

# Charlevoix County Herald.

Vol. 16

EAST JORDAN, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, AUGUST 17, 1912.

No. 38

## Fair a Coming.

### Premium List Ready and Secretary Squier Hustling.

Charlevoix County Fair Premium List for 1912 is now in the hands of the Secretary, and being circulated as fast as possible. Parties not receiving a copy, and desiring one can obtain it by calling at Room 2, Post Office Block, East Jordan, or by addressing the Secretary, W. P. Squier.

The officers are desirous that all interested shall be furnished with this List, and it is their hope that all are in a position to make a creditable exhibit in any department will see that they have a Premium List and an entry blank, so that the List of exhibits may be filled before the opening of the fair, but it is impossible to reach all by mail, and those who do not receive these Lists will please understand that it is not from lack of interest on the part of the Fair officials, but merely a lack of ability to reach all.

Indications point to a bigger Fair than has ever before been held in East Jordan, and if we have the people, we want the best show that Charlevoix County can produce. The success of the Fair lies mainly with the exhibitors, and it is hoped that all will respond promptly and liberally.

## The Prince of Tonight.

Possessed of a merit which strikes the elusive but unmistakable popular note more unerringly than most of the musical comedies now before the public, "The Prince of Tonight" which will be seen at the Temple Theatre next Monday, August 19th, ranks as one of the most notable achievements of those prolific writers of musical successes, Adams, Hough and Howard. "The Prince of Tonight" as a production tastefully conceived and elaborately executed scenic ideas. Tom Arnold, a popular actor and whose artistic ability and splendid baritone voice have long held him a favorite, is the predominant figure in the plot, which is one of real substance. The play opens at Palm Beach, Florida, on the night that a century plant blooms, when the air is full of magic. Mr. Arnold, is a young collegian, in despair at being jilted by his sweetheart, is aided by virtue of the century plant to become a mythical prince of Lunania for the night, at the end of which he is to die unless he is kissed by the girl he loves. Mr. Arnold is surrounded by a large cast of well known principals and a big chorus. Each of the three acts offers really notable stage pictures, the first "The Breakers," Palm Beach, then the beautiful Deer Forest, in the mythical country of Lunania, the houseboat at the picturesque water fête, a scene of kaleidoscopic beauty and a banquet on the lawn in front of "The Breakers." The musical numbers are said to possess a merit which closely allies "The Prince of Tonight" to comic opera. Among the many songs here are "Tonight, Will Never Come Again," "You Won't Know Anybody There," "Can It Be Love," "Her Eyes Are Blue For Yale," "Follow The Rainbow Trail," "I Fell In Love On Monday," "It Is A Dear Old World After All," and "I Can't Be So Far Away."

## Will Renominate Congressman Dodds.

There is little question but that Congressman Dodds will be renominated in the coming primaries. His record in Washington has been such that no conscientious republican could seriously consider casting his vote for a new and untried candidate. Mr. Dodds has been lined up on the right side of the fence in every controversy that has arisen since he took his seat three years ago. He fought the Canadian reciprocity bill bitterly, knowing that it would injure the prosperity of his constituents and, on the other hand, has supported the parcels post and postal savings bank measures, being sure of their value to the people of his district.

He is a member of the great judiciary committee that handles many of the most important matters that are presented to the consideration of congress. He has served two years on the post office and post roads committee, and the experience and knowledge thus gained makes him a particularly valuable representative of our people in matters that pertain to the postal service.

Mr. Dodds' constituents should show their appreciation of his careful and honest service by an overwhelming vote at the primary election on August 27.

### What Mr. Dodds Has Done For His District.

Has secured three times the usual number of special pension bills, and has actively supported all general pension legislation.

Saved the Indian School to Mt. Pleasant and secured a total of \$25,000 beyond the regular \$50,000 appropriation.

Secured \$70,000 for a Federal Building at Big Rapids, \$10,000 for a site at Boyne City, \$50,000 for addition to Traverse City Federal Building.

### Has Introduced Bills For

\$85,000 for site and Federal Building at Greenville.

\$80,000 for a Federal Building at Boyne City.

### Mr. Dodds Votes On Important Measures:

Voted for the election of U. S. Senators by direct vote.

Voted for constitutional Amendment for Income Tax.

Voted for the Baileger-Pinchot investigation.

Voted for the establishment of Postal Savings Banks.

Voted for the National Conservation Act.

Voted for Payne Tariff—best then possible to secure.

Voted for the investigation of the Sugar Trust.

Voted for Doremus Amendment—free tolls to U. S. ships.

Voted for all General Pension Legislation.

Voted for Government control of Express Co.

Voted for General Parcels Post—"zone" system.

Voted for National Conservation Acts.

Voted against so-called Canadian Reciprocity.

Voted against destruction of Wool Industry.

Voted against destruction of Sugar Beet Industry.

Every feller at the resort has proposed to Miss Pansy Tibbitts excepting one and she is waiting to land him so she can come home with a batting average of 1,000.

## DEMAND FOR LOTS.

### Holy Island Property, Indicative of Resort Land's Increase

A. L. Lowery, a prominent member of the Michigan good roads commission and president of the Inter-State Motor Club of Detroit, has started active operations on the club house on the north point of Holy Island. The club has a beautiful lot of about one acre on the site of the old Mormon fort and their building will be 60x80 of full colonial design, stone basement and first story, and framesecond story an extra wide veranda around the entire building with sleeping porch arrangements. Plans are under way for a water works system and electric light current will be furnished by water power, to be developed on the shore close by.

Chicago parties will soon start work on three \$3000.00 cottages on the west side of Green Leaf Boulevard and they will be completed this fall.

Detroit parties have options on six lots on the east side of the island near the old Ottawa war post. These parties will also arrive this week and intend to build soon.

Holy Island was never on the market until recently. I. B. McLean opened his selling office at Charlevoix last week and since then his office has had crowds of visitors daily.

It is interesting to note the increase in values in shore property around Pine Lake in the last three years. Land that was bought up for taxes in 1907 sold this spring for \$1,000 per acre. Orchard property with lake frontage has increased 300 per cent. in the same length of time, while miles of shore property on both arms is not for sale at any price, being held by capitalists for further raises which are sure to come. Even lands suitable for tenting purposes are receiving attention the fast season and Holy Island, the only island in Pine Lake which was eagerly watched for years by reporters but was never on the market, has now been put on sale and has caused a near stampede among the tourists from Traverse City to Mackinaw.

## Prepare Yourselves.

It is coming as soon as the campaigns are under way, and all good patriots should prepare for it.

From the candidate for the presidency down to a five-dollar-a-speech man, you are going to receive pledges that:

Your wages shall be raised.

That butter will drop back to thirty cents a pound.

That all the trusts are to be put in a hole.

That there shall be no more graft.

That southern floods shall be squelched.

That the tariff is to be revised downward.

That the farmer shall have double price for his pumpkins.

That the ground hog has fooled this country long enough.

That the senate must be cleaned out.

That we are on the brink of war.

That it is the other party that has ruined the lobster industry.

That the beef trust would give a million dollars to defeat our candidate.

That without us the country must go to the dogs.

That the taxes shall go down to a mere nothing.

That the opposition, if successful, will turn this country over to the money trust and the Standard Oil Co.

All these things and many more will be told you, and if America goes to the dogs because you don't vote early and often and the straight ticket, then you are no patriot and deserve to have no country.—Michigan Tradesman.

## Are You in the Market?

For a good Engine or Wood Saw at half price?

We have three Steam Engines, five Gas Engines, four Buzz Saw Outfits, Six Cream Separators, left over from the sale of our stock. All for sale cheap, write us and tell us what you want.

WARD & WARD  
Charlevoix, Mich.

Some men make matters worse if they try to explain.

Some women are born foolish and others go out riding in caucos with moon-eyed homeos.

## Here It Is At Last --

### A COMB That Is Really UNBREAKABLE.

A COMB that we will guarantee and replace if broken while in use. You cannot break it without a hammer.

It costs no more than any other and lasts indefinitely.

Call and let us show you what it will stand.

Will give you a practical demonstration of each comb before you accept it.

See our window display.

## W. C. SPRING DRUG CO.

Dr. C. H. Ellsworth, Dentist, 16 Baldwin St., Rochester, N. Y., says Foley Kidney Pills gave him relief and strengthened him wonderfully. "I have been bothered with weak kidneys and bladder trouble and suffered much pain. Foley Kidney Pills gave me immediate relief and strengthened me wonderfully. I am pleased to recommend their use."—The Drug Company.

## Temple Theatre Monday Night Aug. 19

LeCOMTE & FLESHER OFFER

### The Gorgeous Spectacle

260 TIMES IN Chicago THE PRINCE OF TONIGHT 15 Musical Numbers

BY ADAMS, HOUGH & HOWARD

### A Musical Gem With a Beauty Setting

Outclassing All Fancies of the Imagination

50 Capable Cast 50 People Beauty Chorus People

ALL THE GIRLS ARE DREAMS

## \$50,000 Musical Fantasy

PRICES: \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c and 50c.

Seats Now On Sale at Mack's Jewelry.

# Grand Auction of Lots and Free Excursion To Holy Island

Tuesday AUG. 20 Steamer HUM will leave city dock at 7:00 a. m. will leave Island at 3:00 p. m.

## A Free Chance on a \$500 Lot

TO BE GIVEN AWAY THAT DAY, WILL BE PRESENTED ALL WHO CALL AT

## Miss Senecal's Store, State st.

AND REGISTER. YOU MAY BE THE LUCKY ONE.

## Also a Beautifully Illustrated History of Holy Island and King Strang's Buried Treasure, Free.

## Everyone Is Invited to the Free Excursion and the Grand Free Barbecue Dinner.

Plenty of Good Music and Entertainment Throughout the Day For Everybody. Don't Fail To Call and Register and Spend Another Day On This Beautiful Island Before It Is Built Up Into Resort Homes.

COME HEADQUARTERS NOW OPEN. COME NEXT TUESDAY IS THE DAY; DON'T FORGET.



"THE DANCING EIGHT" in "The Prince of Tonight" At Temple Theatre, Monday, Aug. 19th.



# Charlevoix County Herald

G. A. LISK, Publisher.

EAST JORDAN, MICHIGAN

## ANSWER THAT WON THRONE

Present Gaskwar of Baroda Owes His Position to Confidence He Had in Himself.

The Orient is still the land of the strange and romantic. Straight from every-day modern life in India comes a story that might have been invented by Scheherazade herself for the entertainment of the Sultan. It is an account of how the present Gaskwar of Baroda won his throne.

In 1876, after the Maharaja Malhar Rao was deposed, the council sought a worthy member of the family as his successor. Four sons of the house lived in the city, but the council felt that they were all too old and incompetent to become efficient rulers.

In a distant village, in a mud hut, the council found a poverty-stricken family of the royal race. In this family were three sons, each of whom was young enough to be molded into a capable ruler. After some deliberation the council decided that one of these boys should have the throne, but left the selection to the Dowager Maharanees.

Accordingly, the three brothers—Gopal, Dada and Sampat—were summoned to the city of Baroda. Shortly after their arrival, they were admitted to the presence of the maharanees. Her highness asked each in turn why he came to Baroda.

The youngest was so awed and bewildered by the magnificence of the court that after smiling foolishly for a moment, he burst into a storm of tears and sobs.

The next in age, who was more stolid, did not behave so hysterically. He answered the query as any well-behaved Hindu lad of his age would have done. He had come to Baroda, he declared, because his relatives had brought him there.

But when Gopal was asked the same question, he airily responded:

"I have come to be the Maharaja of Baroda."

The maharanees and her councilors with one accord decided that the youth who gave this bold reply showed the most promise of becoming an able ruler of his people. He was chosen, and there has been no need to regret the choice.—T. P.'s Magazine.

### Elephant in Auto.

A Swiss residing at Siantar, in the island of Sumatra, has written home an account of the capture and transportation of a young wild elephant in a motor car by a resident of the town. The elephant, which was well roamed, was driven to the nearest path in the forest, and with great difficulty the motor car arrived at the spot, a kind of platform replacing the body. The elephant was induced to mount the platform and was strongly secured to it. The trip to Siantar started, but difficulties at once arose, because the elephant, whose trunk was free, used his proboscis to examine in turn the chauffeur, the seats in front, the machinery, and finally the guiding wheel, his last maneuver nearly upsetting the car, which was brought to a stop, as the journey was becoming dangerous. The elephant's trunk was then strapped to his body and the car arrived at Siantar without further incident. This is probably the first time that a wild elephant has had a ride on a motor car.

### Cafes of German Cities.

Every German city of consequence has a number of palatial cafes, which are nothing else than huge clubhouses without membership formality. In any one of these cafes are hundreds or thousands of patrons glancing over domestic and foreign newspapers and magazines.

### Clergyman's Public Rebuke.

Of Jabez Ham, a Hardshell Baptist preacher, who resided in central Missouri in the twenties, many stories are told. Soon after the arrival of Charles B. Harper in Montgomery county, in 1828, he went over to Callaway county to get a load of corn, wearing his usual clothing made of homespun cloth. On his way back the road led him by a house where Ham was preaching, and he stopped to hear the sermon. During the service the minister called on the congregation to kneel in prayer. And all knelt, except Mr. Harper. He bowed his head. Ham noticed him and prayed that the Lord would bless that Virginia man who had on store clothes and was afraid or too proud to get down on his knees.

### What Did He Mean?

In Indiana a man wanting a wedding license is required to tell if he has been married before and if so what has become of his first wife. A Pike county man filled in that space this way:

Married before? "Yes."

Where is first wife? "Gone to the grate beyond."—Milwaukee Journal.

### Survivor of Famous Voyage.

There still survives one passenger—the Rev. Vincent Ransome, rector of Compton Bassett, Wilts, England—who made the first trip in the Strina, the first steamship to cross from Great Britain to the states. This was in 1838, and Mr. Ransome states that many of the passengers were so alarmed by the experience of the run down the English channel that they left the Strina at Cork and forfeited their passage money. When the vessel left Cork she had only six first class passengers left aboard.

# MAKE START

## Prudent Man Begins With Savings Bank

By JOHN M. OSKISON

FOR the average man, as the Business Almanac points out, all investment starts with the savings bank. A few men make money suddenly or inherit a considerable amount and become sudden investors. The rule is that a man must be a saver of money for a considerable time before he becomes a buyer of securities. So the first and most vital question is, "What shall I do with my small savings?"

There are more than forty forms of co-operative, mutual benefit, savings and other similar associations in the United States. They are organized to take care of savings in any amount from the smallest to the greatest sums. Many of them are excellently managed, honest in intent and are worthy of encouragement. Some are properly looked upon with suspicion.

Most generally used, of course, are the savings banks. They have been tried by fire. Speaking generally, they are the most secure financial institutions we have. Our states have wisely regulated their operations—most of them have. Massachusetts, Connecticut and New York have done best. Ohio has a good law. Less protection for the savings bank depositor is offered in the south and west than is judged wise to furnish in the east. Here are some of the prohibitions the New York law puts upon its savings institutions:

They cannot loan money on notes, drafts, bills of exchange or any personal securities whatever.

They cannot buy stocks.

They cannot buy bonds or other forms of security issued by any industrial, manufacturing or street railway company.

They cannot buy or loan money on farm lands nor on mortgages outside of New York state.

They cannot buy bonds which are not, at least in part, first mortgages on the property bonded.

They cannot buy real estate bonds or mortgages until after a committee of the bank's trustees makes a thorough examination of the property on which the bonds or mortgages are to be placed.

All of these restrictions are salutary. They indicate some of the safeguards a prudent man ought to throw around his savings and also the tests he ought to make of his investment selections.

## Possible for Man to Live Without Salt

By R. N. BUNN, M. D., Chicago

Upon the authority of a Chicago physician it was recently asserted that to deprive the human race of salt for even a few months would have a disastrous effect upon the health of the people. This, I believe, has always been the teaching of our textbooks, and I am not prepared to dispute its truth, in so far as civilized man is concerned.

There are, however, upon this earth many animals, wild or domestic, which get little or no salt and yet are healthy. True, they have a craving for it, as is shown by the fact that when given the opportunity they devour it in astonishing quantities, and hunters have long taken advantage of the fact that wild animals will return to the salt lick. But when there is no such spot known to them they live their whole lives without it.

Of the use of salt for seasoning and preserving their food the North American Indians knew absolutely nothing, yet all authorities agree they were a particularly healthy people, until they were afflicted by the white man's vices and the white man's diseases.

It is true there are some accounts to the effect that their medicine men had noted the action of animals above referred to and administered salt to their patients, and they may thus have benefited individual cases. But as a race they were a meat-eating people, without salt, and yet a healthy people.

