

# Charlevoix County Herald.

Vol. 23

EAST JORDAN, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, AUGUST 8, 1919.

No. 32

## Bolshevik Atrocities

Described By a Prominent Russian Noblewoman.

New York.—"We do not hope any longer; we die!"

The despair to which bolshevik misrule has reduced Russia is thus epitomized by a Russian noblewoman widely known throughout her country, in a remarkable picture of events in her country contained in a letter received recently in New York. Her castles and estates plundered or razed, her fortune vanished and her friends and family murdered, this titled woman is moved to remark that "three years ago, my second daughter and her husband died, he having caught cold in the trenches. Then I was in despair; now I envy them."

"I beg of you never to mention my name; I wrote frankly to you counting on your discretion." Is the plea which fear of bolshevik tyranny moves the unfortunate woman to place at the close of her letter to her friend, a New York woman of prominent and influential family. "Excuse the incoherences; I write with my heart bleeding, knowing that I shall never be able to give you the faintest idea of the sufferings that thousands are enduring."

A graphic tale of the misery that spreads itself over Russia is unfolded in the letter. Wholesale pillaging and murder by bolsheviks, Germans, Finns and others swept the land clear of its wealth.

Both the noblewoman who wrote the letter and the woman who received it are well known. The danger involved for the former makes it advisable that not only the names of the persons but the names of the localities mentioned be withheld from publication. The letter in full reads as follows:

"My very, very dear Mrs. B.—

"At last I am able to write to you and to hope to hear from you."

"I will endeavor to tell you briefly the personal events of these terrible last years. But how to begin? How to give you the faintest idea of the unimagined atrocities committed by the bolsheviks? Speaking of ourselves, I will tell you that we have lost everything. The bolsheviks have stolen all our fortune, boxes of silverware, precious objects, personal remembrances which undoubtedly are now destroyed."

**Freed to Flee From Home.**

"Three years ago my second daughter and her husband died, he having caught cold in the trenches. Then I was in despair, now I envy them. The year 1917 in autumn, we had to flee from M—, and come to the city, where we lived under the reds' regime until the arrival of the Germans."

"You have probably read in the papers that the reds had sent to Siberia 300 Russian barons, and also some bourgeoisie; some died and the others returned two months after."

"Although under our roof lived a military guard of bolsheviks or reds, good luck kept us from sharing their lot. I cannot describe the last days. After the arrival of the Germans a list was found of about a thousand persons, in which we were, who were to be shot the very next day."

"The reign of the Germans lasted exactly seven months; they annihilated all our hopes, they accumulated taxes upon taxes; carrying away all the food to Germany, leaving the people of our cities to starve."

"No discipline, corruption everywhere, no administration. Only those who deliberately closed their eyes to evidence failed to see that a country thus plundered and so badly treated was not to remain long under their rule. But, alas! How many were blind!"

"Then came the great catastrophe; the German troops fraternizing with the bolsheviks at W—; surrendering to them cannon, war ammunition; and refusing to fight. The Germans even damaged the cannon they left to the Esthes troops, which had been formed hastily and were incapable of defending themselves, having nothing, absolutely nothing!"

**Reds' Rule Was Worse.**

"Then, for another year the country was at the mercy of the reds, and it was worse than the first time."

"The bolsheviks had with them Chinese and Red Lettes, who were terribly cruel, and those formed the guard of the unfortunate emperor and his family."

"On the 28th of November we learned that W— had fallen; that the Germans were leaving us in haste; and, as the German general commanding at R—, had, at the request of the Lettes, refused the formation of troops with the men of the country, we were left without any defense."

"The lights of the electric projectors of the enemy's ships already illuminated our shores; from the castle's tower

we could see everything; there was not a minute to be lost. The trains were running only for the German troops; it was then necessary to risk traveling by the inland ways, through dreadful roads and in a country in revolution, for when the Germans took possession of the provinces they took care not to punish their friends, the bolsheviks; so that we were compelled to see and to live with the people who had stolen and pillaged our properties. The Germans did nothing to find out the revolutionists and to protect us; nothing!"

"After having packed in haste the strictly necessary things, our small caravan started at five o'clock in the morning; it was dark and the roads were frightful."

"We arrived at R— on the second of December. We were able to stay four weeks at our home, then in great haste we had to embark on the boat sent to Finland for the fugitives and we arrived at Helsingfors. Lassitude, troubles, and emotions of all these weeks overwhelmed at last my poor husband."

"Fortunately we found two rooms in a hospital; there we lived for two months, being often hungry, and when we could get some food it was execrable."

"The high prices of living in Finland are unbelievable. A pound of tea, which ordinarily cost from five to fifteen kronen, cost from one hundred to a hundred and fifty marks; a kilogramme of sugar one hundred marks, etc. Also Finland tried to get rid of so many people she had to feed, and, as the bolsheviks who come up to 28 kilometers from R— had been repulsed by the Finn troops, which had at the last moment come in aid to the Lettes and to the volontaire corps of Balthe-Germans, the Finns then ordered all fugitives to leave the country within six days. However, we received, on account of my husband's bad condition, permission to stay until he would get better."

"Going back was an impossibility, the situation being still very grave; a second expedition was no longer possible for the strength of my poor husband; moreover, we had nothing left. Our large city house was taken and turned into a hospital by a Russian volontaire corps. M— devastated and plundered! First by the bolsheviks, then by the Esthes, whom the Germans left unpunished; then by the white troops and the Finns, who were fighting the reds, German properties being left unmolested."

**Family Lost Everything.**

"Last year our estate had suffered, but our magnificent castle with all its dependencies had been respected. Now all have pillaged it. The Finns being more civilized stole the most beautiful things—paintings, bronzes, antiques, etc. Finally the 38 masters' rooms and the 11 servants' rooms were plundered. What they could not take away they smashed or burned. We lost everything. Not a sheet, not a plate or a glass exist, and when our lieutenant complained to the minister of state (a Thesthe), he answered him that naturally in war time everybody wanted to have some souvenirs. The whites pillaged, as I hear, 80 estates, and they were supposed to be our defenders!"

"Friends here obtained for us the permission to come to K—, where we found two rooms in a family. We hope soon to find some occupation, and sell some furs that I could take with me, for unfortunately my beautiful laces are also in Petrograd."

"I do not know whether you have an idea of what the bolsheviks have done everywhere whenever they had to retire. At W— they killed 82 people; we have lost friends, acquaintances and our excellent and noble doctor. All most all were tortured before being put to death. Before shooting Doctor L— they broke his two legs. To the old Baroness H., seventy-two years old, after having opened her stomach, snatched out her intestines while alive. They killed priests, doctors, nobles, merchants, women, children and peasants. They made several persons dig their own graves, forcing them to undress; a carriage was waiting to take away their clothes. Then they tortured every one, breaking arms and legs, crushing the limbs, snatching the intestines, gouging out the eyes, scarring the cheeks, and they even burned two persons alive."

"There were three large pits; they tossed pell mell in one of them the living and the dead, and then these monsters jumped into the pit and trampled under foot the unfortunates until they were lifeless."

"Twelve persons were so crushed and disfigured that they could not be recognized. And all that is true!"

"After the corpses had been exhumed the doctors and the officers of the state took photographs of each, after having examined everyone of them. Russia Awaiting the Allies."

"At D—, at W—, etc., whenever the Reds were repulsed—note, I pray you, that I say 'everywhere'—the same tortures were inflicted to the unfortunate ones. I shall not try to describe the horrors of other places, for it has

been the same everywhere. "At D—, hundreds have been thrown under the ice of the river, yet a clement death compared with the others."

"Thousands die from hunger in all Russia; bolshevism reigns everywhere. We had hoped to be delivered by the Germans, and they having failed we hoped for the allies; now, as an officer who has escaped from Petrograd was telling, we do not hope any longer, we die!"

"Russia is anxiously awaiting the help of the allies, for she alone cannot conquer the terrorizing bolsheviks!"

## 3,000 Churches Ruined by Huns

Result of German Invasion of Northern France.

More than 3,000 churches were either completely destroyed or seriously damaged by the German invasion of northern France. The state in which these martyred churches now are found varies from those that have been absolutely wiped out to others which suffered only the damages of occasional stray shells.

The work of restoring the churches has begun. The first annual general assembly of the Society to Restore the Churches of the Devastated Regions was held in Paris recently. At that time Victor Odellin of Paris reported that over \$250,000 has been expended in beginning the work of restoration. He stated that sixty-three churches have been adopted by individuals who will personally bear all the expenses involved in the work of rebuilding. Help has come, said the vicar, from the United States, from Brazil, from India; in fact, every nation of the allied world is helping France counteract the work of the destroyer.

**Some Leveled by Shells.**

Some of the churches will never be restored. Some are gone, completely shot to bits, leaving barely a trace of their former location. Others, famous cathedrals, such as those of Reims and Amiens, may be left as they now stand as a warning to posterity and as an indelible record of the savagery of the last five years.

In importance, architectural beauty and size the ruined cathedrals and churches vary from the stately ruin of Reims, which will always symbolize the barbarity of the Germans, to the little country churches.

Beside the mound which figured day after day in the war communications "Hill 304," in the midst of what used to form the quiet village of Esnes, just to the right of Verdun, stood the little church. It was almost demolished by the terrible effect of the artillery during the Verdun struggle of 1916, but until late in the summer of 1917 the altar of the church still stood unscathed.

The roof and walls of the church had long since been shot away, but the weather-beaten, unprotected altar continued to give solitary evidence of the former presence of a house of worship. Today nothing remains. But the little church of Esnes is only one of a great number which will never be restored.

## LICENSE IS REFUSED

Would Not Authorize Marriage of a White Woman and Negro.

Comly Young, a negro of Columbia county and Mazie Shuit, a white woman of the same territory, spent two hours at Bloomsburg, Pa., trying to obtain a license to wed without securing the desired document.

The pair entered the office of Clerk of Court John Watson to obtain the license but Watson was out and his deputy, Shuman, refused to take the responsibility for such a license and told the two they could await Watson's return.

Tiring of waiting they visited the office of Justice of the Peace J. C. Utter, Jr., to enlist his aid, but Utter balked at the proposition.

Judge John C. Herman was then interviewed in his chambers with no better success. After making all the rounds the pair returned to Clerk Watson's office, who had returned. Watson told them he knew of no law in Pennsylvania which would permit the license. The couple then left declaring they would obtain the license in spite of law and convention.

A well manicured boy is a delight to the eye, but did anybody ever see one?

## THE TEST THAT TELLS

There is only one real test for a cough remedy, and that is use. S. M. Oliver, Box 192 R. F. D. 5, Greenboro, S. C., writes: "Foley's Honey and Tar is just fine. I keep it in the house all the time. It soothes and relieves hay fever, asthma, coughs, colds, croup, and bronchial affections.—Hite's Drug Store."

## FARM BUREAU NOTES.

We can't safely give up the grasshopper fight just because they are now doing no particular damage. The grasshoppers on your place are the breeding stock for next year's crop. One hopper killed now may mean several hundred less for you next year.

Floyd Bartholomew, who lives west of Hortons Bay, has just most forcefully demonstrated the value of acid phosphate on his land. In a field of 19 acres of rye and vetch, 14 acres were treated with 400 pounds of acid phosphate to the acre and 5 acres were untreated. The yield of vetch on the treated part more than doubled that on the untreated area. By the way, Mr. Bartholomew has sold better than a ton of vetch which at the present price for seed is no small item.

