering."

Average Motorist Taxed \$48.

the stage where it may be classified as altogether a luxury. But it's a

free luxury for the tax-grabber; in fact it's soft picking for him. Mo-torists paid an average of \$48 apiece

in taxes, direct and indirect, con-

tributing a total of \$1,349,000,000 or

10½ per cent of the nation's entire tax revenues during the fiscal year

ended June 30, 1937, according to

In a detailed advance estimate,, the report sets total federal, state

and local tax collections at \$12,872,-

000,000 for the fiscal year just ended.

General property taxes contribute \$4,718,000,000, and income taxes-federal, state, and local-\$2,629,-

the study

The automobile today has passed

"The notably lower ratio of taxes

from each female breeder. It will be impossible to determine the best families until the sisters of these prospective breeders have been laying at least three months. For those who want to reduce the number of cockerels to be held over the sum mer, the only sensible basis of cull-ing at this date would be hatchabil-ity of the dam and livability to date of brothers and sisters.

Roads Bureau Reports

A recent report by the bureau of public roads of the United States Department of Agriculture describes methods used by state highway departments in eradicating

by hand cutting or by use of chem-icals to kill weeds not reached by the mower. Highways of modern design, with slopes that can be reached easily by mowers and side ditches that can be mowed over. make machine mowing more effecive.

pose of cut or killed weeds. Vari-ous chemicals are particularly adaptable for use along guardrails, around culvert headwalls, and in other places not readily accessible

be made in present methods of weed control and new methods will be discovered, say highway engineers, but effective control is possible with the methods now used. Regardless of methods used, they say it is important that eradication be thorough, for small patches of undam-aged weeds may reseed large areas

Besides being unsightly; roadside weeds may hide highway warning signs, shorten vision, and hinder drainage. Control of roadside weeds directly benefits farmers. Seeds from uncontrolled roadside weeds are carried to adjacent fields by wind, water and birds. Passing automobiles carry seed to distant points to infest new areas.

The bureau of public roads regards weed destruction as part of a permanent roadside-improvement program.

Here and There on Farm



the figures finally attained the principal elements affecting ultimate prices charged, whether actually listed as 'taxes' on the books of the business, or contained as a portion of some other entry.

Social security taxes were not considered, "because they are in a sense deposits for future withdraw-al." Gasoline taxes were computed, because gasoline and oil are sub ject to local taxes in all 48 states the District of Columbia, in and addition to the federal levy.

Tax-Grabber Is Killiov.

The researchers estimated that the average worker's family with an income of \$150 a month spends \$43.50 for food; of this 7.1 per cent, or \$3.09, goes to the hidden fax collector. Of the \$30 spent for shelter, hidden taxes take more than a quarter, \$7.59. They account for 8 per cent of the \$16 clothing bill, or \$1.28. Fuel and light cost \$11, but 9.5 per cent of this, or \$1.05, represents indirect taxes.

The tax-grabber really cuts into the family's enjoyment of life. The cost of an average used car, including license, and gas and oil sales tax, is \$14.50 a month; hidden taxes get 20.1 per cent-\$2,91. And the \$3.00 the \$150-a-month family set aside for recreation includes 30 cents for the tax-grabber, who seldom shows his face.

· Insurance bears a lighter tax load. Of the \$5.00 spent monthly for that protection, only 2.6 per cent, or 13 cents, falls into the hid-den tax barrel. Sundries and miscellaneous items—toothpaste, jewel-ry, tobacco, etc.—which cost \$27 a month a r e burdened with taxes amounting to 10.2 per cent, or \$2.75.

The hidden taxes which eat away at an \$80 monthly income are slightly less in proportion, since it is assumed that such an income does not ordinarily permit the ownership or operation of an automobile.

2.

You'll never recognize 'em. ma lame, but hidden taxes will account for 8 per cent of what you pay for that dress!

dividual products in certain lines in the case of food products, bread, pork, beef, sugar etc. The results of these studies gave an additional series of checks though, necessarily, individual items varied rather wide ly in some cases from the tax pro-portions arrived at for the general group of goods."

The loaf of bread for which you pay a dime bears in its cost 64 of a cent in hidden taxes, the study disclosed. Beef prices contain in-direct taxes amounting to 8.14 per cent; pork prices, 8.04 per cent. A five-pound bag of sugar costs a nickel more than it would if there were no indirect taxes concealed in it.

Rent Boosted by Taxes

If the man of the house buys a suit of clothes for \$25, a portion of that amounting to \$2.62 helps clothe tax collector. If the lady spends the \$5.00 for a pair of shoes, she will never be happy to learn that she could have bought them for \$4.58,

the owners of twenty-eight million motor vehicles ranking a strong third as a source of revenue.

Gasoline and oil taxes, totaling \$884,000,000, make up the bulk of motorists' current tax contribution. Combined federal and state taxes on gasoline average slightly overfive cents per gallon, for the country as a whole.

The purchaser of a new low-priced car pays \$101 in taxes; direct and indirect, during his first year of ownership, according to the study. He pays approximately \$64 in taxes as a part of the original pur-chase price, the study shows. This figure includes \$3.30 estimated tax content in the freight costs, \$14.41 in excise taxes, and numerous direct and indirect taxes which accumulate in material and production costs to an estimated amount of \$46.10.

Computations Conservative. If the motorist operates his car 7,200 miles a season, his gasoline and oil sales taxes will total approximately \$23; with an average cost for his new car license of \$14.50, a motorist thus contributes some \$101.50 in taxes during his first year of ownership.

If, however, the \$64 of taxes contained in the original purchase price is averaged down to an annual depreciation basis of \$10.42, assuming resale or trade-in at the end of the third year for \$350, the motorist's average tax cost becomes \$48.14 annually for the three years, the study shows. This figure is computed on the very conservative op-erating basis of 7,200 miles per sea-

on, the report points out. The owner of a used car in its fourth to seventh year of service contributes an average of \$35 annually in taxes, the study shows, if he operates his car a modest 6,000 miles per season. © Western Newspaper Union

Many poultrymen use electric novers for brooding chicks.

The most effective time to spread oison bran bait for grasshoppers s between midnight and sunrise

Corn now occupies more land than cotton in the South. And a

Duck eggs can be used in any recipe that calls for eggs.

The spray residue tolerance on fruit has been announced for 1937 as .018 grains per pound of fruit.

Hens that fail to respond to good feeding and management during the summer should be disposed of promptly. s 🔹 🔹 🛸

The average hen egg is 13.4 per tent protein and 10.5 per cent fat.

Chicks that are confined are more likely to develop than those that run outdoors early in life.

Golden_Cross Bantam may now be considered the standard variety of sweet corn in New York state.

It is estimated that in the United States 12,000 dozens of eggs are laid every three minutes, day and night, throughout the year.

Although alfalfa adds nitrogen to the soil, it depletes the soil's supply of other plant foods if it is cut for hay.

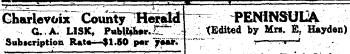
Vegetation, combined with terracing and other mechanical methods of erosion control, is said to reduce soil erosion to a minimum

Milk cows in the United States reached a five-year low of 25,040,000 at the beginning of this year but an increase is expected in the next three years.



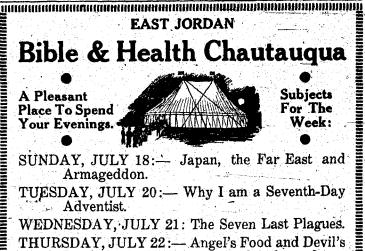
CHEW LONG BILL NAVY TOBACCO

THE CHARLEVOIX COUNTY HERALD, (EAST JORDAN, MICH.) FRIDAY, JULY 16, 1937.



Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lesher and two children of Petoskey called on the A. Reich and R. C. Hayden fam-Ilies Sunday and took their daughter, Miss Emma Ruth; who has spent the week with her grand parents, Mr.

Entered at the Postoffice at East and Mrs. A. Reich at Lone Ash farm. Jordan, Michigan, as second class The ball game Sunday at Whiting Park between Peninsula and Boyne mail matter.



Food. Can a Christian eat as he pleases? FRIDAY, JULY 23:— The Judgment.



Falls teams resulted in Peninsula beating 8 to 5. Clarence Jewett and friend

Muskegon visited his aunt, Mrs. Will Gaunt, several days last week. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Myers 01 Mountain Dist. and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Crowell of Three Bells Dist. joined the Will and David Gaunt

families Sunday evening in a small hirthday party in honor of Will Gaunt's birthday anniversary. They had ice cream and cake.

Master Don Hayden of Detroit, who is spending the summer at Orchard Hill, spent Saturday, Sunday and Monday with his cousin, Master Lloyd Hayden at Pleasant View farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Novack of Mancelona came Monday, July 5th, and picked up Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hay-den and little daughter Shirley, and went on an all day trip to Mackinaw

and other places. Mr. and Mrs. Otto Novack of Mancelona were guests Sunday to a chicken dinner of Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Hayden.

