

Charlevoix County Herald.

Vol. 22

EAST JORDAN, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, AUGUST 9, 1918.

No. 32

Our Schools in Safe Hands

Supt. Keyworth of Gaylord Will Have Charge.

Superintendent M. R. Keyworth of Gaylord has been tendered and has accepted the Superintendency of the East Jordan Public Schools for the coming year. Our School Board may well congratulate themselves on securing such an able man, particularly in these war-times. And our citizens can rest assured that our schools will be in competent hands. Supt. Keyworth has had charge of the Gaylord Public Schools for a number of years and his work there has stamped him as an educator of value.

The below tribute was paid Supt. Keyworth by the Otsego County Advance on the occasion of the graduation exercises, 1917:

"Fortune smiled upon the Gaylord School Board when they engaged Mr. M. R. Keyworth as Superintendent of the local school three years ago.

So well pleased were the school board and people of the school district in general with Mr. Keyworth's management of our educational institution that he was engaged for another two years.

Supt. Keyworth is an able instructor. He is an executive of the first order and has been highly successful in managing the difficult school affairs in a harmonious, yet aggressive manner. He is progressive in every thought and action. He believes the school building and grounds should represent something more than synonyms for learning. He believes that the school should be the social center for the young people of the community, and is striving persistently to make the school room so attractive and the course of study so practical that young men and women will be compelled to recognize how enjoyable and essential high school life may be.

Under Supt. Keyworth's administration for the past three years the interest in the school has very materially increased, among students and citizens alike, and the coming year promises to be one of the most successful in the history of the school."

Commission Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the City Commission held at the commission rooms, Monday evening, Aug. 5, 1918. Meeting was called to order by Mayor Cross. Present—Cross, Gidley and Crowell. Absent—None.

On motion by Crowell, the following bills were allowed:

E. W. Giles, cleaning streets	\$33.00
Chas. Logan, handling cement	9.00
Hite Drug Co., express charges	7.18
Henry Cook, salary	75.00
Reid-Graft Plumb. Co., labor and material	78.17
D. H. Fitch, salary & rental	24.17
Hersey Mfg Co., meter bottoms etc.	11.63
C. B. Crowell, salary	50.00
A. B. Knowlson, joint filler	17.70
W. H. Supernaw, repair work	1.25
Northern Auto Co., airless tires	73.95
Otis J. Smith, salary	25.00
Mich. State Tel. Co., rentals	6.25
Enterprise Pub. Co., printing	27.80
R. Brigham, draying	7.44
E. B. Clark Seed Co., storing cement	25.00
G. A. Lisk, printing	1.25
M. J. Williams, painting sign	5.00
John Porter, expense	20.00
F. J. Gruber, rental	25.00

The State Board of Health, having maintained that a health officer must be appointed each year, Dr. Robert A. Risk was re-appointed for the ensuing year.

The following named persons were appointed as members of election boards for the primary election to be held Aug. 27, 1918.

First Ward—Wm. F. Bashaw, James C. Key, H. J. Carpenter, H. A. Goodman and David J. Whiteford.

Second Ward—Fred Longtin, M. J. Williams, W. R. Burnett, J. A. Nickless and W. F. Empey.

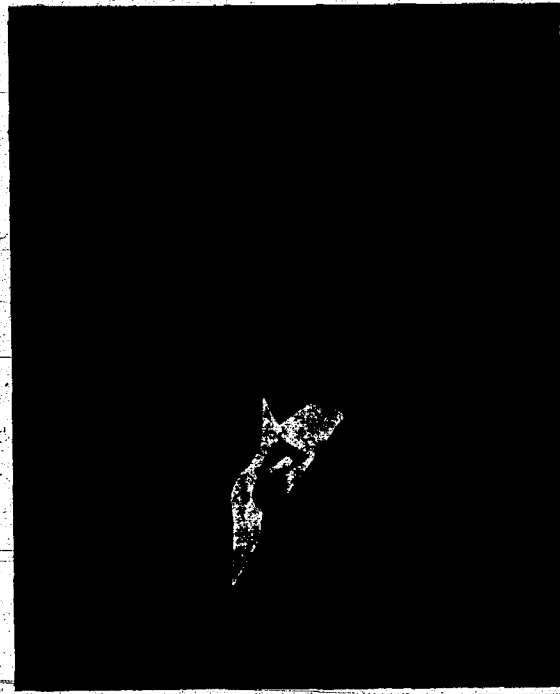
Third Ward—C. C. Mack, W. T. Boswell, A. G. Rogers, Arthur Ward and C. B. Crowell.

Moved by Gidley, supported by Crowell, that the above appointments be confirmed. Carried.

On motion by Crowell, meeting was adjourned.

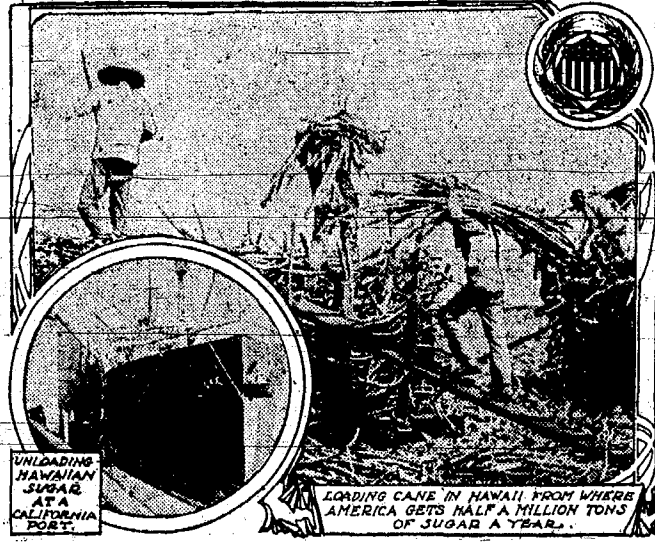
Otis J. Smith, City Clerk.

Talkative people seldom say much, as long as they think they do they are happy.



SUPT. M. R. KEYWORTH
Who Comes Here From Gaylord Next Month To Take Charge of East Jordan Public Schools.

Saving Sugar Saves Shipping

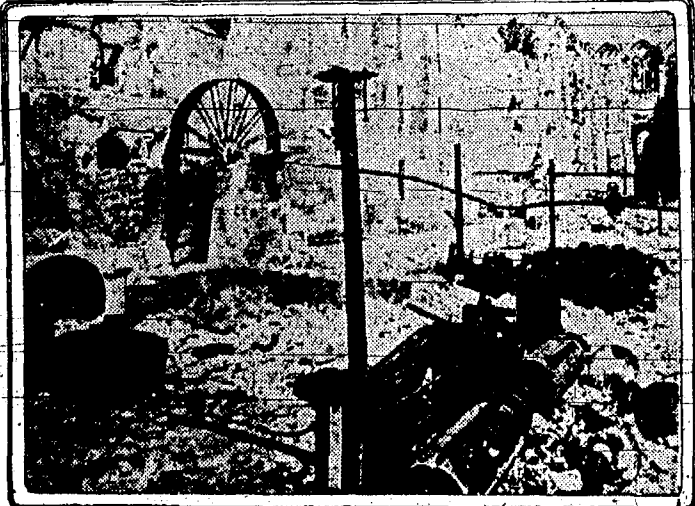


AMERICAN families would have less sugar than the people of war torn France, if we depended entirely on our home-grown sugar stocks.

Approximately 75 per cent. of our sugar is shipped to our shores. We produce about 1,000,000 tons of sugar a year. Our imports from abroad amount to over 3,000,000 tons a year in normal times.

The United States Food Administration asks each family to limit its use of sugar to two pounds per month per person for household use. The military situation demands that every available ship be placed at the disposal of the Army or Navy. When we save sugar, we save shipping.

French Sugar Mills Destroyed



France must import sugar today, most of it from this side of the ocean, because the largest portion of French sugar beet land is in German hands. As a result, the French people have been placed on a sugar ration of about 18 pounds a year for domestic use; a pound and a half a month. This photograph shows how the German troops destroyed French sugar mills. Thanks to the French rationing system the annual consumption has been cut to 600,000 tons, according to reports reaching the United States Food Administration. Before the war France had an average sugar crop of about 750,000 tons of sugar and had some left over for export.

