

# Charlevoix County Herald.

Vol. 25

EAST JORDAN, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, JANUARY 14, 1921.

No. 2

## What Did You Make In 1920?

### Uncle Sam Begins Collection of Federal Income Tax for Last Year.

Work has begun on the collection of the income tax for the year of 1920. Uncle Sam, through the Bureau of Internal Revenue, is addressing to every person in the United States the question, "What was your net income for 1920?" The answer permits of no guesswork. Every single person whose net income for 1920 was \$1,000 or more and every married person whose net income was \$2,000 or more is required to file a return under oath with the collector of internal revenue for the district in which he lives on or before March 15, 1921.

The penalty for failure is a fine of not more than \$1,000 and an additional assessment of 25 per cent of the amount of tax due. For willful refusal to make a return the penalty is a fine of not more than \$10,000 or not exceeding one year imprisonment, or both together with the costs of prosecution. A similar penalty is provided for making a false or fraudulent return, together with an additional assessment of 50 per cent of the amount of tax evaded.

#### Women Must Pay Tax.

The income tax applies to women as well as men. Husband and wife must consider the income of both plus that of minor dependent children, and if the total equals or exceeds \$2,000 a return must be filed. A minor who has a net income in his own right of \$1,000 or more must file a separate return. To be allowed the \$2,000 exemption a married person must be living with his husband or wife on the last day of the taxable year, December 31, 1920. Divorced, persons separated by mutual agreement, widows and widowers, unless they are the sole support of others living in the same household, in which they are allowed the \$2,000 exemption granted the head of a family, are entitled only to \$1,000 exemption.

#### Tax Rates for 1920.

The normal tax rate for 1920 is the same as for 1919—4 per cent on the first \$4,000 of net income above the exemption and 8 per cent on the remaining net income. This applies to every citizen and resident of the United States. In addition to the normal tax a surtax is imposed upon net income in excess of \$5,000.

#### Instructions On Form.

Full instructions for making out returns are contained on the forms, copies of which may be obtained from collectors of internal revenue. Persons whose net income for 1920 was \$5,000 or less should use Form 1040A. Those with incomes in excess of \$5,000 should use form 1040.

Revenue officers will visit every county in the United States to assist taxpayers in making out their returns. The date of their arrival and the location of their offices will be announced by the press or may be ascertained upon inquiry at the offices of collectors. This advisory service is without cost to taxpayers.

## WATSON TO THE RESCUE.

Thomas E. Watson, the new United States senator from Georgia, is to introduce a bill in the senate making liberty bonds legal tender. This would put them on a par with the national currency and restore them to at least par value.

If the government ever hopes to sell another bond in this country in time of emergency it will do well to protect the bondholders now.

It requires simply an act of congress to make every one of these bonds legal tender. That would require every person to accept them in payment of obligations just the same as currency.

They would possess an added advantage over currency in they would be drawing interest where currency does not.

They would become a possession of value even to the small investor, whereas now they are but a despised and depreciating drug in the market.

It's clearly up to our Uncle Samuel, so shrewd in many things but so blind in this, for some of these days he may need the wherewithal to again patch his pants.

And the dear and confiding public has a disagreeable habit of remembering disagreeable things.

Be of good cheer in this new year, brother. There is incalculable riches ahead of us—when we get to heaven.

## REBEC-SWEET POST AMERICAN LEGION ELECT OFFICERS

Rebec-Sweet Post No. 227 on Jan. 10th after an hour of smoking and delightful story telling of past experiences was called to order by Commander Speltz and proceeded with the business of the evening, election of officers coming first.

Comrades Joseph Cummins and Richard Hammerberg were nominated for Commander, Cummins was elected.

Moved and supported that Comrade Wm. Murphy be Post Adjutant, motion carried.

Moved and supported that Comrade R. Hammerberg be Post Finance Officer; motion carried.

Comrades John Foster and Leslie Miles were nominated for Post Sergeant; Miles elected.

Moved and supported that Comrade Dicken be Post Historian; motion carried.

Moved and supported that Comrade John Foster be appointed member of the executive committee for four years and Comrade John Mikula be appointed for three years; motion carried.

The club room questions were then discussed and it was suggested by Comrade Dicken that a committee be appointed to look up suitable rooms; Comrades Speltz, Dicken and Mikula were appointed.

Moved and supported that the dues for the coming year be \$3.00; motion carried. Dues to be paid immediately so as not to miss a number of the American Legion Weekly. Dues can be paid to Finance Officer, Hammerberg or Adjutant Murphy.

News was brought to the meeting of the arrival in New York of the body of Alonzo Cummins; he was a member of Co. I and had a host of buddies in East Jordan.—Post Adjutant.

## EVERYBODY'S GOAT

Why not give the farmer a square deal?

If he is to receive greatly reduced prices for his crops, then the labor he employs and the things he buys to produce those crops should be reduced in proportion. So should everything else that he uses.

At the present time there is a marked tendency in this country to "let George do the reducing."

Everybody wants prices reduced in every line but his own, with the result that manufacturers, wholesalers, distributors, and dealers throughout the business world are straining themselves in an effort to keep prices up in order that they may revel a little longer in the golden waters of excessive profits.

Every human being depends upon the farmer for the food that sustains life, and every hand is leveled at him in an effort to beat him down in his prices.

A great wave of protest against food prices has swept this country from one end to the other, and yet this avalanche of criticism which has engulfed the man who feeds us has been voiced principally by men who have been reaping even greater profits than the farmer.

We are not the champion of the man of the soil, any more than we are of any other man or woman, in this community, or this country.

We are just as averse to paying excessive prices for the food that we eat as any other person can possibly be, because we have to dig deeply and cough up mightily to meet the strain.

But we are an advocate of the square deal in business.

That the farmer is not getting.

He is everybody's goat.

We do not believe the high prices in this community are due to excessive profits on the part of our local dealers. Their reputation for fair dealing are too well known for that. But there are too many hands through which the goods pass before they reach this town, and every hand grabs off its "pound of flesh."

Our dear friends of the big city press have been caught napping at last. They have neglected to regale us with the information that the Hardings will reside in the white house after the Senator takes the oath of office.

Here's hoping you all meet with unbounded success the present year. And don't forget to meet us after it comes your way.

When a fellow becomes convinced that he is a great man it is a sure sign that his foot is beginning to slip.

Don't be downhearted at the beginning of this glorious year. All things come to him who waits—even death.

## FAMOUS SPEAKERS TO TALK FARM PROBLEMS

### Vital Issues Up For Discussion At M. A. C. Farmers' Week

Speakers of national and international reputations as authorities on agricultural, economic, and governmental affairs will address the big general meetings of Farmers' Week at the Michigan Agricultural College this year, from Jan. 31 to Feb. 4. The most extensive program ever lined up for the annual farm congress has been announced by the committee in charge, and plans are being made at East Lansing to care for a crowd of 5,000 or more visitors during the week.

A. F. Lever, member of the Federal Farm Loan Board, Ex-Congressman, father of much of the country's most important agricultural legislation, and internationally known economist, will be one of the leading speakers of the week. No one is better qualified than Mr. Lever to discuss intelligently the vital farm questions of the day.

S. S. McClure, founder of McClure's magazine, traveler, writer, editor, and lecturer, will talk on "World Conditions as They are Today"; Eugene Davenport, Dean of Agriculture at Illinois University, and one of the best known thinkers and writers on agricultural matters, will discuss "Agriculture in Reconstruction"; while Gov. W. L. Harding of Iowa; Pres. M. L. Burton of the U. of M.; Miss Alma Binzell of Minnesota University, and Vice-President of the International Kindergarten Union; L. L. Driver, Director Bureau of Rural Education, State of Penn.; A. E. Roberts, rural life leader, New York City, and others will be among the outstanding figures on the general programs.

Nearly a dozen state agricultural associations are to hold their annual meetings at M. A. C. during Farmers' Week. The State Farm Bureau will also hold its annual meeting at the college, and a liberal representation from its more than 95,000 members are expected to be in attendance.

Special fares on all railroads, giving the round trip for only one and one-third times the regular one way fare, have been granted for all Farmers' Week visitors, and are expected to swell the attendance materially at the various meetings.

## PROSPERITY AHEAD

There is much comfort to be had from the statement recently of Judge Eibert H. Gary, head of the United States Steel corporation, the greatest business concern the world has ever produced.

Judge Gary says a long period of wonderful prosperity is just ahead of the people of the United States.

When Judge Gary opens his mouth he is in the habit of saying something, and he never says a thing unless he knows what he is talking about.

He has been a wise prophet in the past, because he possesses the ability to read conditions and possibilities as they are.

There is no reason why his prophesy should not be one of wisdom in this case, because there is no reason why we should not prosper and every reason why we should.

Banks and financiers generally state that we have passed through our worst period of depression and are now on the up grade. Only the rankest kind of pessimism can hold us back.

And who wants to be a pessimist when ever human instinct spurs us on to optimism?

Let's demonstrate our faith in the return of prosperity by recognizing the fact that it is here and by doing our share toward its maintenance in this community.

Let the watchword be production, wisdom in spending, and the employment of a systematic course of saving.

A proportionate amount of the prosperity of the country belongs to the people of this community.

Let's get all we can and keep all we get.

Other communities will be doing the same.

There's a heap of fun in editing a country paper, but we never have time to enjoy it.

Woman is the brightest jewel in the crown of man—or at least she was before she commenced to vote. Now she owns the crown.

Keeping everlastingly at it brings success, but a fellow has to be eternally on the job to keep some cuss from reaching in and grabbing it away from him.

## Urges Change in Affairs of State

### Gov. Groesbeck Emphasizes the Need of Economy and Efficiency.

(By Staff Correspondent.)

Lansing—Probably the most important of all the proposals to consolidate boards, bureaus and commissions in Michigan into departments is the one to establish a department of agriculture. Most emphasis is laid on this idea of all the plans along that line that are being suggested to the new legislature, now in session.

As expected because of advance rumors, Gov. Groesbeck, in his inaugural message to the legislature, took a strong stand in favor of consolidating state commissions and bureaus into departments in which there would be more efficiency and less duplication of work. The governor makes his recommendations especially in view of economy and with an eye to the lowering of the tax rate, already staggeringly high, if preliminary estimates are to be followed.

#### Consolidation of Departments.

The proposed department of agriculture is a model of the other proposed departments which would make for efficient state control, without duplicated work by different boards. A bill will be offered in the legislature to include probably all of the following in the new state department of agriculture:

The agricultural section of the statistical division of the secretary of state's office; the food and dairy division of the state food and drug department; the orchards and nurseries inspection bureau; the seed inspection agency; the fertilizer and feeds inspection bureau; the soil division of the geological survey; the agricultural fair division; the state fair commission; the state board of veterinarians; the board of swamp land commissioners, and other activities, including the animal welfare department and new duties of the department that would reach channels hitherto not included specifically in any board or commission.

The state farm bureau has established beyond doubt that its membership is strongly in favor of the changes advocated generally; that more knowledge of the state's agriculture can be had through statistics than has been the case in the past; that much may be done in the way of reforestation; that the pure seed law should be enforced instead of merely adorning the statute books; and that "economy" should mean just that in state administration.

#### Great Need For Economy.

With a deficit of six million dollars facing the state lawmakers at the outset of the 1921 session and a budget calling for seventy millions about to be laid before them, it hardly is necessary to emphasize the word economy. It is the watchword of the solons at this time. How to meet the actual needs and how to raise more revenue without adding to the burdens the taxpayer already is chafing under, are the tax problems now faced. The suggestion of a state income tax is being made. Another suggestion is to increase fees paid to various state departments. But it probably will take the major part of the session to show what really concrete plans may be made along these lines. Meanwhile the eyes of many are glued on the requests of the state institutions for funds, to see how it will be possible to cut them down in drastic fashion and still not ruin the institutions.

Many new requests for funds will be made that will add to the task of finding ways and means to care for the total. Already it is certain that a strong effort will be made to have the state assume the payment of a worth-while soldiers' bonus.

#### Lady Senator Given Welcome.

One of the notable features of the opening of the 1921 session of the legislature was the seating as a member of the senate of Mrs. Eva M. Hamilton, of Grand Rapids, the first woman member of a Michigan legislature. The "lady senator" was given a rousing welcome by her brother senators from the other thirty-one districts of the state. Senator Hamilton is interested in welfare legislation, but announced that she had no intention of trying to "start anything" that would turn the senate upside down.

The house of representatives has decided to add to its standing committees one on public utilities because of the amount of proposed legislation affecting such concerns, and the people of the state, as well, along public utilities lines.

#### Legislative Leaders Named.

Organization of both houses was effected according to plans indicated in advance of the opening of the session, there being no "upsets" in the caucuses or elections in senate and house. Following are the officials who will act during the fifty-first legislative year:

House: Fred L. Warner, Belding, Ionia county, speaker; Fred E. Dunn, Highland Park, Wayne county, speaker pro tem; clerk, Charles S. Pierce, Lansing, Ingham county; sergeant-at-arms, Richard Birkholm, Berrien county.

Senate: Walter J. Hayes, Grosse Pointe, Wayne county, president pro tem; Dennis E. Alward, Clare county, secretary; James R. Davis, Bay county, sergeant-at-arms.

The house elected Ira G. Ormsbee, of Flint, postmaster of the legislature, while the senate chose R. M. Dickinson, of Charlotte, assistant postmaster.

