

Missing Issues

Charlevoix County Herald

East Jordan, Michigan

Volume 21, No. 49 through 52

December 6 through 27, 1917

TIRED, NERVOUS HOUSEWIFE TOOK VINOL

Now She is Strong and Well

Berkeley, Cal.—"I was nervous, irritable, no appetite, could not sleep, and was always tired, so my household work was a great effort. After many other medicines had failed Vinol built me up and made me strong. I have a good appetite and sleep well. Every nervous, weak, ailing woman should try it."—Mrs. N. Edmunds, 207 Dwight Way, Berkeley, Cal.

We ask every nervous, weak, run-down, ailing woman in this town to try this cod liver and iron tonic on our guarantee to return their money if it fails to help them.

HITE DRUG CO., East Jordan

An egg is best when fresh, but it's different with an office boy. No doctor can cure what ails you if you have a mean disposition.

WAS FEELING ALL RUN DOWN.

Louis Buckner, Somerset, Va., writes: "I was feeling all run down, tired, with pains in my back. After taking Foley Kidney Pills I felt like a new man." Backache, rheumatic pains, stiff joints, sore muscles, swollen ankles, and sleep-disturbing bladder ailments yield quickly to this time-tired remedy.—Hite's Drug Store.

Money isn't everything, but it makes good as a substitute.

One difference between a gun, barrel and a rum barrel is that one kills with a bang and the other with a bung.

HAD THE GRIP THREE WEEKS.

With January comes lagrippe. Lingered colds seem to settle in the system, causing one to ache all over, feel feverish and chilly, tired, heavy and drooping. Mrs. Lizzie Tyles, Henderson, Ky., writes: "My daughter had lagrippe for three weeks. I gave her Foley's Honey and Tar and now she is all right."—Hite's Drug Store.

LATH BOLTS Wanted At Once!

Must be not less than 5 in. diameter and 49 in. length. HEMLOCK, Spruce, Balsam and Cedar. Hemlock Bolts must be separate.

Will pay \$4.50 delivered at Mill, B.

East Jordan Lumber Co.

GRAY HAIR BECOMES DARK AND BEAUTIFUL

Try Grandmother's Old Favorite
Recipe of Sage Tea and Sulphur.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is messy and troublesome.

Nowadays we simply ask at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound." You will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients, at very little cost. Everybody uses this preparation now, because no one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, thick and glossy and you look years younger. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

PUT CREAM IN NOSE AND STOP CATARRH

Tells How To Open Clogged Nostrils and End Head-Colds.

You feel fine in a few moments. Your cold in head or catarrh will be gone. Your clogged nostrils will open. The air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more dullness, headache, no hawking, snuffing, mucous discharges or dryness; no struggling for breath at night.

Tell your druggist you want a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every air passage of the head; soothe and heal the swollen, inflamed mucous membrane, and relief comes instantly. It is just what every cold and catarrh sufferer needs. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable.

POULTRY IN THE BACK YARD

From twelve to twenty-five hens are sufficient to provide the ordinary family with enough eggs and meat to render the keeping of the birds worth while, according to poultry specialists in the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The amount of outdoor space the flock will require may be estimated at about twenty-five square feet for each bird. There are instances in which chickens have thrived with much less than this, but unless the soil is especially favorable and the birds receive unusually good care, crowding is likely to prove unprofitable.

Poultry specialists do not recommend, however, that every one with the requisite space at his disposal should go in for chicken raising. Unless there is a natural interest in poultry or a determination to make the flock a source of real economy even if it does take time and trouble, the venture is not likely to prove successful. Lack of care may result in disease that will sweep off the entire flock and it is almost certain to cause a reduction in egg production that will make the birds a burden instead of a help. In some localities where municipal ordinances may prohibit the keeping of poultry within certain limits, care should be taken that the poultry yard is not in a prescribed area.

While it is possible to get along with twenty-five square feet per bird, a larger space affording more green and insect food is very desirable. For one thing, the ordinary poultry keeper wishes to perpetuate his flock, and the raising of young chickens requires as much land as the keeping of mature hens. After she is two years old, the best-laying days of the average hen are over and it usually pays to get rid of her. This means that half the flock must be renewed each year. Since as many cockerels as pullets will be hatched and a certain percentage are certain to die, it is customary to hatch each year a few more chickens than there are hens in the flock. With a flock of twenty-five, for example, about thirty chickens should be raised. The same space must be allowed for these as for the laying hens. The cockerels are consumed through the season, being used either as broilers when they are about three months old, as friers, or as roasters.

It is also most desirable as a precaution against disease to divide the available area into two plots. On one of these the chickens are allowed to range while a green crop-wheat or oats, for example—is being grown for them on the other. The preliminary turning under of the soil, the green crop, and freedom from chickens for a period serve to prevent the land from becoming contaminated.

Additional range, with the advantage of a larger supply of insect feed for the birds, may sometimes be obtained where a vegetable garden is maintained. At different times in the growing season there are areas in the garden which are either idle or occupied only by crops that the hens will not touch. The birds, confined to these with the aid of a portable fence, benefit without injury to the vegetables.

An important item to be considered by those thinking of maintaining a home flock is the cost of the house. For some part of the year at least, in almost every section of the United States, chickens require the shelter of a tight, dry building. In planning the house, approximately 4 or 5 feet of floor space should be allowed for each bird. The height may be determined by the convenience of the operator, for the birds themselves need only 2 or 3 feet. Such low houses, however, are very difficult to clean, and, in consequence, are likely to be neglected. It is better to build them so high that a man may work in them without discomfort.

A not uncommon device is to use a piano box for a chicken house. The cost of these houses depend largely upon circumstances, though no estimate can be given. It may be possible to find one the owner will be glad to give away; and, on the other hand, one may have to pay \$1.50 or more for a box that is not better. By combining two piano boxes, a very satisfactory shelter for a small flock can be made at little expense. Where lumber must be purchased, it has been estimated that the materials for a substantial chicken-house may cost anywhere from 50 cents to \$1.00 per bird, and it is not unlikely that with the present prices of commodities of all kinds, these figures will be somewhat low. Portable chicken houses are also on the market at costs varying greatly. The majority, however, will probably cost the owner \$1.50 to \$2.00 for each bird sheltered by them. In any event, it is probable that unless there is plenty of spare lumber available and the prospective poultryman happens to be a good carpenter, the cost of the chicken house will not be met by the value of the products over the cost of feed for the flock for a year or two. The house should last, however, for a number of years, especially if painted and well cared for. Substantial profits from the investment should be made thereafter.

In many cases also, where the surroundings are such that the chickens can not be allowed to range at will, the cost of fencing must be con-

sidered. This, obviously, will vary greatly with the size of the area to be enclosed and the kind of fence selected. Ordinary wire is not expensive.

The actual economy secured by the keeping of a small flock of chickens depends primarily upon their egg production, and this, in turn, is largely a matter of care. Under favorable conditions, however, it is estimated that 150 eggs the first year and 120 the second is a fair return from the ordinary hen. On the other hand, at least from 25 to 50 cents a year must be expended for grain and other feeds, the exact amount depending upon the quantity of table scraps and green and insect food available. Where all the feed must be purchased, from \$1 to \$1.25 is allowed. Even in the most thrifty household, however, there is always a large quantity of table scraps, vegetable parings, and other "left overs" for the hens, so that a considerable portion of their feed consists of what otherwise would be carried off the place by the garbage man.