Michigan Men In Big Battle

Thirty-second Division in Soissons-Rheims Sector.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Announcement by General March, chief of staff of the army to newspaper correspondents, that the Thirty-second division had been moved up into the Soissons-Rheims sector, indicates that the former Michigan national guard companies including our own Company I, will be in the hottest part of the fighting from now on.

It shows that they have completed their course of training on foreign soil, and are now considered the equal of any of the veteran troops. They took their training in the Vosges section on German soil, near the Swiss border, which has been used as a training ground for the Rainbow and other crack divisions.

The Thirty-second is now consolidated with General Hunter Liggett's 1st army corps, which is announced as fighting continuously along the ten miles of front which the American army is now holding. As the Germans are now in almost full retreat it is not believed that the Thirty-second will experience such heavy casualties as present as other divisions which have occupied this sector.

This was announced Saturday by General March, chief of staff, who revealed in his semi-weekly conference with newspaper correspondents that eight American divisions now are engaged on the sector where General Foch's offensive is in full swing.

Declaring that the objective of our forces is still the destruction of the enemy's army General March presented a confidential report showing the success of the American-Allied advance. An officer of General Muir's staff, back from Fere-en-Tardenois, made the report saying it did not seem possible to gather all the guns and material abandoned by the Germans.

Discussing man-power March said all troop shipping records went by the board in July when more than 300,000 American soldiers were sent to France.

CIRCUIT COURT JURORS.

The following Petit Jury was drawn for the August term of Court, subject to call:

James Meggison	Marion Twp
Herbert O. Easton	Metrose
Antoine Sharrow	Norwood
Frank McCauley	Peaine
Harmon Pichuner	St. James
Chas. P. Murphy	South Arm
Frank Davis	Wilson
John P. Leist	Bay
George Cramer	Boyne Valley
Oliver Poof	Chandler
Albert Reynolds	Charlevoix
Roy Blair	Evangeline
Harry E. Coblentz	Eveline
Dean E. Scroggie	Hayes
Nick Lorentz	Boyne City 1st Ward
Elmer Bird	" 2nd W
S. C. Smith	" 3rd W
C. H. Sanborn	" 4th W
Roy Babcock	Charlevoix 1st W
J. L. Crane	" 2nd W
Leonard P. Adams	" 3rd W
John McKinnon	East Jordan 1st W
Levi Calkins	" 2nd W
Kenneth Hathaway	" 3rd W

WOMAN'S CASE STARTLES EAST JORDAN

A business man's wife could not read or sew without sharp pain in her eyes. For years her eyes were red and weak. Finally she tried pure Lavoptik eye wash. The result of ONE application astonished her. A small bottle Lavoptik is guaranteed to benefit EVERY CASE weak, strained or inflamed eyes. ONE WASH will startle with its quick results. Aluminum eye cup FREE. Gidley & Mac, Druggists.

Health makes wealth for some, but not for the physician and the undertaker.

Marriage may be a failure or it may not be. In either case there is a lot of indisputable evidence to the contrary.

LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEER WRITES
When the kidneys are not working properly, back ache, stiff joints, rheumatic pains and suffering result. George McLain, Turtle Lake, N. D., writes: "I am a locomotive engineer. I had a bad pain in my back and my bladder action was very irregular. I took Foley Kidney Pills and was relieved in a couple of days." Hite's Drug Store.

Farmers Are Uniting

Cooperative Association Membership Increasing Rapidly.

The East Jordan Cooperative Association what organized in this city June 18th, has increased in membership until today there are some one hundred and fifty representative farmers of this region enrolled as paid members.

It is the hope of the officers of the organization that there will be a one hundred per cent representation of the farmers and horticulturalists of this region in the association for it is only through a united effort that a maximum amount of good results can be obtained.

The officers and directors have held several important sessions and considerable work accomplished. The organization has leased the Supernaw Warehouse on State-st and will use this in handling their produce the coming year.

The By-Laws of the Association have been issued in booklet form and are now ready for distribution to the members.

SHARE OUR SUGAR WITH THE ALLIES

British Get Two Pounds a Month, French Pound and Half, Italians One Pound.

GERMAN SUPPLY PLENTIFUL.

All Nations Permit Use of Sweetening for Home Preserving Purposes.

America's new sugar ration of two pounds a month per person is equitable when compared with the sugar ration enforced by rigid governmental order in England, France and Italy, nations with which we are sharing sugar.

Each Allied nation—in the matter of sugar consumption—is sharing on nearly equal possible equal terms the hardships imposed by greatly altered conditions in the world sugar situation.

Formerly classed as a luxury, sugar is now a war time essential. The fair and just division of this essential is in the hands of the various Allied food controllers.

The United States Food Administration has asked this nation to observe a voluntary sugar ration of two pounds per person a month.

In the other countries at war with Germany sugar is one of the scarce articles on every menu—whether in the households of both rich and poor, or in the hotels.

England today has a sugar ration of two pounds per month per person. In France the ration is a pound and a half and in Italy it is one pound a month. And the prices in allied countries are from two to three times as high as in America.

If you go to a hotel in England or France these days and order tea or coffee they serve absolutely no sugar with it. If you want sugar you must bring it with you.

In England it is allowable to use one-seventh of an ounce of sugar in the preparation of each luncheon. In France many persons carry little saccharine tablets about with them for use in hotels and in England rich and poor must take their sugar with them if they wish to have sweetened tea while visiting friends.

Before the war started France had 625,000 acres devoted to sugar production. By 1917 the French sugar acreage had decreased to 180,000 acres. Today the French man or woman with a sugar card has no assurance whatever that he or she will be able to actually buy sugar. To buy it, one must first find it.

Italy Has "State Sugar."
Especially drastic regulations govern the use of sugar in Italy. Its manufacture, distribution and sale are closely controlled, and in part actually taken over by the state.

Saccharine is permitted to be sold and used as a substitute for sugar and the government manufactures a mixture of saccharine and sugar called "State Sugar," which is largely used.

German Sugar Ration Adequate.
Germany, before the war, produced a great surplus of sugar and exported large quantities. Today the Germans have virtually gone out of the export business, but have plenty of cheap sugar for home use.

Wholesale prices prevalent in the Allied nations, according to information received by the United States Food Administration are as follows: England, 10 cents a pound; France, 12 cents; Italy, 26 cents.

While these high prices are being paid abroad the American wholesale price is being held at 7 1/2 cents.

Our Saved Food Fed the Allies

Conservation measures applied by the American people enabled the United States to ship to the Allied peoples and to our own forces overseas 141,000,000 bushels of wheat and 844,800,000 pounds of meat during the past year, valued in all at \$1,400,000,000. This was accomplished in the face of a serious food shortage in this country, bespeaking the wholeheartedness and patriotism with which the American people have met the food crisis abroad.

Food Administrator Hoover, in a letter to President Wilson, explains how the situation was met. The voluntary conservation program fostered by the Food Administration enabled the piling up of the millions of bushels of wheat during 1917-18 and the shipment of meat during 1917-18.

The total value of all food shipments to Allied destinations amounted to \$1,400,000,000, all this food being bought through or in collaboration with the Food Administration. These figures are all based on official reports and represent food exports for the harvest year that closed June 30, 1918.

The shipments of meats and fats (including meat products, dairy products, vegetable oils, etc.) to Allied destinations were as follows:

Fiscal year 1916-17	2,168,500,000 lbs.
Fiscal year 1917-18	3,011,100,000 lbs.

Increase 844,800,000 lbs.

Our slaughterable animals at the beginning of the last fiscal year were not appreciably larger than the year before and particularly in hogs; they were probably less. The increase in shipments is due to conservation and the extra weight of animals added by our farmers.

The full effect of these efforts began to bear their best results in the last half of the fiscal year, when the exports to the Allies were 2,138,100,000 pounds, as against 1,268,600,000 pounds in the same period of the year before. This compares with an average of 801,000,000 pounds of total exports for the same half years in the three-year pre-war period.

In cereals and cereal products reduced to terms of cereal bushels our shipments to Allied destinations have been:

Fiscal year 1916-17	259,900,000 bushels
Fiscal year 1917-18	340,800,000 bushels

Increase 80,900,000 bushels

Of these cereals our shipments of the prime breadstuffs in the fiscal year 1917-18 to Allied destinations were: Wheat 131,000,000 bushels and of rye 18,900,000 bushels, a total of 144,900,000 bushels.