Furthermore, white men who went among them and lived as they lived scarcely missed the salt after they became used to its absence.

## Stop Cruelty to Poor Working Girls

By MARIE J. MOREHAM, Boston

The other day it was suggested again that instead of going into factories women and girls should turn more generally to housework. The suggestion is all right, but there is a big field for improvement in the life of the average woman who does housework for others, and the leading American women could do lots of good for their sex by introducing a better plan for the poor girls who do the housework.

At the present time and for as long as I can recollect girls have had to work from 6:00 a. m. to 8:00 or 9:00 p. m., without time to eat, properly or to take care of their bodies. I know positively that many girls are nervous wrecks after doing this kind of work for some time.

They have Sunday evenings and Thursday afternoon to themselves, but most of them are too tired to enjoy their few hours.

In no other country are the girls forced to work so fast or to do so much in so short a time as here.

Stop this cruelty and the girls will not go to the factories or be willing to marry lazy men, drunkards and gamblers.

## Teachers Must Be Taught Their Business

By DR. WILLIAM OSWALD, Director of Schools, Lansing, Michigan

Pedagogy is the most neglected of all sciences. Before there are good pupils there must be good teachers. If a school system turns out inefficient, stupid graduates and that same system is responsible for the turning out of the teachers—how can the latter be anything except stupid and inefficient? The pedagogues teach the pupils—but who teaches the pedagogues? It is all a vicious circle.

The teaching faculty is a distinct faculty. A man may know all there is to know about chemistry, say, and yet not be able to impart a definite knowledge of the elementary principles of chemistry to a class. The school of the future must aim at conferring on the pupil the maximum of happiness. In happiness only is there real growth.

The educational system proceeds now upon the old medical theory that the more unpleasant a medicine tastes the better it works.

# The Boy

By Ella Fairchild Bennett

The Boy had often wondered how it would seem to have a mother, as other boys had. But they did not think it so wonderful, even when they were klased and caressed in that fond foolish way some mothers have.

The Boy remembered one experience, an experience so wonderful that he could never forget it. One cold morning in January, when on his way to school, he called for Jack, his boy friend. Jack's mother, a smiling, sweet-voiced woman had insisted upon her son wearing overboots, much against his will, and had buttoned his coat and tucked around his neck a warm soft muffler.

Jack had objected, he could not see the need of so much "fuss" on his mother's part, and he was in a hurry to try his new sled on the hill back of the school house before the morning session opened.

The Boy had watched with serious blue eyes as the mother drew her son to her and kissed his round rosy cheek. Perhaps she noticed his wistful gaze, for she slipped her other arm around him, and kissed him, too. His pale thin face flushed with unexpected pleasure. And then they had gone out into the snow. Jack wore an expression of annoyance at what his mother had done, but the Boy's face shone with a new happiness, while his heart was warm with a glow that had never felt before.

That night he had gone to sleep with his small pillow clasped in his arms, his cheek pressed close to it in a most pathetic way. He had whispered to it tender words of love, and had called it "Mother."

Ellen, his nurse, coming to tuck him in for the night, found his pillow tightly clasped in his arms. She could not understand this, and had thought him "just a strange little boy." The mother in her had never been awakened; she knew nothing of boy nature.

"I wonder what ever he is doing that for? Doesn't he know how to use his pillow? It's too dreadfully foolish!" She carefully removed it from the Boy's arms, smoothed it and put it in its proper place. She then turned out the light and quietly left the room.

As the boy became familiar with the use of the pen, he began to compose little letters to an imaginary mother.

"Dear Mother," he would begin, "I wish you was here to see your little boy at school. I beat 'em all in spelling today and teacher said I was doing fine. I wish you could see me coasting down hill on my new sled father gave me my birthday. Father is dreadful busy, he has no time to play with his little boy as you wood, mother. Your own little boy, Robert."

"My own lovin' Mother: Jack's mother kiss him six times cause he is six years old. I wish you could kiss me six times when I am six years old which will be next week—dear mother I can row a ball farther than most any other boy I no of. I wish so much I could see you and love you. Goodbye from your own—Bobby."

One day the Boy's father found one of these pitiful little letters. He read it through with eyes that were wet and an ache in his throat. He went to the Boy's room to place it carefully in the drawer of his small desk. Here he found other little notes that plainly showed a painstaking effort in correctness and neatness. There wasn't a blot of any kind to mar the simple whiteness of the page. "Poor little motherless kid!" he said half aloud, "Father didn't know."

He went down to the library and locked himself in. He drew from a drawer in his desk a faded photograph of a woman. Long and earnestly he looked at her face; there were the same serious blue eyes and sensitive mouth which he could see every day in the small face of his son. He wondered if he had loved her enough; if he had always been the thoughtful, considerate and kindly companion. But those were busy years, one continual grind for the ever needful dollar. Yes, it was a patient face, but full of wist-

He Began to Compose Little Letters.

ful sadness. Strange he had never noticed it before. He wondered if she had not often been lonely when he was gone all day, or many times too weary to give her the many little attentions so dear to every wife. He sat a long time in reverie, and with a real pain in his heart. He wondered if any possible neglect of the happiness in this little woman's life could account for the Boy's serious, pensive expression. He glanced from the photograph in his hand to the larger one in its gilt frame that stood on his desk—the photograph of another woman. It was a youthful face, although she was past thirty years of age. There was something in her that would grow old slowly and gracefully; her glance faded; the pose of her brown head leaned. Could he do it? Could he take this young life and keep it unchanged?

A few days later the father called the Boy to him as he passed the library door. "Robert," he said, "I want you to tell me what you think of this picture." He took from the top of his desk the framed photograph and placed it in the hands of the Boy. The large beautiful eyes were radiant with fun. They seemed to laugh into his own eyes, which were far too sad for so small a boy. After a moment's thoughtful study of her girlish beauty, the Boy's face brightened, and he smiled into his father's face as he said, "I like her berry much, father, cause she's happy."

Impulsively the father hugged the boy to him, laying his cheek against his upturned face. "So do I, my son!" he said. "She is happy and beautiful, and sweet, and—she likes me, too."

The Boy closed his eyes, almost overcome with this sudden display of affection from his father. It was a new experience, this unexpected food for his hungry soul. He began to think that a father might be almost as wonderful as a mother.

It was the month of June. Everywhere new fresh green mingled with the varying shades of color and the faint perfume of flowers. The day had been one of spring's triumphs. The evening was more perfect still; flooded with moonlight, with only the drowsy note of the insects to break the stillness of the quiet night. A carriage came up the gravelled driveway leading to the house. It rolled along slowly under the spreading trees and stopped before the broad, deep veranda. A gentleman and lady alighted. They went quickly into the house, where a welcome awaited them from Ellen, the housekeeper and nurse, who had been in the boy's home since the time the father brought there his first bride, ten years before.

Upstairs, in his little bed, the Boy lay watching the fine tracery of slightly moving leaves in the moonlight on his bedroom floor. Presently he heard footsteps on the stairs, the rustle of a woman's skirts and the light laughter just outside his door, and then—

The Boy raised his head, for there in the doorway stood his father and a beautiful lady, who looked at him with the same laughing eyes he had seen in the picture that memorable afternoon. The same sensation of having two warm arms about him and real kisses on his brow, his cheek and mouth, seemed too wonderful to be true. His little heart was full to overflowing; thin arms were clasped tightly around her neck while he whispered: "I love my new mother." He seemed to divine that she was indeed his new mother, the kind he had asked for in his prayers ever since he had been old enough to say them at the faithful Ellen's knee. The faint odor of jasmine lingered caressingly long after they had left the room. Sleep had been temporarily banished; he lay in a kind of dream, blissfully happy—for didn't he, too, have a mother like the other boys?

The next morning, on his way to school, he called for Jack. He carried himself very straight indeed when he walked proudly into where Jack and his mother were busy with the final preparations for school. His thin little face fairly shone as he announced: "I've got a mother, too!"

Jack's mother laughed. She had kept the secret from the Boy, and now affected innocence when she said: "Have you, dear? And how do you like her? Is she pretty?"

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Jack's mother laughed. She had kept the secret from the Boy, and now affected innocence when she said: "Have you, dear? And how do you like her? Is she pretty?"

In his quaint little way he replied: "I like her berry much, and I think she is just lovely."

Jack's mother laughed again. "You dear foolish little boy!" she said, and then, much to Jack's disapproval, she stooped and gathered the Boy into her arms as she impulsively kissed his happy little face, transfused by the thought that he was no longer motherless.

Fitting Retort.

He was very large, and evidently had imbibed too freely. He conversed with every one in the car with splendid impartiality.

At Market street, as most of the passengers arose to get out, he stood back with wobbly courtesy and said in clarion tones, with a flourish of one unsteady hand:

"Stand aside and let all the old maids off first, gentlemen!"

One sour-faced dame, who evidently came under the head of those who were to descend first, turned her sharp nose about in his face and retorted shrilly:

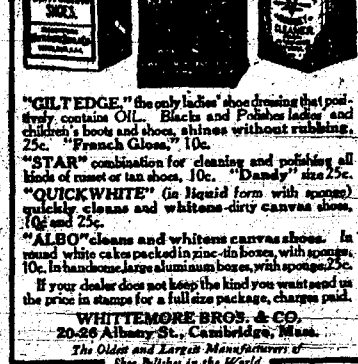
"Sir, if all the men were like you, a good many of us would be proud to be old maids!"—Philadelphia Times.

Three Essentials.

The most essential thing for a nation is that it should have right ideals; the next most important thing is that it should have favorable conditions of health; the third is that it should acquire wealth.

# Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest Quality Largest Variety



"GILT EDGE" the only shoe polish that polishes, conditions Oiled, Black and Patent leather, and shines without rubbing. 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.

"STAR" combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of shoes of tan, black, 10c. "Dandy" shoe polish, 10c. In these shoes, large aluminum boxes, with sponge, quickly cleans and whitens dirty canvas shoes. 10c and 25c.

"ALBO" cleans and whitens canvas shoes. In special white canvas packing in tin boxes, with sponge. 10c. In these shoes, large aluminum boxes, with sponge. 10c. If your dealer does not keep the kind you want send us the price in stamps for a full size package, charges paid.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO. 20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass. The Old and Largest Manufacturer of the Polishes in the World.

The Middle-Aged Woman.

Of the many ways in which the middle-aged woman may vary the effect of her afternoon gowns none is simpler than the use of a collar and cuffs of white voile edged with scalloping and embroidery in a floral design. Another change may be the frock set of white chiffon with border of black malines, and still another is the one of black net hemstitched with silver thread. Some of these collars are so long in front that they terminate only at the waist line, where they cross in surplus effect and are tucked away under the girdle. An excellent model of this sort is of light blue lawn embroidered with black dots, and a second of white garic trimmed with tiny folds of broadcloth, alternating with eponge.

Too Eager.

Fred Poyner, a Chicago dentist, was recently at a banquet given by the Dental association.

He said: "On one side is the right of things and on the other is wrong; sometimes the difference between the two is slight. As the following story shows: A gypsy upon release from jail met a friend. 'What were you in for?' asked the friend.

"I found a horse," the gypsy replied.

"Found a horse? Nonsense! They would never put you in jail for finding a horse."

"Well, but you see I found him before the owner lost him."

Voices of Conscience.

A western Kentucky negro was in jail awaiting trial for stealing a calf. His wife called to see him. On her way out the jailer, whose name was Grady, halted her.

"Mandy," he inquired, "have you got a lawyer for Jim?"

"No, sah," said his wife. "Ef Jim was guilty I'd git him a lawyer right away; but he tells me he ain't guilty, and so, of co'se, I ain't aimin' to hire none."

"Mr. Grady," came a voice from the cells above, "you tell dat nigger woman down thar to git a lawyer and git a dam' good one, too!"—Saturday Evening Post.

Excellent Plan.

"I see," said Mrs. De Jones, while Mrs. Van Tyle was calling, "that you have a Chinese chauffeur. Do you find him satisfactory?"

"He's perfectly fine," said Mrs. Van Tyle. "To begin with, his yellow complexion is such that at the end of a long, dusty ride he doesn't show any spots, and then when I am out in my limousine I have his pistol stuck through a little hole in the plate-glass window and I use it as a sort of bell rope to tell him where to stop."—Harper's Weekly.

Generous.

Jack—When I met my pretty cousin, at the train I was in doubt whether I should kiss her.

Tom—Well, what did you do?

Jack—I gave her the benefit of the doubt.

A WINNING START

A Perfectly Digested Breakfast Makes Nerve Force for the Day.

Everything goes wrong if the breakfast lies in your stomach like a mud pie. What you eat does harm if you can't digest it—it turns to poison.

A bright lady teacher found this to be true, even of an ordinary light breakfast of eggs and toast. She says:

"Two years ago I contracted a very annoying form of indigestion. My stomach was in such condition that a simple breakfast of fruit, toast and eggs gave me great distress.

"I was slow to believe that trouble could come from such a simple diet, but finally had to give it up, and found a great change upon a cup of hot Postum and Grape-Nuts, with cream, for my morning meal. For more than a year I have held to this course and have not suffered except when injudiciously varying my diet.

"I have been a teacher for several years and find that my easily digested breakfast means a saving of nervous force for the entire day. My gain of ten pounds in weight also causes me to want to testify to the value of Grape-Nuts.

"Grape-Nuts holds first rank at our table."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pgs. Ever read the above letters? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and fact—4 human testimonies.



# Re-forest Slopes of Pike's Peak



WHERE SEEDLINGS WERE PLANTED

EVERY day was Arbor Day high up on the slopes of Pike's Peak last spring. Government forestry officials replanted a vast area, which was fire-swept more than 50 years ago. Hundreds of thousands of pine seed and young trees were planted on barren slopes, marking the first important step toward re-foresting the entire Rocky Mountain Range—or so much thereof as is included in the National Forests. With the denuded areas on the slopes of the Rockies covered with a sturdy growth of young trees, the snowfall in the mountains will be much slower in melting. This will hold back the waters which now rush to the Mississippi Valley from the Rocky Mountain watershed in April and May. These late floods have done the most damage this season, as full addition to streams already bank full has proved too great a strain for levees to bear.

A force of more than 50 men were employed in the Pike's Peak region for several weeks, planting seed or young trees, according to the demands of the situation. The area that is being reclaimed is typical of millions of acres of once heavily wooded land in the National Forests. After being swept by fire, many years ago, the reseeded process of nature has proved very slow, and the land has become more barren every year. The soil has been washed down the mountainside by rains, until in many places only rocks are to be seen where once there was a goodly covering of earth. Charred and rotting trunks of trees are to be seen on every hand, and nothing could be more desolate or hopeless than these scarred mountain slopes.

The campaign against desolation has been waged ardently. No point has been overlooked by the forestry experts in carrying on the battle. If snow fell, the planters were set to work broadcasting seed in certain parts of the plantation, where such a method of planting seemed most advisable. Broadcasting on the snow is one of the most effective methods of planting under certain conditions, and most of such work is done on horseback, as the seed, cast from a great height, will imbed itself deeply in the snow and is not likely to be blown away.

## Requires Great Care

Every day a thin line of skirmishers climbed up and down the rockiest slopes, each man carrying a bagful of seed at his side and a small pick in his hand. A hole was dug, with one blow of the instrument, and a seed inserted in the shallow covering of the soil, or in the earth-filled crevice between two stones. The men always work in a line and become so expert at this method of planting that they climb up and down the mountainsides in almost perfect formation, and with incredible rapidity, planting as they go.

In another part of the plantation, where it had been decided that seed-planting was not best, another line of skirmishers planted young trees. In these places the resources of the Forestry Department were called upon. The Pike's National Forest has a splendid nursery of several hundred acres in the foothills at Monument, Col., where hundreds of thousands of young trees are being reared for planting purposes. From the Monument nursery the young trees were shipped in crates, with their roots carefully protected. The roots of a year-old or 2-year-old pine are so sensitive that contact with the air for a few seconds will spoil them. Wet moss is used for keeping the roots protected from the air, and in this way the young trees arrive for planting. Though they are only a few inches high, their vitality is something amazing, and there is less loss from planting by this method than any other.

Generally the crates of young trees were replanted, close to the scene of operations, in some gully where they kept damp. As they were wanted they were repacked into wire baskets, which were slung across the shoulders of carriers. These carriers took the trees to the planters, who were busy with their mattocks. The carriers passed up and down the line of planters. As each hole was dug a tree was quickly thrust in to avoid the contact of air with the roots, and a couple of sticks or stones placed beside the young pine to shelter it from the wind until it becomes firmly rooted in its new home.