#### New System Outlined.

After dealing with taxation problems and the need for economy in state affairs, Governor Groesbeck in his inaugural message outlined to the legislature his plan for efficiency in state affairs, recommending creation of a department of agriculture and eliminating several boards and bureaus. Governor Groesbeck said in part:

"We are sorely in need of a department of agriculture organized as the proper legislative committees may determine.

"When organized, it should include in its operations the department of animal industry; the state veterinary board; state apianry inspector; commissioner of immigration; geological survey; Michigan Agricultural Fair commission, inspection of nurseries and orchards; the agricultural division of the state department, inspection of seeds, fertilizers, together with such other agencies affecting the industry as you may name.

#### State Management of Fair.

"In connection with these suggestions, your attention is called to the affairs of the Michigan State Agricultural society, which, under state authority has permanently located its fair grounds in Wayne county, and acquired property much in excess of that permitted by the laws under which it operates. This society is performing a purely public function. In the past, appropriations have been made by the legislature for the purpose of promoting its educational advantages and undertakings.

"It is essential that the state should lend every assistance consistent with sound public policy to further and stimulate its activities and place its affairs on a plane commensurate with the standing of Michigan in the agricultural world.

"The only feasible way to do this is for the state to control its operations. Legislative action should be taken authorizing the acquisition of all the assets of the Michigan State Agricultural society; and when this is accomplished, confine its future conduct to the department of agriculture, where it rightfully belongs.

#### Labor Department Needed.

"Most states now have an industrial and labor department. We should have one in Michigan. There was an appropriation of \$10,000 in 1919 for the Michigan industrial relations commission. It has neither spent any money nor held any meetings.

"A consideration of the powers and duties of the industrial accident board, the labor department, state fire marshal, and industrial relations commission will disclose a conflict of jurisdiction relative to labor matters and a duplication of effort. The functions of the labor department, industrial accident board, mediation board, and industrial relations commission should be transferred to a single department, which should also have supervision of the state accident fund.

#### Administrative Board.

"In some other states they have abolished all their institutional boards and named a central salaried board, or director in their stead.

"The experience one obtains from close contact with state affairs brings home the realization that the most glaring defect of our present system is the failure to provide responsible supervision of state expenditure subsequent to appropriation by the legislature and the utter lack of any well defined financial and business policy. To remedy this situation an administrative board, consisting of at least five elective state officers, and the governor, should be established and given general supervision of all state business and expenditures, with the veto power in the governor.

"There is nothing new in this suggestion except as applied to public business. Every successful private corporation has such a board, and its officers and agents are made subject to its control.

Aid For Common Schools.

"In a democracy all should receive

the benefit of the best education obtainable; and while we are proud of our higher institutions of learning, we must not forget that after all the common school is the college of the average man and woman. It is such schools, and particularly those in rural districts, which should receive the attention of the legislature at this time.

"The supreme judicial tribunal of the state has always commended the respect and confidence of the public. It is of vital importance that the members should receive proper compensation. The present salary of \$7,000 was fixed in 1898, and under existing conditions is wholly inadequate.

"The matter of compensation for the members of the court should be remedied, and their salaries fixed at \$12,000. Under our constitution it will then be 11 years before all the members of the court may avail themselves of the increase."

## EIGHT FAIR DIRECTORS RESIGN

Secretary Dickinson Denies \$10,000 Bonus is Cause of Break.

Detroit—Eight directors of the Michigan State Fair association resigned last week, giving as the reason the granting of a \$10,000 bonus to George M. Dickinson, secretary-manager of the association, in addition to his \$18,000 yearly salary.

In a statement Mr. Dickinson denies that the bonus is the cause of the resignations, stating that it was granted by unanimous action of the board at its Dec. 15 meeting.

"It will be a pleasure to get my under-the-cover critics in a position where they must either show the facts or keep their silence," says Mr. Dickinson.

A meeting of the board will be held in Detroit on January 17 at which time the matter will be taken up.

## CATLIN MARQUETTE WARDEN

Appointments to Prison Board Also Announced Last Week.

Lansing—Theodore B. Catlin, deputy warden of the State House of Correction and Branch Prison at Marquette for 18 years and acting warden since the death of James Russell, was made warden of the prison at a meeting of the prison board with Gov. Groesbeck.

Catlin's selection followed the appointment by Gov. Groesbeck of two members of the board to fill vacancies. John H. Lewis, of Marquette, was appointed to succeed E. C. Anthony, of Negaunee, who retired several months ago, and J. P. Kirkpatrick, of Escanaba, to succeed John P. Petermann, of Marquette, who resigned Jan. 1.

## FORD ACQUIRES MINING LANDS

Upper Peninsula Property Valued at \$381,000; 65,860 Acres.

Marquette—Two deeds were filed in Marquette county conveying property and mineral rights valued at \$381,000 to Henry Ford, of Detroit. A total of 65,860 acres is involved in the transaction.

The land and mineral rights were previously held by the Michigan Land & Iron Co., of Marquette.

The land transferred is mainly in Crystal Falls and Mastodon townships, on which are big bodies of iron ore.

#### Illinois Gets Lincoln's Book.

Springfield, Ill.—The historic volume of Blackstone's Commentaries, from which Abraham Lincoln first studied law, may find a final resting place, enclosed in glass, in the office of the Illinois attorney-general. The book shows the result of a bath it received when Lincoln dropped it in a stream when he stumbled on a cross log. He had borrowed the volume from Judge Pitcher and, it is said, weeded the judge's garden to pay for the damage done.

## WATER TAX NOTICE

Water tax for the quarter ending Dec. 30th is now due and payable at my office over Hite's Drug Store. After January 31st, 10 per cent penalty will be added.

G. E. BOSWELL, City Treasurer.

And still, our gunmen of today serve at least one good purpose. They are so numerous no foreign country would have the timidity to tackle us.

The principal difference between "immigration" and "emigration" is the fact that since the war it has all been immigration.



# Peoples' Wants

## MUNNIMAKERS

Notices of Lost, Wanted, For Sale, For Rent, etc., in this Column is 25 cents for one insertion for 25 words or less. Initials count as one word and compound words count as two words. Above this number of words a charge of one cent a word will be made for the first insertion and one-half cent for subsequent insertions, with a minimum charge of 15 cents.

**HOUSE FOR RENT**—Apply to C. H. McKinnon, at the Music Store. 2x2

### For Sale—Real Estate

**FOR SALE**—My residence on North Main st. For terms inquire of HARRY CURKENDALL, Harbor Springs, Mich. 45 ft.

### For Sale—Miscellaneous

**FOR SALE**—Hay, Corn Cutter, Lath, Lumber, Baby Cutter.—G. H. McKinnon.

**FOR SALE**—Good Driving Horse, Top Buggy, Spring Cutter, Single Driving Harness.—WALTER DAVIS, Rural Carrier No. 5. 1x

**FOR SERVICE**—Big Type Poland China Boar. HENRY SLOOP, phone 178-11 East Jordan, Mich. 51x4

**FOR SERVICE**—Registered Hampshire Boar. HERBERT CHORPENING, East Jordan, Route 4, Phone 164-21. 48t. f.

If we could see ourselves as others see us most of us would prefer to look at something else.

Some people wonder why they are likened to a dog's tail. But others know.

Friends are like dollars—when you need them most they are hardest to find.

As president of Mexico General Obregon is making a great record. He hasn't "sassed" the United States once since he assumed office.

## PENINSULAR

(Edited by Mrs. E. Hayden)

Mr. Hunter, the Watkins Medicine Man from Charlevoix, was through this section, Tuesday.

F. H. Wangeman was in Charlevoix all last week attending Supervisors' Meeting.

Orval Bennet, who attends high school in Boyne City, returned to his studies, Wednesday, after spending the Christmas vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joel Bennet.

Mrs. Joel Bennet visited her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Bogart, at Boyne City the latter part of last week, returning home Friday.

Clare Bogart of Boyne City visited his grandfather, Joel Bennet, last week at the farm.

Geo. Wurn, who is employed in the Mail Department of the R. R. in Detroit, came home Sunday on a month's leave of absence.

Ray Loomis and Jesse Wright thrashed beans for A. B. Niclo Monday with the Loomis bean thrasher.

Rex Sanford, who is employed on the Loeb farm, is spending a few days with his father, John Sanford, at the farm.

Harry Sanford, who was so badly injured before Christmas operating a litter carrier by an iron rod while employed in one of the Loeb barns as to necessitate his being confined to the hospital at Charlevoix for a week, is so much improved to be at his home now.

Gale Price of Grand Rapids is visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Burr, and his aunt, Mrs. F. H. Wangeman, for a few days.

The young people are enjoying skating on Mud Lake.

Pine Lake is free from ice yet being the latest for a great many years.

This would be a bleak and dreary world if we had no fools to tell us of their wisdom.

## CHARLEVOIX CO. HERALD

G. A. List, Publisher  
Subscription Rate, \$1.50 per year.

Entered as the postoffice at East Jordan Michigan, on second class mail matter.

### FIRE COSTS LIVES OF TWO

Girl Falls From Fifth Story When Rescue is Attempted.

Traverse City—One woman was killed; another died while being taken to a hospital, several other persons were injured and firemen were overcome by smoke in a fire in the Wilhelm block, a five-story structure, which was destroyed with a loss of \$75,000.

Miss Leona Way, 22 years old, fell five stories to the pavement while firemen were attempting to rescue her from the roof. Mrs. Patrick Docksey, 74 years old, was overcome by smoke and died on the way to a hospital.

The fire is believed to have originated from a backfire in a heating plant, filling the corridors with smoke and gas, which prevented the occupants from locating the fire escapes. One hundred and fifty persons were in the building when the fire broke out.

### ORDERS PACKER DISBANDMENT

Court Gives "Big Five" 30 Days to Complete Plans.

Washington—All proposals thus far advocated by the "big five" meat packers for divesting themselves of their stockyard interests were rejected by Justice Stafford in the district supreme court. The companies were given 30 days in which to submit new plans.

At the same time the court warned that unless the defendants proposed plans that would meet requirements outlined, it would feel obliged to appoint officers to take title to the stockyards in question and to hold the same subject to the order of the court until suitable agreements can be made to have it disposed of in accordance with the terms and purposes of the decree.

### PLAN TO ELIMINATE STRIKES

Standardization Plan Will Be Discussed by Canadian Builders.

Ottawa—Elimination of strikes and labor disputes in the building industry of Canada is contemplated in a plan to be considered by the Association of Canadian Building and Construction Industries.

The plan will be discussed in the annual session in Winnipeg, beginning Jan. 19.

Under the scheme wages would be standardized by sections throughout the dominion, and a standard contract form used.

### GRAND RAPIDS FLYER KILLED

Plane Used for "Stunts" Crashes to Ground and Burns.

Arcadia, Fla.—Lieut. Raymond Brandl, of Grand Rapids, Mich., and Cadet A. C. Pool, of Richmond Center, Wis., were instantly killed at Carlstrom aviation field here when an airplane in which they were doing stunt flying crashed to the ground and burned.

### IRISH PEACE NOT IN SIGHT

Sinn Fein and Lloyd George Still At Cross Purposes.

Dublin—All negotiations looking to peace in Ireland have broken down, it reports in official circles are to be credited. Definite information is lacking, but it is said that Premier Lloyd George has refused to consider Sinn Fein's proposal for the withdrawal of the home rule bill.

Officials here take a gloomy view of the situation. The increased activity on the part of the military and republicans in the martial law areas is considered as indicating an extension of guerilla warfare.

Girl Stowaway Not Admitted.

Norfolk, Va.—Amelia Arnold, who traveled across the Atlantic from France stowed away in a locker three feet square to join her fiance here must go home. Louis Ponticello, whom she came to wed, was held for the grand jury by a United States commissioner, after he had admitted having aided her illegal entry into the country, and the girl was denied admission. She was discovered on arrival of the steamer New Windsor after a 20-day voyage.



### Presbyterian Church Notes

Rev. John Duncan, Pastor

Sunday, Jan. 16, 1921.  
10:00 a. m.—"The Test of Religion."  
11:15—Sunday School.  
6:00 p. m.—Y. P. S. C. E.  
7:00 p. m.—"The Halo of Life."

### First Methodist Episcopal Church

Rev. Thomas Marshall, Pastor.

"The Church where your welcome never wears out."  
Sunday, Jan. 16, 1921.  
10:00 a. m.—"Whom Do You Worship?"  
11:15—Sunday School.  
3:00 p. m.—Junior Church.  
7:00 p. m.—"What is Religion?" (The first of a series on religion)

We desire to have you become acquainted with the Church School. The superintendent, Mr. Richard McDonald, is anxious to have the best Sunday School in the history of this church. He must have, however, the co-operation of every parent in order to reach the desired goal. We want you to bring your children to the Church School next Sunday at 11:15. Consider these facts.

26,000,000 young people in America with no religious training.  
"Only one in every three of the 1,600,000,000 human beings on the earth are nominal worshippers of the God of the Jews and Gentiles."

"Hearst's Magazine, December issue, asks this question, 'A century and a half from now will the United States be classed among the nations that believe in God?'"

"Theodore Roosevelt once said, 'Almost every man who has by his life added to the sum of human achievement of which the race is proud, has based his life work largely upon the teachings of the Bible. And among the very greatest men the largest number have been close students of the Bible at first hand.'"

