

Charlevoix County Herald.

Vol. 25

EAST JORDAN, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1921.

No. 5

Wanted! Four Aldermen

Candidates To File Petitions On Or Before March 11th.

At the charter election last April East Jordan citizens voted to dispense with the commission form of government and return to the council form.

In carrying out the provisions of the amendments it will be necessary to elect four aldermen from the various wards of our city, and citizens of our three wards should begin now to pick out available candidates.

The spring election this year comes April 4th. Our charter sets the primary date as the second Monday before—or March 21st this year. Primary candidates must file their petitions at least ten days before—making March 11th the last day for filing.

Commissioner Gidley's term of office expires this year, so there will be elected in the first ward two aldermen—the one receiving the greatest number of votes to be elected for a two year term, and the next greatest for one year. In the second and third wards there will be elected one alderman for each ward for a two-year term.

Fogleman Next Number

Of High School Lecture Course. Next Wednesday Evening.

Harry L. Fogleman of Chicago, one of the greatest lecturers for business men on the American platform, is going to appear at the high school auditorium on the evening of February 9. Mr. Fogleman has lectured in nearly every large city in America. He has lectured to Chambers of Commerce all over the country and has been secured by them in several large cities to give a series of lectures to the business men. Although Mr. Fogleman's lectures are of special value to every business man and woman, it is also one that everybody interested in making a success in life should hear.

How to read human nature and analyze people from their personal appearance is set forth most interestingly. Mr. Fogleman gives a number of practical suggestions along this line which should prove helpful in every walk of life.

The steps your mind goes through when you make a purchase will be analyzed. Suggestions will be offered as to the best way to direct another's mind and thus secure a desired decision.

What the community expects of its merchants—its ideals of service, and also what the merchant has a right to expect from his patrons is another valuable part of the lecture.

The lecture embodies years of thought and patient investigation. It will bring the audience many valuable suggestions gleaned from the speakers contact with big business men.

Mr. Fogleman is a dynamic, rapid fire, eloquent lecturer, who speaks with startling rapidity.

The general admission at the door for this lecture will be fifty cents. Seats reserved for ten cents.

Yes, William, spring is ambling right along. But it has no originality—it does the same each year.

You can always tell when a fellow has reached his dotage. He calls her his "wonder girl."

This is a prodigious world after all. Men pay 50 or 60 cents for a haircut and then go right out and let it grow again.

Broad shoulders and narrow hips will be the style for men this spring. But that won't bother us—we never did care for style, anyway.

There's a master mind in every home, but sometimes it isn't always spelled that way.

People who make the most noise generally have the least to say.

Emma Goldman says she is mighty sick of soviet Russia, and wants to return to America. But at that she can hardly realize how we felt toward her.

Mr. Harding approaches the 4th of March in fear and trembling. He may forget the first line of his speech.

Japanese liberals are said to be intensely desirous of friendship with America. There are at least a dozen of them.

Power Dam Well Built

Electric Light Co. Have Fine New Plant.

Without question the greatest addition made to East Jordan's industrial sphere during the past year was that of the East Jordan Electric Light & Power Co.'s new water-power equipment erected and installed on Deer Creek at the site of the old power dam which was washed out a number of years ago.

Work of building the dam was started May 1st last and East Jordan received its first "juice" from the new power-house about a fortnight ago.

The dam has been built for stability and will withstand a heavy head of water. In the cement work, over ten carloads of cement were used. The cement walls are thirty-four feet high, about sixty feet long, are eight feet thick at the base tapering to three feet at the top. Two ten-foot spillways are provided. Work on the dirt filling was started Nov. 1st and continued with 12 to 14 teams up to January 15th when heavy snow prevented further work. There is still about two months more work to complete the filling.

In the power house is a 300 K. W. General Electric generator; 2300 volt, three phase, 60 cycle. This generator weighs fifteen tons and the work of getting it out from the railroad to its location was no small matter. Power is derived from two 20-in. Sampson horizontal turbines. At present the power and generator are belt connected but as soon as a suitable foundation can be made, the generator will be moved over and connected direct with the power.

At present there is a working head of water of 20 to 22 feet, but this will be considerably increased in the spring. On a 32-ft. head 500 horse power will be developed.

Owing to the winter months coming on, neither the dam itself or power house are completed and the Company's steam plant (and there's none better in the state) is being used about half the time to carry the heavier loads.

The East Jordan Electric Light & Power Co. have expended a considerable amount in the erection of this plant, and both Pres. C. S. Abbott and Supt. L. G. Balch have worked untiringly to carry out the work.

Farmer Burns Self To Death

Henry G. Tuesdale Sets Fire to Wm. Keyes' Home Friday.

During a fit of insanity Friday afternoon Henry G. Tuesdale, residing at the William Keyes' farm home in Resort township, set fire to the house and burned himself to death in the flames. Mr. Tuesdale came here some time ago suffering from illness caused by paralysis and had not had employment for many months. Mrs. Tuesdale and Mr. and Mrs. Keyes report that the man had been despondent for some weeks, and that on Friday he became violent. He quarreled with his wife and drove her to the apartment of Mr. and Mrs. Keyes on the first floor of the home. In the early afternoon he attempted to take the coupe's young child from its mother, but failed to accomplish his purpose and returned to his rooms. Nothing was heard from him until neighbors discovered the building afire.

The family, with the aid of the neighbors, removed most of the furniture from the ground floor, but the flames had such a start that they could not gain entrance to the rooms on the second floor.

The charred remains of the insane man were found in the ruins after the fire had burned itself out.—Petoskey News.

When a judge seeks re-election he promptly announces that women jurors may wear their hats and powder their noses, but so far we have not heard of one who has the courage to declare a recess for the operation.

Courtesy requires that you laugh heartily when your friend tells a joke. If you start at the wrong time he'll merely think he has improved upon the telling.

Good advice is seldom acceptable because its quality is not recognized.

Of course, if you haven't an auto you are not entirely out of luck. You have the pleasure of dodging them.

East Jordan Defeats Saginaw

Gets Unanimous Decision In Debate Monday Night

Saginaw High School Debating Team representing one of the largest high schools in the State of Michigan came up to East Jordan last Monday night and was defeated, East Jordan High School Debating Team receiving a unanimous decision of the judges.

The question was, "Resolved: That the adjustment of disputes between employers and employees should be made a part of the administration of justice." Saginaw had the Affirmative and East Jordan the Negative.

In argumentation, delivery, and rebuttal the East Jordan team was superior.

The judges were: Superintendent Judd of Boyne Falls, Reverend Mr. Hoyt of Boyne City, and Mr. H. P. Porter.

On Friday night, February 4, the East Jordan High School Debating Team goes to Pellston to debate the High School Debating Team of that place.

LIST OF JURORS FOR THE MOCK TRIAL

Third Ward.....	Levi Hockheimer
Third Ward.....	One Lung Gong
Third Ward.....	Vanderbilt Peffsimmons
Third Ward, Mrs. Dr. Anaesthetic Pullen	
Third Ward.....	John Measles
Third Ward.....	Happy Hooligan
Third Ward.....	Pedro Mulligautawni
Second Ward.....	Sillicus Beeswax
Second Ward.....	Gotlieb Wurstmacher
First Ward.....	Footlight McGuff
First Ward.....	Aunt Simpson
First Ward.....	Jamison James

FARM BUREAU MEMBERSHIP INCREASING

Since July 11, 1920, when the farm bureau membership was begun in Charlevoix County, the total membership of the state has increased from 74,000 to 94,000. This county's membership is, at present, 600.

Membership campaigns have been discontinued for the rest of the winter by the state farm bureau on account of bad roads and the higher cost of solicitation. The annual report of the organization work made before the state board of delegates at East Lansing, shows that 74,250 joined the county and state farm bureaus during the last year which, added to the 22,750 members who had joined a year ago, makes the grand total 97,000. Records show, according to the state farm bureau, that 83 per cent of all farmers visited became members. There are seven more counties yet to be canvassed, three in the Upper Peninsula and four in the lower and this work is expected to be done in the spring.

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE FINE

The attendance in the rural schools has never been better. One report after another comes to the commissioner marked "no absence at all." This would seem to indicate splendid health throughout the country, the best in years. Surely the weather man is kind indeed, for very little absence has been made necessary because of bad weather. Spirit was never better and there is great demand for the little ribbon badges which are given this year in place of the certificates of former years. The children will receive the usual big diploma for a full year of perfect, punctual attendance.

To be sure, there is a little absence, though very little. With a rural enrollment of nearly 1,500, only twelve cases needed to be placed in the hands of the County Truant Officer, Mr. Harrington. This is less than one per cent unexcused, or more accurately only one in one hundred twenty-five absent without due excuse. Surely Mr. Harrington takes care of that one, but as one little teacher expressed it, on her report, when two cases of illness spoiled her perfect attendance record, "Sorry that this had to be, but it couldn't be helped you see. Skies cannot always be blue, not for me and not for you."

May L. Stewart,
Commissioner of Schools.

Some men draw lemons in the garden of love, but even they are an improvement over the persimmons the women occasionally get.

Plans Grouping of Departments

Governor's Bills For Three New Departments Sent to Legislators.

Lansing.—Definite indication of a busy session of the fifty-first legislature is shown by the number of bills going into the legislative hopper.

Governor Groesbeck last week sent to the house and the senate, bills providing for the reorganization of three branches of the state government by creating a department of agriculture, department of conservation and another to be known as the industrial and labor department.

Departments Grouped.

Much interest is centered on the agricultural bill. It provides for a department of agriculture, in charge of a commissioner to be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the senate. This department would take over the power and carry out the duties of the present department of animal husbandry, the state food and drug commission, the state veterinary board, the immigration commission and the board of geological survey.

It would also take over the work of inspecting and regulating orchards, vineyards, nurseries, apiaries, seed testing, analysis of commercial fertilizers and stock foods.

Appointments of the heads of the different bureaus would be left to the commissioner of the department, subject to the approval of the administrative board which is created by the provisions of the first reform measure sent to the legislature by the Governor. All departments whose duties are absorbed by the proposed department of agriculture would cease to function by the end of next June.

State to Run Fair.

A very important provision of the Governor's plan for the creation of the department of agriculture, is the taking over of all lands and property for the holding of the state fair.

Arrangements for the holding of the annual fair would be placed in charge of a board of managers, consisting of 20 members appointed by the Governor upon the recommendation of the commissioner, who would serve as chairman of the board. Funds acquired from the proceeds of the fair would be turned over to a revolving fund to be used for the maintenance of the project. It is provided that after exceeding a certain amount to be set later, the excess would be turned over to the state's general fund.

Conservation Plan Revealed.

The measure creating the department of conservation transfers to the new body the work of the present public domain commission with the additional duties of the game, fish and forest fire departments, board of fish commissioners and the state park commission, all of which are abolished by the bill.

A commission of six members, appointed by the Governor, would control this department. The commission will name its director from its members.

No salaries are fixed in either the agriculture or conservation department plans, this detail of the bills being left to the legislative committees which will be asked to study and report on the measures. The former bill was introduced by Representative Atwood, Newaygo and the conservation bill was brought before the house by Representative Charles Brown, Flint.

Labor Bill Submitted.

Reorganization of the several departments and boards now functioning in the interests of labor and industry, is provided for in a department to be known as the industrial and labor department consisting of three members to be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the senate.

This bill would consolidate the industrial accident board, the state labor bureau and the industrial relations commission. Each member would devote his entire time to the department and receive a salary of \$5,000 a year. At least one of the members must be an attorney. The chairman of the department would be named by the Governor.

It is proposed that the measure when approved becomes effective immediately and that it take over all the business, law suits and other matter pending before any of the departments abolished.

Would Observe Birthday.

January 26 was the sixty-fourth anniversary of the admission of Michigan into statehood and Representative Warren D. Byrum, Ingham county, on that day introduced a bill call-

ing for a fitting observance of the day each year in all the public schools of the state.

Representative Gowdy, Berrien, introduced a bill for payment of an annual salary not to exceed \$1,200 for township supervisors in townships having assessed valuation in excess of \$5,000,000. A bill sponsored by Representative Fred B. Wells, Cass county, would license pool rooms and soft-drink places in the townships.

Salary Bill in Senate.

The judiciary committee of the senate, by a vote of 5 to 2, reported out and recommended passage of Senator Condon's bill asking an increase in salaries of supreme court justices from \$7,000 to \$12,000 a year.

Signatures of 20 per cent of the qualified voters to initiatory petitions for constitutional amendments, is provided for in a concurrent resolution introduced in the house by Franklin Moore, St. Clair. The requirement is now 10 per cent. Mr. Moore believes that his measure would do away with much of the "crank legislation."

Governor Groesbeck is seriously considering introducing military training at the Michigan Industrial School for Boys and graduating two—each year to West Point and Annapolis.

