

Donnerstag

SHOES

Are made to FIT any kind of foot. We have them in many styles from the World's Greatest Factory.



If you don't see what you want, ask for it. If we haven't it in stock we will get it for you.

We are determined to give you the BEST Shoe Service you will find here, or in any other town or city.

OUR REPAIR DEPT is increasing on account of our quick service and Simplex machinery.

IF FROM MISSOURI, LET US SHOW YOU!

Chas. A. Hudson PIONEER SHOE MAN

GUARD YOUR HEALTH



Telling Tariff Points

Let these telling points on tariff and protection in the speech by Charles Evans Hughes, the Republican candidate for President, delivered in the Salt Lake Tabernacle, be fixed permanently in your mind and memory during the remainder of the campaign:

We are desirous of having strong and sure the foundations of our national greatness in this pursuit of competition among the nations which is sure to follow the cessation of the present struggle.

I presume that the Republican party as the national party, according to the constitution of the United States, within the national sphere, shall proceed, wherever it is practicable, to build up and foster and encourage American enterprise, and open the doors wide for honest American achievement.

Then came the Underwood tariff bill itself. What was the result? Enterprise halted and there was a contraction of trade throughout the land, and America, instead of going ahead, stopped. That is what happened. Three hundred thousand were unemployed in the City of New York.

There was not a city in this land where the jobless man anxious and able to work did not walk the street. They were fed by our charitable organizations, which were taxed to the utmost limit to provide for those for whom American enterprise could no longer make provision. It was a sad spectacle. Americans have not forgotten it. It is not forgotten here or anywhere. It cannot be forgotten. It is too recent.

If you are going to have the basis for prosperity in this country; if you are going to protect the American wage scale; if you are going to have American enterprise able to meet the competition which will follow the ending of this war, you must have an honestly devised, wisely framed tariff law to protect American industry.

If a man is unable to discover his weakness his wife will discover it for him.

You can blind men by throwing gold dust in their eyes.

Only fools mortgage their opportunities.

Kolb and Dill, famous American-Mutual comedians, driving "Tom" and "Jerry" in "Bluff," next of their Mutual Star Productions.



From away up in the Santa Ynez mountains of Lower California, where but few persons outside the old mountaineers and their families have ever set foot, came these two oxen, "Tom" and "Jerry," along with the old cart, to play a most important part in "Bluff," a forthcoming Mutual Star Production featuring Kolb and Dill, the famous stage comedians. The coming of the strange outfit into Santa Barbara, where the American-Mutual Studios are located, with the funny kers driving the heavy footed creatures, was indeed a most unusual spectacle and one not long to be forgotten. It was the first time the oxen had ever been out of the mountains. The type of cart, still in vogue among the mountaineers, is a striking illustration of how far behind the times they are.

CHARLEVOIX COUNTY HERALD

G. A. Lisk, Publisher
ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR

Entered at the postoffice at East Jordan Michigan, as second class mail matter.

THE PERIL OF THE DRY COUNTY--HOME RULE IS RUM RULE

"VOTE NO" NOVEMBER 7 AND THEREBY MAKE THE STATE OF MICHIGAN DRY.

DEFEAT "HOME RULE" IDEA

The Purpose of the Michigan Home Rule League is to Defeat Prohibition.

"Vote Yes on the dry statewide amendment, and be sure to VOTE NO on the wet so-called home rule amendment." This is the word which from now till November 7 will go out from the state headquarters of the Michigan Dry Campaign committee at Lansing. The committee has issued the following official statement:

An organization of liquor dealers and their friends, who call themselves the "Michigan Home Rule League," is trying to fill the Michigan political air with the dust of misrepresentation.

This league, however, says in one of its leaflets, "The purpose of the Michigan Home Rule League is to defeat statewide prohibition." Many of the men who are announced as officers have been or are now connected, directly or indirectly, with the liquor business.

The "home rule" amendment to the constitution, providing for local option by cities, villages, or townships, is NOT A DRY MEASURE and should be ardently fought by every friend of the anti-saloon movement. If Michigan goes dry the small unit amendment will be utterly useless. MAKE MICHIGAN DRY.

This amendment is thrown into the statewide campaign only to confuse the issue and to give wets in dry counties something to rouse their listless interest on the prohibition side. The fact that it is backed up by the liquor forces is sufficient to show its true meaning.

The small unit measure is always proposed by the minority party. The anti-saloon forces now have the upper hand in Michigan. Let them turn out and defeat this "home rule" idea. Let nobody be fooled into believing in or working for this amendment.

"Taxation without representation" is the unpardonable crime committed by this proposition. If Jackson county went dry while the city of Jackson remained wet, the county element which opposed saloons would be heavily taxed to pay the public costs which saloons always impose upon the people. Every arrest for drunkenness, with the subsequent expenses of trial and imprisonment; every crime due to liquor, from petty larceny to murder, besides the vast array of expenses for poverty, insanity and disease, most of them traceable to alcoholism, would have to be borne by the entire county.

Today Michigan's forty-five dry counties must bear the expense of state institutions, the majority of whose inmates would not be a burden on the state if Michigan had not licensed saloons. Thus the small unit method always saddles a burden of "taxation without representation" upon the opponents of the saloon.

"The Peril of the Dry County--Home Rule is Rum Rule," might be the true name of the small unit amendment. Unless it is defeated, every dry county in Michigan will be in danger of a new fight to bring back saloons in townships and precincts. HENCE EVERY DRY COUNTY SHOULD ROUSE ITSELF TO THE ISSUE AND BACK THE STATE-WIDE MOVEMENT TO THE LAST INTRENCHMENT.

If it is adopted, the "fake home rule" amendment will abolish all present dry, local option laws and make the whole state again wet.

WILSON ADMITS HE PRECIPITATED WAR

When Mr. Wilson forgets himself he admits that we have been at war; for example, on May 11, 1914, in an address over the dead marines at the navy yard in Brooklyn, he said that the marines had been engaged in "a war of service." A war of service to whom or to what? Certainly not to the United States; war to Mexico; nor to humanity at large. Was it to Mr. Wilson?—From the speech of Col. Theodore Roosevelt, delivered at Lewiston, Maine, in behalf of Charles E. Hughes.

POLITICAL JOTTINGS

At that, however, from beginning to end this has been more of a "you kick me and I'll kiss you" administration.

Vance McCormick says the Progressives are stampeding to Wilson, and it's a ten to one bet he wishes he could believe it.

The Democrats are finding out that pork comes home to root out their standing.

The men and women who prefer a man who does things to a man who writes notes about them will vote for Hughes. Government by correspondence takes too long to get anywhere, but government by deeds is always on the job.

Those who are concerned to know what Mr. Hughes would have done had he been in Mr. Wilson's place may rest assured he would not have done as Mr. Wilson has. And that is answer enough.

Mr. Hughes is not only going direct to the public, but the public is going direct to him. A genuine American fifty-fifty!

President Wilson's alarm clock is ringing at 5 o'clock these mornings. He can reach out of bed and turn it off the morning of March 5.

Postmaster General Burleson is too foxy a politician to adopt for his department the McAdoo rule forbidding Treasury department employees participating in politics. Mr. Burleson realizes that postmasters are entitled to some exercise for the money.

There are no strings or mental reservations to the public pledges of administrative reform given by Charles E. Hughes. His record as governor of New York guarantees the fulfillment of every promise.

Democrats are now convinced that Charles Evans Hughes is a warm proposition.

It is gratifying, indeed, to find that Mr. Wilson still stands on the suffrage question where he stood at the beginning of his administration. He has changed on about everything else.—Philadelphia Evening Ledger.

It strikes one that instead of wildly hustling for the State of Maine, Vance McCormick might do better work by taking his wrecking crew to the West to repair the Democratic bridges that are being dynamited by Justice Hughes.

According to the week's latest work of fiction, the Democratic Campaign Book, the wage-earners of the country received during the Wilson Administration \$3,000,000,000 more than they received under Taft. And all it cost them to keep something in the dinner pail was \$8,000,000,000 more.