Boost the Church School.

### Church of God.

P. M. Burgess, Pastor.

Hours of services:

(Eastern Standard Time)  
Sunday School—10:00 a. m.  
Preaching at 11:00 a. m.  
Evening service—10:00 p. m.  
Wed. prayer-meeting—7:00 p. m.

Our special revival services will begin Sunday, Jan. 16th, continuing indefinitely. Services every evening at 7:30.

We earnestly urge everyone to attend these meetings and hear the gospel messages.

Come expecting to yield your hearts and lives to God. Salvation makes better husbands, wives, children, neighbors, friends and happy homes. It is good for the old, the middle-aged and young.

Welcome to our services.  
Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Burgess, Pastors.

### St. Joseph's Church.

D. M. Drinan Pastor.

Masses on 1st and 3rd Sunday of each month at 8:00 and High Mass at 10:00.  
Mass on 2nd Sunday of each month at 8:00 o'clock.  
High Mass on 4th Sunday of each month at 10:00.  
On 5th Sundays Masses at 8:00 and 10:00.

Masses on Holy days and Devotions will be announced.

### St. John's Church.

Bohemian Settlement.

High Mass on 2nd Sunday of each month at 10:00.

High Mass on 4th Sunday of each month at 8:00 o'clock.

### Latter Day Saints Church.

L. Dudley, Pastor.

Sunday, Jan. 16, 1921.

10:00 a. m.—Sunday School  
11:00 a. m.—Prayer Meeting.  
7:00 p. m.—Preaching.

Wednesday—  
7:00 p. m.—Prayer Meeting.

Friday—  
7:00 p. m.—Religio.

Such a relief! 1921 looks just like any other year.

Yes, there are plenty of really good people left in the world. And most of them get left.

HE WILL TELL ANYBODY

"I had a severe cold," writes Forest Thomas, R. R. 3, Box 29, O'Fallon, Mo., "I'll tell anybody Foley's Honey and Tar can't be beat for colds and coughs and ought to be kept in the house all the time. It pays to do so." Be sure to get the genuine Foley's. Contains no opiates.—Hite's Drug Store.

On account of high prices during the war housekeepers economized in

# Sheeting and Pillow Tubing

But now prices are normal and in quality as it was "before the war."

## Now Is a Good Time To Replace The Bedding

that is getting like the one-horse shay, gone to pieces and all in.

The prices are right and the place is the

# East Jordan Lumber Co

P. S.—We have unbleached, 1/2 bleached and bleached in 9-4.

Makes a Handy Tool. From an old screwdriver may be made a handy tool for turning cast-iron nuts that are inaccessibly located. A slot is ground in the business end of the screwdriver of such a size that as the bolt comes through the nut its end enters the opening where it does not interfere with the winding of the turning tool.

### COMING TO East Jordan, Michigan

RUSSELL HOTEL  
Tuesday, January 25th, 1921  
FOR ONE DAY ONLY  
HOURS 9:00 a. m. to 6:00 p. m.

### United Doctors Specialist

Brings the knowledge of their Organization and experience in their Successful Treatment of THOUSANDS OF CASES

### Offers Services Free of Charge

The United Doctors is an organization of reputable, licensed physicians. They are all specialists in the treatment of certain diseases. They treat without surgical operations diseases of all internal organs, stomach, intestines, constipation, piles, liver, spleen, heart, skin, nerves, rheumatism, sciatica, goitre, tape-worm, leg ulcers and all long standing, deep seated diseases. Many years experience. The complete record of thousands of cases successfully treated prove that their methods are right. They were among the first to earn the name "BLOODLESS SURGEONS"

Each staff member has at his command the knowledge and resources of the organization. Many people suffer from diseases that can be alleviated just because they cannot afford to go to high priced Specialists and Hospitals at a long distance from their home. No community has a sufficient number suffering from these diseases to support special Hospitals for their treatment and cure. The United Doctors have solved the problem. Their highly trained Specialists go to each community and will advise a proper course of treatment for the sufferers and instruct them how to take care of themselves at home. No matter what you have been told or the experience you had with other physicians, consult him on this visit. It costs nothing. If your case is incurable he will give you advice as may stay and relieve the disease. Married ladies must come with their husbands and minors with their parents or guardians.

### NOSE CLOGGED FROM A COLD OR CATARRH

Apply Cream in Nostrils To Open Up Air Passages.

Ah! What relief! Your clogged nostrils open right up, the air passages of your head are clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, sneezing, mucous discharge, headache, dryness—no struggling for breath at night, your cold or catarrh is gone. Don't stay stuffed up! Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every air passage of the head; soothe and heal the swollen, inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Ely's Cream Balm is just what every cold and catarrh sufferer has been seeking. It's just splendid.

Laboratories, Milwaukee, Wisconsin

## A-a-a-h—the Soothing Difference!



Training for a college cheer leader

Long Distance Telephone Service has changed.

It used to be that calling forty miles was as trying to the temper as calling, say, an absent young son at dusk.

You waited an interminable length of time, the line clattered and sputtered, and when finally you did get your party you had to shout like mad to make yourself heard.

But Today—ah, the soothing difference!



Service is prompt, quiet, efficient. You can usually get cities outside the state in ten minutes—Michigan towns in less. And every word spoken in an ordinary tone is heard distinctly.

Have you realized that YOU can use toll service profitably in business and personal affairs?

Such affairs, you know, are best "put over" when they are talked over.

And Long Distance Service affords the quick, convenient, economical means of communication. Try it.

Transact your affairs via Long Distance Telephone.

MICHIGAN STATE TELEPHONE CO.

"Our Ambition—Ideal Telephone Service for Michigan"

**Black Silk Stove Polish**  
Does Not Rub Off, Lasts 4 Times as Long as Others, Gets a Coat Today



# Our Trip From the Coast

A Narrative by Miss Ethel Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Smith.

(Continued From Last Week)

We then traveled through Miles City, Montana, the center of East Montana's cattle district, which has one of the largest range horse markets in the world, where thousands of horses are trained for cavalry and sent to all of the principal forts in the United States. Large fields of enormous crops of sugar beets, corn, alfalfa, wheat, and oats can also be seen near the city. There also are the two transcontinental lines, Northern Pacific and Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railways.

After another few-hours drive, we reached Baker, Montana, one of the richest agricultural districts in the state, and especially in the production of wheat and other grains, raising of cattle and horses, also its center of a large cereal area. But we sure kept moving to get out of this desolate looking country where the sand just rolled up ahead of us like smoke from a fire. It almost blinds your way for a few minutes. To one side of the city lies huge hills, or in other words, a small range of mountains, that look as if they might swallow you up.

As we gradually leave our city we travel over graded dirt, through rolling country. When in rainy weather the roads are bad and it was through this part we struck a seventy-five mile stretch of these roads and we had to take for the cow trail, and it was our luck to strike it in good weather, but so windy that we kept the side curtains up all the way.

That night we camped at a town called Hittinger, North Dakota, where we joined again with our friends Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Blow, but as they were laid up with engine trouble we had to leave them because we were anxious to reach our destination. We dreaded very much to leave them as their friendship was very much appreciated, and hope in the near future to visit them at their Stevens Point home.

The following day we entered the Bad Lands which are many curious rocks of different shapes. It is through here where one will find water of a good quality and so we carried a canteen full all the way in case of emergency. The road winds in and out of rocks, as I may explain, and look like huge toad stools, others face, in some places great holes found in the sides of the rocks. Also coal is of a great quantity where the road has been cut out through.

Leaving the Bad Lands into South Dakota, we traveled many miles over dirt roads. Through this part we found roads every mile, and by not being careful we run off from the main road a mile so instead of turning around and going back we cut across and came to a good sized mud hole. Dad was sure he could go through all right so he made one dive for it but did not make it and the more we tried to get out the deeper in we went. Some farmer may of thought, here is where I make some money by helping pull him out, but we just helped ourselves to some hay that was around on the ground and after a few moments of hard work finally got out.

It was getting late and we were anxious to make our camping place and as the roads were real good Father made a little time and reaching a few miles from the Missouri River we camped at the Chataouga grounds, just two miles from the main road, which was a lovely place. Many Indians made this their camping ground.

The next morning upon reaching the Missouri River we had to ferry across. It was cold and a stiff wind was blowing across the country. Seemed rather queer the water being so muddy, altho the rivers in the west are the same, but they are caused by the high tide that comes in. Here we struck the prairie trail where the road had not yet been completed. In this part of the country we pass through a fertile farming district where it seemed good to see trees and other products growing after seeing nothing but plains.

After our days drive we were anxious to make camp as it was raining. This was the only day on our trip that it rained. Father stopped at a store in a small village to get some oil for our oil stove and lantern, and to our surprise one of the large double cots that was fastened on the back of the car was gone, and the one cot that was almost gone to pieces was the only one remaining. We wouldn't have minded if it had been the old one and Dad said, "Well that much less load for the car and the ground for me." After a few hours more we reached a nice dry camping place and the next morning up for another early start.

As we now leave the Dakotas into Minnesota where the scenery of the Minnesota Valley and Big Stone Lake is very picturesque and attractive, extensive granite quarries can be seen through this part of the country. Toward Minneapolis we went through the richest farming district in the world

and the rich farms and beautiful homes that surround the city seemed to be made up of retired farmers.

As we traveled on we found no camping grounds so once we camped by the side of the road, which was off the main route, and twice we stopped at a hotel.

We drew near the two busy towns of Minneapolis and St Paul where the scenery is wonderful. Its lakes, huge buildings, and beautiful flowers bring out its beauty. We had no trouble at all going through for it was on Sunday and the trail was marked well. Here we found a most popular route of payment all the way through.

We enter the Chippewa River Valley now through Eau Claire, Wis., where many fine parks encircle the town. Through here are some beautiful drives and wild rugged scenery that is characteristic of Wisconsin's forest land where the cities water power attracted various industries. Then on over concrete to the Chippewa Falls where we camped on this side in a park off to one side, where, during the summer, is an exceptional collection of native imported animals and birds which are of much interest to tourists.

We then passed through a rolling farming and dairy section of much scenic beauty into Stevens Point, Wis., located on the Wisconsin River, which is remarkable for its beautiful shade trees of elm, oak, and various other trees usually found hereabouts. Also here will be found two large paper mills, a Fishing Fly Factory, and others. We went on over good roads through Fond Du Lac, Wis., located near Lake Winnebago where there are many beautiful homes. On the highlands to the east is a Monastery with its sandalwood monks who live in great clusters.

Touring on over concrete and stone roads and through several towns, on to one which was of great interest, Zion City, Wis. It was only one mile through and could not go over three miles an hour. They have no speed limit (and really I don't think they need any) for I was pounded around and in the top of the car half of the time. It was the worst place of our journey that we had to go through. All along the road were sign boards telling us about this town and they were sure that you went slow enough so one could read them. It would make you laugh yourself sick to watch the other car that passes you. Here the people are of a singular religious community.

We next came to the Great Lakes Training Station, the largest training station for sailors in the world. We were going through on Sunday and we thought that we could make good time but the traffic kept increasing on through the parks of North Chicago.

It was about one o'clock in the afternoon and we were sure we could make several miles on the other side of South Chicago. Here the scenery was wonderful and the homes of the prosperous business men looked to us like castles. And the breeze of old Lake Michigan was a great treat to us. The parks were covered with a heavy growth of timber and enclosed with fences, then on through and around curious rocks and Chicago's most wonderful parks and boulevards.

It was a great sight to see Highland Park, Ravina Park, Lincoln Park and Boulevard, Michigan and Jackson Boulevards with their huge statues and beautiful flowers. One can hardly explain its beauty. As we neared the heart of Chicago the traffic was fierce. I never saw such a busy place. It was getting late and father had to speed up a little in order to keep up and we were not accustomed to such a rush. One can hardly express the queer feeling to be in such a place. Dad said it seemed as though every son of a gun and his mother were out for a joy ride. Cars were coming from all directions and we just did not know where we were going. It was dark when we passed through the Great White Way which to us was a beautiful sight. Its large theaters were lit up with many colored lights and here the traffic was tremendous. We had to go between twenty-five and forty miles an hour. It was about eight thirty and we were all tired out so Father said, "I think we have had enough," and we wound up at the Washington Hotel on Ninety Second St., South Chicago.

Next morning we pulled out early leaving the big city behind us and never again do we care to go through. As we went the roads were fair but in others we had to detour so much that our mileage was small.

That night of our eighteenth day we camped in a beautiful lane, where the road had not been completed yet, on this side of Paw Paw, Michigan, near some farmers who gave us fruit and grapes which were Oh! so good. The morning of our nineteenth day that would end our journey we reached our first destination at Jackson, Mich., at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Wright, my father's sister, where we spent two days and had a lovely time. Then we journeyed on to a small town, Weidman, Michigan, this side of Mount Pleasant at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chris, my grandparents, spending two days with them. Then on to our farm here in East Jordan, Michigan, where we were just tumbled in any old way as we were all done up.

So this ends our journey in our Oldsmobile eight and our car is just as lively as when we left the wild and woolly west and ready for another long trip.

## MARKET REPORT

FURNISHED BY U. S. BUREAU OF MARKETS, WASHINGTON, D. C.

(Week ended Jan. 6, 1921.)