The general attitude of the Western

public may be summed up in the words of a grizzled old prospector, who, on seeing a line of tree planters at work on the Cascade plantation in the Pike's Peak region, exclaimed: "Well, it looks doggone good to see somebody traveling through these hills building things up instead of cutting down and destroying!"

## Bare and Forbidding

The work of reforesting the Pike's Peak region is in charge of Forest Supervisor C. W. Fitzgerald and Forest Expert H. G. Reinsch. Both are young men, but have made notable names for themselves in forestry work in this country. Mr. Fitzgerald spends much of this time in the saddle, looking after affairs in the Pike's National Forest, a domain of 1,300,000 acres. Mr. Reinsch has had experience in forestry in Germany as well as in this country, and is an authority on sowing and planting.

"These trees are my children," said the young German enthusiastically, as he watched the planters at work. "I have 350,000 of them growing now, and in ten years you will never recognize these mountain slopes. Things could not be more bare and forbidding than they are today. They would get worse, as the natural re-seeding process seems to be very slow here, but once let our young trees get a start, and things will be vastly different. See that slope across there?" he continued, pointing across to a hill, the upper part of which seemed solid granite.

"We have planted only on the lower part of that slope, where there is more soil. But in time, when our trees have grown, the winds will blow the seeds to the upper slopes, and the hill will be covered with trees to the very top. That is our main object—to assist nature in her work."

"We are planting western yellow pine and Douglas fir here. The yellow pine does well on the dry, sunny slopes, and the Douglas fir is planted on the more shaded slopes, as that tree requires more moisture. But there are many questions to be determined before planting—questions of the timber that will prove the most salable and the most accessible. As a general rule we follow the footsteps of nature as closely as possible in planting, but sometimes the timber that nature has planted on a slope will not prove merchantable so something else is substituted."

## SIGNS OF NERVE TROUBLE

Disposition to Make Much of Little Things Means That System is Out of Gear.

When the system is strained other people's faults and failings are magnified by the unfortunate person who sees everything out of proportion. A trivial mistake or stupidity on the part of a maid causes such a tumult in the breast of her nervous mistress that it appears a terrible disaster. Self-control is lost; high words are exchanged, and notice is probably given. When the fit of nerves has passed things again resume their right proportion; but the mischief is done, and then matters cannot be readjusted.

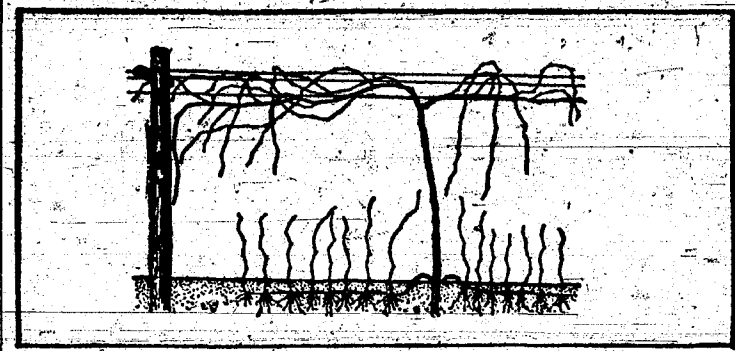
Your children can hardly be expected to know when you are strung up. Their spirits are high and when all is normal you join in their fun. Then suddenly they become unbearable. Really it is not their fault that you see their antics out of focus, as it were. Instead of snapping at them, it would be far wiser to explain and enlist their sympathy. Take them into your confidence. Tell them you think that you may be unreasonably cross if they are much with you, for you are not feeling well. Train your daughter to minister to you when the strain of household worries makes you feel as though you must break down.

Bring up your boys to sympathize and understand that you do not mean to be cross and only want them to keep out of your way till your nerves have had the opportunity to calm down.

Try to take a little rest-cure when you feel "jumpy" and "snappy" over trifles. Recline upon your bed in a darkened room, indulge in a little nap, if possible, and things will look brighter when you emerge from your solitude. At the same time battle with a strong will against seeing things out of proportion.—Exchange

# PROPAGATION OF THE GRAPE AND PRUNING AND TRAINING

Cuttings Should be Made by Getting in Close Below Bud in Slanting Manner—Thorough Understanding of Names of Various Parts of Vine is of Great Importance.



A Vine With Two Canes Layered Showing the Method of Propagation by Layers.

(By GEORGE C. HUSSMANN, Pomologist, United States Department of Agriculture.)

Cuttings for the propagation of grape vines may be prepared at any time after the vines have become dormant. Other things being equal, and if they are afterwards well cared for, the sooner they are prepared after the vines have become dormant the better. The length of the cuttings may vary from 8 to 20 inches, depending on the climatic and other conditions of the locality in which they are to be planted. Usually, the hotter and drier the climate the longer the cuttings will need to be. They should always be made from young, well matured wood, and preferably from medium sized, short-jointed wood.

To make cuttings, cut close below the lower bud, making the cut somewhat slanting, and leave about an inch of wood above the upper bud or eye. If a small piece of the old wood or a whorl of buds can be left to form the butt end of the cutting, so much the better. The cuttings should be tied in convenient-sized bundles, the butts being turned the same way. The bundles should then be heeled in or buried in trenches, butt ends up, and well covered with 3 to 6 inches of soil. Inverting the bundles causes the butts to callus while the tops remain dormant, and the cuttings are ready to throw out rootlets as soon as planted, whereas, if the bundles are heeled in with the tops up the latter often start to grow before the roots to support them do.

In the spring, when the ground has become warm enough, plant the cuttings in soil made mellow by plowing and cultivating. The planting may be

the cane opposite each shoot. The plants are taken up in the fall or winter, being divided by severing the original cane behind each shoot which, having its own system of roots, becomes a new vine. Canes may be layered either in the fall or in the spring.

When grafting is done near the ground on stocks strong enough to hold the scions firmly no tying is necessary; otherwise they should be tied with raffia. In either case a stake should be driven at the side of the graft to protect it and to provide a support for the young shoots. It is good practice to press a little moist soil over the cut around the junction of the graft and to cover the scion completely with fine dirt, hilling it up sufficiently to protect it from drying out.

When vines grafted above ground are not covered with dirt the entire cuts should be waxed to exclude the air. The grafts should be examined frequently and the suckers removed, and the roots starting from scions that have been grafted on resistant stocks should be cut off.

Bench grafts are also tied with raffia. They may be planted out directly, but bench-grafted cuttings are usually stored or are heeled in upside down in damp, not wet, river sand, moss, or other suitable material, to allow them to callus before planting.

The soil and location best suited, the preparation of the soil, the laying out of and cost per acre of establishing a vineyard, and the cultivation and fertilization necessary for obtaining the best results are not presented here, as they vary decidedly with differing conditions of soil, climate, etc.

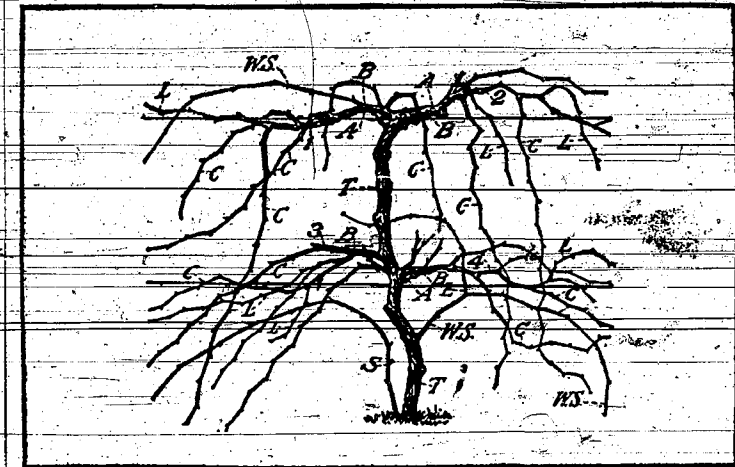


Diagram of a grapevine showing the different parts and illustrating the four-cane system of training: A, Arms or ramifications of the branches, usually of wood two or more years old; B, branches which are of mature wood, being several years old; C, canes, called shoots when green and canes when mature; L, laterals, the secondary shoots of a cane; S, suckers, the shoots starting below the ground from the main body; T, trunk, the stem or main body of the vine; W, S, water sprouts, the shoots which start above the ground from wood older than one year; 1, 2, 3, 4, two-year-old arms.

done in slanting trenches, 3 or 4 feet apart, which can be made with a plow. Deepen the trenches with a spade if necessary. Set the cuttings at such depth that only the upper buds will project above the ground and firm the soil well around them. The cuttings should be spaced 2 to 3 inches apart, the distance between them differing with the varieties, some rooting more readily than others. Keep the soil clean with hoe and cultivator, and stir often during the summer to keep it mellow and moist. Frequent stirring in many localities is better than irrigation.

All varieties of the vine may be propagated by layers. The Rotundifolia vines are nearly always propagated in this manner, but with other species layering is usually resorted to only with varieties which do not root readily from cuttings. In layering choose canes of the last season's growth, preferably those that start near the base of the vine. It is well, the summer before, to leave on the vine for this purpose some shoots starting close above ground and allow them to grow as long as possible. In pruning these canes all the well-developed buds are left. The ground is made mellow, a trench about 3 inches deep is drawn from the vines with the hoe, and the canes are bent down and fastened in it. Each bud on the cane will usually produce a shoot, which by this process is made to grow upward. When these shoots are well started the trench should be filled with soil. Each of the shoots then takes root at its base. To assist the roots in starting a slight traction should be made in

and need to be dealt with in a special treatise on the subject.

A clear understanding of the names of the different parts of a vine is necessary before the subject of grape training is considered. The illustration shows a vine, the different parts of which are shown by letters, as follows: T, trunk, the stem or main body of the vine; B, branches, which are of mature wood, being several years old; A, arms or ramifications of the branches, usually of wood two or more years old; C, canes, called shoots when green and canes when mature; S, suckers, the shoots which start below the ground from the main body; W, S, water sprouts, the shoots which start above the ground from wood older than one year; L, laterals, the secondary shoots of a cane.

The basal eye or bud, which is not reckoned in counting the eyes on a spur, is near the base of the cane. When more than four eyes of a cane are left in pruning it is generally called a fruiting cane.

Water sprouts and suckers do not ordinarily produce bearing shoots.

Below the basal bud on each cane are one or more dormant buds, which grow and produce sterile canes only when too few eyes are left in pruning or when the eyes have been destroyed. At the base of each eye on a cane there are two dormant buds. Sometimes one of these grows the season it is formed, making a lateral from which secondary laterals also may grow.

The first and secondary laterals bear the second and third crops of grapes.

# SPLENDID OUTLOOK FOR CROPS IN WESTERN CANADA

RELIABLE INFORMATION FROM THE GRAIN FIELDS SHOW THAT THE PROSPECTS ARE GOOD.

This is the time of year when considerable anxiety is felt in all the northern agricultural districts as to the probable outcome of the growing crops. Central Canada, comprising the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, with their 16,000,000 acres of wheat, oats, barley and flax, of which 6,000,000 acres may be said to be sown to wheat alone, has become a great factor in the grain markets of the world. Besides this, government returns show that every state in the Union has representatives in these provinces, and naturally the friends of these representatives are anxious to hear of their success. It has never been said of that country that it is absolutely faultless. There are, and have been, districts that have experienced the vagaries of the weather, the same as in districts south of the boundary line between the two countries, but these are only such as are to be expected in any agricultural country. The past has proven that the agricultural possibilities of this portion of Canada are probably more attractive in every way than most countries where grain raising is the chief industry. The present year promises to be even better than past years, and in a month or six weeks it is felt there will be produced the evidence that warrants the enthusiasm of the present. Then these great broad acres will have the ripened wheat, oats, barley and flax, and the farmer, who has been looking forward to making his last payment on his big farm will be satisfied. At the time of writing, all crops give the promise of reaching the most sanguine expectations.

In the central portion of Alberta, it is said that crop conditions are more favorable than in any previous year. Heavy rains recently visited this part, and the whole of this grain growing section has been covered. Reports like the following come from all parts:

"Splendid heavy rain yesterday. Crops forging ahead. Great prospects. All grains more than a week ahead of last year. Weather warm last week. Good rains last night."

From southern Alberta the reports to hand indicate sufficient rain. Crops in excellent condition. Labor scarce.

Throughout Saskatchewan all grains are looking well, and there has been sufficient rain to carry them through to harvest.

From all portions of Manitoba there comes an assurance of an abundant yield of all grains. Throughout southern Manitoba, where rain was needed a few weeks ago, there has lately been abundant precipitation, and that portion of the province will in all probability have a crop to equal the best anticipations. A large quantity of grain was sown on the stubble in the newer west, which is never a satisfactory method of farming, and may reduce the general average.

Taken altogether, the country is now fully two weeks in advance of last year, and in all grains the acreages sown are much larger than in 1911. This means that with auspicious weather the west will have the grandest harvest in its history. Two hundred and fifty million bushels of wheat has been mentioned as an estimate of the present growing crop, and it looks now as if that guess will be none too large.

## Fit Punishment.

The Wicked Soul was sitting on a hot stove, drinking molten lava and fanning himself with a chunk of red hot sheetrock.

"And who is the poor wretch?" asked Dante.

"That," replied Satan, "is the first man who said, 'Is it hot enough for you?'"—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Goodness does not more certainly make men happy than happiness makes them good.—Landon.

No thoughtful person uses liquid blue. It's a pinch of blue in a large bottle of water. Ask for Red Cross Ball Blue, the blue that's all blue.

Women waste a lot of powder when the enemy isn't in sight.

# In Wages or Profit

health, sooner or later, shows its value. No man can expect to go very far or very fast toward success—no woman either—who suffers from the headaches, the sour stomach and poor digestion, the unpleasant breath and the good-for-nothing feelings which result from constipation and biliousness. But just learn for yourself what a difference will be made by a few doses of

# BEECHAM'S PILLS

Tested through three generations—favorably known the world over this perfect vegetable and always efficient family remedy is universally accepted as the best preventive or corrective of disorders of the organs of digestion. Beecham's Pills regulate the bowels, stir the liver to natural activity—enable you to get all the nourishment and blood-making qualities from your food. As sure as you try them you will know that—in your looks and in your increased vigor—Beecham's Pills

# Pay Big Dividends

The directions with every box are very valuable—especially to women. Sold everywhere. In boxes 10c., 25c.

Misinterpreted. William Shaw, the secretary of the famous Christian Endeavor society, said in a witty after-dinner address in Boston:

"There is a little Back Bay girl who is much interested in her auntie's Christian Endeavor work. The little girl was writing a letter to her brother at Yale one day, and in the midst of the epistle she looked up and said: 'Auntie, how do you spell devil?'"

"Devil," cried her aunt, with a shocked smile. "Why, child, don't you know you mustn't use such a word as devil?"

"But, auntie," protested the little girl, "I want to tell brother about your Christian and devil meetings!"

# SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

How Mrs. Reed of Peoria, Ill., Escaped The Surgeon's Knife.

Peoria, Ill.—"I wish to let every one know what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. For two years I suffered. The doctor said I had a tumor and the only remedy was the surgeon's knife. My mother bought me Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and today I am a well and healthy woman. For months I suffered from inflammation, and your Sanative Wash relieved me. I am glad to tell anyone what your medicines have done for me. You can use my testimonial in any way you wish, and I will be glad to answer letters." Mrs. CHRISTINA REED, 105 Mount St., Peoria, Ill.

Mrs. Lynch Also Avoided Operation.

Jessup, Pa.—"After the birth of my fourth child, I had severe organic inflammation. I would have such terrible pains that it did not seem as though I could stand it. This kept up for three long months, until two doctors decided that an operation was needed."

"Then one of my friends recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and after taking it for two months I was a well woman."—Mrs. JOSEPH A. LYNCH, Jessup, Pa.

Women who suffer from female ills should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, one of the most successful remedies the world has ever known, before submitting to a surgical operation.

# Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowels. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Headache, Indigestion, as millions know. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

Don't Cut Out a Varicose Vein. USE ABSORBINE, JR. FOR IT.

A mild, safe, antiseptic, discutient, resolvent liniment, and a proven remedy for this

and similar troubles. Mr. R. C. Kellogg, Becket, Mass., before using this remedy, suffered intensely with painful and inflamed veins; they were swollen, knotted and hard. He writes: "After using one and one-half bottles of ABSORBINE, JR., the veins were reduced, inflammation and pain gone, and I have had no recurrence of the trouble during the past six years." Also removes Gout, Painful Swellings, Wens, Cysts, Callouses, Bruises, "Black and Blue" discolorations, etc., in a pleasant manner. Price 50c. and \$2.00 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Book 5 G Free. Write for it. W. F. Young, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.



