

Charlevoix County Herald.

Vol. 13 EAST JORDAN, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, MARCH 6, 1909. No. 13

New Water Works System.

East Jordan to Have Same in Near Future.

Our Village Dads—the Council—have been bawling the midnight oil for these many moons, going over Engineer's reports, securing an issue of bonds, advertising for bids and awarding contract for the work to be done, and now the long-talked-of and much-needed addition to our present water works system will be a certainty this coming summer.

No town can be reckoned as enterprising unless it has good water-works and, when the addition is made, our little city will be second to none in the State of Michigan.

The new pumping-station will be located on the corner where the Creamery now stands. It will be built of brick, size 24x32, and will be equipped with a two-stage centrifugal pump with a dynamo for power, and capable of pumping four hundred gallons per minute. The present triplex pump and gasoline engine will also be installed. The plant has already nine three-inch wells to draw from, and three more wells, each 150-foot deep, are being dug. This will easily supply all the pure water we can use for years to come. For emergency, however, an intake pipe will be laid from the lake, but this will be only used in case of a big fire and the wells prove inadequate. A shut-off will be placed so that if lake water is used it will be pumped direct into the pipes and not through the water-tank.

The new reservoir will be located on the top of the Nachazel hill, north of town, and on a line with Third street. It will be of cement with a capacity of 200,000 gallons. The structure will be 54x12 feet, with a 15-foot interior depth.

The West Side, which has needed a water system for years, will now be supplied. About 1,400 ft. of submarine 8-inch pipe will be laid across the lake, running from the foot of Williams St., near the pumping station, across to the slip near Jos. Lawway's, where it strikes an unopened highway; a 4-in. main will then be run to near the West Side School Building; also a 4-in. main from Brabant's corner on the street running southerly for two blocks. Smaller main will be laid on the different streets.

Bowen's Addition will be supplied by a six-inch main running out on the State road to corner leading to Fair Grounds. Two 4-inch mains will be laid up the two streets running northerly.

Willow Brook Addition will be supplied with a 4-inch main.

The trunk main will be a 10-inch pipe, commencing at the pump-house and running east on Williams St. to Fourth St., thence north to the reservoir.

When completed the new system will cost something over \$20,000, and will be of lasting benefit to the town.

Elsewhere will be found a report of the Council Proceedings in awarding the contract.

County Finances.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand Feb. 1.....	\$12,696 06
Rec. from delinquent taxes.....	184 87
Redemption certificates.....	10 94
General fund.....	2003 72
Pool fund.....	45 18
State and county taxes.....	1316 00
State of Michigan.....	326 34
Total Receipts.....	\$16,585 70

DISBURSEMENTS.

General fund.....	\$ 4750 07
Pool orders.....	621 40
Soldiers' relief orders.....	15 00
Circuit Court orders.....	559 30
Criminal fee orders.....	1 00
Probate Court orders.....	132 28
State of Michigan.....	593 50
Interest.....	13 69
Cash on hand March 1st.....	9899 37
Total.....	\$16,585 70

Dated at Charlevoix, March 3rd, 1909.
RICHARD LEWIS,
County Treasurer.

Extension Tables, Library Tables, and Center Tables at WHITTINGTON'S.
Croup positively stopped in 20 minutes with Dr. Shoop's Croup Remedy. One test alone will surely prove this truth. No vomiting, no distress. A safe and pleasing syrup—50c. Sold by James Gidley.

Local Option O. K.

The Whole Of Wexford County Joins in Endorsing It. Improves Social, Moral and Financial Conditions.

Cadillac Globe.

After having been in the dry column for nearly a year it can be truthfully stated that Wexford county—Cadillac, the villages and townships—are well pleased with the results and stand ready to endorse local option wherever and whenever the subject is presented. Its benefits are varied and pronounced. There is not a single one of the features which go to advance the interests of a community—social, moral, intellectual or financial—that is not improved through the abolishment of the saloon.

The business has been legally outlawed and public sentiment is unanimously in favor of strict enforcement. Many eminent judges lay to the liquor habit the majority of crimes committed. Judge Chittenden schedules them as follows:

"Ninety per cent of all criminal cases, fifty per cent of all divorce cases, and twenty-five per cent of the civil cases."

The officers realize that by stamping out every attempt to disregard the law in time the list of crimes usually appearing on the court calendar will be greatly lessened.

The great falling off in the amount of whiskey and beer manufactured as shown by government statistics gives the lie to the brewers' and distillers' statements to the effect that prohibition does not prohibit. Stock in liquor manufacturing does not sell today for half what it would bring two years ago.

A large portion of the drinking that is done in this country was of a social sort. With the saloon out of the way the custom has discontinued and very few there are who will drink alone. The average citizen refuses to countenance that which public sentiment and a majority of voters condemn. It is surprising how business and professional men have changed their ideas on this question during the last year. There are scores of them who voted wet for business reasons who would today give their voice and ballot in favor of the cause of temperance. The change came gradually as they have witnessed the working out of local option under strict enforcement. Cadillac business men are usually very fair minded and in this way they have only followed their usual plan of endorsing everything that works out for the best interests of the greatest number.

There have been violations,—that was to be expected,—but what law is there on the statute books that is not violated, even to the crime of murder. But the infractions are only a small percentage of what had been expected. Cadillac and Wexford county for some reason seems to have been much in the limelight, and throughout the state the wet counties have been

Making Good.

There is no way of making lasting friends like "Making Good," and Doctor Pierce's medicines well exemplify this, and their friends, after more than two decades of popularity, are numbered by the hundreds of thousands. They have "made good" and they have not made drunkards.

A good, honest, square-deal medicine of known composition is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It still enjoys an immense sale, while most of the preparations that have come into prominence in the earlier period of its popularity have "gone by the board" and are never more heard of. There must be some reason for this long-time popularity and that is to be found in its superior merits. When once given a fair trial for weak stomach, or for liver and blood affections, its superior curative qualities are soon manifest; hence it has survived and grown in popular favor, while scores of less meritorious articles have suddenly flashed into favor for a brief period and then been as soon forgotten.

For a torpid liver with its attendant indigestion, dyspepsia, headache, perhaps dizziness, foul breath, nasty coated tongue, with bitter taste, loss of appetite, with distress after eating, nervousness and debility, nothing is so good as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It's an honest, square-deal medicine with all its ingredients printed on bottle-wrappers no secret, no hocus-pocus humbug, therefore don't accept a substitute that the dealer may possibly make a little bigger profit. *Insist on your right to have what you call for.*

Don't buy Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription expecting it to prove a "cure-all." It is only advised for women's special ailments. It makes weak women strong and sick women well. Less advertised than some preparations sold for like purposes, its sterling curative virtues still maintain its position in the front ranks, where it stood over two decades ago. As an invigorating tonic and strengthening nerve it is unequalled. It won't satisfy those who want "booze," for there is not a drop of alcohol in it.
Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, the original Little Liver Pills, although the first pill of their kind in the market, still lead, and when once tried are ever afterwards in favor. Easy to take as candy—one to three a dose. Much imitated but never equaled.

watching for results "up in the north woods." The liquor interests sent spies here is said for the purpose of looking up evidence to use in their campaigns this spring. The "evidence" will not be used; it was not of the right sort.

Yes, public sentiment and our officers are making it very dry in Wexford county.

Woman Suffrage.

When we speak of the ballot for women we scarcely realize how much it means, not alone to women, but to humanity. Voting is only expressing one's views on matters that concern the whole people. Many rights have been won for woman by organized demand, and the demand for the ballot should be kept up. Much help has come and will come from the men but the greatest efforts in this measure should be made by woman herself. In the states of Wyoming woman received full suffrage in 1890, in Utah in 1895, in Colorado in 1893, and Idaho in 1896. This was gained by the persistent demand of woman for freedom. In the suffrage movements abroad we learn that from the year 1850 down to 1908, almost all of the old countries have given women the franchise in some form, and in many countries full suffrage. Shall the women of America be less fortunate? To dare and dare again and ever to dare, is the spirit that wins.

Ladies' Equity Notes.

Interesting reports have come to us of the ladies organizing in the states of Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin, the interest that is being taken and good meetings held. Inquiries also have come in regard to objects of our Society, from two of our southern counties in Michigan. The Michigan ladies are glad to note that the women of other states are learning the meaning of Equity and are working with a will to aid the Society of Equity.

A pitiful appeal comes to the union farmers of Michigan from the Laborer's Protective Union of Columbus, Ohio, where thousands of men and women are out of employment, and men have walked the city over and over in search of work, but without result. Relief is asked for in the shape of food supplies as well as fuel and clothing, anything that will relieve the hunger and suffering of these unfortunate victims, the unemployed of today.

Something to Laugh At.

Next to a kiss a laugh is the most popular thing in the world. The supply of kisses is limited, being largely controlled by a fair but capricious trust. The supply of laughs, however, is practically unlimited unless you get too grumpy to look for them. One reason for the remarkable success of the Chicago Record-Herald is its daily recognition of the value of kindly, wholesome fun. The "Alternating Currents" column of S. E. Kiser, the humorist and poet, is one of the brightest things in American journalism. There is always a smile or a good laugh in Ralph Wilder's cartoons, bringing a cheery greeting as you pick up the paper each morning. But it is in the Sunday Record-Herald that one finds the most chuckles. The colored comic section is full of laughter for young and old, and these amusing illustrations are free from the vulgarity and mischievous suggestions that have barred so many comic sections from refined homes. Then there is always a lot of high class humor in the Sunday Magazine of the Record-Herald, led by Sewell Ford's inimitable Shorty McCabe stories. The delectable Shorty, we understand, is to appear every other Sunday throughout the present year. No other character in fiction, unless it be Mr. Dooley, can match him as a funmaker. As long as Shorty and his devoted Sadie are on deck there will be something worth living for. The Record-Herald has the right idea. Clean humor doubles the welcome of a newspaper.

Look for the Coupon now put in each 25c package of Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee Imitation. A clever 25c silvered "No-Drip" Coffee Strainer offered on this Coupon. Besides, you get 90 large cups of Dr. Shoop's "Health Coffee" for 25c. And the coffee will certainly please you. Sold by G. L. Sherman & Son.

Simple Mixture Said To Relieve Victims.

Get from any prescription pharmacy the following:

Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces.

Shake well in a bottle and take a teaspoonful dose after each meal and at bedtime.

The above is considered as the most certain prescription ever written to relieve Backache, Kidney Trouble, Weak Bladder and all forms of Urinary difficulties. This mixture acts promptly on the eliminative tissues of the Kidneys, enabling them to filter and strain the uric acid and other waste matter from the blood which causes Rheumatism.

Some person who suffer with the afflictions may not feel inclined to place much confidence in this simple mixture, yet those who have tried it say the results are simply surprising; the relief being effected without the slightest injury to the stomach or other organs.

Mix some and give it a trial. It certainly comes highly recommended. It is the prescription of an eminent authority, whose entire reputation, it is said, was established by it.

A druggist here at home, when asked, stated that he could either supply the ingredients or mix the prescription for our readers, also recommends it as harmless.

COUNTY NORMAL NOTES.

Florence Sheldon has been absent from school the past week on account of illness.

A telephone message was received from Mr. Steele of Advance, that Miss Gelken was ill and could not continue her work. Clare Finucan drove over Wednesday afternoon to take charge of the school work until Miss Gelken is able to resume her work.

Miss Leah Persons completed a successful term of school in the Billie district south of East Jordan and is spending her vacation at home.—Charlevoix County Herald. Miss Persons is a former member of the normal class.

NONE BUT THE BEST.

That's the kind of Groceries and Meats you get at our Market. We will do our best to satisfy you. We aim to carry high grade goods. It is a pleasure to please our patrons.

Shermans' Market.

Phone No. 49. Prompt delivery.

Purchase Your 1910 Calendars At The Herald Office.

We have, without exception, the finest line of samples ever exhibited in East Jordan, and as for prices we can make the "agents" look like ten cents.

East Jordan Planing Mills Co.,

B. E. WATERMAN, Manager.

Custom Planing Mill.

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Doors, Window and Glass, Siding, Ceiling and Flooring, Mouldings, Turned Work, and Scroll Sawing.

FINISHED LUMBER, FRAMES, CASINGS



LOOK LOOK LOOK

At Our

New Spring Line

THE LATEST PATTERNS
THE BEST WORKMANSHIP
THE SUREST FIT

We are Showing Four Hundred Stylish Patterns and Newest Style Plates.

If you want to pay \$18, \$20, \$25 for a stylish business suit, we can please you. Work, style and fit—up to you.

It is the same in every range, at every price.

The same broad liberal guarantee, backed by a tailoring firm that produces the finest clothes to be had At Reasonable Prices.

A Trial At Our Risk Is All We Ask.

See the Newest Styles Today.

Shoes At Satisfactory Prices

Our Shoe Standards Are High. We will not stock a single pair of shoes that we are not wholly convinced has good value for the wearer. We have low priced shoes but no cheap shoes. Ours are shoes to wear as well as to sell, and they must give you satisfaction to the last day of service, otherwise they do not satisfy us.

SHOES FOR BABY: Soft little kid shoes that support the little feet comfortably and tenderly. 50c to \$1.00.

SHOES FOR THE BOY: The kind that bear through rough usage bravely, and never look discouraged; the very best boys' shoes we know of. \$1.25, \$2.25

WOMEN'S OXFORDS AND PUMPS: Smart new Spring styles, Tan and black leathers, and with patent leather foxings. \$1.50 to \$3.00.

WOMEN'S HIGH BOOTS: Dull and glass kids, and with patent tips, button and lace styles. Price \$2.00 to \$3.50.

MEN'S SHOES: High Grade and low priced. Spring Line now on exhibit.




"QUALITY FIRST OF ALL" Our Motto.

FRED E. BOOSINGER.