At the annual meeting of postmasters in Washington recently, the first assistant postmaster-general lauded the postal savings system. That must have been a bitter pill for Postmaster-General Burleson, who sat on the same platform with his assistant. When the postal savings bill was passed, Mr. Burleson, then a Congressman from Texas, voted against it. Every vote cast against it was cast by a Democrat. Not one Democratic Congressman voted for it. Yet President Wilson says the Republican party has not had a new idea in thirty years. Whose idea was it?

It was the instinct of a lawyer for Hughes to support his damning charges against Wilson, by calling Wilson's own secretary of state as a witness to prove them.

Mr. Hughes says there should be firm dealing in Mexican affairs. Maybe so; but we have had enough of the firm of Wilson, Carranza & Co.

The impression is growing at the White House that Mr. Hughes is deliberately unfriendly. Look out for notes.

If those Democratic notifiers put off their notifying much longer they may find Mr. Wilson in no mood to accept.

Families living in rural districts where mail service has been curtailed will be interested in knowing that Postmaster General Burleson has sent Secretary McAdoo a check for \$5,200,000, representing surplus postal revenues.

Mr. Gardner should not quote what Mr. Wilson said while president of Princeton. His utterances are outlawed by himself in seven days.

That man Hughes is causing the Democratic newspapers an endless amount of worry. Apparently they will never be satisfied until he turns the management of his campaign over to them.

Mr. Hughes' speeches are giving poor satisfaction to the Democratic press, which proves they are very good speeches, indeed.

Secretary Baker is developing an agility in changing his mind that must endear him to his discoverer.

POINTS FROM HUGHES' SPEECHES

Reckless extravagance of the Democrats is an insult to the American people.

Deserving Democrats! Deserving in heaven's name of what?

We have a splendid system of government, on paper, but we want that system vitalized.

The pork barrel bill brings a blush of shame to the cheeks of every American.

I am here because I have a vision of what America needs. An idle American will always feel uncomfortable.

America will not hold her own by high-sounding phrases.

Are we not a nation great enough to have sufficient foresight to protect our borders in a sensible fashion by means of sensible preparedness?

If we state our rights in a firm and determined manner it should carry conviction. There should be no vacillation in connection with that assertion.

EAST JORDAN LUMBER CO. STORE



The Correct Thing

for Fall Skirts and Dresses IS SILK either Taffeta, Foulard or Messaline.

We have an assortment of these at a very little advance over the former prices.

One Silk we want to mention especially, that is the GROS-DE-LONGRE (go-to-the-laundry). It washes perfectly and is a practical silk as well as very dressy.

We will be very glad to show you these silks and are sure we will have something in colors, quality and price to suit you.

East Jordan Lumber Co.

**FINNEGAN'S PHILOSOPHY
BALAAM.**

"Well do I mind the story," said Finnegan. "Balaam was a highbrow known less than his Jackass. He took an office to curse the people. The Jackass saved them. 'Tis all in Number Twenty-two. Och, hone! 'Tis different these times. The Jackass knew better till Balaam tamed him. 'Lave me ride ye,' says Balaam, 'an' I'll make ye the biggest Ass in the world.'"

"Great," says the Ass; "what d'ye feed?"

"Pork," says Balaam.

"Me savior," says the Ass.

"So Balaam mounts. But soon the Jack balks.

"Phwat is it?" says Balaam.

"Snakes," says the Ass; "Ut looks like the jawbone uv me mother."

"G'wan," says Balaam, hittin' the Ass a clip, 'tis me furren' policy,' he says.

"Phwat's ut for?" axes the Ass.

"Ut defends the nashun," says Balaam.

"How?" says the Ass.

"Faith," says Balaam, 'ut takes a bigger Ass than you to know that. Lave it to Brine,' says Balaam to the Ass; an' the Jack walks on meditating."

"Hee, haw," says the Ass, balkin' an' kickin'.

"What now?" says Balaam.

"Divil a Jackass ever seen the like," says the Ass. "Ut could be a frog," says he, 'for ut stands up in front, and sits down behind; an' 'tis mostly mouth,' says the Ass. 'Ut has white feathers,' says the Jack, 'wid yaller streaks,' that changes,' he says, 'to Very Crooz Red, or Niagara Blue, an' now they're Carryall Yaller again,' says he. 'Hivins, have I been drinkin'?' screams the Ass to Balaam.

"Saluts be praised," says Balaam. "Me Watchful Waitin' can still change its mind," he says. "G'wan, where glory waits," he says. "G'wan, in the service uv Mankind," says Balaam to the Ass, touchin' him up. An' the Ass shuffles ahead, wavin' his ears in admiration.

"Hee-haw! Hee-haw!" says the Jack, rearin' up wid his eyes bulgin'.

"Phwat's grippin' ye now?" says Balaam, impashunt like.

"I dunno," says the Ass. "Ut looks like the Flyin' Dutchman with a Socialist Crew," he says.

"Tis me Ship-Bill," says Balaam. "Side step to the right," he says; 'side step to the left,' says he, wettin' him. "Back up," says Balaam, near wrenchin' off the Jack's jaw. "Now forward for the Merchant Marine an' fifty millyun pork," says Balaam wid a shower uv blows; an' the Ass goes on thremblin'.

"Wah-hee! Wah-hee! Wah-hee!" says the Jack, slyin' so he near threw his rider.

"I'll learn ye to shy at me Naval Bill," says Balaam, lar-rupin' the baste so he cud scarce stand.

"Ye can't pass ut widout wearin' Republican clothes," says the Jack in a coarse whispur.

"Ye Ass," says Balaam. "Don't ye know that anny cloes is better nor nakedness? G'wan," says Balaam, in tones uv thunder. So the poor baste lopes on, limp'n' wid pain.

"I've not time to tell ye all the adventures they had, but they kep' on over rough roads, now an' then crossin' a ditch, on a wan term plank, which made even Balaam unansy. Ivry time the Jack kicked, he got short rations at a wallop. So when the journey was near over, the poor baste was all in, and far too proud to fight. Any Jack-Ass can be that when he's lickered.

"Wan stormy night, the Jack blooms into a harmony like a Dimyerat Tariff Hymn played on a gaspipe wid the feet.

"Phwat alls ye now?" calls Balaam, clubbin' him wid both hands.

"Nivver did I pass the like," yells the Ass, sweating and thremblin'. "Ut says ut's an eight hour law. Oh, phwat is ut?" screams the Ass to Balaam, feebly waggin' his ears.

"I dinno phwat ut is meself," says Balaam, "but I know phwat ut's got," Balaam says.

"Phwat?" axes the poor Ass.

"Five hundther thousand votes," says Balaam, wid a pious air. "G'wan, ye big Ass, an' doant ye argue wid an Idylitist," says Balaam to the Ass.

"We can't pass ut in the dark," pleads the Ass. "Lave us wait for light," moans the Ass, weepin'.

"Nix," says Balaam. "There's a hot time comin' an' the votes'll spile. Do ye thirst for sixteen more years in the wilderness? Giddap," says he, 'purgin' yer heart,' says Balaam, iv'ry thought that's selfish," says Balaam, 'or personal,' chants Balaam to the poor Ass ticklin' the Jack's glats wid a couplin' pin.

"By this time the Ass was so wore out wid his ardyous labors, that he knew no more than Balaam himself. So, wid one despairin' cry, he dropped his ears, as he an' his master stumbled forward into the dark."

**COIN KEEPING COMPANY
WITH 'LONESOME LUKE'**

**Jingling Society of This Sort
Shunned Hal Roach and Dan
Linthicum Until Pathe Pro-
duced Their Diverting
Picture Farce.**

**SUCCESS ACHIEVED IN
THE HOUR OF FAILURE**

Many a time has young America received renewed ambition by hearing of famous and successful men who were down to their last nickel before fortune favored them. The motion picture business has many such men in it, but not often do the stories of their early trials and failures find their way into print. The heroes of those stories are usually too busy to tell the tale of their failures. They have learned success and have lost interest in the past, save as it has taught them how to utilize the present and the future.

