

# Charlevoix County Herald.

Vol. 23

EAST JORDAN, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1919.

No. 46

## Change in Catholic Pastors

### Fr. Bierns Succeeds Fr. McNeil as Head of Local Churches.

A change took place the past week in the pastorate of St. Joseph's Catholic church of this city and St. John's Catholic church of Jordan township which comprise this parish.

By order of the Bishop, Rev. Fr. J. W. McNeil who has been in charge here for some time past, is placed in charge of a new parish recently organized from two missions at Shepherd, Mich. He left Friday for his new field of labor and expects to return the coming week to finish shipping his household effects.

Fr. Bierns has been appointed by the Bishop to succeed Fr. McNeil to the pastorate here, and is at present making his home at the Russell House. Fr. Bierns was born in Holland and has served as pastor of Catholic Churches in Michigan and other states. He recently returned from a four-month's visit with his parents in Holland.

## OF INTEREST TO POULTRY GROWERS

For years it was contended by authorities that it was useless even to use nest eggs as attractions to hens, that biddy, like the cow, could not be deceived. The non-professional for instance, rigidly adhered to the old-time idea that nest eggs were requisite.

Prof. George M. Turpin, of Iowa University, in a bulletin called the "Nesting Habits of Hens" gives a prominent place to the "Use of Nest Eggs." He starts out with the statement that no data had been established as to whether the nest egg influenced biddy or not. He made a careful test, placing 40 hens in a house and prepared 16 nests for them, some with China eggs, others hen product, and others again with no nest eggs. The result of biddy's choice was 214 fresh eggs in the China bait, 290 in the natural attraction and 108 in the nests with no camouflage, showing .35, .47, and .17 per cent respectively. The conclusion is that hens like nest eggs and prefer the natural one.

## Persia First Country to Discover the Secret of Aromatic Substances

The first nation to learn the secret of aromatic substances was Persia, says London Tit-Bits. The priests of Egypt were the only people who studied science at that time, and Egyptian perfumes achieved great celebrity, especially those made in Alexandria.

Reserved originally for religious rites, perfumes subsequently became of current use among the wealthy classes. During banquets they were diffused through the halls and were burned in profusion.

The Israelites during their sojourn in Egypt adopted the use of aromatic substances, primarily for religious purposes and afterward for personal usage. The Jews were fond of cosmetics and even used them to paint the face.

All these perfumes were extracted from essences of trees and various plants. The Greeks, who loved elegance, were especially addicted to the use of perfumes, and they taught their secrets and usage to the Romans. The latter, in the days of their decadence, went so far as to scent the coats of their dogs.

In the middle ages the Arabs, Venetians, Genoese and Florentines became famous for the preparation of sweet smelling essences.

## Saving of Fuel to Light Coal Stove Fire at Top

Although a coal fire always burns better, especially at the start, when lighted from the bottom, it has been found to be much more economical of coal if the paper and kindling wood are placed above the coal, says Popular Mechanics. A few small coals and cinders are spread over the top of the kindling wood to enable a coal fire to be started. After the top layer begins to burn properly the fire will spread slowly downward if the air draft is tight. This method secures the most complete combustion because the gases from the unburned coal at the bottom must pass through the burning layer at the top, and thus become completely burned. It is admittedly harder to build and control this kind of a fire, but the saving in fuel often justifies the extra trouble.

## INCOME TAX REPORT CAUSE OF WORRY TO OUR FARMERS.

Many Michigan farmers are already pondering over the details of the income tax reports which they must fill out during the next few months, and many of them are finding that the job is going to be a difficult one. The man who does his bookkeeping in his head is finding that the tax report sheets call for much more fact than he has got at his command.

"These reports are simple," says C. H. Graves, farm management specialist at the Michigan Agricultural College, "if the farmer has kept an account during the year and taken an annual inventory. If he has no record of his year's business, however, making the report is a difficult process."

"Rulings of the Commissioners of Internal Revenues permit farmers to report on the inventory basis, provided they keep some system of farm accounts that is accredited by the department. This is by far the easier and better method, because each year's business is reported according to actual income and not according to cash receipts."

Simple and practical farm account books, suitable for this purpose, can be secured from the county agricultural agents in any part of the state.

## BRIEF AND BREEZY

The dreamer would be all right if his appetite didn't get busy and wake him up.

A girl doesn't like the idea of working for a living unless she is married to a shiftless man.

The usual order of things reversed in matrimonial warfare. First comes the surrender, then the engagement, and last, but not least, the call to arms.

The procrastinating man is ever struggling with ruin.—Hesford.

To wait patiently men must also work cheerfully.—Samuel Smiles.

## Serbian Families, Once Rich, Now Make Homes in Barns and Chicken Coops

In northern Serbia many families, wealthy before the war, have been found by officers of the American Relief administration and the American Red Cross living in stables and chicken coops.

Their homes had been destroyed by the advancing or retreating armies. Now their beds were heaps of straw covered with burlap. It was all that remained as furniture in their once pretentious estates. Penniless and with no clothing except what they wore, these people returned in pitiable condition. Many of the refugees made their way across Serbia in makeshift garments of burlap bags, which had contained American food sent to relieve their hunger.

The condition of the Serbian peasants is beyond description. A large proportion are homeless. Most families have been deprived of their wage-earners by death. The mother is now obliged to support herself and children on what she can procure on a farm stripped of its machinery and tools.

## Holland Most Systematic in Cultivation of Oysters

In the industry represented by oyster cultivation Holland is the most systematic in its operations and employs more elaborate methods than any other country in the world. The numerous sounds that indent the coast of Holland, particularly in the region of the River Scheeldt, afford excellent facilities for the propagation of the oyster and enable the country to conduct the most successful oyster industry in Europe. Public dredging is not permitted, as the result of that system was the threatened exhaustion of the fisheries, and the beds have been carefully surveyed and specific tracts are leased to individuals and companies who are thus enabled to conduct the propagation of the oyster in a systematic manner that insures the best results from the territory available.

## The Sidelights.

The great events are peaks in the mountain ranges of time, that leave little to the imagination. Literature thrives by the streams of legend and glory that run down from them and by the lanes and roads of emotion, aspiration, passion and endeavor that lead up to them. The sidelights and side issues and every day events made literature, as they made life itself.—Christian Herald.

## State Teachers' Institute

### Will Be Held at Boyne City on November 20th and 21st.

The State Teachers' Institute for Charlevoix County has been appointed by State Supt. Johnson for Boyne City Nov. 20-21. Prof. Ira Beddow of Mount Pleasant was appointed conductor, and Miss May Stewart, local committee. The instructors are Miss Ethel Perrin, supervisor of Physical Training in Detroit, and Miss Katherine Martin, of the University of Chicago.

Local arrangements are now being made for even more outside talent, for music, and for a county normal breakfast, as well as a teachers' banquet, which is the annual social feature of Charlevoix County Institutes. Special features this year promise to be better than ever before. One of our speakers has a splendid exhibit to illustrate work done along theoretical lines, an illustrated lecture, and one will conduct a demonstration. We shall also wish to demobilize out honor roll with the service flag dedicated last year, and there are requests a hand for a roll call of the colleges. Look for the printed programs next week.

Every teacher in the county should plan to be present. She owes this to herself and to her community, to her profession and to her boys and girls. The interest, however, is extending beyond the school room walls, and we welcome all parents and patrons of the school who are interested in the school and its work.

It's a mighty good thing that a lot of folks are able to lay up treasures in Heaven for the wolf keeps after them so hard that they never seem able to lay up any here.

## Educator Says Poorer Classes Are Slowly Starving to Death

The poorer classes of the nation are slowly starving to death without realizing it, Prof. William F. Ogburn of Columbia university testified recently in the stock yards wage hearing before Federal Judge Alschuler in Chicago. Professor Ogburn offered figures to show the vitality of many of the present generation is so low there is little hope for a third generation.

"What is the minimum wage necessary for the present generation to assure a third generation?" he was asked.

"Not less than \$1,550 or \$1,600," was the answer. Professor Ogburn made his survey of more than 4,000 families in every part of the country and arrived at his conclusions after exhaustive comparisons of living costs in 18 typical cities. He was called as an expert for the workers.

In the 4,000 families it was discovered that the head of each house bought a straw hat every three years for an average of \$2.19 and one felt hat every two years at an average of \$2.70. The minimum comfort wage necessary to keep a family from suffering from slow starvation he fixed at \$1,900 to \$2,000.

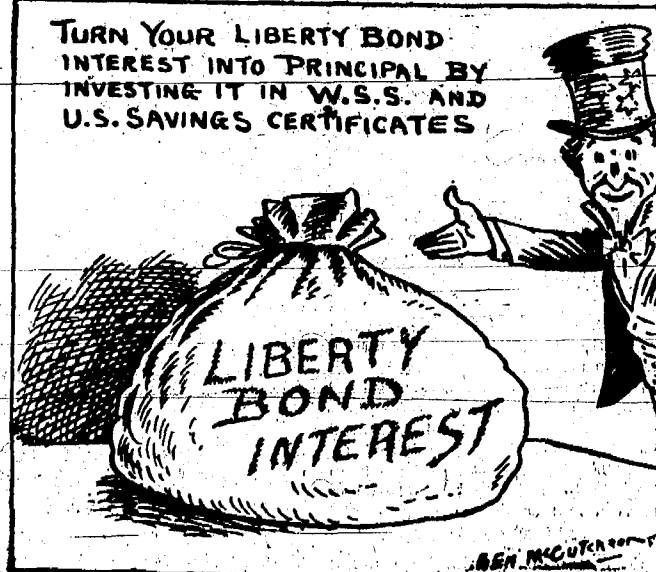
The minimum salary upon which the family of five could barely subsist is \$1,550 to \$1,600, compared to \$1,385 in October, 1918.

The average expenses of the 4,000 families for entertainment was: Movies, \$5.03; concerts, \$1.09; newspapers, 85 cents; postage, \$1.65; magazines, 30 cents.

Professor Ogburn said the cost of living had increased 73 per cent since the spring of 1917 and 8 per cent since June, 1919.

### \$148,000,000 PAY DAY NOV. 15; GET BUSY

#### TURN YOUR LIBERTY BOND INTEREST INTO PRINCIPAL BY INVESTING IT IN U.S.S. AND U.S. SAVINGS CERTIFICATES



## ORCHARDS PROFIT BY FALL PLOWING

### Rush of Work May Interfere in Spring—Conditions Must Be Right.

By plowing their orchards in the fall whenever conditions permit, Michigan fruit growers can avoid much of the spring rush of work, according to Prof. C. P. Halligan, head of the horticultural department at the Michigan Agricultural College. As a general rule spring plowing is held as preferable, but in many cases the work may be done in the fall with perfectly satisfactory results.

"Orchards that are in sod may be plowed or disced in the fall, provided conditions are not favorable to 'washing,'" says Professor Halligan. "On the other hand orchards that have been seeded to cover crops (especially kinds that live over winter, such as vetch, clover, or rye) should be left until spring to serve as a winter cover to prevent deep freezing, and to produce more growth in early spring before plowing time."