It was a distinct pleasure for us to look over the 60 acre field of Rosen Rye and Red Rock Wheat on the Cobb and Mitchell farm in Chandler township. The value of good seeds, good varieties, and good farming methods were very noticeable. The 27 acres of wheat thrashed out 676 bushels of fine grain which is not so bad for this year. Manager Lock saved certified inspected seed on the whole field, which, together with the very clean condition of the ground, should make the crop a very desirable one for seed. The wheat may be seen at the store in Springvale.

Who has the best cow? An opportunity to decide on the butterfat basis will be had at the County Fair in September. The regular handicap rules have been adopted by the Fair Management which will give the cow giving milk six or seven months an equal chance with the fresh cow. For particulars as to this ask the Secretary of the Fair Association or County Agent, but be sure to get that good cow of yours ready for the contest.

## TWO CLAIM \$1,500 DIAMOND

Owner of Land Where the Gem Was Found Contests Right of Finder.

Norristown, Pa.—Litigation is threatened over a \$1,500 diamond ring found by John Pifer of Norristown on an automobile trip.

Pifer took the ring to a Norristown jeweler to have the stone reset, and now the jeweler refuses to give it to the finder because the man on whose farm the ring was found claims it.

"I found the ring," Pifer says, "on a farm 12 miles from Norristown. I have engaged a lawyer and will bring suit to recover the diamond. The man who owns the farm claims the ring because it was found on his property."

## FORTUNE NO BAR TO WORK

Milwaukee Man Inherited \$500,000 From Father, but Will Continue Daily Labor.

Milwaukee.—After tarring roofs for ten years, Frank Dady, of Milwaukee, has inherited \$500,000 from his father, Robert Dady, a millionaire, but he is going to continue decorating the tops of houses just the same.

"My wife and I are happy in our present mode of living," he said, "so why change?"

Dady quarreled with his father ten years ago, went to Milwaukee, married, and became a roofer at \$5 a day. The inheritance came to him as a complete surprise.

## Potatoes Without Vines Are Grown by Girl

Kutztown, Pa.—Lizzie, daughter of Jefferson Hoch, discovered in their potato patch that a number of seed potatoes failed to produce any vines on top of the soil. She was surprised to find the seed potatoes in every hill had clustered around good-sized new potatoes, that the entire vitality of the seed potato was transferred to the new ones, and that there was no vine growth above the surface of the potato hills. The mother potato was still in the hill, but had given up its substance to the young potatoes, which were already so well matured that they could be used for a meal.

Children are great institutions and a good many of them seem to have found it out.

The man who is mentally incapable of having any future worth mentioning and has sense enough to know it, is very generally happy because he is no longer fooled by circumstances and vague ambition.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT

For the City of East Jordan for The Month of June, 1919.

General Fund RECEIPTS

June  
1 Balance on hand.....\$ 199.08  
30 Overdrawn..... 578.54  
Total \$ 777.62

DISBURSEMENTS

2 Henry Cook, salary for May 85.00  
4 Otis J. Smith, salary for May 25.00  
4 Mich. State Tel. Co., rentals 6.25  
4 Dwight L. Wilson, salary..... 33.33  
4 James Gidley, salary..... 25.00  
4 C. B. Crowell, salary..... 25.00  
4 W. T. Boswell, 2 mos. salary 83.34  
4 City Treasurer, payment Board of Review..... 36.00  
4 State Bank E. J., order Elec. Light Co..... 314.25  
4 Stevens Post G. A. R., Decoration Day expenses..... 15.00  
13 Mike Shubrick, special police 4.00  
13 City Treas., paym't of labor 8.00  
17 Dwight L. Wilson, telephone expense..... 14.70  
17 Erving Dufore, labor..... 2.25  
17 E. I. Adams, 6 mos. salary..... 25.00  
17 Enterprise Co., printing..... 19.00  
17 Geo. Pringle, labor..... 4.50  
17 E. J. Hoss Co., delegates to State Convention..... 50.00  
Total \$ 775.62

Street and Sewer Fund RECEIPTS

June  
1 Balance on hand.....\$ 202.63  
30 Overdrawn..... 2436.74  
Total \$ 2639.37

DISBURSEMENTS

4 Pet. Portland Cement Co., crushed stone..... 404.64  
4 Charlevoix Abs. & Engineering Co., plans and estimates 1.75  
4 Wm. Johnson, draying..... 1.75  
4 Ralph Walker, labor..... 15.18  
9 City Treas., paym't of labor 385.15  
13 E. W. Giles, cleaning streets 33.00  
13 City Treas., paym't of labor 21.75  
16 Chas. Blaha, labor..... 6.25  
17 Alex. Bashaw, labor..... 4.90  
17 Highway Iron Prod. Co., road machinery..... 392.50  
17 Lemuel Freeman, labor..... 8.75  
17 E. J. & S. R. R. Co., freight on stone..... 417.17  
17 E. G. Ott, freight on tarvia 126.58  
20 Mort. Freeman, labor..... 36.00  
20 Lester Hosler, labor..... 34.12  
23 City Treas., paym't of labor 521.48  
27 E. W. Giles, cleaning streets 33.00  
27 Geo. Pringle, cutting weeds 8.75  
27 M. C. R. R. Co., freight on grader, etc..... 20.64  
30 City Treas., paym't of labor 133.26  
Total \$ 2639.37

Water Works Fund RECEIPTS

June  
1 Balance on hand.....\$ 266.37  
Total \$ 266.37

DISBURSEMENTS

2 Henry Cook, turning on water.....\$ 1.00  
30 Balance on hand..... 265.37  
Total \$ 266.37

Interest and Sinking Fund RECEIPTS

June  
30 Overdrawn.....\$ 430.97  
Total \$ 430.97

DISBURSEMENTS

1 Overdrawn.....\$ 430.97  
Total \$ 430.97

Bridge Fund RECEIPTS

June  
1 Balance on hand.....\$ 5919.85  
Total \$ 5919.85

DISBURSEMENTS

30 Balance on hand.....\$ 5919.85  
Total \$ 5919.85

Paving Dist. No. 1 Fund RECEIPTS

June  
Balance on hand.....\$ 2074.07  
Total \$ 2074.07

DISBURSEMENTS

30 Balance on hand.....\$ 2074.07  
Total \$ 2074.07

Paving Dist. No. 2 Fund RECEIPTS

June  
1 Balance on hand.....\$ 378.69  
Total \$ 378.69

DISBURSEMENTS

30 Balance on hand.....\$ 378.69  
Total \$ 378.69

Paving Dist. No. 3 Fund RECEIPTS

June  
1 Balance on hand.....\$ 151.93  
Total \$ 151.93

DISBURSEMENTS

30 Balance on hand.....\$ 151.93  
Total \$ 151.93

Cemetery Fund RECEIPTS

June  
1 Balance on hand.....\$ 255.06  
Total \$ 255.06

## DISBURSEMENTS

4 E. R. Kleinhaus, labor and selling lots.....\$ 23.00  
4 Supernaw Fuel Co., hauling rubbish..... 1.00  
30 Balance on hand..... 231.06  
Total \$ 256.06

Library Fund RECEIPTS

June  
1 Balance on hand.....\$ 1118.98  
Total \$ 1118.98

DISBURSEMENTS

4 Inner Bracket Furn. Co., bal. on furniture..... 92.35  
30 Balance on hand..... 1026.63  
Total \$ 1118.98

Dog License Fund RECEIPTS

June  
1 Balance on hand.....\$ 50.00  
Total \$ 50.00

DISBURSEMENTS

17 J. H. Shults Co., dog tags..... 2.05  
30 Balance on hand..... 47.95  
Total \$ 50.00

Recapitulation

Water Works Fund.....\$ 265.37  
Bridge Fund..... 5919.85  
Cemetery Fund..... 274.06  
Paving Dist. No. 1 Fund..... 2074.07  
Paving Dist. No. 2 Fund..... 378.69  
Paving Dist. No. 3 Fund..... 151.93  
Library Fund..... 1026.63  
Dog License Fund..... 47.95  
Total \$ 10095.55

Overdrawn \$ 576.54  
General Fund..... 576.54  
Street and Sewer Fund..... 2436.74  
Interest and Sinking Fund..... 430.97  
Total \$ 3444.25  
Less Overdraft..... 3444.25  
Total \$ 6651.30  
Outstanding Orders 2.50

Cash on hand June 30, 1919.....\$ 6653.80  
OTIS J. SMITH, City Clerk.

## Commission Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the City Commission held at the commission rooms, Monday evening, Aug. 4, 1919.

Meeting was called to order by Mayor Wilson, Present—Wilson, Gidley and Crowell. Absent—none.

Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Bills were presented as follows:

Henry Cook, salary.....\$ 85.00  
Joe Francis, labor..... 14.00  
Leo Umior, labor..... 19.25  
W. H. Supernaw, screens, etc..... 14.50  
Mrs. W. H. Sloan, board acct..... 33.00  
Miss Wing..... 33.00  
Leone Donaldson, addressing envelopes..... 1.00  
Herman Jackson, labor..... 22.75  
Chavx. Abs. & Engineering Co., setting grade stakes..... 10.00  
East Jordan Lbr. Co., lumber..... 64.03  
Leo Umior, labor..... 1.75  
C. B. Crowell, salary..... 25.00  
Otis J. Smith, salary..... 25.00  
Mich. State Tel. Co., rentals..... 8.00  
Elec. Light Co., lighting library 1.25  
Standard Oil Co., engine oil..... 13.39  
W. H. Supernaw, grade stakes..... 11.29  
M. J. Quinn, draying..... 4.00  
Andrew Berg, cement work..... 47.50  
Hite Drug Co., mdse..... .70  
Burroughs Add. Machine Co., bal. on machine..... 157.50  
Cameron Amberg & Co., rubber stamps..... 1.13  
D. E. Goodman, mdse..... 2.18  
W. T. Boswell, salary and postage 43.03  
Dwight L. Wilson, salary..... 33.33  
James Gidley, salary..... 25.00  
City Feed Store, cement..... 401.50  
Am. LaFrance Fire Eng. Co., bal. on fire truck..... 992.00  
Anton Walstead, repair work..... 3.00  
State Bank E. Jordan, order Elec. Light Co..... 866.10

On motion by Gidley, the bills as listed above were allowed by the following aye and nay vote:

Ayes—Wilson, Gidley and Crowell, Nays—none.

A petition, signed by R. C. Supernaw and seven other abutting property owners, asking for the construction of a sewer was presented, and on motion by Gidley, was laid on the table for further consideration.

On motion by Crowell, meeting was adjourned.

OTIS J. SMITH, City Clerk.

## HE WAS ALMOST PAST GOING

"I suffered with kidney trouble for three years," writes D. Bell, St. James City, Fla., "and for six months I have been almost past going. I began taking Foley Kidney Pills, and before I used two bottles my pains were all gone. Relieve backache, rheumatic pains, stiff, swollen joints, sore muscles.—Hite's Drug Store."

**TEAM OBEYED SIGN**

**There Was No Driver, but the Horses Stopped.**

A team of horses owned by an Indianapolis wholesale grocery company decided to move without their driver. The horses, drawing a dray, started slowly. They were just behind the white line at Meridian and Maryland streets when the traffic man turned the semaphores. The "stop" sign faced the horses and they stopped. In a few minutes the traffic man turned the semaphores and the "go" sign faced the horses. They went. As the team stopped at the "stop" sign and started at the "go" sign, the traffic man failed to notice they were driverless. The horses slowly walked to the next corner and again the "stop" sign was up. The horses stopped. And this is the way the driver caught them.