Appropriation Bills Appear.

The first of the biennial appropriation bills appeared in the senate late in the week, and were referred to the proper committees. The largest of those submitted was introduced by Senator Penny and calls for the University of Michigan appropriation of \$4,715,000 for 1921 and \$3,975,000 for 1922.

There are many bills now in committee of both houses on which legislative battles are forecasted. One is seen in the bill introduced by Senator Wood, Detroit, calling for the repeal of the presidential preference primary law, and another battle will result it is believed from the bill introduced by Senator Bryant, Monroe Lenawee district, asking repeal of the state police.

The Wood bill is the second attempt to repeal the present primary law. One was introduced two years ago by Senator Tufts but did not get very far as most legislators were reluctant to tamper with it. Discussion has developed among the lawmakers of a general change in the primary in the way of a combination primary and convention system.

Wiest Named By Groesbeck.

Announcement was made last week of the appointment by Governor Groesbeck of Judge Howard H. Wiest, Lansing, for 20 years on the Ingham circuit bench, as justice of the state supreme court to succeed Justice Flavius L. Brooke, who passed away suddenly last week.

With the commission the Governor sent the following letter to the Judge: "Your appointment as a Justice of the Supreme Court means much more than the mere exercise of executive privilege.

"It is a belated recognition of the splendid service you have rendered the state—a service that has been actuated by a high conception of judicial responsibility and administered with a fearlessness that has won public approbation."

Judge Wiest will complete the unexpired term of Justice Brooke, and this means that his name will be up for nomination at the Republican convention at Detroit on February 17. Justices Joseph B. Moore and Joseph H. Steere will also be up for nomination at that time.

To Investigate Council.

A special committee has been appointed to investigate the Michigan Community Commission, appointed during the war to carry on patriotic and relief work. It was maintained by a quasi-public fund and is now left with a balance on hand of \$234,321.74.

Carrol F. Sweet, Grand Rapids, chairman of the Commission, issued a statement to the legislature several days ago urging an investigation of the commission. The matter was brought before the senate by Senator Herbert Baker and Representative Charles Culver, both of Detroit, introduced it in the house.

Four of the five members of the joint committee to investigate the affairs of the Community commission have been announced. Senator Baker will be one of the two senate members and Speaker Fred L. Warner of the house announced his selections as Representatives Hunter, Miles and Hart.

Representative Aldrich believes that schools should hold their elections in July instead of September and has submitted an amendment to the school act to that effect. Representative Hunter would permit banks to invest half of their capital and surplus in buildings instead of only half their capital.

Asks Auto Tax Cut.

A measure has been introduced by Representative Robert B. MacDonald,

Houghton, to cut down the amount of automobile tax for the counties lying north of Mason, Lake Osceola, Clare, Gladwin and Arenac. Representative MacDonald contends that in this region automobiles are tied up for many months because of heavy snowfall, and that autoists should not be made to pay the full amount for a license unless they are able to use their cars. He mentions three-quarters the tax paid by the lower state counties as a fair charge.

Installation of a modern sanitary equipment, although not requested by the institution's board of control, likely will be recommended by the house committee on Marquette prison, according to Representative Albert Reutter, Detroit, who with other members of the committee made a trip of inspection of the branch prison.

"We found the sanitary conditions at the prison to be very bad, due to lack of equipment," Mr. Reutter said, "and I believe that steps should be taken to remedy them."

"GATLING GUN" FOGLEMAN.

Harry L. Fogleman, known as "Gatling Gun" Fogleman, because of his rapid-fire delivery—which he frequently speeds up to 300 words a minute—is a dynamic, magnetic lecturer on



HARRY L. FOGLEMAN.

the great fundamentals of success in business and life.

For three seasons now he has lectured on the Redpath Chautauquas and has been enthusiastically hailed as "a crusader with an intense hatred of business inefficiency," "a master orator," "a whirlwind speaker," "a veritable dynamo, pulsating with energy and vibrant with magnetism"—and as everything else that is live, inspirational and compelling.

SUGAR BEET MEETING IS CALLED AT M. A. C.

Problems of interest both to Michigan beet growers and to sugar manufacturers will be taken up at a gathering of state sugar beet men at the Michigan Agricultural College, on February 8 and 9. All men interested in the sugar beet crop are invited to attend the meeting, for which an interesting and instructive program has been arranged.

Leading authorities of the sugar beet industry are scheduled to speak during the conference, taking up different phases of the work. Exhibits of special beet machinery, sent in by various manufacturers, will be on display during the meeting.

Sugar beet culture and seed production, with special reference to Michigan conditions, will be discussed by C. O. Townsend, W. H. Burns, and J. E. W. Tracy, from the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. The men have written several farmers bulletins on these subjects, and are well equipped to give valuable aid to Michigan men interested in the industry.

Special Michigan problems relating to cultural methods and seed production will be taken up by Prof. J. F. Cox, and F. A. Spragg, of the M. A. C. Farm Crops Department. Dr. M. M. McCool, head of the college soils department, is scheduled to discuss soils and soil fertility, with reference to the beet crop; Ezra Levin, Extension Specialist in Soils, will present the results of experiments in beets. E. B. Hill, and Dr. G. H. Coons, of the college, will talk on common practices in fertility and growing of beets, and sugar beet diseases, respectively. H. C. Young will consider beet nutrition.

Charity invariably begins at home, but in most cases there is not enough to go beyond the first person.

WILSON

(Edited by Mrs. O. D. Smith) A. R. Nowland is pursuing the elusive taxpayers these days.

Candlemas day was dark and gray. Did the ground-hog see his shadow?

A large number of the farmers are cutting wood this fine weather.

Frank Smith and family spent Sunday at the home of Fred Holland in West Wilson.

Rogers and Shepard are lumbering off the remainder of the timber on the Hudkins place this winter.

Mrs. J. L. Sutton went to Mosher (near Gaylord) last Saturday to visit her daughter, Mrs. Emil Oleson for a few days.

County Commissioner, May Stewart, visited the Brintnal and Afton Schools last week Wednesday, Patron's Day.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Barnett of East Jordan have been spending the past week at the home of Hurbert Chorpensing.

Ray Grossett of South Arm moved his family on the J. C. Votruba place a short time ago, where they will make their home.

Miss Underhill spent the week end at her home in Boyne City and walked back to her boarding place in Afton, Sunday night.

Miss Ethel Brintnal resumed her school work in the Knop District last Monday morning after an absence of ten days caused by illness.

Forty one members and seven visitors were present at the last meeting of Wilson Grange. Nearly all the men officers were present to take their respective stations.

Notice to the Tax Payers Of South Arm Township

The Tax Roll for the year 1920 is in my hands for collection. I will be at the D. E. Goodman Hardware store on each Saturday to receive same.

ANNA I. KEAT Township Treas.

One Thing at a Time.

Remember in dealing with most young workers that their minds are like those of children—they do not reason and they must be told only one thing at a time.

Moral is Plain.

The man who is willing to take things as they come frequently finds that some one else has headed them off.

Soon, now, the grass will begin to grow again, but don't let it be under your feet.

Wise men of the world would soon become bored if it were not for the fools who afford them amusement.

Peoples' Wants

Notices of Lost, Wanted, For Sale, For Rent, etc., in this Column is 25 cents for one insertion for 25 words or less.

Wanted

SALESMEN WANTED—To solicit orders for Lubricating Oils, Greases, and Paints.

WANTED—Fifty second-hand HALL CHAIRS.

For Sale—Real Estate

FARM FOR SALE—Twenty acres, 2 1/2 miles south-west of East Jordan.

FOF SALE—My residence on North Main st. For terms inquire of HARRY CURKENDALL.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

NOTICE—Will be cutting ice when the weather permits.

ROOSTERS FOR SALE—Two fine Rhode Island Red Roosters for sale.

CANNED FRUIT for Sale—Eighty quarts in 2-quart cans—apples, tomatoes, sweet apple pickles, crab apple preserves.

Good BROOD SOW for sale. Bred—Inquire of Norman Sloop, phone 174-1-1, East Jordan, Mich.

FOR SERVICE—Registered Hampshire BOAR. HERBERT CHORPENING, East Jordan, Route 4, Phone 164-21.

MARKET REPORT

FURNISHED BY U. S. BUREAU OF MARKETS, WASHINGTON, D. C.

(Week ended Jan. 27, 1921.)

Stormy weather and bad roads curtailing hay shipments in west. Receipts last Timothy prices fairly steady at recent declines.

Quoted January 26: Timothy, New York \$1.10; Cincinnati \$2.20; Chicago \$2.35; Minneapolis \$2.00.

The demand for feed shows very little improvement. Stocks in feeders' hands appear ample.

Quoted: Bran \$25.40; middlings \$23; four middlings \$27; red dog \$33; Minneapolis; white hominy feed \$24 St. Louis; grain feed \$18 Chicago; No. 1 prairie Kansas City \$18.50; Omaha \$11; Minneapolis \$12.

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Compared with a week ago prices of hogs at Chicago ranged \$2.00 lower; beef steers and heifers, 15¢ to 30¢ lower; cows 10¢ to 10¢ higher; veal calves \$1 to 1.25 higher; fat lambs and yearlings firm to 10¢ higher; feeding lambs weak to 20¢ lower; fat ewes unchanged.

January 27 Chicago prices: Hogs, bulk of sales, \$5.10 to \$5.65; medium and good beef steers, \$7.00 to \$8.00; fat cows and heifers \$4.00 to \$4.50; feeder steers \$6.25 to \$6.50; light and medium weight veal calves \$1 to \$1.50; fat lambs \$8.75 to \$11.15; feeding lambs \$5.00 to \$7.00; yearlings \$7.50 to \$9.50; fat ewes \$3.75 to \$4.75.

Eastern wholesale fresh meat markets were invariably lower compared with a week ago. Lamb broke \$2.40; veal \$1.00; pork loins and mutton \$1.00; beef \$1.00 to \$1.50 per 100-lbs.

Prices were weak at the opening but on the 22nd report that Belgium had agreed to the 20% tariff on wool.

On the 27th there was a slight advance due to good export sales and covering by shorts.

Butter markets weak and unsettled during most of the week but business in past few days indicates that tone is somewhat firmer.

Prices \$2 score, domestic: New York 50-1-20; Philadelphia 50-1-20; Boston 50c; Chicago 40c.

DETROIT QUOTATIONS

WHEAT—Cash No. 2 red, \$1.85; March, \$1.80; May, \$1.78; No. 2 white and No. 2 mixed, \$1.83.

CORN—Cash No. 3 yellow, 66c; No. 4 yellow, 58c; No. 5 yellow, 58c; No. 6 yellow, 58c.

OATS—Cash No. 2 white, 44-1-20; No. 3 white, 43c; No. 4 white, 40c.

RYE—Cash No. 2, \$1.63 bid.

BARLEY—Prime and clover, cash, \$12.75; March, \$12.00; aiskie, \$10; timothy, \$3.50.

FEED—Bran, \$35@37; standard middlings, \$35@37; cracked corn, \$32@33; coarse meal, \$27.50@29; chop, \$26.50@28 per ton in 100-lb. sacks.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$22@23; standard, \$21@22; light mixed, \$21@23; No. 2 timothy, \$20@21; No. 3 clover mixed, \$19@20; No. 1 clover, \$19@20; rye straw, \$12@14; wheat and oat straw, \$12@13 per ton in carlots.

WHEAT—Fancy spring wheat patents, \$1.75@1.80; winter wheat patents, \$1.50@1.55; second winter wheat patents, \$1.35@1.40; winter wheat straights, \$1.25@1.30 per bu.

LIVE STOCK AND POULTRY CATTLE—Best heavy steers, \$8.50; best handy weight butcher steers, \$6.50@7.00; mixed steers and heifers, \$6@7.25; handy light butchers, \$5@6; light butchers, \$5; best cows, \$5.50@6.50; butcher cows, \$4.50@5.50; cutters, \$3.25@4; canners, \$2.50@3; choice bulls, \$7; bologna bulls, \$6@7; stock bulls, \$5@5.50; feeders, \$3.50@4.50; stockers, \$3@5.25; milkers and springers, \$5@6.00.

LAMBS—Best lambs, \$10.25@10.75; fair lambs, \$9@9.50; light to common lambs, \$5@7.50; fair to good sheep, \$4@5; culls and common, \$1.50@2.25.

HOGS—Mixed hogs, \$8@9.70; roughs, \$5; pigs and lights, \$10.50; stags, \$6.50; boards, \$5.

CALVES—Best, \$15@15.50; culls and common, \$10@12; heavy, \$4.50@5.50.

POULTRY—Spring chickens, large, colored, \$2@30c; Leghorns, springs, 24@25c; four pounds, 32@33c; five pounds, 34@35c; 2-3@25c; small hens, 30c; old roosters, 20c; ducks, 38c; geese, 37@28c; turkeys, seven pounds and over, 40@42c per lb.