Although of less importance than the eggs, the supply of poultry for the table furnished by the home flock is an item that can not be overlooked. As has been pointed out, in a flock of twenty-five which the owner is perpetuating, there will be approximately twelve or thirteen cockerels, almost all of which can be used best for food. Half of the hens must go each year also, so that allowing for losses and for birds reserved for breeding, there still will be enough appreciably to affect the butcher's bill.

BEETLES INJURE WOODWORK

Damage amounting to hundreds of thousands of dollars, which grubs of small beetles do annually to seasoned wood used in various ways in the home, about the farm and stored in warehouses, may be materially lessened or eliminated by the exercise of care in handling and by the treatment of the wood with kerosene and other easily obtainable substances. Methods for preventing already under way are outlined in Farmers' Bulletin 778, by A. D. Hopkins and T. E. Snyder, recently published by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

The damage is done by the larvae, or grubs, of powder-post beetles which bore through the wood in such a manner as to convert it into fine powder, thus greatly lessening its strength. Greatest damage is done to second-growth white wood or sapwood, or the finest quality of hardwoods, especially hickory, ash, and oak, which has been stored or piled in one place for two or three years. Other woods, however, either while stored or after being made into various articles, are often attacked, especially when they are associated with the woods more susceptible to attack. Sapwood seasoned for less than 8 to 10 months is not attacked by the insects, and heartwood is never attacked.

The beetles whose grubs cause the damage are known to science as the Lyctid beetles. Four species are responsible for most of the losses. The beetles are small, slender, somewhat flattened, and are of a brownish to nearly black color. Upon emerging from the wood where they breed and pass the winter as larvae they fly or crawl about in search of suitable wood material in which to deposit their eggs. The eggs are deposited in the natural pores of the wood, and the minute larvae which hatch from them burrow in and through the wood in all directions, feeding and growing as they proceed. The full-grown larvae are yellowish white grubs ranging in length from one-eighth to one-fifth of an inch.

The presence of the beetles in dwellings usually may be detected by the occurrence of fine floury wood powder at the base of the wood which has been attacked. Among the articles which the beetles are known to have infested are interior finish or trim, and ornamental woodwork such as panels, mantels, doors, doorposts, staircases, wainscoting, flooring, etc.; furniture, filing cases, cabinet work, walking sticks, umbrella handles, and the handles of numerous tools and implements. In the case of furniture and cabinet work, the sapwood portions of backs and interior surfaces are most liable to attack.

As a measure of prevention the wood likely to be attacked may be treated with boiled linseed oil or coats of paraffin or varnish may be applied. Kerosene or mixtures of kerosene and creosote may be applied to infested woods to kill the grubs.

In storehouses more extensive measures of treatment may be employed both for preventing the attacks and killing the grubs in the wood. Manufacturers of and dealers in stock of susceptible woods will find it especially advantageous to adopt the following system of inspection, classification, and proper disposition: Inspect material in yards and stores houses annually, preferably in November and February, and sort out and burn material showing evidence of powder post. Burn all refuse and useless sawwood material.

Classify seasoned hardwood stock into (a) hickory, ash, oak, etc.; (b) heart oak, pure sapwood, and part sapwood; and (c) according to the number of years seasoned. Utilize or sell oldest stock first. Inspect all new stock to prevent introduction of powder-posted material. Use only heartwood piling sticks in lumber piles.

To prevent attack treat the more valuable material, between October and March, with boiled linseed oil, varnish or paraffin the sapwood portions of backs and interior surfaces of cabinet work, inside sashes, and furniture.

OPERATION AIDS BACKWARD BOY

MARVEL OF MODERN SURGERY—
ORGAN REMOVED FROM NECK
OF WOMAN

PATIENTS IMPROVE VERY RAPIDLY

Child Had Become Mentally Deficient
Because of Depression—Now Can
Speak Intelligently

Brooklyn, N. Y.—Another marvel of modern surgery was performed in St. Mary's Hospital, with every indication of success. By an operation known as thyroidectomy the extreme mental activity of a woman was lessened and the backward mind of a child was brought closer to the normal.

The operation itself was comparatively simple. Briefly told, it consisted of removing part of a goiter in the throat of the abnormal woman and inserting it in the abdominal wall of a subnormal child. The improvement in both cases was marked.

The woman, who was 35 years old, came from a prominent family in Brooklyn. She had been suffering for some time from a swelling of the throat known as a goiter. By physicians it was diagnosed as an enlarged thyroid gland just under the larynx.

This gland is at present the subject of themselves say, but comprehended by physicians know enough of its function to realize that it is one of the most important organs in the body and not only to govern the development, but also to determine the size of the patient's thyroidism, the woman was in a sensitive state.

She was nervous, hysterical, and was in the highest degree of mental distress. She decided to go to St. Mary's Hospital, which had been particularly successful in the reduction of thyrotoxic conditions. When she went there the chief operating surgeon decided that he had an opportunity not only of relieving the woman but of benefitting the little boy in whom he was interested.

The youngest, who was 6 years old was the son of a prominent man in Virginia. He suffered from lack of secretions from the thyroid gland, which caused him to be mentally defective. His speech was limited and so indistinct as to be unintelligible, and though he apparently recognized his boys when they were held up before him, he could not name them. His parents were desirous of having the handicap removed, but though the operating surgeon had promised assistance, he had found only diseased thyroids among his patients until the woman applied at the hospital.

Then he notified the lad's father, who immediately brought his son here. An operation was decided upon by the doctors at St. Mary's eight hours after the boy's arrival, which made his subsequent good showing all the more striking. He and the woman were placed on adjoining operating tables, with three surgeons in attendance and other physicians at the hospital watching the unique proceeding.

The woman was given an injection of cocaine in her neck while the child was put under a general anesthetic, ether being administered. One lobe of the woman's thyroid gland was then taken out and transplanted to the boy, being placed between the peritoneum, a membrane lining the abdominal cavity and the fascia, a connective tissue covering the vital organs. The operation was over in an hour and a half.

The woman who had been conscious and talking freely to the doctors during the operation without feeling the slightest pain recovered quickly. The strain on her mind was greatly diminished, and though not restored to normal sensibility at once, physicians at the hospital felt when she was discharged it was only a question of time before her temperament would be brought to "the happy medium."

Their chief interest centered in the transformation so far wrought in the child. He came out of the effects of the ether without trouble and began to grow in intelligence. At the end of 15 days' observation his clear utterance was in sharp contrast to his mumbling previously, and he could pronounce such difficult words for a youngster as "automobile" and "choo-choo train." As he left to return to Virginia with his father he delighted the nurses by speaking the words they taught him. "Good-by, sweetheart."

Operations of a kindred nature have been performed a few times before, but never with such favorable results so far as known. The practice has been to insert the grafted material into the tibia, or shin bone, of the child, and "take" it at St. Mary's, deterring the experiment of placing it near testicles. When their data complete this psychological experiment by physical means published in the medical

If a leap year girl has can make her victim beg the proposing.

TO SAVE LIVES OF INDIAN BABIES

APPEAL MADE TO PRACTICALLY
EVERY INDIAN AGENCY IN
THE U. S.

WONDER PRIMITIVE PAPOOSE LIVES

Carlisle School Gets Interesting Reports and Contracts From the Reservations

Carlisle, Pa.—In response to Commissioner of Indian Affairs Sells' appeal to superintendents of Indian schools, urging them to do their utmost to save the lives of Indian babies, Superintendent Oscar H. Lapps of Carlisle Indian school has made an interesting information on the original habits of the Indians.

Millions of folks bathe internally now instead of loading their system with drugs. "What's an inside bath?" you say. Well, it is guaranteed to perform miracles if you could believe these hot water enthusiasts.