Many people regard the minister as a solemn man. Young people often go, and are afraid to be themselves in his presence, writes N. McGee Waters, D. D., in the Homiletic Review. Never seeing him except in the pulpit, which is a place for seriousness and dignity, they imagine he always looks like a funeral and acts like a prayer meeting. I'll never forget the awful Sunday the minister used to stay at father's house. I know now that it bored the minister as much as it did us children. None of us acted naturally, and we would not let him. It was an awful, solemn, and holy time. One hot Sunday afternoon my eyes were opened. The minister, left to himself for a moment, came out to us children, where we sat like martyrs on the lawn, and, grabbing up a blade of grass, put it between his thumbs and blew on it a blast louder than a locomotive's whistle. We had been dying to do something desperate all afternoon, but did not dare. Mother heard it and came around the house with the day of judgment in her eye. When she saw it was the minister she vanished like a dream. My soul went out in that screech, and to me it was sweeter than the sacred song. After that I knew the minister was human, and I loved him. Of all the men I know, ministers are about the most human and fun-loving.

It is a little surprising to find Judge Barron of the Canadian judiciary arguing in the public prints of his country against Canadian contributions to England's naval expenditures, and upholding the abandoned principle of harbor defense by means of a few inexpensive submarines and torpedoes. It is even more surprising to find him quoting Premier Laurier in support of his contention. The accepted theory of naval strategy now is one of offense, not defense, says the Detroit Free Press. A nation best repulses its enemies by seeking them out and destroying them, according to the tacticians. This rule of warfare is at the root of Great Britain's present naval policy. She keeps her fleets near home, mobilized to strike forcefully and speedily at any antagonistic combination. Judge Barron's plan contemplates the building of a Canadian destroyer and a submarine every year for five years, making a total outlay of say \$2,500,000. The sum is trifling in these days of huge naval spending, and, small as it is, seems to be worse than wasted if used in the manner proposed.

Some there are who feel called upon to jest and banter when Mr. Taft trips what country editors call the light fantastic. This is error. If Mr. Taft were not a good dancer his case would be an exception. Stout men are splendid dancers, when they dance at all. Thin men, declares the New York World, are often a sorry spectacle on the ball-room floor. Their feet flop awkwardly, they step on their partners' toes and skirts, bump into people and otherwise conduct themselves like half-grown boys. Men of more contour do better. But the out-and-out fat man, whom nobody is supposed to love, is the real hero of the waxed floor. With too much weight to hop far from the bounds, he glides. He cannot project his body forward in ungainly bounds. He undulates gracefully, easily, gently. So, when the ladies with whom Mr. Taft has danced publicly compliment him they speak truly, from the standpoint of persons who appreciate.

A Washington court has before it the question of how far a man has the right to snore and to talk in his sleep, and how far another man whom he keeps awake by doing these things has the right to shoot him up. The question is a delicate one, involving, as it does, the conflicting claims of both to the constitutional right to the pursuit of happiness. Solomon would find plenty of occupation for his abnormal wisdom in settling the cases which come up in the civilized tribunals of today.

A London paper gloomily foresees the future absorption of Canada by the United States and "the end of all noble aspirations in which the largest minds of the British race have indulged." This fear of losing Canada by its absorption in its larger neighbor seems to be never entirely absent from the anxious British mind, although neither the United States nor Canada itself appears at all either eager or perturbed over the prospect.

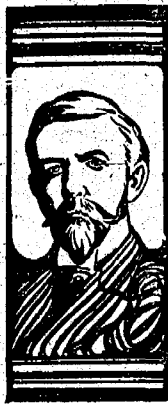
Minnesota is just 50 years old and its development during this period has been marvelous. During the half century the population of the state has grown from 150,000 to 2,000,000. The wealth of its people was approximately \$30,000,000 50 years ago, and the assessed valuation of their property now is \$1,000,000,000, or \$500 per capita instead of \$200.

A negro woman when arrested refused to tell her age. A dark secret, so to speak.

Try a Mixt Diet

It Will Prove the Best Health Builder

By PROF. RUSSELL H. CHITTENDEN, Director of the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale and Author of "The Nutrition of Man."



My own conception of the true food requirements of the body has been expressed in the statement that man needs of proteins, fats and carbohydrates sufficient to establish and maintain physiological and nitrogen equilibrium; sufficient to keep up that strength of body and mind that is essential to good health, to maintain the highest degree of physical and mental activity with the smallest amount of friction and the least expenditure of energy, and to preserve and heighten, if possible, the ordinary resistance of the body to disease germs. The smallest amount of food that will accomplish these ends is, I think, the ideal diet.

What is needed to-day is not so much an acceptance of the view that man requires daily 0.85 gram of proteid per kilogram of body weight as a full appreciation of the general principle, which our definite figures have helped to work out, that the requirements of the body for proteid food are far below the customary habits of mankind, and that there is both economy and gain in various directions to be derived by following the general precepts which this view leads to. In other words, there is no advantage, but, on the contrary, much bother and worry in attempting to follow out in practice the details of our more or less exact physiological experiments.

A high-proteid animal food, like lean meat, eggs, fish, etc., obviously cannot alone serve as an advantageous food for man. We see at once the philosophy of a mixed diet. Let us assume that our average man of 70 kilograms (154 pounds) body weight needs daily 2,800 calories, (fuel value). On this assumption, if he were to depend entirely upon lean beef for his sustenance he would require daily 4 1/2 pounds of such meat, which amount would furnish nine times the quantity of proteid needed by his system. The same would be more or less true of other kindred animal products.

On the other hand certain vegetable foods on our list, such as flaked rice, crackers and shredded wheat, contain proteid, with carbohydrate and fat in such proportion that the energy requirement would be met essentially by the same quantity as served to furnish the necessary proteid. Passing to the other extreme among the vegetable products, as in potatoes and bananas, for example, we find fuel value predominating largely over proteid content. The ideal diet, however, is found in the judicious admixture of foodstuffs of both animal and vegetable origin. Wheat bread, reinforced by a little butter or fat bacon to add to its calorific value, shredded wheat with rich cream, crackers with cheese, bread and milk, eggs with bacon, meat with potatoes, etc., the common every-day household admixtures provide combinations which can easily be made to accord with true physiological requirements. The same may be equally true of the more complicated dishes evolved by the high art of modern cookery.

Civilization at Danger Point

By F. M. BARROW.

European and American civilization is now in a precarious state, and seems to have reached its zenith. The physical prowess and the intellectual force of man have carried it so far; and now it is subjected to a deadly materialism, chiefly owing to the relative degradation and servitude of women.

Women are denied responsibility. Like slaves they are either surfeited with luxury and treated as irresponsible beings, or they are compelled to do some of the hardest work of the world for an inadequate reward. They are not induced to be men's moral stay and support, but encouraged to be his moral seducers if in the wealthier class, and compelled to be his economic slave if in the poorer one.

It seems an infallible truth that no nation, or class, or individual can achieve full development while either is denied responsibility, or, to gain a selfish advantage, denies it to others. Both the slave and the slaveholder suffers morally. So it is with us; woman is denied responsibility for the social state in which she must live, and her moral nature suffers accordingly. Her inferiority thus caused by her irresponsibility, is then used as an argument against her full enfranchisement. Man, too, corrupted by the unjust abuse of his power, suffers morally, and so does the whole social organism. He cannot stem the decadence which his own injustice is causing; and woman, corrupted and weakened in character, cannot come to his help. Rather, she corrupts him, as slaves do their masters.

Our chief plea, therefore, for woman suffrage is not that she is now denied a right, but that the time is ripe for her to be called on to bear her share of social responsibility. Her moral strength and virtues are running to waste, and cannot be realized until she is summoned to contribute her share in bearing the supreme burden of national responsibility. Being irresponsible politically she often socially follows a normal course. Unemployment of men, sweating of women workers, and neglect of children are destroying national life.

At present rich women, as being the chief exponents of luxury, seem more immoral than men in their conduct with respect to these baneful circumstances. Their plain answer is that they have no political responsibility, however blamable they may be individually; for privately and individually these matters are unapproachable.

The details of suffrage, of course, depend upon expediency. The ideal is that all men and all women should have a stake in the welfare of the country, and that they should have a direct voice in their own government. While the social state required the subordination of women within the family the highest law justified it, as it did formerly that of slavery. But when the need passed, the justification also passed. And, unless we wish to remain in an arrested stage of civilization, and, therefore, a decadent one, we must take the step that progress demands—namely; grant woman the full exercise of all her faculties equally with man, and make her equally responsible.



BACK AFTER YEARS AMONG THE KURDS

GRADUATE OF RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE TELLS OF HIS NOVEL EXPERIENCES.

ONCE WAS BEATEN BY A MOB

Nearly Killed by Infuriated Populace Through Their Hatred of Christians—Terrible Scourges Common in Country.

Chicago.—Strange as a tale of adventure told in some eastern market place and as dramatic as the history of a martyr is the story told by Dr. Jesse M. Yonan, recently arrived in this city after spending 11 years as a medical missionary among the people of Persian Kurdistan.

There in the land that was once a portion of ancient Assyria, shut in between the Tigris and the wild mountains of Asia Minor, the Kurds to-day are as foreign to the mellowing influences of civilization as they were hundreds of years ago. Isolated by their faith in Islam and of nomadic ancestry, they are for the most part a race of fanatics, ready to butcher the Christian who ventures within their gates, and living by plundering merchant caravans.

To this land of more than a million inhabitants Dr. Yonan went following his graduation from Rush Medical college in 1898.

"With a train of 12 mules bearing my medicine chests and surgical apparatus I approached the chief city of Senneh," said Dr. Yonan, in relating his adventures. "Instantly the populace was aroused and came forth to meet me, demanding why I had come. I made reply that I was a physician and was come to cure all manner of diseases. That interested them, for they thought I was a magician and at a touch might cure sickness.

"At once the governor, hearing of my arrival, sent servants to question me. The following day he sent an escort for me, and I was brought to his palace, where I was astounded to find



"They Beat Me Almost Into Unconsciousness."

him a graduate of Oxford, thoroughly conversant with American affairs, even to the political campaign of 1896, and knowing the standing of our schools and colleges.

"He examined my diploma and, finding all satisfactory, introduced me to the chiefs who had assembled. The city is very ancient; some of the mud houses have stood for nearly a thousand years and are in the worst sanitary condition possible. The only water the people have for drinking or cooking comes from a gutter that passes through every courtyard and is used by all alike for washing clothes and baking. As a consequence the most terrible scourges of cholera and typhoid are common.

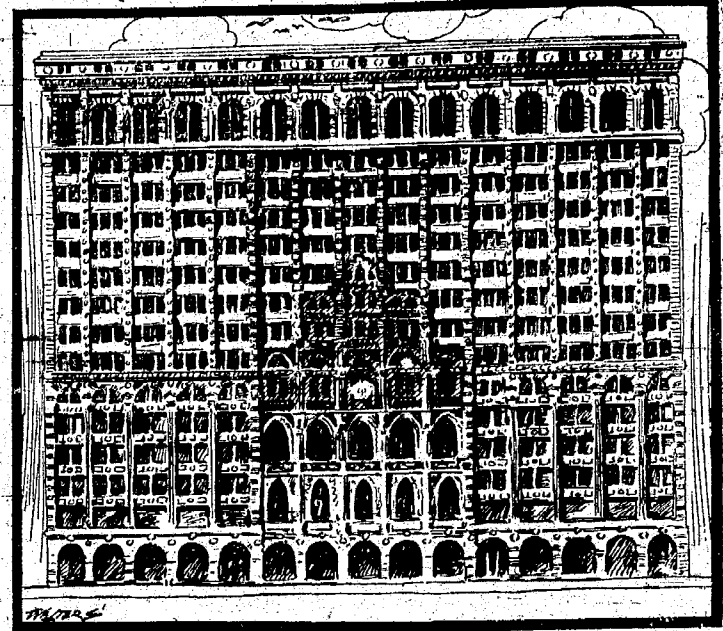
"Once I was near death as a result of the hatred the common people bear to Christians. Going to the house of a patient one day in one of the smaller cities, a man met me in the street and said to me: 'Do you curse Mohammed?' Before I could answer he raised the cry, 'Ya Ali,' which is the signal for a mob to gather.

"At once people came running from all directions, infuriated with the cry. They seized firewood and beat me almost to unconsciousness, then dragged me to the house of a priest near by. As we came in at the gate, he met us, and without giving me time to deny the accusation bade them proceed with the beating.

"This they did, until my left arm was broken and I fell to the ground. Then he dragged me to the steps in order to deliberate the method of my death. I was propped there gazing into the courtyard filled with hundreds of menacing faces and the roofs packed with spectators crying out for my execution and shaking dirks and fists at me.

"No protestations that I could make were heeded. Suddenly a company of soldiers sent by the governor of the city burst into the courtyard and dispersed the mob. The true irony of the situation came when a few weeks later the son of that priest fell ill of diphtheria and I was called to cure him. The boy recovered, but the priest never referred to his cruel treatment of me, although to-day we are close friends."

HOW PITTSBURG WILL OUTWIT WILLIAM PENN



THE FOURTEEN STORY CHURCH

Pittsburg is to have the latest thing in architecture, namely, a skyscraper and church, the latest of all ideas in building construction. But there is method in Pittsburg's "madness," for having been blocked for many years by the clause placed in his land grant by William Penn, setting forth that the property must always be used for "church purposes," the congregation of the First German Evangelical Protestant church has evolved the above scheme. It has been decided, therefore, that a building which shall combine church and office building, which will serve for worship and at the same time put revenue into the coffers of the congregation.

The auditorium and dome of the church are to be built inside 14 stories of business offices and stores, only the gothic arches, the wide doors, and the chimneys showing on the side of the building. All about the church and above it will be piled a mass of offices architecturally distinctive, as the business part of the building is to be of renaissance architecture and the church gothic.

It is the purpose of the congregation to make its valuable property at Sixth and Smithfield streets yield a profitable return and at the same time retain the property for church purposes. It was specified in the deed given by William Penn that the land should be so used. It could therefore not be sold except to another church, which would hardly be a profitable sale. At the same time it seemed necessary that the church should get more return from its land which is centrally located and which has been often sought after by big department stores. A church was built on the site 125 years ago, torn down and replaced by another, then another, then by the present structure, which was erected in 1877. Sentimental reasons, therefore, further persuaded the congregation that they did not want to leave the site.

To overcome the difficulty, Eugene C. F. Ernst, an architect and a member of various church committees, drew his plans for the unique building and laid them before the people. He said the cost would be about \$1,500,000, but that a corporation could easily be formed to furnish the funds and that it would prove a paying investment.

