

The Sweet Family.

Coming Next Wednesday at Opera House.

Coming the famous "Sweet Family." After much trouble this troupe has been secured stopping here on their way from New York to San Francisco. Madame Sweet and her seven charming daughters will occupy the first half of the evening and a comedy, "A Proposal Under Difficulties," dramatized by John Kendrick Bangs, by local talent, will fill an evening of unusual entertainment. The cast of characters for the "Sweet Family" is as follows:

Mad Sweet Mrs. W. J. Smith
Armlinty Ann Sweet, Nell Maddaugh
Betsey Bellindy Sweet Miss Herrick
Caroline Cordelia Sweet
Violet Grigsby
Dorothy Deborah Sweet
Madge Nicholas
Elizabeth Eliza Sweet, Myrtle Grigsby
Frances Fedory Sweet, Miss Callaghan
Gloriana Gadabout Sweet.

Don't forget the date. Lovejoy Opera House, May 15th. Price 25c. Reserved seats 35 cts. Seats on sale at Mack's.

What Women Want in Men.

It is so recently that women have been allowed to think, or expected to think, that it is not strange that they have not expressed themselves upon the question of what they want in men. They have been brought up on the philosophy, "Be good and you'll be married," and it has not been a question of what they like in men, but what men like in them that counted or was important.

There are many women, otherwise fairly sensible, who openly say they could not love a man who did not rule them. To say that every man, by virtue of his sex, is meant to be the master of some woman is utter folly. The need for a master is not a question of sex, but a question of the lack of moral or mental stamina in the individual.

What do women want in men? There are women who prefer men with the ability to earn a fortune rather than one who has inherited it. Being a good provider will sometimes cover a multitude of petty faults in the eyes of women obliged to account for every penny spent. Nor is generosity with money the only generosity. Women want from men what every normal human being craves—commendation and approval.

Women, normal and healthy, does not want or need a master. Outside of truthfulness, honor and courage in him, what she prizes above all things from him are kindness, generosity and sympathy. Belle Squire in the May Delineator.

Notice of Annual Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that regular Annual Meeting of the Charlevoix County Masonic Mutual Benefit Association will be held at Masonic Hall in the City of Charlevoix, Thursday evening, May 16th, 1907, at 8 o'clock, for the election of officers and such other business as may come before the meeting.

CHAS. E. SEE,
SECRETARY.

People would be less suspicious of others if they didn't know themselves so well.

Let me mail you free, to prove merit, samples of my Dr. Shoop's Restorative, and my Book on either Dyepepsia, The Heart or The Kidneys. Address me, Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Troubles of the stomach, Heart or Kidneys, are merely symptoms of a deeper ailment. Don't make the common error of treating symptoms only. Symptom treatment is treating the result of your ailment, and not the cause. Weak Stomach nerves—the inside nerves—mean Stomach weakness—always. And the Heart and Kidneys as well, have their controlling or inside nerves. Weaken these nerves, and you inevitably have weak vital organs. Here is where Dr. Shoop's Restorative has made its fame. No other remedy claims to treat the "inside nerves." Also for bloating, biliousness, bad breath or complexion, use Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Write for my free Book now. Dr. Shoop's Restorative, sold by Warner's Pharmacy.

Woodmen Initiate

A Big Class in Our Village May 14th.

East Jordan Camp No. 6641, Modern Woodmen of America, are arranging for a big joy fest in our Village, Friday night, May 24th, the main feature being the initiation of a big class of candidates into the mysteries of woodcraft at the Loveday Opera House. Charlevoix Degree Team will exemplify the work, and prior to this will give an exhibition drill on the streets.

Following the initiation a banquet will be served by the Royal Neighbors and Woodmen and dancing and cards enjoyed. Webster's Orchestra has been engaged for the occasion.

Head Officers of the Woodmen will be present as well as a number of neighboring camps.

The committee in charge of the arrangements are Messrs. C. C. Mack, C. Taylor, Jas. Cummings, E. N. Clink, and L. A. Hoyt.

County Normal Notes.

Bessie Straw substituted in the second and third grades, of the Central Building, Thursday forenoon, for Miss Smith who was ill.

Lulu Grites visited at the home of Anna Ingalls last Sunday.

The plays, "As You Like It," by the normal class and "Little Men" by the training room were very well attended. The amount cleared was about twenty dollars. Mr. A. F. Bridge brought the Boys' Club in a body to the play. We very much appreciated the kindness of the people of Charlevoix in lending us what material we needed. The businessmen also were very kind. They allowed us the privilege of decorating their windows with posters. We extend a vote of thanks to all.

Miss Himes, Miss Reed, Merle Chase and Bessie Hanshaw visited the Sutton farm last Saturday to gather arbutus. They got all they could carry.

An Interesting Number.

The May number of the Travel Magazine will be the first special number. It is concentrated on going to Europe, and is intended to help the man or woman going abroad this season to get the maximum benefit out of their travels. For a cover design there will be a striking picture in colors made from a photograph taken on the deck of a big steamer in mid-ocean. The first article, "Sports and Games on an Ocean Liner," by W. G. Fitzgerald, will show how the passengers on a twenty day voyage planned a series of fine events to break the monotony of the trip. In "A Year in Capri," by Julia Street, we have the charming account of the occupying of an Italian villa by one of the interesting groups of literary Americans who form a colony on the little island, Anna McClure Sholl shows us "The By-ways of London," with the Christopher Wren churches as objective points. From the Latin Quarter to Saint Cloud" tells how an American student in Paris entertained her visiting cousins. Sailing Dates to Europe for May and June," gives the dates, names of the steamers, the lines to which they belong, the places from which they start and the ports at which they land in a tabulated form for the benefit of the people who plan to sail in May or June. Mr. Julian Street describes where epicures and sightseers may have the feast spread for them by the greatest cooks in the world in "Restaurants of Paris." "Six Weeks in Great Britain for \$300," by R. B. Bush, is a comprehensive ramble of six Americans through the British country. Jeannette Marks writes about "A Walking Trip in Wales" and gives an idea of the ease with which two women may make a pilgrimage on foot in the quiet part of the "Kingdom." "Tramping in the Alps," by Clayton Hamilton, is a charming word picture of the personal experience of one who climbed through this wonderland last summer. "Through Holland in Canal Boats," by H. C. Danforth is the personal experience of a party who traveled through the land of dikes and windmills last summer.

Hog Cholera prevented and cured with Snoddy's Cure. Worms run out. Dr. D. C. Snoddy Co., Nashville, Tenn. or Kempton, Ind.

EMERY BROS. line of Dressing Cases are really worth spending a little time to look at them over. All kinds and prices. Say nothing about them.

High School Notes.

The seventh and eighth grades are having a little recreation this Thursday and Friday. Instead of spending their moments at the regular work, they have been permitted to take the County Examination held at the West Side school house during those two days.

Miss Verschel Lorraine returned to school Monday after a week's absence on account of serious ear trouble.

Miss Teresa McRae returned to school Tuesday morning after a delightful little trip to her home in Mt. Pleasant.

The twelfth grade English class is now reading selections from Browning. Classics from Shelley have been sent for and will be the next work taken up by the class.

The reading class which has been conducted in the high school by Mr. Fuller met for the last time Wednesday. This class has been very successful and another such class will be organized next year for those who wish the benefit of a good drill in articulation and variety of expression.

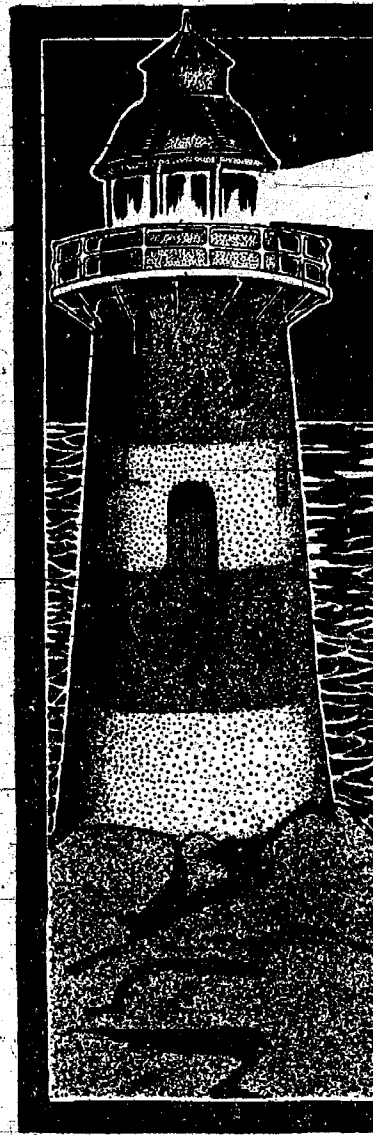
Last week a review Botany class was organized for the benefit of two of our alumni who are taking review work here. This class is under the instruction of Miss Brady.

Mr. Fuller has organized a class for a short review in arithmetic. Mathematicians by the bushel flock daily to this class.

The high school will not have its customary Friday afternoon program this Friday as it has been postponed one week for better preparation.

The Fashions as Predicted For The Summer.

June being the traditional bridal month, the usual fashion article in this number of the New Idea Woman's Magazine is devoted to the bride and her attendants. New materials for the wedding gown and graceful drawings showing the latest ways of making the same are given, as well as suggestions for the bridesmaids and maids of honor. The Girls' Letter contains many valuable hints for the selection of a trousseau and will undoubtedly prove helpful to the girl with moderate means who wishes to spend sensibly her allowance for this purpose. Ideas for bridal luncheons and anniversary dinner also appear in this issue. Another illustrated fashion article is devoted to the discussion of jumper fashions, which will without doubt, occupy the most important place in summer wardrobes.



AVOID ALUM

AN UNSEEN DANGER IN FOOD

TO GUARD SHIPS against the unseen dangers at sea, the United States Government maintains lighthouses.

To guard your home against the unseen dangers of food products, the Government has enacted a pure food law. The law compels the manufacturers of baking powder to print the ingredients on the label of each can.

The Government has made the label your protection—so that you can avoid alum—read it carefully, if it does not say pure cream of tartar hand it back and

Say plainly—

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL is a pure cream of tartar baking powder—a pure product of grapes— aids the digestion— adds to the healthfulness of food.

Special Values in Phonographs at Mack's. Prices \$10, \$20, \$30. Terms to suit.

TILE FOR SALE:—The East Jordan Brick Yard has a quantity of 3 inch tile on its hands and while it lasts will be disposed of at \$12.50 per M.

Thousands have pronounced Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea the greatest healing power on earth. When medical science fails, it succeeds. Makes you well and keeps you well. 35 cents. Tea or Tablets. Warner's Pharmacy.

Wanted:—10 men in each state to travel, distribute samples of our goods and tack signs. Salary \$85.00 per month; \$3.00 per day for expenses. Saunders Co. Department P, 46 Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.—52-13.

"THE PRIDE"

Is the best 5c Cigar on the local market today and the best seller.

Manufactured by
H. F. McHALE.

BOOSINGER BROS.



THIS season's "Queen Quality" Shoes set another new mark for women's footwear. The keynote of the "Queen Quality" factory is Progress. Today's success is but the stepping stone to greater achievements and still better and higher grade shoes.

The woman who knows only the "Queen Quality" Shoe of a few seasons ago can have no conception of the superiority of the "Queen Quality" Shoe of today.