"It is a common fault with many growers to plow too late in the spring, turning sod or cover crop under after the soil is dried out pretty well, and therefore failing to conserve soil moisture."

"When orchards are plowed in the fall, the soil should be left in the 'rough' over winter, and not harrowed and rolled until spring."

## DON'T DISREGARD A COLD

A neglected cold may develop into most serious sickness. The influenza and pneumonia that swept the country a year ago were preceded by an epidemic of colds. Foley's Honey and Tar will check a cold if taken in time. It loosens phlegm and mucous, clears air passages, eases hoarseness, stops tickling throat.—Hite's Drug Store.

## Reader Pleases Large Audience

### Miss Louise Loveday Presents Admirable Interpretation of "Within the Law."

Characterization of Principals in Wonderful Play Grips Listeners—Proof of Artist's Talent.

[The below fine endorsement of Miss Loveday's work will be read with interest by her many friends in this, her home city. The article is taken from the Traverse City Record-Eagle of Nov. 5th, 1919.]

Seldom has a reader of such finish, of such a complete mastery of the various phases of dramatic expression, been heard from a local platform as Miss Louise Loveday, presented as the second number of the Lecture Course last night at the City Opera House.

"Within the Law," by Bayard Veillard and Marvin Dana, an intense, thrilling four-act play, was given by Miss Loveday, and provided an excellent evening's entertainment, one of the best scheduled for the season. The plot of the play deals with the injustice of the law, with the tyranny of the money class, and the play has for years been one of the prominent dramas of the legitimate stage.

The three main characters in the plot, Edward Gilder, a financier, Richard Gilder, his fine, principled, likeable son, and Mary Turner, a clever, refined shop girl were clearly depicted by Miss Loveday as were the other minor characters in the play, displaying the certain grip the entertainer has on the principles which are involved in well-drawn impersonations.

Your past may not all be open to inspection, but you have lots of company.

A man is so bungling in his attempts to flatter that he seldom impresses anybody but men.

## Maybe the Next Batch of Pets Will Be Skunks

Portchester, N. Y.—It will not be possible to keep goats in tenement houses hereafter if the board of health has its way. After pigs were barred from dwellings during the influenza epidemic last fall, families adopted goats as pets. According to Sanitary Inspector Bitz, the animals are kept on second, third and even fourth floors. He suggests that they be licensed, the same as dogs.

## HUNT SHIP, OBEYING SPIRIT

### Message From Other World Says Spanish Steamer Valbanera Did Not Sink.

Havana.—Chartered by members of the Dr. Antonio Valetti society, an organization of spiritualists, a tugboat is expected to leave this port shortly in search of the long overdue Spanish steamship Valbanera, which official reports declare sank recently near Key West, with the probable loss of all on board.

The spiritualists claim to have received a communication at a recent seance from the spirit of Doctor Valetti that the Valbanera was still afloat near Cape Sal. They declare it their belief that the steamship still is helplessly drifting at sea and that, while many of those on board have perished, 30 survivors have been picked up by a small schooner which is proceeding to some distant port.

## Sunday Funerals Barred.

Mobile, Ala.—Burial of the dead here on Sunday is punishable by a fine of \$100 under a city ordinance just adopted. Passage of the ordinance was the result of a petition to the city commission by ministers, undertakers and grave diggers.

## KING'S VISIT RECALLS TALE

### Edward VII Found Harness Room at Balmoral Castle the Only Warm Place.

London, England.—With the visit of King George to Balmoral to pass his holiday much has been written about the drafty condition of Balmoral Castle, where he will reside. The story is recalled of a visit to the same castle by the late King Edward, who was once discovered sitting in the harness room of the stables. Surprise was expressed by a member of the household at finding him in such surroundings. "Dash it, man, I must go somewhere to get warm," was his reply.

## M. A. C. MEN DEFEND COLD PACK CANNING

### Recent Poisoning Not Due to Method—Tests for Canned Products Given.

Canning experts of the Michigan Agricultural College have added their voices to the chorus of denial that there is anything wrong with the cold pack method of canning food products, or that the recent deaths from botulism poisoning in Detroit of people who had eaten ripe olives were in any way connected with cold pack canning.

The Boys' and Girls' Club leaders, under whose direction a great deal of canning has been done in Michigan, have the backing of the State Dairy and Food Commission, the Washington authorities, and the Bacteriology Department at M. A. C. in their assertion that the cold pack method is safe. R. A. Turner, State Leader of Club Work at the college, has the following to say about botulism poisoning:

"Investigation has proved that though botulism poisoning is exceedingly rare, it is just as likely to occur in food preserved by the open kettle method as in those put up by the cold pack canning process. Only two cases of poisoning have been traced to beans canned by the last named method. In fact, the first cases of this poisoning known were traced to sausage, indicating that canned goods are not only foods in which this germ may occur. However, because of the length of time of cooking in cold pack canning, all authorities are unanimous in pronouncing this method as the one most likely to stop the development of the germ, and therefore the best method for preserving known at present."

"According to the bacteriologists, the poisoning is due not to the germ itself, but to the toxin which it produces. This toxin can be destroyed by heat. The organism, which can grow in both brine and sugar solutions, produces gas in the process of forming the toxin. If the germ has grown in the can long enough, food so infected will give off a putrid odor."

"In the case of the olives, which caused the recent trouble, this odor was obscured by the characteristic odor of the brine in which the fruit was canned. That gases had been formed was borne out by the statement of one of the guests that the olive 'popped' when he picked it up, and so thinking that it was over-ripe, he laid it aside."

The advice given to all housewives concerning the eating of their canned food is:

First: the canned food should look clear. There should be no evidences of the products having "swelled." The jar must have a good seal. Experiments show that canned foods inoculated with the botulism germ should look milky and 'swell.' About the top of the glass jar there are soon visible signs of 'working'.

Second: note the odor of the food. It should not be putrid or have any "off" odor.

Third: if it is at all suspicious, do not taste food. Heating the food to boiling (212 degrees F) for ten minutes, will destroy the toxin, making the food safe. If it is desired to serve the food cold, it should be boiled and then chilled before being served.

## CLASH OVER ORIENTAL RICE

### Chinese and Japanese in Hawaii Accuse One Another of Profiteering.

Honolulu, Hawaii.—Japanese and Chinese of Honolulu have, temporarily at least, found the Shantung controversy overshadowed by a new issue, the rice supply. Because of an embargo on the exportation of Japanese rice, Hawaii is threatened with a grave shortage of this oriental food staple. Hoarding and profiteering, it is said, are adding to the gravity of the situation. Japanese and Chinese agree on this point, but each nationality charges the other with doing the hoarding and profiteering.

## THRIFT IS HABIT; GET IT.

"Thrift is a habit. A habit is a thing you do unconsciously or automatically without thought. We are ruled by our habits. When habits are young they are like lion cubs—soft, fluffy, funny, frolicsome little animals. They grow day by day. Eventually they rule you. Choose ye this day the habit ye would have rule over you. The habit of thrift is simply the habit which dictates that you shall earn more than you spend. In other words, thrift is the habit which provides that you spend less than you earn. Take your choice."—Elbert Hubbard.



# CARMEN Phonographs

For clearness of tone and volume they have no equal. Come in and ask us to play it for you.

Make your Christmas selection while our stock is complete. A small deposit will hold any article for you.

## Clyde Hunsberger

Jeweler and Optometrist.

### CHANCERY ORDER

State of Michigan. The Circuit Court for the County of Charlevoix.—In Chancery.

Lucy Long, Plaintiff,

vs.

Louis H. Long, Defendant.

Due proof by affidavit on file having been made that the above named defendant is not a resident of the State of Michigan but is a resident of the State of Illinois, on motion of A. L. Fitch, Attorney for the plaintiff, it is ordered that the defendant appear answer the bill of complaint filed in the cause within three months from the date of this order else the said bill of complaint will be taken as confessed by him. Further, that within twenty days this order be published in the Charlevoix County Herald, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, once each week for six successive weeks and a copy of this order served on said defendant at his last known post-office address by registered mail as provided by law. Such publication shall not be necessary in case a copy of this order is personally served on said defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance. Dated October 28th, 1919.

FREDERICK W. MAYNE, Circuit Judge.

Attest:

RICHARD LEWIS,

County Clerk.

A. L. FITCH,

Attorney for Plaintiff, Charlevoix, Michigan.

### MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the terms and conditions of a certain mortgage bearing date the 20th day of April, A. D. 1917, made by John Hollinshead and Mariah F. Hollinshead, his wife, she contracting in bar of dower, both of South Arm Township, Charlevoix County, Michigan, to Peoples State Savings Bank of East Jordan, Michigan, a Michigan corporation, which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Charlevoix, Michigan, in Liber 40 of Mortgages, on page 275 on the 21st day of April, A. D. 1917, on which mortgage there is due at the date hereof for principal, interest and taxes paid, the sum of six hundred eighty-seven and ninety-seven hundredths (\$687.97) dollars, and an Attorney fee of twenty-five dollars provided by law, and no suit or proceedings at law or in equity having been had to recover said sum or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that, by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described at public auction or vendue to the highest bidder at the outer, easterly front door of the Court House at the City of Charlevoix, in said County of Charlevoix and State of Michigan, said Court House being the place of holding the Circuit Court within said County, on the 16th day of January, A. D. 1920, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon; the description of said premises contained in said mortgage is as follows:

The East one-half (E½) of the Southwest quarter (SW¼) of Section thirty-two (32), Township thirty-two (32) North, Range seven (7) West, containing eighty acres of land more or less, being in the Township of South Arm, Charlevoix County, Michigan.

Dated October 10th, 1919.

PEOPLES STATE SAVINGS BANK, Mortgagee.

DWIGHT L. WILSON,

Attorney for Mortgagee.

Business Address,

East Jordan, Michigan.

### PROBATE ORDER

State of Michigan, The Probate Court for the County of Charlevoix.

At a session of said Court, held at the Probate Office in the City of Charlevoix in said County, on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1919.

Present, Hon. Servetus A. Correll, Judge of Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Jennie Watson, Deceased.

Dwight H. Fitch having filed in said court his petition, praying for license to sell the interest of said estate in certain real estate therein described.

It is Ordered, That the 9th day of December, A. D. 1919, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition, and that all persons interested in said estate appear before said court, at said time and place, to show cause why a license to sell the interest of said estate in said real estate should not be granted.

It is Further Ordered, That public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Charlevoix County Herald a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

SERVETUS A. CORRELL, Judge of Probate.

A true copy.

Servetus A. Correll, Judge of Probate.

## CHARLEVOIX COUNTY HERALD

G. A. Link, Publisher  
ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR

Entered at the postoffice at East Jordan Michigan, as second class mail matter.

Frank Cronin left Tuesday for Flint. Ben Paul went to Petoskey Saturday last on business.

Miss Eva King returned home last Friday from Saginaw.

W. J. Ellison left Tuesday on a business trip to Marquette.

H. Rosenthal was a business visitor at Traverse City this week.

Mrs. John Warren left Wednesday for a visit at Gas City, Ind.

Frank Hengy left Monday for Flint, where he has employment.

Evangelist Wilbert Tuller of Bendon, is guest of Rev. J. W. Ruehle.

