

## GLORIOUS CELEBRATION

### E. Jordan to Make Eagle Scram.

Cadillac Band, Parade, Ball Games, Sports, Firemen's Tournament, Fireworks, Etc., Etc., Etc.

The different Fourth of July committees have been hard to work the past week and the result is that a good old celebration is assured. The Cadillac Band, one of the best in Northern Michigan has been engaged for the day; a big Firemen's Tournament will be held—several hose companies already promising to be in attendance. Rev. A. D. Grigsby will be orator of the day. Two Ball Games will be held, street and water sports galore will be given and in the evening a Grand Display of Fireworks on the water will wind up the celebration. The advertising and Transportation committee have advertised the celebration from Dan to Bersheeba and arranged excursions on all transportation lines.

Below is the Program for the occasion:

- General Program.**
- Grand Salute at Sunrise.
  - Big Street Parade 9 a. m.
  - Oration by Rev. A. D. Grigsby (at Band Stand) 10 a. m.
  - Ball game 10:30 a. m.
  - Water battle 1 p. m.
  - Street sports 1:30 p. m.
  - Aquatic sports 2:30 p. m.
  - Launch race 3 p. m.
  - Ball game 3:30 p. m.
  - BAND CONCERT 7 p. m.
  - FIREMEN'S TOURNAMENT
  - Battle between the Monitor and Merrimac 8 p. m.
  - Plenty of Dancing, Electric Theatre, and other amusements day and night.
  - The largest load of people brought to Mum's Ice Cream Parlors before 9:00 a. m. will each be given a dish of Mum's Famous Ice Cream FREE.

- Program, Street Sports.**
- 100 yard dash, 1st prize \$1.50; 2nd prize \$1.00.
  - 200 yard dash, 1st prize \$1.50; 2nd prize \$1.00.
  - Running broad jump, 1st prize \$1.00; 2nd prize \$0.50.
  - Standing broad jump, 1st prize \$1.00; 2nd prize \$0.50.
  - High jump, 1st prize \$1.00; 2nd prize \$0.50.
  - Pole vault, 1st prize \$1.00; 2nd prize \$0.50.
  - Girls' running race, 1st prize \$2.50 pair shoes given by the East Jordan Lumber Co.; 2nd prize box of chocolates given by Harry Curkendall.
  - Fat man's race (200 lbs. or over), prize box of cigars given by McHale Cigar Works.
  - Boys' bicycle race, 1st prize \$1.00; 2nd prize \$0.50.
  - Tug of war, prize box of cigars
  - Catching greased pig, winner gets grunter.
  - Walking greased pole, two dollar bill on end of it, winner gets it.
  - Tub race, 1st prize \$1.00; 2nd prize \$0.50.
  - Swimming under water, 1st prize \$1.50; 2nd prize \$1.00.
  - Swimming race, 1st prize \$1.50; 2nd prize \$2.00.
  - Launch race, 1st prize \$10.00; 2nd prize \$5.00.
  - Rowboat race, 1st prize \$1.50; 2nd prize \$1.00.
  - Firemen's Tournament, prize \$50.00.

If you think you would like a Phonograph, go to Mack's Jewelry Store and see what he can offer you.

If in need of a Couch call on us. We have the goods.

-C. H. WHITTINGTON.

The time has come when people want to buy the best and most artistic designs in the market. Empey Bros. are placing on the market the most beautiful EXTENSION TABLE ever offered to the public. The material and construction are of the best, with a very large leg running from 4 1/2 up to 26 inches in diameter.

## Sale of Fireworks And The Michigan Law

### The Protection of Human Life and Limb on the Fourth of July.

A greater number of deaths from lockjaw results after our celebration of the Fourth of July than at any other time. That the increase of fatalities and casualties then occurring can be to a great extent prevented is beyond question; and that it should be prevented is the responsibility of the civil officials of every locality.

The records of deaths both in the United States and Michigan show that death from tetanus, popularly called "lockjaw," follow wounds from explosions of blank cartridges, toy pistols, giant firecrackers, torpedoes and fireworks. It is, however, thought that any of these explosives themselves contain the tetanus germ, for the raw materials do not necessarily contain the bacilli causing the disease, and besides the mode of manufacturing fireworks would tend to destroy the bacilli should they chance to be present in the raw materials. Moreover, powder explosions occur where grains of the powder enter the flesh without infection from tetanus following. The tetanus germ exists and thrives in the fecrustation or dust of filth; and in midsummer, in July, the atmosphere is laden with such dust which settles on the skin of human beings. A wound, then permits this dust laden with tetanus germs to enter the abrasion of the skin, and, sealed in this excellent medium, tetanus germs become prolific, causing the death of the human being within a short time.

The common use of improper fireworks by children as well as by adults in the celebration of Independence Day, readily explains the unusual death rate from tetanus in the month of July. Following is a table showing the number of deaths in the United States for three years, and in Michigan for the past four years:

Year	U. S.	Mich.
1903	415	27
1904	105	5
1905	104	7
1906	?	5

It is at once seen that the number of deaths, both in our own state and throughout the entire country in 1903, greatly exceeded the number of deaths for the years following. This decrease since 1903 is due chiefly to the aroused public sentiment and the passing of ordinances against the use of dangerous fireworks, for after the fatalities were recorded in 1903, a crusade against such use was begun; and it is the belief of this Department that if more localities would enforce the state law and pass ordinances to control sale and use of improper fireworks, many persons would be saved from injury and needless death. In cities where ordinances were passed and enforced, the actual number of accidents was considerably lessened. Is it not worth while to guard against even a high percentage of casualties?

It is the judgment of this Department that if people generally know of the Michigan law governing the sale and use of blank cartridges, toy pistols and other dangerous fireworks; if they know the real danger resulting from their use; if, in addition, local ordinances be passed to control such sale and use, so that people may exercise the care and discretion that will protect their own interests, and merchant may become reluctant to invest in harmful goods; by such action we can prevent to a great extent this dread and fatal disease, tetanus, and guard against needless sorrows.

The Law of the State of Michigan is as follows:

#### AN ACT TO PREVENT THE SALE AND USE OF TOY PISTOLS.

[Compiled Laws of 1887, Sections 11,530-11,532, P. A. No. 138, 1883.]

#### THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Section 1. That no person shall sell, give, or furnish to any child under the age of fifteen years any cartridge of any form or material, or any pistol, gun, or other mechanical contrivance, specially arranged or designated for the explosion of the same.

Sec. 2. Any person, violating any of the provisions of the foregoing section, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not

less than ten dollars, nor more than fifty dollars, and costs of prosecution, or imprisonment in the county jail not less than ten days or more than thirty days, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 3. It shall be unlawful for any person under the age of thirteen years, to have in possession, or use any of articles named in section one of this act.

## Reforest Plains With Locust Trees

Thousands of Acres of State Land might be made of Great Value.

If Planted With Locusts.

The Best Timber known for Railroad Ties because of its Lasting Qualities—Fine for Furniture.

The question of reforesting the state lands of Michigan, of which there are thousands of acres of pine plains from which the original timber has all been taken, is receiving considerable attention, and will soon become a matter of vital importance.

It is very evident that something must be done to make these lands produce something of value. There are thousands of acres that are absolutely valueless for farming purposes, that could be made of value in the growing of trees, and the question is, what kind of trees that are valuable for commercial uses can be grown upon this sandy soil that will soonest reach a size sufficient to be made available.

The writer has recently made considerable study and examination of the question and is thoroughly convinced that the *Gleditsia Tricantosa*, commonly known by the several names of Black Locust, Honey Locust, and Sweet Locust, is just the tree that can be used successfully for this purpose.

Grows Fast on Sandy Plains.

It is not particular as to the quality of soil and grows rapidly on our sandy plains. While there are some varieties of this timber that are subject to attack by insects and disease this

variety is hardy and entirely free from insect attacks and disease. It is hard and solid timber and is especially well adapted for use for railroad ties and fence posts, as it is more lasting in the ground than either white or yellow cedar, and being much harder will outlast oak or any other timber that we know of for ties. When dry its specific gravity is 0.6740, and a cubic foot of it weighs 42 pounds. It is also a valuable timber for the manufacture of furniture, as it is capable of taking a high polish, and being a rapid grower has large grains, making a most beautiful wood.

Rapid Growth.

As we have said, our light, sandy soil is well adapted to its propagation and growth. As showing how rapid a grower it is, we will state that the writer has a locust tree in his yard at Traverse City, which was started from a sprout of one season's growth eighteen years ago and today it measures 14 inches in diameter. There is also a grove of Black Locusts in Traverse City that started from sprouts from the roots of other trees, that have since been removed about 14 years ago. Some of these have been taken out, but there are now standing upon a piece of light, sandy ground 40 of these trees, growing within a space of land six by eight rods. These trees vary in size from 4 to 12 inches in diameter. Several of them are large enough for railroad ties and fence posts.

An Ornamental Tree.

We are surprised that the railroad companies, especially those operating in Michigan, have not long before this made use of a part of their right of way for growing Black Locusts for ties. It strikes us that at least twenty-five feet of the outer edge of their right of way might be profitably utilized for this purpose. Besides, a grove of locusts upon either side of the roads would add greatly to the beauty of the landscape through which the roads pass. It is a fine, ornamental tree, with prolific, sweet smelling blossoms. The only objection to it is that its foliage comes out rather late in the spring, but when it does get out in full leaf and bloom its beauty and the sweet perfume with which it fills the air is unsurpassed.

The Black Locust.

The Black Locust is easily propagated either from sprouts, or the seed and the growth of the tree is so rapid that within 15 years from planting (Continued on Fourth Page.)

## Quality! Prices!

These are the two strong points in the Grocery and Meat Business and they are the two features we have always studied. Right Price, High quality, Prompt Service and Courteous Treatment are the drawing cards at Sherman & Son's. Send us your next order and be convinced you can get more for your money and better goods than elsewhere.

## Sherman & Son's.

Groceries Meats

## "THE PRIDE"

Is the best 5c Cigar on the local market today and the best seller.

Manufactured by H. F. McHALE.

EARN \$10,000 YEAR. WHY NOT?

THE

International Correspondence Schools

WILL START YOU. MICH. ENROLLMENT OFFICE AT TRAVERSE CITY.

ASK AGENT TO CALL.

BOOSINGER BROS.

## SEASONABLE SUGGESTIONS

for Summer's Special Wear.

It's Wash Goods Time.

Women are thinking of Summer Wear. Here you will find the things they want. Your order now means the widest range of goods from which to make your selections. Summer Gowns made from Organdies, Shadow Tinted Silks and Batistes at 25c to 50c. Have the first call.

We Are Showing New Umbrellas

At from \$1.00 to \$3.50 that please the most critical buyers.

FOR SUMMER TRAVEL

Light Weight Suit Cases and Bags are in great demand. They are easy to carry, stay clean and are neat—note low prices—\$1.00 to \$4.00—we promise you a saving of from 25c to \$1.00 on each one.

It is With Pleasure That We Invite You To Inspect Our

FOOTWEAR for Men, Women, Children.

We feel a degree of security in showing you the Pingree & Rindge Shoes at \$2.00 to \$4.00.

"Quality First of All," our Motto.

Boosinger Bros.

## PINGREE



They Fit They Wear They Have Style

Are You Wearing This Kind of Shoes?

SHOES



G. A. Lisk, Publisher.

EAST JORDAN, MICHIGAN.

The New Indian.

A new series of Indian portraits is needed. The "noble red man" of Fenimore Cooper and of Catlin, the fierce figure in war-paint and feathers, lost his romantic interest when he was confined to a reservation and fed on rations. Now the "half-fed reservation dweller has been supplanted in turn by the new man, Indian only in blood and traditions, who is stepping up to take his place in the life of the west. The pictures that are to represent the new Indians will include a short-haired, dark-faced man dressed in black slouch hat, dingy white cotton shirt, blue overalls, and hobnailed shoes. He may be a Klowa farmer, who gathered 600 bushels of corn from 20 acres of cultivated land last year, or one of the 391 Pine Ridge Indians who put up 6,700 tons of hay to carry their stock through the winter. Or he may be Plenty Buffalo, who has worked with team and scraper on the Huntley irrigation project in Montana for six months; or Bert Fredericks, the Hopi night foreman on the tunnel at the Zuni dam in Arizona. The pictures will also depict the Indian woman as mistress of a prairie cabin, feeding the chickens or carrying food to the calves and pigs. They will include a group of children, dressed very like white children, trotting off to day school at eight o'clock with their noon lunches in packages under their arms. A big canvas to hang beside the old painting of the war dance, says Everybody's, will show 2,000 Sioux attending a convocation of the Episcopal church at White Swan, S. D., and listening to addresses from Bishop Hall, or from their own clergyman, Amos Ross, a full-blood.

The Personality of Labor.

The notion is quite too prevalent that the workman is primarily an "economic problem," that he ought to realize this and conduct himself with mechanical regularity and impersonal uniformity as a fractional unit of labor power. We shall never make any headway under that doctrine. The workman is first of all a human being. The purchase of his labor is only in a limited sense to be compared to the purchase of a commodity and not to be treated in the same way. As Dr. Abbot has suggested, in the sale of sugar or flour the personal relation of mutual confidence need enter only once, at the time of the exchange; but where you are buying labor, the laborer goes with the labor, and the personal relation of confidence and responsibility must be there all the time, from day to day and week to week, or somebody is cheated. Therefore, whatever method of getting along together is adopted, says Hayes Robbins in Atlantic, it must count with personal qualities as an essential part of the relation.

This looks like anti-Osterism.

Chief Chemist Wiley of the department of agriculture at Washington, addressing the graduating class of a scientific school at Cleveland, said jokingly that he belongs to a hundred-year club, any member of which who dies before completing the century will be expelled in disgrace. Speaking more seriously, he said: "The present generation is going to live much longer than the one which came before, because it knows more about the laws of diet, hygiene and surgery. It is a rank disgrace for any man to die, except of old age." And Dr. Wiley thinks that, in view of the good prospects of long life as a result of proper care and understanding of the rules of health, it will pay a man to spend a long time, even 20 years or more, in the schooling which shall fit him for his work. From which it is to be inferred that learning how to live is one of the essentials to long life.

James Rudolph Garfield, secretary of the Interior, was standing by the side of his father in the Pennsylvania railroad station in Washington on that fateful day in July, 1881, when the assassin's bullet for the second time dealt death to a president of the United States. The secretary was then only 17 years old—just the age when the average mind is most susceptible to impressions. Close friends say that the horror of that hideous tragedy has never fully left Mr. Garfield's mind, and some of them believe that its effects account for the half-smiled expression that always lingers in his face, even when he smiles or laughs.

A member of the French chamber of deputies, who was portraying to his constituents the iniquities of that body, said that "the corruption is so vast, so general and insidious that even I have not been wholly able to escape contamination." Papers in state and national capitals, please copy.

Six eminent Japanese are coming to this country with \$10,000,000. Wall Street declines, however, to feel any way. They are going to spend the money on machinery.

THE GOVERNOR'S INTIMATION IS OF A SPECIAL SESSION.

A PRIMARY REFORM BILL

In a Brief Message the Failure to Pass the Primary Bill is Scored and Another Session May Be Called.

The Message. In connection with the appropriations made by the legislature Gov. Warner sent in a message in which he said: "I desire to express my appreciation of much of the work accomplished during the present legislative session. While, as at all previous sessions, some commendable bills have failed of passage, while others less desirable have met with the approval of a majority of both of the houses, there have been enacted a number of especially worthy laws which call for more than passing notice." Of the primary bill in particular he said: "Those legislators who have opposed the passage of the primary bill, cannot, in my judgment, and do not, as a matter of fact, even feebly claim that their action either has been or will be approved by anything approaching a respectable minority of the citizens of Michigan. It is but fair to the legislature, and to the people of the state, for me to say at this time that it is my present belief that a special session of the legislature should be called for a date yet to be determined upon, and that at such special session I shall recommend the passage, not only of this bill, but also of a bill requiring that all lobbyists be registered and regulated, so that the people of the state may know just who are opposing measures drafted in their interests."

An Unmalted Letter.