There was surprisingly little opposition from the conservatives, and it seems to be generally understood that the plan will go through. It is planned for the structure to face on Smithfield street 240 feet, extending back to Strawberry alley. It will be in three 80-foot sections, the two outside for commercial purposes and the central one for the church, up to the height of that edifice, and then more office floors above to the top story. A great clock, with a 10-foot face, will be placed at the sixth story, and above this a set of chimneys in a specially constructed bell chamber.

On the fourteenth floor is to be a great assembly hall, 240x110 feet, with a plaster facade built round a light well. On special occasions the light well could be closed at the floor and ceiling lines by mechanical rolling devices, the windows surrounding the light court being thus transferred into an open plaster balcony. The effect would be one large auditorium with an open inner court.

The basement will be for commercial purposes, and a sub-basement will hold the power plant. An arcade extending from Sixth avenue to Smithfield street will admit to the office and store sections. The entrances will lead into the commercial part of the building as well as into the church. On the floor level with the street are to be the Sunday school rooms, with two wings covered by skylights. The auditorium for the school is to be 80 feet wide, and two large balconies each provided with 290 chairs, will be erected above the room.

dome, while the balconies and ceilings will be supported by columns.

From the street to the gable sheer will be a distance of 128 feet, and at the top is to be a German eagle, perched, holding in his talons the American and German flags. This is to be the symbol of the history of the congregation, which is made up almost entirely of men and women born of German parents.

Abundant capital has been assured to carry out these plans, and in addition many offers have already been made for office rooms. A large department store has offered to lease all of one section of the building. The building promises to present an impressive appearance, in addition to the advantage of being in the center of the city. On Sixth avenue, just east from the church property, are the Nixon theater, the building known as Pittsburg's "Safety Palace," in which are the police headquarters and the Philadelphia Company's building. Street cars diverging to more than 25 sections of the city and surrounding country pass by the property.

FINALLY GOT AN ANSWER.

Natural Results of Unfortunate Persistence of Sister Dash.

One of the saintly characters mentioned in Rev. Dr. Richard McIlwaine's recent book, "Three Score Years and Ten," is a venerable Methodist minister, Rev. Jesse Powers, whose mind, Dr. McIlwaine says, was always intent on doing something to bless and help somebody. He was a man of exact veracity, also, but his somewhat merciless candor was agreeably tempered by humor.

The old preacher once spent the night at the house of a prominent Methodist not far from Amelia court-house, Virginia, where he had often been welcomed before. The next morning at breakfast it developed that the bread was sour, perhaps not enough to be remarked upon, but still sour. He was engaged in eating it, when the worthy lady at the head of the table called attention to the disagreeable fact.

Brother Powers said nothing, but continued to satisfy his hunger with what was "set before him, asking no questions," and accepting no suggestions. His hostess, however, not to be thwarted in her efforts to bring from her guest the admission that the bread was not very bad, repeated the remark.

This also failed to elicit the longed-for response. Brother Powers kept his eyes on his plate, and went ahead eating more justly than ever, in a quinary, doubtless, not knowing what to say, and resolved he would not tell a lie.

But the good woman, not satisfied, and with a fatality that sometimes overtakes the wariest of the sex, was so left to herself as to apologize for the third time.

"This, Dr. McIlwaine says, 'was too much for the old saint.' Turning his benevolent face toward the head of the table, he said, gently:

"Sister Dash, if I were you, I'd stop talking about this bread. It is mean enough, anyway."—Youth's Companion.

The Toad Survived.

An experiment bordering close to the wonderful, was recently made in the clay testing department of a machinery company at Bucyrus, O., in which a toad was placed in a 20-ton brick press and was four times subjected to a pressure of 11,000 pounds without injury.

The question at issue was whether such a pressure would kill the toad, or whether its ability to compress itself was sufficient to allow it to come lifted from the machine and the toad was first placed in a lump of granular clay and the whole pressed into a brick. After the huge press had done its work the solid brick was lifted from the machine and the toad winked its eyes contentedly, stretched its legs and hopped away.—Popular Magazine.

The VANISHING FLEETS

BY ROY NORTON
(Copyright, 1907
BY THE ASSOCIATED
SUNDAY PUBLISHERS)

SYNOPSIS.

"Vanishing Fleets," a story of "what might have happened," opens in Washington with the United States and Japan near war. Guy Hillier, secretary of the British embassy, and Miss Norma Roberts, chief aide of inventor Roberts, are introduced as lovers. Japan declares war and takes the Philippines. Guy Hillier starts for England. Norma Roberts leaves Washington for the Florida coast. Hawaii is captured by the Japs. All ports are closed. Percy learns of missing Japanese fleet and whole world becomes convinced that United States has powerful war agency. England decides to send a fleet to American waters as a Canadian protection against what the British suppose is a terrible submarine flotilla. Hillier is sent with a message. Fleet mysteriously disappears. The Kaiser is missing. King Edward of England is confronted by Admiral Bevin of the United States. The Dreadnaught, biggest of England's warships, is discovered at an impassable point in the Thames. The story now goes back to a time many months before the war breaks out, and inventor Roberts visits the president and cabinet, telling of and exhibiting a metal production. This evergreen friction when electrified and is to be applied to vessels to increase speed to over 50 miles an hour. A city for the manufacture of the mysterious discovery is built on the coast of Florida. Dr. Roberts' first attempt to electrify plates proves a failure.

CHAPTER XV.—Continued.

"It's all right this time," the inventor assured him. "Wild current and wet floor before, badly insulated handle, too. All fixed up now. Won't be any accident this time," and so on, making the final inspection of his apparatus as he talked. Norma reviewed her father's work, to be certain that all was well, and then at a nod from him took her station at the other monster which had not been used hitherto. There was a simultaneous movement on their part, and, as if suddenly endowed with a soul, the lights once more flashed here and there, glaring at them with sinister contempt—Frankensteins under control!

The admiral, fascinated by the mystery of science, stared at the white-haired old man who was calmly watching his play of colors, and then at the girl who with equal self-possession and coolness manipulated the strange currents beneath her hands. They were animated as by one mind, throwing their levers and switches to and fro at identically the same moment without looking at each other, and the click of the closing currents came in unison. Not until then did they stop back from their stations and interchange what seemed to the admiral mutual glances of congratulation.

"That assistant of mine is a wonder!" was all the old man said as he came over, dragged a stool up beside that on which the officer sat, and gleefully rubbed his hands together. "She thinks more clearly than I do."

Brookton, who had been tense as a violin string and had almost forgotten to breathe, drew a long breath and looked at the girl, who had been leaning against the wall as though exhausted, but was now watching the slowly cooling metal. He would have asked questions; but the inventor turned to him and with an air of triumph said:

"I wish you would invite all those who were here when we made the first test. Then you will have the explanation unless I am again mistaken."

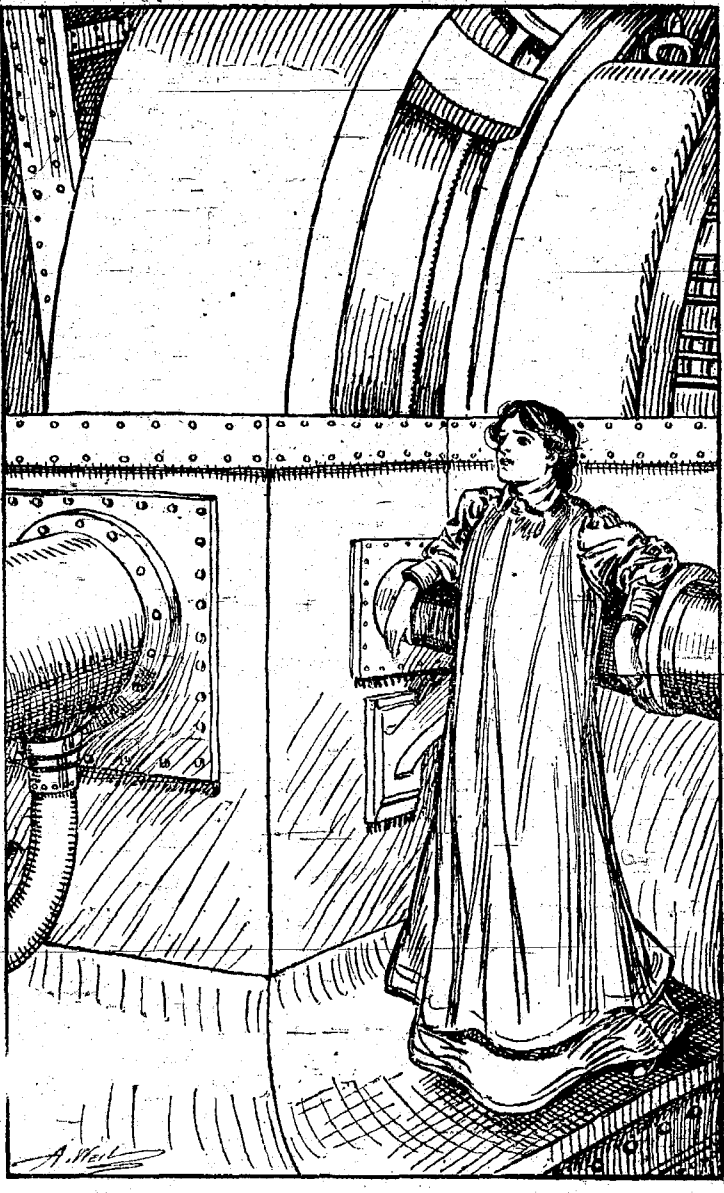
The admiral obeyed, and even as the cooling sprays were sifting over the great pieces of metal they came trooping in from the work which they had resumed. There were men from the draughting rooms with pencils behind their ears, engineers from the outside with shirt sleeves rolled up and forgotten diagrams under their arms, and one man came from the laboratory absentmindedly carrying a test tube, balancing it so that he might spill none of the liquid which it contained.

Norma was now resting calmly against one of the huge dead machines. In a tone of unusual gravity Roberts addressed them. "Boys," he began—they were all boys to him—"you have witnessed the accidental discovery, I believe, of the most powerful force the world has ever known. You have been fortunate. In more than 70 years of life I, who have spent the time in strange studies and stranger work, have had no privilege so great. You have all been kind to my daughter and to me, and I am glad you are here now." He paused for a moment, seeing with introspective eyes all the great events of his life. Then, recalling himself from this review, he turned to Jenkins as a kindred spirit, and to a boyish officer who stood near at hand.

"You two," he said, indicating them with his hand, "may have the honor of picking up those plates."

There was an instant of breathless astonishment. Jenkins was the first to recover, and unhesitatingly walked forward. The younger man drew back as though he had received an order from an insane man consigning him to inglorious death. The voice of the admiral put an end to the wait.

"Go ahead!" he said quietly. "Those plates may weigh tons; but if Dr. Roberts tells you to pick them up, you go and try it."



Norma Was Now Resting Calmly Against One of the Huge Dead Machines.

With the absolute precision of training, the officer's heels came together and his hand to his cap in quick salute. He rode to the plates, and stood opposite Jenkins, while the spectators canted forward, speculating as to what freak of madness was to be demonstrated. Jenkins, grave and un-questioning, looked across at his companion, nodded to him, and together they stooped and caught a handhold. Together they gathered their muscles as if for some prodigious exercise of strength, and simultaneously strained upward.

To the amazement of those within the room the great masses of metal came up with such ease that they were lifted breast high without perceptible effort.

"Higher, higher!" called the old inventor, springing toward them and gesturing with his hands. The plates rose until they were held with finger tips, and breathless suspense enchainned the spectators.

"Now stand from under! Let go of them! Let go of them!" yelled Roberts, dancing up and down in excitement; but the men still held on as if rendered powerless by astonishment.

"Stand from under!" commanded the admiral; and discipline again mastering them they obeyed, springing back in the apprehension that the two immense plates might by some accident come crashing down and disappear through the floor. With something almost like a sob, so great had been his mental strain, Jenkins stood transfixed. The admiral gave a gasp, and with one hand poised in the air stood like a statue. A hummer fell from the hand of one of the engineers standing behind, and the man who had been tightly clutching the test tube opened his fingers and let it crash to the floor. In this tinkling sound of broken glass on cement, another gave a sharp ejaculation and took an involuntary step forward.

They had witnessed the first positive exhibition of true levitation, a solid body suspended in the air without support. They had seen in times past with complacency, knowing that it was dependent upon optical illusion, the conjurer's trick, mystifying to the outward sense but readily explainable in the light of investigation; but here before them, beyond the range of charlatanism, in perversion of all known physical laws, there hung motionless in the air, dependent upon itself for its flotation, a great mass of metal that but a short time before would have been beyond the power of their combined strength to lift.

And standing placidly beneath it, enjoying their surprise and supremely triumphant, stood a quiet little old man smiling up at his daughter, whose hand he was holding.

CHAPTER XVI.

An Invincible Arm.
The officers, still doubting their senses, stood before this uncanny

manifestation like men in a world of unreality. From without, for some unaccountable reason, the varied clamor of industry had subsided to silence, and the soldiers' song was finished. Even the yellow light of the afternoon which filtered through the window panes appeared strange, spectral, and unearthly. In the shadow of that massive thing which hovered above them, Nature seemed bent on the revocation of her laws, and for an instant their senses reeled in the struggle for comprehension.

"Old Bill" Roberts broke the spell. He reached up and touched the tip of a finger to the mass and moved it gently toward them with no more exertion than would be necessary to push a toy balloon. There was no levity in him when he addressed them, but rather the simple grandeur of one who has wrested from Nature one of her greatest powers, and was now preparing to harness it for all time, a slave to peace, progress and the welfare of his fellows.

"My friends," he said, "by the discovery of an alloy of metal and metalloids we have created a new substance, which when an electrical current of certain potentiality is passed through it becomes intensely radioactive; infinitely more so than radium. Through these machines," and here he waved his hand at the twin apparatus in the rear, "my daughter and I have produced electrical manifestations hitherto unsuspected and unknown. The metal itself, while radioactive to a certain degree, does not become intensely so without the application of the excitant current." He pulled the plate down until it rested on the floor, and stood upon it, while they, still awed, waited for his further exposition.