C. A. Crane and Mr. and Mrs. Will Little and son of Detroit came Sunday to Cedar Lodge to visit Mrs. C. A. Crane who is spending the summer there. Mr. Crane and Mr. Little returned to Detroit Monday but Mrs. Little and son will remain for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Newill and three sons of Detroit are expected Thursday to occupy the Crane cotage for two weeks.

Lieut. and Mrs. A. J. Wangeman and little son of Cheboygan CCC Camp, were supper guests of his par-

WANTED	
WANTED — Experienced man wants job as farm hand. — RICHARD HARRINGTON, East Jordan. 28-2	ł
HELP WANTED	

SOUTH WILSON (Edited by Mrs. Luther Brintnall)

We farmers were very thankful for the nice shower which we have been waiting for

Miss Mary Cihak of Detroit spent the Fourth with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Cihak and family, also Sunday callers were Mrs. Frank Cihak and sons of East Jordan. Mike Hitchcock of East Jordan is

working at Luther Brintnall's during

haying. A. J. Franseth of Deer Creek Dist. and relatives of Chicago attended the Christ Evangelical Lutheran Church Sunday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Painter of

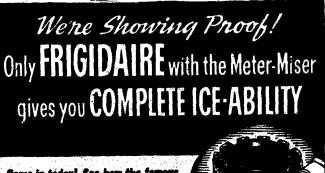
Last Jordan, and relatives of Indiana visited the formers daughters. Mrs. Claude Pearsall, one day last week. Mr. and Mrs. Luther Brintnall and comity way. We denote the second family were Wednesday evening callers of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Cihak and

family. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Zoulek of Echo, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Schmitt of Petoskey and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Zoulek and daughter Margaret Ann were Sunday callers of Mr. and Mrs. Peter

Zoulek and son Donald. Wm. Vrondran is redecorating the outside of his house with a coat of paint.

Mr. and Mrs. Luther Brintnall and family visited at the home of Ernest Schultz Sunday. Joseph Cihak was a Sunday evening caller at the Brinthall home.

Joseph Martinek, Jr., and nephew were business callers at Francis Nem-



Come in today! See how the famous Meter-Miser makes ice cheaper than you can buy it! See the new All-Metal Quickube Tray! And many more amazing demonstrations!

• Frigidaire with the Meter-Miser offers you complete Ice-Ability at amazing saving because the Meter-

Miser is the simplest refrigerating mechanism ever built. Only 3 moving parts, *including* the motor. Freezes ice faster . . . keeps food safer . . . yet cuts current cost to the bone! Runs quiet, trouble-free, year after year. Protected for 5 years against service

expense. Built and backed by General Motors. We're showing PROOF! Come in and see it now!









THE GHARLEVOIX COUNTY HERALD, (EAST JORDAN, MICH.) FRIDAY, JULY 16, 1937.

friends last week

other southern points



Bobby Boice is visiting relatives in-Detroit.

Edd. Strehl is a surgical patient at Lockwood hospital.

Dewey Hosler was a business visitor in Lansing, Wednesday.

Mrs. Joseph Bugai returned Tues-day from a visit in Muskegon.

Mr. and Mrs. Gabriel Thomas are spending a few days in Detroit.

Mrs. Lee Farmer of Grand Rapida is visiting East Jordan relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Fortune were Sunday guests of Mrs. Laura Fuller. 2

Mrs. Lance Kemp visited her mother, Mrs. Ada Olney, at Bellaire last daughter of Flint spent the week end week.

Arthur Dunlap of Saginaw is guest at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Matthews.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Richard Far-mer a daughter, Mary Ann, Friday, July 2.

Mrs. Walter Sedwarft of Chicago visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Langell.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Sinclair and Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Johnstone spent the week end in Detroit.

Courier, last Sunday.

been for the past few weeks.

Ford model A, light Truck for sale

Mr. and Mrs. Clifton Harvey of Flint are guests at the home of Mrs. C. J. Barrie and other relatives.

Joseph Bugai and a party of friends from down state left Sunday for a weeks fishing trip in Canada.

of Plymouth, were week end guests at months with Mrs. Ida Bashaw. the Lance and Walter Kemp homes.

Mr. and Mrs. John Mikula of Holland were guests at the home of Dr. Ivan Castle and son were visitors at and Mrs. G. W. Bechtold over the week end.

their son and brother, Rex Hickox ents, Mr. and Mrs. George Weaver and family.

Fellow and Rebekah Lodges met at have been visiting at the home of the Tourist Park Monday evening for their sister, Mr. and Mrs. Milton Mc-their annual pienic. their annual picnic.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Reigling and guests of Mrs. Reigling's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mike Gunderson.

Mrs. W. B. Fallas and son Claude and daughter Murial, of Grand Bend, Ontario, Canada, are guests of Mrs. F. G. Fallas at the C. A. Brabant

Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Schultz and son of Bay City, and Mr. and Mrs. Mac-Donald and son Jack of Bay City, are resorting in the Nesman Cottage near the Pines.



Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Brown nov occupy the Lewis Ellis house on Williams Street.

> Edd. Stanek is spending a few days at his home in East Jordan, from his work at Elmira.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Bigelow of Flint were recent guests at the home of Mrs. C. J. Barrie.

Carr's Food Shop, Saturday, 17th. Refreshments sorved Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hines of Detroit were guests of Mrs. Mary Ella-10:00 a. m. until 6 p. m. adv. worth the last of the week.

William Jenkins of Boyne Falls was a Sunday guest at the home Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Richards. of

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Martin and with her mother Ida Bashaw.

Miss Minnie Cihak left recently for Walloon Lake where she has employ ment during the summer months.

Mr. and Mrs. Earling Johnson of Jackson were renewing former acquaintances in East Jordan, Saturday.

Miss Aura McBride is spending her vacation with her mother, Mrs. Ro-bert McBride and her sister, Mrs. Kit Carson.

Those desiring pasteurized milk may now obtain same of the Guern-James Courier of Muskegon was sey Dairy, Don Hott Propr., Phone guest of his mother, Mrs. Emma 176-F4. adv. 1

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Graham with Francis Quinn returned Wednes-day, from Kalamazoo, where he has at the farm home of Mr. and Mrs. son, Howard, of Chicago are visiting Joseph Whitfield.

Mrs. John Nickless returned to her cheap, or trade. A dandy Cherry de-home in Standish last Wednesday, af-livery. C. J. Malpass. adv. ter spending several days visiting ter spending several days visiting East Jordan friends.

> Mr. and Mrs. Harold Nagel and sons Peter and William, of Saginaw, are vacationing at the Dedoes Cottage on Lake Charlevoix.

Mrs. A. Berg left for Muskegon with Mrs. Lyle Monroe and children Blanche Curtis and John Ostirout Manth and Jack after spending two

> Rev. and Mrs. James Lietch, Mr. and Mrs. Archie Kowalske, and Mrs. Sault Ste. Marie last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Alba Brooks and Mrs. Rhoda Hicox and daughter children, also Carl Weaver, of Sagi-Miss Lovisa of Detroit are guests of naw, were recent guests of their par-

Mrs. Robert Burch and Mr. and About forty members of the Odd Mrs. Wm. Anderson of Chatham, Ont

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Gardner and son son of Grand Rapids were week end John, and daughter Jane, of Detroit, were guests of Mrs. Gardner's par ents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Sherman last Friday.

> Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Saudel and daughter of Grand Rapids, also Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Born and daughter of Kalamazoo, were Sunday guests of C. H. Dewey at Dewey Dells.

> Dr. and Mrs. James Fairchilds and son returned to their home in De troit, Monday, after a ten days visit wth Mrs. Fairchild's father, Robert Atkinson and other relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Brown and daughter Thelma returned Monday from Grand Rapids, where they spent a few days with their daughter Jean, who underwent an operation at the Blodgett hospital.

Perry May and Family of Mance-lona were guests of East Jordan **Tests** To Stiffen Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Malpass are Passage by the 1937 legislature of pending the week in Detroit and the act earmarking refunds by the state to local governments of 15 cents

Mrs. Henrietta Elbus of Coopers on each operator's and chauffeur's li ville is visiting her sister, Mrs. Robert Sherman and husband. cense issued, to be used to meet costs of examination and education of applicants for these licenses, is a measure which should advance the cause of street and highway safety, in the opinion of Leon D. Case, Secre-tary of State and Commissioner Os-car G. Olander, of the Michigan State Police. pplicants for these licenses, is SANDWICH DEMONSTRATION You are especially invited to attend a Demonstration of Fancy Party Sandwiches, given by Mrs. Henry Rust of the Michigan Bakeries, at Police.

Case, at the request of Olander, July has drawn up a table showing the from sums returned locally during the last three years, so that State Police may stimate results to be looked for from forthcoming local refund revenues which heretofore have gone into local general funds.

For the calendar years 1934 1935 and 1936, the total refunds to local governments was \$307,373. The so-called "uniform operators and chauffeurs license act" went into effect in 1931, and since then, revenues have been high every third year, it being incumbent that licenses be renewed every three years. As a conse-quence, local refunds will show a rise the latter half of 1937 and the early part of 1938, over the preceding two closer enforcement of motor years,vehicle laws also being a factor in the estimate.