### Hay and Feed.

Hay market heavy and unsettled, receipts in principal markets have been light and mostly of lower grades, prices generally slightly easier. Loading of country points lighter than last year but unimproved demand resulting in over-supplies in a number of markets. Quoted: No. 1 timothy \$20.50 Minneapolis, \$20.50 Memphis, \$23 Philadelphia, \$29.50 Chicago, \$27.50 Cincinnati, No. 1 alfalfa \$22 Kansas City, \$19 Omaha, \$30 Memphis, \$30 Cincinnati, No. 1 prairie \$15 Omaha, \$15.50 Kansas City, \$17.50 Minneapolis, \$18 Chicago, \$18.50. Feed market dull and irregular with no appreciable change in quotations. Heavy wheateas neglected. Alfalfa meal in poor demand and No. 1 offered at \$24 in St. Louis market for Jan., Feb. and March shipment.

### Fruits and Vegetables.

Northern round white potatoes down 10 to 15¢ to \$1.15 to \$1.25; Chicago market down 10¢ to \$1.40; shipping range slightly lower in other middlewestern markets \$1.50 to \$1.85. Sacked round whites slightly lower for western New York shipping points, \$1.50 to \$1.55. Bulk round whites firm New York City at \$1.95 to \$2.10. Sacked Green Mountains up 10 to 15¢ Boston at \$1.90 to \$2.00. Baldwin apples down 10 to 15¢ per bbl. western New York shipping points, common storage \$3.75 to \$4.10; choice \$4 to \$4.50. Baldwins, Yorks and Greenings steady, jobbing mostly \$4 to \$5. Northwestern extra fancy Winesaps jobbing \$4.75 to \$4.25 per box in New York. Sacked yellow onions slightly lower for western New York shipping points, closing around \$1 per 100 lb. Consuming markets slow and dull in middlewest at 75¢ to \$1.25; eastern cities up 25 to 60¢. Carlot movement increasing rapidly. Shipments week ended Jan. 5: Potatoes 2325 cars; barreled apples 632; boxed apples 297.

### Livestock and Meats.

Chicago hog prices show only slight changes from those of a week ago. Cattle trade was featured by a narrowing price range. Jan. 6: Chicago prices: Bulk of hogs \$9.25@9.75; medium and good beef steers \$9@11.50; butcher cows and heifers \$5@10.25; light steers \$10@12.25; yearling calves \$11@12.50; fat lambs \$10.50@12.25; feeding lambs \$8@10.25; yearlings \$8.75@10.50; fat sows \$8.75@9.75. With the exception of beef, wholesale fresh meat prices advanced during the week Jan. 6 prices, good grade meats: beef \$10@12; veal \$10@12; pork \$12@16; light pork loins \$27@30; heavy loins \$22@25.

### Dairy Products.

Butter markets fairly steady but an unsettled tone developed on the 5th. Prices: 92 score New York 67¢; Chicago 52¢; Philadelphia 57 1-2¢; Boston 55 1-2¢. Dealers now working on storage and medium grades. Grain. On account of holidays the week's grain review begins with Jan. 3rd, on which day there was a sharp advance in prices of feeding grain, mainly on account of bill by senate over president's veto. On the 4th and 5th most of these gains were lost as a result of generally bearish sentiment. However, the present advance was induced by news that chairman of finance board would discontinue opposition to passage of tariff bill and aid in the measure through present session of congress and the markets advanced several cents. Since the close on Dec. 30th Chicago March wheat has gained 7 1-4¢, closing on the 5th at \$1.73 7-8; May corn up 1¢ at 75 1-4¢; Minneapolis March wheat up 7 1-8¢ at \$1.19 1-8; Kansas City March up 5¢ at \$1.69 1-4; Winnipeg May, 9 1-8¢ at \$1.89 7-8. Chicago May wheat \$1.67 3-4.

### DETROIT QUOTATIONS

Grain and Feed. WHEAT—Cash No. 2 red, \$1.98; March, \$1.91; May, \$1.89; No. 2 white and No. 2 mixed, \$1.93. CORN—Cash No. 3 yellow, 76¢; No. 4 yellow, 73¢. OATS—Cash No. 3 white, 50 1-2¢; No. 3 white, 49¢; No. 4 white 46¢. RYE—Cash No. 2, \$1.65. BEANS—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$1 per cwt. SWEETS—Prime red clover, \$13.50; March, \$12.50; alsike, \$16.75; timothy, \$3.00. FEED—Bran, \$38; standard middlings, \$36@38; fine middlings, \$36@40; cracked corn, \$35@36; coarse cornmeal, \$34; chop, \$34 per ton in 100-lb. sacks. HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$22@27; standard, \$22@24; light mixed, \$22@25; No. 2 timothy, \$24@25; No. 1 clover mixed, \$23@24; No. 1 clover, \$22@23; rye straw, \$14.50 @ \$17; wheat and oat straw, \$13.50@ \$14 per ton in carlots. FLOUR—Fancy spring wheat patents, \$10.65; fancy winter wheat patents, \$11.75 @ \$12.25; second winter wheat patents, \$8.10; winter wheat straights, \$8.25 per bbl.

### Live Stock and Poultry.

CATTLE—Best heavy steers, \$9.50; best heavy butchers, \$8.50; mixed steers and heifers, \$6.50@7; handy light butchers, \$5.75@6.25; light butchers, \$5@5.50; best cows, \$4@7; butcher cows, \$3@3.50; cutters, \$3@3.25; canners, \$2.50@3; choice bulls, \$6.50@6.75; bologna bulls, \$5@5.50; stock bulls, \$4@5; feeders, \$7@8; stokers, \$5@6; milkers and springers, \$5@6. SHEEP AND LAMBS—Best lambs, \$11 @ \$11.50; fair lambs, \$8@9.50; light to common lambs, \$4@5; heavy, \$6@7. CHICKENS—Large, colored, \$30¢. Leghorns, spring, 23 @ 24¢; hens, four pounds, 28¢; five pounds and better, 30¢; small hens, 20@22¢; old roosters, 18¢; ducks, 32@34¢; geese, 28@30¢; turkeys, seven pounds and over, 38 @ 40¢ per lb. BUTTER—Fresh creamery, 40@47 1-2¢ per pound. EGGS—Fresh candied, 63@67¢; storage, 59@60¢ per doz. Farm and Garden. APPLES—Michigan, \$1@1.25 per bu; fancy, \$1.50@1.75 per bu; western, \$3@3.50 per box. CABBAGE—85@90¢ per bu. CIDER—Sweet, 30@35¢ per gal. ONIONS—Indiana, \$1.25@1.50 per 100-lb. sack. POTATOES—Michigan, \$2.40@2.75 per 100-lb. sack. DRESSED HOGS—Light, 13@14¢; heavy, 11@12¢ per lb. TOMATOES—Hothouse, \$5@5.50 per 10-lb. basket; California, 11@12¢ per lb. DRESSED LAMBS—Choice, 15@16¢; medium, 14@15¢; large coarse, 10@12¢ per lb. COUNTRY—Michigan, 38@40¢ per doz; Michigan square, \$1.25@1.40; rebunched, 50@75¢ per bush.

### Coyotes Menace Sheep Ranches.

Montrose, Colo.—George McKnight, prominent sheepgrower of the Waterdog Basin neighborhood, is looking for every worn-out horse he can find in order to use them as bait in the sheepmen's annual war against coyotes. Mr. McKnight and others have large lambing grounds in the Waterdog Basin and will use old horses saturated with strychnine to thin out the great number of coyotes that prey upon the helpless lambs, killing large numbers annually.

### Truthful Comment.

A merchant recently placed an automatic weighing machine in front of his store. A few days afterward a citizen was observed standing on the machine and closely scrutinizing the dial. His hat was in his hand, although the thermometer marked a low temperature and a passer-by asked him why he had his hat off. "I want to see what I weigh without my outdoor garments," said the citizen blandly. His interlocutor walked away muttering: "He would not weigh much less if he took his hat off as well!"

### Pagoda a Place of Worship.

A pagoda is a Hindu place of worship, containing an idol. It consists of three portions—an apartment surmounted by a dome, resting on columns, and accessible to all; a chamber into which only Brahmins are allowed to enter, and, lastly a cell containing the statue of the deity, closed by massive gates. The most remarkable pagodas are those of Benares, Siam, Pegu and particularly that of Juggermout in Orissa.

### Story "Took Like a Funeral."

The hostess suggested that we each tell a funny story. When my turn came I was laughing so hard over the joke I wanted to tell that I could scarcely speak. Every one was anxious to hear it, and at last when I had controlled my laughter I began. No one even smiled when I finished. I was the only one who thought the story funny.—Exchange.

## KEEP POULTRY CLEAN

### Enormous Baby Chick Losses Caused Annually by Lice.

"I would not try to keep Poultry without Dr. LeGear's Poultry Remedies," says Mrs. L. V. Rose of Cuero, Texas. "We have never had any of them fail to do even more than you claim for them." Every year millions of Baby Chicks are lost because setting hens are not kept clean and free of lice. Dr. LeGear's Lice Killer quickly rids your flock of lice and vermin.

Through his advice and remedies, Dr. LeGear has helped thousands of Poultry Raisers during his 27 years experience as an Expert Poultry Specialist. It will pay you also to take advantage of Dr. LeGear's advice just as Mrs. Rose did and increase your Poultry profits. Get a can of Dr. LeGear's Lice Killer from your dealer. Use it according to directions. Satisfaction or money back. Dealers everywhere. Sold in East Jordan by Hite Drug Co.

## CLARENCE J. McLEOD



Clarence J. McLeod, a Detroit attorney, enjoys the distinction of being the youngest man ever elected to Congress. He represents the Thirtieth Michigan district and was elected last November to fill a vacancy. Mr. McLeod is an ex-service man and since the opening of the present session has interested himself in the welfare of former service men, especially those maimed and crippled.

## The Umbrella's Advent.

The first umbrella ever seen in this country reached Baltimore, a shipment of them coming from England in July, 1770. Hardly any of them found purchasers for quite a while. People laughed at the mollycoddle contrivance, which was not only foolish but unnecessary, inasmuch as rain would not melt anybody.

## There and Back.

"An" now, ladies and gents," began the English showman, "there's this 'ere balligator. Note the length. Fifteen feet from the tip of the nose to the tip of the tail, and fifteen feet from the tip of the tail to the tip of the nose—thirty feet in all!"—Houston Post.

No, we have no intention of conducting a straw vote to determine the smartest man in town. They are all too modest to vote.

## SAVED FROM KNIFE BY TIMELY ACTION

### Battle Creek Women Tells How Goitre Was Reduced by External Home Remedy.

Note:—It would be illegal to publish these statements if they were not true. Mrs. Roy E. Ashley, 316 Cherry St., Battle Creek, Mich., says in her own home paper, the Enquirer News: "Sorbol Quadruple has saved me from an operation. It relieved me of terrible headaches, nervousness, staggering, choking and fainting spells. I was hoarse at times and had many sleepless nights. My goitre had been growing seven years. After I had used Sorbol Quadruple 3 weeks it was 1 1/2 inches smaller. I cannot praise Sorbol Quadruple too much. My neck does not bother me any more. I will be glad to help anyone by answering inquiries." Sorbol Quadruple comes in small bottles containing enough for most cases. It will not stain or irritate. Does not interfere with regular work. Leaves parts in healthful, normal condition. Requires 10 minutes daily. Get further information at Gidley & Mac's Drug Store, drug stores everywhere or write Sorbol Company, Mechanicsburg, Ohio.

### When the Ancients Dined.

The ancient Greeks and Romans did not sit up at the table as we do, but reclined round it on couches, three and sometimes even four occupying one couch, at least this latter was the custom among the Romans. Each guest lay flat upon his chest while eating, reaching out his hand from time to time to the table for what he might require. As soon as he had made a sufficient meal he turned over upon his left side, leaning upon the elbow.—Harvard Classics.

### Labor's Wrongs.

"An" when I told 'im in the office that me money wasn't right, he says, "Ere's a ready reckoner—work it out yourself; 'an' believe me or believe me not, but when I looked at the blessed book I found it was last year's."—London Punch.

## CUT THIS OUT—IT IS WORTH MONEY.

Cut out this slip, enclose with 5c to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup, Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Hite's Drug Store.—adv.

## Paying the Fiddler

The country is recovering from the effects of its orgy of spending. Extravagance, profiteering and unbridled speculation have brought a burden to all. A cry for economy is heard all over the land. Such conditions have occurred before and will occur again unless checked. In 1874 the Grange adopted its policy of thrift. It declared opposition to excessive salaries, high interest rates and exorbitant profits. It proclaimed the need for the most direct and friendly relations between producers and consumers, that wasteful trade practices might be eliminated.

This program represents the farmer's attitude now—as it did then. The Grange always has adhered to it. It has sought steadfastly to check needless extravagance, both private and public, both individual and governmental.

Our farmers, by reason of sane habits of living, are a great steadying force in the nation. But they need leadership and a common spokesman to widen their influence. The Grange offers you both!

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN is in full accord with these principles. It, too, is fighting the farmer's fight. By practical examples it shows how farmers can correct abuses. And it will make you acquainted with up-to-date and profitable farming methods that are being followed all over the country. This, however, is only a part of the help and pleasure you will get in a year's 52 big issues, which now cost only \$1.00. Find out for yourself! Let our secretary care for your order—today!