Roy Gregory returned home Tuesday from Bay City and other points.

Miss Sophia Oleson returned home Thursday from a visit at Detroit.

Cleae Isaman left Wednesday for Detroit where he has employment.

Frank Batsakis was up from Charlevoix on business first of the week.

Kenneth Isaman left Tuesday on a business trip to Perkinsville, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—My Two Residences on Second street.—HARRY SIMMONS.

Mrs. Fred Longton and daughter were Grand Rapids visitors first of the week.

Mrs. Cal Bennett returned home Thursday from a visit with friends at Elk Rapids.

Mrs. Wm. Heath left Wednesday for Kalamazoo, called there by the illness of her mother.

Mrs. Orrin Bartlett with son went to Central Lake, Thursday, for a visit with her sister.

Mrs. L. Donaldson of Traverse City is guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. Bert Donaldson.

Misses Elva Barnett and Violet Chamberlain left Wednesday for a visit at Cleveland, Ohio.

Mrs. L. C. Boes and Mrs. Herman Tornga of Ellsworth were in the city on business, Tuesday.

Mrs. Clarence Walker was here from Flint over Sunday, guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Bigelow.

Miss Ursula Crawford underwent an operation for appendicitis, Monday, at the Reycraft hospital, Petoskey.

Gus Burney left Tuesday for a visit at Detroit. From there he will go to Seattle, Wash., to spend the winter.

Ralph Bigelow returned to his home at Cadillac, Wednesday, after a month's visit at the home of his brother, Robert Bigelow.

The Electa Club will meet at the home of Mrs. W. J. Ellison, next Thursday afternoon, Nov. 20th. Mrs. A. Walslad assisting.

Mrs. S. P. Hitchcock with daughter arrived Thursday from Lansing, to join her husband here, and make their home in this city.

Mrs. Ray Hott and daughter returned to Detroit, Thursday, after a three week's visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gunsolus.

Mrs. W. L. Fcote and grand-daughter, Anna Bingham, of Central Lake were guests at the home of her daughters, Mrs. Bert Curtis and Mrs. Wm. Archer first of the week.

Every woman has extra sewing for Fall and Winter. If your sewing machine needs cleaning and repairing bring the head in and I'll put it in good shape or will trade it in on a new Singer Sewing machine latest model.—E. A. LEWIS.

Ten per cent discount on all Fisk Tires in stock.—L.C. Monroe

“WANTED”—Women between 21 and 45 years of age to work in packing, shipping and manufacturing departments. Pleasant and permanent employment. Experience unnecessary and work not difficult but applicant must be in good health and willing to learn. Give height, weight and age in your application. Pay beginners \$13.50 per week. Work 50 hours per week. Also have permanent places for experienced men in machine and cabinet rooms at good wages. SLIGH FURNITURE COMPANY, New Prescott St. Building, Grand Rapids, Michigan.

The East street bridge is at last impassible even to foot-traffic. For some time the bridge proper has been barred to vehicles but the foot-walk was in use until this week. The workmen have now removed a whole section of the old structure and are diligently engaged in driving piles and arranging for the foundation of the fine new concrete and steel span which will cross the river practically where the old one did. The contractors hope to have the new bridge completed, if frost does not interfere, in sixty days. The bridge will have two, twenty-eight foot spans, a center pier, a one-hundred-twenty-five foot retaining wall, a twenty-foot driveway and a six foot sidewalk. Monroe and Hughes of East Jordan are the contractors.—Boyne Citizen.

## HUNT LONG FOR BURIED FORTUNE

Hidden Treasure Has Lured Men to Toil for Half Century on Iowa Farm.

## TRAGEDY WOVEN IN ROMANCE

Murder of Man 46 Years Ago Brings Strange Characters into a Court—Mystery Yet to Be Solved.

Bedford, Ia.—The mystery of a hidden treasure, a mystery that has puzzled the people of southwestern Iowa for half a century, has been brought nearer solution by an investigation which has shown how a little group of picturesque characters of that section of the state toiled for years in quest of riches buried, according to tradition, on the Klondike farm. The evil spell the buried treasure has worked upon those intimately connected with it has held to the last. One by one the fortune hunters are passing from the stage, their dreams ending in misery or poverty.

Lying 15 miles southwest of Bedford, Ia., is the Huntsman farm, and adjoining it is the Anderson homestead. Pitted with holes and scarred with many excavations, the farms prove the arduous toil of men driven by dreams of gold. First it was Dr. C. R. Huntsman and his brother, Bates, who searched for the treasure. Now it is Bates and his two sons and their families.

Searching for the Treasure. Samuel Anderson moved to Iowa in the early seventies. Soon after he located on the farm Anderson received a call from the Huntsmans, who told him that there was a lot of gold buried on the place and that they wanted to dig for it. Anderson was asked to aid in the work. For nearly a quarter century the three dug, plowed and excavated.

One day 17 years ago the searchers uncovered three stakes set in a direct line pointing to a spring. Anderson, inspired by the vision of his share of the fortune, dug on feverishly. He first came onto some white sand that he knew was not common to that part of the country. Anderson then uncovered a big rock, under which was a metal box. One of the Huntsmans told Anderson that he could go, promising him his share of the fortune when the money was counted. He never saw the box again nor learned of its contents.

Soon after the discovery of the metal box the elder Huntsman died suddenly. Samuel Anderson, wearying of long waiting for his share of the treasure he believed he had uncovered, filed a suit against Bates Huntsman, asking pay for his years of toil. So peculiar was his story that state officials became interested. An investigation followed, and other persons acquainted with some of the circumstances of the affair were found. One of these was Maria Collins Porter of Quitman, Mo., who spent her girlhood in the vicinity.

The woman's story seemed to throw clear light on the source of the treasure the Huntsmans had sought so long. The story, too, seemed to link the treasure with the hoard found in the cabin of old Dr. A. M. Golliday of Bedford, whose body was found in his cabin 11 years ago. It was a story of a murder gang, of stolen thousands, of a crime committed so far back in time that even the identity of the victim was a matter of uncertainty.

Held on Murder Charge. Following swiftly upon the story of Maria Collins Porter came the arrest of Bates Huntsman, Sam Scribner, a rich farmer, and John and Hank Damewood. They were charged with the murder of a man of unknown identity, presumably a rich cattle buyer from Missouri, 46 years ago. Even before the trial began speculation as to the identity of the murdered man became rife. Although there were found to be many contradictions in the evidence presented by some of the witnesses the case of the state might have proceeded further but for one of the primary technicalities of the law of homicide. The state could not establish the existence of the man alleged to have been killed. The young attorney for the aged defendants only had to move that the case be dismissed to have this action taken.

Bulging With Coin. Washington.—The government has so much "coin of the realm" that it actually bulges out the walls of the vaults containing it. The treasury has asked congress to appropriate \$1,500,000 to make the vaults secure and provide additional ones. The treasury's gold and silver was accumulated during the war.

Fish Pulls Him Into Quicksand. Austin, Pa.—Hooking a big fish that he was unable to handle, while fishing in Silver Lake, near this city, Joseph Handle of Eddystone was yanked overboard, dropping head first into a bed of quicksand, where he stuck fast, and he was finally released and brought to the surface, where he was revived and taken home.

Everybody is a gossip, but some are bigger gossips than others.

## St. Joseph's Church.

G. Bierens, Pastor.  
Masses on 1st and 3rd Sunday of each month at 8:00 and High Mass at 10:30.  
Mass on 2nd Sunday of each month at 8:00 o'clock.  
High Mass on 4th Sunday of each month at 10:30.  
On 5th Sundays Masses at 8:00 and 10:30.  
Masses on Holy days and Devotions will be announced.

## St. John's Church.

Bohemian Settlement.  
High Mass on 2nd Sunday of each month at 10:30.  
High Mass on 4th Sunday of each month at 8:00 o'clock.

## First Methodist Episcopal Church

Rev. M. E. Hoyt, Pastor.

Sunday, Nov. 16, 1919.

10:30 a. m.—"Alone with God." New members to be received.

12:00 m.—Sunday School. Let every scholar be present to get ready for the automobile trips over the Lincoln Highway.

On Tuesday evening the official Board voted unanimously to take up the evening service next Sunday and worship at the Presbyterian Church since it is Mr. Sidebotham's last Sunday in East Jordan.

Meeting of the Men's Fellowship next Tuesday evening at 7:00 p. m. All men are invited to come and to join as charter members.

Thursday 7:30 p. m.—Prayer Meeting.

## Presbyterian Church Notes

Robert S. Sidebotham, Pastor.

Sunday, Nov. 16, 1919.

10:30 a. m.—Morning Worship. "The Walk to Emmaus."

12 Noon—Sunday School.

7:00 p. m.—Evening Worship. "The Saving Grace of God."

Thursday at 7:30 p. m.—Mid-week Meeting.

Sunday will be the Pastor's last Sunday in East Jordan.

## HAPPY CORNERS.

(Rock Elm School Dist. 2.)

(Edited by Miss Violet Gilbert.)

Mr. Ed. Kowalake and Mr. Boyd Hipp made a visit at Rock Elm School. The first fathers of the district. Now the children are very enthusiastic to have the parents come.

The Eagle Handicraft Club met Wednesday night and commenced work. They are making Grain Bag holders. The snow is putting "pep" into the boys minds. Snow Balls, Sliding, Oh, My.

Wednesday, Nov. 12th, 1919, Miss Hattie of East Lansing a state Club worker and Miss Stewart were here talking to the boys and girls. She hopes to visit us again in January.

Bruce Donaldson is back at school again after a weeks illness.

Fern Hutton is back to school again. Nov. 20-21st the County Institute at Boyne City.

An undertaker never hurries, but he's the only man with a job that will always wait for him.

## BREAK NELL GWYNN SUNDIAL

English Workmen Destroy Interesting Relic of Times of Charles II.

London.—A sundial known as "Nell Gwynn's Sundial," which for years has been in position on the terrace at Lauderdale house, Highgate, was broken beyond repair while workmen were trying to change its position. There is still in the house Nell Gwynn's original bath, which is much older than the sundial, and was placed there when she was installed in the palace by Charles II.

Farmer Gets \$900 Pearl. Vincennes, Ind.—While digging mussels in the Wabash river recently Martin Straw, a farmer, found a pearl which he sold to a Mt. Carmel, Ill., jeweler for \$900. Mr. Straw had only dug one pound of shells when he started cooking them and made the find.

A CHEERFUL RECOMMENDATION.

"They should be in every traveling man's grip," writes George Jenner, 416 Labor St., San Antonio, Tex., of Foley Cathartic Tablets. "They are the best laxative I have taken and I cheerfully recommend them to anyone suffering with constipation or biliousness." They cleanse bowels, sweeten stomach, benefit liver.—Hite's Drug Store.

### EAST JORDAN LUMBER CO. STORE

# When You Need a COAT

## WILL YOU CONSULT US?





**P. B. Palmer, makers of the "PALMER GARMENTS" for Women and Misses—the "Quality First Line."**

**"S. N." Green Premium Stamps Given with all cash purchases.**

## East Jordan Lumber Co.

## S. O. S. TIRE REPAIR SHOP

### Winter Storage for Batteries

Your Battery stored for the winter where it will have special and regular attention. There are two methods of storing a battery called WET Storage and DRY Storage.