Let us show you our assortment of this beautiful footwear to prove this. Let us show you why no other equally good shoes can be sold at so low a price as "Queen Quality."

It is only their tremendous sale of 10,000 pairs daily that makes it possible to sell "Queen Quality" Oxfords at \$3.50, \$3.00 and \$2.50 per pair. In all styles, in all leathers, for all feet and all tastes.



"They fit where others fail"

Far
In
Advance.

To women who can appreciate really smart and elegant footwear we recommend the extensive line of "Queen Quality" Oxfords we are showing in the various new styles and leathers. The woman who knew only the "Queen Quality" of a few years ago can have no conception of the "Queen Quality" shoe of today.



BOOSINGER BROS.

The CASTLE OF LIES

BY ARTHUR HENRY VESEY
(COPYRIGHT, 1906, BY D. APPLETON'S COMPANY)

CHAPTER IV.

The Coward.

As she left me I again caught the look of wonder, a resentful wonder, a curiosity that was even harsh and stern.

I seated myself opposite the woman I had unconsciously wronged. For the first time she looked at me, and I saw with relief that neither pain nor anguish lurked in her clear eyes. There was no outraged love nor tenderness. Nor was there pity for herself, or for me. But even so, it seemed to me pathetic that a woman should be so strong.

"I wish to hear everything. Begin, please, with your first meeting with Mr. Willoughby. Tell me all—to the last moment."

"I shall not spare either yourself or myself," I promised.

"Did you know Mr. Willoughby intimately? Were you at Oxford with him? I think I do not remember his speaking of you."

She spoke slowly, with a certain aloofness. A desire to be just struggled with a manifest dislike—a dislike that was evidently not lessened because of my studied calm. Perhaps she thought a fervent expression of penitence more fitting. But instinctively I knew that an hysterical repentance would increase her contempt for me. I preferred her hatred to that. And so I told my story absolutely without feeling.

"I met him for the first time the night before his death."

"Indeed?" Her voice trembled with anger. She was indignant that he should have discussed his love with an utter stranger.

"It was not until we had both given up hope that he mentioned you, Miss Brett," I said with some sternness.

"But surely his death was the result of a quite unexpected accident? The newspapers gave one that impression," she exclaimed suspiciously. The words and the look accused me of falsehood.

"The accident came only after we were both utterly exhausted by the sufferings of a night spent on the mountain paths."

"And were the newspapers correct in saying that you were not an experienced mountain climber? And did Mr. Willoughby know that?"

"Yes, I am simply a tourist. This is the first time I have been in Europe. I came to Switzerland as thousands of others come—to see the mountains from an hotel piazza or a railway train. To me, as to most tourists, the Alps were simply a gigantic panorama to be viewed complacently, as one looks at Niagara Falls. To climb them never occurred to me until I met Mr. Willoughby."

"I was making the usual circular tour, Interlaken, Scheidegg, Lauterbrunnen, Grindelwald. Mr. Willoughby happened to sit next to me at the table d'hote at the Bear hotel. He was an athlete, Switzerland to him was simply an immense playground; he spoke of the trophies he had won at Queen's fields to the same breath as his exploits in scaling a mountain top. At first I listened to him with indifference; his enthusiasm amused me—nothing more. I had supposed that people climbed mountains simply for the view; because on the summit one could see a little farther than if one were merely on the mountain-side. But as he talked I began to understand. It was a game—a conflict—a battle if you wish—in which one pitted one's strength and wit in a hand-to-hand fight with nature.

"Gradually his enthusiasm aroused mine. I was wearied of sight-seeing; the horde of tourists disgusted me. Before we had finished our cigars I longed to pluck my first edelweiss; to play this new game myself. I hinted vaguely at dangers, but my companion laughed at them. I was presumptuous enough to think that where he led I might follow."

"The usual mistake of the tourist, I believe," commented Miss Brett, coldly. "And you begged that you might go with him on his next climb?"

"At least I was willing enough to do so when he suggested that." He was plain to make the Strategus-Pass. I confess that the word "pass" did not sound especially formidable, for he declared that guides were not at all necessary. So I agreed to make the ascent with him. I did not realize that mountain climbing, more than any other sports required arduous training.

"The next morning at 11 o'clock we started from Grindelwald. We were provided with the customary paraphernalia of the Alpine climber, but our climb to the Schwarzegg Club Hut, at the Upper Ice-fall, where we were to spend the night, might have been made with walking sticks instead of alpenstocks. It was for the most part a simple path over glassy slopes on the eastern side of the Lower Grindelwald Glacier—a bypath winding along the cliffs.

"We were aroused the next morning before it was light, and I was rather relieved when two guides, who were waiting at the hut for a party expected that day, shook their heads at the weather, and warned us that it would

not be safe to attempt the pass alone. My companion laughed at their fears. The heavens were quite clear; the stars shone faintly; the moon was waning; there was no hint of wind or storm. He assured me that the protests of the guides was a clumsy attempt to frighten us into engaging their services. They were waiting for us; it was the usual trick. I accepted his explanation as plausible enough. I was unwilling to disappoint him, now that we had started; but for the first time I felt some misgiving.

"I shall not weary you with the description of our climb. The ascent was steep and trying in places, over ice and rock. In about four hours we reached the Zassenberg Chalets and the Central Ice-fall. A stiff scramble of an hour brought us to the frozen snow of a plateau. Here our path seemed to me less clear, but my companion advanced with confidence. I felt the altitude now distressingly; I had quins of mountain sickness. Still I struggled after him, until we came to the base of a precipitous wall of ice. We had passed over the last of the glaciers; we had reached the summit.

"I supposed now that the worst was

"Clinging to the face of the rock, I looked down. The ice slopes were turning yellow in the cold early evening light. But far below they were hidden by mists, which even as we looked seemed to gather volume and to roll onward and upward, threatening to engulf us. The sky was laden. As we made the ledge a gust of wind almost swept us from our foothold. The snow fell more thickly; it came, it seemed, from every quarter in an instant.

"We had made the ledge in safety, but even as we looked about us the mist enveloped us. It was impossible to see more than a few yards ahead. Still we struggled on slowly and mechanically. Rocks, which in ordinary circumstances would have seemed quite easy, suddenly appalled us; for we were unable to see where to put hand or foot.

"Even to my inexperienced eyes we were in a terrible predicament. Willoughby, however, was cheerful and confident. If he had misgivings he kept them to himself. I followed him blindly.

"Suddenly to our complete dismay the descent was cut off by a precipice, the rocks on either side falling almost sheer to the glacier beneath. Further attempt was useless that night. Even Willoughby acknowledged that. There was nothing for it but to bivouac for the night, and trust for better luck on the morrow.

"It is impossible for me to describe for you the sufferings of that terrible night. We gathered such stones as we could find on the narrow mountain ledge, and placed them as a protection against the biting wind. We consumed the last morsel of food. We had already drunk our tea. We huddled close to each other for warmth. We shivered, not for moments, but for 15 minutes at a time. Every now and then we chafed each other's hands to



"I Wish to Hear Everything."

over. But the descent was by far the most difficult and dangerous part of our day's work. Every step had to be taken with extreme care. We were roped, of course; and I annoyed Mr. Willoughby by being compelled to halt repeatedly. The fact is, I was frightfully exhausted, though I struggled after him as doggedly as I could.

"At last the descent became less hazardous. I believe that we should have arrived at Grimsel safely had we continued our way in a direct line and with the care that had characterized our first movements. But my companion attempted more and more difficult feats of climbing. As a rule I did not follow him. But presently a mountain ledge obstructed our path. Two courses were open to us: we could make a long but safe detour around it, or we could scale it. My companion decided upon the latter course. I again fastened the rope about my waist and followed him."

"Do you wish me to infer that the boyish confidence of Mr. Willoughby led to the tragedy?" Helena asked in a passionless voice.

"I wish you to infer nothing."

"But you place the blame, at least tacitly, on one who is dead and cannot defend himself," she insisted angrily.

"I am sorry you should think so. I am trying to give you the facts quite simply—the absolute truth."

prevent their being frost-bitten. But the greatest suffering was caused by our efforts to fight off the deadly numbness and drowsiness."

"Did you give up all hope then?" asked Helena, shuddering.

"I am sure that Willoughby did not. His courage and heroism were unflinching. Until the cold had exhausted us we attempted to wile away the hours by relating to each other incidents of our past life. It was natural that our talk should become increasingly intimate. Death stared us in the face. At such an hour as that one forgets that one is speaking to a stranger. It was then that Mr. Willoughby told me of you."

"I understand," said Helena in a voice that was strangely gentle. For the first time there were tears in her eyes.

"At half past two the snow ceased falling. The sky cleared. The stars shone out, one by one in a blackened sky. It was now, I think, for the first time I felt our utter helplessness. The terror of the mountains, the awful loneliness, the stillness, the sense of utter isolation—all overwhelmed me. The ghostly whiteness of the mountain peaks shone out against the dark sky. The moon shed an unearthly radiance over all. Shadow, and unreal, a phantom host, mountain after mountain stretched as far as one could see. And our helplessness was made the more pitiable because at our feet we could see the lights of the village."

"The sun rose at last. But I was terribly exhausted with the cold, the night's vigil, and fatigue. Three times we attempted to resume our descent, and three times my exhaustion paralyzed every effort. I wish to make no excuses, and yet—"

"I paused. I looked at her wistfully. I saw no pity or sympathy in her eyes.

She came from a race of soldiers. They, too, had suffered and died, and their honor had been stainless. Why should she make any allowance for my suffering and weakness? When all is said, weakness to her meant cowardice. She forgot, as the world had forgotten, that it is not so difficult to be brave when the danger is a familiar one. She looked at me quite unmoved.

"The rocks," I continued, "were covered with snow and were ice-glazed. Willoughby was anxious now. And yet it was impossible to linger; no one would dream of looking for us on this side of the mountain. So that presently when the sun rose higher and we were, partially warm, I stumbled painfully and slowly after my companion.

"For a time I followed him mechanically in perfect silence. Suddenly he came to a pause. He told me very quietly that we were lost. He pointed as a proof of that to the overhanging ledge around which we had climbed the evening before. I am nearly at the end of my story, Miss Brett."

Again she shuddered, and we both looked at the little beacon light flickering very faintly now. About us the people laughed and talked, the orchestra was playing a Strauss waltz. "Do not spare me, please," whispered Helena.

"To retrace our steps was impossible. Just around the mountain-side we knew that we should find ourselves in comparative safety. But to climb down the overhanging precipice had been appallingly difficult the day before. Now exhausted in mind and body, the rocks slippery with snow and ice, it seemed impossible for me, at least. And yet it is I who am alive to tell you how desperate that chance was."

"Generous to the last, he insisted that I go first. The rope was fastened about my waist; I climbed down the overhanging cliff, supported by the rope held by my companion above.

"I reached the ledge. I was safe. But I had put forth the last of my strength. I could only stand there, fighting for my breath. Almost immediately Willoughby flung down the rope and warned me that he was coming, and that I should be ready to give him what assistance I could. I tried to speak—to implore him to delay—the descent for a few moments; my voice seemed a mere whisper. Probably he did not hear me. Or he dared not delay lest he should lose his own nerve; for he must have known that the chances were wholly against him."