### Charlevoix Co. Pomona Grange No. 40

MRS. ELLA FUNDAY, Secretary  
East Jordan, Mich.

E. E. STROUD, Master  
Charlevoix, R. 3, Mich.

Dear Secretary: I'm glad to see the Grange being pushed with good advertising. And here's my dollar for THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN for a year—52 weekly issues. Please forward my order to the Publishers at Independence Square, Philadelphia, Pa.

(My Name) \_\_\_\_\_  
(My Address) \_\_\_\_\_  
(Town) \_\_\_\_\_ (State) \_\_\_\_\_



# The Voice of the Pack

BY EDISON MARSHALL

(Copyright, 1920, Little, Brown & Company)

(Continued)

"That comes of not going myself. You fool—if he gets that evidence down to the courts you're broken the same as me."

"But I wouldn't get more'n a year or so, at most—and that's a heap dif-



"You Just Lacked the Guts to Pull the Trigger."

ferent from the gallows. I did aim at him—"

"But you just lacked the guts to pull the trigger!"

"I did, and I ain't ashamed of it. But besides—the snows are here now, and he won't be able to even get word to the valleys for six months. If you want him killed so bad, do it yourself."

"This was a thought indeed. On the other hand, another murder might not be necessary. Months would pass before the road would be opened, and in the meantime Cranston would have a thousand chances to steal back the accusing letters. He didn't believe for an instant that the man Gibbs had seen was a detective. He had kept too close watch over the roads for that."

"A tall chap, in outing clothes—dark-haired and clean-shaven?"

"Yes?"

"Wears a tan hat?"

"That's the man."

"I know him—and I wish you'd punctured him. That's falling—the tenderfoot that's been staying at Lennox's. He's a lunger."

"He didn't look like no lunger to me."

"But no matter about that—it's just as I thought. And I'll get 'em back—mark my little words."

In the meantime the best thing to do was to move at once to his winter trapping grounds—a certain neglected region on the lower levels of the North Fork. If at any time within the next few weeks, Dan should attempt to carry word down to the settlements, he would be certain to pass within view of his camp. But he knew that the chance of Dan starting upon any such journey before the snow had melted was not one in a thousand. To be caught in the Divide in the winter means to be snowed in as completely as the Innuits of upper Greenland. No word could pass except by man on snowshoes.

Yet if the chance did come, if the house should be left unguarded, it might pay Cranston to make an immediate search. Dan would have no reason for supposing that Cranston suspected his possession of the letters; he would not be particularly watchful, and would probably pigeon-hole them until spring in Lennox's desk.

And the truth was that Cranston had reasoned out the situation almost perfectly. When Dan awakened in the morning, and the snow lay already a foot deep over the wilderness world, he knew that he would have no chance to act upon the Cranston case until the snows melted in the spring. So he pushed all thought of it out of his mind and turned his attention to more pleasant subjects. It was true that he read the documents over twice as he lay in bed. Then he tied them into a neat packet and put them away where they would be quickly available. Then he thrust his head out of the window and let the great snowflakes sift down upon his face. It was winter at last, the season that he loved.

He didn't stir from the house that first day of the storm. Snowbird and he found plenty of pleasant things to

do and talk about before the falling fire that he built in the grate. He was glad of the great pile of wood that lay outside the door. It meant life itself, in this season. Then Snowbird led him to the windows, and they watched the white drifts pile up over the low underbrush.

When finally the snowstorm ceased, five days later, the whole face of the wilderness was changed. The buckbrush was mostly covered, the fences were out of sight; the forest seemed a clear, clean sweep of white, broken only by an occasional tall thicket and by the great, snow-covered trees.

When the clouds blew away, and the air grew clear, the temperature began to fall. Dan had no way of knowing how low it went. Thermometers were not considered essential at the Lennox home. But when his eyelids congealed with the frost, and his mittens froze to the logs of firewood that he carried through the door, and the pine trees exploded and cracked in the darkness, he was correct in his belief that it was very, very cold.

But he loved the cold, and the silence and austerity that went with it. The wilderness claimed him as never before. The rugged breed that were his ancestors had struggled through such seasons as this and passed a love of them down through the years to him.

When the ice made a crust over the snow, he learned to walk on snowshoes. At first there were pained ankles and endless floundering in the drifts. But between the fall of fresh snow and the thaws that softened the crust, he slowly mastered the art. Snowbird—and Dan never realized the full significance of her name until he saw her flying with incredible grace over the snow—laughed at him at first and ran him races that would usually end in his falling headfirst into a ten-foot snowbank. She taught him how to ski and more than once she would stop in the middle of an earnest bit of pedagogy to find that he wasn't listening at all. He would seem to be fairly devouring her with his eyes, delighting in the play of soft pinks and reds in her cheeks, and drinking, as a man drinks wine, the amazing change of light and shadow in her eyes.

She seemed to blossom under his gaze. Not one of those short winter days went by without the discovery of some new trait or little vanity to astonish or delight him—sometimes an unlooked-for tenderness toward the weak, often a sweet, unattained philosophy of life, or perhaps just a lowering of her eyelids in which her eyes would show lustrous through the lashes, or some sweeping, exuberant gesture startlingly graceful.

Lennox awakened one morning with the realization that this was one of the hardest winters of his experience. He began to be very glad of the abundant stores of provisions that overcrowded his pantry—savory hams and bacon, dried venison, sacks of potatoes and evaporated vegetables, and, of course, canned goods past counting. With the high fire roaring in the grate, the season held no ills for them. But sometimes, when the bitter cold came down at twilight, and the moon looked like a thing of ice itself over the snow, he began to wonder how the wild creatures who wintered on the Divide were faring. Of course most of them were gone. Wolf, long since, had grunted and mumbled his way into a winter lair. But the wolves remained, strange gray shadows on the snow, and possibly a few of the harder-smaller creatures.

More than once in those long winter nights their talk was chopped off short by the song of the pack on some distant ridge. Sometimes, when the world is old, possibly a man will be born that can continue to talk and keep his mind on his words while the wolf pack sings. But he is certainly an unknown quantity today. The cry sets in vibration curious memory chords, and for a moment the listener sees in his mind's eye his ancient home in an ancient world—Darkness and Fear and Eyes shining about the cave. It carries him back, and he knows the wilderness as it really is; and to have such knowledge dries up all inclination to talk, as a sponge dries water. Of course the picture isn't entirely plain. It is more a thing guessed at, a photograph in some dark part of an under-consciousness that has constantly grown more dim as the centuries have passed. Possibly sometime it will fade out altogether; and then a man may continue to discuss the weather while the song from the ridge shudders in at the windows, but the world will be quite cold by then, and no longer particularly interesting.

And possibly even the wolves themselves will then be tamed to play dead and speak pieces—which means the wilderness itself will be tamed. For as long as the wild lasts, the pack will run through it in the winter. They were here in the beginning, and in spite of constant war and constant hatred on the part of men, they will be here in the end. The reason is just that they are the symbol of the wilderness itself, and the idea of it continuing to exist without them is stranger than that of a nation without a flag.

It wasn't quite the same song that Dan had listened to in the first days of fall. It had been triumphant then, and proud with the wilderness pride. Of course it had been sad then, too, but it was more sad now. And it was stranger, too, and crept farther into the souls of its listeners. It was the song of strength that couldn't avail against the snow, possibly of cold and the despair and courage of starvation. These three that heard it were inured to the wilderness; but a moment was always needed after its last note had died to regain their gaiety.

"They're getting lean and they're getting savage," Lennox said one

night, stretched on his divan before the fireplace. He was still unable to walk; but the fractures were knitting slowly and the doctor had promised that the summer would find him well. "If we had a dog, I wouldn't offer much for his life. One of these days we'll find 'em in a big circle around the house—and then we'll have to open up with the rifles."

But this picture appalled neither of his two young listeners. No wolf pack can stand against three marksmen, armed with rifles and behind oaken walls.

Christmas came and passed, and January brought clear days and an ineffective sun shining on all. These were the best days of all. Every afternoon Dan and Snowbird would go out on their skis or on snowshoes, unarmed except for the pistol that Snowbird carried in the deep pocket of her macinaw. "But why not?" Dan replied to Lennox's objection. "She could kill five wolves with five shots, or pretty near it, and you know well enough that that would hold 'em till we got home. They'd stop to eat the five—I have had enough time keeping up with her as it is, without carrying a rifle." And Lennox was content. Dan had told the truth when he said that five deaths or even fewer would repel the attack of any wolf pack he had ever seen. There was just one troubling thought. He had heard, long ago, and he had forgotten who had told him, that in the most severe winters the wolves gather in particularly large packs; and a quality in the song that they had heard at night seemed to bear it out. The chorus had been exceptionally loud and strong, and he had been unable to pick out individual voices.

The snow was perfect for skiing. Previously their sport had been many times interrupted either by the fall of fresh snow or a thaw that had softened the snow crust; but now every afternoon was too perfect to remain indoors. They shouted and romped in the silences, and they did not dream but that they had the wilderness all to themselves. The fact that one night Lennox's keen eyes had seen what looked like the glow of a camp fire in the distance didn't affect this belief of theirs at all. It was evidently just the phosphorus glowing in a rotten log from which the winds had blown the snow.

Once or twice they caught glimpses of wild life: once a grouse that had buried in the snow flushed from their path and blew the snow-dust from its wings; and once or twice they saw snowshoe rabbits bounding away on flat feet over the drifts. But just one day they caught sight of a wolf. They were on snowshoes on a particularly brilliant afternoon late in January. He was a lone male, evidently a straggler from the pack, and he leaped from the top of a tall thicket that had remained above the snow. The man and the girl had entirely different reactions. Dan's first impression was amazement at the animal's condition. It seemed to be in the last stages of starvation; unbelievably gaunt, with ribs showing plainly even through the furry hide. Ordinarily the heavily furred animals do not show signs of famine; but even an inexperienced eye could not make a mistake in this case. The eyes were red, and they carried Dan back to his first adventure in the Oregon forest—the day he had shot the mad coyote. Snowbird thought of the beast only as an enemy. The wolves killed her father's stock; they were brigands of the worst order; and she shared the hatred of them that is a common trait of all primitive peoples. Her hand whipped back, seized her pistol, and she fired twice at the feeble figure.

The second shot was a hit: both of them saw the wolf go to its side, then spring up and race on. Shouting, both of them sped after him.

In a few moments he was out of sight among the distant trees, but they found the blood-trail and munched over the ridge. They expected at any moment to find him lying dead; but the track led them on clear down the next canyon. And now they cared not at all whether they found him: it was simply a tramp in the out-of-doors; and both of them were young with red blood in their veins.

But all at once Dan stopped in his tracks. The girl sped on for six paces before she missed the sound of his snowshoes; then she turned to find him standing, wholly motionless, with eyes fixed upon her.

It startled her, and she didn't know why. A companion abruptly freezing in his path, his muscles inert, and his eyes filling with speculation, is always startling. When this occurs it means simply that a thought so compelling and engrossing that even the half-conscious physical functions, such as walking, cannot continue, has come into his mind. And it is part of the old creed of self-preservation to dislike greatly to be left out on any such thought as this. If danger is present, the sooner it is identified the better.

"What is it?" she demanded.

He turned to her curiously intent. "How many shells have you in that pistol?"

She took one breath and answered him. "It holds five, and I shot twice. I haven't any others."

"And I don't suppose if ever occurred to you to carry extra ones in your pocket?"

"Father is always telling me to—and several times I have. But I'd shoot them away at target practice and forget to take any more. There was never any danger—except that night with a cougar. I did intend to—but what does it matter now?"

"We're a couple of wise ones, going after that wolf with only three shots to our name. Of course by himself he's harmless—but he's likely enough to lead us straight toward the pack."

And Snowbird—I didn't like his looks. He's too gaunt and he's too hungry—and I haven't a bit of doubt he waited in that brush for us to come, intending to attack us—and lost his nerve the last thing. That shows he's desperate. I don't like him, and I wouldn't like his pack. And a whole pack might not lose its nerve."

"Then you think we'd better turn back?"

"Yes, I do, and not come out any more without a whole pocket of shells. I'm going to carry a rifle, too, just as Lennox has always. He's got only a flesh-wound. You saw what you did with two cartridges—got in one flesh-wound. Three of 'em against a pack wouldn't be a great deal of aid. I don't mean to say you can't shoot, but a jumping, lively wolf is worse than a bird in the air. We've gone over three miles; and he'd lead us ten miles farther—even if he didn't go to the pack. Let's go back."

"If you say so. But I don't think there's the least bit of danger. We can always climb a tree."

"And have 'em make a beautiful circus under it! They've got more patience than we have—and we'd have to come down some time. Your father can't come to our help, you know. It's the sign of the tenderfoot not to think there's any danger—and I'm not going to think that way any more."

They turned back and munched in silence a long time.

"I suppose you'll think I'm a coward," Dan asked her humbly.

"Only prudent, Dan," she answered, smiling. Whether she meant it he did not know. "I'm just beginning to understand that you—living here only a few months—really know and understand all this better than I do." She stretched her arms wide to the wilderness. "I guess it's your instinct."

"And I do understand," he told her earnestly. "I sensed danger back there just as sure as I can see your face. That pack—and it's a big one—is close; and it's terribly hungry. And you know—you can't help but know—that the wolves are not to be trusted in famine times."