I will gladly tell you what is best for your battery FREE of Charge.

Guaranteed Vulcanizing and the Best Tire Shields on the market at the most reasonable price.

Yours for Sure Of Service.

## A. K. HILL

PROPRIETOR  
S. O. S. Tire Repair Shop.

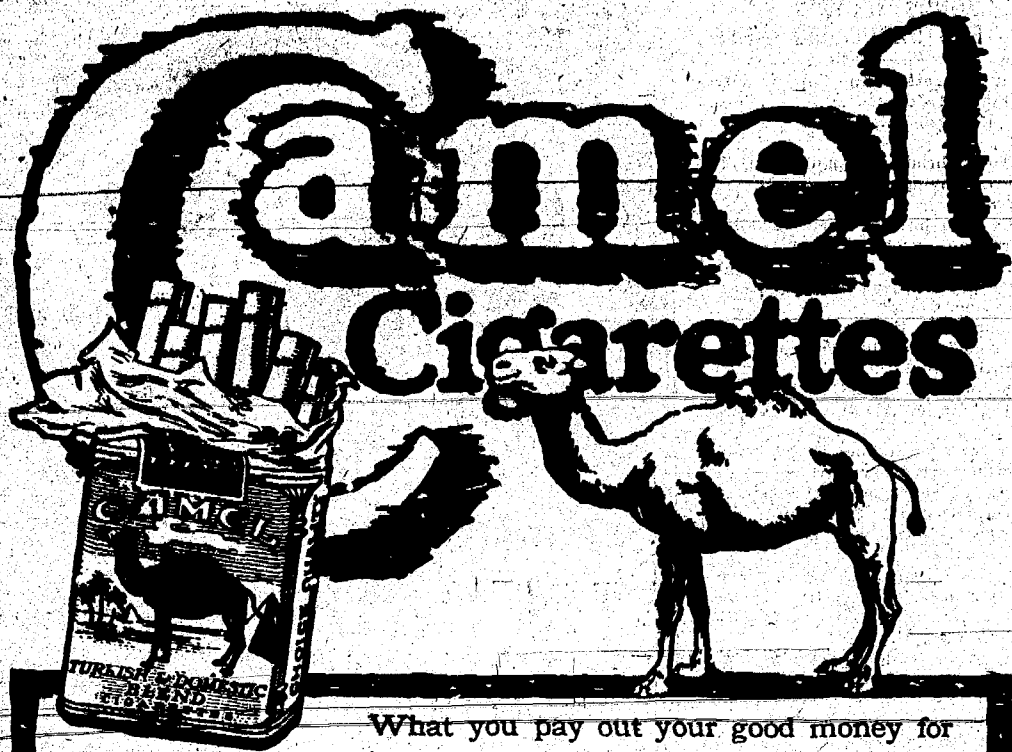
Your hobby may make you happy, but dragging it out and riding it isn't going to make others happy.

We've said it several times before in one form or another but it will bear much repetition: It doesn't matter what others say about you unless it agrees with what you know about yourself.

### A CHEERFUL RECOMMENDATION.

"They should be in every traveling man's grip," writes George Jenner, 416 Labor St., San Antonio, Tex., of Foley Cathartic Tablets. "They are the best laxative I have taken and I cheerfully recommend them to anyone suffering with constipation or biliousness." They cleanse bowels, sweeten stomach, benefit liver.—Hite's Drug Store.





What you pay out your good money for is cigarette satisfaction—and, my, how you do get it in every puff of Camels!

**E**XPERTLY blended choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos in Camel cigarettes eliminate bite and free them from any unpleasant cigaretté aftertaste or unpleasant cigaretté odor.

Camels win instant and permanent success with smokers because the blend brings out to the limit the refreshing flavor and delightful mel-

low-mildness of the tobaccos yet retaining the desirable "body." Camels are simply a revelation! You may smoke them without tiring your taste!

For your own satisfaction you must compare Camels with any cigarette in the world at any price. Then, you'll best realize their superior quality and the rare enjoyment they provide.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY, Winston-Salem, N. C.

### WOULD LOCALIZING MEAT TRADE PAY?

Senator Currie, Stock Raiser of Nebraska, Makes Experiment.

Meat is high; the packers admit it, though they say that other foods are higher in proportion. The farmer says he is not getting too much for his cattle, in fact not enough, he says. How about numerous local slaughtering plants scattered throughout the communities of our country, or a more direct-from-farmer-to-consumer relationship?

There is almost a sentimental attractiveness about the thought, like dreams of one's boyhood home. It looks so simple. Indeed, it is simple after a fashion, and in the way most meat was handled before the industry grew to national and international proportions. But would it pay?

Tried to Build Up Local Market.

Experimentation and testing is doubtless the best teacher. And inquiring minds have not hesitated to dig into the matter. Senator F. M. Currie of Broken Bow, Neb., himself a stock raiser, relates a bit of experience of his own along this line.

He tried for years, he tells us, to establish a market for fat cattle with local butchers, invariably finding that he could not meet the price made to them by the packers.

"In other words," he says, "the packers could pay us more for our cattle on foot, and sell the product to our local butchers for less money than they (the butchers) could pay us for our cattle and slaughter the beef themselves."

During the fore part of the present year he carried his inquiry further. He shipped two carloads of cows to Omaha, and they were sold to Armour and Company for \$7.00 per hundred-weight. Among these was one cow which he wished to have himself for beef. This cow weighed 840 pounds and therefore brought him \$58.80. The animal was tagged and the identical carcass was shipped to him by express to Theford, Neb., and charged to him at the prevailing wholesale price of such meat on that day in Kansas City, Omaha and Minneapolis. The carcass included carrying charges of about \$6.00, cost him \$60.11, or \$6.25 less than he sold the animal for in Omaha.

What Cow Would Cost Consumer.

"Now," continues the Senator, "suppose a consumer in Omaha had ordered this meat direct from me, and I had slaughtered the beef at the ranch and sent the meat direct to the consumer. Taking as a basis the price received for this cow in Omaha, \$58.80, less the freight of 17 1/2 cents per hundred, it would make the cow worth on the ranch \$85.00."

To this \$85.00 he adds \$3.00 for slaughtering at home and \$8.00 for express from Theford to Omaha, and he deducts \$7.00 credit for the hide. According to these figures the dressed carcass of his cow would be worth \$87.00 in Omaha, as against the packers' price of approximately \$54.00 (which is derived by deducting the express charges to Theford, \$8.00, from the price the carcass was sold to him, \$90.11).

Cheaper to Buy Than Kill.

"After thorough investigation," the Senator says, "I am convinced that it does not pay for us to slaughter our own meat at the ranch; that we would better ship our cattle to Omaha, and buy our beef from the packer. I have been engaged in the cattle producing business all my life; there is no particular reason why I

should be friendly to the packers. I am thoroughly convinced I am receiving, and always have received more for my cattle on foot than if I had been able to sell direct to the consumer, and consequently the consumer has been able to buy my product for less money through the packer than under any other system which is known to business up to the present time."

### SENATOR KENYON'S CONTRASTING VIEWS.

Just what is the purpose of the Kenyon bill now in hearing at Washington would be hard to deduce from Senator Kenyon's own statements. In the bill itself the purpose is set forth as follows: "To stimulate the production, sale, and distribution of live stock and live stock products, and for other purposes." This stimulation of live stock production may be well taken as a bid to the consumer to hope for lower meat prices.

But he has a different thought to present to producers. In a letter addressed recently to the Wallace Farmer he says: "I do not believe myself that the situation as to restricted consumption is going to be changed very much, and there will be the necessity of less production." Of course less production would supposedly mean higher prices for live stock, but also higher prices for meat.

Are either the general public or the farmer going to be fooled by this method of playing up the one against the other? It is not likely. Farmers and consumers are both coming to the realization that hampering the packers is not going to bring higher prices for live stock nor lower prices for meat, but quite the opposite.

### BONES OF ANCIENT CAMEL

Had No Hump and Was About the Size of Jack Rabbit.

That an ancient camel—the size of a jack rabbit—roamed the vicinity of The Dalles, Ore., 2,000,000 years ago, is a fact recently discovered by a group of University of Chicago geologists. Bones of the prehistoric camel and those of a horse of the three-toed variety were found in caves near The Dalles during a tour to inspect the formation of the Cascade mountain range.

The geologists report that the horse, smaller and different from the horse of today, belonged to the miocene age. The teeth are carnivorous instead of being grinders.

The old time ship of the desert, according to the bones found, had no hump. Its feet bones are like those of the present day camel.

### KINDNESS IS QUITE COSTLY

Animal Given a Home and Then Proprietor Was Fined.

Kindness to animals has cost Jack Mills of Clarks Mills, Pa., a cool \$175. A short time ago he found a female ferret on his farm. It was so tame that he took it to his home and cared for it. Several days later it presented him with a family of six little ferrets. A complaint was filed against him by Game Warden Gruver, charging the keeping of ferrets contrary to the state law. He was fined \$25 and costs for each ferret in his possession.

In justifying his action Gruver declared that "it has been noted each rabbit season that hunters had in their possession great quantities of rabbits that defied all search for shot marks."

Saw Sister First Time in 61 Years.

Brother and sister failed to recognize each other and were introduced by a relative when Mrs. George Jetty of Bristol, R. I., and John B. Raymond of Latcha, O., met for the first time in 61 years.

### LEATHER FROM SKINS OF FISH

New Industry Is Established Through Work of Experts.

### SHOULD BE NO SHORTAGE

Bureau of Fisheries Makes Note of Catch Sharks and Other Fishes and Their Hides Have Been Tanned—Fishing Stations Established as Well as Exhibits of Shoes, Traveling Bags and Suit Cases.

At this time when there is increasing popular concern about the high and prospectively higher price of shoes, it is pertinent to direct attention to the fact that there should be no actual shortage of leather. While the war has interrupted and increased the cost of transportation of hides from South America, thereby enhancing the value of one kind of leather, it has been responsible for the creation of another kind of leather, leather from shark and other fish skins. Through the efforts of experts under the direction of the United States bureau of fisheries an important and entirely new industry has been established.

Experiments Succeeded.

Experiments having been made to determine whether serviceable leather could be made from the skins of fish, Lewis Radcliffe of the fishing industries division of the bureau applied himself to the task of overcoming the difficulties encountered. Unsatisfactory attempts had been made at tanning, so scientific methods had to be brought to bear on the problem. An effective process of tanning was discovered and the next step was to secure a supply of skins and put it in operation. A special net was devised by the bureau, 600 yards long, 18 feet deep, 4-inch mesh. The top and bottom are lined with half-inch No. 18 thread rope, weighted with suitable leads below, buoyed by corks above. With one of these nets 2,000 big sharks were caught in ten days.