"Not even for you can I linger over the details of these last awful moments. He had almost accomplished the impossible. He was just above me. I could have reached up and clasped his body. And then what I had feared, what I had known would happen, did happen. His feet slipped. He was hanging by his arms. He called to me in a strong and steady voice to come to his aid. I did not. At least, until it was too late. He hung there one frightful instant, and then—"

Helena clasped her hands convulsively. "And so the end came," she murmured. "And he died without one word?"

"I hesitated."

"It is my right to know," she looked at me with burning eyes.

"Yes, he spoke one word—'one'—"

"And that was—"

"'Coward!'" I whispered.

CHAPTER V.

A Life for a Life.

A long silence fell between us. I looked where the little beacon light had flickered feebly a few moments before. It had gone out. With an effort, I sought the face of the girl who sat opposite me.

She had judged. I knew that. She looked at me as if I were a being apart of another world. By my own confession I had shut myself out of her world. The man who had loved her loyally had died as the strong people of her race had died. That proud fact supported her. For her I existed no longer. She gathered her skirts about her. She inclined her head slightly. She was going out of my life. She had uttered no spoken reproach. But her look, her every movement, echoed the verdict of the man who was dead.

"I pushed back my chair. Thank Heaven, the ordeal was over; that was my first thought. Then I hesitated. Suddenly I longed to make this woman understand."

"When others had pointed the finger of scorn I had refused to be crushed, because I believed their censure unjust. I had grown almost indifferent as to whether people despised me or not. But this was the first woman to whom I had spoken since the tragedy. Had she loved Willoughby, it would have been hopeless to expect any sympathy from her. She would have felt toward me a lifelong hatred.

But she did not love Willoughby. It was merely a sense of duty that had urged her to seek from me my story. Perhaps she wished to tell it to his bereaved parents. It was to be a sort of reparation owed to the memory of the man who had loved her.

She had tried me without emotion, without passion. She had spoken no words of reproach or anger. She was leaving me in silence. But I knew that the silence of that woman would haunt me as no spoken word of bitterness ever could. It was a silence that would irritate and madden with the coming years. It was hopeless to make her understand, to expect one word of sympathy. But at least she should speak, though it were in anger. I leaned toward her; there was a certain pride in my humility.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

MONEY WELL SPENT

HAVE TARIFF BENEFITS BEEN BOUGHT AND PAID FOR?

Estimated by the Tangible Value of Those Benefits the Workingmen, the Farmers and the Manufacturers Should Have Paid Congress Countless Billions of Dollars.

For a newspaper which is believed to have knowledge of concrete benefits accruing from a liberal distribution in American literary circles of the left-over fund of the Cobden club it is quite natural to infer as a matter of course that the concrete benefits of protection in the United States have been bought and paid for. Argument by analogy leads the New York Evening Post to this conclusion. The sum remaining in the treasury when the Cobden club went out of business some years ago—money contributed by British manufacturers and shipowners to aid in extending the free trade propaganda throughout the world—is said to have been \$800,000. Much of this money is believed to have found its way to the bank accounts of various and sundry American free trade newspapers and writers. Some of it may have swelled the free trade campaign fund of 1892. We are not permitted to know the exact facts and details of these disbursements, but it is reasonable to suppose that when foreign interests were conserved at the expense of American interests, foreign money was on tap to pay for labor performed and benefits received. So it is altogether natural for the Evening Post to infer, along with Miss Tarbell and other superior thinkers, that when congress has adopted tariff schedules designed to insure benefits to American producing interests, those interests have paid money to congress for doing it.

Here, again, precise facts and details seem to be lacking; but if the Cobden fund contributors could afford to spend \$800,000 to smash protection in the United States, certainly our own producing interests could afford to spend many times \$800,000 to keep protection. Estimated according to the ratio of benefits they could afford to pay congress \$8,000,000,000. Grover Cleveland's election in 1892 cost the country more than double \$8,000,000,000, and the election of William McKinley in 1896 has been worth to the country much more than \$8,000,000,000.

The sum which American producing interests, emulating the example of the Cobden club, might have paid out in purchasing protective tariff legislation from congress, staggers the imagination. Then there remains to be considered the enormous addition to the corruption fund of protectionism which might have come from the wage earners of the country. They, too, have been the beneficiaries of tariff legislation to the extent of several billions of dollars in the past ten years. Have they, too, "chipped in"? No; we don't suppose the Evening Post would go so far as to assert that. The wage earners have contributed in other ways. They, together with their co-beneficiaries, the farmers of the United States, have contributed the votes at the polls whereby the party of protection has been kept in control of national legislation for almost all of 50 consecutive years.

Was this contribution of votes by wage earners and farmers also a corrupting element in our politics? Many of our free trade purists think so. They often tell us that it is immoral for any citizen to vote according to his own personal interest. But they invariably spoil this beautiful doctrine by asserting that everybody would be much better off with free trade, and that everybody should, therefore, vote for free trade. Higher criticism in economics has many troubles.

A Delay That Is Not Dangerous.

"Another revision in business must occur before it will be popular to talk about reduction of the tariff, although the advantages to be gained by such a reduction are seen plainly enough by all the thoughtful men. Such an interruption in industrial activity and in what is called prosperity is unlikely to take place until after 1905. Perhaps it may be possible to conduct the presidential campaign of 1912 on the tariff reform issue."—Hartford Times. "There is in this, as it seems to us, more than the average wisdom displayed by Democratic newspapers when dealing with the tariff question; certainly far more astuteness than is exhibited by Mr. Cleveland in urging that 'tariff reform' be made the paramount issue of the Democratic party in 1908. Revision in business will come soon after the Republican party undertakes tariff revision downward. Then will it be possible for the Democrats to conduct the presidential campaign on the 'tariff reform' issue. And with an excellent chance of success, too. The Times is right. The Democrats will fare better if they stand back awhile and give the Republican party a chance to burn its fingers with tariff reduction."

An Awkward Situation.

Germany is chiefly desirous of selling to us her sugar, her chemicals and a long list of manufactured articles. She takes from us a large amount of raw cotton and considerable pig iron, which she does not tax. But the application of her maximum tariff would put stiff duties on many of our food stuffs, and that is where the shoe would pinch on this side of the water, and it would also hurt Germany by raising the price of food.—Buffalo Courier.

WE SHALL HOLD OUR OWN.

So Long as We Cling to the Policy That Brought Prosperity.

"The tariff does not seem to seriously interfere with our foreign trade. In 1900 our imports were \$329,019,337. In 1905 they amounted to \$1,179,444,559, and increased last year to \$1,321,064,694."

"The exports grew in about the same proportion, from \$1,447,945,068 in 1900 to \$1,626,990,795 in 1905, and \$1,798,179,955 last year. Of the exports, 42 per cent. were manufactured goods."

"It will be noticed that the balance of trade amounted to about the same for 1906 as for 1905, but was nearly a third less than for 1900. As it is estimated that Americans spend over \$200,000,000 each year in foreign travel and as much more goes to foreigners for ocean freights, it is not hard to figure where the profits from this immense international trade goes."

The foregoing interesting bit of information from the Duluth News-Tribune speaks plainer than words. Compare the figures with those of ten years ago and note the difference between the operation of the Wilson-Gorman free trade Democratic tariff law and the Republican Dingley enactment.

It is true that a number of causes contribute directly or indirectly to our present abounding prosperity; but these do not militate against the fact that this prosperity did not begin until the Dingley tariff was substituted for the Wilson tariff. The effect of the latter, as all know, was most depressing upon the business of the country; but immediately after the election of President McKinley in 1896 there was a quick revival of industrial and trade activity because business men had confidence that the policy of his administration would be favorable to domestic industries and they could safely risk investments in industrial enterprises.

The starting of the factories increased employment, and that let loose a large amount of purchasing funds. The revival of the protective policy and the certainty that it would continue for some years, gave confidence and life to all business activity. It may be said, therefore, that the present prosperity is chiefly due to the tariff policy; not that the tariff schedules alone have created it, but because of its general effect upon the business confidence and energy of the people. What caused the panic of 1893 was the election of Cleveland with the promise that a policy toward our industries would be adopted that would threaten their destruction. It is an interesting fact that, after the election of 1896, business prosperity began with about the same uniformity that depression had set in with the election of Cleveland.

The late David H. Mason challenged disproof of the following postulates, and no free trade writer has ventured to accept the challenge:

1. All of real prosperity in the United States has been under protection.
2. All of hard times in the United States has been under anti-protection.
3. Prosperity never has returned until after return to protection.
4. The tariff congress, in its tariff, has departed from protection, the more disastrous have been the consequences.
5. The farther congress has gone in the direction of full protection, the more prosperous have the people become.
6. In all of our national experience there is not even one exception to these propositions.
7. Therefore, the issue between protection and anti-protection is, experimentally considered, a chronic issue between prosperity and hard times.

And we shall continue to hold our own so long as we cling to the policy that has given us all the real prosperity we have enjoyed.

We must continue to follow the cardinal principle which will continue to develop our resources and so far as noticeable monopolize the home market first and then seek a foreign market for our surplus. The fact is that our exports of manufactures last year amounted to \$700,000,000 in value, having more than doubled in the last few years.—Day City Tribune.

HER NEW BONNET.



Where the Danger Lies. From political tariff tinkers within the party is the most danger to be feared. Whenever one of this class of ambitious political schemers makes a speech favoring tariff revision, the united Democratic press, which is hoping and praying for Republican blunders, hails him as an ally by clapping and howling with delight.—Alma (Colo.) Bulletin.

Entered at the postoffice at East Jordan Michigan, as second-class mail matter.

The recent decision of the supreme court which gives to the Michigan Central railroad the privilege of going ahead with its suit for six million dollars against the state, the amount of damages claimed by the railroad by reason of the repeal of its special charter, by no means makes it probable that six millions of any millions will be paid out of the state treasury to the railroad company.

The Kingdom of Wurttemberg, in a considerable part, consists of the same sort of soil that our Michigan waste lands consist of. In this particular Kingdom they have 487,000 acres in forest culture. The profits in the last fiscal year amounted to \$2,450,000. What can be done there can be done here.

We all agree we should do certain things, but so many of us won't. If you are so fond of advice, be a lawyer, or doctor, and get pay for it. A woman always thinks it is due to carelessness when anyone else breaks a dish.

It is all right to vote for the country's prosperity, but you must work for your own. Piles get quick relief from Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. Please note it is made alone for Piles, and its action is positive and certain.

Boys may be abused around the house when they are little, but after a boy gets his first job he is treated with the respect, by his family, that joyful subjects show to a king.

Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. Please note it is made alone for Piles, and its action is positive and certain. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Large nickel capped glass jars 50 cents. Sold by Warner's Pharmacy.

Advertisement for 1847 Rogers Bros. silverware. Includes an illustration of a silver fork and text: "Always combine the desirable features of silver-plated ware with the highest grade of plate. Remember the stamp of the genuine Rogers. Sold by leading dealers. Send for Catalogue 'C.L.' to the maker. International Silver Co., Meriden, Conn."

The fool who escaped the thin ice now will proceed to rock the boat.

Uncle Sam returned over 338,000 missives to the dead letter office, last year.

If the court really wants to help the people, it should forbid any raising of price of oil, when it puts on that \$20,000,000 line.

The question is being debated whether actresses should marry. The real question is "How many times they shall marry?"

Chamney Depew has just celebrated his 73rd birthday, and his boyhood playmates are hearing the jokes they have known from his infancy.