There are vast numbers of men and women who, immediately upon arising in the morning, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This is a very excellent health measure. It is intended to flush the stomach, liver and kidneys and the thirty feet of intestine of the previous day's waste and indigestible matter, and to stimulate the body.

When your kidneys ache and feel like lumps of lead, and you have stinging pains in the back or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment or the bladder is irritable, obliging you to seek relief during the night, when you have severe headaches, nervous and dizzy spells, sleeplessness, acid stomach or rheumatism in bad weather, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys, to neutralize the acids in urine so it is no longer a source of irritation, thus ending urinary and bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink, and nobody can make a mistake by taking a little occasionally to keep the kidneys clean and active.

Dr. Martin R. Reiber of Arizona, writing concerning Hopi Indian babies remarks that the living quarters and conditions of this Indian are not such as would be conducive to the health of the infant, and consequently the death rate is extremely high. Like the entire family the infant reposes only on blankets or sheep pelts on a bare, hard floor of clay. The one room house necessitates its occupancy by the entire family day and night; a door or window, if they have one, is seldom kept open even in the mildest weather; remnants of foodstuffs often litter the floor, and facilities for the disposal of garbage are deplorably inadequate; and moreover, the Hopi frequently does not take kindly to any suggestion that might remedy the situation. The water supply is inadequate, as it usually has to be carried a mile or more on the backs of the women or borros, and is often used for culinary and other purposes when alive with various larvae and absolutely unfit for human consumption.

Concerning the Apaches of Arizona, Tassie, Mary Scott of the San Carlos Indian Agency, writes that the mothers bundle the babies into the carriers, tie them, allowing no room for the movement of the babies lower extremities (which is necessary for muscular development and exercise), or for the proper expansion of the abdominal muscles, or necessary respiration. They leave them so for hours, generally with a heavy blanket, thru which no air can penetrate, covering the whole carrier.

Bride Bails at Red Wig. Detroit, Mich.—Alla Mallad was in complete despair at the time of her marriage to "Red Wig."

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Get the Habit of Drinking Hot Water Before Breakfast

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with the system full
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Fashions for Herald Readers

Unless otherwise specified, all Fashion Patterns published in these columns are Ten Cents each. Send or leave orders for same at the CHARLEVOIX CO. HERALD



poplin, voile or cashmere are also for this style. The skirt is arranged in plaits which form panels in back and front. The closing of the waist is under the vest portion of the front. The Pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Size 10 will require 3 1/2 yards of 44-inch material. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

A SMART COMBINATION
Waist—2308. Skirt—2291.
For a practical, serviceable costume you will find a good combination in Ladies' Waist Pattern 2308, and Ladies' Skirt Pattern 2291. The waist of linen, satin or crepe, and the skirt of serge, duvetyne, Jersey cloth, broadcloth, shepherd check or plaid suiting. The waist pattern is cut in 7 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. It will require 3 yards of 36-inch material for a medium size. The skirt is cut in 7 sizes: 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32 and 34 inches waist measure. Size 24 requires 3 yards of 44-inch material. It measures about 2 1/2 yards at the foot. This illustration calls for TWO separate patterns, which will be mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents FOR EACH pattern, in silver or stamps.

A SIMPLE AND ATTRACTIVE MODEL
2312—In blue serge, brown Jersey cloth, or plaid or mixed suiting, this model will be ideal. The waist is fitted with a front dart and has a smart revers collar trimming. The skirt has graceful fullness and straight lines. The Pattern is cut in 3 sizes: 16, 18 and 20 years. Size 16 requires 4 1/2 yards of 44-inch material. The skirt measures about 2 yards at the foot. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



SCHOOL DRESS
2317—This style is good for serge, cheviot, flannel, velvet, corduroy and for wash fabrics, like linens, gabstee, drill and for khaki. The coat is single breasted and open at the throat. The cuffs may be omitted. The trousers are made with front closing and side and back pockets. This Pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Size 10 requires 3 1/2 yards of 44-inch material. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A GOOD COSTUME FOR GENERAL WEAR
Waist—2317. Skirt—2318.
This model comprises Ladies' Skirt Waist Pattern 2317 and Ladies' Skirt Pattern 2318. The models may be combined in one material, or the waist may be of linen, crepe, madras, satin or flannel and the skirt of serge, broadcloth, gabstee, mixed or plaid suiting. The waist pattern is cut in 7 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. The skirt in 7 sizes: 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32 and 34 inches waist measure. A medium size will require for skirt and waist 5 1/2 yards of 44-inch material. The skirt measures 2 1/2 yards at the foot, with plaits drawn out. This illustration calls for TWO separate patterns, which will be mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents FOR EACH pattern, in silver or stamps.



A PLEASING NEGLIGEE.
1987—Ladies House Gown or Negligee.
Albatross, cashmere, challie, repps, poplin, crepe, crepe de Chine, taffeta, lawn and batiste, dotted Swiss and percale are all nice for this model. The full skirt portions are joined to the waist at a slightly raised waistline. A broad, notched collar trims the fronts. The sleeve is finished at elbow length, with a shaped cuff. The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 34, 38, 42, and 44 inches bust measure. It requires 7 yards of 44-inch material for a 38-inch size. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A SMART DRESS FOR THE GROWING GIRL.
2316—This will be good for serge, gabardine, corduroy, velour, poplin, velvet or satin. The right front of the waist overlaps the left at the closing. The skirt is a gored model, plaited over back and front. The sleeve may be in wrist or elbow length. The Pattern is cut in 3 sizes: 12, 14 and 16 years. Size 14 requires 5 1/2 yards of 44-inch material. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A POPULAR, UP-TO-DATE STYLE
2318—In satin, corduroy, velvet, cashmere, serge and poplin this style is very attractive. The closing is at the centre front. This model is good for home or afternoon wear, and may be developed in any reasonable material. The Pattern is cut in 7 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. Size 38 requires 5 1/2 yards of 44-inch material. The skirt measures about 2 1/2 yards at the foot. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A SMART SUIT FOR BOYS
2293—This style is good for serge, cheviot, flannel, velvet, corduroy and for wash fabrics, like linens, gabstee, drill and for khaki. The coat is single breasted and open at the throat. The cuffs may be omitted. The trousers are made with front closing and side and back pockets. This Pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Size 10 requires 3 1/2 yards of 44-inch material. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



SHIRT DRESS WITH OR WITHOUT JUMPER AND WHITE SLEEVES IN EITHER OF TWO NOTES.
2320—This model will make a very pretty dress for "beat" or party wear. One could use batiste, lawn, muslin, broadcloth, cashmere, taffeta, or combination of silk and velvet. The overskirt or jumper could be of contrasting material. The Pattern is cut in 5 sizes: 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Size 10 will require 5 1/2 yards of 44-inch material. Size 12 requires 6 yards and 1 1/2 yard for the jumper. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A SMART DRESS FOR MOTHER'S GIRL
2310—Serge or gabardine is nice for this model. It is also good for satin, velvet, poplin, mixed suiting, plaid or checked woolen. The bodice may be omitted. The skirt is gored and laid in deep plaits. The Pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Size 10 requires 3 1/2 yards of 44-inch material. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



AN UP-TO-DATE DRESS FOR THE GROWING GIRL.
2306—This makes a fine school frock. The back and fronts are plaited under square yoke sections, which may be omitted. The sleeve may be in wrist or shorter lengths. The Pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 12 requires 5 yards of 36-inch material. Galatee, gingham, linen, khaki, serge, velvet and corduroy are nice for this style. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A POPULAR, PRACTICAL GARMENT
2314—In these days of training, a simple, appropriate dress is needed. This model is good for home or afternoon wear, and may be developed in any reasonable material. The Pattern is cut in 7 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. Size 38 requires 5 1/2 yards of 44-inch material. The skirt measures about 2 1/2 yards at the foot. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.