**Hot Water for Sick Headaches**

Tells why everyone should drink hot water with phosphate in it before breakfast.

Headache of any kind, is caused by auto-intoxication which means self-poisoning. Lives and bowel poisons called toxins, sucked into the blood, through the lymph ducts, excite the heart which pumps the blood so fast that it congests in the smaller arteries and veins of the head producing violent, throbbing pain and distress, called headache. You become nervous, dependent, sick, feverish and miserable, your meals sour and almost unmanageable. You then resort to acetanilide, aspirin or the bromides which temporarily relieve but do not rid the blood of these irritating toxins.

A glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, drunk before breakfast for a while, will not only wash these poisons from your system and cure you of headache but will cleanse, purify and freshen the entire alimentary canal.

Ask your pharmacist for a quarter pound of limestone phosphate. It is inexpensive, harmless as sugar, and almost tasteless, except for a sourish twinge which is not unpleasant.

If you aren't feeling your best, if tongue is coated or you wake up with bad taste, foul breath or have colds, indigestion, biliousness, constipation or sour, acid stomach, begin the phosphated hot water cure to rid your system of toxins and poisons.

Results are quick and it is claimed that those who continue to flush out the stomach, liver and bowels every morning never have any headache or know a miserable moment.

**GRANDMA USED SAGE TEA TO DARKEN HAIR**

She mixed Sulphur with it to Restore Color, Gloss, Youthfulness.

Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea with sulphur added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant. Just a few applications will prove a revelation if your hair is fading, streaked or gray. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home, though, is troublesome. An easier way is to get a bottle of Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound at any drug store all ready for use. This is the old-time recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients.

While wispy, gray, faded hair is not sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, no one can tell, because it does it so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and luxuriant.

This preparation is a delightful toilet requisite and is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

**"BAYER CROSS" ON ASPIRIN**

Always Ask for Genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin"



Only Aspirin Tablets with the safety "Bayer Cross" on them are genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," owned and made by Americans and proved safe by millions of people. Unknown quantities of fraudulent Aspirin Tablets were sold recently by a Brooklyn dealer which proved to be composed mostly of Talcum Powder.

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" should always be asked for. Then look for the safety "Bayer Cross" on the package and on each tablet. Accept nothing else! Proper directions and dosage in each Bayer package.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacturers of Monacohausdorf of Salscylicacid.

**NEVER HEARD OF "JOHN DOE"**

**Many Soldiers Return to War Risk Bureau Specimen Insurance Policies.**

Washington.—Correspondence of the bureau of war-risk insurance has developed that "John Doe" appears to be a mysterious character whose name is badly mixed up with that of former soldiers and sailors who served Uncle Sam during the world war.

The bureau has sent thousands of specimen insurance policies to returned service men to show just what benefits and advantages Uncle Sam provides for them in recognition of the services they rendered their country. These policies are filled in as a matter of form with the time-honored name: "John Doe."

Scores of these policies have been returned to the bureau by anxious service men who fear that an error has been made and that one of their pals is being discommoded because of the fact that his insurance policy is in their hands, being unaware, evidently, that "John Doe" is a name which has been used in legal parlance to designate an unknown party since the days of Blackstone.

"An returning policy addressed to me, that you may rectify the mistake," said one of these letters, "and deliver it to the proper party. The name of the man to whom the policy is made out is not my name."

**MEXICAN DOGS JOIN WOLVES**

**Homeless Canines, Abandoned by Owners, Revert to Savage State.**

Phoenix, Ariz.—Homeless Mexican dogs, abandoned by their owners who have fled from their homes south of the Mexican border, have reverted to the savage state, many of them joining bands of wolves and are preying on the cattle of the Arizona ranges.

So serious has the situation become, said M. F. Musgrave, predatory animal inspector of the United States biological survey, that a strenuous drive has just been inaugurated to wipe out this menace to the cattle.

Musgrave recently left for Greenlee county to supervise the placing of a large number of traps in an effort to reduce the packs of wolves and their formerly home-bred dog companions. According to the predatory animal inspector, one hunter alone killed ten of the wild dogs last month.

**SHOOTS BIG BEAR**

**Two Attacked Men Who Were Repairing an Auto in the Dark.**

H. Fløge and Harold Stark of Bayfield, Minn., making a trip to Cornucopia, a few nights ago about 8 p. m. were attacked by two large bears, while making repairs on their car. They were surprised by the growl of the male bear, who was standing on its hind legs not over 25 feet away. Mr. Fløge immediately got a small automatic revolver which he always carries along in the car and, by keeping cool succeeded in killing one bear, which weighed 300 pounds dressed and was thought to be about three years old.

The bear was shot about eleven miles out of Bayfield along the Cornucopia highway near the White farm. As there is a closed season on bear, Al Powell, the local game warden took the carcass, turning it over to the department at Madison to be properly disposed of.

**Army Health Record 93 Per Cent.**

More than 93 per cent of the 2,000,000 officers and men who have been demobilized since the signing of the armistice were discharged with a clean bill of health, according to the surgeon general of the army.

**HAIR CUTTING BRINGS RIOT**

**Fifteen Thousand Attack School After Girls' Looks Are Removed.**

Aberdeen, Scotland.—The parents of children attending an elementary school here have shown their resentment against the action of the authorities in cutting off the hair of girl pupils by an attack on the school.

Armed with missiles, a crowd of 15,000 men, women and children, women predominating, gathered near the school, it being understood that a doctor was about to apply the scissors to other pupils' hair. The school windows were wrecked and damage amounting to over \$1,000 was caused. The principals of the school had maintained that the cutting of the girls' hair was justified for reasons of health.

**WOULD VISIT FIANCEE; SHOT**

**Wearer of French War Cross Shot by Countryman at Swiss Border.**

Geneva.—A French soldier, aged 24, who has been at the front since 1914 and won the war cross, presented himself to the French guard at Neufchatel, on the Swiss frontier, and said that he must visit his fiancée in Switzerland, whom he had not seen for three years.

When the guard said that it was impossible to let him pass, the soldier declared, "I am going, even if you shoot me. I must see her." As he crossed the frontier the guard fired and the soldier fell dead.

**CHARLEVOIX COUNTY HERALD**  
S. A. Lutz, Publisher  
**ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR**

Entered at the postoffice at East Jordan Michigan, second class mail matter.

**PLAN TO SALVAGE SUNKEN CARGOES**

**American Ingenuity Makes Practicable Reclamation of Invaluable Supplies.**

**WILL BE GREAT INDUSTRY**

**One of Greatest Coal Fields in World Lies Off Atlantic Coast—To Be Brought Up by Submarine Salvaging.**

Boston.—One of the greatest coal fields in the world lies off the Atlantic coast from Norfolk, Va., to Boston. It is made up of cargoes of sunken ships which lie on the floor of the ocean, and soon will be brought to the surface by means of a great after-war industry, known as the submarine salvaging of sunken cargoes, which will be the means of reclaiming millions of tons of coal, scrap iron and other raw products long since abandoned as lost.

The United States is taking the lead of all nations in fostering this great industry which grew out of the war, when the efficiency of the submarine as a monster of frightfulness was demonstrated. Peace will allow the submarine to come into its own as a great reclamation agency.

In Long Island sound there lie a million tons of coal, of which, it is estimated by salvaging experts, at least 25 per cent is reclaimable at a cost of about 25 cents per ton. Reclaimed coal sells at the market price of \$10 or \$12 a ton.

By means of the salvaging submarine it is possible to cover 20 square miles of ocean bottom a day in searching for sunken hulks. Once a wreck is located, it will be a simple matter, now that the salvaging submarine is as perfect as the torpedoing submarine, to reclaim 300 tons an hour, and to locate half a dozen ships in as many hours.

**Coal All Along Coast.**

Along the sound from Bridgeport to Norfolk, Conn., 40,000 tons of coal were sunk last year alone. Similar coal wealth awaits a finder all along the coast, for, according to marine rulings, "findings is keepings," and the finder of the sunken cargo is the owner.

The reclaiming of wealth given up for lost when the boat which carried it sank is to be one of the most fertile fields of production of the reconstruction period. The perfection of the salvaging submarine makes possible and practical an enterprise that was beyond the scope of the most daring and doughty divers who sought to find sunken cargoes.

This is illustrated by a comparison of the work of the old-time divers with the mechanical work of the salvaging submarine. A diver named Hooper held the record for immersion when he went down 180 feet in 1884 to reclaim the gold which sank in the Alphonso XII off the Canary islands.

Hooper made 13 different trips to the wreck in as many months. So arduous and fatiguing was the descent that he was able to remain only 15 minutes each time before he signaled for the return journey. It took him four hours to make the descent, because of the necessity of accustoming his body by degrees to the increased pressure. The last time he went down he became paralyzed and was obliged to come up leaving \$150,000 in gold behind him—which still awaits a finder. In all he brought up \$350,000.

Today the salvaging submarine goes down at the rate of a foot a second, and the diver can remain a month in it if he desires, working an eight-hour day or however long his day may be. The materials salvaged are pumped to the surface by means of a 15-inch pipe, which will bring up 300 tons of coal or scrap iron in an hour, and place it on the deck of a cargo carrying steamer nearby. An entire cargo is thus salvaged in a few hours, and the work of locating and salvaging another wreck immediately undertaken.

**Works Many Economies.**

In the matter of economy of time and money, the saving of the strength of the divers and in locating with dexterity the whereabouts of sunken cargoes, the salvaging submarine compares with the old-time method of picking up materials from the ocean's bed as does a high power motorcar with a one-horse shay.

Coal is decidedly improved by a repose of many years under sea, for marine salts enter its porous exterior and increase its power of combustion for both domestic and industrial uses.

Pig iron has been salvaged after a stay of 100 years in the farthest depths. Rails are brought up in good condition also. Copper bars, brass and all sorts of machinery are recovered in good condition, for although every metal has a different life, the sediment in the water forms a coating

over the materials and preserves them. If copper and steel are near each other in a cargo, the copper will eat the steel and destroy it, so strong is the electrolytic action.

The scrap iron reclaimed in this way is sorted out, some going to rolling mills, others to brass foundries and all filling the world's constantly increasing demand for iron. In the English channel reposes a vast quantity of iron and steel, owing to the many ships which were sunk during the war.

**Files Suit on Herself, Then Argues Own Case**

Mrs. Alice Viola Parsons, a Denver beauty specialist, appeared before a jury in Judge G. W. Dunn's division of the county court in more roles than it is given most persons to play in court.

She is plaintiff, defendant, plaintiff's attorney and star witness in a suit brought by herself against the Instant Anti-Wrinkle company, of which she holds 40 per cent of the stock.

The suit is being contested by other stockholders in the concern. Mrs. Parsons claims that the company obtained valuable wrinkle-eradicating formulas from her and has withheld her salary. She asserted that she had no money left from the venture, and so was obliged to act as her own attorney.

**HE WALKS AROUND ISLAND**

**New Jersey Man Takes Stroll Around Porto Rico and is Glad He Did.**

San Juan, P. R.—M. K. McCosh of East Orange, N. J., strolled into San Juan a few days ago after a tramp around the entire island, which took him three weeks, feeling fine and declaring that the well-meaning friends who had warned him he would not find any food fit to eat in the small hotels had, been sadly misinformed.

He found the hostels in the small places clean and the food good, and he said the object of his trip, to recuperate from the effects of an attack of ptomaine poisoning and a stage of the influenza, had been realized. He came here intending to make the return trip on the same steamer, but he found the sea voyage had not helped him as much as he had hoped and he decided to stay over and make his long tramp. Now he is glad he did it.