"This morning, by an accidental contact which lasted until the plate had torn itself loose and broken the current, I saw to the full the possibilities it contained. The impact of the emanations, or radioactive corpuscles, against the sheet of insulation and tank at the bottom drove it through the floor and into the ground, because the corpuscles which flew off in the other direction were unimpeded, free and harmless. Had the excitant current been maintained, the plate would have buried itself indefinitely toward the center of the earth."

The officers gave a gasp of something almost approaching incredulity, with the exception of Jenkins, who nodded his head and excitedly rubbed his hands.

Roberts picked up a scrap at his feet and held it toward them. "For years I experimented upon and perfected this," he said. "It is an insulation which will pass no current of electricity, and which no known heat can destroy. To-day by accident I learned that it was also an impervious screen to radioactive emanations. In the second experiment I so charged

ILLUSTRATED BY A. WEIL

the alloy in my lower plate that it merely offsets gravitation, and put my sheet of insular substance between; and there we have levitation. Those two plates are working against each other with nearly equal force, the balance being disturbed only in ratio to gravitation."

"The solution of the flying machine!" Jenkins shouted excitedly, and Roberts, appreciating the engineer's quick understanding, smiled and responded:

"Yes, just that."

"But what will furnish its propulsion?" asked Jenkins, whose mind was traveling over the possibilities of rapid flight. The others evinced their interest by craning forward.

"It will furnish its own," the scientist answered, "because by the use of the apparatus behind it we can excite its radioactivity to any degree that might be safe. More plainly, the moment the current excites and therefore increases the power of the lower plate, a lifting energy could be exerted which would destroy the equilibrium of levitation and drive the plates into the air with a force corresponding to the strength or character of the current. Or, on the other hand, if the upper plate was similarly excited, thus liberating its corpuscles, the plate would be driven toward the earth."

The admiral, who had been slowly following this dissertation, seemed suddenly to have grasped its entire meaning, and thrust himself out from the group with both hands extended and gesticulating rapidly. "Then all you have to do," he said, "is to put on either end of your airship a freeboard made of this metal, capable of excitation and insulated on its inner surface, and you would thereby be able to drive your craft in either direction at any speed you might wish!"

"That's it exactly," answered Roberts and Jenkins in unison. The inventor continued:

"I can beat a freeboard, however, because I shall apply my electrical current in such a way as to send all the corpuscles of radioactive matter in any direction I may choose. I could with this alloy even create magnets of unknown power. I can build a craft in sections where magnets and radioactive surfaces will alternate."

He was growing excited as the magnitude of the scope of his discovery dawned upon his imagination. Norma calmed him down, but the admiral, infected with these visions, took up the strain and enthusiastically expatiated to his companions. "To him the skies were already filled with flying ships that were to swoop down over an enemy, drop terrific bombs of high explosives, and thus sweep the seas. But future events, he was to learn, cannot be predicted with certainty."

"Well, well!" he said, briskly. "What next?"

"Your engineers must assist me in drawing plans. We shall want great quantities of new material and electrical equipment, and must have them soon; because when we get well under way we should be able to create two or three of these radioplanes each day."

The great plates were locked in, and the group repaired to one of the offices, where for hours the inventor elaborated his scheme of control, the mechanical means of which were to be worked out and drawings made by the engineers. And as they toiled over their plans, there spread from mouth to mouth throughout the strange colony the story of the marvelous conception, until even the most prosaic workman found himself dreaming and speculating over his task. Before dusk had crowded the light from the skies, the Columbia, under a full head of steam, picked her way out to meet the ocean swells, and headed for Miami, where she was to send a message to Washington, calling for strangely assorted supplies and notifying the anxious naval men that the dry dock would not be needed.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Sharpened Feminine Barb.
Difficult subjects require careful handling, and for this reason a room clerk at a woman's hotel must have special qualifications, says a New York letter. One of the many applicants to approach a clerk of this class was a young, prepossessing woman who, a few days ago, walked to the desk and hesitatingly asked if a room could be had at moderate price.

"Would you like a room at a dollar and a half a day?" With a startled look she replied, "I want one at three dollars a week." "We have rooms at that price, but none vacant. You can see that the office is full of guests, and it is not probable that we shall have such a room as you desire until one of our guests dies—or gets married." Sweeping the office with her eyes, the young woman replied, sweetly, "Oh, then, it is hopeless!"

"BOBBY" WAS SO NERVOUS.

He Was Not to Be Agitated, Even by "Percy, Dear."

It was moving day for the summer colony along the North shore of Massachusetts. On the morning train from Rockport, bearing many well-known Bostonians to their town houses for the winter, rode a stormy old gentleman from the west. At Percy's crossing a family of three—father, mother and daughter—boarded the train, bearing respectively the family treasures: One pet poodle, one gray cat in a blue blanket, and one traveling clock in a much worn leather case. The party had no sooner found seats across from the westerner, than it became apparent that the excitement of boarding the train had caused a commotion among the pets. The cat was chided for talking aloud. "Calm yourself, Bobby," said his mistress. "Be yourself once more—we are now on our way home." Whereupon Bobby grow calm.

The poodle became restless in the company of his master on a seat in front and signified his yearning for Bobby's company by climbing up the back of the seat and casting goo-goo eyes at the Tabby. The sympathetic mistress understood at once and said:

"You may come over here and sit with us, Percy, dear, on one condition—you must not agitate Bobby."

This was too much for the stormy westerner. With a loud snort he reared up, pawed his hand-bag from the rack above his head, and pranced into a coach ahead.

\$23.00 PERSONALLY CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS.

Colonists' one-way tickets Chicago to the Pacific coast, via the Chicago, Union Pacific and Northwestern Lines, are on sale daily during March and April at the rate of \$33.00. Correspondingly low rates from all points. Double berth in tourist sleeping car only \$7.00, through without charge to San Francisco, Los Angeles and Portland. No extra charge on our personally conducted tours. Write for itinerary and full particulars to S. A. Hutchison, Manager Tourist Department, 212 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

A Dire Threat.

It is well known that certain vagabonds desire nothing better, especially when the cold weather comes on, than to be arrested and locked up, in order that they may be taken care of a while. One of this fraternity succeeded in getting himself arrested for vagrancy, and on the way to the lock-up he was so much overjoyed by the prospect of not having to sleep in the open air that he behaved somewhat boisterously.

"Keep quiet!" threatened the policeman; "if you don't, I'll let you go!"—Exchange.

Their Good Time.

Little Elsie was very despondent and mother was cross and scolding. Suddenly the little one looked up and said, very sweetly: "Oh, mamma, ain't we having a good time!"

"How?" asked mother, crossly.

"Oh, just a fussing."—Delineator.

There are four advantages in taking Munyon's Homeopathic Remedies. First, they are positively harmless. Second, they are pleasant to take. Third, they relieve quickly. Fourth, they cost nothing unless they give satisfaction.

Prof. Munyon has just issued a Magazine-Almanac, which will be sent free to any person who addresses The Munyon Company, Philadelphia.

Middle Course the Best.
Lobster and champagne for supper—that's high jinks. Sawdust and near coffee for breakfast—that's hygiene. Between these two eminences, however, there's room for some genuine living.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE" that is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of W. D. GAY'S on the wrapper. It cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Riches without charity are nothing worth. They are a blessing only to others.—Fielding.

Death Lurks In Every Breeze

especially these cold winter breezes, when you're so subject to coughs and colds. A little cold neglected now will cause serious trouble later. There's but one safeguard—

DR. D. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

Keep it in your home all the time—then you'll be ready for the battle.

Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant removes the cause of colds, coughs, bronchitis, asthma, inflammation of lungs and chest, that's why it is the safest and surest remedy known.

It's sold everywhere in three size bottles \$1.00, 50c, 25c

AFTER FOUR YEARS OF MISERY

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Baltimore, Md.—"For four years my life was a misery to me. I suffered from irregularities, terrible dragging sensations, extreme nervousness, and that all gone feeling in my stomach. I had given up hope of ever being well when I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Then I felt as though new life had been given me, and I am recommending it to all my friends."—Mrs. W. S. FORD, 1938 Lansdowne St., Baltimore, Md.

The most successful remedy in this country for the cure of all forms of female complaints is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has stood the test of years and to-day is more widely and successfully used than any other female remedy. It has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, and nervous prostration, after all other means had failed.

If you are suffering from any of these ailments, don't give up hope until you have given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you would like special advice write to Mrs. M. L. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. She has guided thousands to health, free of charge.

Kemp's Balsam

Will stop any cough that can be stopped by any medicine and cure coughs that cannot be cured by any other medicine.

It is always the best cough cure. You cannot afford to take chances on any other kind.

KEMP'S BALSAM cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, grip, asthma and consumption in first stages.

It does not contain alcohol, opium, morphine, or any other narcotic, poisonous or harmful drug.

SALZERS SEED BARGAINS

A Big Garden for 16c

Everybody loves earliest vegetables and brilliant flowers. Therefore to gain you as a customer we offer:

1000	Kentucky Pine Onion Seed.
1000	Rich Carrot Seed.
1000	Celery, 100 Parsley.
1000	Lucy Radish Seed.
1500	Concave Lettuce Seed.
1500	Tender Turnip Seed.
1500	Sweet Rutabaga Seed.
1000	Brilliant Flowering Annuals.

In all 10,000 guaranteed warranted seeds. We will work for 100 of any kind of seeds for the price of 100. All seeds paid for by post paid for postage stamps. Above seeds will equally produce \$50.00 worth of rich vegetables and flowers. Gladly mail you a seed list and a package of EARLY FLAVOR O'DAY Sweet Corn.

SALZERS SEED AND PLANT CATALOGUE. Most original seed book ever published. Beautifully illustrated and containing the latest news of seed raising. Write today.

John A. Seizer Seed Co.
Box W, La Crosse, Wis.

320 Acres of Wheat Land IN WESTERN CANADA WILL MAKE YOU RICH

Fifty bushels per acre have been grown. General average greater than in any other part of the continent. Under new regulations it is possible to secure a homestead of 160 acres free, and additional 160 acres at \$3 per acre.

"The development of the country has made marvelous strides. It is a revelation, a record of conquest by settlement that is remarkable."—Extract from correspondence of National Editor, who visited Canada in August last.

The grain crop of 1908 will net many farmers \$20.00 to \$25.00 per acre. Grain-raising, mixed farming and dairying are the principal industries. Climate is excellent; soil conditions the best; railway advantages unequalled; schools, churches and markets close at hand. Land may also be purchased from railway and land companies.

For "Last Best West" pamphlets, maps and information as to how to secure lowest railway rates, apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or the authorized Canadian Government Agent:

H. V. McNEES, 176 Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Michigan; or C. A. LAURIE, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

Prevents itching and dandruff. Cleanses the scalp. Promotes the growth of the hair. Keeps the hair soft and pliable. Cures itching and dandruff. Cleanses the scalp. Promotes the growth of the hair. Keeps the hair soft and pliable. Cures itching and dandruff.

LIVE STOCK AND MISCELLANEOUS ELECTROTYPES

In great variety for sale at the lowest prices by A. N. BELL, 1000 W. 12th St., Minneapolis, Minn.

GALL STONES

Address C. COVET, R. D. 5, Lansing, Mich.

Briefs of the Week

Registration Day.
School ma'ams galore.
Election next Monday.

Gold Ring Found—Apply at this office.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. G. Glenn a son, last Sunday.

Dr. W. E. Heston will lecture for a "benefit" in the near future. Watch for topic, date and place.

LeRoy Sherman left Monday for Grand Rapids where he was summoned to serve as U. S. juror.

Blings Lost.—Two Ladies' Gold Set Rings. Will kindly return same to or notify The Herald Office.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. A. Hudson entertained our Common Council to a six o'clock dinner Thursday evening.

C. L. Lorraine was at Detroit and Lansing this week in the interest of his invention—the American Ballot Machine.

The next regular meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held at the home of its treasurer, Mrs. W. L. French, March 26th at 2:30.

The ladies of the Modern Maccabees will give a ten cent social at their hall, Monday evening, March 15. Everybody invited. Further notice next week.

Circle No. 2 of the Methodist Ladies' Aid will serve a supper at the home of Mrs. B. E. Waterman next Wednesday evening, March 10th. Everyone cordially invited.

E. H. Southerland, formerly of this place, died at his home in Detroit Wednesday. He was a member of North Star Tent No. 130 K. O. T. M. and carried \$2,000 insurance in same.

Don't forget The Herald has a complete line of Sample Calendars, Cut-Outs and Wall Pockets, which will be pleased to show you if you're interested. They're the finest ever shown in East Jordan.

The Common Council met this week and awarded contract for building the water works system to W. R. Cadwell city engineer of Traverse City. Work will commence as soon as the submarine pipes arrive, and they were shipped over a week ago.

Messrs Clarke Haire and E. A. Lewis were over to Boyne City, Thursday in the interest of the Local Option movement. A county organization was perfected, W. P. Porter of this Village being elected president and Judge J. M. Harris secretary-treasurer.

A St. Patrick's Social will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter French on Wednesday evening, March 17th, in behalf of the penny contest. Come one and all and enjoy a good program as well as a social evening. Refreshments served. Admission 10c—(which is one foot of pennies.) Children 5c.

Frank Kenyon of East Jordan, L. F. Knowles of Boyne City and Ira A. Adams were in Traverse City Friday attending a meeting of the executive committee of the Lincoln Club, which is making arrangements for speakers and other details for the regular annual meeting and banquet which will occur about April 8.—Bellaire Independent.

The Basket Ball game of last Friday between Bellaire and East Jordan ended in a forfeiture of the visitors to the home team. The Bellaire Independent of this week publishes over a column of matter relative to the game, the main feature being a lot of rot thrown into Supt. Fuller. We wouldn't know a basket-ball if we saw it, but we do know that Supt. Fuller is a thorough sportsman and knows, at least, the rudiments of the game—something our guests seem to lack.