Hal Roach, general director of the Rollin Film Co., has, during the past year, made a name for himself as a comedy director. He it is who is responsible for the "Lonesome Luke" comedies on the Pathe program, a trade name that means something to all picture fans who love a laugh. The success of these comedies has been marvelous—they "caught on" at the very start, and yet only about twelve months ago Roach, who now chases around in a huge motor car and has money to burn, was broke. Such a story is typically American, and here is how it happened:

Mr. Roach is a young man, under thirty in fact, and started his business career as a mail carrier, not one of the kind most of us are familiar with, clad in gray uniforms, whistling the tidings of their approach and pounding the city streets, but in Uncle Sam's service in Alaska, riding horseback for long distances through the wilderness summer and winter alike. Nearly losing one of his feet from frost bite, he decided upon a less strenuous job and got one with a firm of contractors. While spending a vacation in Los Angeles he happened to meet some persons connected with a big motion picture producing company. Being an excellent rider, he sought and secured a job in the pictures. As an "extra" he was placed in a gambling den scene with a number of others, playing roulette. The director didn't know the game, nor did the other "extras," but Roach did—he had seen it often enough in Alaska. He straightened out some details and was rewarded with a regular job.

He finally became assistant director and ambition grabbed him. With Dan Linthicum, who supplied the money, he formed a comedy company. Taking the first letters of their names they compounded the word "Rollin" as the name of their company. Their pictures were sold to two different companies, both of which went broke, one after the other, owing them money.

The infant company thus went pretty close to the rocks. With capital down to the zero point, Roach decided to risk all on one last attempt. He put his company "over the jumps" by putting them through every funny scene he could think of. There was no story and no rhyme or reason to it. He called it "Just Nuts" and sent it to Pathe. Pathe bought it and asked for more. In the meanwhile before the good news came Roach had got starved out and had secured a job as director with Essanay.

When the good news came Roach quit his new job, took off his coat and started to tear into things. He interested Dwight Whiting, who was selling motor cars, and together they started to work twenty-four hours a day. Their first company contained several players Pathe said were good, Harold Lloyd, Harry Pollard, Beba Daniels, and others. The public said so, too, so around this nucleus they built up a strong company. Pathe took everything they turned out, and so did the exhibitors, ever on the lookout for real comedies.

Today Rollin has its own studio, several new directors and all the money it wants. Mr. Roach has abandoned the twenty-four hour a day grind. He doesn't have to work that way now, for he supervises instead of doing property work, carpenter work, camera work and every other kind of picture work.

Mr. Roach neither writes nor buys scenarios. He thinks out comedy situations, outlines his ideas to his company, and puts them at it. This method has proven extraordinarily successful.

**PEARL WHITE TO STAR
IN ANOTHER SERIAL**

So many letters have been received inquiring whether Pearl White, heroine of "The Iron Claw," is to appear in another motion picture serial that we are glad to announce that Pathe is to put out one in the Fall or early Winter in which the blonde-topped lady is to star. Edward Jose, her director in "The Iron Claw," will be her director in the forthcoming production.

MUST BANISH THE SALOONS

Roman Catholic Paper Comes Out Strong for Prohibition.

The Monitor, the official Roman Catholic newspaper for New Jersey, contains in a recent number a powerful editorial entitled, "The Handwriting on the Wall," beginning with "The movement against intoxicating liquors is world-wide," and ending, in full-faced type, with the declaration, "THE SALOON MUST GO."

Following a strong presentation of the anti-alcohol war in Russia, France and England, the editor has this to say about the United States and New Jersey:

"Here in the United States a great wave of Prohibition is sweeping the country. State after state is joining the Prohibition column until it begins to look as though the whole country would register its will against the licensing of the sale of intoxicating drinks."

"We note also a distinct change in the appreciation of Prohibition as a moral movement amongst American Catholics. Instead of, as formerly, rejecting absolutely the principle of Prohibition, there is a feeling that there are circumstances which justify even Prohibition. Such a contingency is the salvation of the manhood or womanhood of a country! The common necessity will override individual rights and make what ordinarily is a fanaticism, a legitimate demand."

"Moreover, among Catholics, moderate in their views on drinking, there are many who, noting the abuses of the liquor traffic and the sin and misery which it brings into the world, are willing to forego whatever rights they may have as individuals and see the entire traffic abolished once and for all. They feel that the evils of intemperance outmeasure their own private rights and selfish pleasures."

"The father who beholds his boy drifting into the degradations of the drunkard's life will be only too happy to weigh his personal sacrifice against the destruction, body and soul, of the son whom he loves. Thus in a way and sense drunkenness becomes its own antidote."

"If the Spartan learned the lesson and value of abstemiousness from the sight of the drunken slave, the Christian learns it not from the slave he despises, but from the boy he idolizes. The family in which the demon rum claims a victim is sure to have members who hate drink with all their heart and with a personal consciousness of its deplorable effects."

"Now this army of enemies is constantly growing around the liquor traffic, especially under the stimulus of modern conditions. The industrial age in which we are living will not tolerate the drunkard. If he loses the affection of his family and the respect of the community, he also forfeits the good will of his employer and his name is soon written among the industrial outcasts. He cannot earn a living and life becomes unbearable."

PROHIBITION ITS BENEFITS

The Effect in Iowa Clearly Shows Good Results in The State.

Executive Department, State of Iowa, Des Moines, May 31, 1916. Mr. Franklin W. Collins, Billings, Montana.

Dear Sir:— I received several days ago your letter with reference to conditions in this state, in connection with the liquor business.

I have been out of the city practically all of last week, hence the delay in answering your letter.

I suppose that it is true that the larger cities lost some revenue on account of the closing of the saloons, but no such bankrupt conditions exist at all as are referred to in your letter. Generally as to the effect of prohibition in Iowa, I may say to you that Mayor Hanna, who recently closed a term of six years as mayor of the city of Des Moines says:

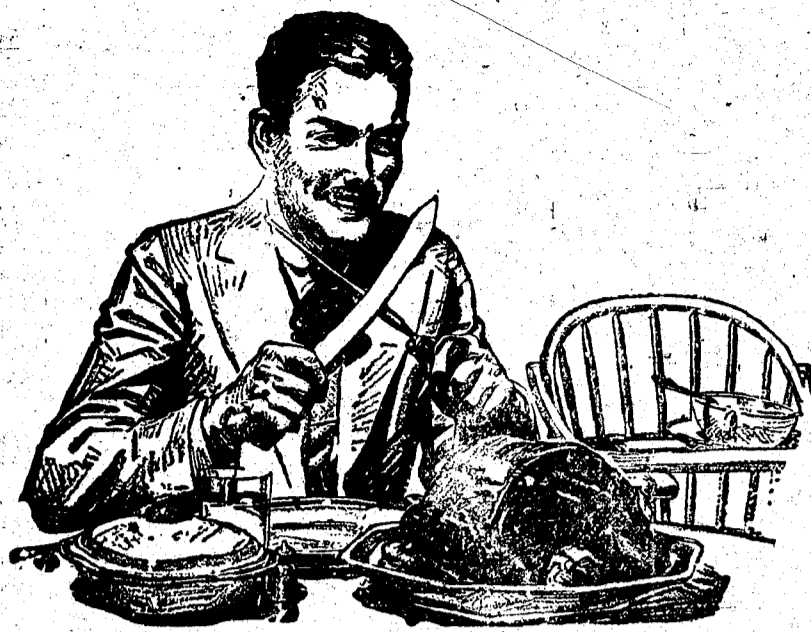
"That this is a fact that arrests for intoxication and for assault and battery and for disturbing the public quiet, and for petty larcenies have been reduced in number from forty to forty-five per cent each within that time; that forty per cent fewer persons have been sent to the state hospital for inebriates and that the commitments to the state hospitals for the insane have decreased very materially within that time; that demands on the poor fund have been greatly reduced. That practically all the merchants in the city report that collections on sales have been very much improved."