A clerk's blunder at the state capital at Lansing has cost the Michigan naval militia the warship San Juan de Austria, which the navy department at Washington offered them, and the erstwhile Spanish sea fighter captured by Admiral Dewey in Manila bay has gone irretrievably to the Connecticut reserves. The governor approved the official request to the navy department, and the letter, all made out, that meant a new ship for the reserves, was given to a clerk at the capital to be mailed. That clerk was so busy he forgot it. All he had to do was to put it in an envelope, stick on a stamp and drop in the mail box. After a long time the Detroit naval reserves grew anxious. Through Congressman Denby inquiry was made of the navy department as to what had been done with Michigan's request for the boat. He got the reply that Michigan had never made a request. And furthermore he was told that Connecticut, quick to act and having second chance at the ship, had acted with instant request, and the boat was theirs.

Search in the clerk's desk at Lansing revealed the letter just as it had been given him for mailing. It is back to the Yantie for all the Wolverines.

Refused Diplomas.

The graduation of the '07 class of the Bellevue high school was marred by the act that none of the graduates received diplomas because of trouble with the school board. Some time ago the board decided that each of the graduates must give brief orations, but the members of the class replied that it would not be possible for all of them to do this. The board resented the "uppishness" of the pupils and insisted that the order must be obeyed. The graduates communicated with the state superintendent of public instruction and were informed that it was not compulsory for them to deliver orations in order to be entitled to diplomas and they stood their ground.

Two members of the class, however, gave orations and were granted diplomas, but they promptly returned them because the others did not receive theirs. The matter has caused considerable feeling, many taking sides with the graduates.

The "Second Messiah."

A religious fanatic claiming to be the second Messiah is said to be causing dissensions in the homes of the German settlement in St. Joseph, and several heads of families have appealed to the authorities for protection. Justice Fremont Evans, of the municipal court, told the complainants that he was unable to take action without a definite complaint and referred the matter to the city attorney.

This "second Messiah" is said to have made 50 converts who obey his slightest behest. In the "worship" they grovel on the floor and perform strange antics as though in a hypnotic spell. Each of them religiously pays to the preacher one-tenth of all he possesses or earns.

Because of the serious injuries sustained by Florence Ben Ollie, in Ann Arbor, who was run down by Judge Kinne's auto, driven by Mrs. Kinne, the invitations were withdrawn for the wedding of her sister, Miss Daisy, and L. H. Cone, and they were quietly married in private. Their wedding trip to Europe has also been indefinitely postponed.

It is said in military circles here that the moment Gov. Warner signs the recent military bill, the National Guard of Michigan will technically drop out of existence, and that officers will have to be re-elected and the men mustered in again, as no provision is made for continuing the present organization. There is a feeling that the bill is so defective that it may never receive the governor's signature in its present shape.

Nine Buildings Wrecked in Bay City—Streets Blocked. A terrific wind and rain storm Saturday night struck Bay City and for half an hour the streets were so filled with flying shingles, boards and debris that travel was unsafe. The wind was accompanied by rotary gusts, one of which assumed cyclonic proportions in the south end of the city and threw four houses from their foundations, unroofed several more and blew down smokestacks, chimneys and trees by the score.

Street car traffic in the south end was brought to a standstill and the interurban service was crippled for several hours, a number of poles being blown down, carrying with them feed and trolley wires. Only a portion of the city lighting service is in operation, and a portion of the fire alarm telegraph system is out. Both telephone systems suffered severely.

Along the river front considerable damage was done to manufacturing plants and five large empty icehouses were totally destroyed, the buildings collapsing. The Pere Marquette tracks into the city were blocked by uprooted trees. Although two of the houses blown down were occupied, no one was reported injured, except one man, who had an arm broken. He was struck by a piece of flying board.

Seven Drowned.

Oscar Carlson, 28; Gustav Hammer, 23; Anna Johnson, 24; and Lydia Olin, 23, were drowned in Muskegon lake Sunday afternoon. The party started out from the Muskegon side in a large flat-bottom boat about 3 o'clock. All were Finlanders and none apparently knew anything about handling a boat. Oscar Sternberg, who was out in a sailboat with a companion near the scene of the tragedy, which occurred near the old "Lagdon" planing mill, says that he saw one of the girls rocking the boat and the next thing he witnessed was the upturned boat with one couple hanging to the edge. He called to them to hang on, but before he got to them they had relinquished their hold and sank.

Leone Mosser, a waitress, was drowned in Mullett lake Saturday night. The girl with a lady friend drove to the lake near midnight with Ben Hanson, who travels for a Detroit firm and lives at Reese, Mich., and David Lewis, a Saginaw traveling man. Each couple rented a boat, and had gone a little way from the dock when one boat upset. The occupants were changing seats.

While out in a canoe on Black river Sunday afternoon William Ninkie, aged 18, was drowned and his companion, Andrew Kushbaum, had a narrow escape. The craft upset, and both started to swim for the shore, a distance of not more than 30 feet. Kushbaum was picked up by a launch, but Ninkie sank and did not come again to the surface. The body was recovered in the weeds.

Glen Britton, 23 years old, living three miles from Pittsford, was drowned while fishing in Pleasant lake Sunday. With companions he left home Saturday, and camped out all night. Britton was alone in a boat and was pulling in a large pickerel when he was observed to fall over backward into the water.

Lightning's Freaks.

Mrs. Chester Messer and her mother, Mrs. Butler, were at dinner when a bolt of lightning struck the roof, setting fire to her clothing. While the fire alarm was being sounded, another bolt struck a telegraph pole several blocks further down Green street and dividing, passed along the wire to the rear of the home of Mrs. Mary Ironside, smashing two refrigerators, scattering the Sunday dinner, wrecking the kitchen and severely shocking two members of the family, one of whom was in the bath.

The other part of the bolt ran along the wire to the residence of Charles Yutz, ascended the water pipe, tore a window casing from the upper story, and smashed the bath tub. A dozen of persons in the neighborhood were shocked, but not seriously.

Ex-Senator Kelly.

William D. Kelly, who represented Muskegon county in the lower house from 1895 to 1901, and was state senator from the Twenty-third district from 1901 to 1905, is dead at Ballard, Wash. Two years ago Senator Kelly suffered a breakdown in mind and health, and a petition was made to send him to the Kalamazoo asylum, but later he went west. Mr. Kelly was born in Ottawa county Nov. 26, 1865, and was a real estate dealer, lumberman, organizer of the Muskegon chamber of commerce, besides many other Muskegon business ventures. He leaves a widow, father, three sisters and two brothers.

A Murder Mystery.

A murder mystery is scented in the finding of the badly decomposed body of an unknown man about 40 years of age in Portage lake. The body was pulled to the surface by Geo. Walman, aged 10, who hooked it while fishing. Examination showed that the head had been almost severed from the body, the abdomen was cut open and the left leg had a deep gash in it. The only apparel on the body was a vest and underclothes.

Daniel C. Smith, aged 51, and Miss Henrietta Hill, aged 36, a school teacher, were married in Prescott by Justice Maurer, in K. O. T. M. hall in the presence of 180 guests, mostly the groom's descendants. This is his fourth matrimonial venture.

Castro Pietro, an Italian boy aged 16, wanted hot water and opened a valve in a Grand Trunk engine. He was scalded from head to foot and is in a Battle Creek hospital. During the funeral of Norman C. Jewett, a pioneer farmer of Richland, last week, the elements took a hand in the ceremony and for an hour conflagration reigned. A fearful electric storm broke and a bolt of lightning struck a woven wire fence to which a dozen horses were hitched. The fence was scattered to bits and the horses knocked down, while people rushed about in a frenzy of fear. Many refused to stay for the funeral.

THE WORK OF THE LEGISLATURE BRIEFLY REVIEWED. AT THE CLOSE.

THE SESSION'S FEATURES

Rose Above Mediocrity and Did Some Good Work as Shown by a Glance at the Results.

Things Done and Not Done. The forty-fourth session of the legislature adjourned at 1:35 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, though officially it was noon when the gavel fell in the house and senate. By its work of the last ten days this legislature has raised itself above the plane of mediocrity and established a record that will compare favorably with previous sessions. Factional differences always stand out sharply in political matters, so that the battles between the senate and administrationists and the so-called "boxers" have tended to blind the vision as to the really good work that has been accomplished. With the exception of the primary bill, every sharp contest has resulted in some good being accomplished and the present primary law could have been perfected but for the fact that the administration insisted on having the 40 per cent provision stricken out.

The work that has chief prominence was the passage of the railroad twenty passenger fare bill, the constitutional convention which is to convene October 22, the establishment of a system of juvenile courts throughout the state; the repeal of the limited liability act and the change of venue act; making railroads common carriers of livestock; the department insurance bill regulating the conduct of such companies; banking bill compelling directors to audit the accounts under oath semi-annually and report to the banking department; its corporation bill which prohibits the issuing of watered stock on the organization of industrial companies; the binder twine plant, and the cash tax highway improvement bill.

The crowning feature of the closing days of the session was the passage of the railroad commission bill, the agreement of which surmounted all other impassable obstacles. Other bills passed that deserve notice are the one abolishing wild cat bucket shops; cutting down the interest that can be charged by chattel mortgage sharks, and one that regulates the interest to be charged by pawnbrokers and loan agents to the legal rate and 3 per cent additional.

Of the bills that failed, may be mentioned the repeal of the mortgage tax law; the bank bill authorizing the organization of state banks in small places with lower capitalization than is now required; the Michigan United Railway bill, which was an effort to change the law relative to the bonds that could be accepted by state banks. It was simply that this company found they could not float their bonds under the present restrictions and wanted a more lenient provision, but it was defeated by the state bankers. On a majority vote the bill would have won, but an effort to discharge the committee of the whole failed, a two-thirds vote being required, and care was taken that the house never reached the general order. The house failed to pass the bill giving the tax commission power to review assessments of its own volition, it being pigeon-holed in committee, the alleged reasons being that the big mining companies objected, as they don't want the tax commission to walk into the copper and iron counties and boost the assessed valuations.

The last bill passed by the senate just before adjournment was one raising the salary of Mrs. Mary Spencer, state librarian, to \$1,800 and then every one sang "So Long, Mary." There was almost a slip-up on the bill appropriating \$7,000 for a silver service and colors for the battleship Michigan. The house committee struck out the names of the delegation named in the bill and the conference committees appointed forgot to meet. Senator Bland finally got busy and the senate accepted a verbal report by which the senate receded and the governor will name the delegation.

The house finally adopted the suggestion of Atty-Gen. Bird and passed the joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution providing that public utilities shall be assessed under the ad valorem system, by whomsoever owned. At present only public utility corporations are so assessed and advantage was taken to evade the law by firms and co-partnerships. The amendment is an important one.

By reducing the general purpose tax to \$1,100,000, the budget appropriated by the legislature was kept down to \$9,150,555.12. The governor decided on this move after consulting with the auditor-general and learning that there is now nearly \$2,000,000 in the state treasury, which is ample to meet any deficiency that may arise. At the last moment the house agreed to an appropriation of \$25,000 for a Custer monument to be erected at Monroe and the highway department appropriation, which was raised to \$250,000, was given immediate effect.

Charles H. Davis, aged 67, of Wilson township, civil war veteran, dropped dead while driving cows home.

Get a Warning.

The formal announcement by Viscount Hayashi, the Japanese minister for foreign affairs, in a Tokio dispatch published Friday, that Ambassador Aoki is to be retained at Washington, is regarded as clearly establishing the fact that the present Japanese ministry, headed by Marquis Saionji, has assured itself of the support of both the unionist and conservative parties in its present attitude toward America, that of conciliation rather than the cockiness demanded by the Jap jingoists.

John Farson, millionaire banker of Chicago, has adopted Mark Twain's white dress suit idea. He wore the suit for the first time at the fete given by the Indiana society. It was long in the hills and short in the front. It was accompanied by a wonderful waistcoat of pale cream satin, embroidered with delicate, diaphanous roses of near pink and yellow.

"If my wife can only come and nurse me I know I will recover," said A. N. Hart when taken to the Benton Harbor hospital, his legs having been severed by a train at Hammond. Doctors give slight hope for his recovery.

Maxim Gorky, in a letter to the Nation, denounces the Anglo-Russian entente, and puts forward reasons why England should refuse the Russian government money. He describes the czar in the following terms: "A degenerate, as egotistic as an animal and equally ignorant of every principle of justice. He is incapable of work and is guided solely by the instinct of self-preservation. Apart from this instinct he has neither aim, idea or duty."

His business is in disorder and on the very verge of bankruptcy. Every day he seems to be approaching nearer and nearer to ruin. He is a tyrant, in his home a cruelly, sensually diseased man, hated by and repugnant to all, incapable of high aims and lost to all human feeling.

He is still physically strong, and the knowledge of his approaching annihilation is no secret to him. It arms him with the courage of despair. He has no scruples and fights like a wild beast. He already shows, however, signs of weariness, and the end which he so well deserves is drawing near."

The Czar's Unhappy Life.

Czar Nicholas and his family have removed from Tsarskoe-Selo to Peterhof for the summer. Everything has been done which the ingenuity of men can conceive to secure the safety of the Russian ruler. The palace has been fitted with a new system of telephones in immediate connection with the three guard-houses in the park. By pressing a button the czar can alarm the 300 men who guard him night and day. These buttons are not only in every room in the czar's suite, but in several places in each room.

The czar's cabinet, where he works, has been lined under the leather and wood paneling with sheets of steel. In this secluded spot the weary autocrat has now taken his residence for the present, according to reliable accounts, completely broken in health, looking much his bold self outwardly, but below the surface a wreck of unstrung nerves.

It Was Horribly Brutal.

Two miles in the interior of a big swamp near New Orleans, the headless body of Walter Lamaha, an Italian child between 7 and 8 years old, who was kidnaped and held for \$6,000 ransom two weeks ago, was found by police and vigilantes just before day-break Sunday. He had been strangled to death according to the confession of several Italians held by the police. The boy's neck is supposed to have been broken when he was strangled, causing the head to become separated from the body when decomposition set in. The head was found a short distance from the body.

A Millionaire Soldier.

Lieut. Julius von Demmer, of the German army, heir to a \$14,000,000 estate and member of the German aristocracy, joined the United States army Saturday morning at Fort Leavenworth, where he has been assigned to the third battalion of engineers. Although only 23 years of age, Von Demmer speaks 14 languages. He has seen service in two wars, six service in France, and received several decorations. He distinguished himself in Chemung with the Japanese army, where he was wounded. Later he acted as a spy in France, receiving the highest decorations for his services from the Kaiser.

Von Demmer came to the United States last December, having been granted a four years' leave of absence.

Foe of the Employer.

The convention of the Western Federation of Miners spent Thursday discussing the proposed new preamble to the federation's constitution which commits the organization to socialism. Percy Rawling, of Goldfield, Nev., a leader of the radicals, who are in control of the convention, said in his speech that there can be no friendly relations between the employer and the employed because there never can be friendly relations between a thief and the man he robs. He said he wished to go on record as the enemy of all employers of labor. This sentiment was greeted with great applause.

Mark Twain Is Funny.

Those who were in the foyer of Brow's hotel, London, Thursday night saw Mark Twain exhibit himself as an eccentric. Twain appeared garbed only in a blue bath robe and slippers, with about three inches of bare legs showing. The sight of an elderly man with bushy white hair in this unconventional costume startled the patrons of the hotel and worried the employees tremendously, but Twain coolly surveyed the people who were staring at him and then, accompanied by his secretary, R. W. Ashcroft, walked out the front door of the hotel into Dover street.

WIRELETS.

Tom Lawson dropped into New York Sunday from his trip abroad hobnobbing with kings, queens and the pope and announces with a flourish that he is fit to enter the ring—in the pink of condition, trained to the minute, etc.—for another battle with the "system." Incidentally he remarks that he looks for aid in the warfare from President Roosevelt.

The Defense of Haywood Charged With Murder of Idaho's Governor.

The closing of the case of the state leaves the battle against and for the title of William D. Haywood in midfield and from now forward the sides change—the defense assumes the aggressive, the prosecution is on the defensive. The state will carry its case on through an aggressive cross-examination and then present testimony in rebuttal, but its main proposition and showing are already before the jury. Orchard has been traced through all of the more important movements connected with the alleged attempt on the life of Fred Bradley in San Francisco by independent witnesses, and his story of the poisoned milk has been carried down to the chemist who analyzed it. It has been independently shown that while Orchard was in San Francisco, Pettibone, using false names, telegraphed money to him twice, and that a registered letter or package was sent to San Francisco from Pettibone's Denver address under a name used by Pettibone in sending one of the telegraphic remittances. Other than by Orchard's word it has not been shown that the Bradley explosion was caused by a bomb.