A SMART DRESS FOR THE GROWING GIRL
2315—Black and white or brown and white checked suiting, plaid, serge,



A SMART DRESS FOR THE GROWING GIRL
2311—Black and white or brown and white checked suiting, plaid, serge,

Briefs of the Week

Chester Amberg is ill with pneumonia.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Supernaw left Thursday for Detroit.

W. P. Porter left Wednesday on a business trip to Chicago.

Miss Mary Lanway left Monday for Lansing to visit relatives.

Mrs. William Butts of Central Lake is visiting friends in our city.

Bert Reid, who has been quite ill the past week, is now recovering nicely.

Mrs. John Whiteford left Friday for Mancelona to spend a couple of days with relatives.

Mrs. Noah French and son have returned home from a visit with relatives at Grand Rapids.

Wm. Malpass is able to be out again after being confined to his home the past two weeks with tuberculosis.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Barrie returned home from Flint last Friday, where they have been visiting their daughter.

Misses Winnie Maddaugh and Laura Heileman returned to Ypsilanti, Monday, to resume their studies at the Normal.

Red Cross membership in Charlevoix County is now 3833 with more returns to be made from various precincts on the recent drive.

Raymond Knight returned to Cleveland, Ohio, Monday, after a month's visit here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Knight.

Next Thursday, Jan. 17th is the regular meeting of the Red Cross. All members who are interested are urged to attend, as the election of officers will take place.

The Eastern Star ladies will give a musical at the Masonic Hall, next Thursday evening, Jan. 17th. Admission 15 cents. For benefit of Red Cross. Everybody welcome.

Dr. C. H. Pray and son, Robert, returned home last Saturday from Independence, Iowa, where they have been visiting the former's parents. Mrs. Pray who has been visiting her parents at Mancelona returned home Saturday.

Rev. Myron E. Hoyt, who has been confined to his home for some time with neuritis, is recovering slowly and expects to again take charge of the services at the Methodist church, next day.

Supt. George Chapman of the Argo Milling Co., was a business visitor to Grand Rapids and other points this week, returning home Wednesday evening. He reports the snow-fall south of us much heavier than here.

Mrs. J. H. Bancroft of East Jordan arrived last week to spend the winter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Howard, at the Court House. Mr. Bancroft accompanied her, but returned to his work at the East Jordan Lumber Co.'s camp, Friday.—Charlevoix Courier

Manager F. J. Gruber of the Temple Theatre has booked the dramatic Thunderbolt, "The Natural Law" for one night only, Friday, Jan. 18th. This play ran for 8 months in N. Y. and six months in Chicago so local theatre goers may expect something out of the ordinary.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather Dr. R. B. Armstrong responded to a professional call from East Jordan last Sunday night. Some night for making a forty mile trip. Possibly the Dr. is in training for an Alaskan trip or a hunt for the north pole.—Charlevoix Sentinel.

Mrs. Myrtle E., wife of Joseph Ericks passed away at her home on the West Side last Tuesday, Jan. 8th, the cause of her death being pneumonia. Deceased was 38 years of age. She leaves, besides her husband, one brother and three sisters. Funeral services were held from the Methodist Church, Thursday afternoon. Owing to the illness of the pastor the services were conducted by Rev. Sidebotham of the Presbyterian Church. Interment at East Jordan Cemetery.

Last week a man well advanced in years, poorly clad, applied for admission into the "Antrim County Home." At the time of his arrival at the home he handed an old pocket-book over to the superintendent saying, "there is no money I have saved." Something over six hundred dollars in bills of large denomination, from one hundred down were found, enough to pay any expense that may be incurred by the county in carrying for the fellow and at the same time he can feel that he has a good home to enjoy during his remaining years and that he is not an object of charity.

Mrs. Geo. Light is ill with pneumonia. Jerome Votruba left Monday for Grand Rapids.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter LaLonde left this Friday for Detroit to visit relatives.

Mrs. Cleve Isaman and son, Bruce visited friends at Green River, Friday.

Louis Malpass is reported as slowly recovering from a case of pneumonia.

Miss May L. Stewart entertained a party of friends at her home last Saturday evening.

The biggest play of the year, "The Natural Law" at Temple Theatre next Friday, Jan. 18th.

Merle Crowell and Stewart Carr left this Friday for Grand Rapids, Detroit and other points.

Miss Rena Alstrom returned home the latter part of last week from a visit with her sister at Grayling.

Mrs. Anna Bulow came over from Springvale last Friday, and will remain and make her home here again.

Mort Row arrived last week from Alberta and is greeting old friends and visiting his mother, Mrs. Geo. Crawford.

Mrs. Harry Simmons entertained a number of friends with a thimble party last Friday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Tape.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Stroebel arrived home last Saturday from a visit with relatives at Marshfield, Wis., and other points.

Wm. Taylor and family now occupy their residence on the West Side, recently vacated by Orrin Stone and family.

It teems with truth and staggering reality N. Y. Journal. "The Natural Law" next Friday Jan. 18th, at Temple Theatre.

Supt. and Mrs. Henry A. Tape and son returned to their home at Milan last Saturday, after a visit with friends and relatives here.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Owens at Flint, a daughter, recently. Mrs. Owens was formerly Miss Maude Carpenter of this city.

The ladies of the Improvement Club and their husbands were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sidebotham, Monday evening. A very pleasant evening was spent.

Unless a man is polite to his wife he is not polite.

Sound judgment is responsible for a lot of silence.

From an Indian's standpoint it's America for everybody, but the American.

FOR SALE—Beautiful residence, all modern conveniences, situated on terrace overlooking Pine Lake, garden spot, fruit trees and large garage. Big bargain for family desiring a modern home. Would make an ideal summer home. Terms to suit purchaser. Located on 2nd St. East Jordan. Mich For further information write—MRS. ESSIE WEISMAN, 603 W. SULLIVAN, ST., OLEAN, N. Y.

Smoke White Holly—5c Cigar.

Temple Theatre
F. J. GRUBER, Manager

PROGRAM for Week of Jan'y 14th

MONDAY
10th chapter "The Fighting Trail."
Clara Kimball Young in
"When Women Go on the War Path"
"How States Are Made."
10c-15c

WEDNESDAY
O'Henry. COMEDY NIGHT.
10c-15c

FRIDAY
"THE NATURAL LAW."
This is not a moving picture.
25c-35c-50c.

SATURDAY
9th episode of "The Fatal Ring."
PatheNews. Luke Comedy. Cartoon.
10c-15c
Show starts 7:00 sharp on Saturday.
Coming Thursday, Jan. 24th—
Mae Marsh in "Polly of the Circus"
Children 10c; Adults 25c

COUPON.
SAVE THIS PROGRAM and Watch for Announcement. If you save enough of them you will get a FREE TICKET. This is No. 5.

First Methodist Episcopal Church

Rev. Myron E. Hoyt, Pastor.

Sunday, Jan. 13, 1918.

Sunday services as usual.

The pastor expects to be back in his pulpit again.

10:30 a. m.—Morning theme, "The Loom of Life."

12:00 p. m.—Sunday School as usual.

3:00 p. m.—Junior League.

6:00 p. m.—Epworth League.

7:00 p. m.—Evening theme, "A Captain with his foot on the neck of a King."