APPLES—Michigan, \$1@1.25 per bu; fancy, \$1.50@1.75 per bu; western, \$3@3.50 per box.

POTATOES—Michigan, \$2@2.25 per 100-lb. sack.

ANGERED FATHER IS SHOT BY SON

"SELF-DEFENSE" PLEA OF LAD WHO SAYS MOTHER'S LIFE WAS THREATENED.

QUARREL OVER TRIVIAL MATTER

Slain Man Known As Breeder of Fast Trotting Horses in Southern Michigan.

Hillsdale.—Defending the lives of his mother and two little sisters which he believed in danger during a family quarrel, Max Lyons, 17-year-old Hillsdale farmer boy, shot and instantly killed his father, Chester H. Lyons, well-known Hillsdale county horse-man.

The Lyons home is five and one-half miles from Hillsdale. According to the story told by the boy and his mother, the father returned home in a state of intoxication, and became abusive.

Fearing the father would attempt to put the threat into execution, Max went to an adjoining room, it is said, secured a double-barreled shotgun and returning fired both barrels at his father.

The slain man, who was about 50 years of age, was well known throughout southern Michigan as a breeder of fast trotting horses.

GERMANY TO PAY 56 BILLIONS

Supreme Council Also Agrees On 42 Per Cent Export Tax.

Paris.—The most staggering sum of war indemnity ever imposed upon a defeated nation will be exacted from Germany as a result of the reparations agreement approved by the Inter-Allied supreme council.

GREECE FIGHTS PACT REVISION

Counts On Backing of U. S. On Sevres Treaty Question.

Athens.—Greece will resist any attempt to revise the Allied-Turkish treaty at the conference to begin in London February 21.

TARIFF DELAYED BY FILIBUSTER

Republican Leaders to Lay Bill Aside Unless Progress is Made.

Washington.—The emergency tariff bill now pending in the senate is expected to succumb to Democratic filibuster.

LABOR RULED FIRM BANKRUPT

Union's Attempt to Manage Iron Works Proves Unsuccessful.

Norfolk, Va.—The Crescent Iron works, known under its operating name as the pattern for the Norfolk idea of organized labor to shape policies of industrial concerns by acquiring a measure of financial control of companies, has been thrown into involuntary bankruptcy by three creditors.

Gives Blood to Save Fox.

Fort William, Ont.—Richard Kempton, who served abroad with Canadian forces during the World war, gave his blood to save the life of a former enemy of his country.

CHARLEVOIX CO. HERALD

G. A. Lusk, Publisher. Subscription Rate, \$1.50 per year.

Entered at the postoffice at East Jordan Michigan, as second class mail matter.



First Methodist Episcopal Church

Rev. Thomas Marshall, Pastor. "The Church where your welcome never wears out." Sunday, Feb'y 6, 1921. 10:00 a. m.—"The Love of God." 11:15—Sunday School. 3:00 p. m.—Junior Church. 7:00 p. m.—Union services at the Presbyterian Church.

Presbyterian Church Notes

Rev. John Duncan, Pastor. Sunday, Feb'y 6, 1921. 10:00 a. m.—"East Jordan's Greatest Sin." 11:15—Sunday School. 6:00 p. m.—Y. P. S. C. E. 7:00 p. m.—Union Service.

St. Joseph's Church.

D. M. Drihan Pastor. Masses on 1st and 3rd Sunday of each month at 8:00 and High Mass at 10:00. Mass on 2nd Sunday of each month at 8:00 o'clock.

St. John's Church.

Bohemian Settlement. High Mass on 2nd Sunday of each month at 10:00. High Mass on 4th Sunday of each month at 8:00 o'clock.

Latter Day Saints Church.

L. Dudley, Pastor. Sunday, Feb. 6, 1921. 10:00 a. m.—Sunday School. 11:00 a. m.—Prayer Meeting. 7:00 p. m.—Prayer Meeting.

Church of God.

Hours of services: (Eastern Standard Time) Sunday School—10:30 a. m. Preaching at 11:00 a. m. Evening service—7:00 p. m. Wed. prayer-meeting—7:00 p. m.

Revival Meetings are still in progress but probably will not continue very much longer. However, we will give a more definite notice before closing so you better try and come now—before it's too late.

Following is a list of Sermon subjects and dates of delivery: Fri., Feb. 4th, 7:30 p. m.—Things That Accompany Salvation.

Sat., Feb. 6th, 7:30 p. m.—The Second Coming of Christ.

Sun., Feb. 6th, 11:00 a. m.—Divine Healing.

Sun., Feb. 6th, 7:30 p. m.—Dry Bones.

Mon., Feb. 7th, 7:30 p. m.—Must We Sin?

Tues., Feb. 8th, 7:30 p. m.—The Two Covenants.

It will pay you well to put forth, if necessary, a special effort to come and hear each and every one of these sermons on these timely subjects.

Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Burgess, Pastors.

HIS TROUBLE IS ALL GONE

"I was affected with pains all over my back and kidneys," writes Charles McAllister, 1 Clark Ave., Kearney, N. J.

PENINSULAR

(Edited by Mrs. E. Hayden)

The Pine Lake Creamery Co. had a meeting of stock holders in Boyne City Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wurn and Mr. and Mrs. James Arnett attended the installation of officers of the Royal Neighbors at Boyne City, Wednesday, and report a fine time.

Mr. Boyer passed through this section Thursday en route to Boyne City to visit his parents and take his children, who are attending school in Boyne City, back home for the week end.

Roy Sanford went to East Lansing, Sunday, to attend Farmers' Week at the M. A. C. He expects to take lessons in milk testing.

Mr. and Mrs. Eloyd Davis and little daughter, of Boyne City, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Healy, of the Star District.

Mrs. Jesse Wright visited friends at Deer Lake Friday and Saturday.

Leslie and Gertrude Dow, of Flint, are among the young folks who have come north for a vacation caused by the depression in business.

Mr. Martin Staley, of Charlevoix, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Joel Bennett, and son, George, of the Star District and Ernest of Mountain District.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Jones east of Boyne City visited their daughter, of Star District, Saturday.

The Star of Hope Sunday School finished their drive for the relief fund in China, the amount being \$38.50. They also have raised the \$25.00 they pledged to the Missionary Hospital conducted by Dr. Hemmingway, who was at the Mountain School last spring while in the United States on a leave of absence.

The skating is still in excellent condition. The fear of an ice famine has disappeared because of the zero weather during the past week.

Patron's Day will be observed Feb. 2 at the Star School.

Feb. 1 is Patron's Day at the Three Bells District.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Gaunt and family drove to the C. H. Tooley farm, Sunday to visit the Arthur Hewitt family.

C. A. Hayden of Boyne City skated across Pine Lake, Monday, and spent

the night with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hayden.

The ice in South Arm Lake is in fine condition and it is amusing to see the cars running and pushing fish hoppers ahead.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hewitt and family of the C. H. Tooley Farm visited Mr. and Mrs. Ray Loomis of the Star District, Sunday.

Mrs. J. Dunlop, who was called to Grayling some time ago by the death of her little grandson, has returned home.

Ralph Gaunt, who has been in Bay City and Detroit the past five weeks arrived home Monday evening.

Millie and Clyde Simmerman, who have been visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Simmerman, for some time on account of the shut down caused by the thaw, was called back to camp, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Gaunt skated, to Fast Jordan Sunday and called on Mr. and Mrs. Sam Simmerman.

Miss Mamie Gaunt, who attends high school at East Jordan, spent the week end with her parents, making the trip both ways on skates.

There are some fine catches of fish reported on both Pine and South Arm Lakes.

The love that never grows less isn't love—it's greed.

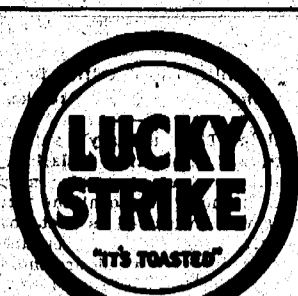
Lenin, the Russian dictator, denies that he is dead. Possibly he knows.



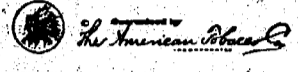
GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM.

tobacco makes 50 good cigarettes for 10c

February Prices for February Sewing to be ready for house-cleaning--- then the garden. Linen-finish Pillow Tubing, 42 and 45-in. at 50c yd. 9-4 Sheeting, bleached, half-bleached and unbleached -- 68c per yd. Percaloes, 23c per yd. Gingham, 25c per yd. Curtain Goods and Linen Filet Laces for trimming for any one planning new curtains for spring. Very special prices on Shoes. East Jordan Lumber Co



CIGARETTE
No cigarette has the same delicious flavor as Lucky Strike. Because Lucky Strike is the toasted cigarette.



"A SHINE IN EVERY DROP"
Black Silk Stove Polish is different. It does not dry out. It does not rub off. It lasts four times as long as ordinary polish—so it saves you time, work and money.

Black Silk Stove Polish
is not only economical, but it gives a brilliant, silk-like shine that cannot be obtained with any other polish. Black Silk Stove Polish does not rub off—it lasts four times as long as ordinary polish—so it saves you time, work and money.

Get a Can TODAY



Good to Remember
N-R TO-NIGHT—Tomorrow All Right
Put on Your Hat

GIDLEY & MAC, Druggists

Burpee's Seeds Grow

BURPEE'S ANNUAL
The Leading American Seed Catalog
SENT FREE
Burpee's Annual is a complete guide for the Vegetable and Flower garden. It is a bright book of 164 pages with over a hundred vegetables and flowers illustrated in natural colors. Write for your copy today.

W. Atlee Burpee Co.
Seed Growers Philadelphia

HEAD STUFFED FROM CATARRH OR A GOLD

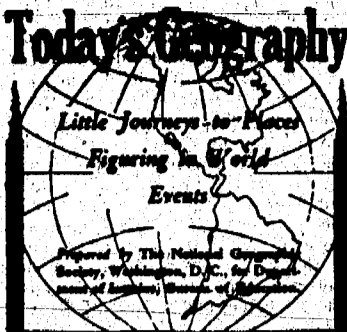
Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Opens Air Passages Right Up.
Instant relief—no waiting. Your clogged nostrils open right up. The air passages of your head clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, sniffling, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh disappears.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

We, thank you, are perfectly satisfied with 1921. Each day is quite as we expected it to be.

CUT THIS OUT—IT IS WORTH MONEY.

Cut out this slip, enclose with 5c to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Hopesy and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup, Foley Kidney Pills and Foley's Cathartic Tablets. Hitt's Drug Store—adv.



BESSARABIA: SHAPED LIKE A PITCHER WITHOUT A HANDLE

Roumania, since the conclusion of the World war, the largest of the states of southeastern Europe, owes much of this increased area to its recent annexation of Bessarabia, previously a part of Russia.

Bessarabia, the former Russian province lying between the Pruth and the Dniester rivers, and bounded on the south by the Danube and the Black sea, might be likened in shape to a tall, slim pitcher, without a handle. It is completely bounded by water except at a very narrow point at the mouth of the pitcher. The Dniester river forms the eastern boundary of the province. Flowing out of the crown lands at Galicia, the river runs east in general direction for approximately fifty miles. Then it turns southeast for ninety miles to Dniester bay, an arm of the Black sea, some fifteen miles from Odessa, Russia's principal port on that inland body of water. The Pruth river, flowing out of Galicia, runs east for about twenty miles, then turns southeast for a hundred and ten miles, and then slightly west of south to its confluence with the Danube.

Bessarabia is a little smaller than Vermont and New Hampshire together. Its greatest length is 275 miles, while its greatest width is 175. It is mostly flat, except for some well-wooded off-shoots of the Carpathian mountains in the northwest. It might be said to be the vineyard of Russia, being a great producer of wine. The population of 2,500,000 is made up of Moldavians, Little Russians, Poles, Roumanians, Bulgarians, Jews, Armenians, Greeks, and Tartars. More than 2,000,000 of the inhabitants live on the soil. The capital is Kishinef, which is located almost at the center of the province. To the west of Bessarabia lies Roumanian Moldavia, and to the east the Russian province of Podolia and Kherson.

The original inhabitants of Bessarabia are believed to have been Cimmerians, after whom came the Scythians. Because it was the key to one of the approaches toward the empire of Byzantium, the province was invaded by many successive races during the early centuries of the Christian era. Trajan incorporated it with the province of Dacia, and in the next century the Goths poured into it, to be followed in turn by the Huns, and Avars, and the Bulgarians.

In the seventh century a Thracian tribe, known as the Bessi, settled there and gave to the land its name. Between 1711 and 1812 it was the great bone of contention between the Ottoman Turks and the Russians. The Russians lost and recaptured it five times in that century. After the Napoleonic wars, it was definitely annexed to Russia, and its frontier pushed southward so as to include the delta of the Danube.