The Village Caucus, held last Saturday evening, re-nominated H. I. McMillan as Village president, Charles A. Hudson as Clerk, J. H. Milford as treasurer, and W. A. Pickard as assessor. In selecting trustees, C. A. Brabant and Dr. C. A. Sweet declined to run again; A. E. Cross and A. G. Rogers were nominated. Harry S. Price, appointed a year ago to fill out Mr. McMillan's vacancy caused by his election as village president, was re-nominated.

St. Patrick's Day will be celebrated with a big entertainment at Loveday opera house. It is given under auspices of St. Joseph's Catholic church and a fine program is being arranged. The speaker of the evening will be Rev. Fr. James Golden, one of ablest Irish-American orators in the state. The famous Mobile Family of Traverse City will furnish harp and other instrumental music. John McIntosh, celebrated piper for the McDonalds in the Boer war, will take part in the program and also entertain on the streets during the day. A beautiful pantomime will close the program. Tickets are only 25c and can now be secured at Votruba's Store or at Mrs. Walsh's.

Miss Leah Persons is assisting at the Boston Store.

Ray I. Clink is now located at Phoenix, Arizona.

Mrs. Jacob Quick returned Wednesday from the Chicago hospital.

Dr. C. A. Sweet left Wednesday for a trip to Chicago and other places.

Robert Cook and Herb Talbot left for Boyne City where they have employment.

Austin Sheldon left on Sunday for Vanderbilt where he teaches for another four months.

Mrs. Keenholz is spending a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Jardine of Ironton.

A sleighload of East Jordanites drove over to Boyne last Friday night for a visit with Roy Ruddock.

Miss Ada Matthews will lead the Epworth League service at 6 o'clock, sabbath, subject "The Soul's Bread."

The Young Ladies' Sodality of Catholic church have a bake sale at Miss Kneal's Store this Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Jas. Gidley has been shut in several days through a severe attack of tonsillitis, but is now almost well again.

Miss Bessie Greenwood took a hard fall of the icy walks Monday morning, and was confined to her home for a few days.

After an illness of a week Florence Sheldon has again taken up her school work in Charlevoix where she is attending the county normal.

Mrs. C. Barrie returned first of the week from a fortnight's visit with her daughter, Mrs. Roy Blair, at Boyne. Mr. and Mrs. Blair accompanied her home.

The Epworth League will meet with Miss Isabel Lamport on Tuesday evening for the March business and social gathering. Young people invited.

Rev. W. W. Lamport preached at the Vance school house Sunday afternoon. There was a good house and a request for a similar service on Sunday, March 14.

The Methodist Ladies' Aid Society met on Wednesday with Mrs. S. L. Gregory. Mrs. Chas. Crowell, in charge of the entertainment hour, provided a very pleasant program of recitation and music after which the usual refreshments were served.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Smith were delightfully entertained in their home Saturday evening, Feb. 27th, by the mysterious five. They came with their usual joyous laughter, and originality of wit and manner. Being unexpected visitors they proceeded to make themselves at home and soon were enjoying games. Later they served a delicious luncheon, with their hosts as guests.

E. J. Crossman, Gen'l traffic manager of the E. J. & S. Railroad has received notice from the Pere Marquette traffic manager that Home Seeker's Excursions will be run from the south on March 23rd, April 6th and 20th, and May 4th and 13th, to Northern Michigan, the rate to East Jordan, from all points, being \$1.50, with a 15-day return limit. Tickets will be sold from Chicago, Sturgis, Michigan City, Toledo, Benton Harbor, Niles, Hillsdale and other points.

The W. C. T. U. met last with the vice president, Mrs. Martha Grigsby—who also conducted the meeting. A large attendance demonstrated the interest. Singing, "Rescue the Perishing," was the first on the program. Miss Violet Grigsby accompanied. Rev. W. W. Lamport led the devotional taking his lesson from Isaiah XV, followed with prayer. "Bringing in the Sheaves" was sung. A short drill on parliamentary law and a paper on same by Supt. Mary E. Heston, was given. Miss Grigsby favored with an instrumental selection. In the business hour, annual reports of officers and committees were listened to. The flower mission, press, soldiers and sailors reported favorably. Vocal solo "The Perfect Life," was sweetly sung by Mrs. H. H. Fuller. A letter from Mrs. M. H. Robertson, president, who is sojourning at St. Petersburg, Fla., also a letter from Mrs. Howard, president of the eleventh district, were read. A contest for securing new members was arranged. Mrs. Helen B. Lamport and Mrs. Mary E. Heston being appointed chairmen. The Misses Esther Porter and Katharine Haire played the Mardi Gras quadrille. Pro and con of local option was read by Mrs. W. J. Empey. Rev. Lamport made a few remarks on the Good Citizen League. Rev. Grigsby was called upon and responded with a few cheery and encouraging remarks. A committee was appointed to work up an entertainment; a lecture by Dr. Winifred Heston will be the main feature. The session adjourned to meet on the last Friday in March.

W. P. Porter is a business visitor to Chicago, returning today.

Mrs. P. Walsh left Tuesday for a short business trip to Chicago.

Mrs. F. B. Hamilton left Tuesday for a visit with friends at Standish.

A fine line of Men's Up-to-Date Neckwear just received at Wiesman's.

Mrs. Mary Boosinger was here from Mt. Pleasant this week, guest of friends.

Dick Steffes has been quite ill and confined to his bed. He is convalescing now.

C. H. Whittington is closing his entire line of last year's Wall Paper at 25 per cent discount.

Highway Com'r C. B. Crowell was at Charlevoix last Saturday attending the good-roads institute.

Traut Officer Wm. F. Bashaw was down to the county seat on official business first of the week.

W. A. Loreday and Geo. G. Glenn were at Charlevoix, Tuesday, having business with the Probate Court.

Miss Mary Porter left last week for Detroit, where she will take a course of instruction in Y. W. C. A. work.

Mr. and Mrs. Godfrey McDonald of Ironton spent Sunday and Monday with their daughter Mrs. Lon Sheldon.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Crossman left first of the week for Jackson, Fla., where they take a month's outing. Miss LaVerne left at the same time for Santaigo, Cal., where she visits friends.

Miss Isabel Lamport has charge of a flourishing Junior League at the Methodist church each Sabbath at three o'clock. At present the children are being drilled in a study of the books of the Bible.

Call at B. C. Hubbard & Co's and look over their fine new line of Spring Goods, received this week. Ladies' Suits, Dress Goods, Etc., Etc.—the finest line of goods for the ladies ever shown in East Jordan.

Usual services next Sunday morning and evening at 10:30 and 7:00 in the Presbyterian church. The pastor will preach. Everybody welcome. Sunday School meets at 11:45, Junior C. E. at 3:00, Senior C. E. at 6:00.

The regular review of Soronia Hive No. 452 E. O. T. M. M. was held last Monday night with about thirty ladies of the Hive present and four visitors. Refreshments were served and a general good time was enjoyed by all.

The Sunday evening audiences at the Methodist church are getting some fine music these days and plenty of it. The song services are attracting much attention. There also seems to be a deepening interest in other features of the service.

Do you want to go to College? If so we can help you. We have already put hundreds through college by means of our plan. Write today for full information regarding our offer of a free scholarship in any school or college. Address, Robert J. Sherlock, 29-31 East 32d Street, New York City.

The Woman's Monthly Foreign Missionary Society of the Methodist church met with Mrs. George Carr on Tuesday. Subject, "India." Rev. W. W. Lamport led the devotional. Articles were read by Mrs. Lamport, Miss Ada Matthews and Mrs. W. J. Smith. Music, Mrs. Blanche Robertson-Dole gave two vocal solos, Miss Ada Matthews an instrumental solo, and Misses Reta Carr and Hazel Cuffinings an instrumental duet. Refreshments were served at close.

Miss Lou Rice, the sixth grade teacher at East Jordan, spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of Robert Nelson at Advance where on Saturday evening she was pleasantly surprised when a large party of her old pupils arrived. A splendid time was spent at a round of games after which delicious refreshments were served. The young ladies and gentlemen departed hoping Miss Rice might be able to visit them again.—Boyne Citizen.

Sample Books of Special Designs in Wall Paper always on exhibition at C. H. Whittington's.

WANTED—Success Magazine requires the services of a man in East Jordan to look after expiring subscriptions and to secure new business by means of special methods unusually effective; position permanent; prefer one with experience, but would consider any applicant with good natural qualifications; salary \$1.50 per day, with commission option. Address, with references, R. C. Peacock, Room 103, Success Magazine Bldg., New York.

The Mission Study Class will meet with Dr. Winifred Heston next Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Any who are interested are invited to be present. Topics for discussion will be: "Contrast between Judaism and Hinduism;" "Vedism;" "Hymn to Varuna," and "Hymn of Creation," from Rig Veda; "Brahminism, Code of Manu;" "Brahminical Philosophy," Illusion and Pantheism; "Pantheism and Polytheism;" "Buddhism;" "Modern Hinduism."

Medal Contest Program

Following is the program arranged for the Medal Contest to be held at the Methodist Church, Friday evening of next week:

- Music: Scripture Reading, Prayer.
 - "Today's Issue,"—Rev. Lamport.
 - Music—Male Quartette.
 - 1 "The Cost of It."
 - 2 "Which Shall It Be."
 - 3 "Have we a Christian Government?"
 - Music—Male Quartette.
 - 4 "The Re-Submissionist's Story."
 - 5 "A Terrible Charge."
 - 6 "It Pays."
- Remarks—Rev. A. Grigsby.
Decision of Judges; presenting medal.
Music—America. Benediction.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.
Following is a list of the letters remaining uncalled for in the East Jordan postoffice for the week ending Feb'y 27th, 1908.

- Letters.
Waldroff, Miss Lottie
Cards.
McKilloid, Miss Grace
Reynolds, Claud
Stanhope, E. G.
Stanton, A. C.
FRANK A. KENYON, P. M.

STATE BANK of EAST JORDAN

Capital \$50,000 Surplus \$1500
Officers:
W. P. Porter, President
W. L. French, Vice Pres.
Geo. G. Glenn, Cashier
B. A. Dole, Asst. Cashier
Directors: W. P. Porter, W. L. French, Chas. M. Schaffer, F. M. Severance, M. H. Robertson, Carl Stroebel, Fred Smith, Clark Haire, Geo. G. Glenn.

WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS.

Yes, C. H. Whittington has the finest selection of Wall Paper to be found anywhere.

WANTED—Men and teams to haul logs from my place in Echo township to the E. J. L. Co's Mill A. Apply to Eugene Bowen, R. F. D. No. 5, East Jordan, Mich.

CARPET CARPET

Empey Bros. have the largest stock of Carpets every shown in this city. Patterns are up-to-date. We have sold over two thousand yards of this carpet. People come and buy it the second time. What better recommendation do you want. Only 25c and 35c per yard.

Taft Inaugurat'n Shoes



WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Augusta, Ga., Dec. 22, '08

My Dear Sirs:—
I have your letter of Dec. 15th. If you desire to make a shoe that will fit, I suggest that you communicate with Dr. Ansel G. Cook, of Hartford, Conn., who took a plastic cast of my foot and who is now perfecting a model or the shoe as it ought to be constructed.
Sincerely Yours,
WM. H. TAFT

The Brown Shoe Company,
St. Louis, Mo.

How Would You Like to Stand In the President's Shoes?

Even if you can't be president, you can wear the same style shoes as worn by him—Taft Special, Patent Leather Blucher—sold at the

LITTLE WHITE SHOE STORE
C. A. Hudson, Prop'r.

Our Windows

will give you an idea of what is The Very Latest in LADIES SHIRT WAISTS

It will also please us very much to have you come in and let us submit for your inspection the most complete assortment of Ladies' Waists, Dresses, Wash Skirts, and Petticoats.

Also a complete line of Children's Wash Dresses and Rompers.

JUST RECEIVED: A beautiful line of Laces, Embroideries and Fancy Trimmings. Prices to suit everyone.

Don't Forget the Sample Shoes—98c, \$1.49, \$1.79.

L. WIESMAN

New Stock Just Received!

CONFECTIONERY—A Fine Supply of Sweetmeats; Fresh, Wholesome, and Cheap.

POST CARDS—Our store has the finest collection in town. A new lot, received this week. Call and look them over. We like to be "bothered."

HARPER'S BAZAAR.

All's Well

with the Plumbing done by us, because the materials and fixtures are of the very best quality and the workmanship that of skillful—and expert craftsmen in Sanitary Plumbing. Let us attend to your PLUMBING HEATING ROOF WORK, Etc., and it will be well done, and a case of "end well."

MARINE SUPPLIES,
GEORGE H. SPENCER,

PLENTY OF IT—ALL THE BEST!

That's the combination you want to look for when you start out to buy Groceries—that is, if you are at all particular to get something which makes a noise like about the best thing on the market—and your appetite.

Here's a stock that is filled with the most reliable staples, and all the tasty, tempting little niceties and table luxuries as well. From flour and sugar to the finer things, we carry an elaborate selection—in fact, anything you want that's good. Then, you must remember the argument our prices offer.

WILL RICHARDSON

Phone No. 156.

We're On The Job

WITH A FULL LINE OF

Staple and Fancy Groceries

Canned Goods, Fruits

Baked Goods

Fresh and Smoked MEATS.

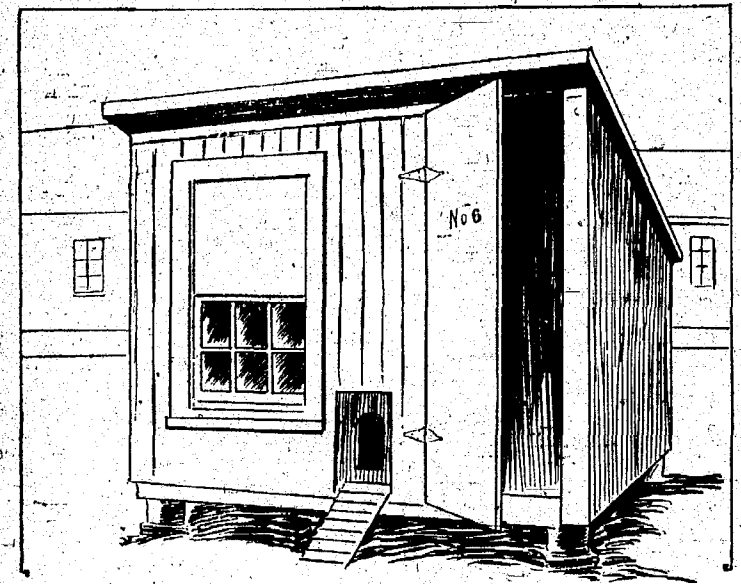
A nice assortment of Candies and all things good to eat.