The exports to Allied destinations during the fiscal year 1916-17 were: Wheat 135,100,000 bushels and rye 2,800,000 bushels, a total of 137,900,000 bushels. In addition some 10,000,000 bushels of 1917 wheat are now in port for Allied destinations or en route thereto. The total shipments to Allied countries from our last harvest of wheat will be therefore, about 141,000,000 bushels, or a total of 154,900,000 bushels of prime breadstuffs. In addition to this we have shipped some 10,000,000 bushels to neutrals dependent upon us, and we have received some imports from other quarters.

"This accomplishment of our people in this matter stands out even more clearly if we bear in mind that we had available in the fiscal year 1916-17 from net carry-over and an surplus over our normal consumption about 200,000,000 bushels of wheat which we were able to export that year without trenching on our home loaf," Mr. Hoover said. "This last year, however, owing to the large failure of the 1917 wheat crop, we had available from net carry-over and production and imports only just about our normal consumption. Therefore our wheat shipments to Allied destinations represent approximately savings from our own wheat bread."

"These figures, however, do not fully convey the volume of the effort and sacrifice made during the past year by the whole American people. Despite the magnificent effort of our agricultural population in planting a much increased acreage in 1917, not only was there a very large failure in wheat, but also the corn failed to mature properly, and our corn is our dominant crop."

"I am sure," Mr. Hoover wrote in concluding his report, "that all the millions of our people, agricultural as well as urban, who have contributed to these results should feel a very definite satisfaction that in a year of universal food shortages in the northern hemisphere all of those people joined together against Germany have come through into sight of the coming harvest not only with wealth and strength fully maintained, but with only temporary periods of hardship."

"It is difficult to distinguish between various sections of our people—the homes; public eating places, food trades, urban or agricultural populations—in assessing credit for these results, but no one will deny the dominant part of the American women."

Primary Election.

To the Qualified Electors of the City of East Jordan, State of Michigan, Notice is hereby given that a General Primary Election will be held in said city on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1918.

- At the places in the several wards of said City as indicated below, viz.:
 First Ward—Passenger Building.
 Second Ward—Town Hall.
 Third Ward—Hose House.

For the purpose of placing in nomination by all political parties participating therein, candidates for the following offices, viz.:

- National—One candidate for United States Senator.
- State—One candidate for Governor; one candidate for Lieutenant Governor.
- Congressional—One candidate for Representative in Congress for the Congressional District of which said City forms a part.
- Legislative—One candidate for Senator in the State Legislature for the Senatorial district of which said City forms a part; one candidate for Representative in the State Legislature for the Legislative district of which said City forms a part.
- County—Also candidates for the following county offices, viz.: Sheriff, County Clerk, County Treasurer, Register of Deeds, Prosecuting Attorney, County Auditor, one Circuit Court Commissioner, County Drain Commissioner, Coroner (2), Surveyor, one County Road Commissioner.

DELEGATES TO COUNTY CONVENTION

There shall also be elected, as many Delegates to the county convention of the several political parties as said ward, precinct or district is entitled to under the call of the county committees of said political parties, which number will be indicated by the number of blank lines printed on the official primary ballots used at said election under the heading, "Delegates to County Conventions." The Board of Primary Election Inspectors will furnish delegates with credentials, entitling them to seats in the county conventions, except that where there is more than one precinct in a ward or district and the county committee require the election of delegates from the ward or district as a whole, such delegates should be admitted without credentials. Names of candidates for delegates to county conventions will not appear on the official primary ballots, but will be written or pasted in by the voter, in the place designated on said ballot.

Separate ballots for each political party, somewhat in the form as shown herewith, will be provided. The elector must name the political party of his choice when asking for a ballot and in marking his ballot must make a cross in the square to the left of the name of each elector for whom he desires to vote, and can vote for "only one" candidate for an office, except where two candidates are to be elected, in which case he should vote for two.

After the ballot is prepared it should be folded so that the initials of the inspector below the perforated corner will be on the outside.

OFFICIAL PRIMARY ELECTION BALLOT

Primary Election to be held August 27th, 1918, in the _____ Ward of the City of Holland, State of Michigan.

REPUBLICAN PARTY

Make a cross in the square to the left of as many names for each office as may be indicated under the title of each office.

NATIONAL	LEGISLATIVE
United States Senator Vote for one	State Senator Dist. Vote for one
<input type="checkbox"/> John Doe	<input type="checkbox"/> John Doe
<input type="checkbox"/> Richard Roe	<input type="checkbox"/> Richard Roe
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
STATE Governor Vote for one	Representative in State Legislature—District. Vote for one
<input type="checkbox"/> John Doe	<input type="checkbox"/> John Doe
<input type="checkbox"/> Richard Roe	<input type="checkbox"/> Richard Roe
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
CONGRESSIONAL Rep. in Congress, _____ Dist. Vote for one	COUNTY Sheriff Vote for one
<input type="checkbox"/> John Doe	<input type="checkbox"/> John Doe
<input type="checkbox"/> Richard Roe	<input type="checkbox"/> Richard Roe
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

RELATIVE TO REGISTRATION

Please note that all provisions of the primary law are done away with, and if you are not already registered in the precinct where you reside, you must register under the provisions of law as set forth in the registration notices posted in connection with this notice of primary election, if you desire to vote.

The Polls of this primary election will be open at 7 o'clock a. m., and will remain open until 5 o'clock p. m., of said day of election.

Dated July 25, 1918.

OTIS J. SMITH, Clerk of the City of East Jordan.

Many a man who would steer clear of a graveyard after dark is not afraid of a park-full of spirits.

SAGE AND SULPHUR DARKENS GRAY HAIR

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Restore Color, Gloss and Attractiveness.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for "Wright's Sage and Sulphur Compound" you will get a large bottle of this famous old recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, at a small cost. Don't stay gray! Try it! No one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy and attractive. Wright's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire dark hair and a youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

While there is life there is always hope that nature will postpone the collection of her debt.

NOT TO BE IGNORED

The kidneys are as important to good health as the heart, lungs, stomach or any organ in the body. Lame back, swollen joints, sore muscles, rheumatic aches and pains, are most often signals of kidney trouble. Foley Kidney Pills give relief to kidney trouble sufferers. They banish bladder irregularity. Hite's Drug Store.

LATH BOLTS Wanted At Once!

Must be not less than 5 in. diameter and 49 in. length. HEMLOCK, Spruce, Balsam and Cedar. Hemlock Bolts must be separate. Will pay \$4.50 delivered at Mill B.

East Jordan Lumber Co.

CHARLEVOIX COUNTY HERALD

Published by A. J. Lewis, Proprietor. ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

RAIN SAVES INDIAN HANGED BY BANDITS.

Bear Claw Escapes Death When Water Stretches Rawhide Noose About His Neck.

Antlers, Okla.—Bear Claw, an Indian, escaped death by hanging here through a providential rain. He had been suspended from a tree and had been left for dead by a gang of bandits. Rain, however, caused the rawhide to stretch and the Indian was able to liberate himself.

Bear Claw is one of the highest type of red men. He is educated, owns a cattle ranch in the hills of the old Indian territory, and is the terror of all cattle and horse thieves.

Recently in pursuit of several of these gentry, who had stolen some of his stock, he chased them until dark, when he was waylaid and captured. The robbers strung him up to the branches of a tree with a rawhide riata.

In the darkness the noose was not placed correctly. Expectant of the pursuit of Bear Claw's friends, and a sudden rain coming up, the thieves hurriedly departed, in the firm belief that the Indian would soon be in the "happy hunting grounds."

But the rain caused the rawhide to stretch and in a few minutes Bear Claw was free.

Only a short time before that a bear cornered the Indian in a cul de sac in the Jack Ford Mountains. Bear Claw had no weapon except his beloved tomahawk.

Nevertheless, in the scuffle that followed, the bear was left with a split skull and the Indian without a scratch. He still wears a necklace of Bruin's slaws, though that is not the cause of his name.

ARIZONA COWBOY FINDS \$400,000 IN GOLD.

May Be Treasure Hidden by Priests 75 Years Ago.

Phoenix, Ariz.—The discovery of a \$400,000 cache in the hills of Graham county is reported by H. R. Whitman of Solomonville. The discovery was made by Joe Walsey, a cowboy, who is making efforts to find the former owner.

While hunting stray cattle northwest of Solomonville, Walsey found a tree trunk from which the handle of a shovel protruded. Investigation disclosed an iron box containing old Spanish gold coins and gold vessels, the intricate working of which is said to bring the value of the find above \$400,000, estimated as its worth as bullion.