**EX-KAISER NOW PAYS TAXES**

**For First Time in His Life Former Emperor Contributes to Public Funds.**

Amerongen.—The former German emperor for the first time in his life has paid taxes, the municipality of Amerongen having levied the ordinary taxation after examining and estimating William Hohenzollern's fortune.

For the first three months of this year the sum levied amounts to 12,000 guilders. (A guilder normally amounts to about 40 cents.) This sum, however, was merely for local taxation. An income tax will be levied separately by the government.

The former emperor was relieved from payment for the first period of his sojourn, as that fell within the previous year. All foreigners who remain three months in the country are liable for the payment of taxes, the same as natives of Holland.

**"CRAZY HOUSE" IS TORN DOWN**

**Owners of Freak Building Were Afraid Mishap Might Cause Claim for Damages.**

Salem, Ind.—The "Crazy House," which has attracted nationwide interests since its creation by the flood a few years ago, has been torn down by the owners, who were fearful in the weakened condition of the building that someone might sustain injuries and make them liable for damages. The house was left in such a twisted condition that no two of its walls, its floors or ceilings were in the same angle. In going through the house visitors usually became dizzy, and in some instances they became seasick.



**Not Upheld Simply by Reputation.**

There's more back of Ralston Shoes than simply an honorable name. Forty years of expert shoe-making have taught the manufacturers how to make good shoes—and, what's more they are making good shoes.

**C. A. HUDSON**

Accuse a girl of being a flirt and she'll deny it because she thinks she ought to, but she's really proud to think you believe she is attractive enough to be a flirt.

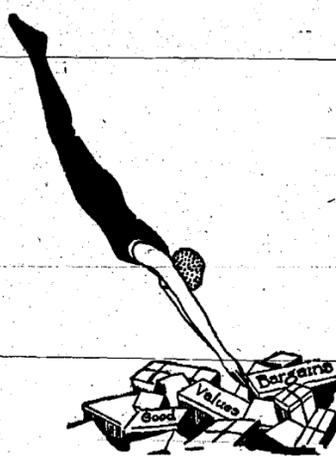
If some young people we all know were to die suddenly, about all that could be put on their tombstones truthfully, would be, "They were good dancers."

**Frank Phillips**

Tonsorial Artist.

When in need of anything in my line call in and see me.

**EAST JORDAN LUMBER CO. STORE**



**REMNANT SALE!**

**A GOOD CHANCE TO GET CLOTH FOR SCHOOL DRESSES FOR THE GIRLS.**



**THESE ARE 33 1-3 PER CENT LESS THAN THE REGULAR PRICE.**

**East Jordan Lumber Co.**



18 cents a package

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glass-lined paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply, or when you travel.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY  
Winston-Salem, N. C.

**CAMELS'** expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos answers every cigarette desire you ever had! Camels give such universal delight, such unusual enjoyment and satisfaction you'll call them a cigarette revelation!

If you'd like a cigarette that does not leave any unpleasant cigarette aftertaste or unpleasant cigarette odor, smoke Camels! If you hunger for a rich, mellow-mild cigarette that has all that desirable cigarette "body"—well, you get some Camels as quickly as you can!

Camels' expert blend makes all this delightful quality possible. Your personal test will prove that Camel Cigarettes are the only cigarettes you ever smoked that just seem made to meet your taste! You will prefer them to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!

Compare Camels for quality and satisfaction with any cigarette in the world at any price!

# Cigarettes

## STOP CATARRH! OPEN NOSTRILS AND HEAD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Relieves Head-Colds at Once.

If your nostrils are clogged and your head is stuffed and you can't breathe freely because of a cold or catarrh, just get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm at any drug store. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream into your nostrils and let it penetrate through every air passage of your head, soothing and healing the inflamed, swollen mucous membrane and you get instant relief.

Ah! how good it feels. Your nostrils are open, your head is clear, no more hawking, sneezing, blowing, no more headache, dryness or struggling for breath. Ely's Cream Balm is just what sufferers from head colds and catarrh need. It's a delight.

It's all right to 'shoot folly as it flies, but you're better off if you can shoot it before it's old enough to fly.

A lot of married men denounce polygamy because they think any man polygamist must be crazy.

## Notice of County Teacher's Examination.

"In compliance with Act 20, of the Public Acts of 1911, a public examination for teachers of Charlevoix County will be held at county seat in County Normal room of the central school building, Aug. 14-16th, beginning at 8:30 a. m. Certificates of all grades will be issued. Paper furnished. Reading examination on bulletin No. 4; orthography bulletin No. 10; civics and theory and art from Teachers' Reading Circle books. In compliance with act 7, Public Acts 1915, all applicants without teaching experience previous to 1916, must submit to board of examiners at least four normal school credits. Respectfully submitted, MAY L. STEWART.

You know a lot and your friends act like they're proud of you when you're around, but after you leave they knock you.

## Girls Wanted!

In our yarn, knitting and finishing departments. Steady employment and good wages. Those between 18 and 45 preferred. Experience not necessary. Beginners start at \$1.75 per day. Board and room furnished at \$3.00 per week at company's boarding house. All modern conveniences. Apply at WESTERN KNITTING MILLS, Rochester, Mich.

A pedestrian in these automobile days doesn't seem to have any more rights than an innocent bystander.

### A GRATEFUL WOMAN'S STORY

Mrs. Robert Blair, 461 S. 20th St., Terre Haute, Ind., writes, "After taking Foley Kidney Pills a few weeks I found my kidney trouble gradually disappearing. The backaches stopped and I am also free from those tired spells and headaches and my vision is no longer blurred." They stop rheumatic pains.—Hite's Drug Store.

## NOW HAS 729 BOATS IN TRADE

Great Strides Shown in Report of Shipping Board.

## REACH ALL PARTS OF WORLD

Glories of Former Days When Stars and Stripes Snapped From Mast-heads in Every Port of the World Are Being Revived—Establish 82 Regular Cargo Liner Services in Trade Routes Opened Within Six Months.

The vast expansion of the American merchant marine in the past two years is revealed by figures issued by the United States shipping board. Exclusive of more than 2,500,000 tons of shipping still in war service, the board now employs 729 ships of 4,288,971 tons in general commerce.

The glories of the past, when the Stars and Stripes snapped from mast-heads in every port of the world, are being revived. The board has established and now has under operation 82 regular cargo liner services in trade routes which have been opened in the past six months, and there are 174 steamships of 1,351,905 deadweight tons employed in the trade routes which have been given regular cargo liner service. The remainder of the commerce fleet is engaged in general cargo and tramp service. Additional trade routes are soon to be opened and more ships will be utilized as they are released from war service, and as new ships are delivered.

### Reach Every Quarter.

Every quarter of the globe is now reached by regular cargo liner services. The cargo liner service to the Argentine and Uruguay includes 16 steamships of from 5,000 to 9,600 deadweight tons sailing weekly from New York to the Argentine; five of from 4,300 to 9,000 tons from Boston to the Argentine; two of 5,075 and 6,200 tons from Mobile, Ala., to the Argentine; four of 5,075 tons from New Orleans to the Argentine; four of from 7,500 to 9,000 tons from Wilmington, Del., to the Argentine; four of from 7,500 to 9,000 tons from Charleston, S. C., to the Argentine; four of from 7,500 to 9,000 tons from Savannah to the Argentine; four of from 7,500 to 9,000 tons from Brunswick, Ga., to the Argentine, and four of from 7,500 to 9,000 tons from Jacksonville, Fla., to the Argentine. All of these ships call at Montevideo, Buenos Aires, La Plata and Rosario. They carry every imaginable manufacture.

In addition to this there is now a splendid Brazil service with nine big ships leaving New York on a ten-day schedule for mid-Brazil, and two others leaving New York for north Brazil every six weeks. The Brazil service also includes ships from New Orleans to Rio and Santos, from Wilmington, Charleston, Savannah, Brunswick, Ga., and Jacksonville.

The cargo liner service to the west coast of South America, ranging from Guayaquil to Valparaiso, comprises five large ships from New York on fortnightly sailings to Valparaiso and a steamship from New Orleans on a bi-monthly sailing to the same port.

The board advertises two ships from New York to Egypt on monthly sailings; five from New York to the Dutch West Indies on monthly sailings, two from New York to Bombay and other Indian ports on bi-monthly sailings, and three to Valparaiso, Valencia, Cadiz and Seville on monthly sailings. One ship sails for the new free port of Danzig every month, and there is now a cargo liner service to Constantinople from New York with two ships sailing every six weeks.

Other services listed by the board include New York to West Africa, three ships on monthly sailings; New York to South Africa, two ships on bi-monthly sailings; New York to Australia and New Zealand, three ships on monthly sailings; New York to China and Japan, three ships on a six-weeks' schedule, and 15 ships from San Francisco to China and Japan and sailing every ten days.

In addition there are new services from San Francisco to Eastern ports and Europe; from New York to Genoa; from New York to Grecian ports; from New York to London, six of the largest ships on fortnightly sailings; Philadelphia to London; Baltimore to London; Norfolk, Va., to London; New York to Liverpool, and Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk and Galveston, Tex., to Liverpool; New York to Glasgow; New York to Havre; New York to Bordeaux; Boston to Bordeaux and Baltimore to Bordeaux; New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore to Antwerp; New York and Philadelphia to Rotterdam; New York to Copenhagen and Gothenburg, and finally an extensive cargo liner service to West Indian ports.

### Man Sold Bogus Medical Diploma.

Pleading guilty to selling a bogus medical diploma to Abraham Laskinsky of Brooklyn, N. Y., for \$1,500, Nicholas D. Clements of New York city, has requested clemency upon his promise to make public the names of the 75 men now practicing as physicians and attorneys upon credentials he sold to them.

## SOCIETY WOMAN HAS MANY ATTAINMENTS



Miss Flora Voorhees, prominent society woman, is organizing secretary of the New York League of Woman Workers, manager of a hotel at Magnolia, near Boston, graduate of the Marconi school for electrical engineers, a talented dancer, plays golf, shoots, rides and is fond of athletics.

## ALASKA SALMON PACK WAS 6,605,835 CASES

Valued at \$51,041,949—Total Investment for the 135 Canneries \$65,901,397.

Complete reports from all the salmon canneries in Alaska show a total pack last season of 6,605,835 cases of all species of salmon, weighing 430,000,000 pounds, and valued at \$51,041,949.

Other details of the report disclose a total investment of \$65,901,397 in an aggregate of 135 canneries. Persons employed locally in the industry numbered 28,502. The detailed increases over the preceding season are approximately 38 per cent in investment, 14 per cent in number of canneries, 13 per cent in number of persons employed, 11 per cent in output, and 10 per cent in value of product.

The ratio of increase in the output and its value, as compared with the increase over the preceding season in investment, number of canneries operated, and number of persons employed, indicate a marked decrease in the average net profits of the industry.

The output of king salmon shows a marked decrease, which is explained by the greatly increased demand for these fish in a mild-cured condition. The figures show greatly increased packs of coho, chum and humpback salmon in central and western Alaska, and of chum salmon in southwestern Alaska. The pack of red salmon shows a slight increase for the whole territory, but a decided falling off in central Alaska, where the largest packs of red salmon are usually made.

## GAVE LIFE FOR HONEY

Bear, Through Love of That Sweet, Came to Untimely End.