Range Shelters Protect Pullets

Losses in pullet raising during hot summer months can be shifted into healthy gains and profitable fall eggs with wise use of a portable range shelter.

Although a shelter able to handle 125 pullets to maturity may cost 20 to 30 dollars for materials, the equipment makes a good investment, according to J. A. Davidson, member of the poultry husbandry department at Michigan State College. One suitable type advised by the

college has a frame nine feet by ten feet. When this is placed in an acre of green feed range the pullets are away from adjoining flocks and the shelter can be moved often enough to avoid contaminated range. Alfalfa or sod is suggested for range. In a sod orchard the better the sod, the less the contamination.

Chicks can be placed in this brooder and range as soon as comparative warm weather arrives in June. Because they have sufficient room on range and in the shelter the unit of 100 to 125 pullets can utilize the equipment until they are ready to go into winter laying quarters. A concise bulletin describes neces-

sary material and gives diagrams of construction. Copies of this hulletin are available by writing Bulletin Room, Michigan State College, East Lansing. The four page publication is called "Extension Bulletin No. 124, Portable Range Shelter."

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

Take Notice that the undernigned intends to make application to the Probate Court for Charlevoix County o change his name to Charles William Taylor at the Probate Office in the City of Charlevoix, Michigan, on the 30th day of August, A.D. 1937, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Dater July 12th, 1937

CHARLES WILLIAM SETTLE.

A rolling sailor gait noted here lately, turned out to be a trailer traveler getting his land legs.



This is our anniversary month, and we are reminded of the many years of service that stretch behind us.

Our progress and the progress of this community have been tied very closely together in these years. We have made many good friends who have been loyal to us, and recollections of their kindness and good will come crowding their way into our an-

niversary thoughts. In looking back, we do not count Time in years alone, but in terms of helpfulness, and of safety and protection to our depositors. But we find our greatest inspiration on our anniversary in looking forward to the thronging years that are coming. They will be filled with opportunities for us - and for you. Let us help each other to make the most of them.

We wish to thank all of our depositors, both for the many favors extended to us and for the good words spoken for us to others. It is a pleasure, also, to offer a cordial welcome to all new friends. We hope they will be many in number, and that the service of this bank will prove as helpful to each one of them, as we shall try to make it.



MEMBER FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

Martha Rave of the films has married one of the most accomplished among life guards on the Coast was even her best friends believe it's no use.

The winner of a beauty contest make-up artists in Hollywood, but 6 feet 4, and 42 inches around the chest. Introducing High, Wide and-Handsome.



C. W. Sidebotham, Pastor C. R. Harper, Foreign Pastor "A Church for Folks." 10:30 a. m. - Morning Worship.

Dean Whitehouse of Albian College will speak. 11:45 a. m. - Sunday School

Church News

St. Joseph Church

East Jordan

St. John's Church

Bohemian Settlement

Rev. Joseph J. Malinowski, Pastor

Presbyterian Church

8:00 a. m. — East Jordan. 10:00 a. m. — Settlement.

10:00 a. m. - Bellaire.

Sunday, July 18th, 1937.

First M. E. Church Rev. J. C. Matthews, Pastor

11:15 a. m. — Church. 12:00 a. m. — Sunday School. 7:00 p. m. - Epworth League

Full Gospel Mission Rev. James Sheltrown - Pastor

Sunday School - 11 A. M. Morning Worship - 12 M. Evangelistic Service - 8 P. M.

Pilgrim Holiness Church Rev. John C. Calhoun, Pastor

Sunday School --- 10:00 a. m. Sunday Preaching Services 11 a.m. nd 7:45 p. m.

Thursday Prayer Meeting 7:45 p.m. Christ Evangelical Lutheran (German Settlement)

V. Felton --- Pastor

2:00 p. m. — Sunday School and Bible Study. 2:30 p. m. — English Worship. Walther League meets every 1st and 3rd Thursday of the month.

Ladies Aid meets every 2nd Thursday of the month.

Latter Day Saints Church Leonard Dudley — Pastor

10:00 a. m. - Church School. Program each Sunday except first Sunday month.

8:00 p. m. - Evening Services. 8:00 p. m., Wednesday - Prayer Meeting. An are welcome to attend any of

these services.

We are not advised how Stanley Baldwin expects to put in his well-earned hours of ease. Still, a pipe that ize can keep a man fully employed.__

Painted Furniture More and More the Vogue!

Don't discard marred and banged up Chairs, Tables, or other odd pieces that seem to fit in nowhere . . . think of them in terms of a new coat of paint ---- dress them ap with





4 HOUR ENAMEL the magic, new, one coat, quickdrying Enamel which takes only one cost and drive in 4 hours. nes in 10 Beautiful Colors.



their three children, who have been sive, but when you say it, smile. occupying Mrs. Abe Carsons "Blue bird Cottage in Cherryvale for the past two weeks, are returning to their home in Flint this Frday;

Tom Shepard and nephew, Claude Shepard, returned home, Tuesday, from an eight day auto trip through the Upper Penneula and Wisconsin. At Parish, Wis, they vsited the for-mer's brother, John Shepard. On the trip they found the state highways in Michgan much better than in Wisconsin, the latter having roads much narrower and much more winding than in Michigan.

The ministers of Northern Michigan and their families had their annual picnic at the East Jordan Tourist Park on Monday. About 60 were present and they all had a very enjoyable time. They were loud in praise of the accomodations of the Tourist Park and of the courtesies of Mr. and Mrs. Joe. Cummings, who were helpful far beyond what is usually expected of the caretakers of such places. Appreciation was also expressed for the part of Charles Dennis is making it an enjoyable day.

Miss Esther Dye. of Detroit and tudent a the University of Michigan, sailed June 25 from New York City on the S.S. Carinthia for ten weeks travel in Europe. Her ship touched port at Glasgow and Dublin before docking at Liverpool. She will travel thru England, Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Holland, Italy & France. From Le Havre she sails for home on the Georgic, Britains largest motor ship, arriving early in September. Her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dye accompanied her to New York, remain-ing for a short visit with Katherine and Bill. They will be at their summer place on Lake Charlevoix in a few days.

the underwent an operation at the lodgett hospital. Mr. and Mrs. Lyle Jepson with the Traiseach. It is probably inoffen-some of the later trailer jobs, seems in affectation, as one can always open in the but when you say it smile. the windows and drive fast.

a truly levely skin, beauty experts recommend the morning 2 minute facial. Wet your face with warm water, massage with thick later ef song, I ringe with warm water, then with cold and pat the akin den.

BEAUTY BEGINS WITH THE USE OF PLENTY OF HOT WATER

• No skin can be truly lovely, no m what cosmetics are used, if it isn't clean And skin cannot be thoroughly cleane WITHOUT PLENTY OF HOT WATER

> INSTANT ABUNDANT CONTINUOUS HOT WATER WILL GUARD YOUR COMPLEXION WITH A

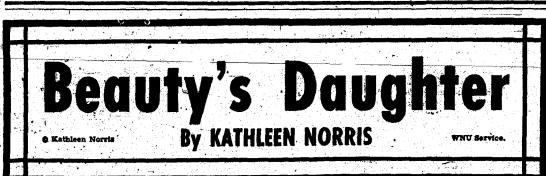
Hothou

ELECTRIC WATER HEATER

ASK ABOUT OUR WATER HEATING RATE!

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY





CHAPTER-XIV-Continued

"Ah, but that's nonsense!" Quentin said in his honest, troubled voice

"Of course it is!" Serena said. She went over and clung to Quentin's arm. He disengaged her hand without seeming conscious of her presence and turned to Victoria. "Why did you come here, dear?" he asked in a concerned, tender voice. "It will only distress you horribly. You don't belong in this!" "Spencer asked for me, Quent." Vic raised her eyes to his and saw Serena, pale and tense and watching, looking at them. And she felt an odd twist of something like pity in her heart.

'Nonsense or not," little Dr. Cudworth said inflexibly, "I couldn't+ professionally I could not ascribe this to a natural illness.

Serena faced him down.

"You could mind your own business!" she said with a hiss on the last word: "If you don't want to do it, knowing, as I told you when you got here, as everyone knows, that he's been a sick man for years, I say that if you don't believe that a man who takes no exercise, and is not strong, could eat something, or take an opiate, that would make him desperately ill, you're a fool! You oughtn't to be practicing medicine. It happens all the time! Men die every day of acute indigestion coupled with heart failure, and if you won't take the responsibility of saying so, Dr. Hardisty will!"

"That couldn't be done, Serena," Quentin said quietly: "I have never had this case. But I'm positive-I don't believe - I know - Dr. Cudworth isn't seriously suggesting-"

"You may do as you think best the other doctor said Doctor." "I would have entire abruptly. faith in anything you saw fit to do. But I personally must decline the responsibility."

'I have nothing to do with it,' Quentin said briefly. Serena turned on him.