Fishing stations were established at Moorehead City, N. C., Fort Myers, Fla., and Edmunds, Puget sound. A New York company has a tannery in Newark, while the bureau of fisheries has a wonderful exhibition of fish leather in one of the rooms of its Washington building. There are to be seen tables of shoes, black and tan colored traveling bags, suit cases, music rolls, card cases, pocketbooks and novelties of various shades, plain, embossed and grained, that are a delight to the eye and without offense to the nose, although every one of them is made from a fish skin. Near by are sheets of leather, soft and beautifully tanned, that once had covered that useless fish, the shark, or a porpoise or a devilfish.

Superior Grade of Leather.

"None but an expert would say they were not samples of superior grades of leather made from the hides of animals—such as are commonly used in the trade. One likes to feel them and wonders at their pliability and their varied shades—gun metal, tan, terra cotta, red, blue, gray and brown, to those that seem like watered silk. The finish is superb.

Uses for all parts of the shark have developed. The hides are made into leather, liver oil is obtained and sells at the plant, unrefined, for 80 cents to \$1.10 a gallon, and the flesh and waste is turned into fish scrap to be used in fertilizer. Fish meat, a valuable animal food, also is a by-product. Shark meat for human consumption is sold and demand for it is increasing. Large quantities are reported in storage in northern cities, especially in New York and New England, where its popularity is most marked.

### PERSHING GIVES TO FRANCE

More Than \$10,000 Donated by General and Staff, to Red Cross for Orphans.

Washington. — General Pershing's final days in France contained an incident which is disclosed in a report just reaching national headquarters of the American Red Cross from Paris. It was a gift of \$4,625.40 francs, more than \$10,000 from General Pershing and the officers of his staff to the Red Cross to be devoted to some deserving work among the mothers and children of France who suffered in the war.

Several weeks ago, it now is revealed, a chaplain attached to General Pershing's headquarters visited American Red Cross headquarters in Paris, asking to be shown the various phases of the work being carried on.

The check, bearing Pershing's signature, was the result, reaching the Red Cross the day the general bade farewell to France.

A letter accompanying the donation stipulates that the money be placed in the "Stars and Stripes" war orphan fund, which, assisted by the Red Cross, has "adopted" thousands of French children whose fathers were killed in battle, insuring for them support and the means of educating themselves.

Even though you take no thought of the morrow, your creditors will.

### CUT THIS OUT—IT IS WORTH MONEY

DON'T MISS THIS. Cut out this slip, enclose with 5c to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for coughs, colds and croup, Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets.—Hite's Drug Store.

An automobile will never wholly replace the buggy in the country districts until it can be driven successfully without the use of hands.

### COMB SAGE TEA IN FADED OR GRAY HAIR

If Mixed with Sulphur it Darkens so Naturally Nobody can Tell.

Grandmother kept her hair beautifully darkened, glossy and attractive with a brew of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Whichever her hair is that dull, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect. By asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, all ready to use, at very little cost. This simple mixture can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says everybody uses Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound—and even that nobody can tell it has been applied—it's so easy to use, too. You simply dampen a comb or soft brush and draw it through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two, it is restored to its natural color and looks glossy, soft and beautiful. This preparation is a delightful toilet requisite. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

### NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

The City of East Jordan will receive sealed bids until 8:00 o'clock p. m., November 17, 1919, for the laying of eight hundred feet, more or less, of sewer according to plans, plots, diagrams and specifications now on file in the office of the City Clerk of said city. The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

OTIS J. SMITH, Clerk of Said City.

A woman is as old as she dances.

If you can't "get along" with those about you, chances are they can get along very well without you.

Women are useful to hang men's troubles on when the men are too cowardly to hang them on themselves.

A good-looking girl doesn't worry when other women call her a flirt because she knows it's true and that they are envious.

### TELLS HOW HE WAS HELPED.

James McCrery, Berrien Center, Mich., says he was troubled with kidney and bladder trouble for two years and used several kinds of medicine without any benefit, but Foley Kidney Pills gave him relief from aches and pains and stopped sleep disturbing bladder ailment. They stop backache and rheumatic pains; ease lameness. Hite's Drug Store.

### FARMS FOR SALE!

One 40-acre farm 1 1/2 miles from East Jordan.

One 40-acre farm, good building, 4 1/2 miles from East Jordan. For terms see

Roscoe Mackey

# HOUSEKEEPERS

## CUT HIGH COST OF LIVING

## USE THIS COUPON

USE THE COUPON ON THE PURCHASE OF RUB-NO-MORE NAPHTHA SOAP IT WILL SAVE YOU

# 5¢

TAKE IT TO YOUR GROCER, IT IS WORTH 5 CENTS TO YOU WHEN APPLIED ON THE PURCHASE OF ONE OR MORE BARS OF RUB-NO-MORE NAPHTHA SOAP. PLEASE NOTE QUALITY AND RESULTS FOR SALE AT ALL GROCERS

MR. MERCHANT, WE WILL REDEEM THIS FACSIMILE OF OUR PACKAGE FOR 5 CENTS PROVIDING IT HAS BEEN APPLIED ON THE PURCHASE OF ONE BAR OF RUB-NO-MORE NAPHTHA SOAP. THE RUB-NO-MORE CO., FORT WAYNE, IND.

## THIS WEEK, NERVOUS MOTHER

Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I was very weak, always tired, my back ached, and I felt sickly most of the time. I went to a doctor and he said I had nervous indigestion, which added to my weak condition kept me worrying most of the time—and he said if I could not stop that, I could not get well. I heard so much about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound my husband wanted me to try it. I took it for a week and felt a little better. I kept it up for three months, and I feel fine and can eat anything now without distress or nervousness." Mrs. J. WORTHLINE, 2842 North Taylor St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The majority of mothers nowadays overdo, there are so many demands upon their time and strength; the result is invariably a weakened, run-down, nervous condition with headaches, backache, irritability and depression—and soon more serious ailments develop. It is at such periods in life that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will restore a normal healthy condition, as it did to Mrs. Worthline.

It doesn't make any difference how shiftless a man may be he can always make a hit with a certain element by attacking wealth no matter how industrious it may be.

## Clear, Peachy Skin Awaits Anyone Who Drinks Hot Water

Says an inside bath, before breakfast helps us look and feel clean, sweet, fresh.

Sparkling and vivacious—merry, bright, alert—a good clear skin and a natural, rosy, healthy complexion are assured only by pure blood. If only every man and woman could be induced to adopt the morning inside bath, what a gratifying change would take place. Instead of the thousands of sickly, anaemic looking men, women and girls, with grey or muddy complexions; instead of the multitudes of "nerve wrecks," "rundowns," "brain fags" and pessimists we should see a virile, optimistic throng of rosy-cheeked people everywhere.

An inside bath is had by drinking each morning, before breakfast, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver, kidneys and ten yards of bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour fermentations and poisons, thus cleansing, sweetening, and freshening the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. Those subject to sick headache, biliousness, nasty breath, rheumatism, colds; and particularly those who have a pallid, sallow complexion and who are constipated very often, are urged to obtain a quarter pound of limestone phosphate at the drug store which will cost but a trifle, but is sufficient to demonstrate the quick and remarkable change in both health and appearance, awaiting those who practice internal sanitation. We must remember that inside cleanliness is more important than outside, because the skin does not absorb impurities to contaminate the blood while the pores in the thirty feet of bowels do.

## DRINK HOT TEA FOR A BAD COLD

Get a small package of Hamburg Broom Tea at any pharmacy. Take a tablespoonful of the tea, put a cup of boiling water upon it, pour through a sieve and drink a teacup full at any time during the day or before retiring. It is the most effective way to break a cold and cure grip, as it opens the pores of the skin, relieving congestion. Also loosens the bowels, thus driving a cold from the system.

Try it the next time you suffer from a cold or the grip. It is inexpensive and entirely vegetable, therefore safe and harmless.

## RUB BACKACHE AND LUMBAGO RIGHT OUT

Rub Pain and Stiffness away with a small bottle of old honest St. Jacobs Liniment

When your back is sore and lame or lumbago, sciatica or rheumatism has you stiffened up, don't suffer! Get a 30 cent bottle of old, honest "St. Jacobs Liniment" at any drug store, pour a little in your hand and rub it right into the pain or ache, and by the time you count fifty, the soreness and lameness is gone.

Don't stay crippled! This soothing, penetrating oil needs to be used only once. It takes the ache and pain right out of your back and ends the misery. It is magical, yet absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin. Nothing else stops lumbago, sciatica and lame back misery so promptly!

## ARMISTICE DAY DRIVE ON H. C. L. START TO SAVE

W. S. S. Organization Urges Celebrating Blow to Extravagance.

"Armistice Day" is November 11. Just one year ago the American people celebrated the end of the world war. This year they have a chance to celebrate again. The War Savings organization of the Seventh District has formulated plans to start a campaign on the anniversary of the cessation of hostilities by urging the people to enlist in a new war on the high cost of living—to start to save on that day, if you have not already done so, and to set forth on November 11 with a determination to buy only what is necessary, to help stop extravagance, curtail waste and invest, at least in part, the money thus saved in government securities.

The "Armistice Day" plans of the War Savings organization include: "Armistice Day" sermons in every pulpit in the five states of the Seventh District, urging judicious spending, regular saving and investment in government securities.

"Armistice Day" proclamations by the governors of the five states and the mayors of the principal cities of the Seventh District.

Resolutions to be passed by labor organizations and fraternal orders.

"Armistice Day" exercises in all the schools. Every child to be asked to buy at least one Thrift Stamp.

"Armistice Day" pamphlets, showing why every one should join in helping bring down high cost of living by enlisting in the government's campaign on November 11, will be put in the hands of every family in the district. The War Savings organization points out that there could be no better occasion than the anniversary of the end of the war for the people to reflect their joy and thanks by enlisting in the new war—this time on the high cost of living.

William Mather Lewis, director of the Savings Division of the Treasury Department, recently made the following comment on the fight against high prices:

"Waste is the American weakness and waste is a contributing cause to the present high prices. The average American citizen must get in the habit of taking a personal inventory; of studying the leaks in his own financial system; of policing his own pocket-book before the high cost situation will be materially bettered.

"The profiteer's slogan is 'Easy money.' The profiteer fattens today because easy money is universal in America, because extravagance is habitual, because men are content to deal in glittering generalities about the situation and stubbornly unwilling to face the matter personally."

Armistice Day gives everyone the opportunity to "face the situation personally" by enlisting in the savings campaign of the government. Among the slogans suggested for this campaign are:

Work, Save, Succeed (W. S. S.) Buy only what you need. Put Liberty Bond interest in W. S. S. Start Saving Armistice Day. Police your own pocketbook; save.

November 15 is one of the biggest of the Liberty Bond interest paydays. Then Uncle Sam will pay out to the investors in that class of government security a total of more than \$148,000,000 in interest. On that date you have a chance to "TURN YOUR INTEREST INTO PRINCIPAL" by re-investing it in War Savings Stamps or the new Treasury Savings Certificates of \$100 and \$1,000 denominations.

On Armistice Day complete the ranks of the national army mobilized to fight the high cost of living to a finish.