The gold has been taken to Safford. Old residents of that section say Walsey has found treasure hidden by priests who left that section about seventy-five years ago, when it was a part of Mexico.

It always has been believed, the priests buried the church's wealth before fleeing.

LIGHTNING STRIPS HEN OF HALF ITS FEATHERS.

One Side Plucked Clean While Other Remains Unharmed.

Toledo, O.—When lightning struck the barn of F. H. Dischenger, near Elmore, Ohio, a hen sitting in the haymow was plucked entirely clean of feathers on one side, but without other harm to her or the eggs on which she sat. Two little chicks were hatched out the morning after the stroke. A \$250 horse was killed and another stunned.

Wings of riches may enable a man to fly from his poor relations.

PROBATE NOTICE

State of Michigan, The Probate Court for the County of Charlevoix.

In the matter of the Estate of Peter K. Winters, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that four months from the 30th day of July A. D. 1918 have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate office, in the city of Charlevoix in said county, on or before the 4th day of December A. D. 1918, and that said claims will be heard by said court on Wednesday the 4th day of December A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. Dated July 30th, A. D. 1918. SERVETUS CORRELL, Judge of Probate.

PROBATE NOTICE

State of Michigan, The Probate Court for the County of Charlevoix.

In the matter of the Estate of Jacob W. Rogers, Deceased.

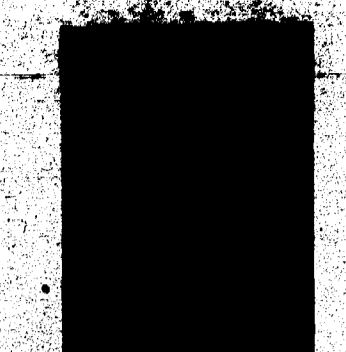
Notice is hereby given that four months from the 8th day of July, A. D., 1918, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate office, in the city of Charlevoix in said county, on or before the 12th day of November A. D. 1918, and that said claims will be heard by said court on Tuesday the 12th day of November A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. Dated July 8th A. D. 1918. SERVETUS A. CORRELL, Judge of Probate.



DWIGHT L. WILSON
Candidate for
Prosecuting Attorney
on the Republican Ticket at the August Primaries.
Your Careful Consideration will be Appreciated.

E. A. Ruegsegger
for
PROSECUTING ATTORNEY.
Your Support Appreciated.

NOTICE
As many have inquired of me, to learn if I would be a candidate for the nomination of Prosecuting Attorney this year, I wish to announce at this time to all the electors of the County that I will be a candidate for the Republican nomination at the August Primaries. And I also wish to express my appreciation to the electors for the favorable manner in which they received my candidacy in the past.
Yours,
ROLLE L. LEWIS,
Prosecuting Attorney.
[Pol. adv'g.]



ARTHUR L. FITCH
for
Prosecuting Attorney

Joseph M. Courier
Candidate for
County Road Commissioner
Republican Ticket
August 27th Primaries
Your Support Appreciated.

Alden E. Cross
EAST JORDAN, MICH.
Respectfully asks your favorable consideration of his candidacy for the office of County Treasurer of Charlevoix County.
REPUBLICAN TICKET
PRIMARY, AUGUST 27, 1918
Believes his knowledge of public affairs especially fits him for this office and if made the choice of the electors will move to the county seat and give the same his undivided attention.

NOTICE

To the Electors of Charlevoix County: I hereby announce that I will be a candidate for the office of County Clerk on the Republican ticket, at the Primary election August 27th, 1918.


I am now serving Uncle Sam on the Local Draft Board, without pay and after looking over my past work for the county, if you are satisfied that it has been done correctly, I would appreciate your support at the primary.
Yours respectfully,
RICHARD LEWIS.

To The Electors Of Charlevoix County:

I will be a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds for second term. If my work for the past two years has been satisfactory I would appreciate your support at the primary election held August, 27, 1918.
MALCOLM A. McDONALD.

Charles H. Emrey
Candidate for Republican Nomination for the office of
COUNTY TREASURER
At the August Primary.
Your Support Will Be Appreciated.

Jacob E. Chew
Candidate For
STATE REPRESENTATIVE
At the August Primary.
YOUR SUPPORT WILL BE APPRECIATED.



Foot Expert Here

A specialist from Chicago loaned to this store by

Dr. Wm. M. Scholl

the recognized foot authority, is here now. He will be here only

August 24th to 26th

so foot bothered people should lose no time in coming to see him.

Examination and Advice Absolutely FREE

This expert knows all about feet. He knows the famous Dr. Scholl methods of correction and he knows that

There is a **Dr. Scholl** Appliance or Remedy for Every Foot Trouble

Let him examine your foot and tell you what is the trouble, the cause and the way to quickly correct it. Let him demonstrate on your own foot that you can gain

Foot Comfort

Immediately. You don't have to wear "freaky" or loose shoes. The Dr. Scholl plan is to give foot comfort while you wear the stylish well fitting shoes you like.

All Welcome. Come In.

Aug. 24 to 26

East Jordan Lumber Co.

Fashions for Herald Readers

Unless otherwise specified, all Fashion Patterns published in these columns are Ten Cents each. Send or leave orders for same at the CHARLEVOIX CO. HERALD



A DAINTY DRESS FOR PARTY OR BEST WEAR

2287—In soft batiste, china silk or crepe, handkerchief linen or dimity, this will make a pretty frock. It is also nice for all-over embroidery, flouncing, embroidered voile or dotted swiss. The sleeve may be in wrist or elbow length.

The Pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 10 requires 4 1/2 yards of 36-inch material. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A GOOD SPORTS BLOUSE

2506—Washable satin, linen, drill, khaki, lawn, silk or wool Jersey cloth, gingham or taffeta—could be used for this style. The closing is at the left side. Collar, cuffs and pocket could be of contrasting material. In white handkerchief linen, facings or trimming of blue or pink would be attractive.

The Pattern is cut in 7 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. Size 38 requires 4 yards of 36-inch material.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A COMFORTABLE GARMENT FOR THE SMALL BOY

2393—This model will make an excellent play suit. It is good for galatea, gingham, seersucker, pique, drill

and other wash fabrics, also for serge, flannel and flannelette. The Pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 1 year, 2, 3 and 4 years. Size 4 requires 3 1/2 yards of 24-inch material. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A POPULAR, "EASY-TO-MAKE" AND "COMFORTABLE-TO-WEAR" MODEL

2509—This is just the style for satin, crepe, gabardine, foulard, silk or wool Jersey cloth and nice for other reasonable materials. The tunic blouse is arranged on a simple skirt foundation, cut in princess style and so combining an underwaist for the blouse. The sleeve may be in wrist or elbow length.

The Pattern is cut in 6 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. Size 38 requires 7 1/2 yards of 44-inch material. The skirt measures about 2 yards at the foot.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



HERE IS A SMART GOWN THAT WILL BE LOVELY FOR HOME OR CALLING

Blouse—2541. Skirt—2462.

Pattern 2541 a pretty blouse in smock style and Pattern 2462 a two-piece skirt are here combined. This style is nice for bordered goods, for voile, foulard, taffeta, serge, gabardine, Jersey cloth and satin. The blouse is cut in 7 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. The skirt is cut in 7 sizes: 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32 and 34 inches waist measure. For a medium size it will require about 7 yards of 36-inch material for the entire dress. The skirt measures about 1 7/8 yard at the foot.

This illustration calls for TWO separate patterns, which will be mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents FOR EACH pattern, in silver or stamps.



JUST THE DRESS FOR BUSINESS OR GENERAL WEAR

Waist—2492. Skirt—2489. This style comprises Waist Pattern 2489. You may have the skirt of suiting, serge, gabardine, broadcloth, satin or velvet, and the waist of anything from sheer lawn, soft batiste to taffeta and satin. The Waist Pattern is cut in 7 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. Size 38 requires 3 yards of 16-inch material. The skirt is cut in 7 sizes: 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32 and 34 inches waist measure. Size 24 requires 3 1/2 yards of 36-inch material. The skirt measures about 2 yards at the foot.

This illustration calls for TWO separate patterns which will be mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents, FOR EACH pattern, in silver or stamps.



A SMART STYLE FOR THE GROWING GIRL

2535—Here is a very attractive style, showing a smart collar trimming, under which the fronts are closed. The front of the skirt is laid in a plait at each side seam. At the back and sides, the skirt is gathered. The style is good for organdy, voile, gabardine, linen, batiste, albatross, foulard and satin.