"Spencer had acute indigestion and he's got a bad heart," she said. "But believe me, if there's any investigation, if there's one word of talk, you're in this, too, Quentin Hardisty! I'll not stand it. I'll not face a coroner and be questioned, while you are quietly enjoying yourself over there on the lawn with your wife, laughing and carrying the children into the house!"

"I don't think that'll happen," Quentin said. But Vicky saw that his face was pale. "I wish you'd called me earlier!"

"How do you know what'll hap-en!" Serena said. "I know. I pen!" Serena said. can tell you! We had a coroner's investigation when Gita's father died. I know what it means! You'll have to sign that death warrant, Quentin, or I'll have to drag your name into it. You and I've talked of what we'd do if he died; you can't deny that; if they put you on oath! Everyone knows what we've been to each other; you had a motive for giving me something that would put him to sleep. He told Dr. Cud-worth here that I wanted to get rid of him."

Chinese woman as she came toward them. Her jargon was unin-telligible to Quentin. The promised nurse, hatted, coated, cold, rosy, came upstairs. "Amah says Spencer heard your

voice and wants to speak to you,' Vicky interpreted.

"My God, when I saw her face thought the poor fellow was gone!" Dr. Cudworth ejaculated. "So did I!" Vicky said. "Do you mean-" Quentin had clutched her arm; his fingers bit

into it like a vise, he was almost shouting. "What d'you mean? Isn't

shouting. "What d'you mean? Isn't he gone?" "Oh, no; but Quentin, there's no hope," Vicky said.

"Master say other doctor come now," the amah said in a singsong. "Yes, come in with me, for God's

sake, Hardisty, and see what you think!" Cudworth said, as they all went together to Spencer's door.



"I've Got an Even Break?' Spencer Asked.

Vicky heard Quentin mutter as if he spoke to himself: "We all stand there talking while the poor fellow dies!'

Then they were in the sickroom: Vicky watching her husband's, rather than the patient's, face, her own face reflecting the fluctuations of feeling she saw there.

"Quentin," the sick man said clutching at his hand, all personal feeling forgotken in the grips of life-and death, "you can do something for me, can't you? For God's sake get me out of this, operate, do any-thing! That ass there," he whis-Pered, with a flickering glance at that agitated Cudworth, "tells me I'm washed up." There's something you can do?' Quentin spoke urgently, definite-

"Vic, get to a telephone and tell Anna to come over right away with that big package that's on my desk; it's from Lengfeld's-she can't miss Rush, it! And just as soon as ït. you've done that, get the amah to get plenty of hot water, boiling watin said. "But she could do enough to ruin us all. We'd have to go away, Vic."

"We'd go away." "And the story would follow us, and follow the children. That's all I've done to you!" Quentin said. "The woman—the amah—has produced a bottle, half full, that would kill ten men. Our one hope is that it was about a ten-times dose, and in lemonade. Lemon is the only anti-acid that touches it! If anything saves him, that'll save himthat is, if we get to the kidney in time."

"You will!" Vicky said, with her faithful eyes on his and her world rocking about her and her lips white.

"You believe in God, don't you?" Quent asked, almost absentminded-

"I do." "Then-while I'm in there, you

pray, Vic." He kissed her without smiling, without seeming even to see her; released her from his arms. "My God, you are a tower of strength to me," he said. "You are rock of help! Pray for everything we've got, while I'm in there-the kids and the home-everything! I always thought - I always thought," Quentin muttered, turning away, "that I'd like my boys be proud of their father. My to kids.

He went into the sickroom, and Vicky waited. There was a big Spanish chair in the upper hall of the Morrison place, and she sat in it and clasped her hands to keep them still and prayed. A Navaio blanket, richly striped with yellow and black and scarlet, had been hanging over the black iron railing of the stairway; she wradped it about her; the night was bitterly

CHAPTER XV

cold.

Silence and night and vigil. Unseen somewhere a clock struck the hours and the half-hours; outside in the dark a rising wind whined uneasily, and now and then a broken branch skittered on the tiling of the roof. In the upper hallways of the Morrison house one lamp burned softly, steadily; from the half-open door, that led into Spenroom /came sounds: Low .cer's the creaking of a bed and voices, the clinking of ice, and once a sort of bubbling groan that made Vicky's heart stop for a moment

in terror. She prayed, trying not to think, drowsed, awakened with a start to find that it was not all a strange dream. She really was here in the Morrison house in the middle of the night, Quentin was behind that bedroom door, bringing all his skill, every ounce of strength and knowledge and inspiration that he could muster to the saving of Spencer Morrison's life, and Serena was in her bedroom only a few feet away somehow living-through the hours that would decide whether or not she would be tried on a charge of murder.

What was she doing? Vicky wondered. She had swept away from rlior had up hours

SCHOOL Lesson By REV. HAROLD L. LUNDQUIST. Desn of the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago. © Western Newspaper Union. Lesson for July 18 LESSON TEXT-Exodus 3:13-16; 4:10-16

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

GOLDEN TEXT-The Lord will give trength unto his people.-Psaim 23:11, PRIMARY TOPIC-when Moses Was Afraid. JUNIOR TOPIC-Moses Made Ambassa

dor. INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC-God Stands by His Workers. YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC-Strong in the Strength of God.

Never in a hurry! Who? God. He needed a human leader to bring his chosen people up out of the bondage of Egypt and he spent 80 years getting him ready-40 years learning all the wisdom of Egypt, and 40 years learning the lessons of God, patience and humility, on the back side of the desert.

Infinite and omnipotent is God, and he may move with faster-than-lightning speed. But usually we find him working out his blessed pur-poses, normally, quietly, but always "on time." Our lesson brings before us the

meeting with God which preceded the appearance of Moses as the head of the nation of Israel in its mighty conflict with Pharaoh. We find him first proceeding with commendable care but then going on in unfortunate humility which amount-ed almost to unbelief and which resulted in the substitution of his brother Aaron as his spokesman, but eventually we do see him going about his difficult task with resolution and courage. I. Justifiable Caution (Exod. 3:13-

frock with its swirling skirt and delicately slim waist. You should see her of an evening in the out-Neither God nor man dare entrust high and difficult commission to a foolish man who brusquely "rushes in where angels fear to door terrace. She's a picture in black gossamer chiffon trimmed tread." The fact that one feels fully and unhesitatingly qualified to tread." with white satin. And to think, she made it all herself! take over such a responsibility is almost a certain indication that he

is not the man to assume it. The ambassador must have cre-dentials. God's representative has them. When "they shall say"—what an important and difficult situation that creates. The one who speaks for God must expect not only the scornful bitterness of God's enemies, but also the unbelieving questions of those he seeks to serve.

that "I AM" had sent him. This name of God reveals him as the eternal, independent, self-sufficient, self-existent, immutable, personal being. Consider, Christian brethren whose we are and whom we serve, Here indeed is "inspiration in ex-cess of duty," real equipment for Christian life and service. But Moses seems to be unable to

see beyond his own human infirmity even in the light of such a glorious revelation, supplemented as it was by miraculous powers, and we find him showing an II. Unjustified Humility (Exod. 4:

20 (32 to 44 bust). Size 16 re-quires 4% yards of 39 inch ma-terial plus 1½ yards of ribbon, 10-12).

When God calls a man he knows his limitations-why then should one and 3 yards of trimming. plead them as an excuse for not serving? The excuse of Moses that he was not a fluent speaker has been the stand-by of unwilling workto lead a prayer meeting, teach a ers all through the ages. When asked Sunday School. class, conduct young people's meeting, thousands have lamely thus excused them-

selves and missed a blessing.



dressed right up to the hilt.

Miss M, picturesque blonde, above, left, knows what glamour

s and how to have it. That's why

Miss Y, the sports enthusiast

at the right, says that her three piece ensemble is so very, very

and practical she wears it almost

to the exclusion of her other

frocks. Her idea is to soak up

as much sunshine as possible, and dress. Take a tip from Miss Y.

Make your version of this en-semble in duplicate for all sum- mer wear. Have one in seersuck-

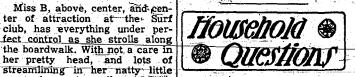
Pattern 1241 is for sizes 14 to

er, the other in acetate.

borers and now they're off reap-Pattern 1316 is designed for ing the rewards. Yes, they're vaizes 12 to 20 (30 to 38 bust). cationing - and how! But, of 14 requires 4 yards of 39 inch course, Sew-Your-Own had them material.

Pattern 1335 is designed for sizes 12 to 20 (30 to 38 bust). Size 14 requires 4¾ yards of 39 inch material-for the dress and shorts. and 1 yard for the topper. The dress alone requires 3% yards. Send your order to The Sewing Circle Pattern Dept., Room 1020. 211 W. Wacker Dr., Chicago, Ill. Price of patterns, 15 cents (in coins) each.

C Bell Syndicate.-WNU Service.



Cooking Sour Fruit-Sour fruit will require much less sugar, and be more digestible, if a dessertspoonful of syrup and a pinch of bicarbonate of soda are added after cooking.