Because a 200-pound bear had a decided penchant for honey he came to an untimely end at the hands of Pierce-Kitchen and William Keller of Benton, Pa. Kitchen made the discovery the other morning that during the night bruin had been around and overturned a number of his beehives and stolen the honey.

With gun loaded Kitchen kept watch one night, but failed to locate the bear. Morning, however, disclosed the fact that the visitation had been made and two more hives toppled over and the honey stolen. Kitchen and Keller got on the job early the next night and about 8:30 o'clock were rewarded with the sight of bruin lumbering toward the hives. Keller pumped six loads from a repeating rifle into him and Kitchen finished him off with a load of buckshot. William Temple, caretaker of a large herd of heifers in the North mountain, killed a 800-pound bear when he came upon the animal feeding upon the carcass of a heifer.

## FOE TO RESUME TRADE

Germany Perfect Plans for Regaining Pre-War Prestige.

Germany is preparing for a superhuman attempt to regain her former industrial and economic prestige, according to Edward C. Worden, an American who recently returned from German industrial centers.

Mr. Worden stated that the Germans are in a position to resume manufacturing as soon as raw materials can be obtained. Since the armistice, the plants have undergone a thorough overhauling.

### Jaiced Farmer Killed by Mob.

Overpowering the sheriff and taking his keys, a posse of nine men shot and killed Frank Fokall, a white farmer at Silver Hill, Ala., while he was asleep in a cell at the Baldwin county jail. Fokall was being held at the jail awaiting trial on a charge of murder.

## HIS DISCOVERY

By JACK LAWTON.

Torrents of rain caught Brant in his car at the loneliest point of the road. He had hoped to reach his hotel before the clouds burst. Now, he decided to abandon the rain-soaked runabout and seek shelter in the old vacated house glimpsed through surrounding trees. He made a dash for it and was rewarded by dry space on the veranda.

Through a French window he could see a low ceilinged room. He put his hand to the window sash and it slipped upward at his touch.

Enconced in the reclining chair, he lit a cigar, drew a newspaper from his pocket, and proceeded to make the best of the situation. The storm not relenting in force, the busy man of affairs lay and dreamed as he was not permitted to dream in the life which hurried. And the dream carried him back to boyhood days to a low-ceilinged room with firelight flickering against its panels, a room peopled with those who were gone.

He remembered, too, a youthful dream of a woman to be, who should fill his mother's place and make for him the sort of home his father knew.

Hotel apartments satisfied his home need, or he had thought the want satisfied, until storm clouds had driven him to this haven, and the enforced inaction in the silent room brought back to him strangely his memories.

He decided to remain longer. Time could not make the situation worse, it might make it better. So he folded his paper and lighted a second cigar, musing over a brief article he had read concerning a set of desperate poachers who were supposed to be located somewhere in this vicinity. Their secret place of residence was said to be stacked with stolen spoils. Sheriff and troopers had been unsuccessful in their capture, and the amazing thing about it all was the fact that their reconnoitering scout was a woman.

An innocent appearing girl, the article said, "entirely allaying suspicion." Brant thought he would like to meet this girl; he thought that he would enjoy a part in bringing the creature to justice. And as he reflected, a seeming panel in the wall slipped back before his eyes and in the reflected light from a further room he saw a girl framed in the opening.

The first thing that he noticed about the girl was that she deliberately aimed a revolver in his direction, and the second thing was her rare beauty. The startling part of the adventure to him was the fact that the girl was remarkably like the woman of his dreams, like the ideal woman in his picture of hope. The woman pointed a revolver now at his heart.

"I had made up my mind to ask you to go quickly," she said, "but it may be safer to keep you here, you might come back again at a time when I am not prepared. There is a windowless closet at your right; step in there directly, please, so that I may lock the door."

He was, in her eyes, of course, an agent to bring her companions to justice. As he looked again into the girl's purposeful eyes, Brant considered it best to pretend prompt obedience to her command. If, in some way he might outwit her, he would be able to find the solution of the difficulty.

After that one glance he was, strangely enough, not eager to bring the girl to punishment. She was, he reflected savagely, but a tool in the hands of the desperadoes who dominated her. Then with sudden daring Brant rushed across the floor in the darkness and caught the girl off guard, dashing the pistol from her nerveless hand. Firmly he held her in his arms, until in the flickering light from the farther room he saw terror gather and grow in her eyes, then with a low, sobbing breath, the girl fainted against his own fast throbbing heart.

When he carried her through the door panel into the lighted room he found there a sort of compact living apartment, kitchen utensils, an oil stove, a dresser, a cot bed. And near the widest window some half-finished sketches, paint brushes close by. The lovely girl at last opened her trembling eyelids.

"I know," she breathed, "you are one of those horrible poachers—hidden near here. I read it in the paper. I got out my revolver when I saw you come through the window. Then I thought I'd better take the advantage. But I've never fired—a revolver—and I was afraid. I'm not as brave as I thought—if you will go away—quickly, I'll promise—not to give information."

"Great Scott!" cried Brant. "I'm not a poacher—girl. I'm the man who owns this house—used to live here when I was a kid. Can't bear to sell the old place, always hoping to have it fixed up some day—for my home. But how did you happen to be here?" he paused perplexedly.

"Why," murmured the lovely girl, the color came flooding back to her face, "I am the poacher, I guess, after all. You see, I had put a little tent near by so that I might sketch the garden. The vacant house seemed so much more secure. I thought it wouldn't matter if I moved in for a few days. My sister drives out to spend the nights with me. She smiled up at him timidly. "I can fancy home pictures of that big room of yours," she said. And Brant's eyes looking down upon her softened with the light of his discovery.

"So can I," he said gently, "so can I."

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# Get Efficiency From Your Tractor

KEEP it in service constantly. The one best way to do that is to give it all the lubricating oil it will take, providing you select the correct oil.

The Standard Oil Company (Indiana) has produced three oils which will correctly lubricate the entire range of tractors. These are:

## Heavy Polarine Oil Stanolind Tractor Oil Extra Heavy Polarine Oil

Any Standard Oil representative will be glad to show you the chart of Tractor lubrication, prepared by our Engineering Staff. It indicates specifically which of these three oils the Standard Oil Engineers have found will give the best results in your particular tractor.

We have just published a 100-page book, "Tractors and Tractor Lubrication," prepared by our Engineering Staff, which you will find a valuable reference book, and we believe it will save you many days of tractor idleness with the resultant money loss.

It's free to you for the asking. Address

Standard Oil Company, 910 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

1763 (Indiana)

# AVIATION RESPONSIBLE FOR ADDING 200 WORDS TO ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Dictionary Makers Are Kept Busy Listing New Terms That Entered Our Tongue Through the Development of Flying During the War—Meaning of Some of These New Words Explained in Simple Language.

Students of the English language attribute to aerial navigation the addition of 200 words. As the average American has had in the past a speaking vocabulary of only 650 of the more than 800,000 words in the English language, the increase brought about by the airplane and airship is regarded as remarkable.

For the benefit of those as yet unacquainted with the true meaning of such words as "fuselage," "nacelle," "drift," or "parasite resistance," the Manufacturers' Aircraft association has prepared a "flying dictionary" with the aid of a report compiled by the national advisory committee for aeronautics at Washington.

"Never before has so much aeronautical news been printed," says the Manufacturers' Aircraft association article "yet one of the handicaps is the proper description of equipment so as to give the public—generally uninitiated—an accurate idea of the magnitude of current happenings. This difficulty has also been encountered in government aircraft activities and appears more than ever now that commercial aviation, with proper encouragement, promises to develop soon.

**Is Strange Language.**  
The 200 or more aeronautical words or phrases in common use on the flying fields or in the aircraft plants are strangers to the average reader. For instance, everyone probably has heard of the aileron, yet many may not know that the ailerons of a biplane are arranged in the trailing edges in a unique manner, causing it to respond at the slightest touch of the controls and enabling the pilot to ignore the lateral altitude of the machine entirely.

"An aileron, to be more specific, is a bit of a wing tip fixed on hinges back on the rear edge at the ends of the wings. It is controlled by wires. When moved from the pilot's seat the ailerons on one side raise and those on the other side decline proportionately, thereby allowing the wind pressure against them to tip the plane to either side as desired.

"A biplane is a two-winged machine one wing placed above the other. A majority of the American and British machines are biplanes.

"The trailing edge is the rear edge of the wings. Speaking of gliding, it means not only gliding but the angle of the path the airplane takes when it descends under the influence of gravity alone. A plane usually glides by keeping its nose fixed toward the horizon, when it will glide straightaway eight miles for every mile it is above the earth, or eight in one.

**What Is an Airplane?**  
"An airplane is a machine that depends for support in the air on planes or wings and the propelling power of its motors to keep it there, overcoming gravity and at the same time propelling it forward. An airship is not an airplane but a balloon, elongated, somewhat cigar-shaped and provided with a propelling system, car for passengers, rudders and stabilizing surfaces.

"There are three kinds of airships, the non-rigid, whose form or shape is maintained by pressure of gas inside, inflated by pressure of the cables and ropes which hold the passenger car underneath. Then there is the rigid airship, or one having a stiff wood or metal framework inside the big gas bag to hold its shape for it. The semi-rigid airship has a rigid metal or wooden keel or spine along its under side, which holds it partly in shape. Balloons and airships have appendages, too. The appendix is a hose leading from the bottom side of the gas bag to the car and used for inflating it, or, in the case of the old-fashioned spherical balloon, like a big rubber ball, it serves to equalize the gas pressure inside.

"An aviator is an operator or pilot of an airplane, or any heavier-than-air craft. A balloon is a lighter-than-air craft. The term 'aviator' applies to either a man or a woman who drives airplanes. The term 'fuselage' is common, yet not wholly understood. It is the body of the airplane, or the fabric-covered framework which holds the engine in front, the pilot's seat and passenger area in the center between the wings and then runs back to the tail.

**"Dops" Used on Aircraft.**

"The 'trail group' is general, and it contains, besides the rudder or rudders, depending on the type of machine, elevators in a horizontal position, one on either side of the rudder, and fins which are vertical to the elevators and are fixed, forming one plane with the rudder when it is in a natural position. The controls are the wheel or 'stick' for use of the pilot in guiding his craft, the same as the wheel of an automobile or the rudder bar of a boat. A control has three uses, where in other vehicles, such as the motorcar or boat, only two uses can be found for it. The reason is that aviators have to contend with three dimensions. An auto or boat can travel only backward or forward, or sidewise. A plane can do these things and besides can go either up or down.

"A hangar is a shed for an airplane. An airplane also has 'dops' in large quantities. Dops is a substance re-

sembling glue, etc., used in treating the cloth surfaces of airplanes and balloons to increase strength, produce tightness and act as a filler to maintain the air and prevent the fabric from leaking or tearing. Its base usually is cellulose. The nacelle of an airplane or dirigible is a structure to which the wings are attached. The engine is forced and the passengers are stationed in it. A nacelle never extends back to the tail, but sometimes protrudes out in front and holds the propeller.

"The term 'pancake' came into use during the war. It means that an airplane, when landing, straightens out almost level with the ground, instead of diving into it. In other cases the tail is dropped lower than the nose, so that the wings catch the air and retard the force of the descent. A pontoon is a float or buoyant construction attached either under the wings of a hydroplane or flying boat or under its body to keep it afloat. When we speak in terms of speed, we mean air speed, or the relative speed of an airplane in the air, and deducting the actual speed of the air from the distance we have traveled. Ground speed is more common. If we travel from one point to another in ten minutes, making fifteen miles from A to B, we say that the ground speed was a mile and a half a minute, or 90 miles an hour. The undercarriage of a plane is the structure by which it is enabled to land; the braces and wheels, between which a skid bar is sometimes located."