### START SAVING ARMISTICE DAY WHAT MONEY IS NEEDED FOR.

In an address to the New York and New England Brick Manufacture company, Allan Beals declared that the United States needs 1,800,000 homes, 450,000 factories, 5,000 schools, 55,000 apartment houses, 20,000 theaters, 120 freight terminals and 14,000 railroad stations and freight sheds. Capital is needed for these projects and the projects, if financed, would go far toward solving not only the housing, but the employment and wage problems of the country. This capital can be produced only by the people of the United States. It can be most readily and quickly produced through thrift, saving and investment in government securities.

### A CHEERFUL RECOMMENDATION.

"They should be in every traveling man's grip," writes George Jenner, 416 Labor St., San Antonio, Tex., of Foley Cathartic Tablets. "They are the best laxative I have taken and I cheerfully recommend them to anyone suffering with constipation or biliousness." They cleanse bowels, sweeten stomach, benefit liver.—Hite's Drug Store.

## WORK, SAVE, SUCCEED (W. S. S.) "BABY BONDS" OR W. S. S. FOR CHRISTMAS GIFTS

There was a little man, Who laid down his little gun, With its bullets all made of lead, lead, lead, And he got a little book, And when in it he did look, Why many happy things he said, said, said.



So he took it home— To his good wife, Joan, And bade her to sing and smile, smile, smile. For a Thrift Stamp new, A War Savings Stamp, too, He'd buy her every little while, while, while.

Humpty Dumpty sat on a wall, Humpty Dumpty had a great fall; Not all the king's horses nor all the king's men Could set Humpty Dumpty up again. (For Humpty, you see, saved never a cent; The money he made he most carelessly spent.)

Now Humpty Dumpty sits on his wall As proud as can be and with never a fall.

He doesn't need horses, he doesn't need men To rescue and set him on wall-top again.

For Humpty, you see, learned his lesson with care; War Savings Stamps cherish the change he can spare.

Hippity hop to the Government shop, To buy a War Savings Stamp dandy; One for you, and one for me, And one for Brother Sandy!

You may have self-respect and be careless of your personal appearance but others are not likely to respect you.

Holiday Presents on the Government's Financial Counter at Bargain Rates This Month.

Do your Christmas planning early! Do your buying now, and it will cost you less!

Uncle Sam has the goods, whether you are man, woman or child. You can buy of the same counter, whether you are rich or in moderate circumstances.

The price of the new government "baby bond"—the \$100 Treasury Savings certificate—in November is \$84.40. The recipient of that Christmas gift from you will have \$100 on January 1, 1924.

Then there is another "baby bond"—the \$1,000 Treasury Savings certificate. If you get in on that in November, it will cost only \$844, and in five years the recipient will have a cool thousand dollars.

This also is bargain month in War Savings stamps. The price for November is \$4.22. In five years that will yield five dollars.

Then for the children there are the Thrift stamps at 25 cents a throw. So, you see, Uncle Sam has on his holiday-bargain counter something to suit men, women and children in all walks of life.

To the person who has learned to save through war-time necessity a present of a "baby bond" or a War Savings stamp will be a welcome gift.

Perhaps the gift of a War Savings stamp or one of the new Treasury Savings certificates will start the recipient on a career of saving that may lead to his or her financial independence.

These government securities are nondepreciable and nonfluctuating. The Savings certificates are issued only in registered form with the name of the owner on them. The registration records are kept in Washington. This protects the owner. The \$100 certificates may be purchased at post offices of the first and second class and at banks; the \$1,000 certificates may be obtained through banks. Certificates of either denomination may be ordered direct from the Seventh District War Savings organization, 105 West Monroe street, Chicago, Ill. The price of the \$100 certificate in December costs \$84.60. The \$1,000 certificate in December costs \$846. The War Savings stamp may be bought for \$4.23 in December. Do your Christmas shopping early and you will save money!



## Ralston Style for Fall

is of that distinctive kind your eye finds so satisfying—snappy, graceful, new.

And with it go the surpassing foot comfort and durability our customers have learned to associate with the RALSTON name.

CHAS. A. HUDSON

An optimist is one who consoles himself by saying cheerily, "O, well, if it wasn't strikes it'd be something else."

And some folks are just so lowly and obscure that they never even have the chance to take a chance.

### THIS WOMAN FOUND RELIEF.

Men and women suffering from kidney and bladder trouble will be glad to read how one woman found relief. Mrs. G. Hyde, Homestead, Mich., writes: "I had that terrible backache and tired out feeling, scarcely able to do my work. Foley Kidney Pills made me feel like a new person."—Hite's Drug Store.

There is a good deal of talk in the newspapers about "women's wear" and some do wear pretty well, while others are just bores.

Some men think that when they've paid the bills, they've done their full duty toward making home happy—and in some homes they have.

## Frank Phillips

Tonsorial Artist. When in need of anything in my line call in and see me.

# Temple Theatre, Thursday, Nov. 20th

## FANNIE WARD "COMMON CLAY"

THE HARVARD PRIZE PLAY WHICH RAN A SOLID YEAR AT THE REPUBLIC THEATRE, NEW YORK

# Fannie Ward

IN

# COMMON CLAY!

Pathe's Big Special Feature in Seven Parts.

The Harvard prize play which ran a solid year at the Republic Theatre, New York City.

### A Thriller of City Life With a Woman as the Victim.

IT AWAKENS IN THE BREAST OF THE SPECTATOR THAT PITY WHICH DR. GILBERT MURRAY SAYS "IS THE KINGDOM OF HEAVEN WITHIN US FIGHTING AGAINST THE BRUTE POWER OF THE WORLD." "WHEN LOVELY WOMAN STOOPS TO FOLLY"—WE DEFY THE LADIES TO KEEP FROM CRYING AND THE GENTS FROM LAUGHING.

Two complete shows given, first starting at 7:00 sharp.

Prices, 15c and 30c.

## TEMPLE THEATRE, THURSDAY, Nov. 20. PAY DAY!



## Briefs of the Week

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Bradford, a son, Wednesday, Nov. 12th.

**LOST.**—A bunch of about fifteen keys. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to L. A. Hoyt.

William Reinhart was arrested last Friday for the larceny of a coat in front of Rosenthal's store. He was found guilty before Justice Blount and sentenced to Charlevoix jail for thirty days. Deputy Sheriff Cook took him there that day.

Miss Flora McPherson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William McPherson, was united in marriage to Lenard Barber, formerly of Elk Rapids, at the home of the bride's parents in Lndington, Saturday, Nov. 8th. The McPhersons were until recently, residents of East Jordan.

Patrick Holland of Charlevoix and Miss Lena Murray of South Arm township were united in marriage at the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Murray, Sunday, Nov. 9th, at 4:00 o'clock in the afternoon. Rev. M. E. Hoyt, pastor of the Methodist Church, officiated. They will make their home at Charlevoix where the groom is employed.

Earl Sheehy and Miss Effie Millis of Muskegon Heights were united in marriage at the M. E. parsonage in that city, Monday evening, Nov. 3rd, the pastor, Rev. J. W. Vickers, officiating. They were attended by Amerhest Millis, brother of the bride. The young man is son of Mr. and Mrs. Marshall. Sheehy of this city and grew to manhood here.

William Green, of Bellaire, was badly cut to pieces late Wednesday afternoon when he was run down by the afternoon Pere Marquette passenger train north bound to Petoskey. The accident happened on the curve about a mile south of Bellaire during a blinding snow storm. The man was walking along the tracks and because of the hard storm did not hear the train approaching from around the curve. The snow prevented the train crew from seeing the man until the engine was about to strike him. Mr. Green was about thirty-seven years old and single.

Orris T. Stone was a Bay City visitor over Sunday.

Harry Kling left Friday on a business trip to Chicago.

F. E. Brotherton was a Bellaire visitor, Wednesday.

**FOR SALE.**—Spring Cutter, nearly new.—Ellis R. Kleinhans.

Miss Josephine Gunsolus left Thursday for a visit at Detroit.

Harry Young left Friday for a visit at his home at Holtos, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Foster went to Bellaire Friday to visit relatives.

Miss Emma Severance visited Mrs. Wm. Robinson at Bellaire over Sunday.

E. E. Brown who has been in the city on business, returned to Flint, Friday.

Mark Chaplin returned home Wednesday from a visit at Detroit and other points.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Spring, who have been here visiting, returned to Detroit, Friday.

Miss Opal Walton returned home Friday from the Reycraft hospital, Petoskey.

Mrs. George Matthews of Rapid City is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Rice.

Miss Agnes Rebec went to Petoskey, Friday, for a two week's visit with her sister, Mary Rebec.

Misses Dorothy Anderson and Leona Andrews returned home Friday from a visit at Traverse City.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hudson left this week for Flint, to visit their daughter, Mrs. Floyd VanSteenburg.

**WANTED.**—A girl for general housework. No children. Inquire of Mrs. A. J. Suffer or phone 53.

Mrs. T. G. Beebe returned to Harbor Springs, Thursday, after a two week's visit with Mrs. Viola Wood.

Mrs. James House and children of Harbor Springs visited her mother, Mrs. Ed. Bashaw, first of the week.

W. H. Sloan was at Flint over Sunday where he accompanied his little niece, Maxine Sloan, to the home of his brother, Harry.

Claude Pearsall with daughter, Elizabeth, were at Muskegon the past week to consult a specialist. They returned home, Wednesday.

W. P. Squier is expected to arrive here this Saturday from Texas for a visit with his wife and family, and renew former East Jordan acquaintances.

The Lady Maccabee Club will meet at the home of Mrs. J. F. Kenny next Friday evening, Nov. 21st. Mrs. C. A. Brabant will assist in entertaining. Visitors welcome.

Wm. H. Supernaw, purchased the Anthony Kenny brick store building on Main Street the past week. He is now using the entire brick structures, formerly belonging to Wilhelm and Kenny, for his fast developing wood-working business.

Delbert Clow, of Ellsworth, vice-president of the Third and Fourth Class National Postmasters' Association and president of the Michigan Third and Fourth Class Postmasters' Association, entered a plea of not guilty when arraigned before Judge C. W. Sessions in District Court in Grand Rapids upon a charge of embezzling postal funds. Clow was indicted by the grand jury last week.

**Ten per cent discount on all Fisk Tires in stock.—L.C. Monroe**

Mrs. R. Wright was a Bellaire visitor, Monday.

Miss Inga Haastad left last Saturday for a visit at Detroit.

Mrs. Barbara Wells left Saturday for Flint to visit her daughter.

Edwin Carlson left Saturday for Flint where he has employment.

Carl Kellor left Monday for Muskegon, where he has employment.

Max Sheffield was at Mancelona on business first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Glenn Smith visited friends at Alba over Sunday.

Miss Georgia Adams of Petoskey visited friends in the city, Monday.

Mrs. Emma Bucher left Saturday for a visit at Manistee and other points.

Louis Mayville left Saturday last for Indianapolis, where he has employment.

Mrs. Emma Siewell of Detroit, was in the city on business first of the week.

Sheriff A. J. Dunsmore of Bellaire was in the city on business, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Anderson of Flint are here visiting friends and relatives.

Al Hammond was at Northport and Suttons Bay on business, first of this week.

Miss Minnie Vermillion left Monday for Flint, where she will have employment.