Entered as the postoffice at East Jordan Michigan, as second class mail matter.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 17, 1912.

Commission Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the City Commission held at the City Hall, Monday evening, August 5th, 1912.

Adjourned Regular meeting of the City Commission held at the City Hall Wednesday evening, July 24th, 1912.

Meeting was called to order by Mayor Steffes. Present: Steffes and Kenny (2); absent: Hudson (1).

Minutes of the last three meetings were read and approved.

On motion by Kenny, supported by Steffes the following bills were allowed and the clerk instructed to draw order for same:

Table with 2 columns: Item description and Amount. Includes items like Obit. Smith salary, Trustees Presbyterian Church rebate, M. A. Lemieux repair, Chas. Shedina, judge, Maryland Casualty Co., surety bond, East Jordan Hose Co., Votruba Fire, Bert Hughes crosswalks, Henry Cook salary, Robert Price rebate, Electric Light & Power Co., Twp. lighting, H. S. Fidelity and Guaranty Co. surety bonds, City Treas. payment of street labor, R. Bingham draying, James B. Clow & Sons, Mich. State Tel. Co. rentals, James Gidley fumigating materials, Electric Light & Power Co. street lighting, G. A. Lisk printing, Reid & Graf Plumbing Co. labor and material, Emma Severance rebate, American Surety Co. surety bond, R. F. Steffes payment of street labor, East Jordan Lbr. Co. lumber.

On motion by Kenny, supported by Steffes, the following applications for permission to build sidewalks were accepted and permission granted.

O. Sunstedt, Lot (12), Block (5) Emma Severance, Lot (8), Block (19). The Mayor made the following appointments on Board of Registration to act with the Supervisor of each ward.

First Ward, Cleveland Isaman, Second Ward, Wm. Aldrich, Third Ward, W. A. Pickard.

Moved by Kenny, supported by Steffes that the above appointments be confirmed. Carried.

The following appointments were made on Election Boards for the primary election August 27th.

First Ward, W. F. Bashaw, Cleveland Isaman, Jesse Carpenter, A. E. Cross, and J. H. Milford.

Second Ward, Franklin Smith, L. C. Barlow, Wm. Aldrich, Chas. Alexander, and C. G. Warden.

Third Ward, W. A. Lovelady, W. A. Pickard, Bert Lorraine, Eugene Adams, and Daniel Caton.

Moved by Kenov, supported by Steffes, that the above appointments be confirmed. Carried.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Kenny.

Be it resolved that sidewalks be repaired or rebuilt as may be found necessary, in accordance with the provisions of ordinance No. 28, in front of and abutting upon the following described property, to wit:

- List of property addresses: Estate of Mrs. Bob's Mackey, Lot 5 Block 5, W. L. French, Lot 1 Block 1, bounded by a line commencing at the S. E. Corner of Lot 1 Block 1 thence N. 00 ft, thence W. 46 ft, thence S. 60 ft, thence east 40 ft to place of beginning. A. J. Shearer, Lot 1 Block 16, Mrs. Ella Barclay, Lot 7 Block 6, Alfred Rogers, Lots 1-2 Block 4, except W. 10 ft, Frank A. Foster, Lot 1 and St Lot 2 Block 11, James J. Votruba, Lot 3 and N. Lot 2 Block 11, Eber-Burdick, E. Lots 5 and 6, Block 11, Mrs. M. Stevenson, Lot 4 Block 11, John Nicholls, St Lot 9 and N. Lot 10 Block 4, A. M. Haight, Lot 8 Block 4 except N. 10 ft.

And be it further resolved that the City Clerk be, and hereby is, instructed to serve the proper notices upon the owners or occupants of the aforesaid described property, as the case may be, and if the said sidewalks are not repaired or rebuilt within fifteen days from the date of serving such notice that the Street Commissioner be, and hereby is, instructed to have the same done and report the cost of the same to the City Commission, the cost of each sidewalk so built to be assessed to the several descriptions of property on the next years tax roll.

ed to serve the proper notices upon the owners or occupants of the aforesaid described property, as the case may be, and if the said sidewalks are not repaired or rebuilt within fifteen days from the date of serving such notice that the Street Commissioner be, and hereby is, instructed to have the same done and report the cost of the same to the City Commission, the cost of each sidewalk so built to be assessed to the several descriptions of property on the next years tax roll.

Moved by Kenny, supported by Steffes that the above resolution be adopted. Carried.

Moved by Kenny, supported by Steffes, to adjourn. Carried.

FIRST SCORE FOR THE MAJOR

Man of Law Wasted Time in Contemplation, but His Opponent Was Quick to Act.

There lived at one time, in the fashionable quarter of Dublin an eminent lawyer who afterwards came to occupy a position on the judicial bench. He was a man of high professional attainments but of testy and irritable temper. His next door neighbor was a retired major, noted for the eccentricity of his habits. Between the two there was anything but a friendly feeling and they did all in their power to annoy and harass each other.

One night, memorable in Ireland as 'The night of the great storm,' the major's chimneys were blown down. Crash they went through the roof of the lawyer's house and thence down through floor after floor, carrying havoc in their course. The man of law was in no good humor as he contemplated the destruction, and what made matters worse was that it was the major's chimney that had occasioned the wreck. His mind was actively engaged in devising some process by which he could get satisfaction from his arch enemy, when this missive arrived from the major:

"Send me back my bricks immediately or I'll put the matter in the hands of an attorney."

The Fat Rooster. Very few people credit chickens with having much sense; but at least one young rooster proved, without doubt, that he was wiser than he looked. This cockerel has a habit of ruffling up his feathers during feeding time, and as he was about twice as fat as the rest of the fowls, his owner decided to watch him and to try to find out the cause of his queer behavior. One day, as the fowls sauntered off after being fed, the rooster carried his portly self to a secluded place by the wood pile, and shook himself vigorously; whereupon down fell more than half a pint of grain which his ruffled feathers had caught at feeding time. This he proceeded to eat at his leisure. As he continued to ruffle his feathers and to saunter off to the wood pile after meals, and gained in size daily, his owner had every reason to believe that the rooster had more than his share of common chicken sense.

In Thankfulness. Notwithstanding all that I have suffered, notwithstanding all the pain and weariness and anxiety and sorrow that necessarily enter into life, and the inward errings that are worse than all, I would end my record with a devout thanksgiving to the great author my being. For more and more am I unwilling to make any gratitude to him what is commonly called 'a thanksgiving for mercies,' for any benefits or blessings that are peculiar to myself, or my friends, or indeed to any man. Instead of this I would have it to be gratitude for all that belongs to my life and being—for joy and sorrow, for health and sickness, for success and disappointment, for virtue and for temptation, for life and death; because I believe that all is meant for good.—Orville Dewey

Probably Not. "The doctor says I musn't read any thing exciting." "I've brought you a nice book entitled 'How to Know the Wild Flowers.' I don't think that will increase your heart action very much."

THE "PROGRESSIVE" PARTY. In the individual, man or woman, who uses Foley Kidney Pills for backache, rheumatism, weak back, and other kidney and bladder irregularities, Foley Kidney Pills are healing, strengthening, tonic, and quick to produce beneficial results. Contain no harmful drugs. Never sold in bulk. Put up in two sizes in sealed bottles. The genuine in yellow packages. Hite Drug Co.

LADY WANTED

To introduce our very complete Fall line of beautiful wool suitings, wash fabrics, fancy waistings, silks, handkerchiefs, petticoats, etc. Up-to-date N. Y. City Patterns. Finest line on the market. Dealing direct with the mills you will find our prices low. If others make \$10.00 to \$20.00 weekly, you can also. Samples and full instructions packed in a neat sample case, shipped express prepaid. No money required. Exclusive territory. Write for particulars. Be first to apply. Standard Dress Goods Company, Dept. 607, Binghamton, N. Y.

(Political Advertising) A SPLENDID ENDORSEMENT

It comes to few men who have had as long a public service as the Hon. J. M. Harris to find little or no criticism of the manner in which he has administered his public duties, and on the eve of another election, when he has offered himself again as a candidate of his party for re-election, to receive in general an endorsement from all classes of people. We give extracts from a few that he has shown us.

R. W. Kane, an attorney of Charlevoix, Michigan, writes: "I have had a good deal to do in Probate Court and have found the office conducted with method and ability. That the welfare of those interested in estates has been constantly in mind and that in the 12 years only one appeal from his court has been taken to a higher court and that appeal sustained. Your large and varied experience in the management of business affairs has contributed very largely to the success with which you have administered the duties of this very important office."

Mr. Hooper of the Peoples Bank says: "In this connection we wish to take this opportunity of extending to you our appreciation of the manner in which the business of the Probate Court of Charlevoix County has been transacted during your administration. Your experience in this work connected with this important office is a valuable asset to the people of this County; an asset which they will do well to retain. You have our hearty endorsement."

Hon. A. Butters of the Charlevoix County Bank says: "Your administration of the Probate Court has been a success and you have been careful in its details. The right of every one interested in the settlement of estates has been carefully guarded. I have heard no complaints from any one, but that you have always done what is right from all parties concerned in cases that have come into your court."

Mr. Geo. G. Glenn, Cashier of the East Jordan State Bank says: "I wish to compliment you on the manner in which you have conducted the duties of the probate office during the last eight or ten years, particularly to real estate titles. I have had considerable to do in the Probate Office in acting as administrator, executor and guardian and have been in a very good position to know how such matters are handled. It is my judgment that your past experience and familiarity with the requirements of this office are very strong points in favor of your re-election."

Lisle Shanahan, an attorney of Charlevoix, Michigan, says: "I have been questioned many times in regard to my opinion of you as a Probate Judge and feel under obligations to inform you of my opinion. I have criticized your method of handling estates, in that you make it unnecessary for petitioners to employ counsel, except in cases of litigation, and believe that my experience is that of all attorneys. I do not believe that the fact that you have held office for a number of years makes you less efficient."

Dr. A. B. Swinton, Vice-president of the Argo Milling Co. of Charlevoix and East Jordan says: "The last time you were candidate for Probate Judge I voted against you to support one of the younger men and help pass the job around. The only reason I had was to give some one else a chance. I know nothing about Probate Court work and supposed any one could go in there and do the work well. I have changed my mind because I know what a saving has been made, because of your experience, in the estate I am interested in. During the last two years I have been in your court a great deal. Absolutely ignorant of court proceedings, at first I appeared with an attorney. The case I was interested in was very complicated and became more so because of the death of one of the heirs. It was impossible for me, as busy as I am, to always find our attorney and I soon began to follow your advice. I believe that in this way there was a saving of \$300 to the estate, and this was not all. I soon saw that your experience in these matters was best and your judgment in the many business details good. During the last year we have consulted no one outside our own firm as much as we have you, not as an attorney nor as a probate judge, but as a man with large experience in business affairs. We could mention instances where the business methods suggested here have been considerable. I now know that experience is worth as much by the Probate Court as elsewhere. I have seen the ramifications of the business brought in there, the possibility of poor methods clouding titles, etc. As you have had no compensation other than that coming to you as Judge, I feel that I owe you this letter and also my thanks."

Henry J. Carpenter, a workman of East Jordan, says: "I have had a good deal of business in the Probate Court in the last year or two. I was always pleased with your fair dealing and understanding of what was done. I hope you will be re-elected."

L. C. Madison, County Agent says: "I believe we should reward competent and trust-worthy public officials by continuing them in office rather than say to them no matter whether your work is ordinary or exceptionally good you can have the position so long and no longer. I have been much impressed with your careful and competent work in the Juvenile Court. Your sympathy with the erring child and the often distracted parent, and the time you have spent in investigating what will be for the best interest of the delinquent or dependent child. I have no doubt been in the Probate Court more than any other of our citizens and in all the years you have been in office I have heard only the highest commendation of your work."

Dr. A. M. Wilkinson of Charlevoix, Michigan, says: "Knowing you to be a candidate to succeed yourself as Probate Judge, I desire here with to tender you a word of appreciation as to the way you have handled the business I have had in your Court the past year. The experience and judgment brought to bear on the work of this Court makes me feel it should be continued. Like a large majority of the business and professional men of this County, I look upon your candidacy in the same light I would that of parting with an employee who has been tried, true and never found wanting, considering him far better fitted by the experience gained in my employ to continue than a new and untried man."

S. C. Smith of the First National Bank says: "I have had a good deal of Probate work to do in your court during the last few years and I know of the promptness and thoroughness of your work in the office and of your ability in the matter of the adjustment of title and real estate passing through the probate proceedings. The proceeding have been so regular that no title coming under my observation has been questioned after being adjusted in your court. The fact of your having an office at Charlevoix and Boyne City makes it very convenient for every one concerned. Your treatment of the delinquent, dependent juvenile is also worthy of favorable mention."

A. G. Urquhart, an attorney of Boyne City, Michigan, says: "An efficient officer should be encouraged in his future efforts and commended for his ability, promptness and efficient service in the past. I take this means of letting you know that I appreciate the manner in which you have conducted the office of probate judge in past years and I urge you the necessity of being a candidate for the same office for the next ensuing term, at the same time assuring you of my hearty support in your campaign. I do this because I believe you are the right man in the right place. I find it very convenient to have the judge of probate live in Boyne City because most of the work can be handled right here at home, saving myself and clients the unnecessary time and expense of going to Charlevoix on small probate matters."

Chas. J. Zeidler, a farmer of Charlevoix, says: "In the past four or five years I have had a good deal of business in the Probate Court and know how well everything is done and how careful you have always been to keep down expense of administering estates. I know what a man of your ability and experience is worth to the public in this office and know it will pay the people to keep you there, as I am sure they would if they knew as much as I do about it."

At a hearing before Judge Shepard at Charlevoix on Aug. 10th, Receiver Voorheis was reinstated. I shall do no more collecting for 30 days. If any who have paid one of the Banks or me, and holding receipts, hear from him; just write him that you that you hold a receipt, giving the number of it and the Bank you paid to. He will not bother you again. Thanking you for your help in this. I am

Most truly yours, J. L. BARBER

Hay fever and asthma make August a month of intense suffering to many people. Foley's Honey and Tar Compound gives prompt ease and relief, and is soothing and healing to the inflamed membranes. Wm. M. Merathew, N. Searsport, Me., says: "A few doses of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound relieved me of a severe attack of asthma and less than a bottle caused a complete cure." Refuse substitutes. Hite Drug Company.

Citizens Mutual Notice

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Our Fall Stock of SHOES

are now in and we cordially invite you to call and inspect them.

We have the newest designs in

Tan, Gun Metal

Patent Leather High Cut and Low Cut.

Buster Brown School Shoes

are complete in every detail. Get your children shod in a pair and you will be forever pleased.

C. A. Hudson The Pioneer Shoe Man.

A. S. Jones, of the Lee Pharmacy, Chas. Calif., who has handled Foley's Co.'s medicines for many years, says: "I consider that Foley's Honey and Tar Compound has no equal, and is the one cough medicine I can recommend as containing no narcotics or other harmful properties." The genuine in a yellow package. Hite Drug Company.

EAST JORDAN LUMBER CO.

It's the Little Things That Count

Man with his microscope has added wonderfully to the world's knowledge, notwithstanding the fact that the things he searched for were infinitesimally small.

But it is not alone in the laboratory that "little things count."

The man who knows

Good Tailoring

may try on a new suit, look at himself in the mirror and exclaim "It fits fine." A month later

the Suit may begin to pucker and stretch all out of shape. It did not have the little safeguards and good material put into the inside or invisible parts that would hold it in shape.

Little things do count. Every suit.

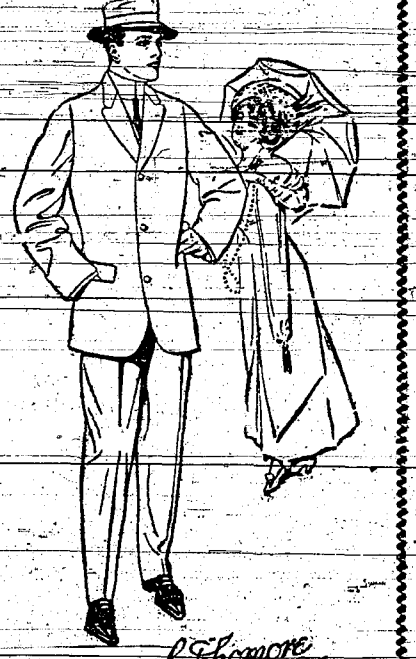
FRED KAUFFMANN

The American Tailor—Chicago makes is made right—nothing slighted just because it is invisible

Even his sewing silk is tested. His tailors are trained to know "Its the little things that count."

We are his local representatives.

East Jordan Lumber Co.