## ADOPTS SIX ORPHANS

Rhode Island Man Regrets He Hasn't Room for More.

The appeal of Col. H. Anthony Dyer, "Who will adopt an orphan?" has been answered by Leo F. Myers, well known in sporting circles at Providence, R. I., who has adopted six orphans. They are being tenderly cared for by Mrs. Myers, who told Colonel Dyer she wished her house was large enough to accommodate more. Colonel Dyer's appeal was answered by a number of wealthy East side residents, who are said to have made arrangements to care for one or more orphans in one of the many institutions.

"I wish there were more men and women like Leo Myers and his wife, and we would be assured of good homes for a number of unfortunate children who badly need homes," said Colonel Dyer.

The adoption of six children by Myers will result in other prosperous men taking children to their homes, in the opinion of social workers.

"It keeps me busy buying for the children, but I enjoy it," is Myers' comment.

Leo F. Myers was a political leader of prominence in Philadelphia before moving to Providence several years ago.

## BAD DEBT BRINGS WEALTH

Texas Farm, Thrust on Kansas Banker, Now Rich in Oil.

Thirty-five years ago J. Z. Miller, Jr., now governor of the Kansas City Federal Reserve bank, was forced, because of a bad debt of \$684, to take possession of an uncultivated farm of 160 acres five miles west of Granger, Tex. During the intervening years Mr. Miller never was able to find anyone who would cultivate the land nor anyone who would buy it. Whenever the taxes fell due, he was reminded that he owned the land. There never was a time that \$20 an acre would not have bought the farm, with the owner's best wishes thrown in.

The farm, so long a thorn in the side of its owner, now has become a source of great wealth. An oil lease speculator recently gave Mr. Miller a bonus of twice the former value of the land for the oil rights, Mr. Miller retaining one-eighth royalty. Wells were drilled and recently one began yielding 2,000 barrels a day.

Experts now estimate that the 160-acre farm, which never earned anything, will have a production of 25,000 barrels of oil a day when completely drilled.

## TUBERCULOSIS' BIG TOLL

Disease Killed Over 25,000 French Soldiers During War.

Twenty-five thousand French soldiers died from tuberculosis during the war and 120,000 men were exempted from service because of the disease, it was stated in the United States senate during a discussion on a bill to establish tuberculosis sanitariums in this country.

## Calf Without Legs.

Joseph Stewart of Bowers, Del., has a cow which gave birth to a calf, born without legs. The calf has a perfect body and apparently is healthy. It rolls over to its feed and seems to enjoy it. People from miles around have viewed the freak and its owner has received several offers from proprietors of museums and sideshows who wish to exhibit it.

## DOLLIE'S CURE

BY MILDRED WHITE.

"And so," gasped Aunt Abigail, "Douglas can never hope to marry while his mother is alive. There are no bonds so strong as the weakness with which an invalid holds her subject."

"Douglas has tried one nurse after another; capable, charming women, too, but not one could bring his mother to any degree of helpfulness to herself. Mrs. Cameron relies upon others for her slightest need, and all are in terror of her hysterical outbursts. Not that Celia Cameron is noisy in her attacks, but her silent and prolonged weeping wears more I think upon one's nerves. Her husband spoiled her by his unreasoning devotion, and Douglas was forced to continue the slavery. Pardon me, my dear, much as I love Celia Cameron, slavery is the word which expresses her exactions. And when it became evident that Douglas was paying attention to yourself, my conscience chided me for being the means of bringing you together. It is honest of him to ask you to spend a few weeks at his home in his mother's fraternal society before urging you to become engaged to him. He certainly wants you to know what you are about, and from what Huldah White told me of her experience as nurse there I can foresee that your visit will be decidedly short. You have neither Huldah's patience nor endurance. You've always been humored yourself, Dollie. When I try to fancy Douglas' mother and you in the same house—the thing is impossible."

Dollie clasped her arms about her curly head, and into the china-blue eyes which had caused her family to bestow upon her the name of Dolly came an inscrutable light.

"Yet, I am going to marry Douglas," she said, "and I'm going to make that visit."

Douglas himself looked apprehensive as he met his sweetheart at the suburban station and drove her out to his fine old home.

"Mother," he gently announced, "Dollie will visit with you in the garden; she will not be in the least offended when you are tired of talking if you send her away."

Dollie agreed with a doubtful smile as the son departed.

"I get tired of talking myself," she told the invalid sadly, "it ruffles my nerves."

"Nerves!" cried the other, and she leaned eagerly forward.

"My doctor forbids the subject, and the nurses were like sticks when I ventured a thought. It will be comforting at least to talk to one who sympathetically understands. Douglas never told me that you also suffer from nerves. Now, do you have wakeful nights, and crying turns, and—"

"I often cry," admitted Dollie, "if things don't go my way. And—I just can't fuss doing every little thing for myself, especially when I've a headache."

The china-blue eyes grew pathetic. "I have a headache now," said Dollie. Would you mind handing me that pillow?"

The invalid hesitated a moment aghast.

"Douglas brings the reclining chair out for me to rest on," she suggested.

Jumping into it, Dollie closed her eyes.

"It's great!" she said cheerfully; "now if you'd just arrange my pillow—" Presently the invalid found herself slipping it under Dollie's quiet head. The girl's soft hair touched the older woman's fingers, and with an unknown impulse the slim hand moved caressingly through its waves.

"Is your head so very bad?" she asked.

Opening her distressed eyes, Dollie answered with a question:

"You think that you could read a little to me—from your book? A reading sound soothes, I think, don't you?"

"I never read aloud," the invalid responded fearfully. I have to be—read to."

"Oh, dear!" moaned the girl, tears seeming dangerously near her quivering lids.

"If you cry," Mrs. Cameron said querulously, "I shall leave you. It would quite unsettle me."

"What," asked Dollie suddenly interested, "do you do when you feel like crying?"

"Some one usually tries to distract me," the invalid replied.

"But how?" Dollie persisted.

"Miss White used to tell me stories," she said at last.

Dollie reclined again with a relieved sigh.

"Suppose," she suggested, "that you tell me a story now about Douglas, when he was a little boy. How he first started off to school, and—some of his naughtiness, too. I love Douglas—more than any one in the world. You love him; we could enjoy the stories together. Please."

Light of reminiscence shone in the mother's tired eyes, a smile for years of happy memory curved her restrained lips.

"There was the time," she began, and then she told her story.

As his mother moved houseward, Dollie's blue eyes opened to twinkle at Douglas' perplexity.

"All she wanted was some one to plan and think for. You were too big and independent, Douglas."

# Yes, it's toasted

YOU know how much toasting improves bread. Makes it taste good. Of course—more flavor.

Same with tobacco—especially Kentucky Burley.

Buy yourself a package of Lucky Strike cigarettes. Notice the toasted flavor. Great! Nothing like it. The real Burley cigarette.



Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.

If everybody was as good as he ought to be it surely would put the churches out of business.

You can refurbish nearly everything if you have the money—except a vacant mind.

You can't disarm a gossip by being kind to her. She'll merely think you guiltier than you are.

## \$50.00 REWARD

I will pay a reward of \$50.00 for any information which may lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons entering and stealing honey, bees, fixtures or other supplies from any of my apiaries.—IRA D. BARTLETT.

The boy who is fatter to the man sometimes acts more like a stepfather. A good many rungs in the ladder of life seem to have been sawed partly in two just ready for you to step on.

Women and men flirts are bad enough but a child coquette is the limit.

## MEN AND WOMEN SLOW UP

Nowadays many persons wrongfully attribute backache, rheumatic pains, sore, swollen, aching joints and muscles and that "always tired" feeling to oncoming age when the real cause is kidney trouble. Foley Kidney Pills help the kidneys throw out of the blood the impurities that cause these symptoms.—Hite's Drug Store.

## DANGERS OF HOT WEATHER

Anyone is doubly liable to ill effects from the hot sun when stomach and bowels are clogged with a mass of undigested food. If you suffer from sick headache, biliousness, bloating, "heaviness" or any ill caused by indigestion take a Foley Cathartic Tablet and you will feel better in the morning.—Hite's Drug Store.

If modesty is a state of mind, empty-minded persons naturally suppose they couldn't be immodest.

## When in BOYNE CITY—

Call At **Kerry's**

RESTAURANT for a Good Meal, Lunch or a dish of good Ice Cream.

Next Time—Buy

# FISK

## CORD TIRES



They are the tough tread tires and a marvel in their resistance to wear.

BIG TIRES—EXCESS MILEAGE

L. C. MONROE

**Briefs of the Week**

Fr. J. W. McNeil was at Ludington this week.

Klon Smith visited friends at Suttons Bay, first of the week.

William Gleason came home from Muskegon, last Saturday.

Thomas Joynt returned Tuesday on a business trip to Portsmouth, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. James Milford were over from Springvale first of the week visiting friends.

Mrs. Herbert Sutton and children went to Traverse City, Friday, for a visit with relatives.

Dr. C. H. Pray left Tuesday for Independence, Iowa, called there by the death of his father.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Leonard of Andover, Ohio, are guests at the home of their son, G. N. Leonard.

Donald Porter returned home Thursday, from a visit with the family of A. E. Cross at Fairfield, Wash.

Mrs. D. Mullens and children of Mancelona, are visiting at the home of her mother, Mrs. W. M. Sexton.

Mrs. Herbert Chorpene with son, Harry, left Tuesday for a visit with relatives at Hartford, Mich.

Sister DeNise, formerly Miss Marie Supernaw, is here from Grand Rapids, visiting friends and relatives.

Mrs. Anna Westjohn of Traverse City was guest at the home of her son, Henry Westjohn, over Sunday.

A thimble party of the Methodist W. F. M. S. will be held at the home of Mrs. J. E. Houghton next Friday.

Misses Elsie and Margaret Stoeckle returned home, Tuesday, from a fortnight's visit with Chicago relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Tenny and Mrs. Belle Palmiter are here from Detroit guests of Mrs. E. A. Palmiter and other relatives.

Mrs. W. P. Porter, Mrs. Morgan Lewis and Miss Alice Porter were at Bay View this week visiting Mrs. R. O. Bisbee.

Mr. and Mrs. D. MacDougall with son, and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Curtis of Detroit are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Joynt.

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Goodman accompanied their daughter and husband—Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Franzen—by auto to Chicago, leaving last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pump with daughter returned to Benton Harbor, Friday, after a visit at the home of the latter's brother, Albert Ziemke.

Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Lewis arrived here from Detroit, last Saturday. Mr. Lewis returned Monday, and Mrs. Lewis remained for a longer visit.

Henry Clark, Wm. Dunlap and two others, left Thursday by auto for Flint, where Contractor Clark commences the erection of a new building for Genesee County.

Mrs. Walter S. Thompson and daughter of Detroit, and Mrs. Otto Burghman and children of Manistee, arrived Monday for a visit with their mother, Mrs. Emma Bucher, who is at the Louis Kowalski home.

The garage owned by Mr. Ericks, corner Esterly and Spring streets, and operated for some time by Reed & Evans, has been purchased by J. Clifford Monk of Chicago, who has taken charge of same. He expects an expert mechanic here from Chicago, in a few days to assist him in the work. We understand Mr. Reed will continue with the new proprietor, and that Mr. Evans contemplates building and operating a garage of his own.