Theodore Walton left Monday for Big Rapids, where he will attend Ferris Institute.

Mr. and Mrs. Eli Montroy returned to Detroit, last Saturday, to spend the winter there.

Mrs. Ira S. Foote left first of the week for a visit with relatives at Cleveland, Ohio.

Cleo Lapeer left Thursday for Mendon, Mich., called there by the illness of his father.

C. H. Ely of Traverse City was guest at the home of his son, George Ely, over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Light of Muskegon are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Gleason.

H. J. Carpenter left Monday for Flint, where he will spend the winter with his daughter.

Mrs. F. J. Little of Traverse City is guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. Charles Alexander.

Josiah St. John, who has been visiting his daughters at St. Clair, returned home, Wednesday.

Mrs. D. L. Rogers of Bellaire is guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Brotherton this week.

Orrin and Ira Bartlett, Eugene Adams, Bert Hite, and Roy Sherman left Tuesday on a hunting trip near Newberry.

Mrs. A. J. Springstead of Central Lake was here over Sunday, guest at the home of her son, Ira Springstead.

W. C. Spring was at Mancelona and Kalkaska on business first of the week, returning home Wednesday evening.

**Ten per cent discount on all Fisk Tires in stock.—L.C. Monroe**

Mrs. Grover Moore and daughter left Monday for a visit at Detroit. Her mother, Mrs. F. McCalmon accompanied her.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Daley of Battle Creek were here this week, guests at the home of the latter's sister, Miss Belle Roy.

Mrs. Minnie E. Burdick, who has been visiting friends and relatives here departed Monday, for her home at Readsboro, Vermont.

Special communication of East Jordan Lodge No. 379 F. & A. M., Saturday evening, Nov. 15th, at 7:30 o'clock. Work in F. C. degree.

Edward Thorson received Thursday a fine young O. I. C. boar for his stock farm. It was shipped from the Clover Leaf Stock Farm at Monroe.

Secure a home. Have a special offer on the best block on Third St. 6-room house; fine large cement cellar; city water connected on sewer; good barn. E. A. LEWIS.

The State Fire Marshal says to clean your chimneys. WILL KOGOMO is in the business and knows his business. Telephone or leave order at Herald office—phone 32.

Wm. F. Bashaw and H. A. Goodman were at Boyne City Friday last closing a contract with L. E. Manie for the driving of a well at the tubercular hospital which will be located at the County Farm near East Jordan.

The Womans Improvement Club met at the home of Mrs. W. P. Porter Wednesday evening. Between 40 and 50 members and guests were present and listened to a very interesting instructive talk given by Supt. Keyworth on Money. The subject was divided into two parts:— Money as a medium of exchange, and as a Measure of Value. The talk was enjoyed by all. Light refreshments were served.

M. E. ASHLEY & CO.



On **TUESDAY** we will offer  
**Plaid Dress Goods at 98c**  
36-inches wide. From 2:00 to 6:00 p. m.

On **FRIDAY**, 1:00 to 6:00 p. m.  
**1-4 off on Sweaters**

**Plush Coats AT BARGAIN PRICES**

M. E. ASHLEY & CO.

## Temple Theatre

WHERE EVERYBODY GOES.

### PROGRAM

From Nov. 18th to Nov. 23rd

**TUESDAY, Nov. 18th**

An Extra Good Attraction  
10c and 15c

**WEDNESDAY**

Wm. Duncan in 4th chapter "Smashing Barriers." "The Deed of a Devil." A Sunshine Comedy, and Ford Weekly.  
10c and 15c

**THURSDAY**

The Harvard Prize Special Feature—"Common Clay." Featuring Fanny Ward. This play ran for one solid year at the Republic Theatre, New York. Two shows, first starting at 7:00 sharp.  
15c and 30c

**FRIDAY**

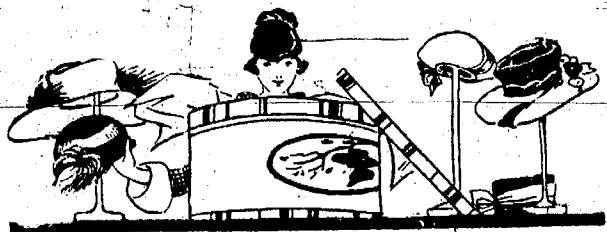
Hale Hamilton in "The Four-Flusher." A sparkling light comedy.  
10c and 15c

**SATURDAY, Nov. 22nd.**

7th chapter "The Great Gamble." Harold Lloyd in "Soft Money." Mutt & Jeff in "The Caveman's Bride." News Weekly.  
10c and 15c

**SUNDAY, Nov. 23rd.**

Theda Bara in "A Woman There Was." She was a woman with 100 per cent love in her heart.  
10c and 15c



**Come Early!**

**1-2 Off On All HATS**

SALE BEGINS

**Saturday, Nov. 15th**

**THE HAT SHOP**

MRS. MARJORIE BOYD, Prop'r

**SIX CENTS FOR ONE EGG!**

**That Is the Market Today.**

**"The Hen that Lays is the Hen that Pays"**

Keep them Laying  
by Feeding

**Blatchford's FILL-THE-BASKET Egg Mash**

BLATCHFORD'S "Fill-the-Basket" Egg Mash is every bit food. It contains just the right combination of milk, milk-substitutes, meat and grains, carefully ground to the correct degree of coarseness necessary for complete and easy digestion. It supplies abundantly the surplus nourishment the hen needs for continuous egg production.

ORDER SOME TODAY.

**ARGO MILLING CO.**

**This is the Stove Polish YOU Should Use**

**Black Silk Stove Polish**

Makes a brilliant, silky polish that does not rub off or dust off, and the shininess is four times as long as ordinary stove polish. Used on simple stoves and sold by hardware and grocery dealers.

Use Black Silk Air-Drying Iron Enamel on grates, registers, stove pipes—Prevents rusting. The Black Silk Heat-Resisting Enamel is made of brass. It has to equal for use on automobiles.

**Black Silk Stove Polish Works**  
Sterling, Illinois

Use Black Silk Air-Drying Iron Enamel on grates, registers, stove pipes—Prevents rusting. The Black Silk Heat-Resisting Enamel is made of brass. It has to equal for use on automobiles.

**112 Millions used last year to KILL COLDS**

**HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE**

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red Lion with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

**Better Than Pills For Liver Ills.**

You can't feel so good but what **NR** will make you feel better.

Get a 25c. Box.

**Victor's Remedy**

GIDLEY & MAC, Druggists

**Police Your Pocketbook; Save!**

**QUAKER ACROSTIC.**

The man who saveth money Hath his future guaranteed; Renorse o'er substance wasted Is unknown to him indeed. Fortune smileth on him. Things he hath as he may need.

The man who spendeth wisely, Hath no idle, wasted hour; Richer cities—even nations—Interest for him doth flower. For he learneth as he liveth Thrift succeedeth—thrift is power.

**RECOMMENDS IT TO ANYONE.**

My son had a cough for a long time, writes Mrs. Heck, 728 Fehr Ave., Louisville, Ky., "and he tried Foley's Honey and Tar and he slept better that night than he had for some time. It certainly is fine. I recommend it to anyone." Good for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough. Children like it. Contains no opiates.—Hite's Drug Store.

**HEAVY MEAT EATERS HAVE SLOW KIDNEYS**

Eat less meat if you feel Backache or have bladder trouble—Take glass of Salts.

No man or woman who eats meat regularly can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which excites the kidneys, they become overworked from the strain, get sluggish and fail to filter the waste and poisons from the blood, then we get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headaches, liver trouble, nervousness, dizziness, sleeplessness and urinary disorders come from sluggish kidneys.

The moment you feel a dull ache in the kidneys or your back hurts or if the urine is cloudy, offensive, full of sediment, irregular of passage or attended by a sensation of scalding, stop eating meat and get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast, and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate the kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer causes irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications.

**Less Wheat for 1920**  
Reduction in Acreage Is Advocated

A reduction in winter wheat acreage from that of last year, and to a pre-war five-year average—is advocated for farmers by the United States department of agriculture in a bulletin recently issued. It recommends that an acreage of 42,000,000 bushels winter wheat be seeded for the 1920 crop and that next spring 20,000,000 bushels of spring wheat be seeded. Under normal conditions this would give a wheat crop of 830,000,000 bushels. It would be enough for normal consumption, and give an exportable surplus of 200,000,000 bushels. A rye acreage of 5,500,000 to 6,000,000 bushels is advocated. A crop of 75,000,000 bushels would give 50,000,000 bushels for consumption and 25,000,000 bushels for export.

**Chronometer Exceeds Its Previous Record, Varying Six-Hundredths of Second.**

Showing a daily variation of but six one-hundredths of a second, says the Philadelphia Record, a chronometer entered in the competition at the Geneva conservatory exceeded the former record made in the year 1891 by one-hundredth of a second. One hundred and sixteen chronometers were entered in the 1918 contest, against 132 in 1917 and 108 in 1916. Of these 116 entries, five were marine chronometers and 111 pocket chronometers or watches, two of the latter being complicated pieces.

Professor Raoul Gautier, of the Industrial Arts society, writes Consul Lewis W. Hassel from Geneva, in reading a report on the competition, gives some interesting details on the tests which are made to determine the accuracy of the timepieces. The chronometers are graded on a scale of 1,000 points. The ideal watch would be granted 300 points for its daily precision, 300 points for its ability to support changes of position, 300 points for its ability to support changes of temperature, and 100 points for its ability to resume its normal precision after the changes of position and temperature. The different deviations of time are quoted in hundredths of a second. The maximum allowed at the Geneva conservatory for pocket chronometers is one-half second of deviation during one day's run, two seconds after the position has changed, fifteen one-hundredths for each degree of different temperature, and two and one-half seconds of deviation after having resumed the normal position and temperature.

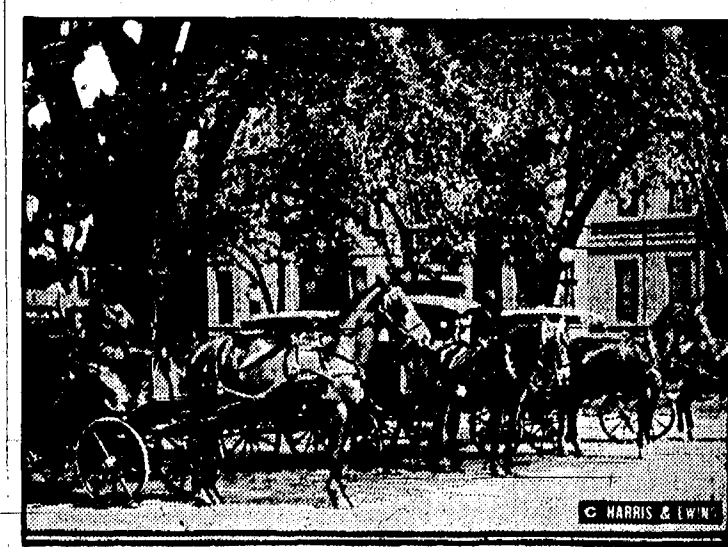
**Victor's Flag Is Always Placed at Top of Mast.**

Originally the practice of hoisting flags on public buildings only part of the way up the flagpoles was a military one. Ever since flags were used in war it has been the custom to have the flag of the superior or conquering nation above that of the inferior or vanquished. When an army found itself hopelessly beaten it hauled its flag down far enough for the victors' flag to be placed above it on the same pole. This was a token, not only of submission, but of respect. In like manner when a famous soldier died flags were lowered not only to indicate respect to his memory, but to show that he had succumbed to the greatest conqueror of all—death, for which flag space was left at the top of the staff.