Try us with a sample order of almost anything and you will be pleased.

N. MUMA & CO.

MANAGING POULTRY TO GET THE BEST RESULTS

The Kind of Building Needed and Its Arrangement—By J. W. Clark, Pennsylvania Experiment Station.



Combined Colony and Brooder House.

Poultry is found thriving and yielding good returns in so many styles of houses that it is difficult to lay down any hard and fast rules. The tendency at present is toward cheaper houses with better ventilation. The hot-house style of housing poultry during the winter has not been satisfactory, many of the houses being damp and the air in them anything but agreeable. Disease has been quite common and the results in many cases have been disappointing.

Poultry houses should be so arranged as to admit plenty of sunlight, especially in winter months, as it assists very materially in warming the house and making fowls cheery. It also dries up moisture and is one of the best agencies for killing microbes and disease germs. Windows should be arranged to come well up under the front. This will permit the sun to shine well toward the back part of the house. Winter is the most important time for plenty of sun and as it is lower in the heavens during the winter months, hence the importance of having the windows higher. At least one-third of the front of a poultry house should be gabled or open to the south. It should face the south or southeast. Windows should be arranged to slide back or to be removed in some way. On bright mild days no covering is necessary over the opening; on windy or cold stormy days a muslin curtain should be used, unless very cold, when the windows may be kept shut to prevent the combs being frozen. By getting the fowls accustomed to the condition as cold weather approaches they are better prepared to stand lower temperature with no injurious results.

Each bird of the Plymouth Rock, Wyandotte and other breeds requires about nine inches of perch room. Leghorns, etc., about eight inches and Brahmas and Cochins ten inches. Roosts should be made lower or nearer the floor. Fowls of the heavier breeds cannot fly high, and those of the lighter breeds frequently injure the soles of their feet in jumping from high perches, causing bumble-foot. When drooping boards are used they should be moderately low down to admit easy cleaning. Droppings

boards should be made of matched lumber and should be 20 inches wide for one roost and three feet for two, the first being placed ten inches from the wall. Most poultrymen prefer roosts two by three inches wide, with edges rounded slightly. Nests are usually made from 12 to 15 inches square. If placed near the floor they are apt to induce egg eating. Dark nests prevent this.

Cement floors are the cleanest and if properly constructed, and dry and warm and give good results. Six inches of coal cinders rounded well down close with some fine material on top, sand will answer, and one to one and a half inches sand and cement, one cement and two sand will make a strong enough floor for a poultry house.

Colony houses have many things to recommend them. They can be used for several different purposes and be moved from place to place with a horse, insuring fresh land for rearing chicks on. Brooders can be placed in these early in the spring and after the chicks are old enough to do without heat the brooders may be removed and perches put up. This makes an ideal house till very late in the fall. Laying hens can be wintered in colony houses with as good results in egg production as in larger houses. Ventilation can be arranged in colony houses much the same as in larger ones. The two cuts here show the shed roof and gable roof. The shed roof is ventilated by muslin curtains on upper part of windows, the gable roof house by straw left with lattice in each gable to admit the air to pass over and through the straw, which is held up by wire netting fastened to the sides of the roof.

A muslin curtain was used on upper half of windows shown in figure. On mild days this was hooked up inside during a great portion of the day and was let down during the night. Although the temperature on some nights during the time registered over ten degrees below zero, the combs of the birds were not affected except a Leghorn cockerel which had been purchased and came from a warmer pen. Fowls will stand considerable frost if accustomed to it. The buildings are single boarded.

DRY ROT OF CORN

Disease Which Is Causing Concern.

According to T. J. Burrill and J. T. Barrett of the Illinois station the groups of diseases of corn known under the general name of dry rot has become of sufficient economic importance during the past four or five years to cause general concern among farmers in corn-growing regions.

In 1906, the year in which there was the greatest amount of dry rot, so far as any records have been made, the loss was 4.5 per cent. of the entire crop in Illinois. This represents a loss of over 15,000,000 bushels, having a value of more than \$6,000,000. The loss in 1907 was less than two per cent. of the crop, or about \$2,000,000. The name dry rot is derived from the way the ears are affected in the field. "In general the husks tend to turn prematurely yellow to rusty, and the ear becomes partially or wholly shriveled and much decreased in weight. Sometimes the ears remain upright with the husks closely adhering to them. In other cases the shanks are weakened and the affected ears hang limp from their attachment, or the diseased condition may not be detected until the husk is removed."

There are several kinds of dry rot, due to different causes. The most common and that which, according to Burrill and Barrett, has during the past two seasons caused about 60 per cent. of the damage in Illinois, is due to a fungus known as *Diplodia maydis*. Ears infected with this fungus "shriveled up more or less, darkened in color, and became light in weight."

"The kernels are also shriveled, very brittle, and loosely attached to the cob. The fungus penetrates all portions of the ear, kernels, cob, and husks, and produces many dark brown,

two-celled spores which serve to propagate the fungus.

"There are several other forms of dry rot which are less important, but cause considerable damage, which seems to be on the increase. These are also due to fungi which belong, for the most part, to the genus *Fusarium*—members of which cause serious damage to quite a number of our important cultivated plants.

"In the case of the *Diplodia* disease, and quite probably in that of the other forms, the fungus perpetuates itself over winter on the old diseased ears and old stalks. It is not usually difficult to find throughout the summer in old corn fields, where the disease has previously prevailed, many pieces of old cornstalks which are infected with the *Diplodia* fungus. Stalks known to be two years old have been found still producing spores."

"The fungus does not, according to present knowledge, grow upon any other host, and upon developing corn only on the ears. Not so much is known of the other fungi here concerned, but since 90 per cent. of the rot is due to *Diplodia*, less attention need be given to them. Diseased ears are fruitful sources of subsequent infection and should be removed as promptly as possible. This can be readily done, at the time of husking, if not before. Keep them in a separate receptacle and burn them as soon as practicable. In addition to this, in fields where any considerable amount of disease has been found, the stalks should also have attention, whatever crop is to follow. Something may be gained by carefully plowing them under and leaving them well covered, but burning may be required even if this is otherwise had procedure. Such a field should not be replanted to corn for at least two years.

"If the first suggestion is always followed and the others are put into practice whenever necessity demands it, these serious losses may be practically prevented."

Morning Dresses



HERE are three simple dresses that are just the thing for morning wear in the house. The first is in rather fine navy blue serge; the skirt is trimmed with wide black braid; straps of the material and braid covered buttons. It fastens at the side under the braid. The bodice is made with a very tiny yoke and collar-band; these and the under-sleeves are of white washing silk; the material is tucked each side front from shoulder to bust, and at the back is plain; the sleeves are tucked on the top of arm, and have a piece of braid carried round the yoke to form a point in front and quite down the outside of arm. The fastening is at side, under the braid. The bodice is sewn to a narrow waist-band, which is tacked to the skirt band, so that both can be slipped on together.

Materials required: 7 yards 46 inches wide, 7 yards braid, about 4 dozen buttons, 3/4 yard white silk 22 inches wide.

The second is in grey mohair. The skirt is quite plain; the bodice has a straight vest, collar, and under sleeves of tuck net; straps of tuck net material, bound with silk, are carried over the shoulders, and terminate under the shaped waist-band. Pieces of silk form a sort of vest each side, which is laced with ribbon over the ends of the silk ties. Long fringed ends of ribbon fall from the left side of waist.

Materials required: 7 yards 46 inches wide, 7 yards sateen for lining, 1/2 yard silk 22 inches wide, 1/4 yard tuck net.

The third costume shown is in brown cashmere. The skirt is made with wrapped seams; closely-set pleats being let in at lower half of side seam. A band of silk 2 inches wide forms a trimming. The bodice has a vest of tuck net cream silk; then from the edge of each front stand out shaped pieces of silk embroidered in various shades of brown and blue. The ends of this cross below bust, and are buttoned to the fronts. The material for sleeves is arranged in folds to match silk on skirt.

Materials required: 7 yards 45 inches wide, 1 1/2 yard silk, 4 yards ribbon, 1 1/2 yard silk for vests, 7 yards sateen for lining.

USE FOR THE SEPARATE TUNIC:

Will Transform Old-Fashioned Frock Into Something Smart.

Clever women have found out that a separate tunic, made of another material than the gown and draped over it, is an excellent method of altering an old-fashioned frock.

There are some skirts that are too short to be lifted up even for two inches on the bodice to give the empire effect, and they are too much out of style to wear as they are.

If the skirt and bodice are put together by their linings and two or three folds of self-colored material neatly draped around the waistline in order to make it invisible, the foundation work is finished.

The tunic may be made of net, chiffon cloth, bands of net and embroidered satin, or all-over lace edged with fur or gold galleons.

This is cut with a seam down middle of back and neatly draped three inches above the waistline, headed with folds of the material or a piece of the trimming used elsewhere.

This tunic drops from bust to knees and gives the exact line that it needs this winter on smart frocks.

Coats Longer.

Coats of nearly every kind and for any wear are somewhat longer this year than formerly. There are, of course, some short jackets and some extremely long coats accompanying runabout suits, but the minimum average length for the popular walking coat is 30 inches.

Right pretty are some of the little silk coats in la Watteau, shown among the recent Paris importations. They are often trimmed with handsome laces or galleons and sometimes with rare embroideries.

Silk coats in the tone of the skirt are more used than are cloth ones like the skirt, especially in suits to be worn for anything like dress occasions. These coats are usually loose and made in odd styles, in imitation of 25 or more years ago.

Colors Must Be in Harmony.

No sudden or violent color handling of showy colors. In any way whatsoever, in suit materials, in millinery, or in dress trimmings and plumes, is to be met with this season, says Vogue.

Perfect adaptation and harmony of signs, which, of course, bespeaks exquisite taste in every direction. A word about these new colors will furnish the right idea of a distinct departure from the colors of last season. There is far less obtrusiveness in the "prune," which we knew as the plum shade, for the new tone has more red than blue in its tint, and is far richer in tone. Smoke grays, and two blues—a Beauvais and a royal blue, and first a tapestry shade, the latter that deep tint seen in a sapphire—are very cool.

KEEPING THE PIANO IN ORDER.

Music Lover Has Growing Plants in Water in Drawing Room.

A matron who is fond of music and owns a handsome grand piano says she keeps it in tune much longer and prevents it from drying out with the intense heat of her city house by growing plants in water in her drawing room.

She raises Chinese lilies and hyacinths in glass bowls and jars and usually has standing on the piano or near it a big rose jar or a large glass pitcher filled with a dozen or more vines of tradescantia growing in water.

This vine is better known as "wandering Jew," and thrives as well in water as in soil. It comes in the plain green and variegated leaves, and is a charming addition to a room as well as making the air more moist. The vines root readily in water and need comparatively little light.

About once a week the plants are carefully removed, the jar washed and filled with pure water. A small lump of charcoal in the water will keep it from getting impure.

AN ULTRA MODISH HAT.



An extremely modish hat in all black is pictured in above cut. The shape is the corday or mushroom type, in black velvet, with a long black silk scarf whose ends are finished with deep fringe, artistically draped around crown and falling over brim on left side.

Saving the Hands.

Cotton gloves worn when dusting or fussing around the house are much cooler and just as useful as old gloves. Most workmen who do their own work will be very glad to hear this, for it is so hard to work round the house without injuring the hands, and old kid gloves are hot and clumsy.

Coffee Stains.

If tea or coffee be spilled on a woolen material, it may be removed by applying glycerin to the spot, after washing out the glycerin with water.

TUTOR WOULDN'T TREAT; SMOKED OUT BY PUPILS

MICHIGAN TEACHER OBJECTS TO TREATMENT AND LEAVES TOWN IN DISGUST.

Elsie, Mich.—Because they objected to the exuberant spirits and child-like joy of our simple village folk, James K. Jamison, superintendent, and Timothy P. Jamison, principal of the Elsie high school, shook the dust of the town from their feet the other day, vowing never to return.

The trouble all started during the holiday vacation, when T. P. Jamison took unto himself a bride. His pupils desiring to show him their appreciation of the importance of the occasion, assembled before his home. With horns, tin pans and every noise-making device that youthful ingenuity,



"Speech," Cried the Pupils.

earnestly applied, could devise, they awoke the sleeping country side for miles around.

A white-clad form appeared at an upper window of the Jamison home. "Speech!" cried the pupils. "Ain't you goin' to treat?" shouted some of the more practical minded.

Instead of the bridegroom, however, the ghostly figure proved to be his brother, James K., the superintendent. He requested the pupils to go home, and although there was some grumbling over the failure of the bridegroom to "come through with the treat," they obeyed.

Timothy's failure to treat became a village issue. Around the hot stove in one of the village groceries the town "cutups" held a consultation and came to the conclusion that "Tim hadn't done right." Furthermore, they vowed, by heck, that Tim shouldn't rest until he had treated his pupils.

For three hours that night they raised bedlam in front of the Jamison residence. All to no avail. Tim showed no disposition whatever to extend the hospitalities expected of him. "We'll show him, b'gosh," said the merry wags. With voices somewhat frazzled by the wear of the night before, they assembled. They didn't rely upon noise this time. They went up all the doors and windows, and then one bold spirit climbed up on the roof and stuffed rags down the chimney until it was completely clogged. This left to the Jamisons the pleasant alternative of being smothered with smoke or putting out the fire and enduring the cold.

"We're coming back every night until ye treat the scholars," shouted the band as they left the Jamison residence about daybreak.

Superintendent Jamison was grieved. He appealed to the village marshal, but that worthy remarked that he, too, thought, by gum, that Tim ought to treat.

Consequently the Jamison brothers and Tim's bride have left in disgust, declaring they will not return. The pupils, while they did not get their treat, are rejoicing in the extra vacation.

THIS HEN CHEWS TOBACCO.

Whimsical Fowl Lays Eggs Only When Given the Weed.