This will be the first of a series of Sunday evening sermons on the Great Sinners of the Bible. Everybody invited.

Meeting of the Epworth League Cabinet on Friday evening of this week at the parsonage.

Presbyterian Church Notes

Robert S. Sidebotham, Pastor.

Sunday, Jan. 13, 1918.

10:30 a. m.—Communion Service.

12:00 p. m.—Sunday School.

4:30 p. m.—Grenfell of the Labrador.

The Vesper Service will be some account of the wonderful work of Dr. Grenfell among the Labrador fishermen.

5:30 p. m.—Junior and Senior Endeavor.

Monday at 7:30 p. m.—Annual business meeting for hearing reports, selecting officers, etc.

Thursday at 7:30 p. m.—Union Prayer meeting in Methodist Church.

Church of God

J. W. Ruehle, Pastor.

Sunday, Jan. 13, 1918.

9:30 a. m. Sunday School.

10:30 a. m. Morning Worship.

7:00 p. m. Evening Worship.

The mid-week services will be discontinued during the revival meetings at the Three Bell Schoolhouse. The meeting is progressing with unabated interest and the number of converts is steadily increasing.

FIND RING LOST THIRTY YEARS

Children Dig Up Woman's Gold Love Token.

Llano, Texas.—After having been lost for over thirty years the engagement ring which was placed upon the finger of Mrs. R. L. Brown of Mason, Texas, by her husband-to-be over forty years ago has been found.

Mrs. Brown lost the ring about ten years after her marriage, which was about forty years ago. A thoro search was made at the time, but nothing could be found of the ring. A few days ago the ring was found by some children in the garden of her brother, Jim Fleming, who lives at the old homestead of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Fleming, in Mason.

The children, who were digging in the ground, found it about a foot under earth. With the exception that the soldering had broken loose, the ring did not look any the worse for wear.

SHOOTS SALT INTO ELOPER, 92

Angry Father, 96, Thus Stops Marriage of Daughter, 78.

Beaver Falls, Pa.—Old age triumphed over young love in a pitched battle in the city clerk's office here when Caleb Smith, 96, Civil War veteran, appeared with a shotgun and halted the elopement of his daughter, Miss Cynthia, 78, and Roman Williams, 92. Two charges of salt from the shotgun found lodgment in the flank of William's position, as the war correspondents say.

NEEDLE IN USE THIRTY YEARS

Thought to Be the Record in Sewing Machine Work.

Bridgeton, N. J.—Buying a sewing machine from a tailor who was moving from the city, thirty years ago, Mrs. Fred Cheney of this city is still using the same machine and the original needle sold with it. She has used this needle in tailoring all these years and it is still very serviceable. This is thought to be a record for service of a sewing machine needle.

TWO AND 3-CENT COINS SCARCE

Takes Cleveland Doctor 15 Years to Collect 300.

Cleveland, Ohio.—Ever wonder what has become of the 2-cent and 3-cent coins? Dr. William G. Graus, of this city, knows about the disappearance of some of them.

"I have 200 2-cent pieces and 100 3-cent coins," he said. "I've been collecting them for fifteen years. Two-cent pieces have disappeared from circulation, but a few 3-cent coins are still seen."

ALASKA "SPOOK" STORIES

POOH-POOHED BY WOMAN

Having Faced Perils There Before, She Will Defy "Ghost" of Man Who Was Hanged

Kansas City, Mo.—Does the ghost of the first white man hanged in Alaska haunt the icy stretches of that bleak country and howl with the winds on the long, cold winter nights?

It does, says the Esquimaux and the Indians and the more imaginative white people of that region. But Mrs. Mary E. Hart, one of the first women explorers of the North and one of the witnesses of the hanging, pooh-poohs the ghost story.

Mrs. Hart, after a visit in Missouri, is on her way back to the far north to her fox ranch near Steward, to carry on the work and adventures in the country where she endured the hardships of a prospector fifteen years ago.

"Some people have said I was afraid to return to Alaska because of the ghost of that hanged man," said Mrs. Hart. "Well, I have been from one end of Alaska to another in a dog sled in the dead of winter and I prospect with the first settlers at Nome. It would take more than the ghost of a man to keep me away now."

When Mrs. Hart went to Alaska thirteen years ago she joined the ru-Nome, then a city of tents and ed deep with snow. She staked claim, washing out gold dust and ing nuggets from the rocks. She went on hunts with the natives and brought back ivory tusks and Later she went into the fur business, established a fox grew wealthy.

One of Mrs. Hart's friends now is Sitrook Mary, 10,000 reindeer and one of the women in Alaska. It was Sitrook Mary had married a second husband and a year's her junior, that ed them to pose for the these she sent with a wedding to newspapers.

One day Sitrook Mary a magazine in which appeared. About the picture her husband the a number of frolicking ogaining the picture Hart.

"What for?" she and me no fat babies. I kill you."

She reached for a knife and Mrs. Hart dodged behind a chair. In Indian Jargon and speaking rapidly she sought to appease the frate woman.

"Those are not fat babies, Mary," said she. "Those are little gods of love put there to bring happiness and good luck and many reindeer to you and Anook."

Mary finally was convinced. Now she wears the clipping in a little leather bag around her neck.

Mrs. Hart does not like to talk about the hanging she saw.

"It was horrible," she says and shudders. It was last spring, shortly before Mrs. Hart began her dog sled journey to Skagway, there to take the steamer for San Francisco. A prospector had been murdered and the slayer was quickly captured and hanged.

Since Mrs. Hart left the story of the ghost that walks the north has grown and been spread broadcast until all the natives are afraid. But Mrs. Hart says she is not the least bit frightened.

"I am going back and investigate that ghost," she says.

MYSTERY OF FREIGHT CAR

STUMPS ROAD OFFICIALS

It Arrives and Is Relieved of Its Burden—Back Again, Loaded—By Whom?

Webb City, Mo.—About three weeks ago a box car was shoved onto the siding at the Webb City smelter load e with lead ore to be smelted and turned into pig lead.

It was unloaded and next day sent out again, presumably to its own road—the Union Pacific. Now it is back at the Webb City smelter again with another load of ore, but the officials of the Missouri Pacific, on whose tracks it stands, say they have no record of its ever leaving the smelter on the first trip. They have no data of any kind—that they supposed it had never left the smelter. Yet it had been away twenty days.

The first trip it was loaded with 100,000 pounds of lead ore and was worth just \$5,000. This time it has the same amount of lead ore and, the price of ore having gone up, is worth \$5,500. Yet the railroad officials have no record whatever of this last shipment.

Another unique thing is the number of the car, a straight 7-9-4-10, No. 78910.

STRANGE BEAST IS CAPTURED

It Looks Like a Fox and Climbs to the Top of Trees

Albert Lea, Minn.—A new strange animal was discovered in Bancroft township by Emil Halvorson, who was hunting.

It appeared larger than a fox, and when pursued jumped up the trunk of a tree and was seen in the branches. Later

It Begins With Love

Coming!

The talk of New York

THE NATURAL LAW

Excavations at Tell-el-Amarna, Egypt, Uncover Valuable Records.

Washington.—Among the popular science papers in the Smithsonian annual report is an article on the excavations at Tell-el-Amarna, Egypt, written by the famous Egyptologist, Prof. Dr. Ludwig Borchardt, director of the German Institute of Egyptian Archeology, and illustrated with photographic reproductions of the localities excavated and some of the finds.