Orchard's story of his journey to Canyon City to kill former Gov. Peabody is given general confirmation by the testimony of Wm. Vaughan, who was Orchard's traveling companion. Orchard went to Canyon City ostensibly as an insurance agent, and the state has produced a letter of recommendation written to the insurance company for him by Pettibone.

Orchard's testimony as to the Independence station outrage and the murder of Detective Lyte Gregory stand alone. The chief corroboration of Orchard's testimony has been as to things he did and the time and manner of his doing, and it is contended by the defense that, aside from his testimony there is not a single piece of independent evidence against Haywood or any fact that independently connects Haywood with the crime charged or any other crime.

Stuntist Indicted.

A special grand jury closed its session in Denver, Saturday, and reported to Judge Lewis about 70 indictments against men prominent in Colorado, Wyoming, Nebraska, New Mexico, Utah, Nevada, Wisconsin and Missouri, principally for alleged coal and timber land frauds, although a few alleged mining fakery and a couple of cases of postoffice robberies were also included in the list. Judge Lewis refused to give out the names of those indicted until a rests are made.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit—Cattle—Extra dry fed steers and heifers, \$5.75@6; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., \$5.25@5.75; steers and heifers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$4.75@5.25; grass steers and heifers that are fat, \$6.00@6.50; 1,000 lbs., \$3.50@4.50; grass steers and heifers, 1,000 lbs., \$3.25@4.50; good fat cows, \$3.25@4.50; common cows, \$2.25@3.50; canners, \$1.50@2.50; choice hogs, \$5.00@5.50; fat, \$4.50@5.00; hogs, \$3.50@5.00; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$8.75@9.25; fair feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$8.50@9.00; choice stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., \$3.00@3.75; fair stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., \$2.50@3.25; milkers—large, young, \$3.00@4.00; common milkers, \$1.50@2.50. Veal calves—No. 1, \$1.25@1.50; No. 2, \$1.00@1.25; No. 3, \$0.75@1.00. Sheep—\$4.00@5.00. Hogs—Market 30c higher than last week. Range of prices: Light to good butchers, \$6.00@6.25; fair to good butchers, \$5.25@5.50; roughs, \$4.50@5.00; stags, \$3.00@3.50. East Buffalo—Best export steers, \$4.25@6.65; best shipping steers, \$5.90@6.50; best fat cows, \$6.75@7.50; fair to good, \$4.00@5.75; times, \$2.25@2.50; best heifers, \$5.25@5.50; medium to good, \$4.25@4.50; best feeding steers, \$4.25@4.50; stock steers, \$3.50@4.50; common, \$2.50@3.50; hogs, \$3.50@4.50; fat, \$3.50@4.50; roughs, \$2.50@3.50; stags, \$2.50@3.50; medium to good, \$3.50@4.50; common, \$2.50@3.50. Hogs—Market 30c higher than last week. Range of prices: Light to good butchers, \$6.00@6.25; fair to good butchers, \$5.25@5.50; roughs, \$4.50@5.00; stags, \$3.00@3.50. Sheep—Market 30c higher and slower; spring lambs, \$5.50@6.50; yearlings, \$6.00@6.25; culs, \$5.50@5.75; wethers, \$5.25@5.75; culs, \$4.50@5.00; ewes, \$4.50@5.00. Calves steady; best, \$7.25; heavy, \$4.50.

Grain, Etc.

Detroit—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, 93 1/2c; No. 3, 90c; No. 4, 87 1/2c; No. 5, 85c; No. 6, 82 1/2c; No. 7, 80c; No. 8, 77 1/2c; No. 9, 75c; No. 10, 72 1/2c; No. 11, 70c; No. 12, 67 1/2c; No. 13, 65c; No. 14, 62 1/2c; No. 15, 60c; No. 16, 57 1/2c; No. 17, 55c; No. 18, 52 1/2c; No. 19, 50c; No. 20, 47 1/2c; No. 21, 45c; No. 22, 42 1/2c; No. 23, 40c; No. 24, 37 1/2c; No. 25, 35c; No. 26, 32 1/2c; No. 27, 30c; No. 28, 27 1/2c; No. 29, 25c; No. 30, 22 1/2c; No. 31, 20c; No. 32, 17 1/2c; No. 33, 15c; No. 34, 12 1/2c; No. 35, 10c; No. 36, 7 1/2c; No. 37, 5c; No. 38, 2 1/2c; No. 39, 0c; No. 40, 0c. Corn—Cash No. 3, 54c; No. 2 yellow, 52c; No. 1 white, 50c. Oats—Cash No. 3 white, 3 cars at 48 1/2c; September, 38 1/2c. Rye—Cash No. 2, 87c. Beans—Cash and June, \$1.70; July, 2 cars at \$1.72, closing at \$1.74 bid. Cloverseed—Prime spot, \$8.75; No. 1, 100 bags at \$8; December, \$8; prime, \$8.75. Timothy seed—Prime spot, 20 bags at \$2.15.

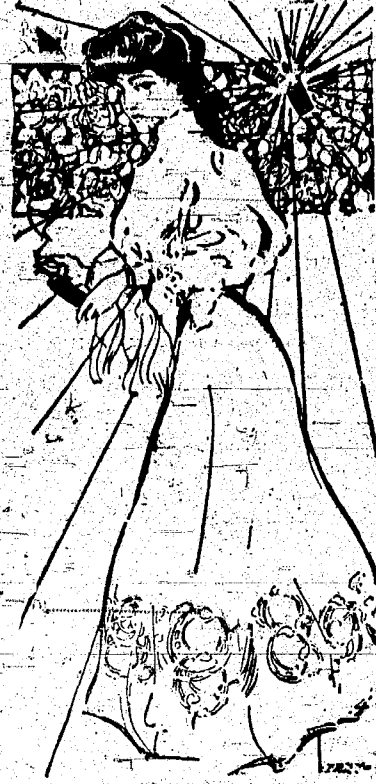
AMUSEMENTS IN DETROIT

Week Ending June 29, 1907. LYCEUM—Prices always 10c, 25c, 50c, 75c, 25c Matinee Wednesdays and Saturdays. What Happened to Jones. TEMPLE THEATER AND WONDERLAND—Afternoon 2:15, 10c to 25c; Evenings 8:15. Overland. Advanced. October 1st, October 100 bags at \$8; December, \$8; prime, \$8.75. Timothy seed—Prime spot, 20 bags at \$2.15. A Quick Bleach. Returning from a long trip through the west, Frank McCormick, of Altoona, Pa., started his old acquaintances by his changed appearance. His hair, formerly jet black, had turned snow white. He explained that the change had occurred in a single night during the horrors of the earthquake in San Francisco, where he was working at the time. Henry Behermann, aged 7, of Grand Rapids, was struck in the head with a baseball and after being about as usual for several days suddenly died.



# A LESSON OF THE FOURTH

W. D. Nesbit.



The red firecracker in her hand—  
(Beside her lips 'twas duller,  
'Twas in her hand, you understand,  
I but compare the color.)  
A frown was on her gentle brow;  
'Be careful, please!' I shouted,  
'Best let an expert show you how—  
'Just like a man!' she pouted.  
'Firecrackers are,' I gravely said,  
'Alive with risk and danger—  
They strike at the devoted head  
Of friend, or passing stranger.  
They must be handled with dispatch  
Or all the risk is doubled.  
First, one must try to find a match—  
'Just like a man!' she bubbled.  
'You light the match and touch the fuse  
And when it is ignited—'  
She seemed to tremble in her shoes,  
But said she was delighted;  
That this was quite the best of luck—  
'See how the fire has wriggled  
Until by turns it flames, then sparks—'  
'Just like a man!' she giggled.  
I held the cracker, while her eyes  
Grew wide and wide with wonder.  
I said: 'In this one must be wise  
And not make any blunder.  
Observe, now, that I let it drop  
Just when the flame was gilded  
Close to the charge. Now it will pop—'  
'Just like a man!' she—hinted.

## MAKING FIREWORKS

IT HAS DEVELOPED INTO A BIG AMERICAN INDUSTRY.

And It Has All Been Worked Out from the Ancient Chinese Fire-cracker—How They Are Made.

The manufacture of fireworks has developed from an imitation of the Chinese firecracker to an industry of vast proportions in the United States. Also from the humble and comparative harmless cracker, the product has been developed along the most complex yet scientific lines until the master of ceremonies at a full-fledged modern fireworks exhibit must needs be a man with a comprehensive knowledge of the explosives he is handling.

The Chinaman, having invented gunpowder a few thousand years before it came into use in the western world, invented the firecracker so long ago that the incident of its birth has been lost in the shuffle of history, but, curiously enough, the Chinaman in this respect has stood at the initial point of development, as he has in all else that pertains to his life. He still makes good firecrackers, but they are of the same model and power as he has used for hundreds of years. The American, having stolen the idea, proceeded to develop it along lines truly indicative of the American character—flamboyant, pyrotechnic and loud.

The Chinese cracker is a small affair, considerably more so than the cracker to buy which the small boy toiled in the gray dawn carrying water to the elephant, but at Chinese New Year's and other festival times a string of their firecrackers suspended from the end of a bamboo pole will explode every one of them and there will be no "sizzlers" nor blanks found in the string. Which goes to show that the hand-made Chinese article is still honestly made and that western methods of cheap-machine manufacture have not invaded the cradle of the firecracker.

But as all things American have developed to prodigious proportions, leaving in the past the memory of simplicity, so the firecracker of history each year finds a smaller place in the demonstrations of America. Instead there have come the rockets, the bomb, the set piece and the appliances for pouring forth torrents and volcanoes of multi-colored fire. It is the manufacture of these goods that has grown to such size and commercial consequence.

The preliminary in the manufacture of nearly all fireworks is the making of the case. The quality of paper varies from the commonest strawboard to the finest bank note paper. Cases for skyrockets require a fine grade of paper called rope board. The paper is first pasted and then rolled over a mandrel. The drying process takes four or five days and the case then is ready for charging. They vary from two to 20 inches in length and from one-quarter of an inch to two inches in diameter. The loading of skyrockets, up to the last four or five years, has been done by hand, but the machine now takes the place of the hand loader. A spindle placed in the center of the case causes a cavity as the material is packed in around it. The materials are scooped in, hammered down until it is of rock-like hardness and then the spindle is withdrawn. When the rocket is fired the large surface of material in the spindle cavity catches fire at once, causing a tremendous pressure of gas which pours out of the spindle cavity, causing the rocket to shoot skyward. The colored stars, which go in the head of the rocket or bomb, are composed as follows: Red, nitrate of barium, chloride of potassium and shellac; green, nitrate of barium; yellow, oxalate of soda. Purple and blue are composed of various preparations of copper, while the making of the other tints are trade secrets.

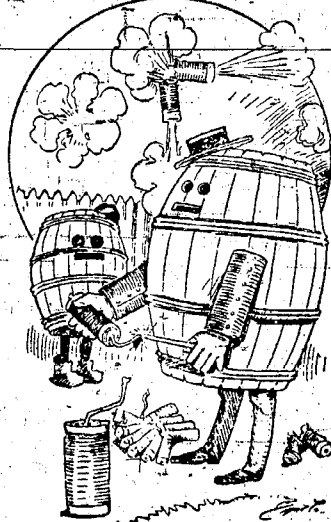
The Roman cauld is charged as follows: Sets of cases are placed on pins and there is scooped in first a quantity of clay, which prevents the

explosive composition from burning the hand; then a charge of gunpowder, and on top of this are placed the colored stars in the proper sequence of color. On top of this comes a composition called fuse, which makes the intervals between the discharge of the stars. After the fuse rammer are brought down to pack the material, the operation being repeated as often as required. The candles contain from two to 35 stars. The finishing consists of covering the candle and providing a quick match for easy ignition.

Quick match, one of the important features of fireworks manufacture, is made from specially prepared wick soaked in a solution of gunpowder. At the proper time it is wound off on frames and just before it is dried it is sifted over with very fine powder in order to make it extra quick in action. It is then cut in lengths of about six feet and worked into what is known as match paper, after which it is placed in manila paper cases and joined together. Fire at one end of quick match leaps to the other and almost as quickly as would electricity. The quick match is fitted out on what are known as lances, or rods of bamboo. For set pieces the design is sketched by an artist and then scaled so it can be enlarged to any size. The regulation set piece frame is 10x5 feet and is divided into squares a foot large. The design is outlined in rattan, pegs are driven into the rattan and or these pegs are fastened the quick match lances referred to.

Sulphur, saltpeter and charcoal enter largely into the manufacture of fireworks and for particularly brilliant effects steel and iron filings are added.

## FASHIONS FOR MEN.



The Fourth of July Coat. For men and boys—only thing for the national holiday.

## SOME FAMOUS FOURTHS.

- 1776—Declaration of Independence signed at Philadelphia.
- 1778—Clark took Kaaskaskia.
- 1778—The Wyoming massacre.
- 1780—British evacuated Williamsburg.
- 1783—Great celebration in Philadelphia apropos of the ratification of the constitution.
- 1802—J. Q. Adams delivered his first address to the United States senate.
- 1804—Pioneer weekly mail stage made its trip from Philadelphia to Pittsburg.
- 1807—Garibaldi, the Italian patriot, was born.
- 1817—Work began on the Erie canal.
- 1826—Death of John Adams.
- 1826—Death of Thomas Jefferson.
- 1828—First spike driven for the Baltimore & Ohio railroad.
- 1831—Death of James Monroe.
- 1833—Carolus Buran, the great French painter, was born.
- 1845—United States annexed Texas.
- 1848—Peace proclaimed between the United States and Mexico.
- 1848—Cornerstone of the Washington monument laid in Washington.
- 1851—Cornerstone for the capitol extension was laid.

## BELONGS TO THE CHILDREN.

Properly Equipped Playroom a Paradise for the Little Ones.

The most interesting feature of a New York home, according to Town and Country, is the "Do Do Room," a completely equipped playroom where the word "don't" is never heard. The idea of this juvenile paradise originated with paternalistas, whose childhood was marred by continually hearing "Don't do this!" or "Don't break that!"

The room itself is a large, sunny place, splendidly ventilated by plenty of windows, which are safely barred. One end of the hardwood floor is uncovered, while the other has a thick woolen rug, fastened down so securely that acrobatic feats or any amount of running or sliding cannot loosen it. The walls, which are deadened, so that noises cannot penetrate to other parts of the house, are covered with blue paper from which finger prints can be easily washed off. The pictures and electric lights are caged, this precaution making possible a mild game of baseball or any amount of handball or bean bag tossing.

The chairs (minus rockers) and the tables are made with rounded corners. The fear of breaking dainty bric-a-brac does not bother the little inmates of the "Do Do Room," and the built-in bookcase, where favorite books and magazines abound, has no glass doors to be kept away from, or silk curtain which must not be touched.

## ADDS TO LIFE OF CURTAINS.

Dry Cleaning Process That is Better Than Washing.

Take down the curtains, shake and brush well, getting out all the dust from the gathers, fluting, etc. Prepare a quantity of good wheat bran, put it into a large pan and place before a fire to dry, stirring with the hands frequently. Afterward, if the curtains are of silk, mix with the bran an ounce or more of finely powdered indigo blue. Provide several pieces of clean flannel. Spread the curtains, a piece at a time, on the table and sprinkle with bran a handful at a time. Next, with a bit of flannel, rub the bran round and round on the material, letting it rest before brushing off. As you proceed take clean bran and flannel, and the curtains will become much brightened and improved in appearance, says Woman's Life.

If glazed chintz curtains are often cleaned in this way they will not require washing for a long time. They never look the same after being washed.

Clean ottomans and sofas occasionally in the same way, and they will look much improved.

## To Can Spinach.

Pick over the spinach when you have washed it and strip the leaves from the main stems without bruising them. Cover with cold water and leave in this to freshen and crisp them. In an hour's time transfer the leaves, dripping wet, to a granite or porcelain pan, adding no water except that which drips from the spinach. Set this pot or jar in a larger vessel of cold water. Cover the inner vessel closely to keep in the steam and set both over the fire. When the water in the outer pot begins to boil open the inner and stir the contents gently with your wooden ladle to make sure that they are heated in the center. Cover again and let the boil go on for half an hour more. There should be enough liquid from the succulent leaves to cover the spinach when packed into the jars. Seal immediately.