**Homes for Confederates.**

There are Confederate soldiers' homes at Atlanta, Ga.; Austin, Tex.; Beauvoir, Miss.; Columbia, S. C.; Hermitage, Tenn.; Higginsville, Mo.; Jacksonville, Fla.; Little Rock, Ark.; Mountain Creek, Ala.; New Orleans, La.; Pewee Valley, Ky.; Pikeville, Md.; Raleigh, N. C.; Richmond, Va., and Washington, D. C.

**Old Dobbin Still on Duty**



Horses have not been entirely displaced by the automobile, though few cities could show a regular hackstand such as this one bordering a popular Washington park. The horse-drawn vehicle is a favorite for pleasure riding in the capital, especially in Rock Creek park and the Speedway where a slow pace is desirable.

**OF GENERAL INTEREST**

Attachments have been patented that permit the use of anti-skid chains on automobiles using disk wheels.

Most of the women in Japan smoke, the girls beginning the practice when they are about ten years of age.

France is making extensive use of portable power plants up to 30 horsepower that use crude oil for fuel.

A tray which can be clamped to the bottom of a srup jar to catch its dripping is a household novelty.

**Total Oil Production in United States Last Year Was 355,920,000 Barrels**

Oil production in Oklahoma last year, 103,300,000 barrels, was nearly twice its average yearly output, 53,300,000, since it began producing in 1903. California, beginning in 1881, produced 97,500,000 barrels last year, as against a yearly average of 29,200,000. Kansas, 1896, production last year, 35,400,000; yearly average, 6,500,000. Texas, 1897, production last year, 88,700,000; yearly average, 14,900,000. Louisiana, 1902, production last year, 16,000,000; yearly average, 8,900,000. Illinois, 1905, 13,300,000 in 1918; yearly average, 21,300,000. Wyoming, 1910, 12,600,000 in 1918; yearly average, 4,500,000. West Virginia, 1876, 7,800,000 in 1918; yearly average, 6,800,000. Pennsylvania, 1859, 7,400,000 in 1918; yearly average, 13,100,000. Ohio, 1884, 7,300,000 in 1918; yearly average, 15,400,000. Kentucky, 1900, 4,400,000 in 1918; yearly average, 950,000. Indiana, 1880, 870,000 in 1918; yearly average, 3,500,000. Other states, 1,350,000 in 1918. Total production last year, 355,920,000; yearly average, 76,800,000.

**India Leads in Cattle Production With America Ranking Close Second**

Contrary to popular opinion, the United States is not the world's greatest cattle country, says the New York Times. India has 100,000,000 more than America, though this country is second, and there are 29 countries that have more than two million each.

In the last 33 years Guernseys led by far all other breeds in numbers of purebred cattle imported into this country, and of the five breeds leading the importations four were distinctly dairy types.

More than 8,750 Guernsey cattle were imported; Jerseys ranked second in number, with Durhams, including Shorthorns, third; Holsteins, fourth, and Ayrshires fifth. The volume of purebred cattle importations has been extremely variable.

These facts are brought out in a recent publication of the department of agriculture, which shows the trend of the industry in this country and its relation to the world trend.

**United States Total War Casualties Reach 322,182.**

The cost of the war to the United States in man power is now estimated officially as 116,492 dead and 205,690 wounded, a total of 322,182. These figures include losses to army and marine units on all fronts to September 1. Killed in action totaled 35,585, or 11 per cent of the entire list; died of wounds, 14,742; died of disease, 58,073; died of accidents and other causes, 8,092. Under the head of "missing" the announcement records a zero with the notation "all corrected."

**Use Skins and Seeds.**

Italian canners are now utilizing the skins and seeds of tomatoes, the former for stock food and the latter for oil, in its crude form, for soap and illumination and when refined for table use.

**STORK GETS ON JOB**

**France's Birth Rate Shows Some Improvement.**

Serious Decline in 1918 from Year Before the War Was Cause of Alarm.

Paris.—France's declining birth rate has lately been a source of much concern, but a distinct improvement has been noticed during the present month.

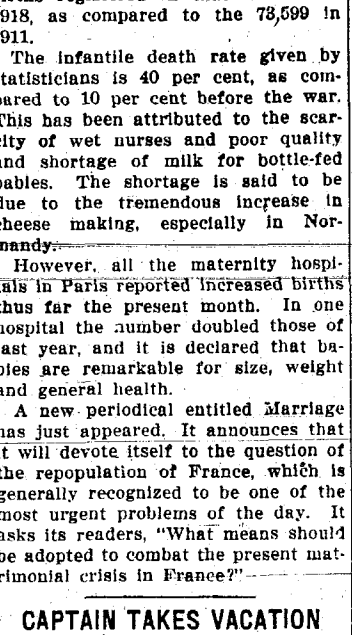
Evidence of a great decline in births in 1918 was shown in official figures for the district of the Seine, which includes the city of Paris, which showed that there are only 43,480 births registered in that district in 1918, as compared to the 78,599 in 1911.

The infantile death rate given by statisticians is 40 per cent, as compared to 10 per cent before the war. This has been attributed to the scarcity of wet nurses and poor quality and shortage of milk for bottle-fed babies. The shortage is said to be due to the tremendous increase in cheese making, especially in Normandy.

However, all the maternity hospitals in Paris reported increased births thus far the present month. In one hospital the number doubled those of last year, and it is declared that babies are remarkable for size, weight and general health.

A new periodical entitled Marriage has just appeared. It announces that it will devote itself to the question of the repopulation of France, which is generally recognized to be one of the most urgent problems of the day. It asks its readers, "What means should be adopted to combat the present matrimonial crisis in France?"

**CAPTAIN TAKES VACATION**

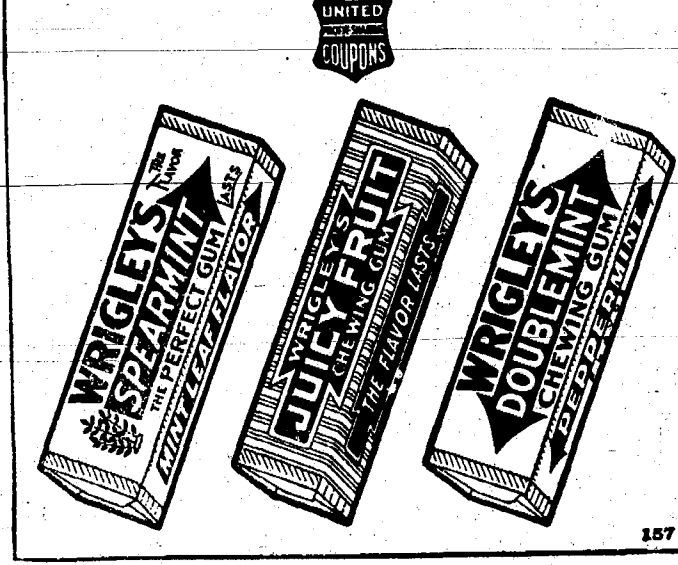


Captain Bertram Hayes of the huge liner Olympic, who carried millions across the ocean during the war, has gone back to the farm for the first vacation he has enjoyed since the war started. He was decorated with the D. S. O. by the king of Great Britain for sinking a German submarine. The photo shows him seeking relaxation by hard work on the farm.

**WRIGLEYS**

**5c a package before the war**  
**5c a package during the war**  
**5c a package NOW**

**THE FLAVOR LASTS SO DOES THE PRICE!**



**Dr. F. P. Ramsey**  
Physician and Surgeon.

Graduate of College of Physicians and Surgeons of the University of Illinois.

OFFICE, SHERMAN BLOCK  
East Jordan, Mich.  
Phone No. 196.

**Dr. W. H. Parks**  
Physician and Surgeon

Office in Monroe block, over East Jordan Drug Co's Store  
Phone 158-4 rings

Office hours: 1:30 to 4:00 p. m.  
7:00 to 8:00 p. m.  
X-RAY in Office.

**Dr. G. W. Bechtold**  
DENTIST

Office Hours: 8:00 to 12:00 a. m.  
1:00 to 5:00 p. m.  
Evenings by Appointment.  
Office, Second Floor of Kimball Block.

**Hugh W. Dicken**  
Physician and Surgeon

East Jordan, Mich. Phone No. 128

Office Hours:  
11:00 to 12:00 a. m.  
2:00 to 4:00 and 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.

**Dr. C. H. Pray**  
Dentist

Office Hours:  
8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m.  
And Evenings.

Phone No. 223.

**Doctor Branch**

Office Second Floor of the Monroe Block.

PHONE 77

**REPAIRING GERMAN CABLES**

Britain Also Putting Lines to Belgium Into Pre-War Condition.

London, England.—Every possible effort is being made to restore to its pre-war basis the cable system of the world, it is announced. The five Anglo-German cables which were cut by the British fleet in the early days of the war are being repaired and so are the four cables connecting England with Belgium.

Cable communication with Iceland which was interrupted by the war, has just been restored. Messages now are being dispatched to Australia in as many hours as it required days in wartime. Communication with the European continent is steadily improving.

**Gold Coins of 1855 in Tree Felled by Storm**

Mobile, Ala.—I. L. Robertson, aged resident of St. Stephens, Ala., in Washington county, near here, found several thousand dollars in gold coins. The money was in a rusty tin box that was exposed to view when a tree was blown down recently. The money was in \$1, \$2.50, \$5, \$10 and \$20 gold pieces of the date of 1855.

**Lion Kills Rams.**

Grass Valley, Cal.—For the third time within a few days a mountain lion has raided a sheep corral in the lower part of the county. Five rams, each weighing over 300 pounds, were killed in this raid. Two of the larger animals, valued at \$50 each, were dragged more than 300 yards. In the two previous raids thirty-four sheep were killed.

Some say there are only seven jokes in all the world but there really is only one—the joke that's on somebody else.

**ASPIRIN FOR COLDS**

Name "Bayer" is on Genuine Aspirin—say Bayer



Insist on "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" in a "Bayer package," containing proper directions for Colds, Pain, Headache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, and Rheumatism. Name "Bayer" means genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for nineteen years. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Aspirin is trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monacette, Solingen, Germany.

You can't always pick a winner but that's no reason you should let a loser "pick" you.

There is a good deal of discussion about women's dress, but really there is little to discuss.

Not only is the way of the transgressor hard, but the way of the righteous isn't always soft.

**HEAD STUFFED FROM CATARRH OR A COLD**

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Opens Air Passages Right Up.

Instant relief—no waiting. Your clogged nostrils open right up; the passages of your head clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, sneezing, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh disappears.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly. It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed up with a cold or nasty catarrh.