That Michigan man who is accused of having seventeen wives, must have been determined to have his buttons sewed on, if he went to jail for it.

Mr. Hearst says he is a Jeffersonian Democrat and a Lincoln Republican. Mr. Hearst should discharge his puzzle editors and take charge of that department on his various papers.

Vice-President Fairbanks' father was a wagon maker, according to the Chicago Record Herald. The son is something of an expert in fence making.

Shoes Is Our Business

In fact all we know is Shoes, and the fact that our sales have increased 10 per cent the last year, would prove to you that the people have appreciated wearing Good Shoes.

We do not claim to sell Shoes at cost, but we do claim to sell Good Shoes at a Very Moderate price. Our line of Oxfords is complete, and we have them in Patent Colt and Gun Metal, prices from \$2.00 up to \$3.50.

Sole agents for the Dr. Reed Cushion Shoe, the easiest shoe on earth. We also sell the Buster Brown, Blue Ribbon Shoe for boys and girls.

Meet me face to face. Yours for Good Goods.

C. A. Hudson Exclusive Shoe Dealer.

Advertisement for S-D-D Drops. Includes a large 'S' logo and text: "CURES RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, SCIATICA, NEURALGIA and KIDNEY TROUBLE. 'S-D-D' taken internally, rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while a permanent cure is being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system. DR. S. D. BLAND. Of Brewton, Ga., writes: 'I had been suffering for a number of years with Lumbago and Rheumatism in my arms and legs, and tried all the remedies that I could gather from medical works, and also consulted with a number of the best physicians, but found nothing that gave the relief obtained from 'S-D-D'. I shall prescribe it in my practice for rheumatism and kindred diseases.' FREE. If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of 'S-D-D' and you'll be cured. 'S-D-D' can be used any length of time without acquiring a 'drug habit,' as it is entirely free of opium, cocaine, alcohol, laudanum and other similar ingredients. Large Size Bottle, 'S-D-D' (500 Doses) \$1.00. For Sale by Druggists. SWANSON RHEUMATISM CURE COMPANY, Dept. 50, 100 Lake Street, Chicago."

Advertisement for Scott's Emulsion. Text: "Consumption is less deadly than it used to be. Certain relief and usually complete recovery will result from the following treatment: Hope, rest, fresh air, and—Scott's Emulsion. ALL DRUGGISTS, 50c. AND \$1.00." Includes an illustration of a man carrying a large fish on his back.

"Have all the fun that is coming to you," is said to be one of Mr. Roosevelt's mottoes. And when it isn't coming to him, he goes after it. Even the tombstone trust has raised prices. There is no rest for the weary even after death. "One word from Mr. Bryan will make Mr. Roosevelt his own success," says Mr. John T. Femoje Graves. Still, Mr. Graves isn't, it is a rather unbrotherly thing, to seek to confine Mr. Bryan to one word?

Advertisement for Calumet Baking Powder. Text: "Health Insurance at little cost. CALUMET BAKING POWDER. \$1,000.00 reward is offered to anyone for any substance injurious to the health found in Calumet Baking Powder. Purity is a prime essential in food. Calumet is made only of pure, wholesome ingredients combined by skilled chemists, and complies with the pure food laws of all states. It is the only high-grade Baking Powder on the market sold at a moderate price. Calumet Baking Powder may be freely used with the certainty that food made with it contains no harmful drugs—it is chemically correct and makes Pure, Wholesome Food." Includes an illustration of a Calumet Baking Powder tin.

Advertisement for International Correspondence Schools. Text: "EARN \$10,000 YEAR. WHY NOT? THE International Correspondence Schools WILL START YOU. MICH. ENROLLMENT FREE AT TRAVERSE CITY. ASK AGENT TO CALL."

Large advertisement for East Jordan Lumber Company. Text: "EAST JORDAN LUMBER COMPANY. For the Ladies. Yes, you may not believe it, but in spite of all the snow and cold weather of late, Spring is coming—and Summer, too—and you will surely then need some seasonable wearing apparel. Here are a few of the New Things we are showing: New Suits and Suitings. We have the best there is in these lines—New Color, New Styles and New Weaves, and the prices we are making are most attractive. New Gingham and Wash Goods. We can surely please you in these lines, in texture, colors and prices of the goods. They are good and tasty and the kinds best dressers select. In TRIMMINGS we have a very nice line of... Val Laces at 6c per yard. A Few More of Those \$1.25 SKIRTS are Left. They Are Great Bargains. YOURS FOR GOOD GOODS. EAST JORDAN LUMBER CO." Includes an illustration of a woman in a long, dark dress.

Briefs of the Week

"Pinafore"—not now but soon. Memorial Day coming. Get ready. The eagle is a grand and glorious bird, but the stork is the whole thing in Spain right now.

Chas. Turrell's new gasoline passenger boat was here Sunday, making the run from Charlevoix in one hour.

Go to the Opera House next Wednesday evening if you want an evening's solid enjoyment and laughter.

Men really have less admiration for the average girl's elbow than the wearers of short sleeves seem to believe.

The ladies are invited to call at B. C. Hubbard & Co.'s and look over the new line of Ready to Wear garments just received.

Attend Dan Goodman's Auction Sale in the old Church Hill Building next Saturday. There's going to be some bargains.

The Barge N. J. Nessen came into port Friday morning for a load of lumber. This is the barge that was wrecked a few weeks ago near Holy Island.

Our ancestors did pretty well and seemed to be happy even if they didn't have pillow slips with their initials embroidered on it in starting their married life.

A number of our Knights of Pythias went to Charlevoix Thursday evening to attend an initiation and Fish Supper. They were royally entertained and returned home just as the morning whistles blew.

Mrs. R. Mackey was a Bellaire visitor Monday.

Supr. J. H. Graf was a Charlevoix visitor this week.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Decker, Tuesday, a son.

Miss Edith Church was home over Sunday from Traverse City.

Jay Hite returned from his tour with Maro, Tuesday evening.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Jake Podleski, a ten pound daughter Friday.

The worry of today is the result of the carelessness of yesterday.

Fred Gilbert is at Bellaire this week doing some interior decorating.

Pros. Atty. Clark and W. L. French were Charlevoix visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. Phil Lanway is quite ill and underwent an operation, Wednesday.

Miss Mary Porter left Thursday morning to visit friends at Oberlin and New York.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Haight left Wednesday for Hillsdale for a visit with friends.

Women may lack sense of humor but they have the men beaten a mile when it comes to getting pleasure out of a cry.

A line from D. C. Loveday instructs The Herald to change the address on his paper from St. Petersburg, Fla. to East Jordan. Welcome home.

Usual Sunday services in the Presbyterian church at 10:30 and 7. The pastor will preach morning and evening and heartily invite you to come. Sunday School at 12. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6.

Royce City has 13 saloons.

Go to HAYDEN'S for Extra Choice Chicago Beef.

E. I. McMillan was down to Charlevoix Monday.

Orzo McIntyre was guest of Bellaire friends Monday.

Hand-made Lumber Harness at STROEBEL BROS.

E. Flaig and family were Frederic visitors one day this week.

L. C. Rogers of Manclona was an East Jordan visitor recently.

Mrs. P. K. Winters, who has been ill for some time, is now convalescing.

A Large Stock of Iron Beds at WHITTINGTON'S and the prices are right.

Leonard Swafford received a bad hand wound Saturday, while working a planning machine.

Mr. and Mrs. Milo Fay were called to Quincy, Monday, to attend the funeral of the former's mother.

Miss Lydia Cook is on the sick list this week and Miss Josie Bartlett is taking her place at Boosinger's.

Mrs. Louis Moore returned from Manton, Wednesday, where she went to attend the funeral of a grandchild.

The town man is always figuring on retiring to the farm, while a farmer expects to spend his idle days in town.

J. W. Coats, who has been suffering from falling eyesight for some time past, went to Ann Arbor for treatment, Wednesday.

Does that Bicycle of yours need repairing or cleaning? If so take it to G. W. Roy in the Natchez building and have it put in trim at reasonable cost.

It is said that it was a Virginia veteran, who proposed to Carrie Nation. The Virginia veterans were noted for their bravery in the late unpleasantness.

A meeting in the interests of the American Society of Equity will be held at the Miles School House next Tuesday evening. Jas. Howey, county organizer, will address same.

Arzela and Vera McMillan daughters of H. I. McMillan of the Argo Mills at East Jordan, are visiting Misses Lillian and Gertrude Durgan for a few days.—Charlevoix Courier.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Stone were called to Chase, Mich., Wednesday by the serious illness of a sister of Mr. Stone. Mr. Stone returned Thursday evening but Mrs. Stone will remain for some time.

Have you sampled any of the good things at Ben Schroeder's Restaurant? Mrs. Schroeder is an excellent cook and they are serving A 1 Lunches. Give them a call next time you get hungry. Open at all hours.

Although the present season in Michigan from a field, crop and fruit growing standpoint is not less than two weeks later it is not yet certain that any large degree of loss will follow. Michigan crops are mostly of the hardy variety and if the remainder of the planting and growing season will give them a fair chance another fair harvest will be added to our state's other causes for gladness and gratitude. Most other matters which effect conditions in this state and elsewhere are so satisfactorily progressing just now that a moderate or even poor harvest would not be attended by the serious results of some other years, but at this time there seems to be no reason to possess any fears even in the crop failures directions.

An irate citizen says that hereafter he wants the editors to mind their own business. Did he ever reflect, in his contemplative moments, when the moon is beaming, when the whip-poor-will sings in the tree, when the hired man snores in the loft, the yellow dog sleeps on the sea and the mosquito gets in his work—did he ever reflect in such times upon the idea that a paper containing only accounts of the editor's own private business would be apt to prove monotonous to the general public? They might stand it for awhile, but in the end it would be a thorn in the side and a weariness to the flesh and all that sort of thing. Now the true editor's business is to make everybody's business his business. That's business. So there's no use in making the kick alluded to.—Reading (Pa.) Times.

That there is more than seven million dollars in the state treasury and not a dollar of indebtedness to charge against it, with current receipts by the state from all sources larger than ever before is information which will not surprise the people of Michigan though it may add to their satisfaction over the present movement and progress of state affairs. It is expected that the coming spring primary school apportionment will be the largest ever made in May, and this bit of information will also be gladly noted. Michigan people have come to expect that continued progress will be made in desirable directions so far as their commonwealth is concerned and they have not recently been disappointed.

Old papers sold at this office.

Choice Chicago Beef at HAYDEN'S.

Get a Phonograph at Mack's and live happy.

Choice Seeds at the W. E. MALPASS HWY. Co.

Alabama color cards free at STROEBEL BROS.

When looking for a Rocking Chair call on WHITTINGTON.

Hand-made farm and driving Harness at STROEBEL BROS.

A new girl in town wear heels as high as the ideas of a graduate.

Use De Voe Paints for your house. W. E. MALPASS HARDWARE CO.

The man who is standing up for you soon gets tired and sits down.

Remember Wiesman's Saturday Special in Clothing, Hats and Shoes.

While a man is watching his enemies, his friends get away with him.

If there is so much enjoyment in flirting, why don't men flirt with their wives.

If you think you would like a Photograph, go to MACK'S JEWELRY STORE and see what he can offer you.

Use Hygienic Kalsomine for your walls. It don't fade or rub off. Sold by MALPASS HARDWARE CO.