As a result of the Crimean war, Moldavia was given Dobruja and other territory, but under the treaty of Berlin in 1878, following Russia's mastery of Turkey and the congress of Berlin, Russia secured all of the territory east of the river Pruth. Bessarabia remained a part of Russia from that time until the dismemberment of the czar's empire, following the Russian revolution.

MEXICO: A MODERN BABEL

President Obregon, who has just been installed as chief executive of the Republic of Mexico, rules over a population of many to guess. This multiplicity of languages is not due to wholesale immigration as in the United States, but to a failure to "Mexicanize" a large part of the Indian population. The causes of many of the revolutions which have disturbed the progress of Mexico can be traced to this diversity of tongues and the differences in thought and ideals that necessarily follow.

"From Sonora to Yucatan, more than fifty separate dialects are spoken," writes Frederick Stampel in a communication to the National Geographic society.

"All the inhabitants of the West Coast, however, with the exception of some hill tribes of Indians can understand Spanish.

"Of these Indians the 8,000 Yaquis, with their crude Bacateite hill forts, their weird ceremonial masque dances and their warlike attitude, are easily the most conspicuous. Many are enlisted with the federal army or employed as ranch hands and mine or railroad laborers.

"The Yaquis with the federal troops are termed 'Manzanos,' or 'tame' Yaquis; those in the hills, wild and hostile, are the 'Bronchos.' The latter are a vagrant lot, robbing ranches for food and animals, carrying rawhide drums and water gourds, wearing mandals of green cowskin—living by their wits. Pressed by hunger, they subsist as well on burros as beef.

"These burros, the short and simple animals of the poor, thrive by the thousand on the West Coast. Many

run wild, like the wild asses of Mesopotamia.

"The Maya Indians, some of whom still carry bows and arrows, inhabit the flat coastal plain south of the Yaquil region along the River Maya. Excellent laborers, peacefully inclined, many of the Mayas are trusted helpers on American ranches and plantations.

"Most of the well-advertised brands of wild men are fairly familiar to the show-going American public. The head hunter, the Pygmy, the Bushman and his boomerang, are all old circus acquaintances. But within 700 miles of chaste and classic Los Angeles, there dwells a lost tribe of savages whose very name is known to but few of us; for this tribe has never been tamed, 'uplifted,' or even exhibited. Yet it is older, perhaps, than the Aztecs; it may even be the last living fragment of the American aborigines.

"The Seris, these strange people are called, and they inhabit a lonely, evil rock called Tiburon (Shark) Island that lifts its hostile head from the hot, empty waters of the Gulf of California. And all down this coast the name of Tiburon is spoken with a shrug of the shoulders, for these Seris are thieves and killers. It is even whispered that long ago they were cannibals."

EUGENICS AND OUR IMMIGRATION LAWS

Recognition by congress that immigration constitutes one of the greatest of the after-war problems of the United States makes timely a suggestion in regard to controlling the great influx of foreigners to this country, advanced by Dr. Alexander Graham Bell, in a communication to the National Geographic society.

"Why should not congress provide for an ethnical survey of the people of the United States," he asks.

"We should have definite and reliable information concerning those foreign elements which are beneficial to our people and those which are harmful.

"The problem of improving a race of human beings is a most perplexing one to handle. The process of improvement must be slow where the forces concerned act from within and are not amenable to control from without. Under the best conditions it would require several generations to produce sensible results; but in the United States we have, in the new blood introduced from abroad, an important means of improvement that will act more quickly, and that is eminently susceptible to control. All the nations of the world have been contributing elements to our population; and we have now, and now only, the opportunity of studying the process of absorption before it is complete.

"The grand spectacle is presented to our eyes of a new people being gradually evolved in the United States by the mingling together of the different races of the world in varying proportions. It is of the greatest consequence to us that the final result should be the evolution of a higher and nobler type of man in America, and not deterioration of the nation.

"To this end the process of evolution should be carefully studied, and then controlled by suitable immigration laws tending to eliminate undesirable ethnical elements, and to stimulate the admission of elements assimilated readily by our population, and that tend to raise the standard of manhood here."

HOW STEEL IS MADE

In the two years since the end of hostilities in the World war, the countries suffering most from the conflict have been importing steel to the extent that their finances will permit; for this substance is needed to patch the industrial injuries inflicted by the war. Some of the important methods employed in the making of steel are described in the following communication to the National Geographic society, by William Joseph Showalter:

"An open-hearth furnace looks a good deal like an ordinary bake-oven; but when one looks in through the water-cooled door, a vast difference appears. Instead of pans of fragrant, fat loaves of baking bread, there is an imposing pool of fiery liquid as bright as the filament of a high-power tungsten lamp, so dazzling that it can be examined with safety to the eyes only by those using colored glasses. Tinted here and there with streaks of soft blue and dainty pink, it looks like melted stick candy.

"In preparing a battery of open-hearth furnaces for a charge, finely-ground dolomite is shoveled in first. This melts like glass and fills up all cracks and crannies caused by the powerful heat of the preceding charge. Then a little train rolls up before the battery, and an electric crane dumps box after box of scrap metal from the cars into the furnaces. Off some distance is a great steel tank lined with firebrick and full of liquid pig metal.

"When the scrap has melted and the contents of the cauldron are cooked enough; when the impurities have been driven out and trolled away, the fiery broth is 'seasoned,' as it were, with the proper amount of carbon, spiegel, ferromanganese, tungsten, ferrosilicon, vanadium, or whatever is necessary to give the desired character to the resulting steel.

"Then comes the tapping of the furnace. An electric crane lifts a great ladle into position, a workman jams a crowbar through a clay-plugged hole at the base, and out flows the frenzied stream into the ladle. The slag rises to the top like oil on water and overflows, congealing on the outside of the ladle. Then the big crane picks

up the ladle, swings it over to the pouring platform, where it, in its turn, is tapped and its purified fluid run off into molds.

"Great care has to be taken in handling these ladles, for the presence of a few drops of moisture when the hot metal is poured into one might cause an explosion and loss of life. Just before they receive the molten metal the ladles are heated nearly white hot in order that the steel or iron may not chill in them.

"As fast as they are filled the ladles are swung out over the ingot molds and the liquid steel is run into them and allowed to cool and take its solid form. It is as if water were poured into molds and set in a refrigerating machine to freeze into blocks of ice. The only difference is that the 'freezing' point of steel is away above the boiling point of water.

"There are two other important types of steel furnaces—the crucible furnace and the electric furnace. In both of them the idea is to keep all harmful gases and other impurities out and to regulate the addition of alloys and oxygen destroyers to a nicety. In a crucible furnace the metal is placed in graphite clay pots, covers are put over them, and the pots subjected to great heat. Silica is gradually absorbed out of the clay in the pots and transformed into silicop by coming into contact with the carbon in the steel. The silicop in its turn absorbs the oxygen and thus quiets the frothing, foaming contents of the kettle.

"The electric furnace acts in much the same way, its heat being so pure that there is no necessity of putting the steel in covered pots to keep out gases and other impurities. An electric arc, established between huge electrodes and the surface of the slag, produces the heat in such a furnace. By varying the materials used in the formation of the slag any impurity can be worked off and the glowing steel left as pure as crystal. The alloys are then mixed with the steel and it is made fit for any use desired. It is drawn off into ladles and poured into ingot molds, where it hardens, ready to be worked up into those things that constitute the last word in fine steel."

THE TRAGEDY OF ARMENIA

The plight of Armenia about the end of 1918, a condition which has been aggravated by the recent defeat of Armenian forces by Turkish nationalists, is described in the following communication to the National Geographic society from Melville Chater.

"Erivan, the capital of Armenia's provisional republic is an inconceivable contrast to the Georgian government seat at Tiflis. At Erivan one finds no spacious prospect nor viceregal palace, no smart shops, Russian opera, nor gay night life. To behold misery in Tiflis, one must search it out. In Erivan one cannot escape it.

"This poor, straggling, dingy city of the plains, whose government offices suggest some hastily extemporized election headquarters and whose parliament chamber is rigged up with benches and cheesecloth in the auditorium of the second-class theater, boasts of but one beauty, and that—to speak in paradox—is forty miles away; for, in whatever quarter of Erivan you may be, lift your glance and great Ararat of eternal snows is seen brooding distantly over the mean streets with his aspect of majestic calm. He is the Armenian's Olympus, or rather say, the Sinai of a race which has known bondage and wilderness-wandering; and for centuries a people's imagination has turned toward him.

"The little Erivan republic has been the center of refuge for Turkish Armenians ever since the massacre of 1915, and between 200,000 and 300,000 of them are camped within its borders. As for the city itself, its former population of 40,000, has been doubled by this influx. There, starvation and typhus have claimed their toll of 9,000; the death rate fluctuating between fifty and eighty a day.

"Though the doctor and I were here to observe the worst phases of the situation, each of us waited for the other to suggest a trip to the Igdir region, where we were told starvation was most acute.

"The town of Igdir, with its local and near-by populations of 30,000 Armenians, 20,000 Tatars, and 15,000 Yezidis, revealed some squalid streets with but a few people seated here and there, as we drove in. Throughout those tortuous, sub-beaten byways, no children played and no animal roamed. The air was heavy with dreadful silence, such as hangs over plague-smitten communities.

"We found the children, such as they were, inhabiting an orphanage wherein one sickened at putridity's horrible odor, and were informed that there were neither medicines nor disinfectants wherewith to allay the condition of the many little sick beds.

"Sick? Say, rather, the bed-ridden—a word which more justly describes those tiny, withered-up, crone-like creatures, upon whose faces the skin seemed stretched to a drumhead's tightness; whose peering eyes shot terror and anguish, as if death's presence were already perceptible to them, and who lay there at famine's climax of physical exhaustion. In those young, yet grotesquely-aged faces, we seemed to see a long lifetime of tragedy packed into eight or ten childish years.

"The mud huts which we visited presented an invariable picture—a barren, cave-like interior, lacking one article of furniture or household utensil, and with a few bleached bones scattered here and there."

Notice!
We will accept your orders for **Custom Work** for the next few weeks.
If you have any Crating, Flooring, Etc., to be cut, or Planing to be done, please favor us with your order NOW as we will not be able to give you this service later.
East Jordan Cabinet Co
Phone orders to No. 218

Kill That Cold With HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE AND La Grippe
Neglected Colds are Dangerous
Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.
Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache
Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opium in Hill's
ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

Heat of Red Peppers Stops Rheumatic Pain
Rub on Sore, Stiff Joints and Muscles, and Rheumatism, Lumbago and Pain Vanish—Try It and see!
The penetrating heat of "Red Pepper Rub" will bring almost instant relief from the pains of rheumatism, pleurisy, colds, lumbago, neuritis, backache, strains, sprains, sore muscles and stiff, aching joints.
Penetrating heat immediately frees the blood circulation that carries off the congestion and pain is gone.
Nothing has such concentrated, penetrating heat as red peppers. The moment you apply Red Pepper Rub you feel the tingling heat. In three minutes it warms the congested spot, through and through.
When you are suffering so you can hardly get around, just get a jar of Rawles Red Pepper Rub, made from 4 peppers. It costs little at any drug store. The quickest relief known awaits you. Use it always for colds in chest.

GRANDMA NEVER LET HER HAIR GET GRAY
She Kept Her Locks Dark and Glossy, with Sage Tea and Sulphur.

When you darken your hair with Sage Tea and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it's done so naturally, so evenly. Preparing this mixture, though, at home is messy and troublesome. At little cost you can buy at any drug store the ready-to-use preparation, improved by the addition of other ingredients called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound." You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning all gray hair disappears, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully darkened, glossy and luxuriant.
Gray, faded hair, though no disgrace, is a sign of old age, and as we all desire a youthful and attractive appearance, get busy at once with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound and look years younger. This ready-to-use preparation is a delightful toilet requisite and not a medicine. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

ASPIRIN FOR COLDS
Name "Bayer" is on Genuine Aspirin—say Bayer

Insist on "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" in a "Bayer Package," containing proper directions for Colds, Pain, Headache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, and Rheumatism. Name "Bayer" means genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for nineteen years. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Aspirin is trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetic-acid or of Salicylic acid.

"I Got Real Mad when I Lost My Setting Hen," writes Mrs. Hanna, N. J.
"When I went into our barn and found my best setter dead I got real mad. One package of Rat-Snap killed six big rats. Poultry raisers should use Rat-Snap. Comes in cakes, no mixing. No smell from dead rats. Three sizes. Prices, 35c, 65c, \$1.25. Sold and guaranteed by Gidley & Mac Stroebel Bros.

Glass of Hot Water Before Breakfast a Splendid Habit

Open sluices of the system each morning and wash away the poisonous, stagnant matter.