"I know it only too well," she said. Then she paused and asked him about a strange grayness, like snow blown by the wind, on the sky over the ridge.

Bert Cranston waited in a clump of exposed thicket on the hillside until he saw two black dots, that he knew were Dan and Snowbird, leave the Lennox home. He lay very still as they circled up the ridge, noticing that except for the pistol that he knew Snowbird always carried, they were unarmed. There was no particular reason why he should be interested in that point. It was just the mountain way always to look for weapons, and it is rather difficult to trace the mental processes behind this impulse. Perhaps it can be laid to the fact that many mountain families are often at feud with one another, and anything in the way of violence may happen before the morning.

The two passed out of his sight, and after a long time he heard the crack of Snowbird's pistol. He guessed that she had either shot at some wild creature, or else was merely at target practice—rather a common proceeding for the two when they were on the hills together. Thus it is to be seen that Cranston knew their habits fairly well. And since he had kept a close watch upon them for several days, this was to be expected.

He had no intention of being interrupted in this work he was about to do. He had planned it all very well. The elder Lennox was still helpless. Cranston had noticed that when Dan and Snowbird went out, they were usually gone from two to four hours; and that gave him plenty of time for his undertaking. The moment had come at last to make a thorough search of Lennox's house for those incriminating documents that Dan had found near the body of Landy Hildreth.

The only really dangerous part of his undertaking was his approach. If by any chance Lennox were looking out of the window, he might be found waiting with a rifle across his arms. It would be quite like the old mountaineer to have his gun beside him, and to shoot it quick and exceptionally straight, without asking questions, at any startling figure in the snow. Yet Cranston felt fairly sure that Lennox was still too helpless to raise a gun to a shooting position.

He had observed that the mountaineer spent his time either on the fireplace divan or on his own bed. Neither of these places was available to the rear windows of the house. So, very wisely, he made his attack from the rear.

He came stealing across the snow—a musher of the first degree. Very silently and swiftly he slipped off his snowshoes at the door. The door itself was unlocked, just as he had supposed. In an instant more he was tip-toeing, a dark, silent figure, through the corridors of the house. He held his rifle ready in his hands.

He peered into Lennox's bedroom first. The room was unoccupied. Then the floor of the corridor creaked beneath his step; and he knew nothing further was to be gained by waiting. If Lennox suspected his presence, he might be waiting with aimed rifle as he opened the door of the living room.

He glided faster. He halted once more—a moment at the living-room door to see if Lennox had been disturbed. He was lying still, however, so Cranston pushed through.

Lennox glanced up from his magazine to find that unmistakable thing, the barrel of a rifle, pointed at his breast. Cranston was one of those rare marksmen who shoot with both eyes open—and that meant that he kept his full visual powers to the last

instant before the trigger fell. "I can't raise my arms," Lennox said simply. "One of 'em won't work."



"I Can't Raise My Arms," Lennox Said Simply.

at all—besides, against the doctor's orders."

Cranston stole over toward him, looking closely for weapons. He pulled aside the woolen blanket that Lennox had drawn up over his body, and he pushed his hand into the cushions of the couch. A few deft pats, holding his rifle through the fork of his arm, finger coiled into the trigger guard, assured him that Lennox was not "heeled" at all. Then he laughed and went to work.

"I thought I told you once," Lennox began with perfect coldness, "that the doors of my house were no longer open to you."

"You did say that," was Cranston's guttural reply. "But you see I'm here just the same, don't you? And what are you going to do about it?"

"I probably felt that sooner or later you would come to steal—just as you and your crowd stole the supplies from the forest station last winter—and that probably influenced me to give the orders. I didn't want thieves around my house, and I don't want them now. I don't want coyotes, either."

"And I don't want any such remarks out of you, either," Cranston answered him. "You lie still and shut up, and I suspect that sissy boarder of yours will come back, after he's through embracing your daughter in the snow and find you in one piece. Otherwise not."

"If I were in one piece," Lennox answered him very quietly, "instead of a bundle of broken bones that can't lift its arms, I'd get up off this couch, unarmed as I am, and stamp on your lying lips."

But Cranston only laughed and tied Lennox's feet with a cord from the window shade.

He went to work very systematically. First he rifled Lennox's desk in the living room. Then he looked on all the mantels and ransacked the cupboards and the drawers. He was taunting and calm at first—but as the moments passed, his passion grew upon him. He no longer smiled. The rodent features became intent; the eyes narrowed to curious, bright slits under the dark lashes. He went to Dan's room, searched his bureau drawer and all the pockets of the clothes hanging in his closet. He upset his trunk and paged among old letters in the suitcase. Then, stealing like some creature of the wilderness, he came back to the living room.

Lennox was not on the divan where he had left him. He lay instead on the floor near the fireplace; and he met the passion-drawn face with entire calmness. His motives were perfectly plain. He had just made a desperate effort to procure Dan's rifle that hung on two sets of deer horns over the fireplace, and was entirely exhausted from it. He had succeeded in getting down from the couch, though wracked by agony, but had been unable to lift himself up in reach of the gun.

Cranston read his intention in one glance. Lennox knew it, but he simply didn't care. He had passed the point where anything seemed to matter.

"Tell me where it is," Cranston ordered him. Again he pointed his rifle at Lennox's wasted breast.

"Tell you where what is? My money?"

"You know what I want—and it isn't money. I mean those letters that Falling found on the ridge. I'm through fooling, Lennox. Dan learned that long ago, and it's time you learned it now."

"Dan learned it because he was sick. He isn't sick now. Don't presume too much on that."

Cranston laughed with harsh scorn. "But that isn't the question. I said I've wasted all the time I'm going to. You are an old man and helpless; but I'm not going to let that stand in the way of getting what I came to get. They're hidden somewhere around this house. I've watched, and he's had no chance to take them into town. I'll give you—just five seconds to tell me where they're hidden."

"And I give you," Lennox replied, "one second less than that—to go to hell!"

(TO BE CONTINUED)



## BE PREPARED

For three generations mothers have successfully used Foley's Honey and Tar as a safe remedy for the relief of cold, cough, croup and whooping cough. It is pure, wholesome, and children like it. Contains no opiates. Especially good for croup and whooping cough—the two terrors of childhood.

Dr. W. H. Thornton, Little Rock, Ark., writes: "My little boy had a severe attack of croup, but two doses of Foley's Honey and Tar relieved him, and he went back to sleep and was troubled no more. I would not be without it at any price."

## Better Than Pills - For Liver Ills

The reason



NR Tonight - Tomorrow Alright  
GIDLEY & MAC, Druggists

"Folded Mountains." The Appalachian mountains are so called because they have been covered by the plications or folds of the rock layers which make up the crust of the earth in this region. Some of the strata of rock have been so folded that they are practically on an end or upside down.

## Power of Love.

Love is what makes a person at the amateur theatricals think the leading lady is every bit as good as a professional.—Ohio State Journal.

## Everyone Should Drink Hot Water in the Morning

Wash away all the stomach, liver, and bowel poisons before breakfast.

To feel your best day in and day out, to feel clean inside, no sour bile to coat your tongue and sicken your breath or dull your head; no constipation, bilious attacks, sick headache, colds, rheumatism or gassy, acid stomach, you must bathe on the inside like you bathe outside. This is vastly more important, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, while the bowel pores do, says a well-known physician.

To keep these poisons and toxins well flushed from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, drink before breakfast each day, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This will cleanse, purify and freshen the entire alimentary tract, before putting more food into the stomach.

Get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from your pharmacist. It is inexpensive and almost tasteless, except a sourish tinge which is not unpleasant. Drink phosphated hot water every morning to rid your system of these vile poisons and toxins; also to prevent their formation.

To feel like young folks feel; like you felt before your blood, nerves and muscles became saturated with an accumulation of body poisons, begin this treatment and above all, keep it up! As soap and hot water act on the skin, cleansing, sweetening and purifying, so limestone phosphate and hot water before breakfast act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.

## OLD-TIME COLD CURE - DRINK HOT TEA!

Get a small package of Hamburg Breast Tea at any pharmacy. Take a tablespoonful of the tea, put a cup of boiling water upon it, pour through a sieve and drink a teacup full at any time during the day or before retiring. It is the most effective way to break a cold and cure grip, as it opens the pores of the skin, relieving congestion. Also loosens the bowels, thus breaking up a cold.

Try it the next time you suffer from cold or the grip. It is inexpensive and entirely vegetable, therefore safe and harmless.

## RHEUMATISM FROM STIFF ACHING JOINTS

Stiffness from joints and muscles with a small trial bottle of old

St. Jacobs Oil  
Stop "losing" Rheumatism. It's pain only; not one case in 100 requires internal treatment. Rub soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Oil" right on the "tender spot," and by the time you say Jack Robinson—out comes the rheumatic pain. "St. Jacobs Oil" is a harmless rheumatism cure which never disappoints and doesn't burn the skin. It takes pain, soreness and stiffness from aching joints, muscles and bones; stops sciatica, lumbago, backache, neuralgia.

Linger up! Get a 35 cent bottle of old-time, honest "St. Jacobs Oil" from any drug store, and in a moment you'll be free from pain, achiness and stiffness. Don't spoor! Rub rheumatism away.



## Briefs of the Week

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Flannery, a son, Jan. 8th.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Blake Collins, a daughter—Elaine Rosalind—Jan. 3rd.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur E. Snyder, a daughter—Marian Ernestine—Jan. 4th.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Banoroff, who have been here visiting relatives, returned to Flint, Saturday.

I want to buy some good second-hand harnesses, wagons, and a draft team. C. J. Malpass. adv.

Mrs. M. Keller returned to Kalamazoo last Friday, after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. P. M. Burgess.

Commissioner of Schools, Miss May Stewart, left Thursday for Lansing to attend a meeting of the State Reading Circle Board.

Archie Griffin was taken to the Reycraft hospital at Petoskey, Monday, where he had his tonsils removed. Dr. F. P. Ramsey accompanied him.

Mrs. E. S. Holmes, Mrs. Edwin Wood and Mr. and Mrs. Vern McClen returned to Spring Lake, Monday, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Pearsall.

Otto Reinhart and Miss M. Pearl Snyder, both of East Jordan, were united in marriage at the Methodist parsonage by the Rev. Henry Candler last Wednesday afternoon, Dec. 29th. Miss Snyder graduated from the Charlevoix County Normal School two years ago and is now teaching in East Jordan. — Charlevoix Sentinel.

A new time table went into effect on the East Jordan & Southern R. R. and Pere Marquette R. R. last Sunday. Trains now leave East Jordan at 8:40 a. m. and 1:45 p. m., and arrive here from Bellaire at 11:20 a. m. and 4:20 p. m. North bound Pere Marquette trains at Bellaire arrive at 10:17 a. m. and 2:57 p. m. South bound at 9:59 a. m. and 2:57 p. m.

Benjamin J. O'Donnell, aged thirty, of St. James, died Monday in Grand Rapids and the body was brought to Petoskey Tuesday night and taken to St. James Wednesday for burial. The body was accompanied by the widow and a brother, Edward O'Donnell. Mr. and Mrs. O'Donnell were married just two weeks ago. The young man was from one of the prominent families of Beaver Islands.

Large coal or wood heater, only \$14.00, on easy payments at C. J. Malpass Hdwe Co. adv.

Mrs. Ella Tillotson passed away at her home in Charlevoix, last Sunday morning. Deceased was born Sept. 20, 1859 at Lawton, Mich., and came with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Philo Ferguson, to this region in 1875. She was married to David Tillotson in 1879, and made her home at Charlevoix for some 25 years. Her husband passed away some two years ago. Mrs. Tillotson held the office of deputy commander Ladies of the Maccabees for a number of years, and was well-known and esteemed by the members of the East-Jordan lodge, whom she visited on several occasions.

C. J. Malpass will buy your hay, straw, or corn fodder in your barn or delivered. adv.

Don McCalley went to Mancelona, Tuesday.

Mrs. Nelson Lafreniere was a Petoskey visitor, Monday.

Miss Eunice Carr was home from Charlevoix over Sunday.

Mrs. Len Swafford returned home last Friday from Buffalo, N. Y.

H. H. Cummings returned Wednesday from a business trip to Chicago.

Jack White left Monday for Muskegon, where he will seek employment.

Wilbur King returned to Flint Wednesday, after a visit with his family here.

Mrs. James Handy left Wednesday for Grand Rapids, where she will spend the winter.

Robert Weikel returned to Munising, Monday, after a visit here with friends and relatives.

25 per cent off on all heaters at C. J. Malpass Hdwe. Co. on our easy payment plan. adv.

Mrs. Glenn White and daughter, who have been here visiting, returned to Muskegon, Saturday.

Mrs. Grover Blain was called to Mancelona, Wednesday, by the serious illness of her cousin.

Lawrence Cincush left Monday for Kansas City, Mo., where he will take a course at a school there.

Fred Gardiner returned to St. Paul, Minn., Monday, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McPherson.

Dr. W. H. Parks left Monday for Detroit to attend a medical meeting. Mrs. Parks accompanied him.

S. Vanderverter of Cadillac spent Sunday here with his uncle, Isaac Vanderverter, and other relatives.

I want to buy pork, veal, poultry, hay corn fodder or feed of any kind in field or barn.—C. J. Malpass. Adv.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Losey of Elmira were here a few days last week guests of Supt. and Mrs. M. R. Keyworth.