We make a specialty of Floor and Hardwood Finishing, Charles Barret, Painter and Paperhanger, North Main St.

Call at MACK'S JEWELRY STORE and look over the fine line of Photographs. Prices and terms to suit all purchasers.

The peace convention goes along smoothly, disturbed only at short intervals by the chug of a new battleship hitting the water.

Our Serpentine Steel Construction Couch with stitched edge is a marvel. The proper place to see all the latest designs is at EMPEY BROS.

B. C. Hubbard & Co. have just received a fine line of Ladies' Ready to Wear garments and have same on display. Call early and get first choice.

Spring house cleaning is not complete unless your Furniture—Picture Frames—are made new. CHAS. BARRETT, Painter and Decorator, East Jordan.

Oh dear! How foolish I have been to pay 60 cents for Carpet when I can step down to EMPEY BROS. and buy for 35 cents. That is what we get by not looking around.

Spring has come at last and the past year has brought many changes and the designs in Furniture this Spring are quite beautiful than ever. EMPEY BROS. have all the latest.

Every woman appreciates a beautiful complexion, so much desired by men. Such complexions come to all who use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Warne's Pharmacy.

If in need of a Couch call on us. We have the goods. C. H. WHITTINGTON, Extra Choice Chicago Beef at HAYDEN'S.

WANTED AT ONCE—Show people. The chance of a life time for Ambassadors who desire a good position on the stage. Must be of good appearance and willing to learn. Write quick. Address: The International, Augusta, Wis.

There are many tenics in the land, As by the papers you can see; But none of them can equal Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. —Warne's Pharmacy

EXCURSIONS VIA THE

PERE MARQUETTE

ELK RAPIDS TRAVERSE CITY Fare 65 cents

Sunday, May 19th, train will leave Bellaire at 9:30 a. m. See posters or ask ticket agents for particulars.

H. F. MOELLER, G. P. A.

Laxative Iron-Ox Tablets

Cure Biliousness

The most common causes of biliousness is some perversion of the functions of the liver, or the retention of bile in the bile duct.

YELLOW SALLOW SKIN IS AN INDICATION OF BILIOUSNESS.

Laxative Iron-Ox Tablets are the best I have ever used. They have cleared up my yellow skin as no other remedy has ever done, and an ache, heaviness, stomach trouble, headache, back ache, colds and rheumatism cannot accumulate in the system.

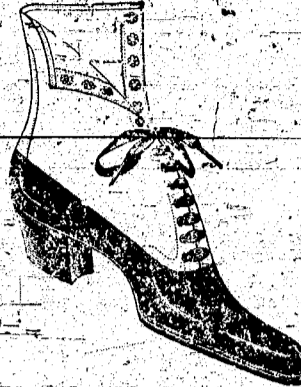
WRITE FOR FREE SAMPLE THE IRON-OX REMEDY CO., DETROIT, MICH.

Tone and Strengthen the bowels

Saturday Specials Are a Growing Feature at Our Store

The Line Includes

Clothing Hats and Shoes. There are Bargains in every Department.



L. Wiesman

Loveday Brick Block, East Jordan.

E. A. LEWIS

Fresh Goods Every Week

And none but the Best Brands in All Lines.

Teas and Coffees, Breakfast Foods, Flour, Buckwheat, Corn and Maple Syrup, Cookies, Confectionery and Fruit.

JUST RECEIVED—A Fine Line CROCKERY. Orders Promptly Filled and Delivered. Phone 168.

FISHING TACKLE

W. E. MALPASS HARDWARE CO.

AUCTION SALE

There Will Be Held On

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, May 18th

Commencing at One O'clock,

At the Old

Churchill Building, East Jordan, West Side,

An Auction Sale of the Following Described Property:

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 12 New Top Buggies | Second Hand Cassople Drill |
| New Spindle Buggy | Oliver Chill Plow Sec. Hand |
| New Concord Buggy | Side Hill Plow Second Hand |
| Top Buggy Second Hand | Driving Horse weighs 1100 lbs., 10 years old Gelding |
| Rubber Tire Buggy nearly new | Driving Horse Gelding 8 yrs old |
| 3 New Champion Mowing Machines | Set Light Double Harness |
| Mowing Machine McCormick Second Hand | Set Double Heavy Harness |
| Mowing Machine Whitley Second Hand | 3 Sets Single Harness |
| New Cassople Drill | New Heavy One Horse Waggon 3 in. Tire |

TERMS: All under \$5.00, cash; over that amount six months' time on good approved notes, with exception of Mowing Machines on which 18 months' time will be given. Five per cent off for cash.

D. E. Goodman, Prop'r. T. E. Niles, Auctioneer.

Saving Pointers

The money you spend and the money you earn varies somewhat. The money you save increases your income, if deposited with us in a savings account. Small sums count. System brings results. Save something regularly from your earnings. The start is important. One dollar will start a savings account for you.

State Bank of East Jordan

CAPITAL \$20,000.00 SURPLUS \$5,000.00

OFFICERS and DIRECTORS:

W. L. French, President; John A. Boosinger, M. H. Robertson, Vice Pres. W. P. Porter, Geo. G. Glenn, Cashier.

By the time a man makes up with his wife because of spring housecleaning, the fall housecleaning begins.

The Weather Bureau states that the month just passed was the coldest April in 26 years. Just wait till we get through May and we'll have another record breaker.

Yesterday we heard a mother say, "I would not have my daughter become an actress for anything in the world, but I don't doubt for a moment that she could become one, as she has great natural talent."

At Phelps last Sunday afternoon the boarding house, run by Mrs. Case, and the residence of Joseph Cooper, were destroyed by fire. Nothing was saved in the boarding house, but Mr. Cooper only succeeded in saving what was on the ground floor. Cooper lost covered by insurance.—Charlevoix Sentinel.

A fine production of the Comic Opera "Pinafore" is promised in the very near future at Loveday Opera House, given by Charlevoix talent supporting some professional singers in leading parts. The opera will be played at Charlevoix first, and before the costumes and stage settings, which are especially hired for the occasion, are sent back, the play will be brought here for one night.

East Jordan was made the better by the coming of Miss Glenn as a representative of the Northwestern board of Missions of the Presbyterian. Miss Glenn accompanied by Miss Hopkins of Petoskey, District Secretary of the Christian Endeavor Society, captivated the audience which was good sized, at the Presbyterian church Thursday evening. Miss Hopkins gave a short talk on the C. E. work in the Petoskey Presbytery. Miss Glenn is a returned missionary from Japan. Her address was of that country, its people and the missionary work there. One could almost believe they were in Japan to hear her picture the cherry season which is in May. She is of a charming personality and too much cannot be said of her as a speaker. All who heard her will be glad to welcome her here again. After the address a reception was held in the church parlors and refreshments served by the Christian Endeavor.

Probate Judge Whipple of Kalkaska county, died Wednesday morning, after a long illness. He was 65 years old, a veteran of the civil war and leaves a widow and one daughter.

A number of ladies from Bellaire and East Jordan drove over here yesterday morning, to take the train for Kalkaska, to attend an Eastern Star district convention.—Manclona Herald.

A very enthusiastic meeting of the American Society of Equity was held at the Rock Elm Grange Hall Thursday evening. The speakers were James Howey, Sam Richardson, and J. W. Bliss. Mr. Bliss is organizer for Emmett and Cheboygan counties, and is also an impersonator. He will entertain an audience this Saturday evening at Finkton.

Rev. John Bretts' subjects at the Methodist church next Sabbath are: morning, "The Power of a Common Stick," evening, "Heaven." In the evening discourse several interesting features will be considered, among them being, "Where is the land of eternal sunshine? What are the number of its inhabitants? and Shall we meet and know our friends in Heaven?"

Rev. A. D. Grigsby has been in attendance Wednesday and Thursday this week in the Congregational church Central Lake at the Spring Meeting of the Cheboygan Association of the Congregational churches and ministers. He led a discussion on "A Live Church and Prayer." He has severed his connection with the Congregational church and will now join the Petoskey Presbytery.

Peter Bowen, a well known resident of this village, died Monday night from apoplexy. He had been in poor health for some time past but just prior to his death was feeling remarkably well. Funeral services were held Thursday afternoon, conducted by Rev. John Bretts. Mr. Bowen was aged 50 years, and a mason by trade. He located here some 25 years ago. Three children remain, Mrs. Wm. Atkinson of this place, James at Washington, and George at Elyria, Ohio. Select field and garden seeds at STROEBEL BROS.

SEEDING COMMENCED IN WESTERN CANADA.

Prospects for a Large Acreage to Be Sown in Wheat.

St. Paul, April 24, 1907.—Word has been received at the office of the Canadian Government in St. Paul that seeding has commenced at various points throughout Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

The heavy snowfall during the past winter has left the ground in splendid shape for successful seeding operations. The fine weather of the past few days has taken much of the frost out of the ground and during next week there will scarcely be a district in which the seeder is not being operated. The most optimistic conditions exist and in all districts the farmers are busy getting things in shape. There will be a very large acreage sown in spring wheat, oats and barley. At many points throughout the three provinces the newcomers are busy unloading their stock and effects, working night and day in order to get on their farms and become active agencies in the effort to make the year 1907 the banner year in grain producing in Western Canada. As compared with districts many hundred miles further south than this, it will be seen that Western Canada ranks amongst the first in the line of seeding operations for the present year. It is safe to say that farmers who get in their crop before the 20th or 24th of May, will receive magnificent returns. A number of those coming in this spring, who had not their land prepared last fall, will break up enough land to get in a crop of oats and barley and probably some flax. This, together with the vegetables they will plant, will give them ample food for themselves and stock during the coming summer and winter. These early seeding operations are not confined to one district, but are spread over a country 900 miles long by 400 miles in width.

The agents of the Canadian Government, located at different points throughout the United States, are busy giving information regarding the many new districts that are being made available for settlers. Low railway rates, information and literature are given on application to the agent, whose name appears in advertisement elsewhere in this paper.

PUT RELIGIOUS DUTY SECOND.—Stern Laws of Business Come First, Says Austrian Court.

An interesting case at law, which centered on the observance of an old Jewish custom, was decided in Vienna recently. A merchant, says the American Israelite, discharged a clerk on account of neglect of duty. Among the charges against him was that he came to the store late in the morning because he attended service at the synagogue in order to say Kaddish—the prayer for the dead—for his father. The clerk argued that it was his privilege and his duty to say the prayer for his departed father, while the merchant, who was also a religious man, maintained that "if Moses had known that a man had to pay 8,000 gulden a year rent he would have made different laws." The judge would not allow such an argument, but decided in favor of the merchant, "because the daily attendance at the synagogue could not be considered the right of the clerk without the consent of the employer."

A Fish Story.

"Trout protection! Nonsense!" said a gunner of local empujance. "Trout are amply able to protect themselves. Look at their depredations among ducks, for example, and you will agree with me that it's the birds that need protection. It's a common thing for a trout to jump from the water, seize a duck by the neck, drag the unfortunate fowl into the depths, sufficiently to leave its feet sticking in the air, where it can get no purchase upon the universe, and thus drown it. Then the trout picks the feathers from the bird, eats it at its leisure and swims away out of the jurisdiction of the courts. Are there any fishermen? None? Too bad. This would be a match for one of their fish stories."

FRIENDS HELP

St. Paul Park Incident.