Those of us who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when we arise; splitting headache, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, lame back, can, instead, both look and feel as fresh as a daisy always by washing the poisons and toxins from the body with phosphated hot water each morning.
We should drink, before breakfast, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to flush from the stomach, liver, kidneys and ten yards of bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary tract before putting more food into the stomach.
The action of limestone phosphate and hot water on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast and it is said to be but a little while until the roses begin to appear in the cheeks. A quarter pound of limestone phosphate will cost very little at the drug store, but is sufficient to make anyone who is bothered with biliousness, constipation, stomach trouble or rheumatism a real enthusiast on the subject of internal sanitation. Try it, and you are assured that you will look better and feel better in every way shortly.

The Voice of the Pack

BY EDISON MARSHALL

(Copyright, 1920, Little, Brown & Company)

(Continued)

If Dan had been erect upon his feet, his course would have been an immediate leap on the shoulders of his adversary, running the risk of Cranston reaching his hunting knife in time. But the second that he would require to get to his feet would entirely offset this advantage. Cranston could spring



"Good Evening, Cranston."

up, too. So he did the next most disarming thing. He sprang up and strode into the lean-to.

"Good evening, Cranston," he said pleasantly. Cranston was also upon his feet the same instant. His instincts were entirely true. He knew if he leaped for his rifle, Dan would be upon his back in an instant, and he would have no chance to use it. The rifle was now out of the running, as they were at about equal distances from it, and neither would have time to swing or aim it.

Dan's sudden appearance had been so utterly unlooked for, that for a moment Cranston could find no answer. His eyes moved to the rifle, then to his belt where hung his hunting knife, that still lay on the pallet. "Good evening, Falling," he replied, trying his hardest to fall into that strange spirit of nonchalance with which brave men have so often met their adversaries, and which Dan had now. "I'm surprised to see you here. What do you want?"

"Dan's voice when he replied was no more warm than the snow banks that reinforced the lean-to. 'I want your rifle—also your snow shoes and your supplies of food. And I think I'll take your blankets, too.'"

"And I suppose you mean to fight for them?" Cranston asked. His lips drew up in a smile, but there was no smile in the tone of his words.

"You're right," Dan told him, and he stepped nearer. "Not only for that, Cranston. We're face to face at last—hands to hands. I've got a knife in my pocket, but I'm not even going to bring it out. It's hands to hands—you and I—until everything's square between us."

"Perhaps you've forgotten that day on the ridge?" Cranston asked. "You haven't any woman to save you this time."

"I remember the day, and that's part of the debt. The thing you did yesterday is part of it, too. It's all to be settled at last, Cranston, and I don't believe I could spare you if you went to your knees before me. You've got a

Feet Drag?

When it is an effort to drag one foot after the other, when you are always tired and seem lacking in strength and endurance, when aches and pains rack the body, it is well to look for symptoms of kidney trouble.

Foley Kidney Pills

Beneficial effects of kidney and bladder trouble by removing the cause. They are healing and curative. They tone up and strengthen the weakened or diseased organs. They relieve backache, rheumatic pains, stiff joints, sore muscles.

W. W. Wells, Tencin, Mich., writes: "I got great relief from taking Foley Kidney Pills. I can see my feet most of the time and get tired less." After taking Foley Kidney Pills, they make me feel like a new man. I recommend them to my customers and never have heard of any case where they did not give satisfaction."

clearing out by the fire—big as a prison ring. We'll go out there—side by side. And hands to hands we'll settle all these debts we have between us—with no rules of fighting and no mercy in the end!"

They measured each other with their eyes. Once more Cranston's gaze stole to his rifle, but lunging out, Dan kicked it three feet farther into the shadows of the lean-to. Dan saw the dark face drawn with passion, the hands clenching, the shoulder muscles growing into hard knots. And Cranston looked and knew that merciless vengeance—that age old sin and Christless creed by which he lived—had followed him down and was clutching him at last.

He saw it in the position of the stalwart form before him, the clear level eyes that the moon light made bright as steel, the hard lines, the slim, powerful hands. He could read it in the tones of the voice—tones that he himself could not imitate or pretend. The hour had come for the settling of old debts.

He tried to curse his adversary as a weakling and a degenerate, but the obscene words he sought for would not come to his lips. Here was his fate, and because the darkness always fades before the light, and the courage of wickedness always breaks before the courage of righteousness, Cranston was afraid to look it in the face. The fear of defeat, of death, of heaven knows what remorselessness with which this grave giant would administer justice was upon him, and his heart seemed to freeze in his breast. Cravenly he leaped for his knife on the blankets below him.

Dan was upon him before he ever reached it. He sprang as a cougar springs, incredibly fast and with shattering power. Both went down, and for a long time they writhed and struggled in each other's arms. The pine boughs rustled strangely.

The dark, gaunt hand reached in vain for the knife. Some resistless



Some Resistless Power Seemed to Be Holding His Wrist.

power seemed to be holding his wrist and was bending its bone as an Indian bends a bow. Pain lashed through him. And then this dark-hearted man, who had never known the meaning of mercy, opened his lips to scream that this terrible enemy be merciful to him.

But the words wouldn't come. A ghastly weight had come at his throat, and his tortured lungs sobbed for breath. Then, for a long time, there was a curious pouncing, lashing sound in the evergreen boughs. It seemed merciless and endless.

But Dan got up at last, in a strange, heavy silence, and swiftly went to work. He took the rifle and filled it with cartridges from Cranston's belt. Then he put the remaining two boxes of shells into his shirt pocket. The supplies of food—the sack of nutritious jerked venison like dried bark, the little package of cheese, the boxes of hard tack and one of the small sacks of prepared flour—were tied, with a single kettle, into his heavy blankets and flung them with the rifle upon his back. Finally he took the pair of snow shoes from the floor. He worked coldly, swiftly, all the time munching at a piece of jerked venison. When he had finished he walked to the door of the lean-to.

It seemed to Dan that Cranston whispered faintly, from his unconsciousness, as he passed; but the victor did not turn to look. The snow shoes crunched away into the darkness. On the hill behind a half dozen wolves—stragglers from the pack—frisked and leaped about in a curious way. A strange smell had reached them on the wind, and when the loud, fearful steps were out of hearing, it might pay them to creep down, one by one, and investigate its cause.

The gray circle about the fire was growing impatient. Snowbird waited to the last instant before she admitted this fact. But it is possible only so long to deny the truth of a thing that all the senses verify, and that moment for her was past.

She noticed that when she went to her hands and knees, laboriously to cut a piece of the dried wood from the rain-soaked, rotted snag that was her principal supply of fuel, every wolf would leap forward, only to draw back when she stood straight again. She worked desperately to keep the fire

burning bright. She dared not neglect it for a moment. Except for the single pistol ball that she could afford to expend on the wolves—of the three she had—the fire was her last defense.

But it was a losing fight. The rain-soaked wood smoked without flame, the comparatively dry core with which Dan had started the fire had burned down, and the green wood, hacked with such heart-breaking difficulty from the saplings that Dan had cut, needed the most tireless attention to burn at all.

Her nervous vitality was flowing from her in a frightful stream. Too long she had tolled without food in the constant presence of danger, and she was very near indeed to utter exhaustion. But at the same time she knew she must not faint. That was one thing she could not do—to fall unconscious before the last of her three cartridges was expended in the right way.

Again she went forth to the sapling, and this time it seemed to her that if she simply tossed the ax through the air, she could fell one of the gray crowd. But when she stooped to pick it up—she didn't finish the thought. She turned to coax the fire. And then she leaned sobbing over the sled.

"What's the use?" she cried. "He won't come back. What's the use of fighting any more?"

"There's always use of fighting," her father told her. He seemed to speak with difficulty, and his face looked strange, and white. The cold and the exposure were having their effect on his weakened system, and unconsciousness was a near shadow indeed. "But, dearest—if I could only make you do what I want you to—"

"What?"

"You're able to climb a tree, and if you'd take these coats, you wouldn't freeze by morning. If you'd only have the strength—"

"And see you torn to pieces!"

"I'm old, dear—and very tired—and I'd crawl away into the shadows, where you couldn't see. There's no use minding words, Snowbird. You're a brave girl—always have been since a little thing, as God is my Judge—and you know we must face the truth. Better one of us die than both. And I promise—I'll never feel their fangs. And I won't take your pistol with me either."

Her thought flashed to the clasp hunting knife that he carried in his pocket. But her eyes lighted, and she bent and kissed him. And the wolves leaped forward even at this.

"We'll stay it out," she told him. "We'll fight it to the last—just as Dan would want us to do. Besides—it would only mean the same fate for me, in a little while. I couldn't cling up there forever—and Dan won't come back."

She was wholly unable to gain on the fire. Only by dint of the most heart-breaking toil was she able to secure any dry fuel for it at all. Every length of wood she cut had to be scraped of bark, and half the time the fire was only a sickly column of white smoke. It became increasingly difficult to swing the ax. The trail was almost at its end.

The after-midnight hours drew one by one across the face of the wilderness, and she thought that the deepening cold presaged dawn. Her fingers were numb.

Once more she went to one of the saplings, but she stumbled and almost went to her face at the first blow. It was the instant that her gray watchers had been waiting for. The wolf that stood nearest leaped—a gray streak out of the shadow—and every wolf in the pack shot forward with a yell. It was a short, expectant cry; but it chopped off short. For with a half-sob, and seemingly without mental process, she aimed her pistol and fired.

A fast-leaping wolf is one of the most difficult pistol targets that can be imagined. It bordered on the miraculous that she did not miss him altogether. Her nerves were torn, their control over her muscles largely gone. Yet the bullet coursed down through the lungs, inflicting a mortal wound.

The wolf had leaped for her throat; but he fell short. She staggered from a blow, and she heard a curious sound in the region of her hip. But she didn't know that the fangs had gone home in her soft flesh. The wolf rolled on the ground; and if her pistol had possessed the shocking power of a rifle, he would have never got up again. As it was, he shrieked once, then sped off in the darkness to die. Five or six of the nearest wolves, catching the smell of his blood, bayed and sped after him.

But the remainder of the great pack—fully 15 of the gray, gaunt creatures—came stealing across the snow toward her. White fangs had gone home; and a new madness was in the air.

Straining into the silence, a perfectly straight line between Cranston's camp and Snowbird's, Dan Falling came mashing across the snow. His sense of direction had never been obliged to stand such a test as this before. Snowbird's fire was a single dot on a vast plateau; yet he had gone straight toward it.

He was risking everything for the sake of speed. He gave no heed to the fallen timber that might have torn the web of his snow shoes to shreds. Because he shut out all thought of it, he had no feeling of fatigue. The fight with Cranston had been a frightful strain on muscle and nerve; but he scarcely remembered it now. His whole purpose was to return to Snowbird before the wolves lost the last of their cowardice.

The jerked venison that he had munched had brought him back much of his strength. He was wholly uncon-

scious of his heavy pack. Never did he glide so swiftly, so softly, with such unerring step; and it was nothing more or less than a perfect expression of the iron-clad control that his steel nerves had over his muscles.

Then, through the silence, he heard the shout of the pack as the wolf had leaped at Snowbird. He knew what it meant. The wolves were attacking then, and a great flood of black, hating bitterness poured over him at the thought he had been too late. It had all been in vain, and before the thought could fully go home, he heard the dim, far-off crack of a pistol.

Was that the first of the three shots, the one she might expend on the wolves, or had the first two already been spent and was she taking the last gateway of escape? Perhaps even now Lennox was lying still on the sled, and she was standing before the ruin of her fire, praying that her soul might have wings. He shouted with all the power of his lungs across the snow.

But Snowbird only heard the soft glide of the wolves in the snow. The wind was blowing toward Dan; and while he had heard the loud chorus of the pack, one of the most far-carrying cries, and the penetrating crack of a pistol, she couldn't hear his answering shout. In fact, the wilderness seemed preternaturally still. All was breathless, heavy with suspense, and she stood, just as Dan had thought, between the ruin of her fire and the sled; and she looked with straight eyes to the oncoming wolves.

"Hurry, Snowbird," Lennox was whispering. "Give me the pistol—for that, last word. We have only a moment more."

He looked very calm and brave, half-raised as he was on the sled, and perhaps a half-smile lingered at his beard-tips. And the bravest thing of all was that to spare her, he was willing to take the little weapon from her hand to use it in its last service. She tried to smile at him, then crept over to his side.

The strain was over. They knew what they had to face. She put the pistol in his steady hand.

His hand lowered to his side and he sat waiting. The moments passed. The wolves seemed to be waiting, too, for the last flickering tongue of the little fire to die away. The last of her fuel was ignited and burning out; they were crouched and ready to spring if she should venture forth after more. The darkness closed down deeper, and at last only a column of smoke remained.