# Briefs of the Week

"The Prince of Tonight," Primary, week from Tuesday. Born to Mr. and Mrs. E. Henry a daughter, Wednesday.

How the average man does like to see the other fellow get a royal.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Malpass a son, Lewis Charles, Sunday. Mother and infant are doing nicely.

The promoters of the Holy Island Resort have arranged with Loveday Agency to look after East Jordan inquiries.

If troubled with Headache or in need of glasses see J. Leahy the Optometrist when he comes Monday August 26 one day only.

Messrs. and Mesdames Chas. A. Hudson, C. H. Whittington, and C. A. Sweet returned Saturday last from a ten days outing at Camp Lake.

Trying decided to remove to Detroit with his family, Mr. Fraser will inaugurate a Closing Out Sale commencing next Tuesday. Watch for particulars.

An Antrim County paper this week contains a quarter page advertisement of a county primary candidate in display type. This is a violation of section 50, act 281, Public Acts of 1909.

Among those from here who attended the Hajney-Zettler wedding at Charlevoix Tuesday, were James Yotruba and wife, Fred Hajney and wife, Miss Clara Davis, and Frank Zaneb.

Rev. T. Porter Bennett attended the funeral service of Rev. F. J. Freeman at Mancelona on Monday. During his superannuation he was engaged in the furniture business at Mancelona. He died at Albion.

Services will be held in the Christian Science Rooms over Post Office Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Subject of the sermon, "Soul." Sunday school is held immediately after service. All are cordially invited to attend.

A quiet home wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Geck Wednesday evening when their daughter, Miss Rachel Elizabeth, was united in marriage to Geo. O. Kirkendall, Rev. Ebens of Memphis, Mich. performed the ceremony in the presence of several friends and relatives. Mrs. Kirkendall was formerly a teacher in the Ironwood schools. They will make their home at Ann Arbor.

Margaret Zettler and Joseph Hajney well known Charlevoix young people, were married Tuesday morning at the church of the Assumption in Charlevoix. A large circle of relatives and friends were present at the ceremonies. After the services, the party repaired to the home of the bride's parents where breakfast was served. At 1:30 P. M. they embarked on the "Hum" coming to East Jordan whence they were taken to the Bohemian Settlement, to the home of the groom's parents where a grand reception was tendered them. The young couple left Friday for their future home in Lansing.

The Steamer Hum carried a large crowd over to Boyne City Sunday last, the occasion being an excursion given by the Holy Name Society. The Boyne City society met the visitors at the dock, formed a procession and marched to St. Matthews church where solemn high mass was celebrated. The mass was sung by Rev. Fr. James Knoboth of Teapopolis, Ill. assisted by Frs. Herman of St. Louis and Timothy Knoboth of this city. The latter also delivered a masterful address on the subject of the society. Following the mass a business meeting was held. The Boyne City Society plan to visit East Jordan in the near future.

Wm. J. Atkisson was a Petoskey visitor, Tuesday.

Miss Norma Bachman was a Charlevoix visitor, Tuesday.

Dr. G. W. Bechtold spent Sunday with his parents at Bellaire.

Miss Gladys Kenny was guest of Elk Rapids friends this week.

Mrs. Walter Tillotson is here from Grand Rapids guest of friends.

Mr. and Mrs. John Monroe were guests of Boyne City friends, Sunday.

Mrs. Geo. Hamilton left Tuesday for Petoskey where she will spend a fortnight.

Mrs. Julia Louise Brackett of Elk Rapids is guest at the home of Geo. Spencer.

Miss Esther Monroe returned first of the week from a visit with Boyne City friends.

Mrs. Dennis Crothers of Marquette, is guest of Mrs. J. L. Wiseman and renewing old acquaintances in our city.

Mrs. Julia Bissonette left Wednesday for a visit with Bay City relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Hart of Chicago were guests of J. Quick and family on Wednesday.

Mrs. A. Hammond and daughter Arlene are home from a visit at Kalkaska and other places.

Mrs. John Steindorf of Southern California, is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. Geo. Glenn.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Paine of Albion, N. Y., are guests at the home of the latter's brother, B. E. Waterman.

Miss Gladys Hudkins returned Tuesday from a visit at the home of County Treasurer Lewis at Charlevoix.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy E. Webster, with children left Friday for a fortnight visit with relatives at Big Rapids.

Mrs. Frieberg and daughters returned Monday after a visit at Washington D. C., Benton Harbor and Big Rapids.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Grigsby and son David left Friday morning for Cheboygan after a visit with relatives in the city.

Miss Enga Berg returned Thursday from her vacation trip to Traverse City and has resumed her duties at the postoffice.

The ladies of St. Joseph's church will be entertained at the residence of Mrs. Thomas Brennan Thursday afternoon, August 22.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Miner entertained the past week the former's brother Henry and wife and their son Vernon and wife of Alma.

Joseph Graham of Chicago joined his wife here Sunday, and will spend a fortnight guest of Mrs. Graham's mother, Mrs. Henry Sheldon.

Dr. Porter of Grand Rapids and Mr. Kraker of Omena both of whom are relatives were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Porter, over Sunday.

Mrs. F. E. Beeson who has been here a guest at the P. K. Winters and W. P. Squiers homes, returned to her home at Washington, Kan, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Roberts of Lynden, Kansas, are visiting relatives and friends here. Mrs. Robert was formerly Miss Eliza Laird of this place.

Dr. C. H. Pray was a Mancelona visitor over Sunday. He was accompanied home by Mrs. Pray and daughter who have been visiting friends there for a week.

Harry Preston with wife and child who recently moved to this city from Saginaw, are now domiciled in one of Mrs. Richardson's tenant houses. Mr. Preston is harness maker at Stroebel Bros.

The W. P. M. S. of the M. E. church will give a Japanese American Social on Wednesday evening August 21st at the home of Mrs. Andrew Reid. Refreshments served for a dime. You are cordially invited.

The Herald is in receipt of a pleasant line from Gen. D. Wright, formerly of this city, and now located at Oakville Washington. Mr. Wright is proprietor of the Oakville Quick Repair Shop and is a member of that city's band.

The Brotherhood Class of the M. E. Church surprised one of its members last Saturday night in the person of Harry Sloan. He has been treasurer of the class since its organization and has accepted the position of agent on the D. and C. at Deward. He has been a faithful and earnest worker in this class. The class gathered at the home of W. G. Fortune. After a social evening was spent Rev. Bennett presented him with a watch charm beautifully engraved, on behalf of the class. Mr. Sloan responded in a very appreciative manner. Refreshments were then served.

A. Hammond returned this week from a visit with his mother at Williamsburg.

J. Leahy, the optometrist, will be at the Russell House Monday August 26 one day only.

Mrs. W. Malpass and son Richard left last week for Traverse City to visit friends.

Mrs. M. Ruhling entertained some friends at a quilting party on Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. M. Hoyt of Chicago, is visiting at the home of her nephew, L. A. Hoyt of this place.

Miss Emma Gibson of Sturgis, Mich., is renewing acquaintances with old friends this week.

Mrs. Alice Kenyon, formerly of this city is again renewing acquaintances with old friends for a short time.

Miss Mary Stone of Chicago, surprised her friends here coming up on the Hum Wednesday evening for a short visit.

Miss Luella Hoosinger of Lansing, who is spending a few days here with her brother and sister returned home on Monday.

Miss Louisa Loyeday entertained friends at her home on Thursday afternoon in honor of her cousin, Miss Grace Osmond, of Petoskey.

Information regarding the lots now selling on Holy Island Resort may be had from Loveday Agency. Lots may be had on easy terms if desired.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Hurlst of Memphis, Tenn., who have been visiting their relatives and friends, the Boosinger and Loveday families, returned to Lansing on Monday.

Mrs. L. A. Hoyt and Miss Anna Kneal entertained with a Thimble Party Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mr. Hoyt's mother, from Chicago.

Dainty refreshments were served by a young lady of the house. A lovely time was enjoyed by all present.

I have Fruit Lands, Lake Shore Farms, Improved Farms and City property in all parts of Charlevoix County to sell or trade. Also farms and business chances anywhere in United States. JOEL JOHNSTON

## Presbyterian Church Notes

Rev. A. D. Grigsby, Pastor. Divine worship as usual in the church next Sunday and friends and strangers in the city are invited to attend. They will meet with a cordial welcome.

Sunday School at 11:45 and all are invited. The Pastor teaches the Bible class and invites all to attend. Y. P. S. meets at 6:35 P. M.

## St. Joseph's Church.

Rev. Timothy Knoboth. Sunday August 18. 8:00 A. M. Mass and Sermon. 7:30 P. M. Devotion and Benediction

## First Methodist Episcopal Church

Rev. T. Porter Bennett, Pastor. 10:30 "Sympathy" will be the subject that the pastor will take for his morning service.

11:45 Sunday School. We were glad to welcome visitors from other States to the School last Sunday. The Brotherhood Class for men is growing in interest. Come.

3:00 p. m. The pastor will meet all the Probationers.

6:45 Epworth League, Mrs. Olive Reid, Leader.

7:30 "Moral Firmness" will be the theme for this service. You are wanted at this church. A welcome awaits you to all of her services.

The attendance and the interest was good last Sunday. At the close of the evening service a baptismal service was held and one united with the church. Remember you are invited to unite with this church at any of her services.

## Carpets! Carpets!

At Empey Bros. can be found the genuine Columbia Carpet, fast colors with Ingrain weave and reversible at the very low price of 35c.

## TO TEACH FARMING.

Every Rural School Must Train Boys and Girls in Agriculture.

Agriculture must be taught in every primary school district. In the state of Michigan where there are eight grade students. This subject is included in the course of study which has just been organized by Superintendent of Public Instruction Luther L. Wright, acting under the new state law which provides that the superintendent of public instruction must prepare and have printed a course of study which must be pursued in all district schools in the state. The course of study is now available for distribution and contains some important changes.

The addition of agriculture is perhaps the most important change. The course of study requires one-half year of intensive work with a textbook in the eighth grade and recommends work in nature study and school gardening leading up to this subject. Agriculture will be included in the list of those subjects in which the rural student must pass an examination in order to complete the eighth grade. The study of agriculture will necessarily be elementary, taking up the testing of soils, seed corn and other essentials.

The required course of study has been considerably simplified, the subjects being reduced to reading, grammar, penmanship, spelling, arithmetic, physiology, civil government, geography, history and agriculture. Nature study, drawing, music and bookkeeping are given as supplementary subjects to be introduced if the teacher has time and considers their introduction advisable.

The stress laid upon the importance of oral or mental training in arithmetic and language work is most emphatic. Superintendent Wright is a firm advocate of the virtue of oral methods and insists that they be faithfully followed in the rural schools. Hereafter the teachers' examination questions in arithmetic will be made up largely of mental problems and the time in which they must be answered will be shortened.

The 1912 course of study will contain entirely different poems for language and memorizing than have previously been published in the course of study. Another feature will be an extensive discussion of sense training methods showing how it should be correlated with geography, language, history and other subjects.

## SNAKE CHARMERS OF OLD

Homer and Virgil Mention Them and Ancient Tablets Show the Tamed Serpents.

Snake taming is mentioned by Virgil, and Homer refers to the snake owned and specially favored by Ajax. That the Macedonians were on intimate terms with reptiles is shown by tablets bearing images of women feeding serpents. Other tablets show serpents twining around columns in the temple of Hercules, where they were placed by people in token of gratitude, to the god.

The chariots of Minerva and Ceres were drawn by snakes and snakes guarded the altars of many of the gods. On a fragment of a Pompeian fresco a serpent is depicted coiled in a tree on a stretcher borne by two slaves.

The guardian serpent was the good fairy of the antique home and the watchful guard of the family honor. Even at the present time the Mexican peasants flock to Cocula, from all the country round about to keep the feast day of St. Dominic, the saint who conferred on man the power to tame serpents. On St. Dominic's day snake-charmers appear in Cocula bearingadders and other reptiles. In Umbria the snake is supposed to possess the power of working miracles. Harper's Weekly.

DRY CROOKS OR CIRCLINGS is the best kind of cook stove wood for sale 25 cents per load—East Jordan COOPERAGE CO.

# CLOSING OUT SALE of LADIES' WAISTS AND DRESSES.

We have still on hand a quantity of Ladies' Summer Waists and Dresses. As the season is drawing to an end, we are bound to close these out regardless of value.

This is a rare opportunity and the ladies should call and see the remarkable values we are offering.

## L. WIESMAN

### ALONG THE INDIAN FRONTIER

Kachins Are a Wild and Warlike People, but Are Most Hospitable to Travelers.

"Hidden in the mountains on both sides of the frontier road are villages of Kachins, a wild and warlike race which causes much anxiety to the Chinese and to the peaceful Shans inhabiting the neighboring valleys," writes Archibald Rose, British consul at Yunnan, China, in an article describing the "Chinese Frontier of India."

"The men are keen-looking fellows, who spend their days in sharpening their dhaes, or long two handed swords, their nights in drinking and in harrying the marches. The burdens of life are literally borne by their women folk, long trains of whom are met, along the roads, carrying on their backs great baskets of grain depending from a strap across their foreheads, while their hands are busy spinning strands of cotton yarn, or weaving a straw bracelet for their sweethearts, as they toil up the mountain slopes. They wear a short kilt, supported by numbers of loose rattan girdles, the lobes of their ears are pierced and distended to carry long tubes of silver or rolls of red cloth, and their faces are coarsened by hard times.

"They are hospitable to people, these Kachins, offering a welcome to any passing traveler without question, or hope of reward. This spirit of hospitality indeed, is carried to a point which might almost be considered extravagance. I remember a case at a recent frontier meeting in which a transfrontier Kachin appeared as the complainant. He had accepted an invitation to dinner, dined not wisely, but too well, and fallen down a precipice on his way home.

"The result was a broken leg and, in consequence, he now appeared in court to sue his host for damages. The erring host paid up quite cheerfully, and the international incident was thus amicably settled over the body of a sacrificial pig."

### Strange Things in the Wash.

The women are in such a hurry these days to get to their clubs that they are rather careless in wrapping up their family washing which goes to the laundry. Such articles as combs, brushes, shoe buttons, pocket knives, dishes and many other articles are quite ordinary finds in family washings. Recently an Erie laundryman rolled a puddle dog out of a family washing. Last week he found an alarm clock—Kansas City Journal.

### Marrying for Money.

"Why do you prefer Mr. Jombat to Mr. Wipaddle? Mr. Wipaddle has the most money."

"But Mr. Jombat has only one rug."

### General Information Bureau Regarding Properties of All Classes.

## Loveday Agency

East Jordan, Mich.

### Its Time To Plant a Tree

We are prepared to furnish you Shade Trees of any description. Lawns Grade and put in first class condition. Sodding a specialty.

## Wm. Tate

East Jordan, R. F. D. 4.

DRY CROOKS OR CIRCLINGS is the best kind of cook stove wood for sale 25 cents per load—EAST JORDAN COOPERAGE CO.

## STATE BANK OF EAST JORDAN

Capital \$50,000 Surplus \$5,000

# 4 PER CENT.

PAID ON DEPOSITS.

Officers  
W. P. Porter, President  
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Directors W. P. Porter, W. L. French, Chas. M. Schaffer, F. M. Severance, M. H. Robertson, Carl Stroebel, Fred Smith, B. E. Waterman, Geo. G. Glenn.

WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS.



THE BATHING GIRLS at Palm Beach—scene in "The Prince of Tonight" at Temple Theatre Next Monday.



**SERIAL STORY**

**EXCUSE ME!**

Novelized from the Comedy of the Same Name

By Report Hughes

ILLUSTRATED From Photographs of the Play as Produced By Henry W. Savage

Copyright, 1911, by H. K. Fry Co.

**SYNOPSIS.**

Lieut. Harry Mallory is ordered to the Philippines. He and Marjorie Weston decide to elope, but wreck of a cabby prevents their seeing minister on the way to the train. Transcontinental train is taking on passengers. Porter has a lively time with an Englishman and Ira Lathrop, a Yankee business man. The elopers have an exciting time getting to the train. "Little Jimmie" Wellington, bound for Reno to get a divorce, boards train in maudlin condition. Later Mrs. Jimmie appears. She is also bound for Reno with same object. Likewise Mrs. Sammy Whitcomb. Latter blames Mrs. Jimmie for her marital troubles. Classmates of Mallory decorate bridal berth. Rev. and Mrs. Temple start on a vacation. They decide to go to Reno and Temple removes evidence of his calling. Marjorie decides to let Mallory proceed alone, but train starts while they are lost in farewell. Passengers join Mallory's classmates in giving couple wedding blessing. Marjorie is distracted. Ira Lathrop, woman-hating bachelor, discovers an old sweetheart, Annie Gattie, a fellow passenger. Mallory vainly hunts for a preacher among the passengers.