The Pattern is cut in 3 sizes: 12, 14 and 15 years. Size 14 requires 4 1/2 yards of 44-inch material.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A SIMPLE COMFORTABLE DRESS FOR MOTHER'S GIRL

2507—Bordered goods, embroidered voile or batiste and flouncings, are just the thing for this model. The dress slips over the head, but additional opening may be made at the yoke fronts. The sleeves may be finished in wrist or elbow length.

The Pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 4, 6, 8 and 10 years. Size 8 requires 4 1/2 yards of 40-inch material.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A PRACTICAL "COVER ALL" STYLE

2532—For this comfortable model, one may use seersucker, percale, gingham, chambray, khaki or lawn. The design is made to slip over the head, and closes with buttons and buttonholes or snap fasteners at the centre front.

The Pattern is cut in 4 sizes: Small, 32-34; Medium, 36-38; Large, 40-42; and Extra Large, 44-46 inches bust measure. Size Medium requires 5 1/2 yards of 36-inch material.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A PRACTICAL "COVER ALL" STYLE

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The Pattern is cut in 4 sizes: Small, 32-34; Medium, 36-38; Large, 40-42; and Extra Large, 44-46 inches bust measure. Size Medium requires 5 1/2 yards of 36-inch material.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



AN ATTRACTIVE FROCK FOR THE GROWING GIRL

2538—This is a good model for gabardine, silk, velvet, voile, serge, repp, linen and gingham, also other wash fabrics. The vest collar and cuff portions may be of contrasting material.

The Pattern is cut in 5 sizes: 6, 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 12 requires 4 1/2 yards of 36-inch material. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A SMART SPORTS SUIT

Coat—2491. Skirt—2462. Comprising Sleeveless Coat Pattern 2491 and Skirt Pattern 2462. White serge was used for the skirt and striped satin with facings of serge for the coat. These sleeveless coats are attractive in any of the materials now in vogue, and are easy to develop. This Pattern is cut in 7 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. Size 38 requires 2 1/2 yards of 44-inch material. The skirt is a two-piece model, gathered at the sides and back. The Pattern is cut in 7 sizes: 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32 and 34 inches waist measure. Size 24 requires 2 1/2 yards of 36-inch material. The skirt measures about 1 1/2 yard at the foot.

This illustration calls for TWO separate patterns which will be mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents, FOR EACH pattern, in silver or stamps.



A PRETTY FROCK FOR A LITTLE GIRL

2499—This is a lovely model for voile, batiste, dimity, lawn or Swiss. Waist and skirt are full and gathered. In silk, cashmere, challe or albatross, the style is also very attractive.

The Pattern is cut in 5 sizes: 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 years. Size 4 will require 2 1/2 yards of 36-inch material.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A PRETTY SLIP-ON NIGHT DRESS

2484—You may have this in nainsook, dimity, batiste, crepe or silk, or in muslin, cambric, longcloth or flannelette. The shaped yoke is a new feature. The gown may be finished with openings at the shoulders, if the slip-on style is not preferred.

The Pattern is cut in 4 sizes: Small, 32-34; Medium, 36-38; Large, 40-42; Extra Large, 44-46 inches bust measure. Size Medium requires 7 1/2 yards of 27-inch material.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A DAINTY DRESS

2540—Just the style for soft crepe, satin, charmeuse, voile, marquisette, batiste, gabardine and taffeta. The waist closes at the left side. The sleeve may be finished in wrist or elbow length. In crepe de chine, with collar and cuffs of organdy, this model will be very pleasing.

The Pattern is cut in 3 sizes: 16, 18 and 20 years. Size 16 requires 5 1/2 yards of 36-inch material. The skirt measures about 2 yards at the foot.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



JUST THE STYLE FOR YOUR NEW DRESS OF SILK OR COTTON

2512—The tunic may be omitted, or it may be of contrasting material. This model is good for foulard, taffeta, lawn, batiste, gingham, chambray, gabardine, serge, wool or silk Jersey cloth. The sleeve may be finished at elbow or wrist length.

The Pattern is cut in 7 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. Size 38 requires 6 yards of 40-inch material. The skirt measures about 2 yards at the foot.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A SMART DRESS FOR THE GROWING GIRL

2524—The attractive model here portrayed has several new style features. The waist fronts overlap at the centre, above two deep skirt plaits. At the sides and back, the skirt is gathered. The sleeve is comfortable in wrist length, finished with a hand cuff, and very smart in elbow length with a turnback cuff.

The Pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Size 10 requires 5 yards of 44-inch material.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

Briefs of the Week

Miss Eva Lewis returned to her home at Red Axe, Tuesday.

Eddie Miles left Monday for a visit with relatives at Flint.

Atty. E. N. Clink returned Friday from a business trip to Detroit.

Mrs. Baymore Burbank and children are visiting relatives at Gaylord.

Miss Mary Rebec left Tuesday for Detroit, where she has employment.

Mrs. Harry Dodi of Copeland is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. Davis.

Miss Marjorie Smith of Potoskey is guest at the home of her aunt, Mrs. H. W. Dickes.

Mrs. A. C. Estabrook of Allegan is guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. John Flannery.

Mrs. E. E. Hall is receiving a visit from her sister-in-law, Mrs. J. V. Wilson of Jackson.

Miss Myrtle Alexander of Mancelona is guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Alexander.

Mrs. M. Lemieux and daughter, Miss Marjorie, left Monday for a visit at Flint and Detroit.

Mrs. Mayrand and daughter of Detroit are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sloop.

Mrs. Gilbert Fites of Springfield, S. D., is guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Crowell.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Graff visited their daughter, Mrs. Claude Reynolds at Frederic this week.

Mrs. Arthur Shepard and son returned home Tuesday from a visit with her husband at Muskegon.

Louis Ellis and family now occupy the residence on Main St., recently vacated by Harold Boyd.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Merchant and son, Alfred, returned Friday from a visit at Boston and Nova Scotia.

Mrs. Ellen Emmel arrived Monday from Ashland, Wis., for a visit with her sister, Mrs. Louis Bashaw.

Miss Ethel Clapper, who has been guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Stokes, returned to Gaylord, Tuesday.

I. B. Winter returned to his home at Chicago, Monday, after a visit at the home of his sister, Mrs. Geo. Hamilton.

Miss Bertha Clark returned to Grand Rapids, Wednesday, after a visit here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Clark.

Mrs. M. J. White and Curtis Montie of Traverse City are guests at the home of the former's sister, Mrs. Robt. Forman.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bradley and son left Friday for their home at Grand Rapids, after a visit with their daughter Mrs. Lloyd Seigler.

Miss Jessie Metz returned home Friday from Big Rapids, where she has been attending Ferris Institute. Miss Pearl Bigge accompanied her home for a visit.

Manager Gruber wishes to announce the Vogels Minstrels, scheduled here for Aug. 12th, has cancelled its entire schedule of dates owing to sharp increases in transportation rates.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Hartman came up from Chicago, Wednesday, to spend a few weeks at their Cherry Vale home. They have discarded their old theatrical name of Hartman & Varady and have copyrighted an act under the stage name of "Harts & Dimons."

The annual praise meeting of the Missionary Society of the Presbyterian Church will be held at the Presbyterian Church, Sunday morning, Aug. 11th at 10:30. Rev. M. Butterick of Sequanota Park will preach at this service, those who heard Dr. Butterick last Sunday will deem it a great privilege to be able to hear him again. All are cordially invited to attend.

Alex Burbank, a well-known resident of South Arm township for a number of years, passed away Wednesday afternoon, aged 86 years. His wife passed away this spring. Deceased leaves six children, viz.—Walter, Seymour, Mrs. Ed. Denno, Mrs. Bert Carney, of this city; Mrs. Herbert Munroe of Grand Rapids and Bert Burbank residing in the west. Funeral arrangements have not yet been made.

William ... is confined to his home by illness.

Miss Martha Lorraine returned from Flint, Wednesday.

Miss Ariene Hammond came home Monday from Detroit.

Miss Helen Stroebel returned Monday from a visit at Kalkaska.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Anderson, a daughter, Aug. 3rd.

Fred Kowalski was a Grand Rapids business visitor this week.

Miss ... Gregory returned to her home at Detroit, Thursday.

FOUND—Fancy gold pin set with pearls. Inquire at this office.