It was nothing to be afraid of. The great, gray leader of the pack, a wolf that weighed nearly 100 pounds, began slowly and deliberately to set his muscles for the spring. It was the same as when the great bull elk comes to bay at the base of the cliffs; usually some one wolf, often the great pack leader, wishing to remind his followers of his might, or else some full-grown male proud in his strength, will attack alone. Because this was the noblest game that the pack had ever faced, the leader chose to make the first leap himself. It was true that these two had neither such horns nor razor-edged hoofs as the elk, yet they had eyes that chilled his heart when he tried to look at them. But one was lying almost prone, and the fire was out. Besides, the madness of starvation, intensified ten times by their terrible realization of the wound at her hip, was upon the pack as never before. The muscles bunched at his lean flanks.

But as Snowbird and her father gazed at him in fascinated horror, the great wolf suddenly smashed down in the snow. She was aware of its curious, utter collapse actually before the sound of the rifle shot that occasioned it had penetrated her consciousness. It was a perfect shot at long range; and for a long instant her tortured faculties refused to accept the truth.

Then the rifle spoke again, and a second wolf—a large male that crouched on the other side of the sled—fell kicking in the snow. The pack had leaped forward at the first death; but they halted at the second. And then terror came to them when the third wolf suddenly opened its savage lips and screamed in the death-agony.

Up to this time, except for the report of the rifle, the attack had been made in utter silence. The reason was just that both breath and nervous force are needed to shout; and Dan Falling could afford to waste neither of these vital forces. He had dropped to his knee, and was firing again and again, his gray eyes looking clear and straight along the barrel, his fingers without jerk or tremor pressing again and again at the trigger, his hands holding the rifle as in a vise. Every nerve and muscle were completely in his command. The distance was far, yet he shot with deadly, amazing accuracy. The wolves were within a few feet of the girl, and a fraction's waver in the gun barrel might have sped his bullet toward her.

"It's Dan Falling," Lennox shouted as the fourth wolf died.

Then Snowbird snatched her pistol from her father's hand and opened fire. The two shells were no longer needed to free herself and her father from the agony of fangs. She took careful aim, and although a pistol is never as accurate or as powerful as a rifle, she killed one wolf and wounded another. Frenzied in their savagery, three or four of the remaining wolves leaped at the body of one of the wounded; but the others scattered in all directions. Still Dan fired with the same unbelievable accuracy, and still the wolves died in the snow. The girl and the man were screaming now in the frenzied joy of deliverance. The wolves scurried frantically among the trees; and some of them unknowingly ran full in the face of their enemy, to

be shot down without mercy. A few indeed were those that escaped to collect on a distant ridge, and, perhaps, to be haunted in dream by a death that came out of the shadows to blast the pack.

Again the pack song would be despairing and strange in the winter nights—that age old chant of Famine and Fear and the long war of existence with only Death and Darkness in the end. And because it is the voice of the wilderness itself, the tender-foot that camps in the evergreen forest will listen, and his talk will die at his lips, and he will have the beginnings of knowledge. And perhaps he will wonder if God has given him the thews and fiber to meet the wilderness breast to breast as Dan had met it; to remain and to fight and to conquer. And thereby his metal will be tested in the eyes of the Red Gods.

Snowbird stood waiting in the snow, arms stretched to her forester as Dan came running through the wood. But his arms were wider yet, and she went softly into them.

"We will take it easy from now on," Dan Falling told them, after the camp



"We Will Take It Easy From Now On."

was cleared of its dead and the fire was built high. "We have plenty of food; and we will travel a little while each day and make warm camps at night. We'll have friendship fires, just as sometimes we used to build on the ridge."

"But after you get down in the valleys?" Lennox asked anxiously. "Are you and Snowbird coming up here to live?"

The silence fell over their camp; and a wounded wolf whined in the darkness. "Do you think I could leave it now?" Dan asked. By no gift of words could he have explained why; yet he knew that by token of his coquest, his spirit was wedded to the dark forests forever. "But heaven knows what I'll do for a living."

Snowbird crept near him, and her eyes shone in the bright fire light. "I've solved that," she said. "You know you studied forestry—and I told the supervisor at the station how much you knew about it. I wasn't going to tell you until—until certain things happened—and now they have happened, I can't wait another instant. He said that with a little more study you could get into the forest service—take an examination and become a ranger. You're a natural forester if one ever lived, and you'd love the work."

"Besides," Lennox added, "it would clip my Snowbird's wings to make her live on the plains. My big house will be rebuilt, children. There will be fires in the fire place on the fall nights. There is no use of thinking of the plains."

"And there's going to be a smaller house—just a cottage at first—right beside it," Dan replied. He could go back to his forests, after all. He wouldn't have to throw away his birthright; fought for so hard; and it seemed to him no other occupation could offer so much as that of the forest rangers—those silent, cool-headed guardians of the forest, and keepers of its keys.

For a long time Snowbird and he stood together at the edge of the fire-light, their bodies warm from the glow, their hearts brimming with words they could not utter. Words always come hard to the mountain people. They are folk of action, and Dan, rather than words, trusted to the yearning of his arms.

"We're made for each other, Snowbird, darling," he told her breathlessly at last. "And at last I can claim what I've been waiting for all these months." He claimed it; and in open defiance to all civil law, he collected fuel 100 times in the next few minutes. But it didn't particularly matter, and Snowbird didn't even turn her face. "Maybe you've forgotten you claimed it when you first came back, too," she said.

So he had. It had completely slipped his mind, in the excitement of his fight with the wolf pack. And then while Lennox pretended to be asleep, they sat, breathless with happiness, on the edge of the sled and watched the dawn come out.

They had never seen the snow so lovely in the sunlight. (THE END.)

TO CARRY REBELS AS HOSTAGES

British Military Authorities to Avoid Bomb and Firearm Attacks.

Dublin—The military authorities issued a proclamation declaring that if bomb and firearm attacks on crown forces in motor cars continue "known rebels will be carried as hostages for the safe conduct of the occupants of all motor vehicles which are the property of the armed forces of the crown."

FAVOR CURTAILMENT OF NAVIES

Borah Resolution Recommended By Foreign Relations Committee.

Washington—Disarmament advocates in congress scored when the senate foreign relations committee voted to recommend adoption of Senator Borah's resolution requesting the president to enter into negotiations with Great Britain and Japan for the curtailment of naval building programs.

Communist Teacher Discharged.

Albany, N. Y.—Membership in the communist party was held to be sufficient grounds for the discharge of a public school teacher, by F. B. Gilbert, acting commissioner of education, who dismissed an appeal by Julia D. Pratt from the action of the Buffalo board of education in removing her. Gilbert held that approval or support of the communist party showed "such a mental and moral condition as to make her unfit as an instructor."

EAT LESS AND TAKE SALTS FOR KIDNEYS

Take a glass of Salts before breakfast if your Back hurts or Bladder bothers you.

The American men and women must guard constantly against kidney trouble, because we eat too much and all our food is rich. Our blood is filled with uric acid which the kidneys strive to filter out, they weaken from overwork, become sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and the result is kidney trouble, bladder weakness and a general decline in health.

When your kidneys feel like lumps of lead; your back hurts or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment or you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night; if you suffer with sick headache or dizzy, nervous spells, acid stomach, or you have rheumatism when the weather is bad, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys; to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, makes a delightful, effervescent lithia-water beverage, and belongs in every home, because nobody can make a mistake by having a good kidney flushing any time.

DRINK HOT TEA FOR A BAD COLD

Get a small package of Hamburg Teat Tea at any pharmacy. Take a tablespoonful of the tea, put a cup of boiling water upon it, pour through a sieve and drink a teacup full at any time during the day or before retiring. It is the most effective way to break a cold and cure a grip, as it opens the pores of the skin, relieving congestion. Also loosens the bowels, thus driving cold from the system.

Try it the next time you suffer from a cold or the grip. It is inexpensive and entirely vegetable, therefore safe and harmless.

RUB BACKACHE AND LUMBAGO RIGHT OUT

Rub Pain and Stiffness away with a small bottle of old honest St. Jacobs Oil

When your back is sore and lame or lumbago, sciatica or rheumatism has you stiffened up, don't suffer! Get a 35 cent bottle of old, honest "St. Jacobs Oil" at any drug store, pour a little in your hand and rub it right into the pain or ache, and by the time you count fifty, the soreness and lameness is gone.

Don't stay crippled! This soothing, penetrating oil needs to be used only once. It takes the ache and pain right out of your back and ends the misery. It is magical, yet absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin. Nothing else stops lumbago, sciatica and lame back misery so promptly!

RELIEVES PAINS OF PILES

Relief and at Very Small Cost

The moment you apply a little Mentho-Sulphur the itching, irritation and bleeding stops. Don't continue to suffer because quick relief is at hand. Any pharmacist will supply you with a small jar of Mentho-Sulphur. This relieves, soothes, heals and dries up the trouble quicker than anything else.

Briefs of the Week

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Roy Green, a son, Jan. 28th.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Barney Bayliss, a son, Jan. 30th.

A whole show in itself. The jury in the Mock Trial. adv.

C. J. Malpass buys Veal, Chickens, Ducks, Geese, and Turkeys. adv.

Mrs. Russell King and Miss Myrtle Keefe left Saturday for Kalamazoo.

Admission to the Mock Trial and Family Album 50c (students 35c). adv.

Dance at Afton Grange Hall, Saturday evening, Feb'y 5th. Supper will be served.

H. J. Walker and daughter, Miss Mable, left Monday for a visit at Flint and other points.

Large coal or wood heater, only \$14.00, on easy payments at C. J. Malpass Hdwe. Co. adv.

Herbert Russell of Kewadin spent the week end here at the home of his sister, Mrs. Arnold Kaiser.

See the New Improved Empire Separator before you buy. It's different. C. J. Malpass Hdwe Co. adv.

Wouldn't you rather attend the Mock Trial voluntarily than have the court officer summon you? adv.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Van Husan returned home Saturday from a visit at Burr Oak, Mich. and other points.

Prosecuting Attorney Rueggeger and Sheriff Weaver were in the city on official business latter part of last week.

You read of bargains but none of such good quality. Outing flannel 13 1/2c per yard now selling at The Leader during our clearance sale. adv.

Serg't G. S. Pratt of the Traverse City Recruiting Station is in East Jordan at present for the purpose of interesting our young men in the Army. His headquarters are at the postoffice and he will be here until next Monday.

Seats for the Mock Trial will be reserved without extra charge. adv.

Charles N. Burch, a former resident of this city, but for several years has resided at Boyne City, passed away at his home in that city, Monday evening, Jan. 31st, of pneumonia. Deceased was aged 38 years. Mr. Burch was a faithful worker in the Latter Day Saints Church. Funeral services were held from the Saints Church at Boyne City, Wednesday afternoon.

I want to buy some good second-hand harnesses, wagons, and a draft team. C. J. Malpass. adv.

Leo Lalonde returned Monday from Grand Rapids.

Friends you haven't seen for years in the Family Album. adv.

Mrs. Claude Wood returned Monday from a visit at Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Roszell returned Monday from Lewiston.

Ira Bradshaw was at Lansing and Port Huron on business this week.

The Leader is selling men's canvas gloves at 9c a pair at the sale. adv.

Mrs. Sherman Conway went to the Reycraft Hospital at Petoskey, Thursday.

Mrs. Arnold Kaiser and daughter, Miss Etta, were Traverse City visitors, Monday.

Specialties at the Mock Trial will be worth more than the price of admission. adv.

C. J. Malpass will buy your hay, straw, or corn fodder in your barn or delivered. adv.

Mrs. Lyle Knight of Fife Lake spent the week end here with her sister, Mrs. Levi Caulkins.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Tischer of Lansing are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Dudley.

Mrs. George Geck, who has been visiting her daughters at Detroit, returned home Monday.

Mrs. A. R. VanHusan, who has been visiting friends at Philadelphia, returned home Monday.

Mrs. Frank Page and children of Levering are visiting at the home of her brother, P. M. Burgess.

You can buy almost everything for your home on easy payments at C. J. Malpass Hdwe. Co. adv.

Mrs. A. McKeage went to the Reycraft hospital at Petoskey, Monday, where she will take treatment.

A striking example of the severe punishment inflicted on kidnappers will be seen at the Mock Trial. adv.

Matt Routley and daughter, Miss Edna, of Bellaire were here over Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Scott.

Misses Agnes and Mary Green left Saturday for a visit with friends at Detroit. Miss Agnes returned home Wednesday, while her sister, Mary, remained for a longer visit.

Watch for the date of the Family Album and Mock Trial. adv.

Wanted—Furniture, stoves, farm machinery, buggies and sleighs.—C. J. Malpass. adv.

Mrs. Leo Swafford is visiting friends at Cadillac this week.

A most harrowing tale of breach of promise in the Mock Trial. adv.

Miss Dorothy Anderson is visiting her sister at Frederic this week.

Norway Herring in Bulk at Votruba's Cash Store. adv.