Measuring Sugar-One pound of granulated sugar equals two cups. One pound of spowdered or con fectioner's sugar equals two and one-half cups.

Why Pans Warp-Aluminum cooking pans are frequently warped out of shape by repeatedly putting cold water in them while they are still hot.

_____ • · • To Freshen Coconut-Shredded coconut, which has become dry, can be freshened by soaking it in sweet milk a few minutes before using. WNU Service.



sports dress, she walks with confidence and pride. She has a clever way of achieving variety by switching scarfs and belts. In fact; she's so clever she made this little number, button holes and all, in one day without a

"What shall I say?" asks Moses, and God answers that he may say

hitch.

Quentin asked in an undertone, as the breathless voice died to silence. "This isn't your sort of thing." "No, Vic won't go," Serena said

at white heat. "You don't think Vic doesn't know that you love me, that you've been following me, making me presents, writing me letters."

Quentin looked at Vicky, looked away; he spoke quietly. "Vicky knows just how badly I've

treated her, Serena," he said. "She's always known, from the beginning. I'm not trying to wriggle out of that. If you were really fool enough to give Spencer sleeping powders or anything else, I'm in it with you. There's no question that you can drag my name and my children's names in the mud, if you want to. You can take those letters into court-"

for Spencer . rupted him.

'Letters saying ' everything," Quentin said in a low voice, with a level glance at her. "Letters saying everything!" he repeated. "But one thing isn't true," he went on slowly. "I've never loved but on slowly. on slowly. "I've never loved but one woman in all my life; never, no matter what I said or wrote or did. I've always loved my wife, al-ways, always held her in a place by herself!"

Vicky went over to him and dropped her hand into his, but he did hot glance at her or seem to know that she was there. "How nice!" Serena said. "So]

pay the bill alone. How very nice!" "No, you and I'll both pay!" Quentin said. "And she'll pay, too. It means disgrace for us all

There was a sound at the door of the invalid's room; the amah came out with an agitated face, shaking her head. Serena gave a short ejac ulation and, turning, went across the hall to her own room and went into it and closed the door. The two doctors and Vicky faced the

ter. I suppose there's a table here, a long table, flat—"

"You think so, Doctor?" faltered the other doctor. "I know so!" Quentin shouted,

suddenly mad with impatience. "Just lie quiet there, Spencer," he added to the patient, "and we'll get you out of this if we can."

'I've got an even break?" Spen-

"Not quite so good. We won't know quite what chance you've got until we've gone a little further. Ah, here's our nurse. We want a surgiant cal bath here, nurse, as fast as you can manage it; we've no time to waste.'

Vicky ran downstairs, ran upstairs for sheets; Serena was not in evi-dence, and nobody asked for her. The nurse suggested a rubber sheet and Anna panting in with the big bundle, was sent flying back to the Hardistys' for one. Presently there was nothing for Vicky to do except sit on a chair in the hall and waitand think-and wait. Quentin came out with a nurse's white apron tied on him back to front and asked for soda, just

plain kitchen soda. "And you might as well go home Vic; this'll take it out of you.' "No, I'll wait. Quent, has he s

chance?" "I'm afraid not, but we'll try.

They're putting him under now; we'll know in an hour."

"She couldn't"-Vicky glanced at the closed door of Serena's room-Whispered.

"I don't know. But it's not for him I'm fighting, Vic," Quentin said. "It's for all of us. It's touch and go now; if he lives, we live, and if he dies, I may have gotten you into something you'll never get out of, my dear.

'You'll be in it, too!"

get me in as an accomplice," Quen- lapsed in 1921.

her bedroom door upon whatever she was experiencing, suffering. Furious with fear, the accusing eyes of both doctors upon her, their flat refusals to perjure themselves in protecting her still ringing in her astounded ears, and Spencer struggling in death throes of her causing, she had angrily withdrawn. Had she flung herself down on her bed and fallen into dreamless sleep? Vic

ondered. "But I'm just magnifying the whole thing into an absolute buga-boo!" Victoria told herself. "It "Ít won't happen that way! Spencer will die of an operation, Quentin can sign a certificate about that, anyway, and Cudworth won't talk, 's got his own professional repu

tation to protect, he doesn't want to be mixed into any murder trial! She'll go away, and this time next year we'll be worrying about something else!"

She could, reassure herself for a moment; then the solitude and silence of the night began to work their spell again, and Victoria felt with a sort of desperation that if Questin didn't come out of that room pretty soon . .

The amah appeared presently, looking like a little old mahogany carving in a black-and-white cotton coat.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

Interchurch World Movement-

The interchurch world movement originated in 1918, and projected the raising of a vast amount of money — one billion dollars — for the spread of the gospel and Christian religion on entirely undenomi-national lines. It also projected the use of the influence of the church in bettering social, eco-nomic and industrial conditions, and for this end caused surveys to be financed and made. The move-

The perfect answer of God in v.11 merits attention. God made your mouth and mine. He gives us the He asks not the power of speech. eloquence of polished rhetorical periods, or the flights of man's imagination. He wants but the incom parable eloquence of his own words on our lips. Dr. Richard Ellsworth Day in "Bush Aglow" rightly points out that this was the secret of the power of D. L. Moody.

III. Unnecessary Substitution (Exod. 4:13-16).

Loving and patient is our God, but there is a boundary line to that patience. Moses went too far in his humility and reflected on the ability of God, who promptly substituted Aaron as the spokesman.

Gracious was He in thus providing a helper for Moses. But one wonders what Moses missed of blessing and power because of his slowness of heart.

IV. "And Afterward" (Exod. 5:1). Commissioned, bearing creden-tials from the infinite and eternal "I AM," and with a strong and elo-quent brother by his side, Moses stands before Pharaoh to say in God's name, "Let my people go." Preparation and the holy privilege of fellowship with God are to make us ready for service. While it is folly to go unprepared, it is double folly to prepare and then fail to go

Morning and Evening Prayer It is well to let prayer be the first employment in the morning and the last in the evening .- M. Luther.

As He Sees Us

when God commands.

As we come to know ourselves through and through, we come to see ourselves more as God sees us.

.

The Counters of Wise Men Words are the counters of wise men, and the money of fools,-Hobbes.



Chic Swim Suits and Deck Fashions GOOD TASTE

By CHERIE NICHOLAS



decidedly practical and dependable when occasion demands. Be assured when it comes to proper clothes for outdoor activities modern fashion is displaying an efficiency that is equal to every demand for practicality and wearability plus all that can be desired in the way of smart style. It is really amazing and most gratify-ing to see how skilfully the esthetic and the utilitarian combine in present day apparel.

Speaking of fashion from the practical viewpoint, have you noted the clever use being made of denim in the sportswear realm, just plain ordinary denim such as is used for workmen's overalls? Designers are making the swankiest tailored jack-et suits of it. Goodlooking? Yes, indeed, and as to withstanding strenous wear and tear, we leave that for you to figure out for yourself. Slacks and shorts of denim too, are n the sportswear style program. And there's bed ticking, the sim-

"homey" blue and white stripe sort, or giddier stripes if you prefer. It's fun to see what fashion is doing with this sturdy material. making separate skirts of it, jackets, beach robes and simple one-piece frocks and like denim there's "no wear out to it."

On board ship and at all smart resorts many women are wearing shorts and tailored shirts (see illustrated to left) made of serviceable chambray, the kind workmen have always depended upon to give good wear. This reliable fabric now enters the high-style sportswear picture, and being completely shrunk aforehand, workmen's chambray becomes the perfect fabric for strenuous play clothes for fashionable women.

Aye, aye sir, the sailor's life is the life for any girl who owns such a timely costume as the venturous young woman is wearing, - making the hazardous climb among the ship's rigging as pictured in the group. This suit is beautifully tail-ored out of sanforized-shrunk cot-Yes, this swanky slacks and

TODAY S Norld's Foremost Auth on Eliquette © Emily Post.

Alone at Party, You Can Still Enjoy It!

DEAR Mrs. Post: Doesn't my husband, who is to be an usher at a wedding, have to spend any time with me-a stranger-at the reception? I am invited to everything but none of the husbands and wives of the attendants have been asked to sit with the wedding party at breakfast, and I feel a little ap-palled at the thought of being en-

tirely alone at the receptio. Answer: Hcw busy your husband will be kept at the reception depends upon whether the reception is a formal one at which the women guests stand in line, each on the arm of an usher, who presents her to the bride and groom, or whether the guests go up to the bridal couple by themselves. But in any event your husband would certainly join you (if-he, does not go with you) when you arrive at the reception and introduce you to everyone in the receiving line. And unless he too is a stranger he would introduce other friends of his to you before leaving you to usher other guests. Or perhaps he will be free to stay with you until the bridal party takes its place at table.