Tell-el-Amarna is the name given to a number of house and tomb ruins in upper Egypt on the east bank of the Nile, located about 190 miles above Cairo. It comprises the ruins of Akhetaton (Akhetatun), a city built about 1850 B. C. by Akhetaton, the young Pharaoh Amenophis IV., as a new capital of his empire, in place of the Thebes, when he ceased to worship the Theban gods and turned to Aton, the sun god.

Dr. Borchardt mentions one dwelling with two gardens, one within the walls hidden from the public view, and the other in front of the high wall, surrounded only by a low fence so that the passers-by could enjoy the trees and bushes. The largest and best preserved house, excavated during the year was that of Gen.Ra-mose, formerly known as Ptah-mose, before he removed to Tell-el-Amarna with his master. It seems that at this time, with the constant growth of the sun cult, names suggestive of other than solar deities became unfashionable in good society.

One of the important things noted about this house was that all the doors were framed in ashlar, or hewn stone, and inscribed with hieroglyphics. New data as regards the "quadrangular" room, hitherto supposed to have been the master's room, was also furnished by this building. Judging from the fact that the name of the mistress of the house appears on the frame of a false door to this room, and that a wardrobe or dressing room, with benches for storage of clothing adjoins it, the author believes that it must have been the "room of wife."

In exploring the environs of the studio of Thutmes, an early native sculptor, a model of a baboon's head in a material resembling wax and another head carved from limestone were found, together with some beautiful ivory carvings. Other objects unearthed included a portrait in relief of Amenophis IV.; some impressions from a moldboard; a relief model in resin of the young Pharaoh and his wife; a mask model in limestone, a small tablet with a portion of an Assyrian syllabary; a larger clay tablet covered with cuneiform script relating to a military campaign in Western Asia, but without signature of the king.

Take tablespoonful of Salt-MOTHERS or Bladder bothers—Drink TRUMP CARD-TWICE

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When arrested Lizzie wore a long gray cape and the mostly motherly of little poke bonnets. Its fastenings, tied in a bow knot under her chin, framed a face so benign, so free from guile and worldiness, it could well be used as an advertisement for homely domesticity.

When the services had progressed to its most impressive point Lizzie and Dan, seated apart would each somehow "lift" a woman's pocketbook. If either thought the circumstances warranted a flow of tears, perhaps to divert suspicion, both Lizzie and Dan would simply "turn on the juice" and weep as copiously as the mourning relatives.

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FINELY IT STITCHES WITHOUT ANY HITCHES

The WHITE ROTARY

Sold by the EAST JORDAN LUMBER COMPANY



Another Pair Just Like These

MEASURED by service rendered, the supreme test, Ralston Shoes "make good."

Try Ralstons once and you will find the reason why your friends

TRAMP DIES AFTER FINDING GOLD

AGED CALIFORNIA PROSPECTOR HAD REFUSED \$60,000 FOR DISCOVERED TREASURE

HAD SEARCHED YEARS FOR GOLD

Pocket of Valuable Ore Found on Claim Forty Miles From Railroad

San Bernardino, Cal.—Found dead on the desert two days after he had refused \$60,000 for a gold mine which he had discovered, the story of William Thornton, desert rat, reads like a page of fiction.

As wealth, riches and all that go with them were within reach of the man, fate decreed that he should enjoy them, as he later near

Hatfield erected his tower near the dam, put his galvanized iron tanks on top of them, wrapped the tanks with tar paper, and poured in his chemical fluid. He was off in the mountains and the city forgot him.

Sometime later the councilmen were measuring the treasury resources, and thinking about appropriations—but never about the \$10,000—when it began to rain.

Some one brought down word that water at Morena Dam was higher than ever had been.

Hatfield isn't doing it," the councilman said. "Everybody's getting plenty rain these days."

When the downpour continued, a flood followed, some favored Hatfield \$5,000 and calling it a day. Hatfield is sure he will get \$10,000.

His chemicals are he has never used. The tar paper collecting the liquid to evaporate at night, and at night he applied heat to produce the same ascending columns of vapor. The tanks have the power, he said, to collect moisture even to the

FINGER PRINTS GIVE MONKEY THIEF AWAY

Crook Trapped by Use of Modern Crime Detection Methods—Left Marks on Grip.

New York—Modern crime detection methods have been put into effect in the New York Zoo. Fred Engelholm, keeper of the monkey house has caught a thieving orang outang by the fingerprint system.

Since flitting has been stopped in the various monkey houses, things have been a bit dull, so the keepers of the zoo have been whiling away the dull hours lately by taking fingerprints of apes, monkeys and gorillas and comparing them with their own. Among other dainty hands which have been placed in the smudge pot for that purpose were those of Datu, the only orang outang in captivity in the Bronx.

Raymond Dittmars, curator, entered the monkey house the other day with a suit case, which he left near the door and then went to his office. When he returned an hour later the suit case was missing. A careful search revealed it behind a desk, and according to the story, the bag had a large fingerprint on it. Engelholm entered, examined the smudge and, according to the chatter is quoted as saying, "That is the fingerprint of Datu, the orang outang; she stole the bag and the fingerprint convinces me that she is a thief. I think I can explain the recent theft of an inkwell."

Clean Food Kills Cave Man

Milwaukee, Wis.—Starving because he was given wholesome food, and wretched because the accumulated dirt of twenty years had been scrubbed from his body, Ferdinand Nurnberg, 48 years old, died in the house of correction, where he had been removed.

The man's stomach accustomed to the filth of the garbage plant, revolted at cleanly food. For twenty years Nurnberg had lived within a few feet of the lake, but he never took a bath. At a local sanatorium he was scrubbed for two hours, the attendants using washing powder and scrub brushes.

Men Taller in the Morning

Washington—Men are taller in the morning than in the evening, medical examiners for the United States Marine Corps declare, and the applicant for enlistment who is of medium or small stature has a better chance just after breakfast to meet the height requirements than at any other time during the day.

The discs of cartilage between the vertebra of the backbone yield to the pressure due to weight of the body, when it is erect, and expand while the body is in a reclining position.

HE HAD RAIN FOR SALE GOODS DELIVERED, CLAIM

"Shucks! Everybody is getting Rain These Days," Cry Councilmen—Who Will Laugh Last

Los Angeles, Cal.—The supposition that rain comes down because it hateth is officially refuted in San Diego, where \$10,000 may have to be paid out of the city treasury by way of shattering the old belief that Mother Nature is responsible.

The city attorney has ruled that the city must pay Charles Hatfield that sum for filling the Morena Dam. Hatfield is a rainmaker. He went to San Diego some weeks ago and spoke somewhat as follows:

"I notice you don't have very much of an average rainfall here. I'd like to make rain for you."

"Fill Morena Dam," said the councilmen, and they all laughed. Morena Dam had never been more than a third filled.

"All right," said Hatfield, for \$10,000.

Still laughing they agreed. Hatfield erected his tower near the dam, put his galvanized iron tanks on top of them, wrapped the tanks with tar paper, and poured in his chemical fluid. He was off in the mountains and the city forgot him.

Sometime later the councilmen were measuring the treasury resources, and thinking about appropriations—but never about the \$10,000—when it began to rain.

Some one brought down word that water at Morena Dam was higher than ever had been.

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RECOGNIZED MISTRESS Causes Thieves' Arrest

York, Pa.—Somebody was spared a tragic chicken dinner when 14 year old Miss Grace Weiser walked into the poultry house of E. Kinneman and reclaimed her "Biddy" which joyously responded when she called it by name.

"Bidy," who is herself a hen of 14 years and in no way fitted to provide a meal, had been Miss Weiser's pet ever since both were wee chicks. Recently somebody climbed the Weiser fence and stole "Biddy," together with a one eyed rabbit.