February Clearance Sale starts at The Leader, Saturday February 5th. adv.

Misses May Bolser and June Wilcox left Tuesday for a visit at Valparaiso, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Suffern were at Ann Arbor on business first of the week.

Mrs. Eliza Flynn of Blanchard is here visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frank Gorman.

25 per cent off on all heaters at C. J. Malpass Hdwe. Co. on our easy payment plan. adv.

Fred Deshane, who has been at the Reycraft hospital at Petoskey, returned home Wednesday.

Mrs. Melvin Smith was called to Traverse City this week by the serious illness of her father.

Mrs. Charles Crooks left Wednesday for her home at Detroit after a visit with Mrs. G. W. Kitman.

You can buy a corn fodder cutter for \$10.00 at C. J. Malpass Hdwe. Co. that makes your feed go farther.

M. E. Ladies Aid will meet with Mrs. Edmund Bogart, Wednesday afternoon, February 9th, at 2:30 standard.

Mrs. Franklin Burgess returned to Levering, Wednesday, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Burgess.

Mrs. Robert Proctor went to the Reycraft hospital at Petoskey, Wednesday, where she will take treatment.

Mrs. John Pederson returned to Manvelona, Monday, after a months visit with her daughter Mrs. Albert Arnston.

Jake Merideth returned to Thompsonville, Tuesday, after a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Merideth.

The Improvement Club will meet at the home of Mrs. R. O. Bisbee, next Wednesday evening, Feb'y 9th. This will be Michigan night.

Paul Franseth returned home Wednesday from the Reycraft hospital at Petoskey, where he underwent an operation for appendicitis.

The Women's Society of the Presbyterian Church will meet with Mrs. Chas. Malpass, Friday, February 11th. A full attendance is especially requested.

Mrs. F. P. Ramsey left Tuesday for Chicago where she plans to purchase a stock of millinery goods and will open millinery parlors in our city in the near future.

Ben Howell, of Topinabee, yesterday had the misfortune to lose a valuable team of horses through the ice on Mullet lake. Mr. Howell with a force of men had been hauling heavy loads of ice across the lake from Red Pine point. All went well in the morning, two sleighs and one team of horses being used; in the afternoon Mr. Howell got out a second team of horses. They started to cross the lake about 5 p. m., the second team being about 400 feet behind the first. The first team which was driven by Mr. Howell had gotten about 500 feet from shore when the ice gave way and the horses plunged through to their death. Mr. Howell and his helpers saved themselves though badly drenched in the icy waters, and succeeded in reaching the second load which by taking a devious course safely reached Topinabee.—Cheboygan Daily Tribune.

I want to buy pork, veal, poultry, hay, corn fodder or feed of any kind in field or barn. C. J. Malpass. adv.

Income Tax On Bonuses

Gifts to Employees Are Not Deductible from Employers' Returns.

Only single persons whose net income for 1920 was less than \$1,000 and married persons living with husband or wife whose net income was less than \$2,000 are exempt from the requirement to file an income tax return.

The obligation to consider his own case and to file an income tax return on time, if one is due, is laid squarely on the shoulders of every resident of the United States. Guesswork is barred. The returns are sworn statements, and accuracy is essential. Salaried persons and wage earners must ascertain the actual compensation received. Bonuses, shares in the profits of a business, values of quarters and board furnished by an employer, and other items of compensation for services must be included.

GROSS AND NET INCOME.

Returns must show both gross and net income. Gross income includes practically every dollar received by the taxpayer during the year 1920. The net income is determined by subtracting from gross income certain deductions, specified by the revenue law, and fully explained in instructions on forms 1040-A and 1040 for filing returns.

Business expenses are the principal allowable deductions in computing net income. The law specifically prohibits the deduction of household and living expenses. Typical deductible business expenses are for salaries, labor, cost of merchandise, raw materials and supplies, rent, repairs, light, power, delivery, selling cost, advertising, and insurance. Doctors, lawyers, and like professional men may deduct from their gross income dues paid to professional societies and subscriptions to professional journals, rent paid for offices, amounts paid for light, fuel, water, and telephone used in such offices, and the wages paid to office assistants.

WHEN DUE

This year, at last, the tax may be paid in full at the time of filing the return, on or before March 15, 1921, or in four installments, the first of which is due on or before March 15, the second on or before June 15, the third on or before September 15, and the fourth on or before December 15.

The return must be filed with the collector of internal revenue for the district in which the taxpayer lives. Heavy penalties are provided for failure or willful refusal to make a return and pay the tax when due.

"It requires a thick skinned man to hold public office these days," remarks a leading citizen. But he's in error. All hide would be better.

Regardless of price conditions, the crop of free advice has not diminished.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of our dear Nellie Beatrice Sutton who departed from this life six years ago, October 14, 1915. Safe in the arms of her Savior she lies, wonderful peace to her given. Dwelling with Christ in his beautiful home, resting in heavenly love in the fair fields of the blessed to roam the bright ages above. Then at the portals our dear Nellie we'll see lovingly guiding us home.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sutton and Family.

Announcement

Mr. Edsel B. Ford, President of the Ford Motor Company, gives out the following statement:

"The price of the FORDSON Tractor has been reduced from \$790.00 to \$625.00 F. O. B. Dearborn, effective immediately.

"This price change has been made possible through lower costs of materials and the fact that we are now located in our new Tractor Plant with greatly increased economic manufacturing facilities in immediate connection with our foundry and machine shops and large blast furnaces where iron is poured directly from the ore, giving us maximum efficiency with the power to reduce cost of production, and down comes the price in line with our policy to market our products at the lowest possible figure without in any way affecting our high standard of quality.

"We are particularly pleased in being able to bring about this big reduction in price at this time because the farmer needs all the help we can give him and this big cut in price will be the means of placing a valuable power unit within the reach of practically every one of them, not to mention industrial and commercial concerns which likewise have benefited through its use and are already realizing, to a much greater extent, its value as a power and hauling unit. But particularly has the FORDSON Tractor proved a most valuable factor in the saving of farm labor, at the same time increasing the per acre crop yield as well as making possible a utilization of previously uncultivated land, to say nothing of removing no end of drudgery.

"There is no question that the use of machine power on the farm is the greatest advancement made in the development of agriculture, not only in money saving and money making results, as well as raising the standards of living on the farm to a much higher level, but because of its proved value in making every type of land more productive, and consequently our desire to place the FORDSON within the reach of all.

"THERE IS NO CHANGE IN THE PRESENT FORD CAR AND TRUCK PRICES, which are already at the lowest possible figure and now with rock bottom reached on the tractor price a further reduction in price of either the Car, Truck or Tractor is out of the question; in fact, the big price cuts have been made in anticipation of continuous maximum production and increases may be necessary before long if a large volume of new business is not obtained. Therefore, present prices of Ford products cannot be guaranteed against possible increases."

Ask for the book "The Fordson at Work," which will be supplied free of cost. Let us demonstrate the value of the Fordson on your farm, in your factory, lumber yard, coal yard, or in any general hauling or power work you have to do and let us have your order for a Fordson.

Northern Auto Company

Coming Soon! Watch for the Date! Mock Trial Family Album High Class Specialties

Cast for Mock Trial

- Judge Wisehead..... R. O. Bisbee
- Gillfillen—Court Officer..... A. K. Hill
- Fuesyboy—Attorney..... Merle Crowell
- Snapcash—Attorney..... D. L. Wilson
- Leonora Smithers Trustly—Plaintiff.. Ethel Crowell
- Abijah Pippins—Defendent..... W. H. Sloan
- Amelia Bedelia Arrowroot—Witness.. Mrs. Boswell
- Director..... Mrs. M. R. Keyworth

If you're looking for Coal that's always O. K.

BUY OF THE ARGO

Our friends are all saying in unison grand

BUY OF THE ARGO

The way they are boosting it beats the band

BUY OF THE ARGO

We know they're not "kidding" for day after day

There's lots of new business a-coming our way.

Yours for SERVICE and QUALITY.

Argo Milling Company



Special communication of East Jordan Lodge No. 379 F. & A. M., this Saturday evening Feb. 5th. Work in the E. A. degree.



Regular meeting of South Lake Lodge No. 180, N. K. of P. every Wednesday. All members, please attend. Visitors welcome.

To The People Of East Jordan And Vicinity.

Order a bushel of Davis' Home Grown Bagas from your dealer today. If he won't supply you, leave your order at Stroebel Bros. and I will see that you get them.

All bagas not sold in the next two weeks will be shipped, so order early. Yours respectfully, JAMES DAVIS. adv.

Would Have Horrified Her. Tabby was giving her four babies a bath on the back porch, in true cat fashion. Elizabeth watched her for some time, then remarked to her mother: "It's a good thing the visitin' nurse don't see how Tabby washes her babies."

**MANY MICHIGAN PEOPLE
RELIEVED OF GOITRE
WITHOUT OPERATION**

By External Home Treatment—
Go see or Write to Any
of Them.

Note: It would be illegal to publish these statements if they were not true. These people have treated goitre successfully with Sorbol Quadruple. They have had their testimonials published in their home papers. Any of them are glad to tell their experience personally or by letter: Mrs. Roy. E. Ashley, 316 Cherry St., Battle Creek, Mrs. Wm. Stewart, 603 Spring St., Ann Arbor, Mrs. J. P. McIlroy, 37 Goguc St., Battle Creek, Mrs. Jennie Newby, 682 20th St., Detroit, Mrs. Martin Cur-
tain, Elkton, Miss Verna Ross, 58 Grayling Ave., Detroit, Floyd Sprague, Owosso, Mrs. John Gates, Howard City.
Sorbol Quadruple comes in small bottles containing enough for most cases. It will not stain or irritate. Does not interfere with regular work. Leaves parts in healthful, normal condition. Requires 10 minutes daily.
Get further information at Gidley & Mac's Drug Store, drug stores everywhere or write Sorbol Company, Mechanicsburg, Ohio.

Lore of Precious Stones.

The emerald, the turquoise, the jade, sapphire and topaz all carry abundant lore of love, of sacred, and of healing description in their lovely rays and colors. The jade, associated with history from ancient days, is one of the oldest and most curious stones.

MORE THAN SHE EXPECTED

Sufferers from backache, rheumatic pains, stiff and swollen joints, will be glad to read this from Mrs. H. J. Marchard, 36 Lawrence St., Salem, Mass. "I took Foley Kidney Pills for kidney disorders and results are more than I expected, I recommend them to every woman so troubled." Hite's Drug Store.

Dr. W. H. Parks

Physician and Surgeon
Office second floor Kimball Bldg., next to Peoples Bank.
Phone 158—4 rings
Office hours: 1:30 to 4:00 p. m.
7:00 to 8:00 p. m.
X-RAY in Office.

Hugh W. Dicken

Physician and Surgeon
East Jordan, Mich. Phone No. 128
Office Hours:
11:00 to 12:00 a. m.
2:00 to 4:00 and 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.

Dr. F. P. Ramsey

Physician and Surgeon.
Graduate of College of Physicians and Surgeons of the University of Illinois.
OFFICE E. J. LUMBER CO. BLOCK
East Jordan, Mich.
Phone No. 196.

Dr. G. W. Bechtold
DENTIST

Office Hours: 8:00 to 12:00 a. m.
1:00 to 5:00 p. m.
Evenings by Appointment.
Office, Second Floor of Kimball Block.

Dr. C. H. Pray
Dentist

Office Hours:
8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m.
And Evenings.
Phone No. 223.

Frank Phillips

Tensorial Artist.
When in need of anything in my line call in and see me.

**Michigan News
Tersely Told**

Lansing—Dr. J. M. Day, a major in the Army Medical Corps who served in France, is dead here.

Vicksburg—Several thousand pounds of butter was destroyed by fire in the Bishop Creamery here. Loss, \$10,000.

Menominee—Mayor M. J. Doyle, who recently tendered his resignation, has withdrawn it at the solicitation of friends.

Albion—The American Legion and federated clubs of Albion are working out plans to aid families of unemployed men.

Kalamazoo—A farmers' co-operative elevator and warehouse to cost \$100,000 is being planned by the Kalamazoo County farm bureau.

Grand Rapids—The thirty-second annual convention of the Michigan Retail Lumber Dealers' Association will be held in Grand Rapids Feb. 3 and 4.

Owosso—Because the unions refused to accept reduced working hours, the Ann Arbor Railroad has cut down the working force in its car shops here.

Port Huron—Milk producers in this section, dissatisfied with the recent reduction of 75 cents a 100 pounds for milk, appointed a committee to seek higher prices for it.

Vicksburg—Jesse R. Cropsey, former state senator from the Sixth District, is dead at Sherburn, N. Y., to which town he removed a few years ago. He was 55 years old.

Grand Rapids—As the market for potatoes continues weak, many farmers, who have been hoarding their stock in the expectation of forcing an advance have started selling.