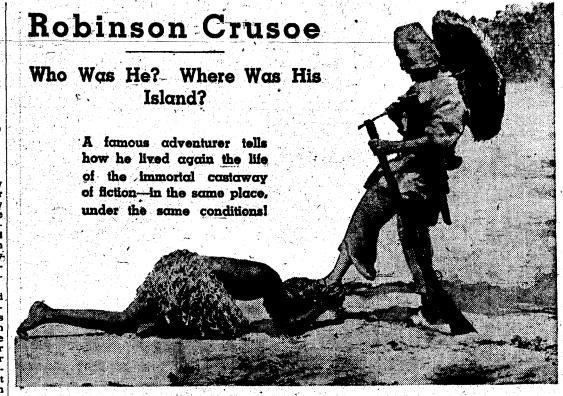
During the breakfast he would be obliged to leave you, but since, according to your account, there will be other unattached husbands and wives there, it seems to me that you would naturally form a group together. If for any reason this is not practical, then the only thing to do is to consider the happenings around you as you would were you an onlooker at a spectacle. It is not at all embarrassing and not even unamusing if you can assume an impersonal point of view.

Probably you think I am talking nonsense. As a matter of fact, I remember an occasion many years ago when a young woman found herself alone at a party among complete strangers—and she did just that! She watched what was going on with such evident enjoyment of the picture surrounling hei, that as it happened she was not long alone. But even if she had been, I am sure she would not nave minded, at all. To sit alone and neglected among people one knows would be another matter.

When Do You Start Calling a Boy "Mr."?

DEAR Mrs. Post: (1) At exactly DEAK MIS. Post: (1) At exacting what age should young people be introduced as "Miss" and "Mr." to their elders, and (2) Does your same answer to No. 1 also apply to introductions between contemporaries?'

Answer: Girls are not introduced as "Miss" nor boys as "Mr." until they seem grown—this "seems" determined according to appearance and mental qualifications. But usually a girl would be introduced as "Miss" at about seventeen and a boy at nineteen or twenty. (2) No, they are given a title at a much younger age when introduced by persons whom they know slightly. On the other hand, when introduced by one of their initiate friends_to another who is also an intimate friend of the one introducing them, they are called by their whole name



By RICHARD HALLIBURTON Author of "The Royal Road to Romance," etc.

came domesticated, and defended him thenceforth from the rat R ECENTLY I gave a talk about my favorite characplague. ter in literature-Robinson Crusoe. I stated that I had lived a month on Crusoe's island, in the same manner (as far as possible) he had lived. The island chosen was Tobago, near Trinidad, in the Caribbean sea: Outraged members of my audience protested that my ignorance was appalling, and that the mis-information I gave downright criminal, since everybody knew that. Crusoe's island was Juan Fernan-dez, off Chile, in the Pacific.

Alexander Selkirk, a Scotch mar-

iner, was marconed alone from 1704 to 1709 on Juan Fernandez. Robin-

son Crusoe, an entirely fictitious character whose adventures were patterned, faintly, on those of Sel-

kirk, lived a fictitious 29 years on an island which author Daniel De-

To satisfy my curiosity about each of these characters I lived a

mouth on each of their islands. It

Chooses to Be Castaway.

in the Pacific, straight west of Val-paraiso. It is 12 miles long and 3

wide, and covered with grim vol-canic crags that rise 3,000 feet

above the sea. A navigator has difficulty landing, for the shore line is buttressed with an all but con-tinuous wall of cliffs 1,000 feet high

against which the Pacific hurls it-

self with interminable, rage. Only one small bay and stretch of sand is

to be found, and there the Span-

ish discoverer, Juan Fernandez, landed in 1540; and here Alexander

This going ashore was Selkirk's

own idea. He had quarreled vio-lently with the captain of his sailing

ship, and exclaimed, as they lay anchored in the bay, that he would

rather land and remain behind, alone—forbidding and uninhabited as the island looked—than stay an-

other minute on such a misman-

aged ship.

Selkirk went ashore in 1704.

Juan Fernandez is 400 miles out

was fun, but lonesome.

foè clearly identifies as Tobago.

Couldn't Cut Beard. To relieve his loneliness he sang and danced with his cats and kids. and shouted English at them, lest in his solitary exile he forget how to speak his own language:

He had no form of cutting instrument. Consequently for four years and four months he was able nei ther to clip his beard nor cut his hair. No wonder his appearance was so astonishing.

milk and meat. A dozen of them be

On the same beach where Selkirk went ashore I landed from my Val-paraiso fishing boat. The island today shelters a few poor Chilean fishing families who have little or no idea why their island is famous. They don't understand it at all.

I found Selkirk's cave easily-just a shallow grotto worn in the rocks by the waves. But mussels clung in millions to these rocks, and at low tide crabs and lobsters peep at you from every little pool.

From this cave Selkirk wore a path up the mountainside to a notch near the top-his lookout-from which he could command the sea in every direction.

Finds Magnificent View. I climbed the precipitous trail (kept clean by modern woodgather-ers) and reached the lookout.

I've never seen a more spectacular picture than the view there, with this wild, black-visaged island



needed to relive, as I intended to attempt, the life of Crusoe. gnawed his clothes and stole his food. So he made overtures to the innumerable cats by feeding them

Re-creating Crusoe.

From my six-ton sailboat I purhased all the provisions and gearsails, rope, tools, barrels, iron stove, hammock, cooking pots, fishing tackle, two guns and ammunition and Adam the boat's dog. Then my craft sailed off to Trinidad, and left me in solitary exile.

Straightway I made my cave as homelike as possible, hung my hammock, fashioned a crude table and chair from bamboo, and arranged the tools and gear. Likewise I made a calendar with notches in a stick, but also had a printed calendar to check it with.

I soon found that the other side of the island was thinly inhabited with negroes, living mostly in the town of Scarborough, some ten miles away. To this town I went looking for a cat and a parrot. I had to do everything right.

Cats were plentiful. I was show-ered with cats by the natives, but kept my supply down to a single gray kitten. As for parrots there was only one available on the island, owned by an old negro woman as a pet. This I bought for a dollar. The bird's name was Susie, and this name it shricked at everybody. I labored many hours in the effort to teach the parrot to call me Poor Richard Crusoe and not Susle, and at length succeeded.

I remembered that Crusoe had a flock of goats which provided him with meat and milk. Consequently I bought a female with two kids from a young negro goatherd I had met with, and annexed them to my household.

My Man Toosday.

I had a time with my goatskin clothes. Being nothing of a tailor the coat and hat I made were extremely crude, and the breeches I gave up in despair. But my goat-skin umbrella was a masterpiece. True it wouldn't fold up, but it did shed the rains.

My chief pride and joy was my beard, for I suffered it to grow long in order to have it look like Crusoe's beard.

Like Crusoe I kept a careful diary. Also like Crusoe I decided to become a Christian and read my

Bible every day. The Friday problem had to be solved. My impersonation of Cru-

shirt outfit is genuinely amphibian -takes to water like a duck and when it comes to setting a fashion

on dry land it is all that it should be. If you want to show up colorfully in fashion's swim and beach parade by all means choose a flamboyant print. Designers land print this sea-son for the entire outfit, swim suit, matching beach coat, accessories 'n everything, even to the very sandals one wears. Printed silk crepe that washes to perfection makes the one-piece bathing suit with halter top shown to center-left in the picture. The matching long beach coat has a shirred yoke and full pushup sleeves.

To fashionables who go in for aquatic sports here is a message to delight the imagination. It's con-cerning the wide use of costume jewelry being made this season by those who go forth to brave the surf. Things that walk or swim or fly is the theme for the pins and clips to adorn bathing suits and such. The idea is to wear pinned here and there on your swim suit frogs, turtles, or decorative fish hand-garved from rich white catalin. See the cunning little lady to the right in the picture. Her clever play-suit is of Congo cloth with gray, white and red striped halter and gray shorts trimmed with same striping. A hand-carved frog of handsome white catalin blinks at you from the edge of her amusing coconut husk hat, another frog is pinned to her halter bodice while a third pins casually to one side near her waistline. Clever idea these beach jewelry novelties, and the fad is being taken up with enthusiasm. © Western Newspaper Union.



As the season progresses the fascination of silk prints leads on and on to acquire another and another and "just one more." The latest message is for brilliant flowers in gorgeous purples and vibrant blues and exotic magenta reds and bright greens and other ravishing colors printed on white backgrounds. Typical of this midsummer spirit in prints is the handsome model shown. It is a white silk crepe patterned in medium size florals. grand dress to wear to afternoon occasions. The neck is high with a tiny collar that flaunts a spaghetti tie in purple. The large hat is most interesting and significant since it bespeaks a type of millinery that is new and outstanding. The long gloves are according to the latest style dictates.

NEW SUMMER SUITS

Heim has gone in for embroidered details on spring and summer suits. One black tailored suit in black vool has a straight little skirt and a tailored and fitted jacket that fas-tens high at the neck with a cut-out and embroidered design of a bird in a cage. The round cage is banded by gold embroidery which matches the gold braid that trims the neck-line. Inside the round cage is a natural linen foundation upon which is embroidered a little silk bird.