He also advises me that it is a fact that shipments of intoxicants into the city have been reduced so that there are not more than one-eighth to one-tenth as many as there were a year ago, so that it may be said that the clipping does not state the facts that really exist at all.

Very truly yours,
G. W. CLARK,
Governor.

Liquor is sold on the installment plan—first payment when you get the drink, the others when the drink gets you.

On December 22nd, 1914, the majority of the representatives in Congress from thirty states voted "dry."



**Like home cooking
after a trip — they satisfy!**

When you've been away awhile, home cooking does taste good—it satisfies! What home cooking does for your hunger, Chesterfields do for your smoking—they satisfy!

Yet Chesterfields are mild, too!

This is a new thing for a cigarette to do—satisfy, and still be mild! If you want this new kind of enjoyment that smokers are raving about, you can get it only in Chesterfields.

Why?

Because no other cigarette maker can copy the Chesterfield Blend!

Try Chesterfields—today!

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.



**Chesterfield
CIGARETTES**

They SATISFY!

—and yet they're MILD

*The Most Expensive Turkish Tobaccos that grow are contained in the famous Chesterfield Blend—XANTHI for its fragrance; SMYRNA for its sweetness; CAVALLA for its aroma; SAMSOUN for its richness.

20 for 10c

When a man does a fool thing that gets him into trouble he is sure to say that "accidents will happen."

HE WAS WORRIED AND HOPELESS

"For ten years I was bothered with kidney trouble," writes T. F. Hutchinson, Little Rock, Ark. I was worried and had almost given up all hopes. I used five boxes of Foley Kidney Pills and am now a well man." Foley Kidney Pills drive out aches, pains, rheumatism and all kidney trouble symptoms.—Hite's Drug Store.

ALCOHOL NOT A MEDICINE

Physicians Find Very Little Use for Alcohol Internally.

A national pharmaceutical publication attracted attention a few months ago by omitting alcohol from its official list of "material medica." The explanation was that alcohol is no longer recognized as a medicine.

Writing in the New York Department of Health bulletin, Dr. Donald B. Armstrong emphasizes this tendency to banish alcohol from the prescription counter. "No longer," he says, "do therapeuticians advocate for a cold that the patient go home, retire to his bed after hanging his derby hat on the bedpost, and drink whisky until he can see two hats." Briefly, it may be said that the modern physician finds very little use for alcohol internally.

This is due, he says, to the discovery that alcohol is not what mankind has thought it. It is not a stimulant at all. In its drug action, it is precisely the opposite—a depressant. It has food value, but as food it is expensive. Ten cents' worth of beer provides 240 calories of food energy, while ten cents' worth of sirloin steak provides 375 calories, ten cents' worth of eggs 450 calories, and ten cents' worth of oatmeal 3,720 calories.

FOR HAY FEVER, ASTHMA AND BRONCHITIS.

Every sufferer should know that Foley's Honey and Tar is a reliable remedy for coughs, colds, bronchitis, hay fever and asthma. It stops racking coughs; heals raw, inflamed membranes; loosens the phlegm and eases wheezy, difficult breathing.—Hite's Drug Store.

Circuit Judge Flannigan of Marquette handed down an important ruling Tuesday, Sept. 5th, when he affirmed two tear-down orders issued by State Fire Marshal, John T. Winship, under the 1915 State Fire Marshal Law. The buildings in question which must be removed are located at Negaunee and Marquette, being owned by Mrs. Ella Noonan and George W. Shaw respectively. The buildings were ordered removed by the fire marshal for the reason that because of their dilapidated condition adjoining property was endangered.

EMPTY PHRASES INSTEAD OF CONCRETE ACTION.

Not once has President Wilson squarely placed before the American people the question which Abraham Lincoln put before the American people in 1860; what is our duty? Not once has he appealed to moral idealism, to the stern enthusiasm of strong men for the right. On the contrary, he has employed every elocutionary device to lull to sleep our sense of duty, to make us content with words instead of deeds, to make our moral idealism and enthusiasm evaporate in empty phrases instead of being reduced to concrete action.—From the speech of Col. Theodore Roosevelt, delivered at Lewiston, Maine, in behalf of Charles E. Hughes.

Even a first-class phonograph may be ashamed of its record.

A great many men make their mark in this world because of their inability to write.

And lots of people seem to go to church for the purpose of picking flaws in sermons.

We haven't much use for misers, but it is far better to freeze on to your money than burn it.

**EAT LESS AND TAKE
SALTS FOR KIDNEYS**

Take a glass of Salts before breakfast if your Back hurts or Bladder bothers you.

The American men and women must guard constantly against kidney trouble, because we eat too much and all our food is rich. Our blood is filled with uric acid which the kidneys strive to filter out, they weaken from overwork, become sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and the result is kidney trouble, bladder weakness and a general decline in health.

When your kidneys feel like lumps of lead; your back hurts or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment or you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night; if you suffer with sick headache or dizzy, nervous spells, acid stomach, or you have rheumatism when the weather is bad, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys; to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water beverage, and belongs in every home, because nobody can make a mistake by having a good kidney flushing any time.



CHARLES E. HUGHES



THESE PIPING TIMES OF PEACE

CARRANZA and WILSON—The Experts.

Hughes Sympathetic With Demands of Labor Which Are Proved to Be Just.

"I am sympathetic with every demand to improve the conditions of labor, to secure reasonable compensation for labor. I am in sympathy with every effort to better human conditions, and particularly the condition of those who toil in industrial pursuits, in railroad pursuits, in all these great activities that are essential to our prosperity. But when you have a proposition to change the scale of wages you have a vital proposition which requires examination. You must at least know whether the demand is a just one.

"Labor, of course, should not desire anything but what is just. I do not believe labor intends to ask for anything but what is just. What is just can be examined and will survive investigation. Nothing is lost by having the process of reason applied. If only that which is just is required."—Mr. Hughes in His Speech at Portland, Maine.

SURRENDER TO FORCE WOULD TEND TO DISASTER.

"That kind of virus in our life—surrender to force—would bring us no end of disaster. If we let capitalists or workmen, any interest, learn that the way to get what is wanted is by applying pressure and if we continue in that course for a few years, democracy will be a failure, and we might as well give up our form of government."—Mr. Hughes in His Speech at Portland, Maine.

PUBLIC OFFICER SHOULD STAND LIKE A ROCK

"Government under pressure is not American Government. Whenever pressure is applied to any public officer he ought to stand like a rock and say: 'Here I stand until we substitute reason for force. It is not an American doctrine to legislate first and investigate afterward.'"—Mr. Hughes in His Speech at Portland, Maine.

DEMAND WAS NOT FOR EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

"It is said that the judgment of society has made the demand for the eight-hour day. This was not an eight-hour day, and the judgment of society had nothing to do with the proposition laid before Congress and passed by Congress. The proof of this is found in the bill itself, which proposes an investigation to find out whether Congress had any business to do the thing which it was asked to do, and which it did do."—Mr. Hughes in His Speech at Portland, Maine.

WE SHOULD CONSIDER WHAT IS RIGHT THEN DO IT

"Our Government is based on the idea that we have Legislatures to investigate, to consider what is right and to do what is right. It is based on the idea that public opinion is formed from discussion of questions, and that we can come possibly to right solutions. It is not based on the idea that the Government must act without knowing the justice and merits of the cause in which it acts."—Mr. Hughes in His Speech at Portland, Maine.

THERE SHOULD BE NO ACTION UNDER PRESSURE, UNDER DICTATION.

"We have one priceless treasure in this country, and that is the reign of good judgment after public discussion. In the long history of the people, victory after victory has been won over tyranny and force. We have a free press, we have a free form of public discussion, to the end that there may be a general understanding of our activities and a general appreciation of what is necessary to the improvement of our conditions. We may disagree about this measure or that, but we have confidence in the public judgment in the long run. Hence there is one thing which we must always maintain, and that is that there shall be no action on the part of our elected representatives, taken under pressure, under dictation. We must know what the facts are and what justice requires."—Mr. Hughes in His Speech at Portland, Maine.