## Rhubarb and Orange Jam.

Wash three pounds young rhubarb, then cut in pieces without peeling, two and a half inches in length. Put three pounds oranges in a preserving kettle with plenty of cold water, and simmer three hours. Drain the oranges and cut each in four pieces, removing seeds. Put six pounds sugar in the preserving kettle with just enough water to prevent sticking and stir with a wooden paddle until it boils. Add oranges and rhubarb and stir again at the boiling point, then push to the edge of the fire and simmer 15 minutes longer. Turn into glasses, leave until cold, then cover with paraffin and thick outside paper of metal covers, and keep in a cool place.

## To Can Asparagus.

Cut the stalks to within two inches of the tips. The rest of the stem is wood. It will not be eaten and takes up room in the jar that might be occupied to more advantage. Lay the asparagus, thus abbreviated, evenly and close together in a boiler and cover with cold water slightly salted. Put the cover on the boiler and set over the fire. Bring to a slow boil and keep up ten minutes, never letting the bubble become violent. Remove the asparagus gently with a wooden ladle; put into the jars, the tips in orderly array uppermost; fill with boiling salt water and seal.

## French Salad.

Peel three Spanish onions, scoop a teaspoonful of the center of each, and half fill the cavity with butter and a seasoning of salt and pepper; put in a baking pan and cook in a moderate oven until brown. When the onions are cold cut them into quarters and place them on a bed of watercress; skin and bone a half dozen sardines and lay them on the quarters of onion. Make a mayonnaise dressing, to which add one teaspoonful of curry powder, and pour over the onions and sardines. Garnish with hard-boiled eggs, sliced and sprinkle over all a little chopped parsley and chervil. Curry may be omitted.

# From the State Capital

Information and Gossip Furnished by Special Correspondent at Lansing.

Lansing.—Measures passing both houses: Creating three-man railroad commission with extensive powers; providing for a plebiscite on direct nominations; tax private or partnership utilities same as corporation-owned; limit pawnbrokers' and money lenders' interest to two per cent. per month; prohibiting bucket shops; regulating foreign corporations; extra ten cents when fare is paid on train; Custer monument, cost \$25,000, in Monroe; \$270,000 for good roads; \$70,000 appropriation for tuberculosis hospital; providing for the establishment of a binder twine plant in Jackson prison; repealing limited liability and change revenue laws.

The gavels in both houses of the Michigan legislature fell about one p. m. June 19, the clock in the senate having been turned back while the house clock was stopped. At noon both houses passed up all business but receiving messages from the other house. The \$30,000 additional appropriation for the tuberculosis sanatorium was the final act of generosity by the houses. The last fight in the house was over the Whitney bill giving back to the tax commission power to intervene in local assessments at the instance of any taxpayer. Representative Dust moved to take the bill from the table in the house, but this motion was defeated by Representative Denton. The last business done by the house was the passage of the increase of salary for the state librarian. The senate's last performance was agreeing to report of the conference committee on the battleship Michigan. The galleries and side seats in both houses were filled and when after the houses had interchanged adjournment messages and sent committees to the governor, the clocks were turned back to 12 o'clock, and cheering at either end of the capitol building announced the adjournment of the Forty-fourth legislature. By reducing the general purpose tax to \$1,100,000, the budget appropriated by the legislature was kept down to \$9,150,555.12. The governor decided on this move after consulting with the auditor general and learning that there is now nearly \$2,000,000 in the state treasury, which is ample to meet any deficiency that may arise. At the last moment the house agreed to an appropriation of \$25,000 for a Custer monument to be erected at Monroe and the highway department appropriation, which was raised to \$250,000, was given immediate effect. In connection with the appropriation Gov. Warner took occasion to send a message to the legislature for the purpose of explaining the various items. At the same time he made an extended reference to the primary reform bill for the purpose of reiterating his position that the party should nominate its candidate for governor by direct vote and not prevent such a nomination by keeping the 40 per cent. provision in the law. He said in part: "I desire to express my appreciation of much of the work accomplished during the present legislative session. While, as at all previous sessions, some commendable bills have failed of passage, while others less desirable have met with the approval of a majority of both of the houses, there have been enacted a number of especially worthy laws which call for more than passing notice. Prominent among these measures which will benefit the people of the state at large is the so-called two-cent railroad fare bill. In my judgment no injustice has been done to the railroads by the enactment of this law, while all the people of the state will be materially benefited thereby. In repealing the limited liability and change of venue laws, you have fulfilled promises made throughout the state during the last campaign that met a demand of your constituents generally. In making provision for the establishment of a binder twine plant at the state prison at Jackson you have, in my judgment, not only furnished proper employment for a goodly number of convicts, but have provided them with labor which will produce a profit for the state in addition to supplying many Michigan farmers with twine at a reduced cost. It is but fair to the legislature, and to the people of the state, for me to say at this time that it is my present belief that a special session of the legislature should be called for a date yet to be determined upon, and that at such special session I shall recommend the passage, not only of this bill, but also of a bill requiring that all lobbyists be registered and regulated, so that the people of the state may know just who are opposing measures drafted in their interests."

Will Spend \$9,500,000. The senate and house committee on appropriations are pretty near to closing up their books. The difference in the immense tables of figures prepared in the two committees is about a quarter of a million dollars. The senate thinks \$9,250,000 more or less—the house committee writes \$9,500,000, less or more. The appropriations this year will be immensely in excess of anything ever dreamed of before, and two millions over the budget of last season. Still, every item has been worked over with painful detail. Several of the institutions will be very angry with the legislature. The tuberculosis sanatorium at Howell thinks it has been treated harshly by the house committee, which has by its cuts prevented many improvements.

No Relief for Thomas Allen. Gov. Warner vetoed the senate joint resolution permitting the state board of auditors to investigate the claim of Thomas Allen, the one-legged popcorn vendor of Detroit, for relief not to exceed \$2,000. Allen was imprisoned some years ago for a crime he did not commit. The governor's reason for this, the first veto message of the session, was that a similar resolution passed in 1899 was held invalid by the supreme court.

Combinations Allowed. The house passed the Smith bill allowing gas, electric light and electric power companies to combine in the upper peninsula, on a vote of 75 per cent. of the stockholders. A similar bill was passed for Manistee recently, and though some members have expressed opposition to the combine plan, they yielded in the Smith bill as a local matter.

Electric Lines Lose Out. The house suppressed the Tuttle bill, making it easier for state banks to receive electric railway securities. Representative Campbell moved to discharge the committee of the whole from consideration of the bill, but this was defeated. Representatives Campbell and McCarthy upheld the bill, Representative Standart opposed it from the standpoint of the bankers.

Deaths in State During May. Of the 3,169 deaths in May, 274 were credited to tuberculosis, 239 to pneumonia and 185 to violence. The increase over May last year is 142. Births exceeded deaths by 1,909. There were 32 deaths of infants under one year, and 1,007 of persons over 65 years of age.

Tax All Public Utilities. The joint resolution providing for a constitutional amendment to allow taxation of public utilities owned by individuals and copartnerships as well as by corporations passed both houses.

Earle Wins His Fight. The house gave a victory to Highway Commissioner Earle, when the bill of Representative Baker, restoring the highway department's appropriation to \$270,000, instead of the \$200,000, recommended by the ways and means committee, was passed with 58 votes.

\$25,000 for a Custer Monument. The Kline bill for a \$25,000 monument to Gen. Custer at Monroe passed both houses of the legislature.

## Abolish Counting Board.

The house gave up practically all of June 14 to the consideration of Detroit bills. Among those passed were the Riverside boulevard bill, as amended by Representative Jerome; the bill to increase the salaries of the county auditors to \$5,000, and the new Wayne primary law. This latter bill changes the Ashley-Bland law of last session in several particulars. A system of practical party enrollment is devised; the central counting board is abolished; the law is made specifically to apply to villages and instruction ballots for illiterate voters are provided. The house also passed Representative Weiss' referendum bill, increasing the salaries of aldermen from \$1,200 to \$1,800. This means an increase of 36 times \$600. A bill was passed to amend the title of the Fairview annexation bill. The senate, while not devoting all its time to local bills, yet passed the bill giving firemen an additional furlough, making 40 days per year in all.

## Surety Bonds for Saloons.

The Bunting bill, providing that any municipality in the state may accept surety company bonds on liquor licenses, passed the senate. Those opposed were Senators Bates, Ely, Linsley, Lugers and Wetmore. The bill provides that surety bonds may be accepted from a Michigan corporation of more than \$500,000 capital. There is as yet no such corporation, but the proposed organization of a \$1,000,000 company, has been rumored. A bill providing for the incorporation of such companies has already passed. The only amendment made to the bill was that surety bonds shall not be accepted in a municipality where a majority of the voters reckoned on the last gubernatorial vote protest. Senator Lugers opposed the bill vigorously, but his motion to kill it was voted down in committee of the whole by the narrow margin of 11 to 10.

## A Slight Variation.

On sultry days our talk will choose, In much the way we did of old; The same fierce epithets we'll use, But we'll say "hot" instead of "cold."—Washington Star.

## The Language of Flowers.

"How could a man ever pen such a mean kind of letter?"  
"I suppose he did it with a John quill."  
"And how do you suppose she felt when she received it?"  
"Naturally like a blue belle."—Baltimore American.

## Suspected.

"What a flatterer your wife is."  
"Flatterer!—Oh, no; you wrong her. What has she said that makes you think she flattered you?"  
"It wasn't me she flattered; but don't you remember what she said about hoping that your boy would grow up to be just like his papa?"

## Way One Feels.

Assistant—I wonder why more poetry is written in the spring than at any other time of the year?  
Editor—Oh, I suppose it's because nearly everybody feels sort of good-for-nothing then.—Chicago Daily News.

## Not in the Four Hundred.

"Talking of elections, there is one thing in which society and politics differ."  
"What is that?"  
"In the former you never find floaters in the swim."—Baltimore American.

## After the Concert.

"Didn't the lady who played the piano have a dainty touch?"  
"Yes, I enjoyed her playing very much. It was so soft a good deal of the time that it didn't disturb one's conversation a bit."—Chicago Record Herald.

## A Good Reason.

"Does your wife always talk back to you?"  
"Never!"  
"How do you manage to control her so?"  
"I don't. She always talks first."—Baltimore American.

## More Commoners.

"But they are not really what you might call members of our most aristocratic or exclusive set."  
"Oh, no. Their Washington residence is to cost only \$150,000."—Chicago Record Herald.

## Precision of Statement.

"So your son has taken up the study of instrumental music?"  
"Yes, sir."  
"Does he play con amore?"  
"No, sir; he plays the fiddle."—Baltimore American.

## Granted.

"If you choose to live in a house on the edge of the lake, where the trees blow eternally, one way or the other, that's your lookout."  
"Sure! It's the lookout that attracts me."—Chicago Tribune.

## MARY'S WARNING.

Our hearts are sad, our faces grave,  
We bear a common sorrow;  
We do not heed our work to-day,  
We're thinking of the morrow.  
We sit in listless attitudes,  
To hide our grief we're scorning;  
Come weal, come woe, what do we care  
For Mary's given warning.

But yesterday we played and sang,  
The whole house rang with laughter,  
We did not note the gathering gloom  
That's clouded our hereafter.  
We heeded not, poor blinded fools,  
The mother in the morning  
Announced to all the dining room  
That Mary's given warning.

But now the blow has fallen, we  
Our conversation flavor  
With various remarks upon  
Her ominous behavior.  
Her sullen looks, those ill-washed plates  
Her slowness in the morning—  
How could we be surprised to hear  
That Mary's given warning?

Now for a month the front door bell  
Will shake in agitation;  
Young persons will be coming for  
The vacant situation.  
And so we sit in attitudes,  
All occupations scorning,  
Since we all heard at breakfast time  
That Mary's given warning.  
—Royal Magazine.

## GETTING IT OVER WITH.



Johnny—Papa, will you give me a good, sound licking?  
Pa—What for, Johnny?  
Johnny—Well, I'm going to sneak off and go in swimming, and I don't want to be bothered with a future.—N. O. Picayune.

A Slight Variation.  
On sultry days our talk will choose, In much the way we did of old; The same fierce epithets we'll use, But we'll say "hot" instead of "cold."—Washington Star.

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"Sure! It's the lookout that attracts me."—Chicago Tribune.



Entered at the postoffice at East Jordan Michigan as second class mail matter.

**Reforest Plains With Locust Trees**

(Continued from First Page)  
Many trees in a grove will reach a size large enough for railroad ties, which is a fact very much in its favor.  
We might remark incidentally that the policeman's clubs are manufactured almost exclusively from Black Locust, as it is not only a heavy and hard wood, but gives off a sound when struck upon a stone or cement walk peculiar to itself and not possessed by any other timber. While it may not pay to plant extensive tracts of Black Locust for the manufacture of policeman's clubs alone, there are so many other uses for which it is a most valuable timber, taken in connection with its growth upon its sandy soil makes it to our mind the ideal timber with which to reforest our pine plains.

E. L. Sprague.

Choose Chicago Beef at HAYDEN'S.  
All papers sold at this office.

Old Kinds of Flour and Groceries at Hayden's.

Take all your Butter and Eggs to Boosingers.

Alabastine color cards free at STROBEL BROS.

When looking for a Rocking Chair call on WHITTINGTON.

Hand-made farm and driving Harness at STROBEL BROS.

Go to B. C. Hubbard & Co. for Art Squares, Rugs and Lace Curtains.

Select field and garden seeds at STROBEL BROS.

The Detroit & Charlevoix Railroad will change time Sunday, June 30th, and put on their usual summer schedule. A passenger train will leave East Jordan at 9:30 a. m. connecting with the G. R. & I. for all points north and south at Alba, and at Frederic with the Michigan Central Railroad trains in both directions. Returning train will reach East Jordan at 4:25 p. m. A freight train carrying passengers will arrive at East Jordan at 11:45 a. m. and leave at 2:20 p. m.

I will mail you free, to prove merit, samples of my Dr. Sheep's Restorative and my Book on either Dyspepsia, the Heart or the Kidneys. Troubles of the Stomach, Heart or Kidneys, are merely symptoms of a deeper ailment. Don't make the common error of treating the symptoms only. Symptom treatment is treating the result of your ailment, not the Cause. Weak stomach nerves—the inside nerves—mean Stomach weakness, always. And the Heart, and Kidneys as well, have their controlling or inside nerves. Weaken these nerves, and you inevitably have weak vital organs. Here is where Dr. Sheep's Restorative has made its fame. No other remedy even claims to treat the "inside nerves". Also for bloating, biliousness, bad breath or complexion; use Dr. Sheep's Restorative. Write me today for sample and free Book. Dr. Sheep, Racine, Wis. The Restorative is sold by Warne's Pharmacy.

There is a superstition that canoes are not trustworthy. But superstition is merely the distortion of Faith by Ignorance. The canoe is only the most girlishly feminine of all ships that float on the waters. She demands the constant assurance of understanding. Honor her preference in the little matters, and you may depend upon her in all things of import. Step exactly over the keel, not an inch to right or left; distribute the weight evenly, so that she may neither bury her bows nor stand upon her stern; forbear to bump her too brutally upon rocks or to scrape her over gravel; and you will find her as steady as a barge, as seaworthy as a lory, fit to carry through choppy wells or down riotous rapids a weight that would make the clumsier rowboat wallow like a tub. She will float you sensibly down the moon-fremulous gloaming of some still wood- ever, turning at a touch under the occlusion of overhanging leaves, losing her way sympathetically along hushed and sedgy fringes where the black water laps and listens, and the breath and sense of Summer thrill all the south of your wide awake.—The Travel Magazine.

Pay nothing down on an Edison Phonograph. Buy a few records and start paying for the machine 30 days later. Mack, the Jeweler, Edison Agent.

**An Ideal Laxative.**  
Physic and Cathartics which purge, unload the bowels, and give temporary relief, irritate and weaken the digestive and expulsive organs. Calumet Baking Powder is a different, a positive laxative. It is a stimulant, it gives tone to the bowels, it gives strength and vigor to do the work nature intended, thus feeding a permanent cure by perfectly safe and natural means. The best laxative for children. Chocolate coated tablets, easy to take, never gripes or pains. 10c, 50c and \$1.00 at all drug stores.