"After drinking coffee for breakfast I always felt languid and dull, having no ambition to get to my morning duties. Then in about an hour or so a weak, nervous arrangement of the heart and stomach would come over me with such force I would frequently have to lie down.

"At other times I had severe headaches; stomach finally became affected and digestion so impaired that I had serious chronic dyspepsia and constipation. A lady, for many years State Prerintendent of the W. C. T. U., told me she had been greatly benefited by quinine coffee and using Postum Food Coffee; she was troubled for years with asthma. She said if I was no cross to quit coffee when she found she could have as delicious an article as Postum.

"Another lady, who had been troubled with chronic dyspepsia for years, found immediate relief on ceasing coffee and beginning Postum twice a day. She was wholly cured. Still, another friend told me that Postum Food Coffee was a friend to her, her heart trouble having been relieved after leaving off coffee and taking Postum.

"So many such cases came to my notice that I concluded coffee was the cause of my trouble and I quit and took Postum. I am now than pleased to say that my days of trouble have disappeared. I am well and strong. There's a Reason." Read

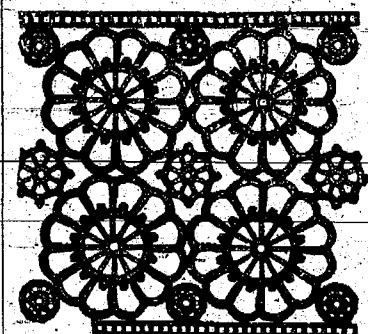


Crochet Insertion Design

PRETTY WORK FOR THE LEISURE MOMENTS.

Directions for Making All Kinds of Ornamental Work Suitable for the Furniture of Parlor or Boudoir.

For the Large Star.—Work 6 chain, join in a ring, 12 double crochets in the ring, 7 chain, a double treble in the nearest double crochet, * 3 chain, a double treble in the next double crochet. Repeat from * into each of the other double crochets, 3 chain,



Join to the fourth stitch of the 7 chain.

Two double crochets under the nearest chain loop, 5 chain, 2 more double crochets under the same loop, 9 chain, turn back over the double crochets just made and work a double treble over the long stitch beyond, turn again, and work 15 double crochets

under the chain loop just made, * 2 double crochets under the next 3 chain, 5 chain, 2 more double crochets under the same loop, 9 chain, back over the stitches just made and catch to the sixth double crochet of the previous loop, counting from center of star, 15 double crochets under the 9 chain, and repeat from * under each of the other loops round the star. On reaching the long stitch at the commencement of the row, work up the side of it with double crochets, then 5 chain to the sixth stitch of the previous loop, and 9 double crochets under the last chain loop, thus completing the star.

For the Middle Star.—Five chain, join in a ring, 8 double crochets with a chain between each into the ring, 6 chain, 1 treble on the nearest double crochet, * 3 chain, 1 treble on the next double crochet, repeat from * all round, the first 3 chain counting as one treble.

Two double crochets under the nearest chain loop, 5 chain, 2 more double crochets under the same loop, repeat under each loop all round.

For the Smallest Stars.—Five chain, join in a ring, 8 double crochets with a chain between each into the ring, a double crochet on each double crochet in previous row with 2 chains between each, 4 double crochets under each of the chain loops. The illustration will show how and where the stars are connected.

When a sufficient number of stars have been joined work a row of chain from point to point on either side of the stars, and finish with a row of 1 treble, 1 chain.

COIFFURES OF MANY KINDS

Styles That Will Suit Round, Oval or Long Faces.

There is no question but that a successful appearance depends more on the coiffure than any other detail of the toilet, for the handsomest gown and the smartest hat will fail to impress a beholder if the hair shows neglect, lack of style or is unbecomingly arranged, while often the plainest frock or simplest chapeau will pass unobserved if the hair is prettily dressed in becoming fashion.

The very greatest care should be exercised in choosing one's coiffure, or in changing from one mode to another. Indeed, the safest plan is to try not one but many styles of hairdressing until some model entirely satisfactory is found and then this one should be worn regardless of changing fashions.

Certain styles suit certain faces, one arrangement being the most becoming to an oval face and another to the round face; but then all are not of the true types. There is the short oval, the narrow oval, oval inclining to

plumpness and the long oval, all of which are modifications of the perfect oval face. Equally numerous are the different varieties of the round face. There is the so-called perfect type of round face—that is, neither too thin nor too fat—the plump round face, the broad fat face and the very round short face. Then there is the sharp pointed face to be considered, the one with a receding chin, and the type possessing a very large or aquiline nose, so that it can be plainly seen that, while certain directions may be followed with satisfactory results, it is simply impossible to set down any hard and fast rules, because so few women have features that come up to the standard of perfection.

For instance, a perfect type of round face may have the hair dressed high or low, but if the face is short and round the high coiffure must be adopted. The fat round face, too, should look well with high arrangement, but the sides must be puffed a little, or the result will be that the fat cheeks appear really fatter.

LATE FANCY SENT FROM PARIS

Large Cloaks and Wraps Are in Order in the Gay Capital.

The ample enveloping cloaks of the regency which were much worn in Paris last summer are again in order, and second-empire cloaks and wraps of shawl-like draping are considered extremely chic. One sees Louis XV. and directoire models and there is a host of fantastic little wraps and short coats which will be worn over sheer summer frocks and not only over the flannel materials but over chiffons, sheer voiles and similar stuffs. White chiffon broadcloth was used in the construction of this model and brown velvet ribbon is drawn through large buttonholes in the two upper capes falling in a loop and end at the bottom of lowest cape. The closing is made with brown silk braid and small velvet-covered buttons.



GARNETS ONCE MORE IN DEMAND

Old-Fashioned Stone Has Come Again Into Popularity.

"Despite the fact that garnets are becoming to a very few women, all women seem to want them, and there are dozens of calls every day for old-fashioned necklaces. These garnet sets look mighty handsome on women who are rather dark and possess brilliant coloring," said a dealer in gems recently, and added:

"There are two kinds of this garnet jewelry. One is called Bohemian and is made generally of flat stones, larger as a rule than the other kind, which we call Indian. The latter is truly original, both in its richness of color and in design.

"It is in the Indian that you oftenest see those clusters of star-shaped pieces strung together into a necklace or bracelet which, when worn on a fair white throat or arm, resemble a river of crimson fire.

and had some of the parts missing and got \$500 for it. Garnet bracelets are being bought up everywhere. The solid hoops made with three or five rows of stones set quite close together are liked by many, while others prefer bracelets made of graduated discs studded with these rich red stones. A single ornament of this latter kind will bring \$25 anywhere, but it is extremely difficult to get one now that is perfect.—Chicago Journal.

Embroidery on Linen Coats. Precious hand embroidery lavished on linen coats as it appears to-day cannot help but call forth admiration. A pattern of pronounced character and beauty represents huge daisies whose petals stand out in relief against the pale green background, the centers being of wide mesh net, darged with yellow. Curious little scrolls and conventional figures that coil among the flowers and leaves are wrought with linen soutache fraid. The collar and cuffs are fringed with smaller designs, as is also the bolero yoke at the back. The full box plaited skirt accompanying this marvelous coat is without frills.

HOW TO CARE FOR A CANARY.

Feathered Songsters Are Delicate and Need Attention.

Feed canaries mixed seeds, two parts rape to one of canary seed, alternating now and then with some prepared bird food. Give a little lettuce or celery every day or two and a bit of apple now and then. Give the yolk of a hard-boiled egg once a week.

Let no stale food remain in the cage, which should be cleaned every day, and have fresh gravel three times a week.

Keep the bird out of draughts. Don't hang the cage on a high hook, where he gets all the hot, vitiated air of the room. Don't hang the cage in strong sunlight; the heat is too much for him.

Give him a bath every day in summer; every other day during cold weather.

Vermin are often troublesome. Prevention is less trouble than a cure. If you suspect them take the bird out of the cage, wash and scald it, then oil the top of his head with a little sweet oil.

A little coarsely powdered charcoal in the gravel and a rusty nail in the fountain will restore a lost appetite.

The canary is a house-bird. For centuries this class of birds has been raised indoors. He is not used to the open air, and it is a serious mistake to give him much of it. If hung out of doors some warm spring day he is generally forgotten; the sun moves on, the wind freshens up and he catches cold. This results in partial loss of voice, sometimes in permanent loss.

Canaries cannot endure draughts. Their exposure to the open air should be brief and careful.

CARE OF CHILDREN'S EYES.

Point About Which Parents Cannot Be Too Careful.

Do you know that blindness is growing in the world with alarming celerity? This is only too true, and in view of the fact that more and more weak-sighted children are born each year, the following hints should be found useful to careful parents:

Don't let any false notions about appearances keep you from having the children's eyes examined in early childhood by a competent oculist. By the early use of glasses many eyes can be so strengthened as to make them entirely serviceable without that artificial aid later in life.

Watch over the manner in which your children do their reading, both day and night. See that they do not read in too glaring a light, or facing it.

If thought necessary, furnish them with large pasteboard shades, such as engravers use, when they read by lamp or gaslight; and, above all, go to their school and see that they are supplied there with the proper arrangements of light.

For Bridesmaids' Luncheon.

At one bridesmaids' luncheon given last winter, across the center of the table was a miniature road paved with rice and outlined by clusters of pink roses. The stems supporting them tied with pink ribbons. At the end of the road was a miniature (toy) automobile with Cupid as chauffeur, with big rose-colored goggles on. Strapped on the auto was a tiny trunk tied with white ribbons and a toy suit case with foreign labels. This clever decoration caused much fun among the bridesmaids and the bride-elect. The favors were little imitation Dresden pianos, the bride-elect being a pianist.—What-to-Eat.

For Housekeepers.

Bread slices buttered and put into a hot oven will be crisp and toothsome in a few minutes.

An article to be cleaned with gasoline will clean better if soap is rubbed first on the soiled places.

Grease the upper inside edge of the pan in which chocolate is being made and it will not boil over.

If the juice of a fruit pie runs out, try putting a small funnel of white paper in the center of the upper crust. It is said that a pinch of saltpeter added to water in which cut flowers stand will make them keep fresh much longer than otherwise.

Home-Made Fly Paper.

A good home-made fly poison consists of a tablespoonful each of cream, powdered black pepper and brown sugar mixed. Darken the room, excepting one window, in which set the saucer containing the mixture. Kerosene is also a discourager of flies. A weekly wiping over the outside of window and door screens with kerosene keeps flies from settling there ready for entrance at the first opportunity.

How to Clean Marble.

Water—soft, pure and clean—does not yellow marble or darken it. Soap should never be used in cleaning it. Scrub with clean water and a soft brush. Rinse and let the water run off in the outer air without wiping the marble. If very much discolored, it may be whitened by covering with a paste of whiting and lemon juice. Leave it on for a day, brush off and dust with a soft silk cloth.—Chicago Housewife.

Wall Draperies.

Rugs or other draperies on the walls require a closer watch than rugs on the floor. Frequent shaking and beating will be all that is essential. If during absence moths should have gotten in, shake the rug well, then spread on the ironing board, face down, spread a wet cotton cloth over it and iron with a hot iron. The steam will do the work.

INDIANA PEOPLE IN WESTERN CANADA.

What Shall We Do?—I've Got to Build Granaries.