HUGHES FOR ARBITRATION.

He Would Be First to Accord to Labor All Rights Found Just After Consideration.

In his Maine speeches Mr. Hughes made it plain that he was not attacking labor or the equity of the proposed increase of wages for the railroad men. He was simply contending for the all important principle of arbitration as the right means of settlement of such questions. Speaking at different places in Maine, Mr. Hughes dwelt upon this question, saying:

"I deeply deplore, in the name of labor, in the name of justice, in the name of American ideals, the surrender of the Executive and of Congress to force, instead of permitting reason to reign.

"The measure to which I have alluded was not, properly speaking, an eight-hour measure. It was a wage measure. It was a plain proposition for a change in the wage scale. I do not speak of the equity of that. That is a matter to be fairly considered. I want what is just and right with respect to wages. I am for the arbitration and the peaceful settlement of these industrial controversies. We can settle everything in this country if we approach those matters with a fair and open mind and an examination of the facts.

"This particular measure shows on its face that it was legislation in advance of the investigation, instead of investigation in advance of legislation. It is said that there was in its favor the judgment of society. The judgment of society in this country has never been passed in favor of legislation without knowledge of the equity and regardless of the facts of the case. There was no judgment of society in favor of the roads which were excepted from its provisions. If there was a judgment of society, why not apply the rule to electric or other kinds of roads or roads less than 100 miles in length? I say, away with such pretense! It was a surrender to force instead of a clear, candid, faithful framed examination of the facts, and then action in accordance with American principles.

"Autocracy represents force; tyranny represents force. Democracy represents the rule of the common judgment after discussion, after an opportunity to know the facts."

NO ONE WAS AFRAID OF HAITI.

Haiti did not behave as badly to us as Mexico behaved; but Mr. Wilson intervened, fought the Haitians, shedding their blood and the blood of our troops, took possession and now has our armed forces in control of Haiti and directing its government. His course of action in Haiti can be defended only if his course of action in Mexico is unqualifiedly condemned; for such action was far more needed in Mexico than in Haiti. But there was a difference in the two cases; and to Mr. Wilson it was a vital difference. Haiti was weaker than Mexico. No one was afraid of Haiti. From the speech of Colonel Roosevelt delivered at Lewiston, Maine, in behalf of Charles E. Hughes.

DR. HARVEY W. WILEY TO VOTE FOR HUGHES.

He Says Wilson Has Failed to Enforce Pure Food Law.

"I favor the election of Mr. Hughes to the Presidency for entirely different reasons than those held by most of his supporters. It is not because of the Mexican policy nor the foreign policy of the Administration nor by reason of its domestic policies. It is because of the apparent indifference of the Administration of President Wilson to the cause of pure food and drugs. Practically all of the abuses which were injected into the Pure Food Law by the preceding Administrations are still in force. Benzoin of soda is still rampant. The fumes of burning sulphur are marching along undisturbed. There is evidently a lull in the activities of the Administration of the law. A well-known beverage, declared by the Supreme Court misbranded and amenable to the Food Law has not been molested. No attempt has been made to enforce the law in regard to the bleaching of flour. The repeal of the mixed flour law, that splendid safeguard to the purity of our bread, has been tacitly approved by the Treasury Department.

"Mr. Hughes in his activities on the Supreme Court has stood like a stone wall for the proper Administration of the Food Law. I believe his election would see a radical change in the attitude of the government towards pure food and pure drugs, so vital to the welfare of our people. For this reason, I sincerely hope that Mr. Hughes may be chosen as our next President.

"I should expect Mr. Hughes as President to have the same attitude toward the pure food and drug law that he had as a judge on the bench and to appoint a secretary of agriculture with subordinate officers who would be enthusiastic and earnest in the enforcement of the pure food law for the benefit of the physical, mental and moral welfare of our people."

Congress, representing 100,000,000 people, is not particularly dignified in passing a law at the crack of the railroad brotherhoods' whip.

Start Tomorrow and Keep It Up Every Morning

Get in the habit of drinking a glass of hot water before breakfast.

We're not here long, so let's make our stay agreeable. Let us live well, eat well, digest well, work well, sleep well, and look well. What a glorious condition to attain, and yet, how very easy it is if one will only adopt the morning inside bath.

Folks who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when they arise, splitting headache, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, can, instead, feel as fresh as a daisy by opening the sluices of the system each morning and flushing out the whole of the internal, poisonous, stagnant matter.

Everyone, whether ailing, sick or well, should, each morning, before breakfast, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast. While you are enjoying your breakfast the water and phosphate is quietly extracting a large volume of water from the blood and getting ready for a thorough flushing of all the inside organs.

The millions of people who are bothered with constipation, bilious spells, stomach trouble; others who have sallow skins, blood disorders and sticky complexions, are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone a pronounced crank on the subject of inside-bathing before breakfast.

Recognize Him? It's Paddy McQuire In His Monocle



Paddy McQuire, a Vogue-Mutual Mirthmaker.

Old man grouch's most feared enemy is to be found in the person of Paddy McQuire of the Vogue-Mutual studios, whose every appearance of the screen is the forerunner of a gale of laughter. Paddy hails from Vermillion, Ohio, and his dad early in life planned to make a politician out of him. Paddy had other plans, however, and after a number of successful years on the stage turned to pictures, via the Vogue-Mutual laugh factory.

A woman's inconsistency may be the greatest of her many charms.

And a lot of good resolutions are manufactured the morning after.

GRANDMA USED SAGE TEA TO DARKEN HAIR

She mixed Sulphur with it to Restore Color, Gloss, Youthfulness.

Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea with sulphur added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant. Just a few applications will prove a revelation if your hair is fading, streaked or gray. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home, though, is troublesome. An easier way is to get a 50-cent bottle of Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound at any drug store all ready for use. This is the old-time recipe improved by the addition of other ingredients.

While wispy, gray, faded hair is not sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, no one can tell, because it does it so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and luxuriant. This preparation is a delightful toilet requisite and is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

Briefs of the Week

Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Bechtold, a daughter, Sept. 18th.

Supt. and Mrs. L. P. Holliday now occupy the H. I. McMillan home.

John Monroe Sr., of Astoria, Oregon is guest at the home of his son, John Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Payton are moving this week onto their farm in Evelife.

Jos. Cummins, Xelle Miles and Chas. Newkirk were home from Camp Ferris this week.

Miss M. VanTiffin of Imlay City is again employed as trimmer at Ashley's Dept. store.

Mrs. Jos. Estabrook of Allegan is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. John Flannery.

Frank Whittington and Lawrence LeMieux left Monday for Valparaiso, Ind., where they will attend college.

Mr. and Mrs. George Chapman now occupy their residence on North Main-St. recently purchased of Carl Heinzelman.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gunn leave this Saturday for Northville, Tenn., where they will make their future home.

Mrs. H. L. Winters returned home from Camp Ferris, Friday last, after spending several weeks there with her husband.

Att'y F. R. Williams and family of Elk Rapids are moving this week into the Stanford residence recently vacated by Supt. Holliday.

Mrs. Oscar Franzen returned to her home at Chicago, Tuesday, after spending several weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Goodman.

We are in receipt of an announcement of the Friar's Inn, Chicago, of the anniversary celebration in which Hartman and Varady are the main feature of the event.

The Jewish New Year—5677—begins next Wednesday evening, Sept. 27th. The Jewish stores in our city will be closed from 6:00 p. m. Wednesday night until Friday night at 6:00 p. m. to commemorate the event.

The Petoskey Times, Vol. 1, No. 1, is the latest weekly newspaper in Northern Michigan. It is a newsy eight-page paper issued from the offices of the Bird Printing Co. of Petoskey. B. E. Beswick is the editor and manager and R. W. Bird associate editor. May the youngster grow and prosper.