Pay nothing down on an Edison Phonograph. Buy a few records and start paying for the machine 30 days later. Mack, the Jeweler, Edison Agent.

**EXHIBITS HOUSED IN BUILDINGS.**  
Enormous sums of money have been spent during the past year by the officers of the Michigan State Agricultural Society in order to make sure that at the 1907 State Fair at Detroit none of the exhibits would have to be housed in tents. Since the fair of 1905 many of those bringing fruits, vegetables and live stock to Michigan's great industrial exposition have had to be given temporary canvas quarters, but this year it was determined to build additional buildings until ample room would be provided for all.

Every structure on the new grounds is substantial, and it is hoped that within a short time the larger departments will each have a building of its own. The magnitude of the State Fair can be best appreciated when it is known that at the beginning of the fair of 1906 the society owned 140 acres of land on the principal thoroughfare of Detroit, a mile race track 90 feet wide, a steel constructed grand stand seating 7,000 people, a fine horse barn containing accommodations for 300 horses, five cattle barns for 600 cattle, two sheep barns for 600 sheep, two swine barns for 450 swine, for fine speed horse barns, 120 stalls, a poultry house 40x150 feet, a main building 100x220 feet, well lighted, a horticultural building, 70x160 feet, with the most convenient arrangement possible, an agricultural building, 40x150 feet, a dairy building, 40x150 feet, with a refrigerator 8x50 feet, administration building 70x160 feet, the Michigan building, remodeled from St. Louis; the finest band stand in Michigan, toilet rooms in abundance, a score of drinking hydrants that furnish pure water, a fine rest grove, tents for women and children, modern convenience.

Choices Chicago Beef at HAYDEN'S.  
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**Spring Announcement.**  
1907.  
New Rugs From Old Carpets.

It is time to begin planning for Spring about that old Carpet. Don't wait until the usual big rush is on as it is always the case in April and May and all the year after, but ship as soon as possible. We are adding to our equipment and making more beautiful Rugs than ever. Remember the name and Trade Mark "Sanitary Rugs from Old Carpets."  
PETOSKEY RUG MFG. & CARPET CO. LTD., 465 Mitchell st. Petoskey, Mich.

East Jordan is becoming famous for Furniture. Going outside for Furniture is a thing of the past. Empty Bros. are aiming to make prices right.

**CATARRH CURES**  
RHEUMATISM  
LUMBAGO, SCIATICA  
NEURALGIA and  
KIDNEY TROUBLE

**Dr. Sheep's Catarrh Cure**  
WARNE'S PHARMACY.

**Eczema and Pile-Cure**  
Free Knowing what it was to suffer, I will give FREE OF CHARGE, to any afflicted a positive cure for Eczema, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Piles and Skin Diseases. Instant relief. Don't suffer longer. Write E. W. WILLIAMS, 400 Manhattan Avenue, New York. Enclose Stamp.

To prove unquestionably, and beyond any doubt that Catarrh of the nose and throat can be cured, I am furnishing patients through druggists, small free Trial Boxes of Dr. Sheep's Catarrh Cure. Do this because I am so certain that Dr. Sheep's Catarrh Cure will bring actual substantial help. Nothing certainly, is so convincing as a physical test of any article of real genuine merit. But this article must possess true merit, else the test will condemn, rather than advance it. Dr. Sheep's Catarrh Cure is a snow white, healing antiseptic balm, put up in beautiful nickel capped glass jars at 5c. Such soothing agents as Oil Eucalyptus, Thymol, Menthol, etc., are incorporated into a velvety cream like Petroleum, imported by Dr. Sheep from Europe. If Catarrh of the nose and throat has extended to the stomach, then by all means also use internally. Dr. Sheep's Restorative, Stomach distress, a lack of general strength, bloating, belching, biliousness, bad taste, etc., surely call for Dr. Sheep's Restorative.

For uncomplicated catarrh only of the nose and throat, nothing else, however, need be used but

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You can't tell a woman's age after she takes Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Her complexion is fine. She is round, plump and handsome; in fact she is young again. 35 cents, Jar or Tablets. Warne's Pharmacy.

Piles get quick and certain relief from Dr. Sheep's Magic Ointment. Please note it is made alone for Piles, itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Large nickel-capped glass jars 50 cents. Sold by Warne's Pharmacy.

**DROPS**  
TRADE MARK  
**CURES**  
RHEUMATISM  
LUMBAGO, SCIATICA  
NEURALGIA and  
KIDNEY TROUBLE

**FREE**  
If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Neuritis, Kidney Trouble or any kind of disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "DROPS," and test it yourself.

"DROPS" can be used any length of time without acquiring a "drug habit," as it is entirely free of opium, cocaine, alcohol, heroinium, and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle, "5-DROPS" (500 Doses) \$1.00. For sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATISM CURE COMPANY, Dept. 50, 100 Erie Street, Chicago.

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Consumption is less deadly than it used to be.  
Certain relief and usually complete recovery will result from the following treatment:  
Hope, rest, fresh air, and—**Scott's Emulsion.**  
ALL DRUGGISTS, 50c. AND \$1.00.

Are You Going To Celebrate the Fourth at East Jordan Or Some Other Place?

No matter where you go to celebrate this holiday you will not want to go looking like a professional bum, commonly spoken of as a "camp." Show to others your prosperity—wear good clothes. At The Boston Store is just what you want.

LADIES—the Boston Store is the place to complete your summer wardrobe. Shirt Waists, Skirts, Embroideries, Laces, Fancy Hose, Oxfords.  
GENTLEMEN will find Dress Suits, Dress Pants, Dress Shirts, Neckwear, Fancy Hose, Oxfords—in fact everything that is necessary for comfort and appearance during the summer.

PRICES THE LOWEST.  
**The Boston Store**  
A. Datto, Proprietor.

Order Your  
**1908 Calendars**  
At This Office.

**EAST JORDAN LUMBER COMPANY.**

**Summer Clothing.**

Our Woodhull, Goodale & Bull Suits are selling fast, but we still have some very pretty patterns left. If you want to be dressed with a Suit as good as anybody wears, come in and buy one of these Suits. They have Style and fit.

**See Our New Bathing Suits.**  
We can supply you with New Bathing Suits from a Fine Line Just Received.

**American Gentleman Oxfords**  
If you want to see a "Nifty" gentleman's Oxford come in and look at Hamilton, Brown & Co.'s "American Gentleman," the prettiest Oxford shown this year.

**Our Panama Hats**  
Are selling this season faster than ever, as the people are beginning to realize that in the long run they are the cheapest hat to buy. Call in and see them.

**RUGS and ART SQUARES**  
We have determined to close out a very nice lot of Beautiful Rugs and Art Squares, the latter are 7x9 and 9x12 feet. To make sure these go quick, we offer them  
**AT 1-4 OFF PRICE.**  
We also offer at very low price, some nice carpet Samples that are beautiful for Rugs. Come in and examine these bargains.  
YOURS FOR GOOD GOODS.  
**EAST JORDAN LUMBER CO.**



# Briefs of the Week

Arlington Block Co. for 3 nights soon. Lovelady Opera House.  
**Comic Opera**—"The Adorable Fritzie" sometime in July, by a fine company.  
 A Chinaman invented the firecracker, but it was some other fool who made the first toy pistol.  
 The ball game Friday between the Bennett Team and Bucley resulted in a score of 3 to 2 in favor of the latter.

**BRACELET LOST**—Gold bracelet with the name "Ruth" on it. Finder, please return same to Mrs. Louis Poppin. Reward offered.

**WANTED**—Two or three women for laundry work. Good wages and steady employment. Call or address Belvedere Hotel, Charlevoix.

The Cadillac Band, which is to be here the Fourth, took first prize in the band contest at the Maccabee Celebration at Charlevoix last week.

Moses Wiesman is the first Fourth of July victim this year. He "didn't know it was loaded" and shot a blank cartridge into his hand, last Monday.

All those desiring to enter the Sporting contest for the Fourth are requested to hand their names in to either members of that committee (Messrs. Otto, Grigsby, Cuson, Falls) or Harry Curkendall.

A party of about a dozen officials of the N. Y. Central Line, representing the new purchasers of the Detroit & Charlevoix Railroad, were here Wednesday on a special train looking over the property.

Mrs. B. A. Dole was on the sick list first of the week.

B. A. Dole entertained his brother, Lloyd of Bellaire this week.

Chas. Burtch and wife were guests of Bellaire friends over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Graff were guests of Kalkaska friends over Sunday.

N. C. Sanders and wife of Bellaire are guests of East Jordan friends.

A. H. Frost of the East Jordan Lumber Co., is here from the West.

Mrs. D. W. Marshall of Mancelona was guest of East Jordan friends, recently.

Do not fail to call at Boosinger's and see the painting illustrating the "Sweet Girl Graduate."

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Harrington are receiving a visit from their daughter, Mrs. John Pelton of Gaylord.

As usual, we start in the day after determined to have a sane Fourth next time, and henceforth to use no other.

One reason why this country has a population of nearly 80,000,000 is that so many glorious Fourth have been rained.

Mrs. A. Townsend is receiving a visit from Mrs. Harry Lodge of Cross Village and Miss Dora Townsend of Plymouth.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Squier are receiving a visit from the former's son, Raymond, and niece, Miss Edna Keasey, of South Haven.

Rev. Grigsby will unite in marriage free of charge, the first couple who will apply to him at the Band Stand the morning of the Fourth.

Supt. H. H. Fuller was home over Sunday.

Archie Crego, here from Springville over Sunday.

New Edison Records, 35 cents, at Mack's Jewelry Store.

Supernaw & White have begun work on their new lath mill on the West Side.

The P. L. A. S. meet with Mrs. C. A. Brabant next Friday afternoon, July 5th.

Carl Watson of the Alba Sentinel has purchased the Frankfort Patriot and taken possession.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Danto entertained Mrs. C. Levinson of Charlevoix and Mrs. Ben Segal of Harbor Springs the past week.

If there had been cannon crackers when George Washington was a little boy, this country might never have had a father.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Grosman entertained C. L. Ames, who was here the past week looking over his East Jordan Lumber Co. interests.

Richard Byers and Miss Anna McKinnon, two well-known and popular young people of our village were united in marriage Wednesday evening.

C. G. Worden is receiving a visit from his mother, Mr. J. F. Worden of Cheboygan, Wis., also his son, J. A. of Port Washington, Wis. Mrs. Worden will remain a couple of months.

Rev. and Mrs. A. D. Grigsby received a visit from Wm. Brown of Bay City, Tuesday. They expect a visit from their son, Wm. T., and wife of Cheboygan this coming week.

J. Bartholomew is here from Ishpeming renewing old acquaintances. Mr. Bartholomew is succeeding nicely in his new location, holding a position as foreman in one of the Cleveland Cliff shops there.

Mrs. Grigsby is attending the District Convention of the W. C. T. U. in Charlevoix this week, and is on the program for a speech. The meetings are held in the Congregational church and are open to anyone who is interested. Special rate of 75c return on the Str. Ham.

The films used by the Electric Theatre middle of the week were about as fine a moving picture as has ever been shown in our city. Mr. Holaday, the manager, is sparing no pains to give the public a first class service, although the cost is somewhat higher than the average. "Always something good" at the Electric Theatre is his maxim and altho attenders are sure of a good, clean, wholesome half-hour's entertainment for only 5 cents.

Michigan is now numbered among the states in which the Iniquitous bucket shop can have no legal abiding place. The communities which have not been troubled with one or more of these blood-sucking pests can have little appreciation of the value to the state and its people their final obliteration will be. An aggressive effort was made to defeat the legislation which ended the career of the bucket shop in Michigan, and there was fear and doubt as to that desirable result being accomplished until its final completion during the very last days of legislative work. And that item of accomplishment deserves to rank among the best results of the recent session.

Some time since a Chicago man went to South Fox Island with John O. Plank and found a piece of government land he wanted for a summer home and hired an Indian to bring him over in a sail boat to Northport, then hired a rig and came to Leland, the Indian coming with him. But when the white man went to the red brother went to the county clerk's residence, got him to go to his office and entered the same land, filed the necessary affidavits, paid the entry fee and went to the hotel happy. The next morning the Chicago man went into the clerk's office, but when informed that the man had the land he swore some and then swore some more but it was no use, the Indian had outwitted him.—Northport Leader.

Last week deputy sheriff Weikel rounded up a party of boys between 10 and 11 years of age who have been pilfering boat houses and stealing brass from boats and launches stored therein. They were arraigned before Justice Collins Monday and on recommendation of county agent L. C. Madison, this being their first offence, they were returned to the care of their parents, upon the restoration of the stolen property and payment of costs. On account of their parents, and because of their extreme youth the names are withheld from the public. This case should serve as a warning to these boys and others, as the only possible penalty if the case had been prosecuted, would have been the reform school.—Charlevoix Courier.

Pay nothing down on an Edison Phonograph. Buy a few records and start paying for the machine 30 days later. Mack, the Jeweler, Edison Agent.

Extra Choice Chicago Beef at Hayden's.

Boosinger pays the highest Cash Price for Wool.

Hand-made Lumber Harness at Strober Bros.

Stalhofer makes furniture and floors look better than new.

Miss Bessie Warner was guest of Charlevoix friends this week.

Crockery—a new lot just opened up. You can buy one piece or a set.

E. A. Lewis, W. A. Lovelady and F. E. Boosinger were Boyne City visitors, Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Stiffler of Birmingham, Mich., are visiting Mrs. E. C. Plank.

Miss Ida Moore is home from Manly and again at her duties on Telephone Central.

Mrs. Emma Dunham and Miss Jennie Glenn returned this week from their visit to Fredonia, Kansas.

Miss Edith Grider of Nessen, who has been guest of Miss Lillian McDermott, returned home, Friday.

What has become of the old fashioned child whose knowledge of confederacy was limited to stick candy?

If a man ever thinks much of his wife's kin, it is apt to be a younger sister of whom the wife will be jealous.

For Sale or Rent—Large TENT 50x30 feet, Suitable for Camp, Bowery or Fruit Stand. Apply Electric Theatre.

In our Vegetable and Fruit department we have everything the market has to offer. New Potatoes and Strawberries are the latest additions.—E. A. Lewis.

Mrs. G. B. Crowell and J. L. Wiesman drove over to Boyne Falls, Friday, and attended the closing picnic of a school which Miss Maude Crowell has been teaching.

What does your boy care if you did only have one bunch of firecrackers for the entire Fourth when you were a boy? He knows that the world was slow and sleepy then anyway.

Messrs. Henry Winters and Fred Gilbert are about to open a Nickel Theatre in the building south of Richardson's Grocery. They will probably be under way the fore part of next week.

## Council Proceedings.

Special meeting, June 27th, 1907. Present, President Shapton, Trustees McMillan, Lemieux, Sweet, Goodman, Curkendall, Brabant.

On motion, the following bills were allowed:  
 C. H. Whittington, rebate \$ 28 60  
 Geo. Macy, rebate 21 60  
 Bert Hughes, sidewalk in front of Band Stand 23 56  
 M. A. Lemieux, repairs 1 00  
 Empey Bros., bedding for jail 0 00  
 St. Com's, labor, team hire 225 41

Applications for cement walks by H. I. McMillan, Frank Martinek, and E. J. Crossman was granted.

The Committee on Electric Lights reported as follows:

We, Committee on Electric Light Contract, beg leave to submit following proposed changes in existing contract, and ask for favorable consideration on same.

Special Provisions.  
 Village to grant extension of contract with following changes and provisions:

Light to resident shall not exceed ten cents per 1000 W.

Village agrees to add five arc lights within one year of date of contract, and five additional lights within three years of date of contract, so village shall have thirty within three years.

At time of addition of first five lights the price for lighting shall be \$51.00 per arc light per annum, and the same price for all lights thereafter added.

If a light or lights are not burning or for any reason fail to produce the light hereby contracted for, two hours or more, payment for such light or lights shall cease, only to be renewed when said light or lights are again burning according to schedule, and should said light or lights for any reason not be maintained in such condition as to light the street or streets according to the intention of this contract for the period of twenty days or more then said East Jordan Electric Light & Power Co. shall pay said village the sum of ten cents per night for each light not burning; fractions of a night when a light may be burning to be considered as not burning.