The rabbit also sold to the poultry man, was easily identified, and it only required the pet fowl's response to its mistress' call to convince all of the identity.

William McCleary, 12 years old; Robert Sweitzer, 12, and William Jacobs, 14, have been arrested for the crime.

CRACKED AN UNLOCKED SAFE

Joke on Crooks Who Robbed a Store in Iowa Town

Yorktown, Iowa—The safe at the George Chapman hardware store was blown open by burglars some time during Tuesday night, Charley Castle, Jr., who helps his sister at the store during the absence of Mr. Chapman, found the store door open when he came down to work Wednesday morning.

Nitro glycerine had been used and the door of the safe was blown entirely off and blown to pieces, scattering bucketfuls of packing about the floor. The safe was not locked and the combination was pasted on the side. They secured no money.

The plate of the cash register had been opened with a jimmy. No goods were missing from the store, but a large package of paper taken from the safe was found in the lumber yard.

MONK'S LAST TRICK IS FATAL

Mischievous Pet Sets Fire to House and Perishes

York, Pa.—Ralph Gregor's pet monkey wound up his career of mischief by stealing matches and igniting his room.

The monkey had caused much consternation in this place by his tricks. At times he frightened women by peeping in their bedroom windows. At another time he crawled to the top of a house and jabbed holes in a tin roof with a butcher knife.

Gregor had left the monkey confined in a cage while he went to work. The animal reached thru the bars, took matches from the pocket of a coat and striking them set fire to the room. The fire company managed to get the blaze out, but the monkey was burned to death.

Pays \$50 BIRTH 53 Years Old

Fairmont, W. Va.—Payment of a \$50 birth certificate was made to a woman, who has

ATTENTION! Sick Women

To do your duty during these trying times your health should be your first consideration. These two women tell how they found health.

Hellam, Pa.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles and a displacement. I felt all run down and was very weak. I had been treated by a physician without results, so decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and felt better right away. I am keeping house since last April and doing all my housework, where before I was unable to do any work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certainly the best medicine a woman can take when in this condition. I give you permission to publish this letter."—Mrs. E. R. CRULLING, R. No. 1, Hellam, Pa.

Lowell, Mich.—"I suffered from cramps and dragging down pains, was irregular and had female weakness and displacement. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which gave me relief at once and restored my health. I should like to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies to all suffering women who are troubled in a similar way."—Mrs. ELISE HARM, R. No. 6, Box 83, Lowell, Mich.

Why Not Try

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

GILDED BRICK DONATED TO MUSEUM IN MISSOURI

Missouri Banker Saved from Loss by Cashier Who Was Wise to the Swindler's Game

Macon, Mo.—One of the curious objects which has just been donated to the museum of the Macon library is an alleged gold brick, now the property of John A. Cook. This gilded brick came very near separating a banker from \$5,000 some years ago. Mr. Cook got the brick from a lady who is now the widow of an ex-sheriff of the county.

Along with the brick is a small vial of gold dust, a black mask and a bottle of gold filings drilled out of a \$20 gold piece.

Some twenty years ago a couple of well known operators, W. A. Atkins and Dave McCord, arranged the plan to sell their bogus brick to a wealthy Linn county banker for \$5,000. McCord played the Indian. He established a teepee in a wild looking place on the Chariton River, painted his cheeks red and hunted up a lot of chicken feathers for his hair. Then he got some Indian blankets, a tomahawk and a long stemmed pipe. He looked like a noble Indian all right.

Atkins then a young and goodlooking man, hailed from St. Louis, told the Linn county banker that he had learned of the whereabouts of an old Indian who was digging among the Indian mounds on the Chariton River for some relics of his ancestors. He said the Indian was the discoverer of a fabulous rich mine in the west and that he had along with him a brick made out of gold taken from his mine. The brick, Atkins said was worth \$15,000 or \$20,000, but the Indian had no idea of its value and might be induced to part with it for \$5,000. Atkins proposed that he and the banker would divide the profits.

The banker came to Macon county, and the Indian made for him like he was going to chop his head off, but Atkins interposed, spoke soothingly and managed to get possession of the gold brick for a while to have it tested. Here is where the ingenious part of the scheme came in. Atkins told the banker that he was perfectly willing to have the brick drilled at any place and the filings passed upon by any jeweler the banker might select.

A hole was drilled in the brick and the filings were put in a bottle and carried in the banker's pocket. Before they reached the jeweler however, Atkins managed to change the vials and when they reached the jeweler a test showed that the filings were real gold.

The banker went home to get his money, but his cashier had read about gold bricks and advised caution. An officer went along with the banker to hunt up the wild Indian, but found that he had vanished. Atkins, however, was caught and tried. He was found guilty, sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, appealed to the Supreme Court and jumped his bond. Ten years later he was found in the West, an old and broken down man, and was brought back to Missouri and served out his sentence.

Sheriff James W. White, who had charge of the Macon end of the case, said that one of the curious things about gold brick men was, that they always hunted up some banker or shrewd financial man; that he never knew of a case where a sharper had offered to sell a gold brick to a farmer, although the funny papers insist that only the farmer is the gold brick man's game.

The brick is long and heavy and flows to this day a bright gold like surface. It is made of some sort of a composition of brass and other metal. Its intrinsic value is probably \$1.30.

Truth never dodges, no matter who throws mud at it.

Most things will come your way if you go after them.

Even a crook can hand out a straight tip if he wants to.

Some people are full of the truth, because they never let any of it out.

A man is never too busy to listen when the lady on the silver dollar talks.

CROUP AT MIDNIGHT WELL IN MORNING

A few nights ago one of my patrons had a small child taken with croup about midnight," writes Mrs. T. DAVIS, Bearsville, W. Va. "They came to my store and got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar. Before morning the child had entirely recovered." Use only Foley's for coughs, colds, croup and grip.—Hitt's Drug Store.

Young man, if you would engrave your name on a girl's heart use a solitaire diamond.

Old Noah was a great ball player. He pitched the ark without and with n, and later in the game he put the dove out on a fly.

Only the man who holds the key to the situation is in a position to open a deadlock.

A cold is a good deal like a street car. A man can always catch it when he doesn't want it.

Just because a married man does the things his wife wants him to is no sign that he is stuck on the job.

If you don't believe that men are just as curious as women, tie up one of your fingers and pour liniment over it.

GETS GOOD RESULTS QUICKLY.

These few lines from J. E. Haynes, McAlester, Okla., deserve careful reading by every one who values good health: "I find no medicine which acts so mildly and quickly with good results as Foley's Cathartic. They empty the stomach and give all of the digestive and healthy action."—Hitt's Drug Store.

Special Offer to the Readers of This Paper

If you will send us the names of five ladies in your town who you think would like to read the FAMILY STORY PAPER, we will send you and them each a sample copy, and will also send as a reward for your effort your choice of any one of the following:

Your choice of 10 High Grade Assorted Breeding Post Cards, Camp Scenes, Sailor Toys, Soldier Boys, Battleships, Hallween, Ghaningring, Christmas, New Years, etc.

1 Silver Plated Souvenir State Tea Spoon. The Ladies Fancy Work Manual for Crocheting and Embroidering. Mystic Oracle and Gypsy Dreams Book. The Boy's Book on Toy Making.

Enclose 4c stamps to help cover cost and postage.

N. L. MUNRO'S PUB. HOUSE 338-340 Pearl St., New York

Use Black Silk Stove Polish

"A Shine In Every Drop"

Get a can today from your hardware or grocery dealer.