A letter written to a Canadian Government agent from Tipton, Indiana, is but one of many similar that are in the hands of the Canadian government agents, whose privilege it is to offer one hundred and sixty acres of land free, and low railway fares. But here is a copy of the letter:

Tipton, Ind., Nov. 28, 1906.

"At your earnest solicitation a party of us from Tipton left May 15, for Western Canada. Our interviews with you and a careful study of your literature led us to expect great things of your country when we should arrive there, and we were not disappointed. We went prepared to make a careful examination of the country and its resources, and we did so. At early dawn the second morning out of Tipton we awoke in a new world. As far as the eye could reach was an apparently limitless expanse of new sown wheat and prairie grasses. The vivid green of the wheat just beginning to stool out, and the inky blackness of the soil contrasted in a way beautiful to see. An hour or two later we steamed into Winnipeg. Here we found a number of surprises. A hundred thousand souls well housed, with every convenience that goes to make a modern up-to-date city—banks, hotels, newspapers, stores, electric light, street railways, sewerage, waterworks, asphalt pavements, everything. With eyes and ears open we traveled for two thousand miles through Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, going out over the Canadian Pacific railway, via Calgary to Edmonton, and returning to Winnipeg over the Canadian Northern railway. In the meantime we made several side trips and stopped off at a number of points where we made drives into the surrounding country. On every hand were evidences of prosperity. The growing wheat, oats, rye, flax, barley, not little patches, but great fields, many of them a square mile in extent, the three, five and sometimes seven-horse teams laying over an inky black ribbon of yellow stubble, generally in furrows straight as gun barrels and at right angles from the roads stretching into the distance, contrasted strangely with our little fields at home. The towns both large and small were doubly conspicuous, made so, first by their newness and second by the towering elevators, necessary to hold the immense crops of wheat grown in the immediate neighborhood.

The newness, the thrift, the hustle, the sound of saw and hammer, the tents housing owners of buildings in various stages of completion, the piles of household effects and agricultural implements at the railway stations waiting to be hauled out to the "claims," the occasional steam plow turning its twenty or thirty acres a day, the sod house, the unpainted house of wood, the up-to-date modern residence with large red barn by, all these were seen everywhere we went, an earnest of prosperity and wealth to be. We talked with men and visited their places that four years ago was unbroken prairie. Their houses, barns, implements and live stock were the equal of anything in Tipton County, and why not, when they were raising five, ten and twenty, yes, in one instance, forty thousand bushels of wheat a year. The fact that such large yields of wheat are raised so easily and so surely impressed us very favorably. And when we saw men who four or five years ago commenced there with two or three thousand dollars, and were now as well fixed and making money much easier and many times faster than lots of our acquaintances on Indiana farms fifty years cleared and valued at four times as much, we decided to invest. So we bought in partnership a little over two thousand acres, some of it improved and in wheat.

Before leaving Indiana we agreed that if the opportunities were as great as they were represented to be, that we would buy, and own in partnership a body of land, and leave one of our number to look after and operate it. This we accordingly did. Just before time to thresh I received a letter from him. "What shall we do?" said he; "I've got to build granaries. There's so much wheat that the railways are just swamped. We can't get cars and the elevators are all full. I never saw anything like it." In reply we wrote, "Good for you. Go ahead and build; your story sounds better than the letters we used to get from our friends in Kansas when they bewailed the fact that the hard wheat had been destroyed by the chinch bugs and the corn by hot winds, and that they must sell the stock for means to live on. Yes, build by all means." And he did, and our wheat put in by a renter made twenty-seven bushels per acre.

Very truly yours, (Sd) A. G. BURKHART.

(Sd) J. TRELOAR-TRESIDDER.

(Sd) WALTER W. MOUNT.

The Rev. James Woodrow, who died recently, was deposed from his professorship in a southern theological seminary and convicted of heresy about 20 years ago for advocating the doctrine of evolution.

Instead of experimenting with drugs and strong cathartics—which are clearly harmful—take Nature's mild laxative, GARDOLIN. It is made wholly of Herbs. For constipation, liver and kidney derangements, sick-headache, biliousness and indigestion.

This year's convention of the American Federation of Catholic societies will be held in Indianapolis, July 14 to 17.



The Small Buyer of Paint who takes care that the Dutch Boy-trade mark, shown below, appears on every keg of white lead he buys, is perfectly protected; as perfectly as if he were a railroad official buying hundreds of tons, and with a corps of chemists at his back to see that no adulterant is palmed off on him.

Pure White Lead and Pure Linseed Oil are absolutely necessary to good painting.

SEND FOR BOOK

"Talk on Paint," gives valuable information on the paint subject. Sent free upon request. All true packed in 1907 bears this mark.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY

In whichever of the following cities is nearest you: New York, Boston, Buffalo, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia, John T. Lewis & Sons, Co., Pittsburgh (National Lead & Oil Co.)

No Criticism to Make.

Mrs. Hwfa Williams, the English society leader, talked at a dance in New York about the fashion of riding astride that has taken hold of English equestriennes.

"Some of our young women," said Mrs. Williams, "dress out and out like men. They wear a long coat cut like a hunting coat, a cap, riding breeches and top boots. It is a handsome costume and it is not immodest, but undoubtedly it attracts a good deal of attention. They have been telling in London lately a story about an English girl who has adopted this riding rig. Pulling up her horse one afternoon she said to an artisan who was passing: 'Can you tell me if this is the way to Warehouse?'

"The man looked her over carefully. Then he touched his cap in a respectful manner and replied: 'Yes, miss, yes—you seem to 'ave got 'em on all right.'"

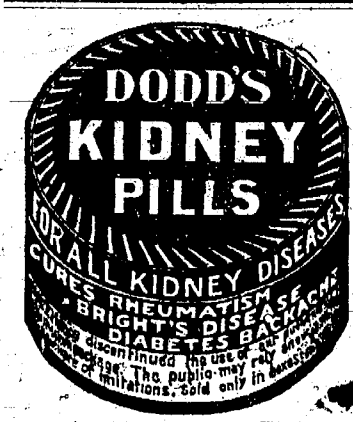
FAMILY'S SKIN TROUBLES.

Eczema, Heat Rash, and Scalp Affections Afflict Different Members, But Cuticura Cures Them.

"My wife had eczema for five or six years. It was on her face and would come and go. We thought we would give the Cuticura Remedies a trial. We did so and she has never had a sign of eczema for four years. I myself used Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment some time ago for falling hair. I now have a very heavy head of hair. We used Cuticura Remedies for our baby, who was nearly bald when young. She has very nice hair now. She is very fleshy, and we had so much trouble with heat that we would bathe her with Cuticura Soap and then apply Cuticura Ointment, it would dry the heat up so much quicker than anything else. Mr. H. B. Springmire, 323 So. Capitol Street, Iowa City, Ia., July 16, 1905, and Sept. 16, 1906."

Immense African Dry-Dock.

At Port Florence, on the shore of the great lake Victoria, which is the chief source of the Nile, there is a dry-dock cut out of solid rock by natives who had never before done much serious work. The dock is 250 feet long, 48 feet wide and 14 feet deep. It is 3,700 feet above the level of the sea, or nearly three times the altitude of Lake Chautauqua.



Help the Horse

No article is more useful about the stable than Mica Axle Grease. Put a little on the spindles before you "hook up"—it will help the horse, and bring the load home quicker.

MICA AXLE GREASE

It wears well—better than any other grease. Coats the axle with a hard, smooth surface of powdered mica which reduces friction. Ask the dealer for Mica Axle Grease.



Can't Miss It

So many ailments are purely nervous affections, that you can hardly miss it if you try Dr. Miles' Nervine. It restores nervous energy—and through its invigorating influence upon the nervous system, the organs are strengthened. The heart action is better; digestion improved; the sluggish condition overcome, and healthy activity re-established.

"Dr. Miles' Nervine is worth its weight in gold to me. I did not know what ailed me. I had a good physician but got no relief. I could not eat, sleep, work or stand. I was nearly crazy. One day I picked up a paper and the first thing that met my eyes was an advertisement of Dr. Miles' Nervine. I concluded to try it and let the doctor go, and I did so. After taking two bottles I could dress myself. Then I began taking Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and now I can work and go out and have told many the benefit I have received from these remedies and several of them have been cured by it since. I am fifty-nine years old and pretty good yet."

ANNA E. PALMER, Lewistown, Pa.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails, he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

W.A. Loveday
Notary Public
With Seal.

ALSO

Real Estate Insurance Agency.

If you want to buy or sell, call at the Office in Loveday Block.

Moses Lemieux

Practical Horseshoeing and General Blacksmithing

All kinds of wood repair work done promptly.

Last Shop East end of State

H. B. Lehner,
Dentist.

OFFICES OVER SHERMANS' MARKET,
EAST JORDAN, MICH.

J. A. Macgregor
M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.

Office and Residence next door to Opera House, formerly occupied by Dr. Foster.

Phone No. 31. East Jordan, Mich.

A. E. Carlisle
General Dray and Baggage.

Wood Delivered. Household Goods Carefully Handed.

Prompt, Careful Service.

Phone 174 East Jordan, Mich.

Frank Phillips
Tonsorial Artist.

When in need of anything in my line call in and see me.

Third door north of Postoffice.

PATENTS

Scientific American.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS & COPYRIGHTS A.C.

Any one sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communication, confidential. Send for our free book, "How to Obtain Patents." Written by a former Examiner of the Patent Office, showing how to secure a patent. Write to MUNN & CO., 351 Broadway, New York.

MUNN & CO. 351 Broadway, New York

Marion Harland and Dame Curtsey.

No name is better known to the housewives of America than that of Marion Harland. For more than half a century she has been devoted to the work that has made her name a household word in thousands of homes, and now at 75 she is as bright and active as most women at half her age. It has often been a matter of speculation to those who have followed her department, "School for Housewives," in the woman's section of the Chicago Sunday Record-Herald. If Mrs. Harland really gives personal attention to all the letters which must come to her. Huge as the task may seem, it may be said that every one of these letters requiring the opinion of an expert upon household topics goes directly to Mrs. Harland and is answered by her. Mrs. Harland's knowledge of household-keeping is practical and not theoretical.

The cry of the hostess for something new has been met by the Sunday Record-Herald which has instituted a novel department. It is called "Novelties in Entertainment" and is edited by Eliza Howell Glover, who has chosen the happy nom-de-plume of Dame Curtsey. Besides planning special entertainments for those who wish them, describing the decorations, giving the menu, suggesting the games and advising as to the smallest details, Dame Curtsey gives many ideas of her own designed for special days. She also answers all questions pertaining to etiquette and good taste, and otherwise furnishes just the information so often sought vainly by women.

A feature of the Sunday issue popular with every member of the family is the Record-Herald Sunday Magazine, in the variety and interest of its text, with many beautiful illustrations, in form and in the quality of the paper and printing, it may fairly be said to rival the best of the famous illustrated weeklies.

List of Advertiser Letters.

Following is a list of the letters remaining uncalled for in the East Jordan postoffice for the week ending May 6th, 1907.

Ritter, Mr. Dayton
Porter, J. E.

FRANK A. KENYON, P. M.

Let me send you free, for Catarrh, just to prove merit, a Trial size box of Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. It is a snow white creamy, healing antiseptic balm. Containing such healing ingredients as Oil Eucalyptus, Thymol, Menthol, etc., it gives instant and lasting relief to Catarrh of the nose and throat. Make the free test and see for yourself what this preparation can and will accomplish. Address Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Large jars 50 cents. Sold by Warne's Pharmacy.