Youngstown, O.—The saltiest old fall that sails the sea does not love a chew of tobacco better than does a hen owned by Burt Miller, a lawyer of this city. For more than a year the hen, which was always industrious and remunerative, has refused to lay her customary egg each day unless her system is toned by tobacco. So, each day Mr. Miller sats before her a can of chewing tobacco and she takes a chew. The word "chew" is figurative, for, of course, nothing is rarer than hen's teeth. This hen pecks at the tobacco in the can, plainly with great enjoyment, and, after holding it in her mouth a while, ejects it.

The love of tobacco must be an acquired taste for a hen, just as are caviar and olives for a man. Mr. Miller thinks his hen, acquired the taste by eating cuds of tobacco which she found on his grounds after his man of all work had no further use for them. The hen will chew only the best fine cut of one particular brand. She has refused to taste samples of other brands sent to her by their manufacturers, who may have had in mind the value of an advertisement reading, "Eyon hens are not happy until they go our 'baccy'."

Mr. Miller tried to cure his hen of the habit by giving her a tobacco cure. It had no effect on her, however, however efficacious it may be on humans.

BROKEN REST.

A Back That Aches All Day Disturbs Sleep at Night.

Thomas N. McCullough, 321 So. Weber St., Colorado Springs, Colo., says: "Attacks of backache and kidney trouble began to come on me, lasting often for three weeks at a time, and I would be unable to turn in bed. The urine was much disordered, containing sediment, and my rest was broken at night. Relief from these troubles came soon after I started taking Doan's Kidney Pills, and continued treatment, entirely freed me from kidney trouble. The cure has been permanent."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

NEW WHAT HE NEEDED.



H. R. Sute—Sonny, kin you tell me where I kin get a Kid—Nothin' doin' pop! De barber shops is all closed on Sundays!

MIX FOR LAME BACK

To one-half pint good whiskey, add one ounce syrup sarsaparilla, and one ounce Toris compound, which can be procured from any druggist. Take in teaspoonful doses before each meal and before retiring. This recipe is never-failing. Leading specialists prescribe it.

One Spider's Doings.

The entire fire alarm system of Bayonne, N. J., was recently thrown out of order by a single spider. The insect had got caught where all the wires of the transmitter room converge together, and its body hung in such a way as to short-circuit the whole system.

Many Women Praise This Remedy. If you have pains in the back, urinary bladder or kidney trouble, and want a certain, pleasant herb cure for woman's ailments, try Mother Gray's AUSTRALIAN KIDNEY PILLS. It is a safe and never-failing regulator. At all Druggists or by mail 50 cents. Sample package FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

Who Wouldn't?

"We need a man to play the part of a millionaire; would you care to assume the role?" "I'd rather assume the roll."

A Domestic Eye Remedy. Compounded by Experienced Physicians. Conforms to Pure Food and Drug Laws. Wins Friends Wherever Used. Ask Druggists for Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine in Your Eyes. You Will Like Murine.

Small-minded men regard faith as a theory; large-minded men use it as a practical working power to get things done and done right.—Ruskin.

Great Home Eye Remedy. For all diseases of the eye, quick relief from using PHTHIS EYE SALVE. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

Power and fortune must concur with prudence and virtue to effect anything great in a political capacity.—Plato.

For Hoarseness and Coughs "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are wonderfully effective. 25 cents a box. Samples sent free by John I. Brown & Son, Boston, Mass.

Some people spend so much time handing out advice that they have no time to accomplish anything.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. See bottle.

The things you really stand for are revealed to those you run after.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. PAIN OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of locking, bending, bleeding or protruding files in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

Diamonds come highest when sold at cut rates.

Foot Ache—Use Allen's Foot-Powder. Owns 200 testimonials. Refuse imitations. Send for free trial package. A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Wise men make proverbs that fools may misquote them.

"GRIP IS PREVALENT AGAIN. A prompt remedy is what every one is looking for. The efficiency of Peruna is so well known that its value as a grip remedy need not be questioned. The grip yields more quickly if taken in hand promptly. If you feel grippy get a bottle of Peruna at once. Delay is almost certain to aggravate your case.

For a free illustrated booklet entitled "The Truth About Peruna," address The Peruna Co., Columbus, Ohio. Mailed postpaid.

The Exceptional Equipment

of the California Fig Syrup Co. and the scientific attainments of its chemists have rendered possible the production of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, in all of its excellence, by obtaining the pure medicinal principles of plants known to act most beneficially and combining them most skillfully, in the right proportions, with its wholesome and refreshing Syrup of California Figs.

As there is only one genuine Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna and as the genuine is manufactured by an original method known to the California Fig Syrup Co. only, it is always necessary to buy the genuine to get its beneficial effects.

A knowledge of the above facts enables one to decline imitations or to return them if, upon viewing the package, the full name of the California Fig Syrup Co. is not found printed on the front thereof.

BRINGING HIM OUT.



Asker—How is it you never speak to Duffy? I'm sure he's a diamond in the rough.

Miss Trimm—Yes, I think so, too—that's why I'm cutting him.

IN AGONY WITH ECZEMA.

Whole Body a Mass of Raw, Bleeding, Torturing Humor—Hoped Death Would End Fearful Suffering.

In Despair; Cured by Cuticura.

"Words cannot describe the terrible eczema I suffered with. It broke out on my head and kept spreading until it covered my whole body. I was almost a solid mass of sores from head to foot. I looked more like a piece of raw beef than a human being. The pain and agony endured seemed more than I could bear. Blood and pus oozed from the great sore on my scalp, from under my finger nails, and nearly all over my body. My ears were so crusted and swollen I was afraid they would break off. Every hair in my head fell out. I could not sit down, for my clothes would stick to the raw and bleeding flesh, making me cry out from the pain. My family doctor did all he could, but I got worse and worse. My condition was awful. I did not think I could live, and wanted death to come and end my frightful sufferings.

"In this condition my mother-in-law begged me to try the Cuticura Remedies. I said I would, but had no hope of recovery. But oh, what blessed relief I experienced after applying Cuticura Ointment. It cooled the bleeding and itching flesh and brought me the first real sleep I had had in weeks. It was as grateful as ice to a burning tongue. I would bathe with warm water and Cuticura Soap, then apply the Ointment freely. I also took Cuticura Resolvent for the blood. In a short time the sores stopped running, the flesh began to heal, and I knew I was to get well again. Then the hair on my head began to grow, and in a short time I was completely cured. I wish I could tell everybody who has eczema to use Cuticura. Mrs. Wm. Hunt, 135 Thomas St., Newark, N. J., Sept. 28, 1908."

Pottor Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

The Prince of Grumblers.

When Mr. Beeton asked if he did not find many unreasonable people among his summer boarders, Farmer Joy quickly assented.

"Lots an' lots are never satisfied anyway," he said. "No matter what's done for 'em, there'll always be something wrong somewhere.

"Now last summer," he went on with a gleaming eye, "we had a man here that was so fond of grumblin' that one day he actually called for a toothpick after he'd had a glass of milk."—Youth's Companion.

STATE OF OHIO CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 15th day of December, A. D. 1895.

W. G. GLEASON, Notary Public.

HALL'S Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo O.

Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Too Much Gravity a Bad Sign.

There is a false gravity which is a very ill symptom; and it may be said that as rivers which run very slowly have always the most mud at the bottom, so a solid stiffness in the constant course of a man's life is a sign of a thick bed of mud at the bottom of his brain.—Saville.

Sore throat leads to Tonsillitis, Quinsy and Diphtheria. Hamlin's Wizard Oil used as a gargle upon the first symptoms of a sore throat will invariably prevent all three of these dread diseases.

The man who ruined the Roman people was he who first gave them treats and gratuities.—Plutarch.

To restore a normal action to liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels, take Gosfield Tea, the mild herb laxative.

It isn't the knocker who gives aid, mission to our confidence.

A Modern Incompatibility

BY CHARLOTTE WILSON

(Copyright, by Bobbs-Merrill Co.)

They had been engaged a week. The lagoon was blue—bluer than living turquoise; and the long, sweeping lines of the parkward seemed to them considerably greener than emerald.

They seemed quite satisfied where they were, as the man, with long, lazy strokes, brought the skiff around the point of the wooded island. He looked across at her under his tilted hat-brim, his long, brown hands clasped behind his head, his legs crossed.

"Sweetheart," he said, "has it occurred to you that we'll be poor?"

"Often," she said. His unconscious look of relief alone betrayed a latent anxiety in the question. "You see," he explained, with a queer smile, "I don't know you so very well."

"Nor I you," she retorted. They both seemed strangely undisturbed by the announcement.

"I mean," he continued comfortably, "the you that is the product of heredity and environment. I think I know the essential you very well. O, I know what you're going to say; you know it does go a good way toward explaining a person, to know just how he has been brought up, and how he differs from his brothers and sisters—what he inherits from his father, and what he doesn't inherit that he ought to from his mother. Take me, for instance; I don't think you can really know me without having watched me grow up among my five sisters."

"I might as well give it up, mightn't I?" she asked, paddling in the water with the frivolity of idle happiness. "I don't see how it's to be done."

He smiled. "If we had lived in adjoining houses, now—"

"No," she interrupted. "Then you would remember how I looked when I had the measles."

"I don't know that I should care to have you remember me in dresses," he conceded. "I'm afraid you might never have had the proper respect for me."

"Bless its heart!" said the man with sudden tenderness. "Do you suppose I'm going to object to your having what you want to eat, sweetheart?"

For a moment she was speechless. Then, "Oh! as if I cared what I eat!" she cried, flushed and indignant.

The man stared. "I thought that was what we were talking about," he said humbly.

"One can't explain things to a man," she said with vehement disgust.

"When one has no talent one naturally dreams of laying it at the feet of the man one loves. I've always yearned for somebody to fix for! And to have set your affections upon a man who's above all that—to have no opportunity to develop the natural bent of your genius—"

He had been watching her smile of deep and hidden import. "There are all sorts of nice little salads you can make," he said suddenly.

"Salads?" she repeated, staring.

"Yep. Raw salads. Bananas and nuts and apples—"

"How deliciously indigestible! You don't mean to say that the movement permits of things that are agreeable to the taste?"

He was still watching her under the brim of his hat. "And all the head-cranks of my cult say that you must have flowers and things on the table."

She was brightening perceptibly. "I hadn't thought of that," she cried.

"Does that help any?" he asked, with great curiosity.

"Yes—immensely," she said. "I begin to see—possibilities—in that movement."

"My future is fairly reeking with possibilities," he announced contentedly.

When they rounded the head of the island again, a little later, a tiny column of pale blue smoke became visible on the right, toward the convent. It was mounting almost straight upward against the amber glow of the late afternoon sky.

The man pointed out the little campfire on the yellow sand by the water's edge. The figure of a man was bending over it, and a woman in a scarlet golf jacket was moving about at a little distance. Two children were whooping joyously in the foreground. The girl stood up in the boat to look, in spite of his remonstrance.

"They're cooking supper!" she said. "Oh, how perfectly darling!" She looked around at the jewel-world about them. "It just completes the picture!" she said. "It humanizes the landscape!"

The man grinned self-consciously. "Something smells mighty good," he admitted.

She turned upon him, arrested by the remark, and looked at him for some seconds. Then she clasped her hands. "Oh, my prophetic soul!" she gasped. "It's ham! He likes the smell of it!"

"Don't jump up and down," said the man. "You'll drown us."

That irrational dimple was in full play as she looked down at him. "I think we can get along," she said, nodding at him. "You're nothing but a man, after all. It won't take a serpent to beguile you; you'll just say, 'The woman tempted me, and I did—eat!' All nice men are like that," she added comfortingly.

"You're trying to distract my mind," he said, with great sternness. "Do

you"—he cleared his throat, his bravado deserting him a little, "do you know anything about the raw food movement?"

"Raw food?" she repeated blankly. "It's an ideal diet—a return to nature in the practical sense," he explained hurriedly. She looked genuinely disconcerted. After all, he did not know her very well. Perhaps he did not at all; the idea of a square meal certainly seemed incongruous in connection with her. She looked as if she got that color as the flowers got theirs. It was embarrassing to be discussing such things so soon; yet hang it!

"Do you mean raw pork and peanuts—and fish-worms, for instance?" she asked, with a smile which brought the queer, misplaced little dimple at the lower corner of her mouth into full play.

"Not—exactly," he answered, splashing in the water with his paddle. "It's the principle of cooking that's wrong," he explained.

She blushed. She had overlooked that.

"Have you ever tried it?" he asked skeptically, with the amazing audacity of the meek.

"Tried it?" she echoed indignantly. "I don't see how you've found time—while you've been in college," he said, retreating a little.

"One can always find time for what one likes," she retorted. "Besides, I was brought up to know how to do things, on principle. My mother has old-fashioned ideas about such things. And I like it. When my brain's tired there's nothing that soothes it like making noodles. It's a beautiful accomplishment. And one doesn't have to think noodle thoughts the while—though noodle thoughts are very interesting, for that matter."

"I should think they might be," he commented. A deep amusement was dawning in his eyes.

He was so lovable in his slow effort at readjustment, that she cried out suddenly: "Oh, man, man! my pretty dreams! the kettle stammering, and—the nice poached eggs—and the smell of the coffee—the smell of coffee, now, is really poetical—"

"Bless its heart!" said the man with sudden tenderness. "Do you suppose I'm going to object to your having what you want to eat, sweetheart?"

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MONEY MADE IN LIVE STOCK IN CENTRAL CANADA.

W. J. Henderson, visiting Seattle, writes the Canadian Government Agent at Spokane, Wash., and says:

"I have neighbors in Central Canada raising wheat, barley and oats for the past 20 years, and are now getting from the same land 20 to 30 bushels of wheat per acre, 40 to 60 bushels of oats.

"It was the first week of May when I got my tent pitched; but the farmers all around had finished putting in their crops, so I only got fifteen acres broke and seeded. They advised me as it was late not to put in much wheat, so I put in five acres of wheat and ten acres of oats, one-half-acre potatoes and vegetables. All kinds of vegetables grow well up there, sweet corn, tomatoes, onions, carrots, peas, beans, cabbage. My wheat yielded about 20 bushels per acre, for which I got 75 cents, others got 80 cents; oats threshed 35 bushels per acre, for which I got 35 cents per bushel. You see I was three weeks late in getting them in, still I was satisfied.