NOTIFICATION.  
 In case a light or lights for any reason fail to burn so as to furnish a standard light, notice to said Electric Light & Power Co. or its employees, by the Village Marshal or any member of the Common Council or other person authorized by the Council for such purpose, that a light or lights are not burning shall constitute a sufficient notice to said company so as to exempt said village from payment of said

# MEN'S FELT HATS

300 Men's Felt Hats in all the latest styles and colors. Hats that are actually worth from \$1.50 to \$3.00. Do not miss this chance. They will go at

## \$1.00 EACH

So now if you want a hat becoming to you, you must be coming to me.

# L. WIESMAN

Loveday Brick Block, East Jordan.

## SPRAY YOUR COWS WITH

# So Bos So Killfly

And Protect Them From the Torture of Flies.

It is absolutely harmless to man or beast and increases the amount of milk from one to three quarts. The cost is only about 1-5th of a cent per day, which makes it the best investment you can make as the cows in a few days will pay for the season's spraying in extra milk. It makes them stand quietly when they are being milked and for this reason alone it would pay you to use it. Sold only by

# W. E. MALPASS HARDWARE CO.

light or lights, after said light or lights have been out for two hours or more; said Electric Light & Power Co. to notify said village authority complaining of said light or lights failure to burn, as soon as it is again in commission. Failure to give such notice as aforesaid to said village officials that said light or lights are again in commission shall be a waiver of compensation for the supply of such light until given.

POWER FOR PUMPING.  
 Light Co. to furnish power for a 50 H. P. motor, at two and one half cents per K. W., minimum compensation for such service to be \$25.00 per month. Transformer to be furnished by Light Co., motor by village. The Electric Light Co. to furnish power for 25 H. P. Motor on West Side with minimum charge of \$12.00 per month.

Balance of contract to remain the same as heretofore.  
 H. I. McMILLAN,  
 D. E. GOODMAN.

Moved and supported that report be accepted for consideration and that same be published in the official paper. Carried.

Moved and supported that the time for collecting Village Taxes be extended thirty days from present expiration. Carried.

Resolution presented by Brabant that sidewalks be either repaired or rebuilt in front of abutting upon 55 different described parcels of land in accordance with ordinance No. 28. Carried.

Report of the surveyor on east of the Fall at Brown's Creek was received and accepted and Street Committee were instructed to advertise for bids.

Moved and supported that the parking on Second st. from Esterly st. north to Section line be established seven feet on both sides of street. Carried.

Moved and supported that the money received from licensees on the Fourth be given to the Celebration. Carried.

To Rent—Good Farm of 100 acres, on shares. Inquire of E. N. Clink.

EMPEY BROS. are about closing a deal to furnish a beautiful home all complete, within a few miles of another thriving town. Let them come.

No greater mistake can be made than to consider lightly the evidence of disease in your system. Don't take chances on ordinary medicines. Use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.

EMPEY BROS. line of Dressing Cases are really worth spending a little time to look at them over. All kinds and prices. Say nothing about them.

Wanted—10 men in each state to travel, distribute samples of our goods and tack signs. Salary \$85.00 per month; \$3.00 per day for expenses. Saunders Co., Department E. 46 Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.—52-13.

Free, for Catarrh, just to prove merit, a Trial size Box of Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. Let me send it now. It is a snow white, creamy, healing, antiseptic balm. Containing such healing ingredients as Oil Eucalyptus, Thymol, Menthol, etc., it gives instant and lasting relief to Catarrh of the nose and throat. Make the free test and see for yourself what this preparation can and will accomplish. Address Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Sold by Warren's Pharmacy.

# Electric Theatre

## SPECIALS.

This Saturday afternoon at two o'clock (standard time) The Holy City will be sung and will be beautifully illustrated. Complimentary admission to all over sixty years of age also a nice line of motion pictures.

## Program Now Running

Motion Pictures.

1. Butterfly Catcher.
2. Mother-in-Law's Visit.
3. Peasant Girl's Revenge.

SONG—THE MAN IN THE OVERALLS.

## The Children

Can help themselves by helping us. Any girl or boy between 5 and 14 years of age may have four tickets to the Electric Theatre when they can sell to their friends at 5 cents each, bringing us twenty cents, when they will be given a ticket for themselves free. A better way would be to solicit 5 cts each from four friends and bring us 20 cents and get four tickets and one for yourself free—just four tickets to each girl or boy; we will trust you. Be independent and earn your own way. Always something doing and something good at the

# Electric Theatre.

## Saving Pointers

The money you spend and the money you earn varies somewhat. The money you save increases your income, if deposited with us in a savings account. Small sums count. System brings results. Save something regularly from your earnings. The start is important. One dollar will start a savings account for you.

# State Bank of East Jordan

CAPITAL, \$20,000.00. SURPLUS, \$5,000.00.

### OFFICERS and DIRECTORS:

W. L. French, President. John A. Boosinger, M. H. Robertson, Vice Pres.  
 W. P. Porter, Geo. G. Glenn, Cashier.

The Buckley Base Ball team came up Thursday and had a swatfest with our Firemen. After it was all over it looked like fourteen to nothing.

A special train on the D. & C. will leave Deward for East Jordan the morning of the Fourth at seven o'clock and Alba at 7:30. The returning train will leave East Jordan at 10:30 p. m. Usual low Holiday rates.

The pastor of the Presbyterian church will preach next Sunday morning and evening, the evening topic being "The Flag." A cordial welcome to all. The Y. P. S. C. E. are holding half hour meetings beginning at 7 every Sunday evening.

At the big Northern Michigan Maccabee Celebration held at Charlevoix last Friday it was decided to hold the next annual meeting at Manistee. Officers elected for ensuing year are: President, John Keegan, Manistee; First Vice President, Russell Lee, East Lake; Secretary, William Mansaw, Manistee; Treasurer, August Holmes, Manistee.

Jos. Podleski was re-arrested in Detroit, Wednesday, by Sheriff McWain, and brought back to East Jordan, Thursday, where he is confined in jail. Podleski was arrested on a serious charge a few weeks ago and released on bail, pending a hearing. He jumped his bail before the day for hearing and since then officers have been hunting on his trail.

The leading railroad presidents of the country held a meeting in Chicago Friday, at which after a spirited discussion, it was decided to reduce passenger rates on all the leading roads to two cents per mile. Several officials admitted after the meeting that they had been forced to bow to public opinion and anti-railroad legislation and that no further fight would be made on the two cent rate laws already passed. Some of the roads will put the new rate into force July 1, and the others are expected to follow suit at an early date. By the new law Michigan roads are forced to adopt the new law in September, but because of competition, may reduce fares sooner.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Price are entertaining Miss Grace Kell of Northport. Miss Eliza Stewart, who has been teaching at Elkton the past year, passed through here on her way to her home in Ironton first of the week. While in town she was guest of Miss Inez Townsend.

A certain girl has worn her hair in such a fashion for a number of years past as to conceal her ears, and this has given rise to a rumor that she hasn't any ears. Still she really must have; she has heard two proposals of marriage that the public knows of, and undoubtedly has heard a good many others that the public knows nothing about.

Tradesman—Fishing stories are always in order. A Grand Rapids man who was enjoying great sport with the finny tribe on the Little Manistee went to the telegraph office and wired his wife as follows: "I've got one; weighs seven pounds and is in beauty." In reply came the following, signed by his wife: "So have I; weighs ten pounds; he isn't a beauty; 10Ks like you."

Some rather, very, practical and definite to the class in whose behalf it was provided, will be experienced through the recent legislation. Limiting the interest that can be demanded by pawnbrokers and city loaners of money on furniture and personal property. Heretofore the extortion of this class of money loaners has been carried to a most cruel extreme. It will also be required of these loaners hereafter that they pay a license fee and give bonds for the proper performance of their business.

The past week has been a big one for marriage licenses, County Clerk Lewis having issued seven, as follows: James A. Mattson to Belle Fry, both of Boyne City; Elijah Holman to Angeline Clark, South Arm; William Houck to Blanche McCartney, Boyne Falls; Richard M. Byers to Anna McKinnon, East Jordan; Clyde B. Adams of Boyne Falls, to Josephine Koolstra, Grand Rapids; Hiram G. Hipp, East Jordan, to Margaret O'Neill, Phelps; Charles M. Gill, Charlen, to Adelaide W. Dillman, Petoskey. Charlevoix Courier.



# The Castle of Lies

BY ARTHUR HENRY VERSEY  
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## CHAPTER XIV.—Continued.

I took refuge in silence. I closed my eyes wearily.

"Before I bid you good night, sir, I think it right that you should know that your mother and sister are in this hotel. At the risk that you think me impertinent I dare to hope that your meeting with them to-morrow may be free from any embarrassment or unhappiness."

He bowed stiffly and left the room. I stared after him vacantly.

The dispatch he had left, gorgeous and brave with its royal crest and embossing, lay passively in my hand.

And now a new dilemma confronted me. I was supposed to be under the influence of an opiate; they would not scruple to take from me the dispatch. To allow that might give them such information as would make their conspiracy, whatever its nature, the more effective. To resist would tell them that I had been feigning.

I must hide the papers. But where? It was a bare little chamber; my heart sank as I noted how bare.

I leaped out of bed. Again I threw open the shutters. I could hear Capt. Forbes speaking sternly; if he could but hold them half a minute!

In the garden below the marble basin of a disused fountain at once caught my eyes.

I tore the corner of the envelope, inserted my penknife to weight the paper, leaned over the balcony and dropped it.

It fell squarely into the basin among the leaves and moss.

To regain the room was the work of an instant.

I heard Captain Forbes wish them a cold good night, and Madame de Varnier answer him mockingly. Then the bedroom door was opened and Starva shuffled into the room.

"Who was that man?" I demanded languidly, and regarded him with listless eyes, my hand to my forehead.

He shrugged his shoulders, disdainfully to answer.

"He has left some papers here by mistake."

"Perhaps," I muttered indifferently, and pretended to sleep.

I heard him moving about the room for some time. Madame de Varnier and he whispered together. I felt so little concerned as to the result of this search that I actually fell asleep. The strain of the evening had exhausted me. No doubt the search was extended to me personally; I believe I was vaguely conscious of it.

## CHAPTER XV.

### The Castle of Happiness.

"You sleep soundly, my friend."

Dr. Starva was looking down at me with grim intentness.

It was not yet dawn. His immense figure seemed even more huge than it was in this uncertain light. It appeared to threaten, to menace me. And yet I welcomed his presence; at least they had not made their escape.

I looked up at him with cool assurance.

"A light conscience gives deep slumber. Do we start so early?"

"Yes. Your coffee is waiting for you in the salon."

I dressed rapidly. A certain depression would have been natural. The night is the time of follies; with the morning came clear thought and prudence. But not so with me. It is true that I detested Dr. Starva. His methods were too gross; his eyes were too closely set together; his mouth too cruel and sensual. I could have wished him out of the game. And yet I believed that I was a match for him.

But this woman who tempted and pitted! This woman whose beauty fascinated and whose treachery repelled! This woman who lied and prayed in the same breath!

As I thought of her I was at once furious, and eager. I was ashamed to think how eager I had pledged myself to the cold Diana of my dreams. For her I ran these risks; for her I might be disgraced and a felon. It was her gratitude I coveted; her forgiveness I craved.

And yet for the moment I was seeking the flame and the glamour of the other woman—this warm, mysterious creature of diverse moods.

Her fantastic chateau held out a promise of happiness, indeed, but of the joy of doing, of daring.

So as I dressed my spirits were buoyant. The little garden below had hidden in the mist that came from the lake, was fresh and charming in the morning dew. Patches of flowers, brave in scarlet and purple, and blue, opened their eyes to the dawn. I followed mechanically the gravelled paths, geometric and straight, threading the sparkling lawns.

I looked eagerly down at the battered fountain choked with refuse. I could see no trace of the long, white envelope. It was completely concealed by the leaves.

I found it impossible to rescue the little packet from its hiding place. My hostess and her cousin kept too careful an eye on me for that. But it was a tolerably secure hiding place, and frankly I was not sorry to leave the proof of my complicity behind me.

A faint breeze, cold with the snow of the mountains, fanned my cheek. The poetry of the dawn thrilled me. Before the evening came the placid lake might be lashed into fury. The trees, now gently swaying, might be bent and broken by the violence of the storm. But now the sky was clear. When the storm came I would try to meet them. But before they did come why should I not enjoy the present? I threw open the door and stepped into the salon where coffee and Madame de Varnier awaited me.

She greeted me with vivacity. But I was not blind to the cool glance that measured. "The fool has no suspicions," the eyes said, while the lips asked how I had slept.

"Admirably," I answered gayly. "And we are to start at once for your Castle of Happiness?"

"You have a sublime faith to still believe it that?" she questioned mockingly as she poured my coffee.

"Why not?" I cried mockingly, in my turn. "Is it not happiness to be with you, madam?"

"Pas des banalites, monsieur," she replied with an impatient gesture.



But I was not blind to the cool glance that measured.

"But you really believe that the tire some journey will repay you?"

"Since I am resolved to hear your secret, yes."

"Oh, ungracious!" she smiled at me ruefully. "I think I prefer an insincere compliment to an awkward truth."

"Madam, it is not I who made the condition."

"Ah, you are a very cautious friend, monsieur."

"I generally try to look before I leap," I returned with composure.

I was not unwilling that she think it curiosity that prompted me to accept the extraordinary invitation given with so little heed to convention. She had hinted that we were to be of mutual use to each other; but of this I was skeptical. I accepted the invitation precisely in the spirit in which it was given. It would be shocking form, to say the least, to be a guest that one might have the opportunity to play the detective. But she and I had placed ourselves beyond the pale of conventionality. Either distrusted the other. An armed truce—that was the word that described our relations, and she had suggested that word.

Dr. Starva entered.

"En route," he said grimly. "The carriage is waiting."

It was very early, scarcely past five. The night porter, drowsy-eyed and unclean, took us down on the elevator and put our luggage in the carriage. I confess I breathed more freely when the hotel was some miles behind us and we had seen neither Helena Brett nor Captain Forbes.

As Madame de Varnier had warned me, the journey itself was long and tiresome; nor did Madame de Varnier and her companion exert themselves much to relieve its monotony.

It was almost dusk when she pointed out to me the pinnacles of her chateau.

For the last hour the horses had been struggling up a dusty road winding along the mountainside. Forests

of fir were on either side. From far below came the impetuous murmur of a stream. High above the forests of fir trees there were herds of cattle. We could hear the faint jingle of the cow-bells. Only rarely had there been any view, but the clear and pure atmosphere told me that the altitude must be considerable. But this sylvan scene suggested nothing of the horrors of a few days ago. The mountains, purple and pink in the dusk, were too far away.

Suddenly there was a turn in the road. Now we had an uninterrupted view of the chateau across a green valley. In this vague light its towers and turrets seemed as unreal and ghostly as a fairy fabric.

At the base of its white walls a tiny village, crouching close to the chateau for protection, found a precarious foothold on the steep hillside. There was a maze of red-tiled roofs, high-gabled and sloping, tier upon tier of them, each pierced by numbers of quaint dormer windows.

A wild river, fed by the turbulent streams of the mountain snows, flung itself in headlong rage down the sloping valley, straight for the chateau, as if to sweep it from its base. Reaching the castle, it spent its fury on the rocks, then, as if baffled of its prey, made an abrupt half circle about the base and continued its stormy career, seeking a less powerful foe.

"At last," breathed Madame de Varnier. "Well, my friend, does it promise diversion for you?"

"The village and the castle breathe the spirit of romance," I cried with animation.

"Ah, romance! What if I say to you," she whispered, "that your day of romance has come?"

I glanced toward Dr. Starva whose shaggy head was nodding. "Even we

de Varnier to know definitely that it depended on her playing the part of Circe or Lady Bountiful whether the armed truce was to continue, or whether there was to be open warfare.

We turned at an abrupt angle from the village street. We were entering a mere passageway just wide enough for the carriage. It was flanked on either side by the houses of the village; over the arch, too, was a dwelling. Suddenly we emerged in a courtyard large enough to permit a squadron of cavalry to perform its evolutions. A low wall inclosed it. We drew up at the doorway. I was welcomed by Madame de Varnier with exaggerated deference. We were at her Castle of Happiness.

I felt the insincerity of the welcome. They looked on me as a puppet to move only when they pulled the strings. I saw, too, that I had not left in the hotel at Vitznau the character of Sir Mortimer Brett.