**CHAPTER XIII.**

**Hostilities Begin.**

During Mallory's absence, Marjorie had met with a little adventure of her own. Ira Lathrop finished his re-encounter with Anne Gattie shortly after Mallory set out staking clergyman. In the mingled confusion of finding his one romantic flame still glowing on a vestal altar, and of shocking her with an escape of proximity, he backed away from her presence, and sank into his own berth.

He realized that he was not alone. Somebody was alongside. He turned to find the great tear-spent eyes of Marjorie staring at him. He rose with a recrudescence of his woman-hating wrath, and dashing up the aisle, found the porter just returning from the baggage car. He seized the black factotum and growled:

"Say, porter, there's a woman in my berth."

The porter chuckled, incredulous:

"Woman in yo' berth?"

"Yes—get her out."

"Yessah," the porter nodded, and advanced on Marjorie with a gentle, "Scuse me, missus—yo' berth is numba one."

"I don't care," snapped Marjorie. "I won't take it."

"But this un belongs to that gentleman."

"He can have mine—ours—Mr. Mallory's," cried Marjorie, pointing to the white-ribboned tent in the farther end of the car. Then she gripped the arm of the seat, as if defying eviction. The porter stared at her in helpless chagrin. Then he shuffled back and murmured: "I reckon you'd better put her out."

Lathrop withered the coward with one contemptuous look, and strode down the aisle with a determined grimace. He took his ticket from his pocket as a clinching proof of his title, and thrust it out at Marjorie. She gave it one indifferent glance, and then her eyes and mouth puckered, as if she had manuevered a green persimmon, and a long low wail like a distant engine-whistle, stole from her lips. Ira Lathrop stared at her in blank wrath, doddered irresolutely, and roared:

"Agh, let her have it!"

The porter smiled triumphantly, and said: "She says you kin have her berth." He pointed at the bridal armor. Lathrop almost exploded at the idea.

Now he felt a hand on his shoulder, and turned to see Little Jimmie Wellington emerging from his berth with an enormous smile:

"Say, Pop, have you seen lovely floe-trap? Stick around till she flops."

But Lathrop lunged away to the smoking room. Little Jimmie turned to the jovial negro:

"Porter, porter."

"I'm right by you."

"What time d'you say we get to Reno?"

"Maw'nin' of the fo'th day, sah."

"Well, call me just before we roll in."

And he rolled in. His last words floated down the aisle and met Mrs. Little Jimmie Wellington just returning from the Women's Room, where she had sought nemesis in more than one of her exquisite little cigars. The familiar voice, familiarly bibulous, smote her ear with amazement. She beckoned the porter to her anxiously:

"Porter! Porter! Do you know the name of the man who just hurried in?"

"No'm," said the porter. "I reckon he's so broken up he ain't got any name left."

"It couldn't be," Mrs. Jimmie mused. "Things can be sometimes," said the porter.

"You may make up my berth now," said Mrs. Wellington, forgetting that Anne Gattie was still there. Mrs. Wellington hastened to apologize, and begged her to stay, but the spinster wanted to be far away from the dis-

turbing atmosphere of divorce. She was dreaming already with her eyes open, and she sank into number six in a lotus-eater's reverie.

Mrs. Wellington gathered certain things together and took up her handbag, to return to the Women's Room, just as Mrs. Whitcomb came forth from the curtains of her own berth, where she had made certain preliminaries to disrobing, and put on a light, decidedly negligee negligee.

The two women collided in the aisle, whirled on one another, as women do when they jostle, recognized each other with wild stares of amazement, set their teeth, and made a simultaneous dash along the corridor, shoulder wrestling with shoulder.

"Women" at the same instant, and as neither would have dreamed of offering the other a courtesy, they squeezed through together in a Kill-kenny jumble.

**CHAPTER XIV.**

**The Dormitory on Wheels.**

Of all the shocking institutions in human history, the sleeping car is the most shocking—or would be, if we were not so used to it. There can be no doubt that we are the most moral nation on earth, for we admit it ourselves. Perhaps we prove it, too, by the Arcadian prosperity of these two-story hotels on wheels, where miscellaneous travelers dwell in complete promiscuity, and sleep almost side by side, in apartments, or compartments, separated only by a plank and a curtain, and guarded only by one sleepy negro.

After the fashion of the famous country whose inhabitants earned a meager subsistence by taking in each other's washing, so in Sleeping Carpathia we attain a meager respectability by everybody's chaperoning everybody else.

So topsy-turvy, indeed, are our notions, once we are aboard a train, that the staterooms alone are regarded with suspicion; we question the motives of those who must have a room to themselves!—a room with a real door! that locks!

And, now, on this sleeping car, prettily named "Snowdrop," scenes were enacting that would have thrown our great-grandmothers into fits—scenes which, if we found them in France, or Japan, we should view with alarm as almost unmentionable evidence of the moral obliquity of those nations.

But this was our own country—the part of it which admits that it is the best part—the morallest part, the staunch middle west. This was Illinois. Yet dozens of cars were beholding similar immodesties in chastest Illinois, and all over the map, thousands of people, in hundreds of cars, were permitting total strangers to view preparations which have always, hitherto, been reserved for the most intimate and legalized relations.

The porter was dutifully transforming the day-coach into a narrow lane entirely surrounded by draperies. Behind most of the portieres, fluttering in the lightest breeze, and perilously following the hasty passer-by, homely offices were being enacted. The population of this little town was going to bed. The porter was putting them to sleep as if they were children in a nursery, and he a black mammy.

The frail walls of little sanctuaries were bulging with the bodies of people disrobing in the aisle, with notes being exchanged between them and the beholder's eye but a glistening curtain that explained what it did not reveal. From apertures here and there disembodied hands were protruding and mysterious things.

Women in risky attire were scooting to one end of the car, and men in shirt sleeves, or less, were hastening to the other.

When Mallory returned to the "Snowdrop," his ear was greeted by the thud of dropping shoes. He found Marjorie being rapidly immured, like Poe's prisoner, in a jail of closing walls.

She was unspeakably ill at ease, and by the irony of custom, the one person on whom she depended for protection was the one person whose contiguity was most alarming—and all for lack of a brief dialogue, with a clergyman, as the tertium quid.

When Mallory's careworn face appeared round the edge of the partition now erected between her and the abode of Dr. and Mrs. Temple, Marjorie shivered anew, and asked with all anxiety:

"Did you find a minister?"

Perhaps the Recording Angel overlooked Mallory's answer: "Not a damn minister."

When he dropped at Marjorie's side she edged away from him, pleading:

"Oh, what shall we do?"

He answered dully and ineffectively: "Well, have to go on, pretending to be—just friends."

"But everybody thinks we're married."

"That's so!" he admitted, with the imbecility of fatigued hope. They sat a while listening to the porter slipping sheets into place and thumping pillows into cases, a few doors down the street. He would be ready for them at any moment. Something must be done, but what? what?

**CHAPTER XV.**

**A Premature Divorce.**

Suddenly Marjorie's heart gave a leap of joy. She was having another idea. "I'll tell you, Harry. We'll pretend to quarrel, and then—"

"And then you can leave me in high dudgeon."

The ruse struck him as a trifle unconvincing. "Don't you think it looks kind of improbable on—such an occasion?"

Marjorie blushed, and lowered her

eyes and her voice: "Can you suggest anything better?"

"No, but—"

"Then, we'll have to quarrel, darling."

He yielded, for lack of a better idea: "All right, beloved. How shall we begin?"

On close approach, the idea did seem rather impossible to her. "How could I ever quarrel with you, my love?" she cooed.

He gazed at her with a rash or lovely tenderness: "And how could I ever speak crossly to you?"

"We never shall have a harsh word, shall we?" she resolved.

"Never!" he seconded. So that resolution passed the house unannouncedly.

They held hands in luxury a while, then she began again: "Still, we must pretend. You start it, love."

"No, you start it," he pleaded.

"You ought to," she beamed. "You got me into this mess."

The word slipped out. Mallory started: "Moss! How is it my fault? Good Lord, are you going to begin chucking it up?"

"Well, you must admit, darling," Marjorie urged, "that you've bungled everything pretty badly."

It was so undeniable that he could only groan: "And I suppose I'll hear of this till my dying day, dearest."

Marjorie had a little temper all her own. So she defended it: "If you are so afraid of my temper, love, perhaps you'd better call it all off before it's too late."

"I didn't say anything about your temper, sweetheart," Mallory insisted.

"You did, too, honey. You said I'd chuck this up till your dying day. As if I had such a disposition! You can stay here."

She rose to her feet. He pressed her back with a decisive motion, and demanded: "Where are you going?"

"Up in the baggage car with Snoodleums," she sniffled. "He's the only one that doesn't find fault with me."

Mallory was stung to action by this crisis: "Wait," he said. He leaned out and motioned down the alley:

"Porter! Wait a moment, darling. Porter!"

The porter arrived with a half-folded blanket in his hands, and his usual "Yassah!"

Beckoning him closer, Mallory mumbled in a low tone: "Is there an extra berth on this car?"

The porter's eyes seemed to rebuke his ears: "Does you want this upper made up?"

"No—of course not."

"Ex—excuse me, I thought—"

"Don't you dare to think!" Mallory thundered. "Isn't there another lower berth?"

The porter breathed hard, and gave this bridal couple up as a riddle that followed no known rules. He went to find the sleeping car conductor, and returned with the information that the diagram showed nobody assigned to number three.

"Then I'll take number three," said Mallory, poking money at the porter. And still the porter could not understand.

"Now, lemme understan' you-all," he stammered. "Does you both move over to numba three, or does yo—yo lady remain heah, while jest you pre-arrumbrates?"

"Just I preambulate, you black hound!" Mallory answered, in a threatening tone. The porter could understand that, at least, and he bristled away with a meek: "Yessah. Numba three is yours, sah."

The troubled features of the baffled porter cleared up as by magic when he arrived at number three, for there he found his tyrant and tormentor, the English invader.

He remembered how indignantly Mr. Wedgewood had refused to show his ticket, how cocksure he was of his number, how he had leased the porter's services as a sort of private nurse, and had paid no advance royalties.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

**Palace Where Wagner Died.**

Appropos of the return from her chateau in Styria to the Duchesse della Grazia to her palace in Venice, a Paris contemporary gives an interesting account of Vendramin, which is not only one of the most beautiful residences on the canal, but is closely associated with the history of the city of the doges.

It was built in 1441. German princes occupied it at first. Then it passed into the possession of the duke of Mantua, who purchased it for 50,000 ducats of gold. It was the scene of great social events under the Archduke Charles Ferdinand of Austria and his wife, Anne de Mediceis, in 1652, and through them the palace has come into the possession of the present owners through marriage. It was here that Richard Wagner died in 1883. The desk at which he wrote "Tristan und Isolde" is carefully preserved. Some years ago a plaque was affixed to the palace showing its connection with the great composer.

**Speaking Consistently.**

Senator LA FOLLETTE during his recent visit to Philadelphia said to a reporter, apropos of a flagrant piece of hypocrisy:

"Why, the man's as bad as a Newport groom—I heard of the other day."

"This groom stood beside his master while a veterinarian examined a costly cob. The veterinarian, at the end of his examination, pronounced the cob incurable and took leave. Then the master, sighing heavily, turned to the groom and said:

"Well, James, what am I to do with the poor beast now?"

"Consistently speakin', sir," the groom replied, "I think you'd better part with him now to another gentleman, sir."

**CHASE BARON FROM FASHIONABLE CLUB**

Society Women Among Those Who Joined Waiters in Hastening Noble's Departure.

**GREW OUT OF A DUEL**

Ejected Man Had Slapped Friend's Face and Accidentally Struck a Lady, Whereupon Everybody Present Literally "Went for" Him.

Paris.—Quite a sensation has been created in fashionable circles here by the accounts of the exciting affair which has occurred at the Imperial Country Club at Nice. A matinee dansante was being given the other afternoon, and as many as 500 people well known in society were present when the Marquis de Montebello went up to a tea table at which Baron J. Meyronnet de Saint-Marc was seated, in company with several ladies, and tapping him on the shoulder, said:

"Eh, bien, on ne danse, pas aujourd'hui?"

M. de Saint-Marc, who had not recognized the voice, turned around to see who was speaking to him, but received a heavy blow in the face.

The blow had been dealt with a cane, which, as it rebounded, hit Mme. Meyronnet, who was seated by the side of M. de Saint-Marc, on the arm.

This was the signal for an even more exciting scene. So indignant were the people seated at the neighboring tables at M. de Montebello's conduct that they literally "went for" him. Servants followed suit, and even ladies joined in the attack, some flinging tea-cups at him, one of which caught the head waiter in the hand, injuring it severely. At last, after having been soundly belabored, the Marquis de Montebello succeeded in beating a retreat, but he was pursued as far as his automobile by waiters and women, some of whom tried to

split in his face, which was already covered with blood.

The Marquis de Montebello has telegraphed the following version of the incident to the Figaro and several other journals:

"This afternoon at the most elegant social club at Nice, in the presence of at least 500 persons, Baron Jacques de Saint-Marc, president of the club, whose face had already been slapped at the Cannes Polo Club last week by Baron de Fontevillat, was struck with a cane several times because of the Marquis de Saint-Marc's refusal to accept the jury of honor which the Marquis de Montebello deemed indispensable to know whether his character, past and present, admitted of a hostile meeting in the regular manner."

This scandalous business arose out of a grudge which originated in the resignation by the Baron de Saint-Marc of the vice-presidency of the new Cercle de la Mediterranee, of which the Due de Montebello was president. The baron's example having been followed by thirty of the members, there was a certain amount of bad blood. The Baron de Saint-Marc and the Comte de Bret had even appointed seconds while they were in Paris, but the affair was referred to arbitration and had been settled without a hostile meeting. A few days ago, however, the Baron de Fontevillat struck the Baron de Saint-Marc in the face on the ground of the Cannes Polo Club, and the latter promptly sent his seconds with a demand for satisfaction, but the Marquis de Montebello and M. Homelle, acting for the Baron de Fontevillat, asked that the matter should be submitted to arbitration. This was declined by M. de Saint-Marc's seconds, who argued that this premeditated assault was too serious to admit of such a course, and when they reported the result of their mission to their principal he sent a strongly worded letter to the newspapers and said that he would have his aggressor tried in the local police court.

Many a man who claims that heaven is his home seems to be a long way from home.

**Here's The Road to Comfort**

A vanished thirst—a cool body and a refreshed one; the sure way—the only way is via a glass or bottle of



Ideally delicious—pure as purity—crisp and sparkling as frost.

Free Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola's purification at Chattanooga, for the asking. Demand the booklet as made by THE COCA-COLA CO., ATLANTA, GA.

**PATHOS IN CHILDS' BRAVERY**

Fortitude Shown by Little Sufferer in Hospital Touched Lady Henry Somerset.

Lady Henry Somerset, whose labors in behalf of the children of the London slums are constant and earnest, tells this affecting story of the way in which her interest in these little ones was aroused.

"I was moved in that direction by the rare patience and imagination of one little boy. His example convinced me that patience was one of the qualities I needed most, and in seeking it I grew into that work."

"I was in a hospital on visiting day, while the doctors were changing a plaster cast which held the crippled boy's limb. The operation was exceedingly painful, I was told. To my surprise, the little sufferer neither stirred nor winced, but made a curious buzzing sound with his mouth. After the doctors left I said to him: 'How could you possibly stand it?'"

"That's nothing," he answered. "Why, I just made believe that a bee was stungin' me. And I kept buzzin' because I was afraid I'd forget about its being a bee if I didn't."

YOUTH'S COMPANION.

**Her Affections Dampened.**

A little girl was playing at the table with her cup of water. Her father took the cup from her and in so doing accidentally spilled some of the water on her.

"There," she cried, as she left the table indignantly, "you wet me clear to my feelings. Everybody's magazine."

**Laying a Foundation.**

Little Bobby (the guest)—Mrs. Skimper, when I heard we were going to have dinner at your house I started right in trainin' fer it.

Mrs. Skimper (the hostess)—By saving up your appetite, Bobby?

Little Bobby—No'm. By eatin' a square meal first.

A woman's mirror is always a peer glass.

**Old Michigan's wonderful batter**

Eats Toasties, 'tis said, once a day, For he knows they are healthful and wholesome And furnish him strength for the fray.

His rivals have wondered and marvelled To see him so much on the job, Not knowing his strength and endurance Is due to the corn in TY COBB.

Written by J. F. MAOER, 2410 Washington St., Two Rivers, Wis. One of the 50 Jingles for which the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich., paid \$1000.00 in May.