Mrs. Clarence Ingalls and children visited friends at Deward Thursday.

Rueben Winstone left Thursday for Muskegon, where he has employment.

Dr. Winnifred Heston of Detroit is guest of her mother, Mrs. M. E. Heston.

Mrs. John Hockstad went to Traverse City Thursday, to visit relatives.

Miss Mary Morrison returned Thursday from a three week's visit at Elk Rapids.

Austin and Orrin Bartlett left Thursday on a two week's fishing trip at Newberry.

Mrs. Andrew Oleson returned Wednesday from a visit with relatives at Grand Rapids.

Mrs. Robert Miles of Lansing is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. R. A. Brintnall.

Mrs. Frank Porter and daughter, Miss Alice, returned home Tuesday from a visit at Suttons Bay.

Miss Elizabeth Lenhard of Saginaw is guest of her sister, Mrs. Clyde Hipp and brother, John Lenhard.

James Sessions returned to his home at Northville, Tuesday, after a visit at the home of Josiah St. John.

Mr. and Mrs. Knowles and children of Chicago are guests at the home of her sister, Mrs. John Bickler.

Mrs. Geo. Ramsey and children returned home Wednesday from a visit with relatives at Central Lake.

Mrs. Pearl McFate came home Thursday from Big Rapids, where she has been attending Ferris Institute.

John Lalonde and family who have been visiting relatives here, returned to their home at Pontiac, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Rugg are receiving a visit from the latter's uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Rohler of Detroit.

O. I. Garver and children returned to Bryan, Ohio, Wednesday, after a visit at the home of Mrs. E. Hammond.

Mrs. Roxana Seymour left Monday on a business trip to Flint and Detroit, where she will purchase her Fall Millinery.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Carr returned home Wednesday from a visit with their daughter, Mrs. K. Bader, near Trout Lake.

Mrs. Archie Kowalski and daughter returned home Wednesday from Detroit, where the latter took treatment at Harper's Hospital.

Dr. Winnifred Heston of Detroit will be in this city until Aug. 16th. She can be seen by appointment at the home of Mrs. Heston.

Mrs. C. H. Hull and daughter left Thursday for their home at Detroit, after a visit at the farm home of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Payton.

Bartley Carlisle returned to his home at Pittsburgh, Pa., Thursday, after a visit here with his brother, John T. Carlisle at Cherryvale.

M. E. Ladies Aid will be entertained at the home of Mrs. W. S. Carr on Upper Main St., Wednesday, Aug. 14th at 2:30 p. m. Visitors welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gruber are receiving a visit from the former's mother and sister, Mrs. Geo. Gruber and Mrs. W. V. Hayes and daughter of Flint.

Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Blair and children and Mr. and Mrs. Earl Brown of Detroit are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Palmer and other relatives.

Misses Leona Donaldson, Alice Sedgman, Hazel Sheldon, Gladys Bustard, Ruth Gregory, Grace and Ruth Malpass and Mrs. Ella Harrison, who have been attending the Normal at Mt. Pleasant have returned home.

LUMBER FOR SALE.—A quantity of good well-seasoned used lumber will be sold at a bargain.—CHAS. DARRET, Propr., or call at W. R. Supernaw's factory.

WANTED—Male and female attendants. Steady position, with chance for advancement. Males \$42.00 per month to start, females \$29.00 per month to start, with board, room and washing. Apply to Dr. E. A. Christian, Medical Superintendent, Pontiac State Hospital, Pontiac Mich.

ALONZO RICE

PASSES AWAY.

Alonzo Rice was taken seriously ill with intestinal trouble, Thursday afternoon. The case became acute and he was decided to remove him to a Potoskey hospital, Saturday noon. He passed away when the auto conveying him was near Potoskey and the remains were taken to Charlevoix for interment. Alonzo Goff Rice was born at Charlevoix, Oct. 26th, 1879, and made his home there until two years ago when he came to East Jordan and entered the employ of the East Jordan Lumber Co.

He was united in marriage to Miss Myrtle Eva Dodd at Charlevoix, Sept. 26th, 1904. The wife, together with an adopted daughter, Wilma Elizabeth survive. Also five brothers—Alfred at Charlevoix; George in Detroit; William in Washington; Fred in Chicago; and Frank serving with U. S. troops in France.

Funeral services were held at Charlevoix Tuesday afternoon from the home of Mrs. Rice's mother, Mrs. John Holmes. Rev. M. E. Hoyt of the East Jordan M. E. Church conducted the services. Interment at Charlevoix.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank the people of East Jordan for their many acts of kindness extended us during the illness and death of my husband. Mrs. Alonzo Rice.

First Methodist Episcopal Church

Sunday, Aug. 11, 1918. 10:30 a. m.—The Opportunity and Peril of our Common Christianity. 12:00 m.—Sunday School. 3:30 p. m.—Junior League. 6:30 p. m.—Epworth League. 7:30 p. m.—Evening service. God's Abundance and Economy. Thursday evening, Prayer Meeting at 7:30.

Another one of those super-extra good church suppers will be served Friday evening, Aug. 23rd. Further announcement later.

Red Cross Notes

Ladies attention! More workers are needed at the Red Cross Rooms at once. That means you!

Last week the Knitting Bee netted \$5.10.

The Knitting Bee will be entertained next Monday afternoon at the home of Mrs. R. A. Risk, with Mrs. C. H. Pray assisting. All are invited.

It is difficult to judge a woman by the things she doesn't say. When doctors cannot otherwise agree they call it heart failure.

SCARED BY GHOST OF SLAIN WOMAN.

Screams Arouse Inmates of Boarding House at an Early Hour—Spirit Voice Speaks.

Graham, Va.—Great excitement prevails at Ennis, a mining town in the Pocahontas coal field, as a result of an alleged ghost making its appearance in one of the company houses during the early morning recently. As the story goes, soon after midnight the screams of a woman were heard in the house and the occupants, some eight or ten people, were awakened by it.

Upon investigation, the voice of a "spirit" was heard and she gave her name as Smith and told her excited listeners that she had been murdered in that same house fourteen years ago by two negroes and one white man for her money, which amount the voice named at \$143.

"She" stated that she had come to Ennis to visit, giving the name of the family she was visiting. The returned spirit further is said to have made it known that she had a brother, Frank Smith, living in Columbus, Ohio. The entire town was awakened during the night and hundreds flocked to the place, where, it is claimed, many heard the strange voice and vouch for the genuineness of the story.

It is estimated that no fewer than three thousand people visited the haunted house during the day. The voices again spoke the next day at 9 o'clock; the story goes, repeating the details of the tragedy. Replying to a question, the spirit stated that she had been in torment and that the devil had permitted her to come back to earth and make known the secret of her death.

The excitement spread so rapidly that many from near-by towns are going to Ennis to visit the premises. The occupants of the haunted boarding house are moving out, while the boarders sought new quarters on the morning of the alleged visit of the ghost.

The mines at Ennis are said to be paralyzed as a result of the ghost story as the miners refuse to go under the ground during the excitement. A number of Graham people visited Ennis, attracted there by the ghost story.

Advertisement for Hammocks and Furniture. Features: SERVICE, QUALITY, Good News from a Good Store, A Sale of Summer Stock, Buy a Refrigerator, ONE BIG LOT OF GENUINE Felt Mattresses, One Big Lot of SHEET MUSIC, FRENCH & REDMON HOMEFURNISHINGS, SOCIAL JUSTICE WILL PREVAIL IN JEWISH PALESTINE, URIC ACID IN MEAT CLOGS THE KIDNEYS.

SOCIAL JUSTICE WILL PREVAIL IN JEWISH PALESTINE

Proved Principles of Political Economy and Taxation of Land Values Will Be Applied in the New Jewish State—Exploitation of Labor for the Benefit of the Few and Speculation in Land Will Be Made Impossible.

By MRS. JOSEPH FELS.

Zionism has taken on a new aspect since the fall of Jerusalem and the promise of the British government that Palestine shall not be given back to the Turks. Palestine is in a sense a new land. That is to say, it is undeveloped in the modern sense, and not densely populated. The commission that has charge of the work of restoration will be confronted by two problems: First, how to get hold of the land, and second, how to find the revenue to pay the enormous cost of the reconstruction.