James Hudson is visiting relatives at Flint, this week.

H. H. Cummings was a Traverse City visitor first of the week.

John Ross left Friday for a visit with relatives at Unity, Sask.

Mrs. Samuel Whiteford is visiting her daughter at Charlevoix.

Edward Stanke left Saturday for Detroit, where he has employment.

Miss A. M. Kneale returned Saturday from a visit with relatives at Rochester N. Y.

Mrs. W. M. Sexton and daughter visited relatives at Mancelona, this week.

Mrs. Clinton LaValley returned home last Saturday from a visit with relatives at Flint.

H. L. Dunson of Detroit was in the city on business, and visiting friends, Thursday.

A. L. Bruce of Detroit was guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Everts this week.

R. O. Bisbee was called to Port Hope Wednesday, by the death of his mother—Mrs. C. J. Bisbee.

Miss Merle Dean left Monday for Flint, where she has a position at the Chevrolet Motor Co.

Mrs. M. A. LeMieux and daughter, Miss Marjorie, left Friday for a visit with her husband at Flint.

Mr. and Mrs. George Carr and son returned Tuesday by auto from a visit with relatives at Simcoe, Ont.

Lester Hott, Leslie Winstone and Emel Thorson left Friday for Flint, where they have employment.

Otto Justus returned to Detroit, Saturday, after a visit at the farm home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bartholomew.

Lou Scott and family now occupy the residence on Main street, recently vacated by Wm. McPherson and family.

Mrs. Minnie Duran returned to her home at Lansing last week, after a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Gidley.

Mrs. Earl Brown and children of Mancelona were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brown, first of the week.

Floyd Crankshaw returned to Muskegon, Friday, after a visit at the farm home of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Shepard.

Mrs. Lewis Dalton and daughter of Mancelona are here this week visiting her husband, who has employment here.

Miss Gladys Murner came Thursday from the Soo, for a visit with her grandmother, Mrs. S. Bala, and other relatives.

Mrs. Della Kirkpatrick and daughter, who have been visiting friends here, went to Acme, Friday, to visit her sister.

Miss Bertha Miller, who has been visiting at the home of her brother, Vernon Clark, returned to Ellsworth, Friday.

Miss Hazel Peterson returned to Mancelona, Friday, after a visit with her sister, Mrs. Albert Arnston, and other relatives.

Fred Fallis arrived Friday from Ontario, Cal., to join his family here who are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Brabant.

Miss Beulah Holliday is here from Traverse City for a months visit with her mother, Mrs. J. G. Holliday, and other relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. T. Grigsby and Mr. and Mrs. Damon of Hastings are guests at the home of the formers sister, Mrs. Jas. Gidley.

Att'y and Mrs. E. N. Clink and daughter, Miss Lelia, Mrs. F. Fallis and Miss Belle Roy made an auto trip to Charlevoix and Central Lake, Wednesday.

Mrs. George Hunter and Dewitt Patterson of Ellsworth were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Brabant, Thursday. Charles Fallis accompanied them home for a week's visit.

A. H. Ashby and family are receiving a visit from his three sisters and brother—Mrs. Wm. Chapman of Hastings, Mrs. Ernest Armstrong of Kalamazoo, Mrs. Ernest Horn of Delton, Mich., and Fred Ashby and family of Delton.

All Wool Jersey for dresses and skirts at M. E. ASHLEY & CO.

What was regarded by everyone present as the most successful picnic of local Methodism and with upwards of 350 people on hand everything passed off with nothing whatever to mar the occasion. The program was short and spicy and the games wholly interesting. The boys nearly put one over on the men in baseball and even the women helped the boys in the tug-of-war with the men. It was unanimously voted to make this picnic of all Methodists and friends an annual affair.

Clifford LaClair left Thursday for Chicago.

Miss Lois Scott visited friends at Belaire this week.

Miss Ethel Murray returned Tuesday from Old Mission.

Walter Johnson left Monday for Detroit, where he has a position.

Earl Brown and family are moving here this week from Mancelona.

Miss Mary Rebec went to Petoskey, Monday, where she has employment.

Jos. Conway is very low with tuberculosis at his home on the West Side.

Miss Grace Osborne of Petoskey was guest of Miss Louise Loveday first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Green and children are visiting relatives at Kalkaska and Rapid City.

Rev. A. D. Grigsby left Wednesday for Toledo, Ohio, where he will remain this month.

A. R. Ostrander and McKinley Ostrander left Thursday for a visit with relatives at Flint.

Hector McKinnon, Sr., who has been visiting relatives here, returned to Detroit, Tuesday.

Charles Loper of Central Lake was guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Dalton over Sunday.

Jake Reifman returned to Kalamazoo Thursday, after a visit at the home of his uncle, H. Rosenthal.

Mrs. A. J. Springstead of Central Lake, visited at the home of her son, Ira Springstead, over Sunday.

Mrs. M. Summerville of Central Lake was guest at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Ernest Higby, over Sunday.

Miss Jane McDonald, who has been guest of Miss Myrtle Joynt, left Wednesday for her home at Bad Axe.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. DeLaurentis of Chicago, are visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Zoulek.

Mrs. Henry Humeston returned Monday from Hesperia, Mich., where she was called by the death of her sister.

Mrs. M. Highland and daughter, Florence, of Elk Rapids, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Glenn Burton.

Mrs. Carl Pardee was here from Flint first of the week, called here by the serious illness of her brother, Jos. Conway.

Com'r of Schools May L. Stewart, who has been taking a short course at the U. of M., returned home Friday night.

Miss Nell Maddaugh came up from Detroit Friday night for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Maddaugh.

Mrs. Peter Gillis and daughter, Miss Grace, of Traverse City, were guests at the home of Mrs. Wilbur King over Sunday.

Arthur Howard returned to Detroit, Wednesday, after a two weeks visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Howard.

Mrs. E. Conway with son, Theodore Conway was called here this week from Flint, by the illness of her son, Jos. Conway.

Mrs. L. Stapleton and children of Mancelona, were guests at the home of her brother, Henry Alexander, first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Patterson with children left Wednesday for Battle Creek, where they expect to make their home.

Mrs. F. B. Hibbler and son, who have been visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. Jas. Howard, returned to Detroit, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Johnson and son returned to Grand Rapids, Thursday, after a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John McEachran.

M. E. Ladies Aid will be entertained at the home of Mrs. Chas. Hudkins, Wednesday afternoon, Aug. 13th. Full attendance desired.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Smith returned to their home at Toledo, Ohio, Tuesday, after a week's visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Blount.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Bala and children of Duluth, Minn., are here guests of the former's sister, Mrs. Fred Longtin, and other relatives.

Mrs. A. H. Perrin and children, who have spent the past few weeks at Eveline Orchards, returned to their home at Saginaw, Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Gunson returned to East Lansing, Thursday, after a two weeks visit at the home of the latter's mother, Mrs. Jas. Isaman.

Miss Marie Kelley who has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Kenny, left Wednesday for a visit with relatives at Grand Rapids. From there she goes to her home at Peoria, Ill. Miss Leanne Kenny accompanied her to Bellaire.

See our Voile Dresser at \$5.50.—M. E. ASHLEY & CO.

Miss Anna Berg was home over Sunday from Petoskey.

See the assortment of new Fall Hats at M. E. ASHLEY & CO.

Ralph Freeman left Monday for Detroit, where he has employment.

Miss Fern Sheldon of Cadillac is guest of her cousin, Miss Margaret Supernaw.

Miss Laura Giles returned home Monday from a visit with relatives at Detroit.

Miss Winnifred Maddaugh is home from her studies at the Ypsilanti State Normal.

Mrs. Pearl McHale and Miss Grace Fickhaver were Traverse City visitors first of the week.

Mrs. Ralph Sill returned Monday from East Lansing, where she has been attending the M. A. C.

Mrs. E. A. Pillman of Montague is guest at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Stewart.

Miss Mildred Drescher came Friday from Bay View, for a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Hilliard.

Misses Mable Maddock and Edna Palmer went to Fife Lake, Thursday, to attend the M. E. Training Camp for Girls.

Mrs. Harold Henderson with daughter Lois of Harbor Beach is guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Stewart.

Joe, little son of Mrs. Marjorie Boyd, received a badly cut foot, Thursday, when he stepped on some broken glass while playing.

Miss Laura Heileman returned home from the Ypsilanti State Normal Friday night. She has completed a two-year course and received a life certificate.

Wells F. Harvey with son, William, and Roy L. Lorraine with son, Clarence, drove through by auto from Big Rapids, Friday, for a short visit here, leaving here for Mackinaw.

Lawrence, 1 month, 8 days, old son of Mr. and Mrs. James Hignite, passed away Tuesday. Funeral services were held from the home, Thursday morning, conducted by Rev. M. E. Hoyt.

See our line of Dresses and Rompers for kiddies. "They are different."—M. E. ASHLEY & CO.

FOR SALE—A four year old Holstein cow, now milking, and gentle.—Apply to E. E. HARTMAN, Phone 166F3.

**TEAM FOR SALE**—Inquire of Samuel F. Richardson.

**FOR SALE**—My Two Residences on Second street.—HARRY SIMMONS.

**WANTED**—Five Pupil Nurses and a Kitchen Girl at the BRAINERD HOSPITAL, Alma, Mich.

**FOR SALE**—My residence on Main St., or will trade for farm property. Apply to LEO LALONDE.

**WANTED**—Plain Sewing and Hemstitching.—Mrs. Chamberlin, one block east and one block north of the Schoolhouse.

\$3.00 down, \$2.00 per month, buys the best Singer Sewing Machine. Houses and Lots also sold on easy terms; come in and look my list over, great bargains, easy terms.—E. A. LEWIS.

**FOR SALE**—A Briscoe auto, 1916 model, four cylinder, five-passenger touring car. In first class condition, selling for reason that I am going away for the season, buyer will save from three to four hundred dollars on this car.—Apply to E. E. HARTMAN.

**First Methodist Episcopal Church**  
Rev. M. E. Hoyt, Pastor.

Sunday, Aug. 10, 1919.

10:30 a. m.—"These things done and others not left undone."  
12:00 m.—Sunday School.  
7:00 p. m.—Epworth League.

7:30 p. m.—First of the Robinson "Prosperity" and Travelogue Lectures. See announcement in another column of this paper.

Thursday p. m.—Prayer meeting.

**Presbyterian Church Notes**  
Robert S. Sidebotham, Pastor.

Sunday, Aug. 10, 1919.

10:30 a. m.—Morning Worship.  
12 Noon—Sunday School.

Sunday morning the preacher will be Dr. J. G. Gardiner, pastor of the New England Congregational church of Chicago. We remember the excellent service conducted by him last year. Dr. Gardiner was one of the representatives of the Congregational church at the conference on Church Union held last December.

Sunday, Aug. 17, Dr. Homer E. Wark pastor of the College Hill M. E. of Wichita, Kansas, will preach.

**The Robinson Prosperity and Travelogue Lectures Come To East Jordan.**

The people of East Jordan are to be favored with a series of lectures by Dr. and Mrs. A. T. Robinson. Dr. Robinson delivers his lectures on the general subject of Prosperity and then Mrs. Robinson follows with an illustrated travelog each evening. The lectures will be given in the Methodist Church, commencing Sunday evening. No admission fee except a silver offering each evening. On Friday evening there is a fee of 25c. This week they are at Charlevoix and people who have heard them there pronounce them especially fine. Mrs. Robinson is a noted world traveler. The following is a syllabus of the Lectures:

Sunday night—"Prosperity's Source," "The Passion Play at Oberammergau" (Illustrated.)