**TEXT WAS NEW TO HEARERS**

German's Struggle With the English Language Praiseworthy, but Somewhat Mirth Provoking.

Prince Henry of Reuss, who speaks superb English, laughed good-naturedly at a dinner in New York, over the account of certain officers of the German fleet.

"One of our chaplains," said the prince, "had the hardihood to preach in English at one of your Lutheran chapels the other day. He astonished his congregation by saying, as he rose, that he would choose for his text the words:

"'And he tore his shirt.'"

"A quite audible snicker went round. The chaplain noticed it, flushed, and repeated the text in a louder voice: 'And he tore his shirt.'"

"The snicker became a laugh, and the pastor rose and said:

"Our good brother is quoting, of course, the familiar words: 'And the door is shut.'"

Why They Went. As the Sunday school teacher entered her classroom, she saw leaving in great haste a little girl and her still smaller brother.

"Why, Mary, you aren't going away?" she exclaimed in surprise.

"Please, Mith Anne, we've got to go," was the distressed reply. "Jimmy 'th thwallowed hith collection."—Lippincott's.

Job was a patient man, but he never found the cat asleep on the piano just after he had varnished it.

A man seldom generates any steam with the money he burns.

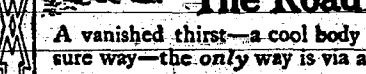
**DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch**

Makes laundry work a pleasure. 15c per lb.



**Here's The Road to Comfort**

A vanished thirst—a cool body and a refreshed one; the sure way—the only way is via a glass or bottle of



Ideally delicious—pure as purity—crisp and sparkling as frost.

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When you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

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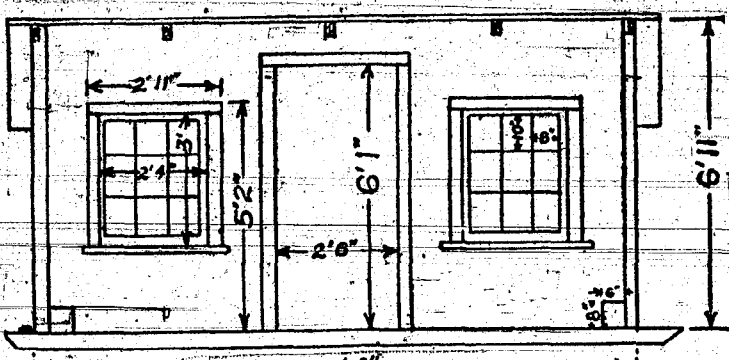
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Written by J. F



# Portable Colony Houses

By J. O. LINTON, Instructor in Poultry Husbandry,  
Michigan Agricultural College



Front View of Portable Colony House.

The use of the portable colony house has rapidly come into favor for farmers and commercial poultry plants, not only as a building for little chicks but through its other various uses. Such a house need not be expensive, but should be solid to allow for hauling and moving from place to place, many times over rough ground and subject to severe handling in turning and placing. The portable colony house should not be so large but that it can be moved with one good team, and can be drawn through the ordinary farm gates to meadows or orchard where they are to be located.

There are many different uses for the colony house, some of which may be divided up for the different seasons. In the early spring they may be used as brooding houses, being equipped with hovers or having in them indoor brooders which allow the chicks the heat of the brooder and the run of the remaining space, being entirely under cover from the severe weather, and allowing the poultryman to raise early chicks; or the house may be divided in two or more compartments and hens may be given chicks, which gives them the same advantages of being under cover during the cold or stormy weather and still have room for exercise. By cutting openings for each compartment small parks may be made which will keep the birds separate to insure best advantages in growing the young stock, but will allow the birds the run of the outdoor quarters during the pleasant days. If the birds are of one breed there may not be the desire to keep them separate for long, and they may be allowed the run of any desired area as they have a keen sense of location and readily learn to return to their own quarters.

As the season advances the chicks can do without hover or hen. These may be removed and low perches placed in the houses ten or twelve

pens when it is desired to separate these from the regular flocks.

There are many different styles of these houses and the individual may have choice in style of construction. A pattern of portable house which is giving very good satisfaction at the Michigan Agricultural College is one which is made at a total cost of about \$25, including labor and paint, and which will accommodate from 100 to 150 of the little chicks at the start, 100 growing chicks on range, and flocks of ten or fifteen birds in laying quarters. The house is 7 1/2 feet wide and may be made eight feet, if desired, by twelve feet long. It is built on runners four inches square, it being desirable to make these runners of some material which will be lasting and preferably will wear hard and smooth by the hauling. These runners extend lengthwise of the building and for convenience of hauling may be set in eight or ten inches from the edge of the building, although this feature is very objectionable from the fact that little chicks invariably get under the houses, causing a great deal of trouble and making it necessary to add extra blocking for the prevention of this.

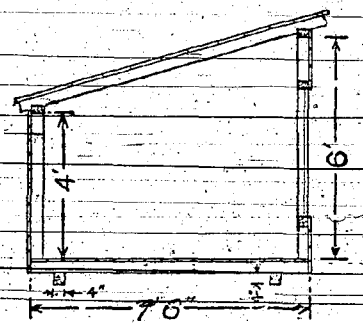
If the runners are placed to the edges of the house blocking need only be done at the ends, as the runners will block front and back.

Pieces of 2x4-inch material are placed on edge for joists, four feet apart, and the floor is then laid before the frame work is constructed. The studding is then nailed to the floor, being six feet long in front and four feet in back, and placed three feet apart; 2x4-inch pieces are used as plates.

The door in the front may be 2 feet 6 inches wide by 6 feet, and on each side of the door a nine light 8x10-inch glass window, hung at the top to swing out, may be so arranged as to allow its removal in summer, and the opening may be covered with wire netting or bars to close the house.

In the arrangement of nests and feed boxes it is advisable to make these with slanting tops, which prevents the birds from roosting or resting on them, keeping them in much cleaner condition.

The accompanying drawings will explain the construction of these houses, which may be modified if desired, to suit the tastes of the individual.



End View of Portable Colony House.

inches from the floor so that the chicks may learn to roost. As the natural tendency seems to be to seek high places for night this is very easily learned by most birds or rows, and with the exception of one or two of the heavier breeds as the Brahmas or Cochins, birds will not need to be taught to accommodate themselves to the new conditions.

The growing chicks will need some attention to insure best results during the time they are on the range. They should always be supplied with fresh, clean water and should have grain and mash food to bring them into good strong maturity for fall business. As there will always be surplus cockerels in the flock, these may be separated just before the houses are hauled to the range, which will leave the pullets and a few cockerels to care for. The surplus may be marketed at the age of eight to twelve weeks, when, as a rule, prices are good and the birds have reached a desirable size.

For the feeding of mash to the birds on range hoppers may be devised which will hold food enough for a week or ten days without refilling. By this system not much time will be required of an attendant to scatter grain and provide fresh water for the birds each day. If there happens to be running water near the buildings this will supply the need, and in an exceptionally busy season the birds can, if necessary, have grain supply in hopper or depend on the mash ration for extra food other than that which they pick about the meadow or fields. If later in the season oats or wheat have been cut, and the field is not to be used immediately, houses may be drawn to a location where the birds can pick up the scattered grain, which saves a great deal of feeding and prevents loss which otherwise might occur. If the flocks are large enough so that laying houses are provided when the birds are returned to these houses in the fall the colony coops may be abandoned entirely until next season, or they may be used for storage rooms, hospital coops, or for mating up of small breeding

## BUCKHORN

By R. J. BALDWIN,  
Michigan Agricultural College

Many farmers who have had to buy imported clover and grass seeds will find new weeds appearing in the fields. Among the most common weeds obtained in this way is Buckhorn.

The accompanying cut will give some idea of the appearance of the weed. The leaves are lance-shaped



Buckhorn.

and they grow in a rosette much like those of the dandelion. A characteristic of the buckhorn is the tall, slender flower stalks, which shoot up from the center of the rosette of leaves for a foot or more. Buckhorn is a perennial which spreads only by seeds. It is a bad weed in the clover meadow, but is not to be feared on cultivated ground.

When it is found that scattering plants of buckhorn are in the new grass seedings, no time should be lost in pulling and destroying them.

## MADE BIG PROFIT FOR STATE

Purely Business Argument for the Establishment of Sanatoriums for the Tuberculous.

According to figures contained in the annual report of Dr. H. L. Barnes, superintendent of the Rhode Island state sanatorium, the earnings of the patients of that institution during the year 1911 would amount to over \$266,000. This is a sum three times as large as that spent each year for maintenance of the institution, including four per cent. interest and depreciation charges.

The actual earnings in 1911 of 170 ex-patients were obtained by Dr. Barnes. These ranged from \$2 to \$31 per week, the total earnings for the year amounting to \$102,752. On this basis, Dr. Barnes computes the figures above given. He says, however: "While institutions for the cure of tuberculosis are good investments, there is good reason for thinking that institutions for the isolation of far-advanced cases would be still better investments."

Out of a total of 46,450 hospital days' treatment given, 39,147, or 84 per cent., were free, the treatment costing the state on an average \$200 per patient. Out of 188 free cases investigated, 56 had no families and no income on admission to the sanatorium. Out of 132 patients having homes, the number in the family averaged 5.2, and the average family earnings were 5.46. In 59 cases the families had no income, and in only five cases were there any savings, none of which amounted to as much as \$100.

## NOT ALWAYS SO.



Gladys—So you've broken with him.

Virginia—Yes. He was entirely too hard to please.

Gladys—Gracious, how he must have changed since he proposed to you!

To Protect the Flowers. Edelweiss and other characteristic Swiss flowers are said to be in danger of total extinction because of the craze of tourists for collecting them. Women tourists especially are always anxious to take away souvenirs in the way of a plant, and do not simply pull the flowers, but dig up the plant. It is proposed to introduce a law that will prevent the buying, selling or digging of edelweiss, fire fly, Siberian spring crocus, Alpine columbine, the Daphne, Alpine violet or other national flowers.

## Two Enough for Her.

He was a small boy with a dark, eager face and he was waiting at the end of the line of eight or ten persons for a chance to make his wants known to the librarian. When his turn came he inquired briefly: "Have you got 'Twenty Thousand Legs Under the Sea'?"

"No," responded the librarian a little snappishly, for she was tired, "I'm thankful to say I've only got two. They're not under the sea!"

## The Giveaway.

"Jane," said her father, "how does it happen that I find four good cigars on the mantelpiece this morning? Did Henry leave them for me?"

"No; he took them out of his vest pocket to avoid breaking them last night, and I guess he forgot all about them afterwards."

The laugh that followed made her wish that she had been as careful with her speech as Henry had been with his cigars.—Detroit Free Press.

## Her Error.

Mrs. Stranger—Can you tell me who that stout man is over there? He is the worst softsooper I ever met.

Dowager—Yes. He is my husband.

—Judge.

## The Writer Who Does Most.

That writer does the most who gives his reader the most knowledge and takes from him the least time.—C. C. Colton.

I told him a weak solution. Avoid it. Buy Red Cross Bull Blue, the blue that's all blue. Ask your grocer.

No man is so dull that he can't make a bore of himself.

A Lottery. "Is that picture one of the old masters you were telling me about?" asked Mr. Cumrox. "Yes," replied the art dealer. "It is a genuine treasure; absolutely authentic." "I'll buy it. I already have three just like it, and somewhere in the bunch I'm liable to hit the original."

## ECZEMA CAME ON SCALP

Lebanon, O.—"My eczema started on my thigh with a small pimple. It also came on my scalp. It began to itch and I began to scratch. For eighteen or twenty years I could not tell what I passed through with that awful itching. I would scratch until the blood would soak through my underwear, and I couldn't talk to my friends on the street but I would be digging and punching that spot, until I was very much ashamed. The itching was so intense I could not sleep after once in bed and warm. I certainly suffered torment with that eczema for many years.

"I chased after everything I ever heard of, but all to no avail. I saw the advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a sample. Imagine my delight when I applied the first dose to that awful itching fire on my leg and scalp, in less than a minute the itching on both places ceased. I got some more Cuticura Soap and Ointment. After the second day I never had another itching spell, and Cuticura Soap and Ointment completely cured me. I was troubled with awful dandruff all over my scalp. The Cuticura Soap has cured that trouble." (Signed) L. R. Fink, Jan. 22, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

## Only in a Business Way.

"So Clara rejected the plumber?" "So you know why?"

"Somebody told her to be careful about encouraging him, as he fit the pipe."

People who live in clean houses shouldn't throw mud.

Meeting Emergencies. Senator Dixon was condemning a piece of political deception. "The thing was as flagrant," he said, "as the railway case." "Two men, one of them very short, were passing through a station toward the train gates when the bigger one was heard to say: "I've took a half ticket fur ye, George. Yer so little, ye'll pass, all right." "But," protested George, "how about my beard?" And he twiddled his chin beard nervously. "Oh," rejoined the other, "tell 'em it's a mole."

Between Girls. "I believe I'll break my engagement to Cholly. He can't really love me." "Why not?" "He writes such short letters. Look at this—only seven pages."

Advantage. Stella—Has that summer resort any views? Bella—Er—no, but it is close to the moonlight.

The Paxton Toilet Co. of Boston, Mass., will send a large trial box of Paxtine Antiseptic, a delightful cleansing and germicidal toilet preparation, to any woman, free, upon request.

Keeping Mice From Pianos. To prevent mice entering pianos there has been invented a simple sliding plate to be mounted on a pedal so that it covers its opening.

Stop the Pain. The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolic is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

An Epigram. It isn't every woman who will make you a good wife who will make you a good husband!—Satire.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

The Cheerful Color. Gabe—Do you ever get the blues? Steve—Not if I have the long green.

## Patience Is No Virtue!

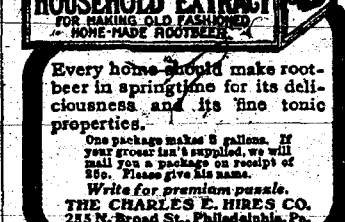


Be Impatient With Backache! Too patiently do many women endure backache, languor, dizziness and urinary ills, thinking them part of woman's lot. Often it is only weak kidneys and Doan's Kidney Pills would cure the case.

An Iowa Case. Mrs. J. Hunt, 106 S. 6th St., Fairbairn, Iowa, says: "For thirty years I suffered from kidney trouble. I had severe backaches, headaches and dizzy spells and my limbs became so swollen that I could not walk. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me after everything else failed, and I can never recommend them too highly."

Get Doan's at any Drug Store, 50c a Box.

Doan's Kidney Pills



## DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA

Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. Write for FREE SAMPLE NORTHROP & LYMAN CO., LTD., BUFFALO, N.Y. W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 30-1912.

## Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twentytwo per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirtyseven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations! Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse, but you must see that it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Castoria causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.

## Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. A. F. Peeler, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy."

Dr. Frederick D. Rogers, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have found Fletcher's Castoria very useful in the treatment of children's complaints."

Dr. William C. Bloomer, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "In my practice I am glad to recommend your Castoria, knowing it is perfectly harmless and always satisfactory."

Dr. E. Down, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in my practice for many years with great satisfaction to myself and benefit to my patients."

Dr. Edward Parrish, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria in my own household with good results, and have advised several patients to use it for its mild laxative effect and freedom from harm."

Dr. J. B. Elliott, of New York City, says: "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children."

Dr. C. G. Sprague, of Omaha, Neb., says: "Your Castoria is an ideal medicine for children, and I frequently prescribe it. While I do not advocate the indiscriminate use of proprietary medicines, yet Castoria is an exception for conditions which arise in the care of children."

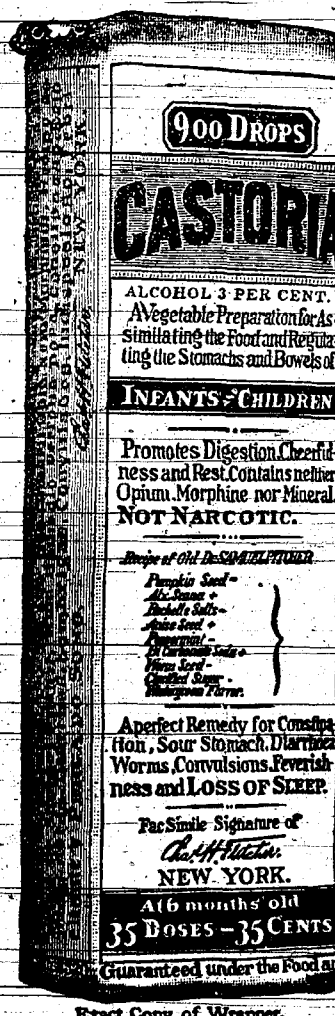
Dr. J. A. Parker, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner held by no other proprietary preparation. It is a sure and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact, it is the universal household remedy for infantile ailments."