By applying the proven principles of political economy and taxing land values, the repatriated people will have access to the land; and they will have at the same time ample revenue to meet the cost of government. The men and women who will have charge of this work will avoid the mistakes that have been made in this and other countries, where governments and private enterprises have made improvements for the public only to find that the owners of the land have reaped the benefit, while a large part of the cost has been laid upon producers who have already been victimized by land speculators. There is no longer any doubt on the part of informed

with her late husband were intimate friends of Henry George, and liberal contributors to the advancement of the Single Tax, of which he was the apostle, is a member of the Provisional Zionist Committee.

people that government service, whether in maintaining order or in constructing physical improvements, enhances land values and not labor values. When, for instance, the commission of Palestine has constructed railroads, opened schools, established justice, and brought order out of chaos, it will be found that live stock, grains, fruits and the various products of human labor will be worth no more than before. The quantity will have increased, but not the value. The land, however, being fixed in quantity, will have increased in price.

Here lies the opportunity for the Jew to demonstrate a great truth to the world by uniting the Mosaic principle of land ownership with a just system of taxation. By applying this system of taxing the land values that are created by the community it will not be necessary to tax labor values. This will prevent any gain to landowners as landowners, and so stop land speculation—that curse that has strangled economic growth in all other countries. It will at the same time free industry from the tax burdens it has hitherto borne, and so stimulate labor and capital to the highest degree in the creation of wealth.

The outlook for the rebuilding of Palestine is the brighter because the land and taxation questions have already received much attention from the Jews. Dr. Stephen S. Wise, the acting head of the Zionist movement in America, recently expressed the hope that the day was near when the ideal of the Single Tax in practice would be realized in Palestine. "What a great thing it would be," he wrote, "if we could, if the ideal which goes back to the Mosaic commonwealth, which was revived by a man of prophetic genius, Henry George, and again by that real man and Jew, Joseph Fels, should at last find fulfillment in the Jewish land! It was for this cause that Joseph Fels dedicated himself and his fortune; and had his life been spared he would today be bending all his energies toward aiding the Zionists in rebuilding Palestine on a solid foundation. Such men are represented on the commission that undertakes this great work."



MRS. JOSEPH FELS. The well known Single Taxer who

DOG DESTROYS MOUNTED PET Stuffed Canine is Torn to Bits in Fierce Attack. Briar Top, N. Y.—Recently Hiram Bash entered the Annex cafe in Main street, followed by his bulldog. A few years ago Abner Quilter, proprietor of the cafe, had a bulldog. When it died Quilter had it mounted and placed it in a front window of his saloon. Bash's bulldog saw the mounted dog, pounced upon it and before any one could interfere, tore it to pieces. Quilter says he would not have taken \$25 for his stuffed pet.

A WOMAN HAS IN MANY WAYS OF MAKING MAN FEEL CHEAP, AS SHE HAS OF MAKING UP STALE BREAD.

URIC ACID IN MEAT CLOGS THE KIDNEYS

Take a glass of Salts if your Back hurts or Bladder bothers you—Drink more water.

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat forms uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sour, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids, to cleanse the kidneys and flush off the body's urinous waste get four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy here; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink.

Fortune seldom knocks at the door of the chronic kicker. Every woman has a right to pose as a beauty at the expense of her druggist. Some men are high livers because of their inability to pay ground floor rents.



Not Upheld Simply by Reputation. There's more back of Ralston Shoes than simply an honorary name. Forty years of expert shoemaking have taught the manufacturer how to make good shoes—and what's more they are making good shoes. C. A. HUDSON

RESIDENCE AND LOT FOR SALE. Finely Located on North Main street. House and Premises in good condition. A bargain to anyone wanting a home. Reasonable terms. GEO. F. CHAPMAN

HUSBAND SAVES WIFE

From Suffering by Getting Her Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Pittsburgh, Pa.—“For many months I was not able to do my work owing to a weakness which caused backache and headaches. A friend called my attention to one of your newspaper advertisements and immediately my husband bought three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for me. After taking two bottles I felt fine and my troubles caused by that weakness are a thing of the past. All women who suffer as I did should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.”—Mrs. JAS. ROSENBERG, 620 Knapp St., N. S., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Women who suffer from any form of weakness, as indicated by displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or “the blues,” should accept Mrs. Rosenberg's suggestion and give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a thorough trial.

For over forty years it has been correcting such ailments. If you have mysterious complications write for advice to Lydia E. Pinkham-Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

A painful silence is unknown to men—but with women it's different.

PREPARE FOR THE HOT WAVE

The hot sun is doubly dangerous if there is a mass of undigested food in the stomach. Foley Cathartic Tablets give prompt and sure relief. They act gently but do their work thoroughly. They cleanse the bowels, sweeten the stomach and benefit the liver. For indigestion, biliousness, bad breath, bloating, gas. Hite's Drug Store.

Frank Phillips

Tonsorial Artist.

When in need of anything in my line call in and see me.

Dr. W. H. Parks

Physician and Surgeon
Office in Monroe block, over East Jordan Drug Co's Store
Phone 168-4 rings
Office hours: 1:30 to 4:00 p. m.
7:00 to 8:00 p. m.
X-RAY in Office.

Doctor Branch

Office at rear of East Jordan Drug Store.
PHONE 77

Dr. F. P. Ramsey

Physician and Surgeon.
Graduate of College of Physicians and Surgeons of the University of Illinois.
OFFICE SHERMAN BLOCK
East Jordan, Mich.
Phone No. 196.

Dr. G. W. Bechtold

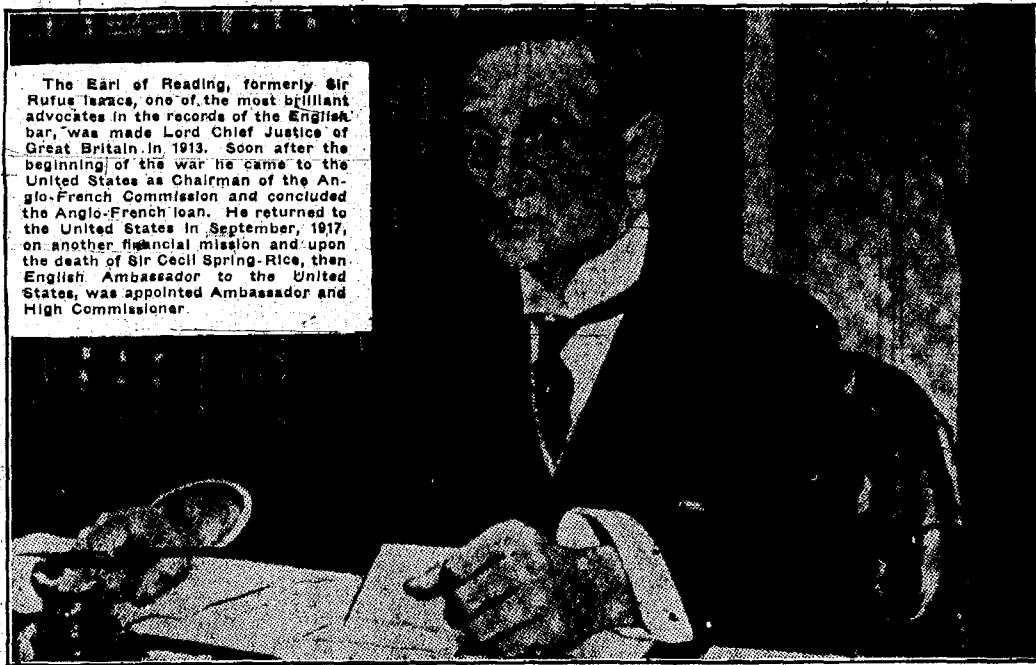
DENTIST
Office Hours: 8:00 to 12:00 a. m.
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Office, Second Floor of Kimball Block.

Dr. C. H. Pray

Dentist
Office Hours: 8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m.
And Evenings.
Phone No. 223

BRITISH AMBASSADOR ADVOCATES JEWISH STATE IN PALESTINE

Lord Reading, the First Jew to Represent Great Britain in Washington, Pledges His Support to Zionist Movement.



The Earl of Reading, formerly Sir Rufus Isaacs, one of the most brilliant advocates in the records of the English bar, was made Lord Chief Justice of Great Britain in 1912. Soon after the beginning of the war he came to the United States as Chairman of the Anglo-French Commission and concluded the Anglo-French loan. He returned to the United States in September, 1917, on another financial mission and upon the death of Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, then English Ambassador to the United States, was appointed Ambassador and High Commissioner.