Mrs. Lee Utter and son returned to Bellaire, Monday, after a week's visit with her mother, Mrs. George Walker.

A pot luck supper was enjoyed by a number of neighbors and friends of Rev. and Mrs. John Duncan at the Presbyterian manse last Tuesday evening.

See the New Improved Empire Separator before you buy. It's different. You can buy almost everything for your home on easy payments at C. J. Malpass Hdwe Co. adv.

A surprise party was tendered Mrs. M. Ruhling at her home on North Main St., Monday evening, by a number of neighbors and friends. The occasion was in celebration of her birthday anniversary. Supper was served and a social evening enjoyed.

The effects of sleeping sickness which state specialists at Ann Arbor were unable to cure caused the death of C. B. Turner, until about a year ago a prominent business man of Bellaire. He was widely known in Central Lake and Bellaire, having been actively engaged in business in both places during the past sixteen years. He leaves a widow and six children.

Mrs. Fred Rauch of Bellaire is visiting Mrs. Glenn Burton.

Miss Gladys Davis left Tuesday for a visit at Copemish.

Mrs. Jack White went to Charlevoix Tuesday, to visit her parents.

Mrs. G. W. Bechtold was a Traverse City visitor first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Strehl are visiting friends at Mancelona this week.

C. J. Malpass buys Veal, Chickens, Ducks, Geese and Turkeys. adv.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Webster visited friends at Traverse City this week.

Lewis Fitch left Tuesday for Muskegon, where he will join his parents.

C. J. Bisbee of Jackson was here this week visiting his son, R. O. Bisbee.

Miss Alma and Alvin Shepard returned Tuesday from a visit at Melvin, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Roy left Tuesday for a visit with their son, Glenn, at Flint.

Mrs. Bert Gothro left Wednesday for Detroit, called there by the death of a nephew.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Proctor returned from a visit at Federal Dam, Minn., Tuesday.

Mrs. George Morgan of Bay Port is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. McKeage.

Miss Caroline Shearer returned to Petoskey, Tuesday, after a visit here with friends.

Wanted—Furniture, stoves, farm machinery, buggies and sleighs.—C. J. Malpass. adv.

Mrs. Robert Grant and Mrs. Hugh Murphy are visiting friends at South Boardman this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Orlo Richmond and children returned to Kalamazoo, Tuesday, after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Zoulek.

Help! Help! In the interest of the needy families of the town we appeal to the public and solicit any cast off clothing, which can be remodeled, such as dresses, underwear, stockings, etc. Bedding is likewise needed, in fact, anything which would be of service to such families. These articles may be left at A. E. Bartlett's store or Mrs. Al Brooks residence, where the Sewing Circle will take care of them and distribute where needed. Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Burgess, Pastors of Church of God.

Detroit Lines Cross D. U. R.

200 Police Used to Prevent Serving of Restraining Order.

Detroit.—Using 200 members of the police department to combat the serving of a temporary restraining order, the street railway commission succeeded in crossing the D. U. R. tracks at Mack and St. Jean avenues with the Charlevoix-St. Jean municipal line after E. J. Burdick, assistant general manager of the D. U. R., had been taken to Belle Isle by police and marooned there by the raising of the draw in the bridge. Mr. Burdick was serving the restraining order, issued by Judge Harry Dingeman, of the circuit court, when he was taken into custody by police.

The differences between the company and the city are of long standing and the action of the city in forcibly crossing the D. U. R. tracks, points to further legal proceedings.

Thrift Week to be Observed

Interesting Features Arranged For Each Day Beginning Jan. 17.

Detroit.—National Thrift Week, starting Jan. 17, the anniversary of Benj. Franklin's birthday, will be observed in a thorough manner in Detroit and the principal cities throughout the state. Representatives of some fifty lines of activity have been working out plans whereby each day next week will be devoted to a specific avenue leading to thrift, the campaign being of an educational nature rather than a concentration on any particular line. The various days, starting Monday, January 17, have been designated as "Make a Budget," "Have a Bank Account," "Carry Life Insurance," "Own Your Own Home," "Make a Will," "Pay Your Bills Promptly" and "Share With Others."

Where Work is a Party.

The flax combers of Portugal are a happy people. It is the custom on the Iberian peninsula to make the work a gala function. Garbed in their best, adorned with bright gold ornaments, their garments an array of color with gay embroidery, men and women meet to carry on the ordinary daily vocations. In Portugal, that of winding flax is usually given over to the women.—Popular Science Monthly.

Notice to the Tax Payers

Of South Arm Township

The Tax Roll for the year 1920 is in my hands for collection. I will be at the D. E. Goodman Hardware store on each Saturday. If paid before January 10, 1921, one per cent collection fee will be charged; thereafter a charge of three per cent will be added. Dog license may be secured at the same time.

ANNA L. KEAT

Township Treas.

## ODDFELLOWS & REBEKAHS

### INSTALL OFFICERS WEDNESDAY EVE'G.

Jordan River Lodge No. 300, I. O. O. F. and J. S. Rebekeh Lodge No. 205 held joint installation of officers at their hall, Wednesday evening, Jan. 12th. Below were the officers installed.

#### ODDFELLOWS

N. G.—George LaValley  
V. G.—Charles Nowland  
Rec. Sec'y—Hazen Gardiner  
Fin. Sec'y—Frank Woodcock

Treas.—N. Jones  
Warden—Harvey Scott  
Conductor—Jos. Montroy  
Chaplain—Claude Bowen

R. S.—Louis Kamradt  
L. S.—Ed. Sandel  
R. S.—Tony Martinek  
L. S.—Sherman Conway

Inside Guard—I. L. Bowen  
Outside Guard—Ed. Kamradt

#### REBEKAHS

Noble Grand—Edna Atkinson  
Vice Grand—Effie Alexander  
Rec. Sec'y—Robt. Atkinson  
Fin. Sec'y—Carrie DeWitt

Treas.—Lydia Alexander  
Appointed Officers.

R. S. N. G.—Lillian Chew  
L. S. N. G.—Iva Montroy  
R. S. V. G.—Mary Donaldson  
L. S. V. G.—Olia Streeter

Warden—Nettie LaValley  
Conductor—Rose Gardiner  
Inside Guard—Nellie Newson  
Outside Guard—Norman Sloop  
Chaplain—Etta Jones

#### TAX NOTICE

Taxes of the City of East Jordan, levied for State, County, County Road and School purposes, are due and payable at my office over Hite's Drug Store on and after December 10th, 1920. If paid on or before January 10th, 1921, no collection fee will be added. Thereafter a charge of four per cent will be added.

G. E. BOSWELL  
City Treasurer

#### Dog Licenses Now Due

All owners of dogs within the city limits please take notice that licenses are now due—commencing Dec. 10th—and must be paid on or before January 25th, 1921.

G. E. BOSWELL  
City Treasurer

#### The greatest truths often spring from the lips of little children. They do not know any better.

## You Have Been Waiting For Lower Prices . . . They Are Here!

We have made no big noise about the lower price of Furniture, nor are we going to.

However we find a slight reduction in our January price list. Don't be under the impression that these are great reductions as we have had none larger than 10 per cent.

Toing to the fact that our stock is large and that we must reduce for spring goods which will soon arrive, we are going the manufacturer one better and are offering our present stock of Furniture, Rugs and Linoleum at

**15 per cent Below Marked Price**

You Have Been Waiting For Lower Prices—**THEY ARE HERE!**

Take Advantage of Them While Our Assortment is Good.

**Bamber AND Watson**

FURNITURE DEALERS  
R. G. WATSON Service Motor Hearse  
Funeral Director Phone 66

EAST JORDAN—"LET'S GO."

**15 per cent Below Marked Price**

You Have Been Waiting For Lower Prices—**THEY ARE HERE!**

Take Advantage of Them While Our Assortment is Good.

**Bamber AND Watson**

FURNITURE DEALERS  
R. G. WATSON Service Motor Hearse  
Funeral Director Phone 66

EAST JORDAN—"LET'S GO."

## Notice to FARMERS

We are now in a position to give you your flour in exchange for your wheat—just what it would grind out in Flour, Middlings and Bran

On account of the bad conditions in the western states and flour mills closing their doors, we have been able to secure a miller who is an expert at the milling industry, and has given his whole life to the work and knows how to make flour. We believe this is to your advantage. Kindly give us a trial and let's get acquainted.

Our highest ambition is to give the best service and the best quality.

### Argo Milling Co.

J. G. EKSTROM, Manager Phone 126

## WE HAVE A CARLOAD OF BIG DIAMOND FLOUR

In transit which we offer for sale at **ONLY \$11.50 PER BARREL**

in 25-lb. Sacks Delivered To Your Home.

This is a spring wheat fancy patent flour which **WE ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEE.**

Your Money Back If Not Satisfied.

Place your order with us **NOW** for delivery upon receipt of car.

## East Jordan Lumber Co.

Grocery Dep't Phone 142

## WE HAVE A CARLOAD OF BIG DIAMOND FLOUR

In transit which we offer for sale at **ONLY \$11.50 PER BARREL**

in 25-lb. Sacks Delivered To Your Home.

This is a spring wheat fancy patent flour which **WE ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEE.**

Your Money Back If Not Satisfied.

Place your order with us **NOW** for delivery upon receipt of car.

## East Jordan Lumber Co.

Grocery Dep't Phone 142



### NOT THE ONLY ONE

There Are Other East Jordan People Similarly Afflicted.

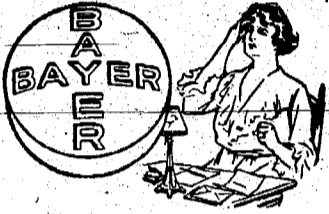
Can there be any stronger proof offered than the evidence of East Jordan residents? After you have read the following, quietly answer the question.

Mr. Farmer, railroad engineer, East Jordan, says: "Seven years ago I had an awful lame back. I had a sore feeling right across the small of my back that stayed with me for days. I had stitches in my back when I wasn't able to move at all, and my back was always lame. When I stooped over I could hardly get up again. I surely was in a poor shape. Morning I felt so tired I hardly had enough strength to get up. Black spots came before me and were so thick at times I couldn't see. Through the night I often had to get up and the secretions were not only painful but always filled with dark sediment. I heard of Doan's Kidney Pills and got a few boxes at Gilday & Mac-Drug Store and they fixed me up in good shape."

Get at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

### ASPIRIN FOR HEADACHE

Name "Bayer" is on Genuine Aspirin—say Bayer



Insist on "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" in a "Bayer package" containing proper directions for Headache, Colds, Pain, Neuralgia, Lumbago, and Rheumatism. Name "Bayer" means genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for nineteen years. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Aspirin is trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetic-acidester of Salicylicacid.

### Dr. W. H. Parks

Physician and Surgeon  
Office second floor Kimball Bldg., next to Peoples Bank.  
Phone 158-4 rings  
Office hours: 1:30 to 4:00 p. m.  
7:00 to 8:00 p. m.  
X-RAY in Office.

### Hugh W. Dicken

Physician and Surgeon  
East Jordan, Mich. Phone No. 128  
Office Hours:  
11:00 to 12:00 a. m.  
2:00 to 4:00 and 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.

### Dr. F. P. Ramsey

Physician and Surgeon.  
Graduate of College of Physicians and Surgeons of the University of Illinois.  
OFFICE E. J. LUMBER CO. BLOCK  
East Jordan, Mich.  
Phone No. 196.

### Dr. G. W. Bechtold

DENTIST  
Office Hours: 8:00 to 12:00 a. m.  
1:00 to 5:00 p. m.  
Evenings by Appointment.  
Office, Second Floor of Kimball Block.

### Dr. C. H. Pray

Dentist  
Office Hours:  
8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m.  
And Evenings.  
Phone No. 223.

### Frank Phillips

Tonsorial Artist.  
When you need of anything in my line call in and see me.

### Michigan News Tersely Told

Pontiac—The Oakland supervisors have rejected all bids for the construction of a new jail because they exceeded the appropriation.

Charlotte—The council has voted to submit the question of bonding the city for \$45,000 for paving streets to the voters at the April election.

Coopersville—August R. Carlson, 67, of Grand Rapids, was instantly killed by an interurban car at Country Crossing, one mile south of Nunica.

Owosso—Shiawassee County spent \$105,000 on road work in 1920, according to the report of the road commissioners to the board of supervisors.

Plymouth—The month-old son of Frank Hayball, a farmer, was accidentally smothered under a blanket which his mother had placed over his crib.

Plainwell—While Merrill Erwin, 20 years old, was examining a revolver, it discharged and the ball lodged in his neck. Doctors have been unable to remove it.

Monroe—Frank Gassner, who will become sheriff Jan. 1, has appointed Joseph R. Anteau, under-sheriff; Horace Barrett, deputy sheriff, and Geo. Naeckel, court officer.

Monroe—Monroe county supervisors appointed a committee to ask the supervisors of Lenawee, Jackson and Hillsdale counties to endorse plans for the erection of a joint tuberculosis sanatorium.

Pontiac—During 1920, 2,579 criminal cases were disposed of in the Oakland County courts, as compared with 2,251 in 1919. In the number of arrests this county leads the state outside of Wayne County.