Mrs. Helen Gokee, Springvale woman charged with "willful and malicious destruction of personal property," whose case was heard before a jury in Emmet county circuit court Wednesday, was acquitted. The jury was out but a short time and brought in a verdict of "not guilty." Mrs. Gokee, who shot a bull belonging to Fred Wixson, pleaded "self defense," declaring the bull had attacked herself and child in the Gokee barn yard.

Vencel Marvan a pioneer of Jordan township passed away at his home on Tuesday morning. He was seventy-nine years old and the infirmities of old age caused his death. He was born in Bohemia, and came to Jordan township forty-six years ago, from Ludington, where he had resided for some months. He leaves a wife, and three children, John, Louis and Antonia all of Jordan township. The funeral took place from St. John's church on Thursday morning.

It is now but a short time until you will start your stoves and furnaces. Has the chimney been cleaned and are you absolutely sure that it is safe, no cracks or defects? Is the stove in first class condition? Is there a metal board underneath the stove and all wood-work protected from a hot fire in the stove? Is the stovepipe in good condition, well put up and wired? Just a little common sense and safety measures now, may prevent your home from being destroyed by fire and the lives of your family sacrificed.

In retaliation to the recently adopted Ludington ordinance requiring dairymen selling milk in Ludington to have their cows given the tuberculin test Ludington milk producers' association, controlling more than two hundred cows, have declared a boycott on that city. The boycott became operative Monday, Sept. 18. On and after that date the association declared in mass meeting the dealers will sell no more milk in Ludington. Ray Hopezen, owner of the largest dairy, refuses to join in the boycott. The Hopezen herd passed the tuberculin test.

Wilbur King is home from Flint.

George Carr is confined to his home by illness.

Miss Emily Malpass is home from Central Lake.

Ed. Kamradt was home from Camp Ferris over Sunday.

Wm. Bodrie returned home from Deward, Wednesday.

Joe Kenny was a Boyne City business visitor, Tuesday.

M. A. Lemieux is having a new porch added to his residence.

Miss Rena Alstrom returned from Mancelona, last Friday.

B. E. Waterman was a Grand Rapids business visitor, this week.

Mrs. Wm. Wilkes left Thursday for Alger, to visit her parents.

Kenneth Ward and wife are visiting friends at Deward this week.

Robt. Biglow of Cadillac is now employed at Spencer's Plumbing shop.

Melvin Roy and Aubrey Blake returned to Camp Ferris, Wednesday.

Mrs. Harry Raino and Miss Winnie Raino were Bellaire visitors, Tuesday.

Mrs. E. A. Ashley returned home from Gladwin and other points Friday last.

The Whist Club was entertained at the home of Mrs. C. H. Pray, Wednesday.

Misses Grace Malpass and Helen Hilliard will leave Monday for the M. A. C.

Miss Anna Kabourek and Jennie Josifek returned on Monday from Charlevoix.

Mrs. A. Kile left Thursday for Detroit where she will take treatments at a hospital there.

Mrs. Wm. Moore of Saginaw is here visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. James Gidley.

J. B. Smith of Detroit was guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Ashley, first of the week.

Mrs. Guy Hunsberger of Petoskey is guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hunsberger.

Miss Lottie Miller of Lansing visited at the home of her sister, Mrs. Leon Grant, over Sunday.

A number of friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Earl Holliday, Wednesday evening.

Miss Marjorie LeMieux is having a week's vacation from her duties at Att'y Wilson's office.

Mr. and Mrs. John Monroe drove to Traverse City Thursday last, and returned home Saturday.

A. L. Blake and family left Wednesday for Detroit where they will make their future home.

Harry Walstad was home from Mackinac Island, over Sunday. He left Wednesday for Midland.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Wood are receiving a visit from the latter's mother, Mrs. Covert of Onaway.

Mrs. John Roy, who underwent an operation at the Petoskey hospital, returned home Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hamilton and Mrs. W. S. Carr were at Traverse City, Wednesday attending the Fair.

The Misses Ella and Christie Stanek have returned from Bay View after spending the summer there.

Mrs. Ora Pierce of Traverse City is expected Friday for a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Webster.

Misses June Hoyt and Ellagene French left Thursday for Ypsilanti where they will attend the normal.

Charles Bean and Samuel Cusick of Northville, Tenn., are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gunn.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Goodman were at Bellaire, Monday and visited at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Clyde Dewey.

Mrs. Frank Little returned to her home at Traverse City, Wednesday. She was accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Frank Ames.

A farewell party was given by Miss Fay Suffern at her home, Tuesday evening, in honor of Misses Helen Hilliard and Grace Malpass.

For VIOLIN LESSONS, call M. S. Berger, Phone No. 7.

The M. E. Church will hold their annual supper at their church parlors this Friday evening. Price 25 cents. All are invited.

You can't beat em for 5c PYTHIAN CLUB CIGAR.

Ernest Sheldon is now delivering for Burdick's store.

Mrs. Maude Toynton will leave this Friday for Saginaw.

Miss June Trodger of Escanaba is guest of Miss Esther Malpass.

Thos. Joynt and family are visiting friends at Northport this week.

Catholic Ladies bake-sale on Saturday afternoon in John Lalonde's building.

Ed. Davis and family of Boyne City visited at the home of his brother, Walter, over Sunday.

John Cummings left Tuesday for Symrna to spend the winter with his daughter, Mrs. Jesse Allen.

Mrs. Mary Clark returned home Saturday from Petoskey, where she underwent an operation at the Lockwood hospital for tumors.

On account of the Jewish New Year the Store of A. Danto will be closed from 6:00 p. m. Wednesday, Sept. 27th until 6:00 p. m. Friday.

The Leader will be closed two days next week—from 6:00 p. m. Wednesday to 6:00 p. m. Friday—on account of the Jewish New Year holiday.

Mr. and Mrs. Griffith returned to their home at Harrisonville, Ark., Monday, after a visit at the home of the latter's aunt, Mrs. E. L. Burdick.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Grant and children left Wednesday for Muskegon, to visit the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Miller. Miss Lottie Miller accompanied them. They drove through in their car.

Those contemplating the purchase of a Monument can save money by interviewing Mrs. George Sherman who is local agent for a well known manufacturer of high grade monuments.

Latter Day Saints Church
Elder Manley D. Winters, Pastor.

Sunday, Sept. 24.
9:30 a. m.—Sunday School.
11:00 a. m.—Prayer meeting.
7:30 p. m.—Preaching.

Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting.
Friday, 7:30 p. m.—Religio.

Political Jottings.

The Houston Post reasons that it was easier for its own beloved Democracy to endorse the President's Mexican policy than to define it.

While he was about it Senator James Hamilton Lewis also might have explained that the Rome that was "too proud to fight" died a rather disastrous death.

"In all fairness," asks the Boston Transcript, "shouldn't the expense of financing Carranza be borne by the Democratic campaign committee?"

Democrats really haven't any objection to big appropriations for army and navy and internal improvements. They expect the Republicans to rustle the revenue to foot the bills for the next four years.

Hughes says he would like six months to investigate the Administration, but the Administration figures he's doing very well as it is.

Yes, and the same policies that have filled Judge Hughes and others with "a deep sense of shame," have sent many other Americans to their graves.

The President has changed his mind about sending more troops to the border, thus running true to form.

When Tom Taggart talks economy to them, it is time the Democrats stopped their extravagance.

The Hughes smile is beginning to attract favorable attention.

A HEARTLESS ADMINISTRATION

This Administration has displayed no more feeling of responsibility for the American women who have been raped, and for the American men, women and children who have been killed in Mexico, than a farmer shows for the rats killed by his dogs when the hay is taken from a barn. And now the American people are asked to sanction this policy in the name of peace, righteousness and humanity!

From the speech of Col. Theodore Roosevelt, delivered at Lewiston, Maine, in behalf of Charles E. Hughes.

Presbyterian Church Notes
Robert S. Sidebotham, Pastor.

Sunday, Sept. 24, 1916.

10:30 a. m.—"A Study in the Book of Job."

11:45 a. m.—Sabbath School.
6:30 p. m.—Christian Endeavor.

7:30 p. m.—"Man's Relation to the World."