British Declaration Favoring Jewish State

Made by HON. ARTHUR J. BALFOUR

With approval of British War Cabinet, November 3rd, 1917

“His Majesty's Government views with favor the establishment in Palestine of a national home for the Jewish People and will use its best endeavors to facilitate the achievement of this object.

“Both in my public and private capacity I warmly support the Declaration of His Majesty's Government in favor of the establishment in Palestine of a National Home for the Jewish people.

“I have moreover been profoundly impressed by the splendid energy of the American Zionists and by the whole-hearted way in which, to no small extent under their leadership, the Jewish people of the United States have thrown themselves into the war. Though I feel that the many thousands of Jews who have enlisted individually in the armies of the United States and of the Allies are serving the cause of humanity as usefully as man can, I am particularly interested in the Jewish units which are being recruited on both sides of the Atlantic. It would be magnificent if some of them could strike a blow for the freedom of the world in the land of our ancestors.

“In the meantime I am glad to think that Palestine is being rehabilitated, even while the war continues, largely by Jewish money and Jewish energy, and an especially pleased to be in the country which has provided so large a part of that money and no small amount of that energy. My good wishes are with the Zionists of the United States in the great work that is before them in giving effect to the Declaration of the British Government, and I shall esteem anything that I may be called upon to do in connection with that work as not the least important or the least satisfactory part of my duties as British Ambassador in Washington.”

IMMEDIATE STEPS FOR A JEWISH STATE

The British Declaration, Approved by the Allies, in Favor of a National Jewish Home in Palestine, Makes Possible Laying Foundation Even While the War is On—A Great Hebrew University Planned.

All the allies are pledged to a Jewish Palestine. All southern Palestine, including the capital, is already in British hands, and in that region the British government can even now take in hand the realization of the task to which it has committed itself.

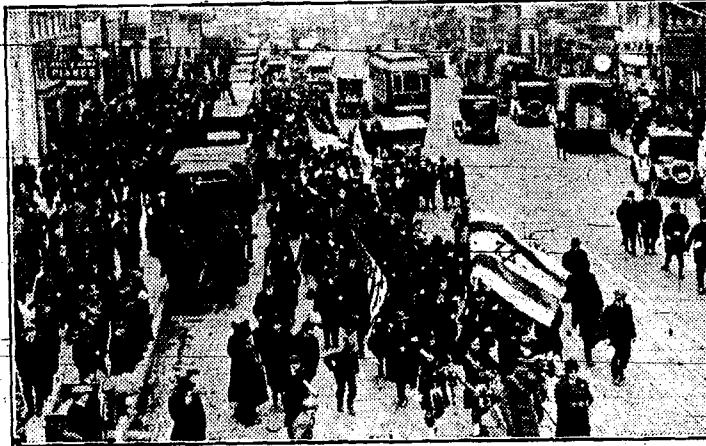
The economic expansion of Palestine will provide an economic basis for military operations in Palestine. The more Jewish labor is there, the more is produced, the more expert assistance is put at the disposal of the military and civil authorities in Palestine, the easier is the military task of General Allenby. Economic expansion operates in another way. As soon as the British army acquired control over a considerable fraction of the country the British authorities assumed responsibility for the feeding and maintenance of the population which had been reduced to bitter suffering under Turkey. These people must be fed and supported and the best way of doing that is not by unlimited extension of philanthropic relief work, but by preparing the foundations of the new Jewish Palestine, and so creating a natural support for the indigent. The British military authorities have shown prompt appreciation of certain aspects of the situation; they have provided the Jewish colonists with seed and with the means of carrying on production.

It is not only material work which can be done there. The new Jewish Palestine will have to justify itself mainly as a moral entity by its emanation of the Jewish spirit and by its individual contribution to the sum of civilization. It is well known that a considerable Hebrew school system was created in Palestine before the war. It has, of course, suffered very greatly during the war, partly because the war deprived it of many pupils and of money and partly because the Turks persecuted it.

For more than a score of years the establishment of a Hebrew university has been one of the goals of Jewish striving, and every Jewish element throughout the world with a tinge of Jewish consciousness has sympathized with it. On the eve of the war the project was very near to realization. A site for the university had been found and a scheme drawn up for a real, though a modest, beginning. It would be difficult to conceive a nobler pledge than the new Jewish Palestine could give than the creation, in the midst of the war, of a Hebrew university at Jerusalem. It would show the whole world that the new Palestine is not to be an El Dorado for fortune hunters nor a miniature reproduction of imperialist vulgarities, but a spiritual force for universal Jewry and for the whole world.

MARCHING ON TO PALESTINE

For the First Time in Nearly 2,000 Years Jews Are Able to Fight Under Their Own Flag In Defense of a Land of Their Own.



This is a picture of some of the volunteers of the Jewish Legion marching down Fifth Avenue, New York City, on their way to the training camp in Canada. They are carrying two flags—Old Glory—and the Jewish flag, blue and white, with the six cornered star of David in the center.

* THE JEWISH LEGION. *
* Awaken, O Jerusalem, *
* Thou city of the king! *
* The Lord God of Israel *
* Has wrought a wondrous *
* thing; *
* A byword and a mocking *
* Through centuries of shame, *
* He comes to raise thee from the *
* dust *
* And build again thy name. *
* Jerusalem, Jerusalem, *
* Lift up thy head and see *
* The mother may forget her child, *
* But God remembers thee! *
* The swords of many nations *
* Have made of thee a prey, *
* The feet of many strangers *
* Have worn thy stones away; *
* But harken, O Jerusalem, *
* And hear a joyful sound— *
* The tread of Jewish warriors *
* On their ancestral ground! *
* Arise and sing, Jerusalem, *
* Who art no longer dumb; *
* O citadel of David, *
* The sons of David come! *
* —Don Marquis' column, *
* N. Y. Evening Sun. *



Justice Louis D. Brandeis of the United States Supreme Court, Honorary President of the Provisional Zionist Committee.

JERUSALEM UP TO DATE.

Residents of ancient Jerusalem will soon have to “watch your step.” Ancient Jerusalem is soon to have a trolley car service. A trolley car system is being planned. The British authorities have already installed a parcel post system. They have also completed a water works system. The Zionists have dispatched a medical unit to Jerusalem to establish a board of health, hospitals, dispensaries, clinics and maternity relief. An engineering unit is going next, and the British government is now mobilizing Jewish civilians to operate the double track railroad that runs from Suez to Jaffa.

NEWBERRY

for

U.S. Senator

A man likes to believe in eternal punishment for the other fellow.

When a woman begins to assert her rights she magnifies her wrongs.

A centipede doesn't mind a little thing like having one foot in the grave.

Some folks go abroad to complete their education and some to begin it.

For every man who is willing to lift you will find a dozen who cheerfully stand around and grunt.

IT'S IN THE AIR

Windblown pollen, carrying the germs that cause hay fever, is abroad in the land. One remedy is known to give relief and comfort from choking, gasping asthma and tormenting hay fever. Foley's Honey and Tar spreads a healing coating on inflamed membranes, stops coughs and colds. Hite's Drug Store.

All men are born without wisdom and some never outgrow it.

Special Offer to the Readers of This Paper

If you will send us the names of five ladies in your town who you think would like to read the FAMILY STORY PAPER, we will send you and them each a sample copy, and will also send as a reward for your effort your choice of any one of the following:

- Your choice of 10 High Grade Assorted Breeding Post Cards, Camp Scenes, Sailor Toys, Soldier Boys, Battleships, Halloween, Thanksgiving, Christmas, New Years, etc.
- 1 Silver Plated Souvenir State Tea Spoon.
- The Ladies Fancy Work Manual for Crocheting and Embroidering.
- Mystic Oracle and Gypsy Dream Book.
- The Boy's Book on Toy Making.

Enclose 4c stamps to help cover cost and postage.

N. L. MUNRO'S PUB. HOUSE
338-340 Pearl St., New York.

Packers' Profits — Large or Small

Packers' profits look big—
when the Federal Trade Commission reports that four of them earned \$140,000,000 during the three war years.

Packers' profits look small—
When it is explained that this profit was earned on total sales of over four and a half billion dollars—or only about three cents on each dollar of sales.

This is the relation between profits and sales:

Profits	█
Sales	████████████████████

If no packer profits had been earned, you could have bought your meat at only a fraction of a cent per pound cheaper?

Packers' profits on meats and animal products have been limited by the Food Administration, since November 1, 1917.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.