Monroe—The applications of Chas. E. Kirby, for a temporary injunction to restrain Monroe city commission from issuing \$725,000 waterworks bonds was refused by Judge Jesse H. Root, of circuit court.

Alma—This place claims the smallest fire loss per assessed valuation for any city of its size in the country. Fire Chief Joseph F. Sartor reports 10 fires with \$160 loss in 1920 on an assessed valuation of \$150,000.

Alba—Lumber camps in this section are being flooded by unemployed men from the cities. Owing to the timber shortage, however, many camps are shutting down, and is a result hundreds of men are said to be stranded.

Albion—Two Michigan trips are planned by the Albion College Glee Club. The first will be to Coopersville, Grand Rapids and Rockford next month and in March the club will go to Muskegon and Grand Haven.

Allegan—A hearing was held Jan. 5 on a plea for a permanent injunction to restrain the Easley Light & Power Co., of Plainwell, from increasing its rates. A temporary injunction was granted at the request of residents of Plainwell.

East Lansing—Addresses by L. Whitney Watkins, of the state board of agriculture, and George W. Dickinson, of Detroit, will feature the meeting here, Feb. 12 and 13, of the Michigan Improved Live Stock Breeders and Feeders' Association.

Cadillac—Fred C. Wetmore lost the skid chain from his automobile and advertised, offering a reward for its return. He got it back but it has been so tormented by other finders of chains that he has had to advertise he has recovered his property.

Ann Arbor—Four robbers entered the home of Mrs. Maria Allmendinger, ordered Mrs. Allmendinger and her two daughters to remain quietly in bed, ransacked the house and ate a lunch in the kitchen. They left with \$20 cash and two gold watches.

Ann Arbor—In the arrest of Claude Way, of this county, and Harry Wood, who was apprehended in Jackson, the officers here believe they have secured two of the three young men who are responsible for the several burglaries in this vicinity recently.

Traverse City—This city has been notified by W. D. Rich, state sanitary engineer, that unless a complete survey of the city water and sewer system is filed with the State Board of Health by Jan. 21, the state will begin proceedings against the city officials.

Pontiac—Help of the American Legion is being asked by brothers of Anson Best to take to the supreme court his appeal for a new trial denied in circuit court. Best, a former service man, is serving a life sentence for murder of Vera Schneider, a telephone girl.

Kalamazoo—Myron Rushmore obtained a divorce from "his shadow," after he told Judge Welmer his wife was so jealous of him she would follow him wherever he went. She even followed him to the corner barber shop, he said, and hid behind a tree until he came out.

Iron Mountain—The organization of the Iron Mountain National bank was completed at a meeting of the stockholders here. Those elected were: President, Cleo Mueller; first vice-president, Charles E. Parent; second vice-president, Claude H. Milliman; directors Z. P. Roussele, John O. Blixt, Felix Valenti, John J. Flannigan, Olaf Rian and Dr. H. Belhumer. The new bank expects to open for business Feb. 15. The Flannigan property has been bought for \$44,500. Next spring a fine banking-house and business block will be built.

Dundee—A. P. T. & I. freight train backed into the railroad station here and almost demolished it.

Cadillac—Warning has been given by the postmaster that "spooners" caught in the corridor of the post-office will be prosecuted.

Albion—Soot in his eye started an infection which doctors declared was the cause of the death of William A. Bacon, Albion business man.

Albion—Mrs. Catherine I. Cool, who committed suicide here last week, left an estate of \$34,000, principally to a brother, Ben Warner, of Marshall.

Holland—For the first time in years the Holland city jail lodged soft job seekers who, finding only day labor openings, asked lodging for the night.

Kalamazoo—Right Rev. Msgr. Thomas Dowd Flannery, 83, of St. Bernard's parish, Alpena, died in New Progress hospital here, after a short illness.

Adrian—An increase of more than 50 per cent in the birth rate and a decline of 5 per cent in the death rate for 1920 over 1919 are reported in Adrian.

Kalamazoo—There were 230 divorces granted in Kalamazoo County in 1920, one-fifth the number of marriages. Births increased from 1,134 to 1,347, a gain of 20 per cent.

Bessemer—Robbers backed up a sleigh at the door of Herman Katus' home here and hauled away a safe weighing 350 pounds. Katus said there was only \$35 in the safe.

Petoskey—More than 74,000 trout eggs have been shipped here from Grand Cascadia River, Canada, to be planted in Michigan streams for breeding with the domestic brook trout.

Corunna—Joseph McDonald, an engineer formerly employed by the state, has been appointed construction engineer of Shiawassee County by the board of supervisors at a salary of \$3,200.

Traverse City—Dr. G. A. Holliday has been elected commander of the Holiday Post, American Legion. The post was named after his son, Lieut. Harry Holliday, who was killed in France.

East Lansing—Progress made in draining large areas of swamp land in Michigan will be reported at the third annual meeting of the Michigan Muck Farmers' Association, which opens here Feb. 1.

Grand Rapids—Three buildings in the center of the business district of Ada, a small village east of Grand Rapids, were burned at a loss of about \$10,000. For a time it was feared the town would be wiped out.

Muskegon—John W. Ward, former city engineer of St. Johns, is under arrest in Astoria, Oregon, on a charge of bigamy. Ward is said to have married a society woman in Seattle while having a wife in Michigan.

Kalamazoo—A proposition to create an office for a purchasing agent for Kalamazoo county is being given serious consideration by the supervisors. There is every indication that action of a favorable nature will be taken.

Iron Mountain—Four liquor law violators received jail sentences ranging from three to six months from Judge R. C. Flannigan of circuit court here. The sheriff was ordered to make the prisoners work hard whenever possible.

Muskegon—Peter Larson, 76, veteran employe of the wood yards of the Central Paper company, was killed while taking his first vacation in 18 years. Larson was deaf and while strolling about, was run down by a slowly moving switch engine.

Paw Paw—With officials searching for Charles P. Cox, missing highway engineer for whose arrest a warrant was issued on a charge of embezzlement and larceny, petitions are being circulated in Van Buren County asking the abolition of the present road system.

Cheboygan—A mountain of sawdust south of this city which has been a special attraction to tourists for years may become an asset if recent experiments by the Government prove that it can be utilized as food for cattle. It is said that a new stock food has been developed from sawdust.

Mt. Clemens—Chris Schulz, a member of the board of road commissioners, has resigned, rather than go into court to determined when his term expires. Schulz was elected when his term extended to May 1, but recent legislation has changed the term to expire Jan. 1. All of the present members of the board claim they are entitled to serve until May 1.

Iron Mountain—As the result of an altercation over the United States taking part in the world war, Fred Julian, of Norway, is dead and his stepson, Joe Castiaz, is in jail charged with murder. Julian and Camello Pedrotti were arguing over the war, and when Julian denounced this country, Castiaz told them to quit talking Julian hit Castiaz and knocked him off a chair. The latter procured a gun and when Julian rushed at him, is said to have fired. Castiaz claims self-defense.

Kalamazoo—Mrs. Charity Potter, 94, widow of the late Allen Potter, died at her home here. Her husband was the first mayor of Kalamazoo and served as congressman from the Kalamazoo district for several terms under Grant's administration. She was a resident of Kalamazoo since her marriage in 1845. She was related by blood or marriage to 50 or more prominent residents of the city. Her husband was the first hardware merchant in Kalamazoo. She recently celebrated the seventy-fifth anniversary of her wedding.

### G.O.P. CONVENTION HELD IN DETROIT

FEBRUARY 17 MEETING WILL CHOOSE CANDIDATES FOR STATE OFFICES.

### DATE SET FOR COUNTY MEETS

One Delegate Allowed Each County For Every 500 Votes Cast at Last Election.

Lansing—The Republican state convention will be held in Detroit on Feb. 17. Arrangements for the convention were completed at a meeting of the state central committee held here last week. Burt D. Cady, chairman of the state committee, was unable to attend and for the first time since her election as vice-chairman of the state central committee, Miss Bina West of Port Huron, presided.

Two candidates for seats on the state supreme bench, two regents of the University of Michigan, superintendent of public instruction, member of the state board of education, two members of the board of agriculture, state highway commissioner and chairman of the state central committee will be chosen at the Feb. 17 meeting. Detroit gets the convention for the first time in eight years.

The county conventions will be held on Monday Feb. 7, and at that time delegates to the state convention will be named. Because of the heavy vote cast at the last election, the central committee found it necessary to reapportion the county representation and it was decided to allow one delegate for each of the 500 votes cast for secretary of state at the last election. Previously one delegate was allowed for each 200 votes cast.

The number entitled to seats is placed at 1,504, of which Wayne county will furnish 438.

A resolution drawn by Chairman Cady and presented by Judge John Austin of Highland Park, endorsing the appointment of Col. Charles B. Warren, Detroit, for a position in President-elect Harding's cabinet was adopted by the central committee.

In former days we used to take some of the lurid stories in the big city dailies with a grain of salt, but of late we have discontinued the habit. The salt bill mounts up to rapidly.

MORTGAGE SALE  
Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by George Wiggins and wife, Lizzie Wiggins, both of the town of Sigma, County of Kalamazoo and State of Michigan to the State Bank of East Jordan, a corporation organized, existing and doing business under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Michigan and having its principal office in the city of East Jordan, Michigan. Which said mortgage bears date the 25th day of July, 1912 and was recorded on the 7th day of August, A. D., 1912 in Liber 47 of mortgages on page 428, in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Charlevoix, Michigan, that said mortgage is past due and there is now claimed to be due and unpaid on said mortgage the sum of \$297.73 at the date of this notice, and no suit or proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the moneys secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 21st day of February, 1921 at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, standard time, at the front door of the court house in the city of Charlevoix, Michigan (that being the place where the circuit court for the County of Charlevoix is held) said State Bank of East Jordan will sell at public auction to the highest bidder the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage with 7 per cent interest and all legal costs.

The premises described in said mortgage are as follows to-wit:  
The North one-half (N<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>) of Lot numbered eleven (11), Block "D" of S. G. Isaman's addition to the village of South Arm, now a part of East Jordan, Charlevoix County, Michigan, as per recorded plat of said village and said addition on file in the Register of Deeds' office for Charlevoix County, Michigan.

THE STATE BANK OF EAST JORDAN  
Mortgagee  
by ANDREW J. SUFFERN  
Cashier.

CLINK & WILLIAMS  
Attorneys for Mortgagee.  
Business address, East Jordan, Mich.

PROBATE ORDER  
STATE OF MICHIGAN, the Probate Court for the County of Charlevoix.  
At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the City of Charlevoix in said County, on the 3rd day of January A. D. 1921.

Present, Hon. Servetus A. Correll, Judge of Probate.  
In the matter of the Estate of Anna Mary Cincush-Deceased.

Adolphus M. Cincush having filed in said court his petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to petitioner or to some other suitable person—

It is Ordered, That the 25th day of January A. D. 1921, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition;

It is Further Ordered, That Public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing in the Charlevoix County Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County.

SERVETUS A. CORRELL,  
Judge of Probate.

### MORE COAL TALK

B. T. U. means British Thermal Units. This is the way heat in coal is designated.

### You Buy Coal For Heat

You can get coal that will give you 5,100 heat units or you can get coal that will give you 15,150 heat units from the same amount of coal.

You could pay three times as much for the latter coal as for the first and still be ahead.

WE ARE GOING TO BUY THE BEST WE CAN GET — HOW ABOUT YOU?

### Argo Milling Company

"Tell your mother

### KEMP'S BALSAM

will stop that cough, Bill. My mother gives it to me when I get a cough, and you don't hear me coughing all the time."

And Johnnie is right, too. Get a bottle now from your druggist.

LE ROY, N. Y.

### Kill That Cold With

### HILL'S CASCARA QUININE

FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous  
Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.  
Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache  
Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opium in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

### RED PEPPER HEAT STOPS BACKACHE

Concentrated Heat Penetrates Right Down to Pain Spot—Brings Ease at Once

Rheumatism, lumbago, neuritis, backache, stiff neck, sore muscles, strains, aching joints. When you are suffering so you can hardly get around, just try "Red Pepper Rub" and you will have the quickest relief known.

"Nothing has such concentrated, penetrating heat as red peppers. Instant relief. Just as soon as you apply Red Pepper Rub you feel the tingling heat. In three minutes, it warms the sore spot through and through. Frees the blood circulation, breaks up the congestion—and pain is gone.

Rowles Red Pepper Rub, made from red peppers, costs little at any drug store. Get a jar at once. Almost instant relief awaits you. Use it for colds in chest. No matter what you have used for pain or congestion, don't fail to try Red Pepper Rub.

### IF BACK HURTS USE SALTS FOR KIDNEYS

Eat less meat if Kidneys feel like lead or Bladder bothers you—Meat forms uric acid.

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless, inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications. A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.

### SULPHUR IS BEST TO CLEAR UP UGLY SKIN

Irritation and Breaking Out Often Healed Over Night, Says Skin Specialist

Any breaking out or skin irritation on face, neck or body is overcome quickest by applying Mentho-Sulphur, says a noted skin specialist. Because of its germ destroying properties, nothing has ever been found to take the place of this sulphur preparation that instantly brings ease from the itching, burning and irritation.

Mentho-Sulphur heals eczema right up, leaving the skin clear and smooth. It never fails to relieve the torment or discomfort. A little jar of Mentho-Sulphur may be obtained at any drug store. It is used like cold cream.