"From my observation, there is more money made in stock, such as cattle, horses and sheep, as prices are high for such, and it costs nothing to raise them, as horses live the year around out on the grass. In fact, farmers turn their work horses out for the winter, and they come in fresh and fat in the spring. Cattle live out seven or eight months. They mow the prairie grass and stack it for winter and give out straw. My neighbors sold steers at \$40 each, and any kind of a horse that can plow, from \$150.00 up. I raised 60 chickens and 5 pigs, as pork, chickens, butter and eggs pay well and always a good market for anything a man raises, so I have every reason to be thankful, besides, at the end of three years I get my patent for home-stead."

"I heard of no homestead selling for less than \$2,000, so where under the sun could an old man or young man do better?"

Unknown to Science.

The eight-year-old son of a scientist showed a sudden interest in photography.

"Dad," he said, "they photograph comets and meteors and flying birds and lightning flashes and all sorts of moving things without any trouble, don't they?"

"Yes, my son."

"Then how is it they can't photograph a boy without putting his head in an iron frame?"

Easy Come, Easy Go.

A passerby at Broad and Lombard streets in Philadelphia once heard the following dialogue between a laborer who was digging in a sewer and a stout, beaming lady with a capacious market basket on her arm:

"Ah, good mornin' to you, Pat," said she leaning over and looking into the pit. "And what are you doin'?"

"Good mornin', Bridget," he replied, looking up. "I'm a-earnin' alimony for yees. And what are you doin'?"

"Sure, I'm a-spendin' it," replied Bridget airily, as she trotted off.—Lippincott's.

A Darky's Letter.

A New York business man was cleaning out his desk the other day and tearing up his old letters when the colored porter, who was in the office, spoke up and said: "Boss, gimme one ob dem letters?"

"What do you want it for?"

"I promised to write a letter to my old mammy in Norfolk Car-lina, but, as I hasn't lahned to write yet, I can jess send her one ob dem letters you ha'n't got no use for.—Hit will make her feel good, hit will!"

The gentleman gave the affectionate son a patent-medicine anti-fat circular, which was duly mailed and addressed.

The Secret of Poverty.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson of New York unlocked the secret of general poverty in an address at the American Museum of Natural History in New York early this month, when he said: "What is killing the people of this city may be stated as overwork, underfeeding and overcrowding; and two of these may be included under the one word 'underpaid.' The message of the church and of medicine to-day to the community is not 'Give to the poor,' but 'Don't take so much away from them.'—The Public.

GOOD CHANGE

Coffee to Postum.

The large army of persons who have found relief from many chronic ailments by changing from coffee to Postum as a daily beverage, is growing each day.

It is only a simple question of trying it for oneself in order to know the joy of returning health as realized by an ill, young lady. She writes:

"I had been a coffee drinker nearly all my life and it affected my stomach—caused insomnia and I was seldom without a headache. I had heard about Postum and how beneficial it was, so concluded to quit coffee and try it."

"I was delighted with the change. I can now sleep well and seldom ever have headache. My stomach has gotten strong and I can eat without suffering afterwards. I think my whole system greatly benefited by Postum."

"My brother also suffered from stomach trouble while he drank coffee, but now, since using Postum he feels so much better he would not go back to coffee for anything."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

900 DROPS

ALCOHOL—3 PER-CENT
Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness, and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine, nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHEE

Pumpkin Seed -
Marsh-Mallows -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Sage -
Cinnamon -
Licorice -
Clove -
Cardamom -
Nutmeg -
Ginger -
Sassafras -
Sulphur -
Cinnamon -
Cloves -
Cinnamon -
Licorice -
Clove -
Cardamom -
Nutmeg -
Ginger -
Sassafras -
Sulphur -

A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac-Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Hitchcock

THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DROPS—35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

SPOHN'S

For **DISTEMPER** Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any age are infected or how long the disease has been on the tongue, acts on the blood and glands, expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Horses. Lasts acting live-stock remedy. Cures all kinds of distemper, coughs, colds, and is a Kidney Remedy. 50c and \$1 a bottle. Send \$10 a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Coughs and Cures." Special agents wanted.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists
GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, BILIOUSNESS, etc. PURELY VEGETABLE. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

They regulate the Bowels. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature
W. D. Carter

COLDS

CURED IN ONE DAY

GRIP

Munyon's Cold Remedy Relieves the head, throat and lungs almost immediately. Checks Fevers, stops Discharges of the nose, takes away all aches and pains caused by colds. It cures Grip and obdurate Coughs and prevents Pneumonia. Price 25c.

Have you stiff or swollen joints, no matter how chronic? Ask your druggist for Munyon's Rheumatism Remedy and see how quickly you will be cured.

If you have any kidney or bladder trouble get Munyon's Kidney Remedy. Munyon's Vitalizer makes weak men strong and restores lost powers. Prof. Munyon has just issued a Magazine Almanac, which will be sent free to any person who addresses The Munyon Company, Philadelphia.

SEED OATS 60 cts. a bu.

Per Salszer's catalog page 129.

Largest growers of seed oats, wheat, barley, speltz, corn, potatoes, grasses and clovers and farm seeds in the world. Big catalog free, or send 10c in stamps and receive sample of Billion Dollar Grass, yielding 10 tons of hay per acre, oats, speltz, barley, etc., easily worth \$10.00 of any man's money to get started with, and catalog free. Or send 14c and we add a sample farm seed novelty never seen before by you. **SEE SEED CO., Box W, La Crosse, Wis.**

KNOWN SINCE 1836 AS RELIABLE (TRADE MARK)

PLANTEN'S C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES

SUPERIOR REMEDY FOR URINARY DISCHARGES. DRUGGISTS or BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 50c. H. PLANTEN & SON, 93 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.

If afflicted with
Sore Eyes use
Thompson's Eye Water

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 8, 1909.

For Croup Tonsillitis and Asthma

A quick and powerful remedy is needed to break up an attack of croup. Sloan's Liniment has cured many cases of croup. It acts instantly—when applied both inside and outside of the throat it breaks up the phlegm, reduces the inflammation, and relieves the difficulty of breathing.

Sloan's Liniment

gives quick relief in all cases of Asthma, bronchitis, sore throat, tonsillitis, and pains in the chest. Price, 75c., 50c., and \$1.00.

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

FISO'S

CURE THE CHILDREN'S COUGH

Before the constant hacking tears the delicate membrane of throat and lungs, exposing them to the ravages of deadly disease. Fiso's Cure goes straight to the seat of the trouble, stops the cough, strengthens the lungs and quickly relieves unhealthy conditions. Because of its pleasant taste and freedom from dangerous ingredients it is the ideal remedy for children. At the first symptoms of a cough or cold in the little ones you will save sorrow and suffering if you

GIVE THEM FISO'S CURE

CURE

Cure Your Kidneys.

No Need to Take Any Further Risks.

Why will people continue to suffer the agonies of kidney complaint, backache, urinary disorders, lameness, headaches, languor, why allow themselves to become chronic invalids, when a certain cure is offered them? Doan's Kidney Pills is the remedy to use, because it gives to the kidneys the help they need to perform their work.

If you have any, even one, of the symptoms of kidney diseases, cure yourself now, before diabetes, dropsy or Bright's disease sets in. Can East Jordan residents demand more convincing proof than the following:

Mrs. L. Ward, 124 Marble St., Cadillac, Mich., says: "I was at times sick in bed from kidney complaint and on several occasions doctored without finding relief. My kidneys were disordered, the secretions being scanty and containing sediment and I was also subject to dizzy spells and dull grinding backaches. I was in a bad condition when I began to use Doan's Kidney Pills. They cured me of the aches and pains, built up my system and did away with the kidney weakness. You are at liberty to publish my statement for the benefit of other persons suffering in a similar way."

For Sale by All Dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, Sole Agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

W. A. Loveday
Notary Public
With Seal.
ALSO
Real Estate
Insurance
Agency.

If you want to buy or sell, call at the Office in Loveday Block.

Dr. W. E. Zavitz
DENTIST
Office in E. J. L. Co's Block
Office Hours: 8:00 a. m. to 12 noon, 1:30 p. m. to 5:00 p. m.
After hours by appointment only.
Phone No. 216

Dr. F. P. Ramsey
Physician and Surgeon.
Graduate of College of Physicians and Surgeons of the University of Illinois.
OFFICE SHERMAN BLOCK
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A. E. Carlisle
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Wood Delivered. Household Goods Carefully Handled.
Fishing Parties a Specialty.
Phone 174 East Jordan, Mich.

Lemieux & Lancaster
GENERAL
Blacksmithing
and Carriage Work.
HORSE SHOEING a Specialty.
All Work Guaranteed.
our Patronage Respectfully Solicited
State-st. East Jordan.

Dr. C. H. Pray
Dentist
Offices Over Postoffice.
Office Hours:
8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m.
And Evenings.
Phone No. 223.

The Scrap Book

Overlooked the Boots.

"That Lord Brougham was fully capable of a quick retort is shown by the following:
"You, my lord," said Wellington, angry with him, "will be remembered not for having been a great lawyer or for having written profound philosophical essays, but for having given your name to a peculiar style of carriage."

"And your grace," answered Brougham, "will be remembered not for having gained the battles of Vittoria and Waterloo, but for having given your name to a fashionable kind of boots!"

"Oh," said Wellington, "d—the boots; I forgot 'em."

WORK.

You can climb to the top of the loftiest hill

If you work.

You can make of yourself whatsoever you will

If you work.

A faith you must have, rooted deep in your soul;

A purpose unshaken, a firm self control.

Strive on without ceasing. You'll reach to the goal

If you work.

Asked and Received.

Patrick was a clerk in a suburban grocery store. It was a busy season, and the grocer was waiting upon two or three customers at the same time. He was in a hurry, and everything had to be where he could get it without much trouble or he would be delayed and probably lose money, so when he found that the pound weight was gone he was bothered.

"Patrick," he called out, "where's the pound weight?"

"The pound weight, is it?" said Patrick complacently. "Sure, an' it's Mither Jones has the pound weight."

"Mr. Jones has it? What do you mean by saying that Mr. Jones has the pound weight? How did Mr. Jones get it?"

"An' shure, didn't yer tell me to be perille to the regular customers?"

"Of course."

"Well, thin, Mither Jones comes into the store for a pound of tay. An', says he, when I asked him what quality of tay he would have, 'Whatever yer give me,' says he, 'give me the weight.' So I put the pound weight in the package with the tay, perille like, an' it's himself that's gone with it."

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Order for Election.

TO ALL TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: WHEREAS, written application and petitions, addressed to the Board of Supervisors of the County of Charlevoix, have been received by the clerk of said county and filed in his office, praying that an election be held in and for said County of Charlevoix, under the provisions of Act No. 207 of the Public Acts of 1889, approved June 23, 1890, as amended by Act 183 of Public Acts of 1899, to ascertain the will of the qualified electors of said county whether or not the manufacture of liquors and the liquor traffic should be prohibited within the limits of the said county; and

WHEREAS, at an adjourned session of the Board of Supervisors of said County, held at the City of Charlevoix in said county, on the 8th day of February, A. D. 1909, the said petitions were duly examined, and

WHEREAS, upon such examination it was determined and declared by resolution adopted by said Board that such election has been prayed for by the requisite number of electors, to-wit: By not less than one-third of all the qualified electors of said county, as shown by reference to the return and county canvass of the last preceding general election for State officers held in said county.

NOW, Therefore, it is ordered and directed by the Board of Supervisors of said County of Charlevoix that an election, be and the same is hereby called in the several townships, cities and election districts in, said county, pursuant to the provisions of the aforesaid act, to ascertain the will of the electors of said county, whether or not the manufacture of liquors and the liquor traffic should be prohibited within the limits of said county.

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that said election, as above directed, shall be held at the next general election, for the township officers in the said, several townships and cities and election districts in said county, on Monday, the fifth day of April, A. D. 1909.

W. HENSCHKE MILLER,
Chairman of the Board
of Supervisors of the County of Charlevoix.

CERTIFICATE OF THE COUNTY CLERK TO ORDER FOR ELECTION.

STATE OF MICHIGAN
COUNTY OF CHARLEVOIX, SS.

I, Daniel S. Payton, County Clerk of the County of Charlevoix, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct transcript, compared by me, from the original record of the order issued by the Board of Supervisors of said county, calling a special election on the proposition of county prohibition, and of the whole of such original, as entered in the Journal of the proceedings of said Board, at their meeting of February 9th, A. D. 1909.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed the seal of Circuit Court of said County at the City of Charlevoix, in said County, this 12th day of February, A. D. 1909.

DANIEL S. PAYTON, County Clerk.

To Consumptives.

Edward A. Wilson's Preparation of Hypophosphites and Blodgett from the original formula is the Sovereign Remedy for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, LaGrippe, Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung Maladies.

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It has cured many after they were given up as incurable by their physicians.

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Threatening feverishness with children is quickly and safely crimed by Preventives. These little Candy Cold Cure Tablets should always be at hand—for promptness is all-important. Preventives contain no quinine nothing harsh or sickening. They are indeed, "the stitch in time." Carried in pocket, or purse, Preventives are a genuine safeguard against Colds, 25c. Sold by James Gidley.

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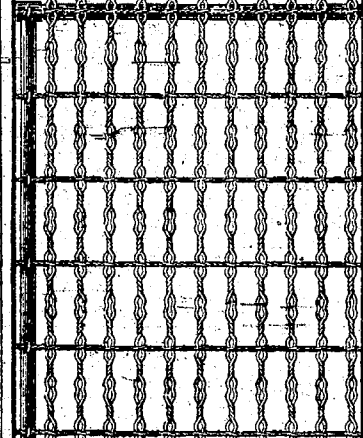
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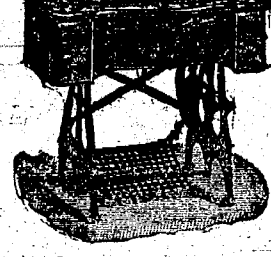
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