Tuesday, 7:30 p. m. Meeting of Trustees.

Thursday 7:30 p. m.—Church Prayer meeting.

St. Joseph's Church
Rev. Timothy Kroboth.

Sunday, Sept. 24.

8:00 a. m.—Low mass. Holy Communion for Sodality and Children of Mary.

10:30 a. m.—Mass.
7:30 p. m.—Devotions. Benediction.

First Methodist Episcopal Church
Rev. John Clemens, Pastor.

Sunday, Sept. 24, 1916.

10:30 a. m.—Regular Service. "The Modern Need of the Church."

11:45 a. m.—Sunday School.
6:30 p. m.—Epworth League, Topic, "Things God Will Do For Us, and Things We Must Do For Ourselves."

7:30 p. m.—Regular Service. "Contrasted Destinies."

Sunday, Oct. 1, 1916.

Conference Sunday. No preaching services. Sunday School and Epworth League at regular hours.

11:45 a. m.—Sunday School.
6:00 p. m.—Epworth League. Topic, "How Money Spending Reveals Character."

Leaders—Mrs. M. H. Robertson and Beatrice Sheehy.

Special attention is called to the changed hour of our evening services. Beginning with Oct. 1, the winter schedule is in effect. Instead of the League beginning at 6:30 and the church at 7:30 the hours are one half hour earlier—6 p. m. and 7 p. m. respectively.

A great many men make their mark in this world because of their inability to write.

Hints and Tints of Fall Fashions



AUTUMN THE GOLDEN has emptied her Horn of Plenty into this store. Styles and super-styles, choicest fascinations of Fashion's fancies abound here. That agreeable task of choosing your Fall Suit and Coat will be never so delightful, never so fraught with endless opportunities of selection.

In no past season have the designers produced for us such an abundance of apparel gems. No feminine taste, even the most discriminating, will fail to find at this store that correct combination of style, fit and material to gratify Milady's style cravings, and satisfy her sense of values.

We invite your inspection of these beautiful FALL SUITS AND COATS.

WEISMAN'S

QUALITY

SERVICE

This store will be closed from Wednesday night 6 p. m. until Friday, 6 p. m.

Commencing This Friday

SEPT. 22ND

An Exceptionally Complete Showing of Exquisite

New Wearing Apparel for Women, Misses and Children.



OUR FALL SHOWING IS EXCEPTIONALLY COMPLETE AND WONDERFULLY INTERESTING.

Our splendid increase in business the past season has caused us to prepare for this season with greater enthusiasm than ever before. Our stocks are full. Fashions were never lower. Be one of the first to make sure of a choice in colors and fabrics.

Our Coats

are handsome models in Wool Velour, Salts, Plush and Plaids. Prices from \$9 to \$75.

Some beautiful styles \$14.98.



THE NEW SUITS IN BROADCLOTH, GABERDINE AND VELVET ARE NOW IN.

ALL THE NEW STYLES IN—
MILLINERY
WILL BE DISPLAYED.

Be sure and call during the Opening.

M. E. ASHLEY & CO.

White service 'tis plain
Is assured by the name.

Sold by the
EAST JORDAN
LUMBER COMPANY

"A SHINE IN EVERY DROP"

Black Silk Stove Polish is different. It does not dry out; can be used to the last drop; liquid and paste are quality; absorbs dirt, grease, no dust or dirt. You get your money's worth.

Black Silk Stove Polish

It is not only most economical, but it gives a brilliant, silky lustre that cannot be obtained with any other polish. Black Silk Stove Polish does not rub off—it lasts four times as long as ordinary polish—so it saves you time, work and money.

Don't forget—when you want stove polish, be sure to ask for Black Silk. It isn't the best stove polish you ever used—your dealer will refund your money.

Black Silk Stove Polish Works, Sterling, Illinois.

Use Black Silk Air Drying from kerosene, gas, turpentine, stove-pipe, and automobile tire shine. Prevents rusting. Try it.

Use Black Silk Metal Polish for brass, nickel, tin, ware or brass. It works quickly, easily and leaves a brilliant surface. It has no equal for use on automobiles.

Get a Can TODAY

One-half the population of a village knows all about how the other half lives.

A BAD SUMMER FOR CHILDREN.

There has been an unusual amount of sickness among children everywhere this summer. Extra precautions should be taken to keep the bowels open and liver active. Foley Cathartic Tablets are a fine and wholesome physic; cause no pain, nausea or griping. Relieve indigestion, sick headache, biliousness, sour stomach and bad breath.—Hite's Drug Store.

Dr. F. P. Ramsey

Physician and Surgeon.

Graduate of College of Physicians and Surgeons of the University of Illinois.

OFFICE SHERMAN BLOCK
East Jordan, Mich.
Phone No. 196.

DRS. VARDON & PARKS

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Office in Monroe block, over Spring Drug Co's Store
Phone 158-4 rings.
Office hours: 1:30 to 4:00 p. m.
7:00 to 8:00 p. m.
X-RAY in Office.

Dr. G. W. Bechtold

DENTIST

Office Hours: 8:00 to 12:00 a. m.
1:00 to 5:00 p. m.
Evenings by Appointment.
Office, Second Floor of Kimball Block.

Dr. C. H. Pray

Dentist

Office Hours: 8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m.
And Evenings.
Phone No. 223.

Frank Phillips

Tonsorial Artist.

When in need of anything in my line call in and see me.

25 PostCards 10 cents. Assorted

Best Wishes, Greetings, Lovers, Birthday, etc. Also your NAME in our POST CARD EXCHANGE free on request and free sample copy of the Family Story Paper; also catalogue and premium list. Enclose 10c stamps for return postage, etc.

FAMILY STORY PAPER
24-26 Vandewater Street
New York

School Commissioner's Notes

May L. Stewart, Commissioner

The Walker school is to receive its Standard Plate on Saturday, Sept. 23rd. There is to be a fine program and refreshments in the evening with a general good time for all. Superintendent MacIntosh of Boyne City will deliver the address of the evening and Miss Lorraine of East Jordan has consented to sing. This district has worked hard and faithfully during the past summer and has spent considerable cold cash in remodeling the little old school house which their children had inhabited for years and it is a big day in the history of the district. Everyone should turn out.

Advance has adopted and built on a woodshed same as those required in the Superior schools in Illinois and the Wildwood school has done the same thing including therein a new well and well-house.

The Johnson school reports a new floor and freshly tinted walls. Also they are minus a platform. Delighted that the platform has walked away.

The Fair exhibit proved very good particularly for so early in the year. Many of the country schools had not yet opened so there was no leader to send in the exhibit prepared by last year's teacher. Pleasant Valley won first prize in the rural school exhibits, Walloon Primary room the second prize and Walker school third. There were a number of individual prizes granted to some happy boys and girls all over the county. We are very sorry that space does not permit publishing the names in this column. Among the city exhibits Boyne City won first place, East Jordan Public Schools second and the St. Joseph school of East Jordan, third. East Jordan had a better rounded out exhibit than ever before with an added woodwork display, and a very well balanced Agricultural Exhibit. Boyne City's art was wonderful and the furniture made by her high school boys aroused the admiration of all.

Three of the rural schools are figuring on hot noon lunches; that is one hot drink or soup every noon to go with the dinner the child brings from home.

St. James Harbor School is coming to the front. New windows, freshly tinted walls and seats reset. They have done away with the old trap door and have covered the fire escape.

The Snyder school reports that last spring a new book case, walked into the room, a new set of maps appeared and a new dictionary stand arrived; also a new drinking fountain is bubbling over with fresh spring water.

Boyne Falls has added a fourth teacher to the list. They are teaching the entire 11 grades. Things are starting with pep this year.

The dictionary has come. The globe's here, too. Fountain on the way. Walls tinted, too. This from the German school on the hill and everything done with a right good will.

The annual directors' reports and township summaries were sent into Lansing on time, and reached the State Superintendent on the 15th. A few were sent to the Commissioner so late that they had to be sent to Lansing uncorrected and will probably be returned later for corrections.