Grand Rapids—The total attendance of buyers at the Grand Rapids furniture exhibition this January was 1,680, or 46 fewer than the record attendance of two years ago, officials say.

Flint—Coincident with the acceptance by federal inspectors of 60 men for Flint's first National Guard unit, the Chamber of Commerce has revived the proposal to erect an armory here.

Allegan—The Public Utilities Commission has suspended higher gas rates in Otsego and Allegan until the gas company improves the service. The action was taken on petition of consumers.

Escanaba—The body of J. E. Olafson, 35, traveling salesman, was found in his automobile a mile west of Manistique with the head blown off with a shotgun. He is believed to have committed suicide.

Standish—James Oliver Curwood, author and playwright is spending a winter vacation on the Au Sable River, where he recently purchased 40 acres and built a cabin. He expects to make this the scene of his future activities.

Cadillac—Emil Schmuik has secured an injunction to restrain his wife from annoying him, pending a divorce action in which he is the plaintiff. Schmuik's wife had him arrested for assault and battery and he countered with the divorce suit.

Lansing—In an effort to stimulate interest in historical matters, Secretary George N. Fuller of the Michigan Historical Commission soon will begin compilation of a list of dates of significance to the various counties and to the state at large.

Cheboygan—The ice bridge which formed on the straits between Bois Blanc Island and the mainland was broken up by a strong wind and the ice was driven into Lake Huron. The ice was seven inches thick and permitted islanders to walk to the mainland.

Saginaw—Police are seeking William Cittel, a former employe of Commissioner Fred L. Woodworth, of the prohibition enforcement department, on a warrant sworn out by Chief Inspector Henry Smith of the pure food and drug department, charging extortion of \$200.

Saginaw—John Boninsky, convicted of arson by a Circuit Court jury was sentenced to the State Reformatory at Ionia for from one to three years by Judge C. M. Browne. He was charged with having set fire to the house of Alex Pardowski, a neighbor, to wipe out an old grudge.

Marshall—Ouija board "spirits" caused the divorcing of Dr. Frank A. Warren, Tekonsha physician, from his wife. Judge North in circuit court has granted the physician a decree on grounds of desertion, following testimony that Mrs. Warren began making love to spirits through the ouija board and that when he protested that the "love feasts" were becoming too frequent, Mrs. Warren and her daughter left his home.

Detroit—Warren C. Anderson, director of the five Ford Motor company corporations in Europe and chief representative of the American company, with offices in London and Paris, resigned last week. Mr. Anderson placed his written resignation from each of the companies on the desk of Edsel Ford, president but at that time both Edsel and Henry Ford were in conference with a group of eastern bankers and Mr. Anderson did not see them personally. Other resignations from the Ford company have been announced.

Marquette—William O'Brien, sheriff of Keweenaw County has appointed his wife as undersheriff.

Ironwood—Peter Musatti, a miner, was killed in a fall of 75 feet in a shaft at the Anville mine.

Escanaba—Matt Krook of Negauene, 31, was found dead in the snow by a dance hall near Escanaba.

Ludington—John W. Ross, 48, agent of the Pere Marquette railroad here for 15 years, is dead of apoplexy.

Albion—Joseph Ruff, 79, former commander of the Albion Post of the Grand Army of the Republic, is dead.

Holland—Arend Vischer, former prosecuting attorney of Ottawa county and a director of Hope college is dead of heart trouble.

Iron River—Edward, 30 months' son of Mr. and Mrs. Stawaski was fatally burned when a pall of hot lard, carried by his mother, upset.

Adrian—A committee was appointed here to start a campaign against the commission form of city government and a return to the city council system.

Kalamazoo—The traffic bureau of the Kalamazoo Chamber of Commerce reports having refunded members' \$15,998.28 in 1920 on overcharges by railroads.

Ironwood—Three persons were injured, one perhaps fatally, when a Chicago & Northwestern train struck a large automobile passenger bus at Ramsey, eight miles south of here.

Flint—June 21, 22 and 23 have been selected by a local committee as dates for the entertainment of the annual state encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic here. Preparations are being made to care for 3,000 visitors.

Hillsdale—Dr. Anthony C. Hagan, who has been in Hillsdale putting on a financial drive for Hillsdale College, has been selected to be the new college president. J. W. Mauck, president emeritus, had asked to be released.

Lansing—Delay in construction of water works since the war in more than a score of Michigan cities is now endangering the health of 500,000 persons, states Major E. D. Rich, sanitary engineer of the Michigan department of health.

Muskegon—Robert E. Bunker, former dean of the law department of the University of Michigan, has filed suit against the Muskegon board of education for \$500 for services as counsel for the board in a test case several weeks ago.

Monroe—In a raid Sheriff Frank Gessner seized 14 barrels of grape wine valued at \$3,150 which had been locked in a basement of a house here. The liquor was taken to the court house. The owner will be arrested following an analysis.

Marquette—Harry Whithy of Newberry sentenced last week to six months to a year at Marquette prison for larceny, has been paroled by Gov. Grosbeck. Whithy served overseas two years and is the only support of his mother and two sisters.

Sault Ste. Marie—Herbert Pettett, aged five, is dead, and his parents Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Pettett and three sisters, are in the Soo hospital with serious burns and cuts as the result of the fire which destroyed their home at Strong's, thirty miles west of here.

Port Huron—The city commission has refused permission to the City Electric Railway company to operate the one-man type of car in Port Huron. Mayor French visited other cities where cars are used and says general sentiment is opposed to them.

Mt. Clemens—One thousand Army aviators are expected to arrive at Selfridge Field in a few weeks according to word received at the field. Orders have been issued to flyers at Kelly Field, Tex. for the shipment to Selfridge of the equipment used by the First Pursuit Group now stationed there.

Pontiac—The Public Utilities Commission has set Feb. 28 as the date for the hearing on the petition of the Michigan Light Co. for an increase in gas rates here. The city will oppose the increase and has hired a specialist to gather data on the gas situation which will be presented to the commission.

Marquette—Dr. J. N. Lowe, of the faculty of the Northern State Normal of Marquette has been engaged by the Upper Peninsula Development bureau, to chart the inland lakes and streams of the section north of the straits as a guide to sportsmen and also to make more intelligent the restocking of the waters with fish fry.

Kalamazoo—Following are officers elected by the Michigan Musicians association at their session here. President, Claude O. Taylor, Grand Rapids; vice-president, W. J. Dart, Port Huron; secretary-treasurer, Samuel Born, Kalamazoo. Executive board, M. W. Loranger, Saginaw; Bert Hill-dreth, Flint; and R. E. Rooder, Bay City. The next state meeting will be held in Muskegon in January 1922.

Traverse City—Residents of Traverse City and Grand Traverse county are planning to ask Henry Ford to permit John Burroughs, the naturalist, to stock Marlon Island as a game preserve. Four years ago Mr. Ford purchased Marlon Island, in Grand Traverse bay, which contains 200 acres and is one of the most valuable timber tracts in Michigan. It is not inhabited. The largest lake ships may tie up at the shore. It was obtained from the government in 1864 by Archie Butters and ex-Senator W. W. Smith of Traverse City.

REWARDS OUT FOR NIGHT RIDERS

Kentucky Governor Offers \$500 For Capture of Night Terrorists.

Frankfort, Ky.—Governor E. P. Morrow offered rewards of \$500 for arrest and conviction of each person participating in night riding in Fleming and Bath counties, requested the courts in each county to forthwith make grand jury investigations of reports that bands of armed men intimidated farmers in the district and the state adjutant general to have four troops of cavalry ready for instant service.

WEEP, BUT VOTE DEATH PENALTY

Five Women on Jury Which Renders Verdict in 54 Minutes.

Seattle.—A jury composed of five women and seven men took 54 minutes to convict John Schmitt, alleged bandit, of murder in the first degree, with a recommendation for hanging, at his trial on the charge of killing James O'Brien, police detective, in a pistol fight. Two of the women jurors were weeping when the verdict was read. Schmitt declared he would rather be hanged than to go to prison for life.

WAGE CUTS TO BE DISCUSSED

Railroads to Appeal to U. S. Labor Board For Relief.

Chicago.—General wage reductions on the larger railroads all over the country will be considered by the labor committee of the American Association of Railway executives in an effort to solve what railroad officials say is a precarious transportation situation. The meeting will make definite recommendations with a view to bringing the matter before the United States railroad labor board.

U. S. Leads in 1920 Tonnage

New York.—The United States led the world in the total of gross-tons of merchant vessels launched in 1920 according to figures made public by Lloyd's register of shipping. The total launchings in shipyards amounted to 5,861,000 gross tons, a decrease of almost 1,300,000 from the 1919 figure, but an increase of more than 400,000 over 1918. The total for the United States was 2,476,000 tons, while Great Britain was second with 2,055,000 tons.

MORTGAGE SALE

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by George Wiggins and wife, Lizzie Wiggins, both of the town of Sigma, County of Kalkaska and State of Michigan to the State Bank of East Jordan, a corporation organized, existing and doing business under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Michigan and having its principal office in the city of East Jordan, Michigan. Which said mortgage bears date the 25th day of July, 1912 and was recorded on the 7th day of August, A. D., 1912 in Liber 47 of mortgages on page 428 in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Charlevoix, Michigan, that said mortgage is past due and there is now claimed to be due and unpaid on said mortgage the sum of \$237.73 at the date of this notice, and no suit or proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the moneys secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 21st day of February, 1921 at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, standard time, at the front door of the court house in the city of Charlevoix, Michigan (that being the place where the circuit court for the County of Charlevoix is held), said State Bank of East Jordan will sell at public auction to the highest bidder the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage with 7 per cent interest and all legal costs.

The premises described in said mortgage are as follows to-wit:
The North one-half (N½) of Lot numbered eleven (11) Block "D" of S. G. Isaman's addition to the village of South Arm, now a part of East Jordan, Charlevoix County, Michigan, as per recorded plat of said village and said addition on file in the Register-of-Deed's office for Charlevoix County, Michigan.

THE STATE BANK OF EAST JORDAN
Mortgagee,
by ANDREW J. SUFEERN
Cashier.

CLINK & WILLIAMS
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Business address, East Jordan, Mich.

PROBATE ORDER

STATE OF MICHIGAN, the Probate Court for the County of Charlevoix.

At a session of said Court, held at the Probate Office in the City of Charlevoix, in said County, on the 25th day of January A. D. 1921.

Present: Servetus A. Correll, Probate Judge.

In the Matter of the Estate of Anna Mary Cincush Deceased.

The above estate having been admitted to probate and Adolphus M. Cincush appointed administrator thereof. It is ordered that four months from this date be allowed for creditors to present their claims against said estate, and that such claims will be heard by said court on Tuesday the 31st day of May A. D. 1921, at ten o'clock in the forenoon at the Probate office in the City of Charlevoix.

It is further ordered That public notice thereof be given by publication of this order for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing in the Charlevoix County Herald a newspaper printed and circulated in this county.

SERVETUS A. CORRELL
Judge of Probate.

**You Have Been Waiting
For Lower Prices . . .
They Are Here!**

We have made no big noise about the lower price of Furniture, nor are we going to.

However we find a slight reduction in our January price list. Don't be under the impression that these are great reductions as we have had none larger than 10 per cent.



Owing to the fact that our stock is large and that we must reduce for spring goods which will soon arrive, we are going the manufacturer one better and are offering our present stock of Furniture, Rugs and Linoleum at

15 per cent Below Marked Price

You Have Been Waiting For Lower Prices—
THEY ARE HERE!
Take Advantage of Them While Our Assortment Is Good.

Bamber Watson

FURNITURE DEALERS
R. G. WATSON Service Motor Hearse
Funeral Director Phone 66
EAST JORDAN—"LET'S GO."

Porcelain Ware.
There is nothing so effective as gaso-
line to clean porcelain tubs and wash-
basins. A dry rag dipped in gasoline
then rubbed on the surface will re-
move practically any discoloration or
stain. Marks which will not come
though scrubbed with cleaning
powders and soaps, vanish like magic at
the touch of gasoline.

Don't force too much goodness onto
a boy while he is young. Leave a little
for his old age, and he won't forget.

GOOD FOR WHOOPING COUGH
Mrs. Wm. Sager, 901 Nichol St., Utica,
N. Y., writes: "My little girl had
whooping cough awful bad. I gave her
Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and
it helped her wonderfully." This good
cough syrup checks colds, stops cough-
ing, and covers raw, inflamed mem-
branes with a healing coating. Hite's
Drug Store.

**Burpee's
Seeds
Grow**



Ex. Name _____
Address _____
W. Atlee Burpee Co.
Seed Growers Philadelphia

Gentlemen:
Please send me a free
copy of BURPEE'S
ANNUAL—The Leading
American Seed Catalog.