But before the next day was past I determined to know once for all the reason of this deception. I was determined to put an end to this farce.

## CHAPTER XVI.

### The Death-Mask Again.

One does not expect to find in Switzerland grace and charm in architecture. There are no historic chateaux worthy of a pilgrimage. This castle of Alterhofen gave one the simple impression of sheer strength. It was primitive and savage and bare of pretense to beauty as its founder must have been.

A rather squat tower of immense solidity, the roof steeply sloping, the windows narrow and few, it would have been commonplace and ugly in the extreme had it not been for three smaller semicircular towers placed at each angle of the larger one. The effect of this triangular-shaped tower, with its three supporting towers, was bizarre, but, not unpleasant. It prepared one for an interior unique and interesting.

We passed beneath the arched doorway, severe and bare of ornament, into the great hall. At the left was the grand stairway, the balustrades of oak massive and dark with age, but admirably carved. At the end of the hall, on the right, a fire of logs was blazing brightly. The hooded mantel, Gothic in design, was also of oak and blacked with the smoke of centuries. A stand of banners stood near the foot of the stairway. Not far from the fireplace was a curious spiral staircase leading to the gallery that spanned the length of the room above. Tapestries covered the bare walls and filled the spaces between the narrow windows that looked out on the courtyard. The furniture was of the period of the French Renaissance, covered for the most part with stamped leather of gold and dull red.

I could not repress a cry of delight as I entered. I had passed in an instant from the world of commonplace hotels and railway trains into an atmosphere of charm and beauty. For no matter how industriously the connoisseur in America may gather about him exquisite and beautiful things, he cannot shut out the scream of the railroad train; he cannot transplant across the seas the charm of medievalism that clings to castle walls. It is one thing to see the Cluny with a guide book; it is quite another to find one's self a guest at the Cluny.

"You like my Castle of Happiness?" asked Madame de Varnier, pleased at the pleasure I showed.

"It promises its adventures," I replied meaningly.

"I have told you that your hour of romance has come. But remember, romance in these prosaic days is a gift of the gods given only to children and poets, a few women and lovers, and to the very bold. If you would claim the gift, monsieur, you must have something of the nature of all of these. The sincere trust of the child, your must certainly know what this is, monsieur. The poet's imagination, his delightful power of make-believe, you must not despise that. A woman's tenderness, and a lover's ardor, these, too, are necessary. And last of all, the daring of the hero."

She had whispered these rather comprehensive attributes as I walked across the hall to the staircase, following the servant with my bag.

"A rather large bill, madam," I suggested humorously.

"Oh, but I am serious, very serious. I assure you that it is not sentimental talk."

"I am afraid I must contradict you. The daring of the hero, for instance, even one so optimistic as yourself could scarcely expect that of me."

"Monsieur," she protested earnestly, "I have already told you that I refuse to believe you a coward. Do you believe it yourself? You know you do not. The task I am to give you would appall any but the bravest heart. It requires audacity, absolute assurance, and a clever brain. But I believe in you. You will not disappoint me. We dine in half an hour."

Dr. Starva had stood with his back to the fire. He called after me, scowling, as I ascended the stairs:

"You will find, as I have said, that madam is an admirable host. But if the guest is to be quite happy he must accept the diversions madam offers and when they are offered."

It was not the words so much as the tone that menaced. It emphasized the conviction I already felt: Dr. Starva did not welcome my coming to the castle. As I reached the gallery I saw Madame de Varnier address him almost fiercely. I was not blind to his sullen contempt, though evidently the woman was the truer spirit here.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Do your work and your worth will take care of itself.

## EXAMPLE OF TRUE CHIVALRY.

Modern Lover Proves Himself Equal to Heroes of the Past.

There was a moment of profound silence. He was the first to speak.

"You are richer than I am," he faltered, with emotion.

She bowed her head, replying nothing. But now the true nobility of his character manifested itself.

"Yet for all that I am no better than you are!" he cried, and folded her to his breast.

And when, her conscience accusing her, she tried to tell him that not only her father but four of her uncles were Pittsburgh millionaires, he sealed her lips with kisses, and would hear nothing.—Puck.

## THE REORGANIZED NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The new Board of Trustees of the New York Life Insurance Company, chosen by the policyholders under the Armstrong laws, has taken charge of the company's affairs and has begun the work of reorganization.

In choosing the principal officers of the company, the Board has adhered to the idea that a life insurance company should be managed by life insurance men. The new president is Darwin P. Kingsley, a college bred man of good New England stock, who has been in the company's service in a variety of capacities for a period of nearly twenty years. In the parlance of life insurance, he "began with the rate book" and has advanced step by step up to his present position.

The first vice president of the company is Thomas A. Buckner, who has served the company for more than a quarter of a century. Indeed he has never had any other business connection.

Associated with these men are others long trained in the company's service, each an expert in his own department of work. Wm. E. Ingersoll, who has for many years had charge of the company's great business in Europe, is one of the second vice presidents, and will continue at the head of the company's office in Paris.

Rufus W. Weeks, who has been in the company's service for nearly forty years, ranks next to Mr. Buckner as vice president, and continues as chief actuary of the company.

The policyholders have expressed their belief in this company in no uncertain terms. The upheaval in life insurance within the last two years has resulted in a great deal of misunderstanding and policyholders, alarmed on matters which were not very clear to them, have been disposed to give up their contracts at a heavy sacrifice. This has not been true in the New York Life to any great extent. The company had \$2,000,000,000 insurance on its books when the life insurance investigation began, and while the laws of the State of New York now do not permit any company to write over \$150,000,000 a year (which is about one-half the New York Life formerly did), the company's outstanding business still exceeds \$2,000,000,000.

Policyholders generally will be still further reassured by this action of the Board, as it places at the head of the company to protect their interests men of thorough training and unexceptionable character.

## The Mules Understood.

A story is told of Senator Knute Nelson, who spent some of his early years in a logging camp. He there discovered the necessity of certain emphatic language in order to make mules move. "All varieties" of tongues were in demand in that camp: Scandinavian, German, Italian—but none of the words used seemed to have the explosive force to adjust the tempo of the mule to the desired pace. Along came a strapping Irishman, who used some popular expletives, usually indicated in print by blank, blank, or ———. The mules moved! "There's a language all mules understand," said the Irishman—and it's not me mother tongue, ayther.—Joe Mitchell Chapple, in National Magazine.

## Historic Island for Sale.

Raasay island, in the Inner Hebrides, which lies between the mainland of Scotland and the Isle of Skye, has failed to find a purchaser at the upset price of \$225,000 placed upon it. Its name is the Scandinavian for "the place of the roe deer," and the shootings, with the mansion house and grounds at the southern end, constitute the chief value of the island. Near the northern end are the ruins of Brochel castle, the residence of its ancient lairds, the MacLeods. In Celtic lore Raasay has a place and in England literature it is mentioned in Samuel Johnson's "Journey to the Western Islands of Scotland."

## Good for Evil.

One Sunday a teacher was trying to illustrate to her small scholars the lesson, "Return good for evil." To make it practical she said:

"Suppose, children, one of your schoolmates should strike you; and the next day you should bring him an apple—that would be one way of returning good for evil."

"To her dismay one of the little girls spoke up quickly:

"Then he would strike you again to get another apple!"

## Wifely Consolation.

One of the physicians at a popular winter health resort was looking over his books one day, comparing his list of patients. "I had a great many more patients last year than I have this," he remarked to his wife.

"Wonder where they have all gone to?"

"Well, never mind dear," she replied. "You know all we can do is to hope for the best."

## ABODE OF TRAITOR

### BENEDICT ARNOLD'S MANSION IN PHILADELPHIA.

House is One of the Few Specimens of Colonial Architecture Left in the Country—Now Belongs to the City.

Mount Pleasant, in the East Park, near Columbia avenue entrance, which is almost equally well known to park visitors as Arnold's mansion, is to be the headquarters of La. Moriganta Klambo, the newly formed organization of fashionable women motorists, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Few buildings in the park equal Mount Pleasant in interest, and none is older. It is one of the few well preserved country mansions built in this country in Colonial times. A specimen of architecture modeled upon the style made popular by Sir Christopher Wren, it is one of the half dozen or less which remain in this country.

The house, which John Adams—who dined there in 1774—declared was the most elegant in Pennsylvania, was built for Capt. John MacPherson in 1762. In 1779 MacPherson grew tired of the place and sold it to Gen. Benedict Arnold, who had married Peggy Shippen. In its time the mansion has borne three names. MacPherson called it The Hills and also Clunie, and subsequently it was known as Mount Pleasant.

Capt. MacPherson was one of the most original men in the province. If he had not been immensely wealthy he probably would not have been tolerated; but as a privateersman in England's wars with France and Spain before the revolution he was lucky and came home with a genuine gold galleon. He had two sons. One was an officer in the British army, but resigned his commission on the breaking out of the revolution and became a major in the Continental army. The other son was with the colonists from the beginning of the struggle and was killed at the attempt to take Quebec, being the first Philadelphian of importance to give up his life for the cause.

Old Capt. MacPherson made himself tiresome to congress, begging for command of a ship, but did not gain his desire. He published the first directory of Philadelphia in 1785. This book is really one of the curiosities of literature, for the captain canvassed the city himself and printed the replies he received at each door in answer to his request for names. He died in 1792 and lies in St. Paul's churchyard.

When Arnold married Peggy Shippen, daughter of Edward Shippen, subsequently chief justice of Pennsylvania, he bought Mount Pleasant and settled it on himself for life, with the remainder of his wife and children. At the time Arnold was military governor of Philadelphia, and Judge Peters, who occupied Belmont, the seat across the Schuylkill from Mount Pleasant, accused the general of having converted \$50,000 to his own use and of having used this toward the purchase of Mount Pleasant.

Arnold did not long remain at Mount Pleasant. After his treason he of course had to leave the country, and the state of Pennsylvania confiscated his life interest in the beautiful estate. Baron de Steuben became the next tenant of the place and Arnold's life interest was sold to Colonel Richard Hampton for \$850.

In the Shippen correspondence, published a few years ago, there are several references to Mount Pleasant. In 1785 in a letter from Mrs. Arnold to her father it appears that Arnold had an idea of privately getting title to the property for his family. He changed his mind, however, and suggested that the place be sold at public sale for as much as it would bring. In 1796 Mount Pleasant was sold, but for barely enough to satisfy the mortgages upon it.

Gen. Jonathan Williams, a revolutionary patriot and commercial agent of the United States in France, from 1777 to 1785, bought the country seat and lived there for years. The property remained in his family for many years and was purchased by the park commission by virtue of the act of 1867, which permitted the acquisition of what are now park properties.

## Sandwiched!

At a five o'clock tea in a handsome home the one man present sat between two very talkative young girls.

They piled him with tea and talk till his brain was well high reeling with surfeit of both when a merciful matron came to the rescue:

"Come with me," she said; "I want you to know some more of these lovely girls here."

"Oh, you can't take him," said both girls at once, "we've just made a sandwich here with him between us."

"A sandwich—with the tongue on the outside," said the sandwiched young man.

## His Position.

"Why do you advocate anarchy? Don't you perceive that even if government could be abolished it would be formed anew?"

"Certainly," answered the habitual agitator. "And if things took a brand-new start I might turn up as one of the bosses."—Washington Star.

## Down on the Whole Sex.

Howitt—Do you think that red-haired women are apt to be bad tempered?

Jewett—Yes, and black-haired, yellow-haired, brown-haired and any other old color, natural or artificial.



# NERVOUS COLLAPSE

IS OFTEN PREVENTED BY DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

Taken When the First Warning Symptoms Are Noticed Much Needless Suffering May Be Saved.

Are you troubled with pallor, loss of spirits, waves of heat passing over the body, shortness of breath after slight exertion, a peculiar skipping of the heart beat, poor digestion, cold extremities or a feeling of weight and fullness? Do not make the mistake of thinking that these are diseases in themselves and be satisfied with temporary relief.

This is the way the nerves give warning that they are breaking down. It simply means that the blood has become impure and cannot carry enough nourishment to the nerves to keep them healthy and able to do their work.

Rest, alone, will sometimes give the needed relief. The tonic treatment by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, however, prevents the actual breakdown of the nerves and the more serious diseases which follow, because the pills act directly upon the impure blood, making it rich, red and pure.

Mrs. E. C. Bradley, of 103 Parsells avenue, Rochester, N. Y., says: "I was never very healthy and some years ago, when in a run-down condition, I suffered a nervous shock, caused by a misfortune to a friend. It was so great that I was unfitted for work."

"I was just weak, low spirited and nervous. I could hardly walk and could not bear the least noise. My appetite was poor and I did not care for food. I couldn't sleep well and once for two weeks got scarcely an hour's sleep. I had severe headaches most of the time and pains in the back and spine."

"I was treated by two doctors, being under the care of one of them for six months. I got no relief and then decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I soon began to feel better and the improvement was general. My appetite became hearty and my sleep better. The headaches all left and also the pains in my back. A few more boxes entirely cured me and I was able to go back to work. I felt splendid and as though I had never been sick."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are invaluable in such diseases as rheumatism, after-effects of the grip and fevers, neuralgia, St. Vitus' dance and even partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

## Home, Sweet Home.

The wife of a naval officer attached to the academy at Annapolis has in her employ an Irish servant, who recently gave evidence of nostalgia.

"You ought to be contented and not pine for your old home, Bridget," said the lady of the house. "You are earning good wages, your work is light, everyone is kind to you, and you have lots of friends here."

"Yis, myn," sadly replied Bridget, "but it's not the place where I be that makes me so homesick; it is the place where I don't be."

## Satisfied.

A seedy-looking loafer, having ordered and eaten a large and sumptuous dinner, explained to the waiter that he had no money.

The waiter immediately told the restaurant proprietor, who sent for a policeman.

The proprietor, going up to the unwelcome guest, explained that he had sent for a policeman.

"Thank goodness! you didn't send for a stomach pump!" the seedy one replied, with huge contentment.—Illustrated Bits.

## Her Disease.

One day Marjorie, aged three, wanted to play doctor with her sister. Marjorie was the "doctor," and she came to make a call on her sister, who made believe she was sick. "Do you want to know what you've got?" the doctor asked, after a critical examination. "Yes," faintly assented the sick woman. "You've got dirty hands," said Marjorie, dropping in disgust the wrist on which she had been feeling the pulse.

## A Spider That Fishes.

Prof. Berg, in Buenos Ayres, has discovered a spider which practices fishing at times. In shallow places it spins between stones, a two-winged, conical net, on which it runs in the water and captures small fish, tadpoles, etc. That it understands its work well is shown by the numerous shriveled skins of little creatures that lie about in the web net.

## Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of GASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Hitchcock* In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

## Paper Pails for Milk.

Paper pails are the latest sanitary device for the delivery of pure milk in London and other large English towns. They are used only once. They are made of pulp and are sterilized by a heat of 500 degrees Fahrenheit.

## Does Your Head Ache?

If so, get a box of Krause's Headache Capsules of your Druggist. 25c. Nonpan Lightly Mfg. Co., Des Moines, Ia.

## Temperature and Water.

At sea level water boils at 212 degrees, F.; at a height of 10,000 feet at 193 degrees, F. When Darwin crossed the Andes in 1835 he boiled potatoes for three hours, without making them soft.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, &c. In a bottle.

In order to give up the average man correctly, get his estimate of himself and knock off 50 per cent.

# When Abby Cleaned Up

By Sophie Swett

"Selly's down with a fever," said Hiram Rogers, slowly, after another swallow of coffee.

"You don't say!" exclaimed his wife. "A fever? Well, I don't know as it is to be wondered at. I won't say that she ain't neat, seeing she's your only sister, but she does live so budgety and cluttered up."

"She's so rheumatic, it must be hard for her to keep her house in order," said Abby Rogers, aged 18, from the end of the table. "I saw in through the window once, and I just ached to get in and clear up for her."

Abby had a firm, round, pink-cheeked face and the crinkly hair that is said to denote energy.

"How came you to look in at the window?" demanded her father, sharply.

"I went to get the yellow kitten out of her pear tree. She helped me, and seemed very kind, but when I thanked her she said she had only done it because she didn't want a Rogers kitten in her pear tree."

Hiram Rogers chuckled. "That's Selly all over," he said.