A more summery suit is grege (between gray and beige) shantung. The skirt is made with front pleats that are stitched down to the knees and then pressed into place. The jacket fastens high at the neck but is cut away in a center V to make small revers and to reveal a blouse of black linen embroidered all over in a conventional design of colored birds.

Skirts Shorter and Fuller in Late Paris Collection

Shorter, fuller skirts are shown in the new Chanel collection and waistlines are slightly dropped to give a more youthful silhouette. Series of small pockets trim the tailored clothes, and there are many touches of bright red throughout the entire collection.

Tulles, laces and sheer organdies are shown in white and in pastel shades for summery evening gowns that are fashioned with full, bouffant skirts to stress the youthful and girlish trend.

Nassau Hats for Beach

Those picturesque colorful hats worn by dusky market women of Nassau and Havana have influenced beach hat fashions. Made of reeds, they are gay as summer and flattering as moonlight.

REALIZED AND AND AND A TAXAGE AND

FAVOR EMBROIDERY without any titles. "Sally Green-Bill Neighbor."

Taste Governs Mourning. D EAR Mrs. Post: 1 am just twenty-one and have lost my mother. What will others expect of me in the matter of mourning, both as to behavior and dress? I feel my loss deeply and I don't want others to think I don't, and yet I don't want to carry my grief so plainly that others will be de-pressed, nor do I want to make things worse for myself. May I go to a local athletic club to which my family belongs to use the gymnasium and to swim and play games?

Answer: How you behave indi-cates much more the depth of your mourning than what you wear or where you go. This does not mean to let yourself cry, or sit wrapped in your own sadness, but merely that you should behave with quiet inconspicuousness. No one expects you not to go to the houses of your friends, either when they are alone or when they are having a very few others who are also your friends. Naturally you would not go to dances or to big parties. You can, however, go to the movies with a member of your family or a friend alone. And of course you need not

give up sports that can be considered exercise and are therefore necessary to your health.

Reception Rhythm.

D EAR Mrs. Post: When there is to be no dancing at the reception, what type of music does the orchestra play? I wish we could have dance music but I suppose this would be unsuitable under the circumstances.

Answer: They play popular mu-sic of the day. This can perfectly well include dance music even though no one dances. WNU service.

and the second second

-____

The captain was more than willing to oblige him. He was left alone on the beach. The ship sailed off, and was never seen again, for shortly after, it struck a rock on the South American coast, and its entire crew perished.

Selkirk, twenty-eight years old, and left to his own devices, looked about. He found his private king-dom well supplied with food. Goats put ashore by buccaneers to mul-tiply, and supply food for them, had multiplied prodigiously, and ran wild over the crags. A pair of cats, escaped from some ship, were now family of 500. Seals crawled over the rocky promontories in thousands, and lobsters at certain seasons carpeted the beach

The climate, in contrast to Crusoe's paradise, was in no sense tropical—no palms, no parrots, no flowers, and certainly no Carib Indians to provide a Ffiday. Juan Fernandez is a stern, cold, rather arren island.

Rescued From Solitude.

In 1709 a British privateer, the Duke, approached the bay-the first sail Selkirk had seen in 1,580 days. How overjoyed he must have been! On shore a light appeared. Fearing a Spanish ambush, the captain sent ashore a lifeboat with ten wellarmed sailors to investigate. They brought back one wild-man dressed all in goatskins, and looking wilder than the original owner of the apparel. The entire crew stared at him and listened with amazement to his story:

Despite his savage and disheveled appearance he seemed to have fared rather well. In daily pursuit of the goats up hill and around the crags, killing them barehanded, or bringing them back alive to his cave to he tamed, he had become as agile as the animals.

At first the swarms of rats almost drove him to despair. They

Addition of the West of the To

FALKLAND 1

pitching and tumbling down below unbroken blue stretching and the for a hundred miles on every side. It was savage country.

In 1711 Selkirk got back to Engand. There he became a minor celebrity in the coffee houses-such as Daniel Defoe undoubtedly fre-guented. In fact Selkirk put his notes in Defoe's hands to arrange for publication. "But that ingenious literary pirate," wrote a sharp crit ic of the great author a century later,_"converted the original manuscript, by the aid of luxurious fancy into the well-known romance of Robinson Crusoe, and defrauded Selkirk of the profits which it was reasonable to suppose he would have reaped."

We know Defoe meant his hero's island to be Tobago, for the author drives him and his ship before the storm "to the coast of Guiana, on the north part of Brazil, beyond the Amazones, across the mouth of the Orinoco river. Friday, a Carib (bean) Indian, came from what is new the coast of Venezuela. From a hilltop Crusce also could see the three peaks on the "great island of Trinidad."

Tobago is near the mouth of the Orinoco, and only 20 miles from Trinidad.

I approached Tobago in a manner dramatically similar to Crusoe's-in a storm. My sailboat, like Crusoe's was driven past the mouth of the Orinoco-coming home from Devil's island in French Guiana; and though I intended to land on Tobago I did not intend to pitched on the beach there with such terrible violence. It was a lonely but indescribably beautiful beach, palm-shaded. A chalk cave nearby offered me just the shelter I

see was entirely incomplete without. I found a negro boy, about twenty, swimming (in his long cotton under-wear) on the beach near my cave. Here was just the man. As he stared at my extraordinary get-up I told him that if he'd take off the wet underwear and put on a grass skirt, and fall prone before me, and lift my foot onto his head—and cook!—I'd engage him as my Fricook!—I'd engage min day. Only it wasn't Friday. "What day is this?" I asked him. "Ain't it Toosday?" he replied. So I called him Toosday thenceforth. He didn't seem to mind.

It was soon evident that Toosday was going to be a most service-able companion. He could cook quite well, and seemed to enjoy it, and as I did not, I let him prepare every meal.

Among the island's simple-minded black population my own figure had caused enough commotion from the start, but now that I was seen accompanied by one of their own tribe naked except for a short grass skirt, such riots were precipitated that the native constable had perplexities as to what should be done with us. On the night of the weekly movie, Toosday and I in all our glory would walk into town and take front-row seats—I with my wild ox-blood beard, clumsy goatskin umbrella, skin hat and (very smelly) coat, ragged breeches, parrot and dog—and Toosday with noth-ing on but a grass skirt, and being hooted at by all his girl friends. He always looked terribly embarrassed.

I was infinitely sad to leave Tobago and its solitude. And even now when the distractions of mod-ern life begin to get the best of me, I have a yearning to live again like Crusoe, and return again to Susie and Adam and Kitty and Liaterine and Toosday, and be at neace again on their beautiful tropical island in the Caribbean sea. Bell Syndicate.--WNU Service.

ALL BRIDE STREET

THE CHARLEVOIX COUNTY HERALD, (BAST JORDAN, MICH.) FRIDAY, JULY 16, 1937.

Spiritualist Camp Meeting

From July 18 to 25 inclusive the Rev. Maud Kline will be at Snow-flake Spiritualist Camp. She is noted doe of spotless white with bright pink eyes discernable, witnesses say, throughout the U.S. for her blindfold ballot work. Don't miss this mar- at a distance of 100 feet has been velous opportunity of hearing such a seen by a number of persons in the celebrated medium and witnessing Escanaba region. this phenomena.

CLOSING TIME ON THE HERALD

All contributors of copy for your Charlevoix County Herald should endeavor to get same into this office as early in the week of publication as possible. FRONT PAGE — All articles

intended for the first page must be in the office by Wednesday noon to insure publication. MAT SERVICE — Those hav

ing mats for casting MUST have these in the office Tuesday noon for the current week's issue.

LOCALS -- Please phone your local items to No. 152 where Mrs. Sherman Conway — who covers these columns - will care for them. These should be in not later than 10:00 a. m. of Thursdays. Your Herald publisher is en-

deavoring to get each week's issue in the mails on Thursday after-noons. Your co-operation in getting news and advertising copy in our hands as early in the week as possible will be greatly appreciated.

PROBATE ORDER

State of Michigan. The Probate Court for the County of Charlevoix In the Matter of the Estate of Mar-

garet Edwards, Deceased. At a session of said Court, held in the Probate Office in the City of Charlevoix, in said county, on the 22nd day of March, 1937.

Present: Ervan A. Ruegsegger Probate Judge. The above estate having been ad-

mitted to probate and Mabel E. Se cord having been appointed Adminis tratrix. It is Ordered, That four months

from this date be allowed for credi tors to present their claims against said estate for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased, are required to present their claims to said Court. at the Pro bate Office in the City of Charlevoix on or before the 23rd day of July, 1937, at ten o'clock in the forenoon at which time claims will be heard.

It is Further Ordered. That pub lic notice thereof he given by publication of this order for three succes sive weeks previous to said day o hearing in the Charlevoix County Herald a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

ERVAN A. RUEGSEGGER, Judge of Probate



WEBSTER FAVORED Three albino deer have been repor SIMPLE SPELLINGS ted from various sections of the up-

Albino Deer In U. P.

An albino fawn has been found

tion. At Pickford south of Sault Ste.