For **Pure Milk**

Call Phone Number 29

More Health and Strength in One Quart than in Pounds of Meat.

Office hours: 1:30 to 4:00 p. m. 7:00 to 8:00 p. m. X-RAY in Office.

Dr. F. P. Ramsey Physician and Surgeon. Graduate of College of Physicians and Surgeons of the University of Illinois. OFFICE SHERMAN BLOCK East Jordan, Mich. Phone No. 196.

Doctor Branch Office at rear of East Jordan Drug Store. PHONE 77

Dr. G. W. Bechtold DENTIST Office Hours: 8:00 to 12:00 a. m. 1:00 to 5:00 p. m. Evenings by Appointment. Office: Second Floor of Kimball Block.

Dr. C. H. Pray Dentist Office Hours: 8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m. And Evenings. Phone No. 22.

...proper care and atten-
 ...And who shall say that the spirit
 which prompted such an utterance on
 the part of a man who, though he had
 been a gallant soldier himself, loved
 the ways of peace more than the
 glories of war, should not find a ready
 response in the hearts of the people of
 Oklahoma today?

"There are in Oklahoma several
 places wherein the remains of Confed-
 erate soldiers (who were killed in ac-
 tion, or who, it may be, died of wounds
 or of disease in hospital or camp) are
 buried in considerable numbers. I have
 personally visited three or four of
 these burial grounds. In every instance
 the grounds are neglected and there
 is nothing to indicate that beneath the
 sod of such a spot sleeps all that is
 mortal of men who had sealed their
 devotion with their lives. It is to be
 regretted that such small tracts were
 not even excepted from allotment when
 the lands were apportioned in the old
 Indian Territory, 15 years ago.

"One cannot but be impressed by
 the loving care which is lavished upon
 the turf covered graves of the national
 cemeteries at Fort Gibson or Fort
 Smith. Yet these other men, who were
 not one whit less brave, nor less de-
 voted and self sacrificing, are left to
 sleep in graves whose very location
 will soon be forgotten if something
 be not done soon to rescue them from
 oblivion! Something should be done,
 even at this late date, to have them
 properly identified and so marked that
 they will be preserved and given due
 attention and care in the future.

"Last fall, in company with A. M.
 Darling of Oktah (a progressive little
 town which has grown up in recent
 years near the battlefield of Elk
 Creek, or Honey Springs, where the
 forces of the Union Gen. Blunt and
 the Confederate Gen. Cooper strove
 for the mastery in July, 1863), I vis-
 ited a little plot of ground near the
 edge of a cotton field where, in a
 space of less than two acres, there
 are the graves of 140 Confederate sol-
 diers who were killed in action. (The
 remains of the Federal soldiers who
 were killed at the battle of Elk Creek
 or Honey Springs, were removed to a
 national cemetery several years after
 the end of the war.) Except for the
 fact that the ground has never been
 plowed and is still covered with long
 grass in which are interspersed a few
 small oak trees, there is no sign that
 those who met death in battle are
 buried there."

TRIES TO GET A WORKING WIFE

New York Farmer, 62, Believes Women Should Handle Most of Farm Work

Buffalo, N. Y.—Henry M. Scott, 62
 years old, who has a farm at Medina,
 sat in Inspector Girvin's office and
 dictated a statement about how he
 married three wives. He is under ar-
 rest on a warrant procured by the
 third wife from Judge Keeler in City
 Court charging him with bigamy.

In his signed statements the prison-
 er, according to the police, said he
 married Amelia Ostrand at Medina on
 March 12, 1876. On May 17, 1898, he
 said in his statement, he was married
 to Anna Victoria Clifton at Niagara
 Falls, Ontario. Some time in March
 1914, he stated he was married in
 Bridgeport, Conn., to Ada Hood.

Anna Victoria Clifton swore out the
 warrant, which was given to Detective
 Sergt. Keuhn, and he went to Medina
 after the man.

prisoner shed tears as he recit-
 goes to Inspector Girvin. He
 wanted a wife, he said, who
 could take care of things on the farm
 help him along. They all had to
 had a talent dislike could not under-
 in was

up at 3
 worked
 come at
 very first
 ntly located
 the several
 ch there have
 of confederate

...SAND DUNE TO GO
 Landmark Near Gary,
 Will Be Cut Down
 ...ent Tom, the highest
 ...iana and the most
 ...the sand dunes east
 ...destroyed.
 ...Chicago contract-
 ...dunes and intends
 ...A Government
 ...located on top of

...and is one of the most
 interesting of the group. Implements
 and utensils have been unearthed there
 that indicate the existence of a high
 type of man in prehistoric times. Not
 long ago a set of chess men were found
 in a cave with only two or three
 pieces missing. The chessmen were
 carved from soapstone and in forma-
 tion are practically the same as those
 commonly in use. Mr. Howland has a
 curved sword of good workmanship
 that was unearthed by one of his herd-
 ers. When found it was in fair state
 of preservation and still showed evi-
 dence of having been stained or paint-
 ed. It has one sharpened edge.

"While the greater portion of the is-
 land including the mesas at the top,
 are fairly level and provide good for-
 age and grain crops, the remainder is
 extremely rugged. Deep, narrow can-
 yons that are inaccessible to men on
 horseback and ravens are numerous.

HYPNOTIZES LOWER ANIMALS

**Amusing Experiments by a Texas Col-
 lege Professor**

Fort Worth, Texas—Prof. Tom Paul
 Frizzell, of this city, believes in and
 practices hypnotism on both man and
 the lower animals. A big silver Wyandotte
 rooster gave out a "squawk" as
 the professor placed the chanticleer
 with both feet squarely on the
 ground. Then drawing a piece of cray-
 on from his pocket he forced the roos-
 ters beak to the floor and drew a line
 extending straight away from his sub-
 ject. Then stepping back the profes-
 sor looked on while the rooster stood
 hypnotized, gazing steadfastly at the
 line just drawn. Then, with a loud
 clap of the hands, the professor broke
 the spell, and again the rooster
 squawked and rapidly made his exit.

In quite the same way Professor
 Frizzell charms horned toads and
 crawfish, and feels sure that could he
 speak their language he could force
 them to obey his commands entirely.
 He is studying biology and is doing
 some excellent work.

PROFESSOR USES 1,000 RATS

**He Labors Seven Years to Find Ideal
 Food for Humans**

Madison, Wis.—More than 1,000
 are being used in the cultural
 chemistry department of the Univer-
 sity of Wisconsin, in an effort on the
 part of Prof. McCollum to dis-
 cover the most efficient lives,
 people's best practical rate.

In conclusion, Mr. Thoburn, whose
 own father was an officer in the
 Army, said: "Oklahoma is a state
 of historic interest so
 many that the state can-
 not well be said that they are
 preserved and saved from an-
 ignominy and forgetfulness. And among
 the very first places that should be
 definitely located and authenticated
 are the several small burial plots in
 which there have been unmarked
 graves of confederate soldiers since

...SAND DUNE TO GO
 Landmark Near Gary,
 Will Be Cut Down
 ...ent Tom, the highest
 ...iana and the most
 ...the sand dunes east
 ...destroyed.
 ...Chicago contract-
 ...dunes and intends
 ...A Government
 ...located on top of

...Mr. McAblian grabbed the
 owl and put it in a place of safety.
 The bird was later set free.

EAST JORDAN LUMBER CO. STORE

SAY!

IF IT IS A GOOD

Warm OVERCOAT



at a Bargain Price

YOU WANT, COME IN AND SEE US.

A few Sheepskin Coats and Vests left; Hurry!

East Jordan Lumber Co.