"Poor Selly! I can't say that I ever thought 'twas just right for your father to cut her off with \$500 because she wouldn't give up Alvin Getchell," said Mrs. Rogers, reflectively to her husband.

"We always meant to do something towards making it up to her, Horace and I," said Hiram Rogers, unwontedly communicative, and reaching for another doughnut, "if she hadn't been so cantankerous, and the property hadn't run down so. We've had about all we could do to get along."

He shuffled a little uneasily as he spoke. "I suppose Jane Leggett is nursing Aunt Selly?" said Abby, slowly.

"She's old and almost blind. She won't make things any nearer."

"Land! I don't suppose your Aunt Selly would let anybody meddle with her things, anyway," said Mrs. Rogers, rising from the table.

"Riah! Urah!" called Abby, clearly but cautiously, at the back door. Her brother Urah, 17, and as tall as his father, thrust his head out at the hen-house door, and obeyed Abby's mysteriously beckoning finger.

"I want you to go down to Aunt Selly's with me," she whispered.

Urah was apt to argue—and agree. Abby looked back as she climbed the orchard wall and saw, as she expected, that he was following her.

Jane Leggett lived at the poorhouse, when there was no one who would give her a home for her care in sickness.

"I will take the responsibility—if you will please say nothing," said Abby.

Abby fell upon the kitchen first. "Who would have thought that it was a kitchen, with a box or budget in every corner?" she said, with uplifted hands.

Abby restored the boxes and budgets to their places conscientiously, after she had cleaned the corners where they were piled—in the kitchen. In the shed she was not quite so scrupulous. She said to Urah that they might have a bonfire and burn the rubbish that was piled up in the loft—moldy feather pillows, moth-eaten rags and broken baskets and boxes.

The "loft" was formed of three or four rough boards placed across the beams of the unfinished shed. It was covered thickly with dust and infested with cobwebs.

Urah did as he was bidden without remonstrance.

Aunt Selly's fever was a slow one. It was four weeks after the cleaning day that Jane Leggett was, one morning, discovered rheumatically climbing the orchard wall and breathlessly struggling up the orchard slope.

"She's most had a fit!" she announced. "She wa'n't well enough to get up, but she would, was so anxious about her things. She knew somebody had been meddling with her things, and she's been harping on it ever since. So get up she would, and I had to tell her that you had been and cleaned up for her. She's going on about her attic. She says you have out her attic."

"Her attic?" echoed Abby, amazed.

"That place that she had up aloft in the shed. She said 'twas all the attic she had, and nobody wa'n't nothing without an attic. She keeps wringing her hands and saying she could have borne anything but to have her attic hove out. She calculates to go to Carmel Monday, to see her second cousin Mirandy, that's sent for her to come. She hasn't been away from home for 15 years, but she says she's so upset by a loss of her attic that it doesn't make any difference what becomes of her."

Abby dropped upon the window seat, as Jane Leggett hurried back down the orchard slope. The firm, rounded cheeks under the sweeping cap were not pink, but scarlet. And the sweeping cap became a thinking cap for as much as an hour.

"Father, Darius Blake, says carpentering is slack," began Abby, and her mother pulled her dress to stop her.

"Don't go at him that way; you'll give him a stroke, or something," she whispered. But Abby went on, in spite of her mother's warning twitch.

"So he will work at a low price. And I want Aunt Selly to have an attic."

"To have what?" exclaimed Hiram Rogers, from his favorite seat on the woodbox beside the stove. Abby told the whole story.

"Darius Blake says that for \$300 he would raise the roof and make an attic all over her little house." Abby went straight on, breathlessly, although her father did not look up.

"There's a hundred dollars of my school money that I've saved, and I want you and Uncle Horace to give the rest."

Hiram Rogers arose slowly and went towards the door. His wife called him anxiously, as if she expected him to have a stroke then and there. He went on without a word and shut the door behind him. But it opened again after a moment.

"I'll see what Horace says, daughter," he said.

It was almost a month later that Aunt Selly came home from Carmel. There was a glow on her seamy cheeks that looked as if the fever might be lingering, but it really was caused by a paper in her pocket—a musty, yellowed paper that second cousin Mirandy Slocomb had found in her husband's old secretary.

Abby, watching, as she did every night, saw the stage stop at Aunt Selly's, and flew down over the orchard slope. Aunt Selly was standing stock still in the road, blinking in amazement at the pretty dormer window that shone in the sunset light above her door.

Abby appeared before her, flushed and breathless.

"I felt sorry for the mischief I did—throwing out your—your attic," she stammered. "And—and father and Uncle Hiram helped me to build the new one."

Aunt Selly stared at her fixedly, amazedly. Then suddenly her hard face quivered and broke like a winter pool in the sun.

"I have wanted an attic terribly," she said. "My old things—"

"They're all safe up in our attic. I



## Abby Appeared Before Her, Flushed and Breathless.

hope you'll come and get them yourself," said Abby, eagerly. "Aunt Selly had said that she never would set foot in the old house again."

She walked into her own house and shut the door. But as Abby turned away it was opened again.

"Maybe I'll come up," said a trembling voice.

It was on a Saturday, and less than a week afterward, that she came. Abby let her in, and she walked, without a word, directly up the old, familiar attic stairs.

"I wish't you'd let me go alone," she said, quaveringly, to Abby. "There's something that I want to think out alone—amongst the old things."

When she came down, two hours after, she said that she had gathered her things together, and would send for them.

"You—you may come and see me if you're a mind to," she said, and suddenly drew Abby towards her and kissed her.

"There's a queer story afloat," said Abby, at the supper table, a week after. "It came from Mirandy Slocomb, up at Carmel. It seems that she found a will of grandfather's among her husband's papers, and it bequeathed to Aunt Selly her share of his property. It was dated just before his death."

An ironical smile flickered about her father's mouth. "Guess we should have been apt to hear of it from Selly," he said.

Abby went thoughtfully up into the attic, where Aunt Selly had "thought things out." There were tiny bits of paper scattered in a corner, as if a letter had been torn up. Abby gathered them up and tried to piece them together; but it was in vain; they were so small she could only make out the heading of a legal document and her grandfather's name, "Hezekiah Rogers," in the shaking hand of an old man.

She ran down across the orchard, holding up her apronful of the bits of paper. "It isn't right! You must have your own," she said, standing rigidly upright. "A Daniel come to judgment," before Aunt Selly.

"Sh!" whispered the old woman. "How did you find it out? I wrote to Mirandy not to say a word! I've got you and an attic, and that's all I want."

## LITTLE CAUSE FOR WORRY.

More or Less Glittering Bait Held Out to Cow Punchers.

Over in the Salmon river meadows country, in Idaho, ranged a wild and woolly bunch of long-haired cow punchers, whose knowledge of the world was confined mainly to trips after cattle into surrounding counties. Into this reckless but verdant community there came the smooth-tongued representative of a wild west show, who hired several riders of a high salary to do a half-raising act, the chief feature being that they should appear to be thrown from their horses and dragged by the foot.

After they had practiced in a corral for a while one of them loosened himself and rising from the dirt, disheveled and gazed, inquired:

"Say, mister, ain't this ruther dangerous? We might get killed."

"That's all right," chirped the show's representative, cheerfully. "Your salary will go on just the same."—Lippincott's Magazine.

## Injury from Mosquitoes.

New Jersey has many places ideal in situation and accessibility, and one such place developed rapidly to a certain point and there it stood, halted by the mosquitoes that bred in the surrounding marsh lands. Country club, golf, tennis and other attractions ceased to attract when attention was necessarily focused on the biting or stinging pests that intruded everywhere, and the tendency was to sell out. But the owners were not ready to quit without a fight, and an improvement society was formed which consulted with my office and followed my advice. In one year the bulk of the breeding area was drained, mosquitoes have since been absent almost entirely; one gentleman, not a large owner, either, told me his property had increased \$50,000 in value, and new settlers began to come in. This year one of the worst breeding areas of the olden day was used as a camping ground, and 100 new residences are planned for next year.—Prof. John B. Smith, in the Popular Science Monthly.

## With a Proviso.

"When universal peace is finally established," said Alfred H. Love, the president of the Universal Peace union, in an interview in Philadelphia, "then many a man who now ridicules the peace movement will claim to have been its lifelong champion. It is always so. We thump and kick a poor, weak, struggling movement at its inception, and when it has succeeded and no longer needs our help, we give it the most solicitous support. There was once a young lady whose betrothed, a very poor young man, was about to set out for South America to seek his fortune in the rubber trade. As he took his leave of her the night before his departure, he said, tremulously: 'And you swear to be true to me, Irene.' 'Yes, Heber,' cried the girl, 'yes—if you're successful.'"

## Just the Size.

"I understand that dere will be several bogus animals on de stage," said the long and lanky tramp as he read the sign "Supes Wanted."

"Yes," replied the short and stout wayfarer, "I am going to play de head of de elephant and me fat pardner is going to play de hind legs."

"Hm! Then I suppose dere is no chance for a tall, thin, suppe like me?"

"Oh, yes, pard, you could play de neck of de giraffe."

## Napoleon's Famous War Horse.

Marengo, the famous war charger of Napoleon, is said to have been the greatest horse known to modern history. The emperor rode Marengo for the last time in the battle of Mount St. Jean, where the horse received his seventh wound. The steed died at the age of 36 years.

## Twenty-One Yards of Sausage.

In the rivalry to make the biggest sausage some wonderful specimens are being produced by Germans in Pennsylvania. The latest record-breaker is the work of Jacob Ackerman, of Limeport. It is 64 feet eight inches long.

## DOCTOR'S FOOD TALK

Selection of Food One of the Most Important Acts in Life.

A Mass. doctor says: "Our health and physical and mental happiness are so largely under our personal control that the proper selection of food should be, and is one of the most important acts in life."

"On this subject, I may say that I know of no food equal in digestibility, and more powerful in point of nutriment, than the modern Grape-Nuts, four heaping teaspoons of which is sufficient for the cereal part of a meal, and experience demonstrates that the user is perfectly nourished from one meal to another."

"I am convinced that the extensive and general use of high class foods of this character would increase the term of human life, add to the sum total of happiness and very considerably improve society in general. I am free to mention the food, for I personally know of its value."

Grape-Nuts food can be used by babes in arms, or adults. It is ready cooked, can be served instantly, either cold with cream, or with hot water or hot milk poured over. All sorts of puddings and fancy dishes can be made with Grape-Nuts. The food is concentrated and very economical, for four heaping teaspoons are sufficient for the cereal part of a meal. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville" in pages "There's a Re-

## TREATMENT INDUCED A CHILL.

Remedy Given in Hospital Tent Much Have Been Pleasant.

The captain tells a story which runs something like this: "In camp one morning the first sergeant reported that Private B— had a chill. 'Is it a serious one?' asked the captain. 'Well, sir, I don't know just how serious it is; but it's a big one, for it seems to be all over him, and he weighs 200 pounds. On seeing him the captain found him looking rather blue, and instructed the first sergeant to send him to the surgeon in charge of a corporal."

Soon after breakfast the captain saw the corporal and asked him how the man was getting on. "Oh, he's all right now," was the reply, "I took him up to the hospital tent, and when I saw what kind of medicine the doctor gave him I had a chill too."—Army and Navy Life.

## THOUGHT CHILD WOULD DIE.

Whole Body Covered with Cuban Itch—Cuticura Remedies Cured at Cost of Seventy-Five Cents.

"My little boy, when only an infant of three months, caught the Cuban Itch. Sores broke out from his head to the bottom of his feet. He would itch and claw himself and cry all the time. He could not sleep day or night, and a light dress is all he could wear. I called one of our best doctors to treat him, but he seemed to get worse. He suffered so terribly that my husband said he believed he would have to die. I had almost given up hope when a lady friend told me to try the Cuticura Remedies. I used the Cuticura Ointment and he at once fell into a sleep, and he slept with ease for the first time since two months. After three applications the sores began to dry up, and in just two weeks from the day I commenced to use the Cuticura Remedies my baby was entirely well. The treatment only cost me 75c, and I would have gladly paid \$100 if I could not have got it cheaper. I feel safe in saying that the Cuticura Remedies saved his life. He is now a boy of five years. Mrs. Zana Miller, Union City, R. F. D. No. 1, Branch Co., Mich., May 17, 1906."

## But, They Had Not.

At a political meeting the chairman asked, at the end of the candidate's speech, whether "any gentleman has any question to ask?"

Some one rose and propounded an inquiry mildly critical of the prevailing political belief. A politician behind raised a club and struck him to the floor. The chairman looked round and asked quietly: "Any other gentleman a question to ask?"

## Knotty Point to Decide.

"Is a goat a sheep?" is a zoological question that the commissioners of this county have been called upon to decide officially. There has long been a state law providing that the county shall reimburse farmers for sheep killed by dogs. A. R. Harward, of Mifflin township, has filed a claim for \$50 for Angora goats so destroyed. Columbus correspondence, Pittsburg Dispatch.

## SHAKE UP YOUR CITY OF TOLEDO.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATHARTIC CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY, sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1906.

A. M. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Cathartic Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

Sold by all Druggists. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## Hot Shot for the Men.

Speaking at Carthage, Wis., recently, Miss Gawthrop, a suffragette, stated that a bride's blushes are caused by the knowledge of the kind of man she is going to marry.

We gain strength of the temptation we resist.—Emerson.

Just the Size. "I understand that dere will be several bogus animals on de stage," said the long and lanky tramp as he read the sign "Supes Wanted."

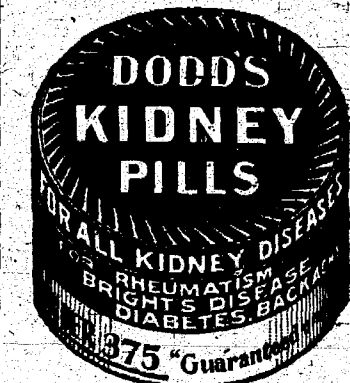
"Yes," replied the short and stout wayfarer, "I am going to play de head of de elephant and me fat pardner is going to play de hind legs."

"Hm! Then I suppose dere is no chance for a tall, thin, suppe like me?"

"Oh, yes, pard, you could play de neck of de giraffe."

## Has Forgotten Her English.

Mme. Modjeska for 25 years was a household name among theater-goers, yet now that she is writing her memoirs she says she finds it necessary to go back to her native Polish and rely upon the services of a translator to remake her book into English.—Chicago Evening Post.



**PAY WHEN CURED PILES**  
POSITIVELY NO MONEY ACCEPTED UNTIL CURED  
WRITE us a full description of your case and we will send you a FREE TRIAL. IF NOT CURED we will guarantee to cure you or charge nothing. You do not pay one cent until satisfied you are cured and you are to be the sole judge. Write to-day and we will send you a booklet explaining our new treatment and containing testimonials showing how what we have done for thousands of people from all parts of the country.  
Drs. Burleson & Burleson  
RECTAL SPECIALISTS  
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GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.

**SICK HEADACHE**  
Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heartey Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Headaches, and all ailments connected with the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.  
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.  
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Genuine Must Bear Little Liver Signature. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

**Rheumatism CURED FREE**  
Samples sent to any sufferer. Send us your name and address.  
N.Y.E. RHEUMATIC CO., 39 Monroe Street, Grand Rapids, Mich.

**THE DAISY FLY KILLER** destroys all the flies and other annoying insects. It is safe to use on all the animals. It is the only fly killer that does not harm the animals. It is safe to use on all the animals. It is the only fly killer that does not harm the animals.

It is filled with 4000 eyes. Use **Thompson's Eye Water** W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 26, 1907.

**NATURE PROVIDES FOR SICK WOMEN**

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

is an honest, tried and true remedy of unquestionable therapeutic value. During its record of more than thirty years, its long list of actual cures of those serious ills peculiar to women, entitles Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to the respect and confidence of every fair minded person and every thinking woman.

When women are troubled with irregular or painful functions, weakness, displacements, ulceration, or inflammation, backache, flatulency, general debility, indigestion, or nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

No other remedy in the country has such a record of cures of female ills, and thousands of women residing in every part of the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it has done for them.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. For twenty-five years she has been advising sick women free of charge. She is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and as her assistant for years before her decease advised under her immediate direction. Address, Lynn, Mass.

**ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE**  
A Certain Cure for Itch, Hot, Aching Feet.  
DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.