Dr. H. F. Merrill, of Augusta, Me., says: "Castoria is one of the very finest and most remarkable remedies for infants and children. In my opinion, your Castoria has saved thousands from an early grave. I can furnish hundreds of testimonials from this locality as to its efficiency and merit."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.



## Henkel's Bread Flour

MADE IN DETROIT

Choice Grain from the fields of Minnesota and the Dakotas contribute to its quality. Expert Millers, who spare no pains or expense, superintend the work that takes every unworthy particle from the wheat and produces this rich, creamy flour. Three generations of housewives have attested the goodness of this wonderful flour. Surely Economy and Cleanliness are both served in transporting wheat (not flour) from these distant northwestern wheat fields. Ask for Henkel's BREAD flour.

Henkel's Cornmeal—Henkel's Graham Flour—Henkel's Prepared Pancake Flour



**Guard Your Children  
Against Bowel Trouble**

Many children at an early age become constipated, and frequently serious consequences result. Not being able to realize his own condition, a child's bowels should be constantly watched, and a gentle laxative given when necessary. Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets are especially well adapted to women and children. The Sisters of Christian Charity, 531 Charles St., Luzerne, Pa., who attend many cases of sickness say of them:

"Some time ago we began using Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets and find that we like them very much. Their action is excellent and we are grateful for having been made acquainted with them. We have had good results in every case and the Sisters are very much pleased."

The form and flavor of any medicine is very important, no matter who is to take it. The taste and appearance are especially important when children are concerned. All parents know how hard it is to give the average child "medicine," even though the taste is partially disguised. In using Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets, however, this difficulty is overcome. The shape of the tablets, their appearance and candy-like taste at once appeal to the child, with the result that they are taken without objection. The rich chocolate flavor and absence of other taste, make Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets the ideal remedy for children.

If the first box fails to benefit, the price is returned. Ask your druggist. A box of 25 doses costs only 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

**POLITICAL  
ANNOUNCEMENTS.**

**Notice to Electors.**

I take this means of announcing my candidacy for the Republican nomination for Register of Deeds at the August primary. If my conduct of the office in the past has been such as to meet your approval your support will be appreciated.

ROMEO A. EMERY.

**Notice.**

I hereby announce myself as a Republican candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the primary election to be held August 27th.

DANIEL S. PAYTON.

**To Republican Electors of Charlevoix County.**

I desire to announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for County Treasurer at the August Primary.

ROY L. LORRAINE.

**R. L. LEWIS.**

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination for the office of Prosecuting Attorney, at the Primary, August 27th, 1912.

ROLIE L. LEWIS.

**Notice to the Republican Electors of Charlevoix County**

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Judge of Probate of this county at the primary election appointed to be held on the last Tuesday in August, this year.

I am now serving my third term in this office. I like the work and the compensation that goes with it, therefore I am a candidate; and if a majority of the electors express themselves that I am their choice for another term, I will administer the office for another term to the best of my ability.

July 1, 1912 JOHN M. HARRIS.

**For Judge of Probate**

I wish to announce to the Republican electors of Charlevoix County that I am candidate for the Republican nomination for Judge of Probate, subject to the Primary Election August 27th.

ELISAH N. CLINK

**To Republican Electors.**

As a representative in the legislature to be elected in this county, I have decided to be a candidate for the position, subject to the approval of the Republicans of Charlevoix county at the August primary. If nominated and elected I will serve the county in that office to the best of my ability, and will appreciate the support of all Charlevoix county Republicans.

HERMAN J. McMILLAN

**SERVETUS A CORRELL**

I hereby announce myself as candidate for Probate Judge on the Republican ticket at the Primary election to be held August 27th, 1912.

SERVETUS A. CORRELL

**To the Republicans of Charlevoix County**

Hon. W. J. Pearson having given public notice that he will not be a candidate for a third term as Representative in the State Legislature, I have decided to announce myself as a candidate as his successor. If the people of Charlevoix County feel that I served them faithfully during my first term during the session of 1903-4, I shall appreciate their support in the Primaries, and if successful I shall endeavor in the future, as I have in the past, to serve as a true representative of the People under any and all circumstances.

Very Respectfully,  
ROBERT W. HADDOCK.

**To Republican Electors**

I take this method of announcing my candidacy for the nomination for the office of Register of Deeds, subject to the action of the Republican electors at the August primaries, and thanking you for the support given me two years ago. Your support will be very much appreciated.

W. W. BOYLE, St. James, Mich.

There are a lot of political experts who can't make a living at it or anything else.

Every time a hardened bachelor bats an eye in the direction of any eligible woman, the gossips can all hear wedding bells ringing in the distance.

**COULD NOT SLEEP NIGHTS**

**SUFFERER FROM SKIN TROUBLE TELLS HOW HE FOUND RELIEF IN SAXO SALVE.**

"I suffered from a severe skin affection so I could not sleep nights. I was almost crazy with itching. I would scratch and almost tear myself to pieces. I tried a great many remedies without relief. When I saw Saxo Salve advertised I decided to try it and one tube entirely cured me. I recommend it wherever I go." A. L. Morgan, Endicott, N. Y.

Many persons around here suffer so much from eczema that they cannot sleep at night. Saxo Salve stops the terrible itching and soothes and heals the eruptions.

In all kinds of eczema, salt rheum, tetter, barber's itch, etc., Saxo Salve has wonderful healing power because it penetrates the skin pores and destroys the germs at the very seat of the disease.

We give back your money if Saxo Salve does not help you.

W. C. SPRING DRUG CO.

(Political Advertising)

**FOR CONGRESS**



**Francis O. Lindquist**

He stands for the People. A vote for him at the Republican primaries on August 27 means a vote for a true and earnest friend of the People.

For Representative in Congress  
FRANCIS O. LINDQUIST

**NOTICE OF ELECTION.**

Notice is hereby given that a general Primary Election will be held at the several polling places in the several townships and cities in the county of Charlevoix, State of Michigan on Tuesday, the 27th of August, A. D. 1912, for all political parties, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of United States Senator, Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Representative in Congress at large, Representative in Congress, Eleventh District, State Senator Twenty-ninth District, Representative in the State Legislature Charlevoix District, Judge of Probate, Sheriff, County Clerk, County Treasurer, Register of Deeds, Prosecuting Attorney, Circuit Court Commissioner, Coroner, Surveyor and Drain Commissioner. The polls of the said election will be open at seven o'clock A. M.

Dated at Charlevoix, Michigan, this third day of August 1912.  
DANIEL S. PAYTON  
Clerk of Charlevoix County

**Makes Pimples Go**

Remarkable How Zemo Clears the Face of Pimples and All Other Blemishes.

With the finger tips apply a little Zemo to the skin, then see the pimples and blackheads vanish. Zemo is a liquid, not a smear, leaves no trace, just simply sinks in and does the work. You will be astonished to find how quickly eczema, rash, dandruff, itch, liver spots, salt rheum and all other skin diseases are cured.

Zemo's put up by the E. W. Rose Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., and is regularly sold by all druggists at \$1 for the large bottles, but you can get a liberal sized bottle for only 25 cents. And this trial bottle is guaranteed. You surely will find Zemo a wonder. Get a bottle now from W. C. Spring's Drug Store.

A new silk dress attracts a lot of remarks from all the women in any town under 2,000.

It seems as though the Declaration of Independence should have been signed at Reno.

A hero gets along all right until somebody names a 5-cent cigar after him. Then it's all off.

D. C. Bybee, teaming contractor living at 859 Keeling Court, Canton Ill., is now well rid of a severe and trying case of kidney trouble. His back pained and he was bothered with headaches and dizzy spells. "I took Foley Kidney Pills just as directed and in a few days I felt much better. My life and strength seemed to come back, and I sleep well. I am now all over my trouble and glad to recommend Foley Kidney Pills." Try them. Hite Drug Co.

**Republican County Convention**

To the Republican Electors of Charlevoix County:

Notice is hereby given that the Republican County Convention will be held at the Court House in the City of Charlevoix, on Tuesday, the 10th day of September, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of electing nine delegates to represent said county in the Republican State Convention, called to meet in the Light Guard Armory in the City of Detroit on Thursday, September 24, 1912, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The several Townships and Wards will be entitled to delegates in the Convention as follows:

- Bay ..... 3
- Wilson ..... 3
- Boyer Valley ..... 2
- City of Charlevoix 1st ward 2
- Charlevoix ..... 1
- 2d ward ..... 4
- Evangeline ..... 1
- 3d ward ..... 4
- Eveline ..... 3
- City of Boyne
- Hayes ..... 3
- City-1st ward 3
- Hudson ..... 2
- 2d ward ..... 5
- Marion ..... 1
- 3d ward ..... 8
- Melrose ..... 3
- 4th ward ..... 5
- Norwood ..... 1
- City of East Jordan
- Peaine ..... 2
- 1st ward 2
- St. James ..... 2
- 2d ward ..... 2
- South Arm ..... 3
- 3d ward ..... 4

Dated August 5, 1912.  
H. I. McMILLAN, Sec'y  
Republican County Com.  
WM. J. PEARSON, Chairman  
Republican County Committee.

**PRIMARY ELECTION**

Notice is hereby given that a General Primary Election will be held in the several Wards and Precincts of the CITY of EAST JORDAN, State of Michigan on

TUESDAY, AUG. 27, A. D. 1912.  
At the places in each of said Wards or Precincts as indicated below, viz:

First Ward, at Bi-Nett Building.  
Second Ward, at Town Hall.  
Third Ward, at City Hall.

For the purpose of nominating by direct vote candidates for each of the several political parties for the following offices, viz:

NATIONAL - One candidate for United States Senator; one candidate for Representative in Congress at large; one candidate for Representative in Congress for the Congressional district of which said precinct forms a part.

STATE - One candidate for Governor, and one candidate for Lieutenant Governor.

LEGISLATIVE - One candidate for Senator in the State Legislature for the Senatorial District of which said voting precinct forms a part; one candidate for Representative in the State Legislature for the Representative district of which said voting precinct forms a part.

COUNTY - One candidate for each of the following County offices, viz: Judge of Probate, Sheriff, County Clerk, Register of Deeds, Prosecuting Attorney, Surveyor, Drain Commissioner, and one candidate for Circuit Court Commissioner and one candidate for County Auditor. Also two candidates for Coroner.

These shall also be elected as many delegates to the county convention of the several political parties as will precinct or ward entitled to under the call of the county committee of said political parties, which number will be indicated by the number of blank lines printed on the official primary ballots used in said election under the heading, "Delegates to County Convention." The Board of Primary Election Inspectors will furnish delegates with credentials entitling them to seats in the county conventions, except that where there is more than one precinct in a ward and the county committee requires the election of delegates from the ward as a whole, such delegates shall be admitted without credentials.

**RELATIVE TO ENROLLMENT**

The enrollment for this election was held April 1, 1912, but any qualified elector in any election precinct in this State, who failed to have his name enrolled on enrollment day by reason of sickness or unavoidable absence from the election precinct, and who is a qualified elector in said precinct on primary election day or any person who may have become

twenty-one years of age or a qualified elector after enrollment day, may have his name enrolled by the board of primary election inspectors on any primary election day upon making oaths as provided in the general election law relative to the registration of electors on election days; or any person who was duly enrolled in the manner provided by law, but who has changed his residence to any election precinct other than that in which he was enrolled, may be enrolled in the new election precinct and may vote therein. Provided, That he has resided in the election precinct in which he seeks to be enrolled for a period of twenty days and that he obtained from a member of the enrollment board of the election precinct in which he formerly resided a certificate stating he was duly enrolled in such precinct, and that he is entitled to enrollment in the new precinct. In the absence of such certificate, if he can satisfy the said enrollment board of primary election inspectors upon making oath to such facts, according to the provisions of the general election law relative to registration of electors on election day he shall be entitled to enrollment and permitted to vote following such enrollment.

All qualified electors who enrolled by request and a affidavit 8 days or more previous to primary election day will be entitled to vote at said election.

Section 28, Primary Law, provides that any enrolled voter may re-enroll on any primary election day as a member of a NEW POLITICAL PARTY, and all qualified electors not enrolled with any political party may be enrolled on any primary election day as a member of a NEW POLITICAL PARTY.

THE POLLS of said election will open at 7 o'clock in the forenoon and will remain open until 5 o'clock standard time, in the afternoon of said day of election.

Dated this 12th day August, A. D. 1912.  
ORIS J. SMITH  
Clerk of said City.

**Frank Phillips**  
Tonsorial Artist.  
When in need of anything in my line call in and see me.

**We "Meat" Everybody**

who cares to meet us. And we are "meating" with success in supplying the careful and particular part of the community with the choicest Meats ever cut by a knife.



Fresh Lamb and Mutton, Choice Rib Roasts of Beef, Fresh Milk-Fed Veal and Fine Legs and Loins of Fresh-Killed Pork. Steaks and Chops that are fresh and juicy, with that sweet flavor that always tickles the appetite. Fine Sugar-Cured Mild Hams and Bacon, Fresh Sausages, etc.

**Milford & Schnelle**

CHOICE GROCERIES & MEATS  
Phone No. 49

**The SUGAR BOWL**

IS WHERE YOU WILL FIND  
A COMPLETE LINE OF

Fresh Home-made Candies,  
BRICK ICE CREAM, ETC.

JOHN BATSAKIS, Prop'r

**Real Estate Announcement**

OF SQUIER-MACK-MORRIS CO.  
Dealers in Charlevoix County Dirt.

IF YOU HAVE ANY FOR SALE, WE CAN FURNISH YOU A BUYER FOR IT. We are extensively advertising you land in several states. Why not let us sell yours for you, as we have proven by the several thousand acres we have sold in the past few months that we can sell yours if for sale. Write or call at our office and let's talk it over.

**SQUIER-MACK-MORRIS COMPANY**

Room 2, Postoffice Block East Jordan, Mich.

**The season for Graham Pudding, Muffins and Gems**

is here again. There is no food so well adapted for use in the warm and hot months as that prepared from Graham Flour, if the Graham is the real true-to-name kind as it contains the natural phosphates of the grain. Our Graham is made from native wheat, cleaned, re-cleaned, and ground by one reduction on a French Burr, so that it contains all the natural elements of the grain. It is far better than all the so-called health foods and cuts down the high cost of living. Ask your dealer for it and get the

"Argo Coarse Graham."

**East Jordan Planing Mills Co.,**  
B. E. WATERMAN, Manager.

Custom Planing Mill.  
Manufacturers and Dealers in  
Doors, Windows and Glass, Siding, Ceiling and Flooring Mouldings, Turned Work, and Scroll Sawing.  
FINISHED LUMBER, FRAMES, CASINGS

**Dr. C. H. Pray**  
Dentist  
Office Hours:  
8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m.  
And Evenings.  
Phone No. 223.

**Dr. G. W. Bechtold**  
DENTIST  
Over Loveday's Real Estate Office.  
Office Hours: 8:00 to 12 a. m., 1:00 to 5:00 p. m.  
Evenings by Appointment.

**C. A. Sweet**  
Physician and Surgeon  
Office Over  
East Jordan Lumber Co. Store.  
Office Hours: 10:00 to 12:00 a. m.,  
2:00 to 5:00 p. m.  
Telephone: Office, 73-2; Res., 73-3.

**Dr. F. P. Ramsey**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Graduate of College of Physicians and Surgeons of the University of Illinois.  
OFFICE SHERMAN BLOCK  
East Jordan, Mich.  
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Is the big modern plant recently purchased from the Booth Fisheries Co. by A. F. Washburne and located at foot of "Midway" on the bay shore, as a permanent home for the constantly increasing business in the manufacture of Sanitary Rugs from old Carpets (trade mark established 1898) in which line a trade has been successfully established all over the United States of the excellence of products. This also gives much needed room to the Carpet Cleaning and retinting department, which includes a large sterilizing absorber for purifying rugs and carpets. The cleaning department is fully equipped with all modern and time saving machinery devices run by electricity. Two of the largest rotary renovating machines for general cleaning and a powerful Vacuum machine 100 per cent times more powerful and efficient than the portable ones this latter is for fine rugs and orientals. The plant is also equipped with three machines for the sewing of carpets of all kinds in the most approved manner with flat elastic seams. Thus with largest facilities, most up-to-date equipment, highest grade of workmanship, lowest possible prices, and prompt service, bespeaks a busy future for the "Renovating Rug Co. of which A. F. Washburne is proprietor and to which address all orders and correspondence should be addressed - NO AGENTS. - Petoskey Evening News, April 13, 1911. - Make your appointments as early as possible.