Marie a near-albino with a brown face, neck and hooves and a white

body with small browp spots has been

System of Rejuvenation

Menton, France.-A new system

of rejuvenation, consisting of a se-

ries of injections of young blood

taken from healthy youths, is said to have been perfected here by Dr. Alexander Voronoff, brother of

When a subject arrives at the

clinic, Dr. Voronoff first of all gives

him a thorough general examina-

tion to see if it is possible to apply

the treatment. After an extremely

minute analysis of the blood, it is

learned in what general category he

Then blood donors with corre-

sponding characteristics have to be

The blood is then treated scien-

in aiding him to recover his nat-

to be almost always successful.

Scientist Perfects New

reported,

specialist.

found.

Lexicographer Also Sought **Uniform Pronunciation.**

New York .- If Noah Webster. famous for his dictionaries, had had dead near Seney and turned over to conservation authorities for examinamous for his dictionaries, had had his way, "character" would be spelled "karacter," "chorus" would be "korus," and "machine" would be "misheen," Dr. Irvin C. Shoe-maker reveals in "Noah Webster, i-ioneer of Learning," just published by the Columbia University Press. As early as 1789 Webster, who was one of the first to advocate a uni-

versal system of American educaversal system of American educa-tion, urged that all superfluous silent letters be omitted, so that the words "bread," "give," "built," "meant" and "friend" would be spelled "bred," "giv," "bilt," "ment," and "frend," says Dr. Shoemaker, who investigated hundreds of early colonial school texts dictionarias Serge - Voronoff, internationally colonial school texts, dictionaries known scientist and monkey gland and spellers now out of print. Acwould become "greef," "key" would be "kee," "draught" would be "kee," "draught" would be "draft," and "laugh" would be "laf."

Although few of his extreme "simplified" spellings remained in dictionaries after 1860. Webster's zeal for reform marked the beginning of the controversy over the respective merits of American English and English English.

Fired by Patriotism.

tifically before it is infused in the patient so that it will act quickly Webster, said to have been fired with patriotic zeal at the close of the Revolution, gave as one of his reasons for the new spelling the ural forces. The quantity of the injection is remarkably small, but wish "to make a uniform pronunacts like a vaccine and is claimed ciation possible among people of all ranks." The simplification, he held, would also create a national language which would prove a bond of national unity and would make it necessary to print American books in the United States. It would reduce the number of letters to such an extent that one page in eighteen would be saved in the average book, and would aid children and adults

in learning the language. "At the close of the Revolutionary war, differences between America and England were sharply accen-tuated, each country laying claim to superiority," Dr. Shoemaker points out. "Among the differences -was that which existed in the language spoken in the two countries. In consequence a hue and cry was raised which was out of all pro-portion to the slight difference which actually existed. Webster deplored the fact that in many parts of America, people were attempting to copy the English phrases and pronunciation.

"Of the spirit of his time and of the newborn nation, Webster stands to a unique degree as a symbol. The growing consciousness of Americanism was more rampant in him than in any of his contemporaries. He looked upon a uniform language as a tie that would further political and social harmony, and that should the confederation become disrupted, even then, a uniform speech among the parts would be to the advantage of all concerned.

Sought Uniformity.

Wettest Spot

"Time after time Webster stated that he looked to the schools for aid in bringing about the uniformity of language which he deemed essential to the healthy political life of the Republic. Because of Webster's many activities, the intrinsic value of his texts and dictionaries, and the aggressive business methods which were employed to increase the sale of his texts, a great interest was aroused in the study of lan-guage and the day was hastened when the study of English occupied yard, principal birth a prominent position in the curri-Uncle Sam's undersea craft, is buscula of American schools. ier than at any time since the World "Webster's extreme reforms were war not introduced in his speller, but the reforms that were introduced in

Should Be Taken on Motoring Trips

Drawing Room Manners

Editor's Note: Modern motor cars are as safe as men know how to make them; but there is still room for improvement in the manner in which they are driven. Considerations not only of safety, but also of getting maximum utility and satis-faction, strongly suggest the need of effort to better driving technique. In this article, a leading automotive engineer makes a constructive sugestion on the subject. This is one of a series designed to help motorists obtain all the benefits which engineering and producton skill are building into cars today.

By J. M. Crawford, Chief Engineer, Chevrolet Division, General Moors Corporation,.

It is strange but nevertheless true, that many persons who wouldn't think of plowing through a drawing room with cries of "Gangway! Here come!" climb into their cars every day of the week and commit, on the strees and highways the exact parallel of that social offense.

This fact lends point to the slogan of so many safety campaigns, to the effect that <u>contress</u> and safety go hand in hand. It's a long time since Alphonse and Gaston disappeared from the comic pages; but the spirit of "You first, my dear Alphonse!" would go a long way, today, to remedy traffic ills.

One of the most glaring instances of discourtesy is to be seen on almost any busy artery, during the rush hour. Traffic on the through street will pile up solidly, blocking intersecting streets, so that it is only by matching rudeness with rudeness, and forcing their way through, that drivers on the latter can cross busy thoroughfares.

A moment's reflection would convince any motorist that he would really lose no time at all by leaving a gap ahead, when approaching a cross street. As soon as cross-traffic has cleared, he will be on his way again, with no net loss whatever. And the fellow whom he let through will be merrily on his way.

I know one driver who always makes it a point, when driving in heavy traffic, to pause for crosstraffic to go through. He does it even when there is a car-length or so which would permit him to clear the intersection himself. "The point is," he explains, "that only about one driver in a dozen will give these other fellows a break. If I don't stop the profession long enough to let them ross, the line may start and stop half a dozen times before someone takes pity on them and does it."

Cars today embody comfort ap-proaching that of the drawing room. there doesn't seem to be any good eason why motorists should not take heir drawing room manners when they climb in behind the wheel. If enough drivers will do it, they will not only serve the ends of safety but

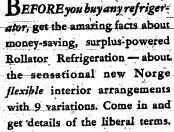
well. A bill just signed makes it legal to sell beer from a pushcart in the city of New York. If he had a hack license, the bartender could wheel the satisfied consumer to his home.

U. S. IS BUILDING **6 NEW SUBMARINES**

Eight More Are Necessary to Reach Treaty Limit.

Portsmouth, N. H.-Portsmouth





DOWN PAYMENT NOW AS LOW AS

COMPRESSOR ...with but 3 moving parts, provides more cold for the current used—is almost everlasting.

THE

ROLLATOR

O-YEAR

WARRANTY

New

and





Appeals Replace Guns in Western Range Disputes Ontario, Ore.-Resolutions instead of bullets are being used by stockmen of the West to secure settlement of range disputes.

This was evident here following a meeting of stockmen and hay-

growers In the old days, differences over grass started range wars in which blood flowed and bitter feuds tore communities asunder.

Now under the Taylor grazing law, with the vast public domain subject to regulations, contending parties are appealing to the secretary of the interior.

Under the guidance of R. N. Stanfield, former United States senator from Oregon, who once sponsored a grazing act in congress, the Malheur county group asked Secretary Ickes to cause a "com petent survey to be made to de-termine the carrying capacity of the range before any reduction in the number of live stock permitted on the public range is made."

1,300 Hens Competing

in Egg-Laying Marathon Storrs, Conn .- One of the coun-

Thirty-three hundred and fifty skilled civilian workers are pushing the construction program, stepped up as the United States strives to build its sea defenses to treaty strength. The wartime peak was 5,722.

Three sleek submarines lie at the yard's fitting-out berths. Two more are on the stocks. Another pair still is on the designers' drawing boards.

On the ways are the Snapper and the Stingray. Both are 300 feet long, have a twenty-five-foot beam, and mount three-inch guns. Their keels were laid in June and September. The Stingray, when completed, will be the twenty-sixth submersible to slide from the yard's ways in the historic Piscataqua river. This region has been famous in ship-building since early Colonial, days, The Piscataqua floated John Paul

Jones' famous Ranger in 1777. For more than a year the yard has been building "pigs" in pairs. The Porpoise and the Pike struck the water in June and September, 1935. The Plunger and the Pollock were launched this year.

The Portsmouth yard abandoned ship repairing after the armistice, and devoted all its facilities to submarine construction. Since the war, at least one has always been under construction here.

Of the six submarines now being built under a current congressional authorization, two are at Portsmouth, two at a private yard at New London, Conn., and one at the Mare Island navy yard on the Pacific coast. The sixth has not been awarded.

After the six are in commission Rear Admiral C. W. Cole, commandant, said, the navy still will have to build eight more to reach the treaty limit.



PRESENT A MULTITUDE ING NEW FE	ALL BRAND NEW ACTS		
HUNDREDS C CIRCUS CHAMP			N ARMY OF
TWO COMPLETE PERFORMANCES DAILY2 & S P. M. DOORS OPEN 1 & 7	100 DOGS	, ACRO	BLEPHANTS, LIONS, PONIBS, BATS AND AMUSING CLOWNS.

Our Motto: A Show For Your Money