Monday night—"Prosperity's Law," "Japan and the Japanese as I saw them."—(Illustrated.)

Tuesday night—"The Law's Reflex," "New Zealand, the Home of Democracy"—(Illustrated.)

Wednesday night—"The Law and Opportunity," "Scotland and Scottish Characteristics"—(Illustrated.)

Thursday night—"The Law—Objections and Obligations"—Travelog, "England and English Characteristics."

Friday night—Special, 25c. "Russia and its Island—Prison, Saghalien." Mrs. Robinson is one of the very few travellers who ever gained access to that "Isle of the Lost" as the Russians call it.

**Better Than Pills For Liver Ills.**

You can't feel so good but what you will make you feel better.

Get a 25c. Box.

**Nature's Remedy**

YOUR DRUGGIST

GIDLEY & MAC, Druggists.

**Shopping!**

While shopping visit our Jewelry Store and look the Jewelry over. Here you will find an up-to-date line of

**LINKS RINGS PINS WATCHES**

All Kinds of Clocks, Watches and Jewelry REPAIRED.

**Clyde Hunsberger**  
Registered Optometrist  
Next To Temple Theatre.

**Have You Tried It Yet?**

**There's Every Reason Why You Should!**

**We Mean**

**"IRON DUKE" Flour**

**ARGO MILLING CO.**  
MANUFACTURERS  
United States Food Administration License No. 36828  
CHARLEVOIX EAST JORDAN CENTRAL LAKE

# MOTHERS TO BE

Should Read Mrs. Monyhan's Letter Published by Her Permission.

Mitchell, Ind.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me so much during the time I was looking forward to the coming of my little one that I am recommending it to other expectant mothers. Before taking it, some days I suffered with neuralgia so badly that I thought I could not live, but after taking three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was entirely relieved of neuralgia. I had gained in strength and was able to go around and do all my housework. My baby when seven months old weighed 19 pounds and I feel better than I have for a long time. I never had any medicine do me so much good."—Mrs. PEARL MONYHAN, Mitchell, Ind.

Good health during maternity is a most important factor to both mother and child, and many letters have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., telling of health restored during the trying period by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

**YOU NEED NOT TRAVEL**  
It is safe to say that as many persons have secured relief from hay fever and asthma at home by taking Foley's Honey and Tar as have been benefited by going to health resorts. It heals and soothes the choking, "stuffed-up" sensation. Good for all colds, coughs and croup. Contains no opiates.—Hite's Drug Store.

**Hugh W. Dicken**  
Physician and Surgeon  
East Jordan, Mich. Phone No. 128  
Office Hours:  
11:00 to 12:00 a. m.  
2:00 to 4:00 and 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.

**Dr. W. H. Parks**  
Physician and Surgeon  
Office in Monroe block, over East Jordan Drug Co's Store  
Phone 158—4 rings  
Office hours; 1:30 to 4:00 p. m.  
7:00 to 8:00 p. m.  
X-RAY In Office.

**Doctor Branch**  
Office Second Floor of the Monroe Block.  
PHONE 77

**Dr. F. P. Ramsey**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Graduate of College of Physicians and Surgeons of the University of Illinois.  
OFFICE SHERMAN BLOCK  
East Jordan, Mich.  
Phone No. 196.

**Dr. G. W. Bechtold**  
DENTIST  
Office Hours: 8:00 to 12:00 a. m.  
1:00 to 5:00 p. m.  
Evenings by Appointment.  
Office, Second Floor of Kimball Block.

**Dr. C. H. Pray**  
Dentist  
Office Hours:  
8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m.  
And Evenings.  
Phone No. 223.

## PHRENOLOGY WRECKS HOME

California Man Lays Blame Home to Science.

A phrenologist's bump "busted up" the home of William Edwin Wiseman of Los Angeles. So it is stated in a suit for divorce that Wiseman filed against Ada Fortner Wiseman.

According to Wiseman, his wife got hold of a book on phrenology and a chart and proceeded to phrenologize his head. Then she is said to have announced in the presence of guests that she was of a much greater artistic temperament than her husband. According to her analysis of the bumps on his head, it is alleged, she made the deduction that she was misnamed. All this, coupled with sundry other things, charged Wiseman, caused him great mental suffering and resulted in a breakdown. The couple were married in 1904.

You talk about your "daily grind." If its "grand," you'd better get out of it.

The man who, last winter, was "going to buy an automobile in the spring," now is waiting until fall because he thinks prices will be lower.

## Notice of Circuit Court Commissioner's Sale.

State of Michigan, The Circuit Court for the County of Charlevoix, in Chancery.

HORACE S. HARSHA, Plaintiff,

vs.  
HATTIE BUSH, and FLORA U. HAIRE, Defendants.

In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court for the county of Charlevoix—in Chancery, made and entered on the 21st day of June, 1919, in the above entitled cause, I, the subscriber, a Circuit Court Commissioner for the county of Charlevoix, shall sell at public auction or vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, at the front door of the courthouse in the city of Charlevoix, in said county of Charlevoix, (that being the place for holding the circuit court in and for said county) on Monday the 18th day of August, A. D. 1919, at Ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day all or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount due to said plaintiff for Principal, Interest, Taxes and Costs in this cause, those certain lands and premises situate and being in the city of Charlevoix, County of Charlevoix, and State of Michigan, described as follows, to-wit:—

Commencing at an iron pin set 12.09 chains west of North and South quarter (1/4) line of Section Twenty-seven (27) in Town Thirty-four (34) North, Range Eight (8) West on a prolongation of North line of Upright Avenue; the same being the South-west corner of land decided by Joseph Bassett to William Crandall and Florence M. Crandall; Thence North along Crandall's West line 6.28 chains to the North-west corner of said Crandall's land in center of Highway; thence South Seventy (70) Highways west 4.25 chains; Thence South 4.50 chains more or less to prolongation of North line of Upright Avenue; Thence East Four chains to place of beginning and being a part of Government lot Two (2), in Section Twenty-seven (27), Town Thirty-four (34) North, Range Eight (8) West, and containing 2.10 acres of land more or less and being Lot Four (4) of Un-recorded plat, and,

Also, commencing at a point in the North and South quarter (1/4) line of Section Twenty-seven (27), Town Thirty-four (34) North, Range Eight (8) West, as per the United States survey thereof marked by the intersection of the center line of the highway with said quarter (1/4) line at a point 51.81 feet South of the center of said section; running thence South Seventy (70) degrees west along the center line of said highway 848.10 feet to an iron pin set in the center of said highway, which iron pin is the starting point of this description; Thence running South from said starting point 414.48 feet to the North line of a highway which is a prolongation westward of Upright Avenue in the city of Charlevoix, county of Charlevoix, and state of Michigan; Thence East along the North line of said last mentioned highway 459.56 feet to an iron stake; Thence North 583.44 feet to an iron stake set in the center of the highway first above mentioned; Thence South Seventy (70) degrees West along the center of said highway to the starting point aforesaid; being a part of lot Two (2) of said Section Twenty-seven (27), Township Thirty-four (34) North, Range Eight (8) West aforesaid containing five acres of land more or less. Said description is also designated as lot Five (5) on an unrecorded plat of the subdivision of a part of Lot Two (2) and the South-east quarter (1/4) of the South-west quarter (1/4) of said Section Twenty-seven (27), Town Thirty-four (34) North, Range Eight (8) West aforesaid, made by the Trustees of the Estate of Austin C. Newman, deceased, and,

A part of Government Lot Two (2); Section Twenty-seven (27), Township Thirty-four (34) North, Range Eight (8) West, commencing on the West eighth line of said Section Twenty-seven (27) at the intersection of the North line of Upright Avenue of the city of Charlevoix extended; thence said eighth line, Thence running North on said eighth line 3.48 chains; Thence North Seventy (70) degrees East along proposed road 3.81 chains to Northwest corner of land now owned by the Hodge Estate; Thence South along West line of said Hodge Estate land 4.68 chains to North line of Upright Avenue extended; Thence west 3.87 chains to place of beginning and containing 1.50 acres more or less and being designated on an unrecorded plat of the Austin C. Newman Estate as Lot No. Three (3).

Dated at Boyne City, Michigan, this 24th day of June, 1919.

M. E. SILVERSTEIN, Circuit Court Commissioner, Charlevoix County, Michigan  
CLINK & WILLIAMS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Business Address, East Jordan, Michigan.

## FRENCH STAR TENNIS PLAYER IN ACTION



Taken on the courts at Wimbledon, England, where famous stars met in championship tennis matches, our photo shows Miss Suzanne Lenglen, famous French star in the midst of a "play."

## HIGHER STATUS FOR PRIVATE SECRETARY

Degree of "B. S. S." (Bachelor of Secretarial Science) Conferred at This School.

Boston university, whose professional schools of law, medicine, theology and education are known nationally, announces the addition of a new professional school—the College of Secretarial Science. Its purpose is to train young women for the tasks of the private secretary, executive secretary, social secretary, civil service secretary, office manager, accountant's assistant.

The college has courses covering four years, leading to the degree of bachelor of secretarial science. A short two-year course is also offered, but does not lead to the degree, and a one-year course of intensive study for college graduates is provided.

The college will open for its first term in September. A full curriculum for the full four-year course has not yet been worked out, but the program for the first year shows the following as the subjects of study for prospective secretaries: English writing, United States resources and industries, secretarial ethics and duties, modern foreign languages, history, business mathematics, shorthand, typewriting, physical education.

Business and society women of Boston and vicinity appear in its announcement bulletin as the board of advisors. Among the advisors are: Mrs. Andrew J. Peters, Mrs. F. L. Higginson, Mrs. James J. Storror, Mrs. Nathaniel Thayer, Mrs. Barrett Wendell, Mrs. F. Lothrop Ames, Mrs. Elsha Flagg, Miss Ellen Fitz Pendleton, Mrs. Frederick Winslow and Mrs. Charles Sumner Bird. Theodore Lawrence Davis is director and professor of secretarial science.

## SALTS IF KIDNEYS OR BLADDER BOTHER

Harmless to flush Kidneys and neutralize irritating acids—Splendid for system.

Kidney and Bladder weakness result from uric acid, says a noted authority. The kidneys filter this acid from the blood and pass it on to the bladder, where it often remains to irritate and inflame, causing a burning, scalding sensation, or setting up an irritation at the neck of the bladder, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night. The sufferer is in constant dread, the water passes sometimes with a scalding sensation and is very profuse; a sin, there is difficulty in avoiding it.

Bladder weakness, most folks call it, because they can't control urination. While it is extremely annoying and sometimes very painful, this is really one of the most simple ailments to overcome. Get about four ounces of Jad Salts from your pharmacist and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast, continue this for two or three days. This will neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation to the bladder and urinary organs which then act normally again.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless, and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is used by thousands of folks who are subject to urinary disorders caused by uric acid irritation. Jad Salts is splendid for kidneys and causes no bad effects whatever.

Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink, which quickly relieves bladder trouble.

# TEMPLE THEATRE

## 6 NIGHTS 6

### Starting Monday, Aug. 11th

RETURN OF THE

# HENDERSON STOCK COMPANY

In a repertoire of Comedies and Dramas, featuring the greatest Drama of the day:—

## "Her Unborn Child"

Opening Monday Night in the great police play

## "Which One Shall I Marry?"

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RESERVE YOUR SEATS AT HUNSBERGER'S JEWELRY STORE

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