Every parent should strive to manage the farm work during school hours without allowing the children to get behind or to lose a single day. The crops are heavy and help is scarce but every school day lesson learned is worth a \$10 bill to your boy or your girl. It would be easier to send the boy without its being necessary for the truant officer to tell you this.

Massive bundles are being prepared for the teachers of the county. They look like Christmas presents from the outside but within it is too much trim and too little frill for Santa Claus ever to have added his signature. We are sending out the year's supply of report cards, truancy blanks, etc.

School officers and teachers may secure school books that are on the recommended list by inquiring at the Rexall Store in East Jordan, Central Drug Store in Charlevoix and Watson's in Boyne City. Watson's will also carry a limited supply of Smith's Combination Registers for uniform use throughout the county.

Friday, October 13, is Angell Day and programs in the honor of Dr. James Burrill Angell will be in order that day. Bulletins with suitable selections are being sent to the teachers.

The Commissioner hopes you are busy as a bee. For soon your school she is going to see.

It isn't every client who is able to keep his own counsel.

Some men make room at the top by pushing other men off.

The sunlight of happiness seldom falls on a shady reputation.

MISNAMED "HOME RULE."

At present Michigan has Local Option in County units. On the one hand the Prohibition forces are fighting for a State unit that shall be all "dry." On the other hand, the Michigan Home Rule League is fighting for a Township unit that shall permit even the present County unit to be "wet" in spots. Both propositions go to the voters in the form of constitutional amendments in November. Whatever the decision on the state-wide proposition, the proposition of the "Home Rule League" is a dangerous propaganda under an attractive label and must therefore be guarded against with special zeal.

Whenever "local option" fails to fully succeed in a "dry" county, it is usually because there is a "wet" county immediately adjacent. Yet county units are sufficiently large so that the trouble is minimized. But in proportion as the units contract in size, the trouble expands in extent. Therefore if the "Home Rule League" constitutional amendment were to succeed, and if we were to have township units instead of county units, "local option" would become, to all intents and purposes, a total failure. It would be about as sensible to have one ward in a city "dry" and its neighboring ward "wet." The effect would be to make the whole city "wet." There would be no "Home Rule" at all—except for the thirsty. And it is a poor choice of words, anyway, to connect the word "Home" with such a purpose.

The "Home Rule League," in recent advertising, has quoted something about "Prohibition History in Michigan" back in the late 60s; quoted something that Prof. Bradley H. Thompson of the U. of M. said in an interview printed in The Herald. It would have been a little more frank to have named the date of the interview so that its antiquity might have been considered along with its declarations. This interview tells how Prohibition failed and how it was circumvented by localized legislation which permitted the liquor traffic to continue. Whatever the purpose of resurrecting the old Thompson interview, the fact remains that it is an excellent argument against the "Home Rule League's" proposal for smaller local option units. When Prohibition fails, it is because of difficulty or failure in law enforcement. Could temperance law enforcement possibly be made any more difficult or more impossible than through a further subdivision of local option units so that "wet" and "dry" territory is practically indivisible?

The 1917 convention of the Michigan State Firemen's Ass'n will be held at St. Joseph, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, June 12, 13 and 14. Paste these dates in the engine house. Every chief in Michigan will attend this meeting and should also arrange to send delegates from his department as well as from his fire board or council.

Imitation may be the sincerest flattery, but the proprietor of a patent medicine is never flattered when the druggist offers something just as good.

And sometimes a man marries for love of money.

COULD NOT DO HER COOKING.

Mrs. F. E. Hartmeister, Ten, Mo., writes: "I was affected with kidney trouble for two years. I got so bad this summer I could hardly do my cooking. I got Foley Kidney Pills and I feel like a new person." Too many women neglect symptoms of kidney derangement, weak back, swollen ankles and joints, aches, pains, and rheumatism.—Hite's Drug Store.

OUR JITNEY OFFER—This and 5c.

DON'T MISS THIS. Cut out this slip, enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds, and croup, Foley Kidney Pills, and Foley Cathartic Tablets.—Hite's Drug Store.

PROBATE NOTICE

State of Michigan, The Probate Court for the County of Charlevoix.

In the Matter of the Estate of George J. Bowen, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that four months from the 2nd day of September A. D. 1916, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate office, in the City of Charlevoix in said county, on or before the 2nd day of January, A. D. 1917, and that said claims will be heard by said court on Tuesday the 2nd day of January, A. D. 1917, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated September 2nd, A. D. 1916
SERVETUS A. CORRELL,
Judge of Probate.

LATH BOLTS Wanted At Once!

Must be not less than 5-in. diameter and 49 in. length. HEMLOCK, Spruce, Balsam and Cedar. Hemlock Bolts must be separate.

Will pay \$3.75 delivered at Mill B.

East Jordan Lumber Co.

According to the report of State Fire Marshal, John T. Winship, recently issued for August, fire, explosions and careless use of gasoline and kerosene caused twelve deaths in Michigan and nineteen persons were seriously burned or injured. Of the deaths eight were caused by the careless use of gasoline and kerosene, one child was burned to death while playing with matches and the premature explosion of fireworks caused one death.

Arthur Peterson, who several months ago confessed to setting nineteen fires in the city of Ishpeming, plead guilty before Judge Flannigan in circuit court at Marquette Tuesday, Sept. 5th. Peterson will be sentenced the latter part of the present term of court.

Few women are really afraid of mice, but they hate to disappoint the men, who seem to expect them to be afraid.

Men are given to flattery for selfish reasons, and she is a wise woman who swallows what they say with a grain of salt.

It is the rankest kind of folly for a man to expect the world to grow better until he begins to notice improvement in himself.

Everybody Likes Our Ice Cream

Father likes it just as well as mother and the kiddies because it has that different pleasing taste—the taste that tells that it is made from pure, rich, wholesome cream. Ice Cream is no longer a luxury—it's a daily food—it has more real food value than most of the food we are now eating—why not have it every night as a dessert? Order it today and see that it comes from us—ours is the Tissue Building Pure Food kind.

Promptly Delivered packed in ice containers.

MCCOOL & MATHER
PHONE 29

Two men may live together in peace and harmony, but no two women can do it.

He's a wise man who makes the mistake of guessing a woman's age too young.

There is nothing quite so unsatisfactory as the good judgement a man might have used but didn't.

CURED HER TWO LITTLE GIRLS.

Mrs. Ada Sanders, Cottontown, Tenn., writes: "We use Foley's Honey and Tar as our best and only cough remedy. It never fails to cure my two little girls when they have colds." Relieves hoarseness, tickling throat, bronchitis, hay fever, asthma, croup.—Hite's Drug Store.

Antrim County Fair

BELLAIRE, MICH.

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday - - - **Sept. 26-29**

EXCELLENT ATTRACTIONS

"The Fostellians" "The Kildores" 3 Bands

Fast Horse Races Good Ball Games

FINE EXHIBITS FREE AUCTION SALES Thursday and Friday

E. R. HARRIS, President GEO. F. FRINK, Secretary

P. A. puts new joy into the sport of smoking!

YOU may live to be 110 and never feel old enough to vote, but it's certain—sure you'll not know the joy and contentment of a friendly old jimmy pipe or a hand rolled cigarette unless you get on talking-terms with Prince Albert tobacco!

P. A. comes to you with a real reason for all the goodness and satisfaction it offers. It is made by a patented process that removes bite and parch! You can smoke it long and hard without a come-back! Prince Albert has always been sold without coupons or premiums. We prefer to give quality!

Prince Albert affords the keenest pipe and cigarette enjoyment! And that flavor and fragrance and coolness is as good as that sounds. P. A. just answers the universal demand for tobacco without bite, parch or kick-back!

Introduction to Prince Albert isn't any harder than to walk into the nearest place that sells tobacco and ask for "a supply of P. A." You pay out a little change, to be sure, but it's the cheer-fullest investment you ever made!

the national joy smoke PRINCE ALBERT

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co., Winston-Salem, N. C. Copyright 1916 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.