CHANCERY ORDER—State of Michigan.
Thirteenth Judicial Circuit in Chancery. Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Charlevoix. In Chancery at Charlevoix, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1907. Margaret A. Schopf, complainant, vs. John Jacob Schopf, defendant. This cause is appearing from the affidavit on file, that the defendant John Jacob Schopf is not a resident of this State, and after diligent search his residence cannot be ascertained on motion of complainant's solicitor. It is ordered, that the appearance of said non-resident defendant, John Jacob Schopf, be entered in this cause, within five months of the date of this order; and in case of his appearance he cause his answer to the bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on the complainant's solicitor, within fifteen days after service on him of a copy of said bill of complaint and notice of order; and in default thereof, said bill will be taken as confessed by said non-resident defendant. And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the complainant cause notice of this order to be published in the Charlevoix County Herald, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that said publication be continued therein, once in each week, for six weeks in succession, or that she cause the same to be so published, published and circulating in said county, and that said publication be continued therein, once in each week, for six weeks in succession.

Dated, April 9, 1907.

FREDERICK W. MAYNE, Circuit Judge.

ELISHA N. OLSEN, Solicitor for Complainant.
Business Address: East Jordan Mich.

CHANCERY ORDER—State of Michigan.
Thirteenth Judicial Circuit in Chancery. Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Charlevoix. In Chancery at the City of Charlevoix on the 12th day of March, A. D. 1907. Ida K. Mackinder, complainant, vs. Claud Mackinder, defendant. In this cause it appearing that defendant Claud Mackinder is not a resident of this State, and his whereabouts are unknown, therefore, on motion of complainant's solicitor, it is ordered, that the appearance of said non-resident defendant, Claud Mackinder, be entered in this cause, within five months of the date of this order; and in case of his appearance he cause his answer to the bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on the complainant's solicitor, within fifteen days after service on him of a copy of said bill of complaint and notice of order; and in default thereof, said bill will be taken as confessed by said non-resident defendant. And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the complainant cause notice of this order to be published in the Charlevoix County Herald, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that said publication be continued therein, once in each week, for six weeks in succession.

Dated, April 12, 1907.

FREDERICK W. MAYNE, Circuit Judge.

ELISHA N. OLSEN, Solicitor for Complainant.
Business Address: East Jordan Mich.

MORTGAGE SALE.—There is now due and unpaid upon a mortgage dated the 9th day of December, 1899, executed by Andrew Johnson and Sappin Johnson, his wife, to Kate A. Taber and recorded in the register of deeds office for the County of Charlevoix, State of Michigan on December 11th, 1900, in book of mortgages on page 80, the sum of one hundred and twenty-one and 00/100 dollars.

Said mortgage was on the nineteenth day of May, 1899, by instrument in writing duly assigned to Stephen P. Millard, which said assignment was duly recorded in the register of deeds office for the said County of Charlevoix on the 4th day of June, 1899, in book 21 of mortgages on page 28.

To satisfy said debt and costs of sale the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit: the south 1/2 quarter (S 1/2) of the North 1/2 west 1/4 of (N-W 1/4) and the south 1/2 (S 1/2) of lot One (1) in section twenty-eight (28) of township three (3) north seven (7) north of range (R) 15 west, more or less in T. 3 S. 7 N. in the County of Charlevoix and State of Michigan, will be sold at public auction on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1907 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated this 24th day of May, 1907.

STEPHEN P. MILLARD, assignee of Mortgage.

F. E. WETMORE, Attorney for mortgagee.
Business address, East Jordan, Mich.

Weak Kidneys

Weak Kidneys, surely point to weak kidney Nerves. The Kidneys, like the Heart, and the Stomach, and their weakness, not in the least, but in the nerve that control and guide and strengthen them. Dr. Shoop's Restorative is a medicine specifically prepared to reach these controlling nerves. To doctor the Kidneys alone, is futile. It is a waste of time, and of money as well.

If your back aches or is weak, if the urine scalds, or is dark and strong, if you have symptoms of Bright's or other distressing or dangerous kidney disease, try Dr. Shoop's Restorative a month—Tablets or Liquid—and see what it can and will do for you. Druggist recommended and sell.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

WARNE'S PHARMACY.

Stainfloor makes furniture and floors look better than new.

Are you tired, fagged out, nervous, sleepless, feel mean? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea strengthens the nerves, aids digestion, brings refreshing sleep. 35 cents. Tea or Tablets. Warne's Pharmacy.

Spring Announcement, 1907

New Rugs From Old Carpets.

Its time to begin planning for Spring about that old Carpet. Don't wait until the usual big rush is on us as is always the case in April and May and all the year after, but ship as soon as possible. We are adding to our equipment and making more beautiful Rugs than ever. Remember the name and Trade Mark "Sanitary Rugs from Old Carpets."

PETOSKEY RUG MFG. & CARPET CO. LTD., 455 Mitchell st. Petoskey, Mich.

Eczema and Pile Cure

Free Knowing what it was to suffer, I will give FREE OF CHARGE, to any afflicted a positive cure for Eczema, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Piles and Skin Diseases. Instant relief. Don't suffer longer. Write F. W. WILLIAMS, 400 Manhattan Avenue, New York. Enclose Stamp.

The Best Laxative for Children.

Parents should see to it that their children have a natural, easy movement of the bowels each day. Do not give them pills, or any too powerful medicine. Little children to pieces, leaving the bowels so weak and less able to act naturally than before. Give Dr. Cassell's Tablets, a safe and reliable laxative for children. It is a natural, easy movement of the bowels, and stimulates all the little organs with activity. Chloroform coated tablets, easy to swallow. 10c, 50c and \$1.

HOLLISTER'S Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets

A Easy Medicine for Busy People.

Keeps Golden Health and Endures Vigor.

A Specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Piles, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Stomach Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, counts as food. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

Detroit & Charlevoix R. R.

Time Schedule in effect Sunday, Sept. 2nd, 1906.

Going East	Stations	Going West
A. M. Leave	Arrive P. M.	
9:00	East Jordan	5:10
9:20	Wards	4:40
9:25	Jordan River	4:35
9:30	Graves' Camp	4:30
9:40	Green River	4:20
10:50	Altha	3:58
11:40	Deward	3:00
12:25	Frederic	2:25

CLARK HAIRE, General Manager.

East Jordan & Southern R. R.

TIME TABLE.
(In effect Apr. 28, 1907)

LEAVE EAST JORDAN at 8:45 a. m., and 1:45 p. m.; Arriving at Bellaire at 9:45 a. m., and 2:45 p. m.

LEAVE BELLAIRE at 10:30 a. m., and 3:15 p. m.; Arriving at East Jordan at 11:30 a. m., and 5:15 p. m.

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W. P. PORTER, E. J. CROSSMAN, Gen. Manager. Traffic Mgr.

BOUGHT BIG SAFES.

The Way Jay Gould Bought an Express Company, to Terms.

Recalling early days in the express business, an officer of one of the largest companies told this story of Jay Gould: "Gould and Fisk then had hold of the Erie," he said, "and the United States Express company had all the express business on the road. The contract was about to expire, and Gould wanted an arrangement more profitable to the Erie.

"The Erie's doing all the work and you're making all the money," Gould said to the express people. "You ought to do some of the work and give the railroad a chance at the money."

"The express company officials demurred. Their profit they insisted, was no more than they were entitled to, and they refused to shade the contract a penny. Gould insisted on a decrease, but they remained adamant and eventually let the Erie president understand what he very well knew—that no other company would compete against the United States for the Erie business. All the companies at that time were in an agreement to maintain rates.

"All right," said Gould at the conclusion of the interview, "you've no objection, I guess, to my going into the express business for myself. It looks better than railroading."

"The express people replied that Gould could organize all the companies he wanted to. They thought it was all bluff, but things that came to their attention soon weakened their faith in this idea. Gould was going around among his associates talking up an express company scheme, officials of other roads were told that a new company would be in the field to bid for their business, and the papers began to talk about the new Gould express company.

"The express officials, however, saw none of Gould's money going into the enterprise and stood pat. Presently it was reported that he had bought twenty-four big express safes. Was this talk or was it business? The express men asked themselves. They set to work investigating, and they discovered that the report was true. Gould had actually bought and paid for the safes—safes cost money in those days, too—and he was negotiating for all the other equipment required.

"Now, thoroughly convinced of Gould's sincerity, the express company came to terms. Gould got the best contract from a railroad standpoint that had been known up to that time. The clause in the contract that the United States Express company considered most valuable to itself was one stipulating the abandonment of Gould's express plans.

"It was all a bluff on Gould's part except buying the safes. For that matter the purchase was, of course, part of the bluff, but Gould had actually bought and paid for them unconditionally. Nevertheless he lost nothing on the deal, for as soon as friendly relations were established with the express officials he persuaded them they could use the safes in their business and sold them at a little better than cost."

Washington Post.

Precedence in New York Society.

A philanthropic society of New York recently arranged a benefit performance in one of the Theaters. A large number of prominent women were to act as patronesses. When the time came to have the announcement cards engraved the president of the society was in a quandary. In what order should he arrange the names? He had never given the matter of social precedence a thought. He referred his troubles to one of the women, and she said decisively:

"They must be arranged alphabetically or you will be in hot water at once."

"But some of these ladies are wives of scientific men who are world renowned and some are simply rich. Some are wives of army and navy officers."

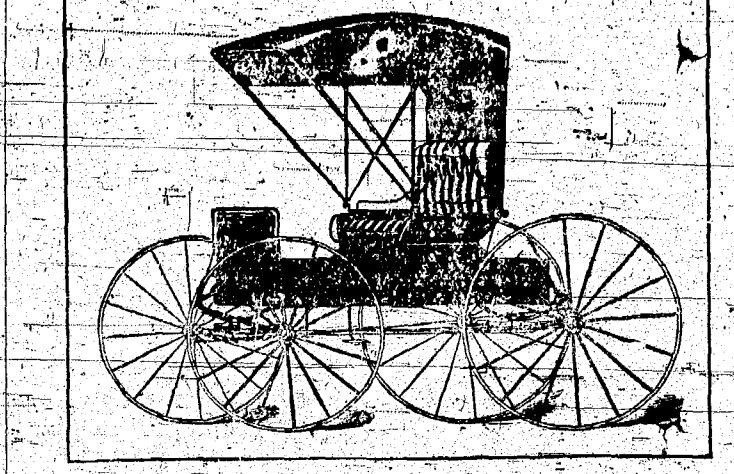
"It makes no difference. In New York society the order of precedence is alphabetical, and there is no other rule."—New York Sun.

HE DIED FIGHTING.

How Prince Louis Napoleon Was Killed by the Zulus.

How Prince Louis Napoleon was killed by the Zulus June 1, 1879, is told graphically in the book by Sir Evelyn Wood, who took part in that war. The little party which the prince accompanied was surprised and attacked. Sir Evelyn writes: "The Zulus in pursuit ran first after the two white soldiers who were on the flanks, three or four men, headed by Labanga, following the prince. His horse had jumped just as he was mounting, and his sword fell out of its scabbard. He was very active and was vaulting on his horse in motion when the wallet on the front of the saddle broke away, and he fell to the ground, being at this time only sixty yards behind the British fugitives. There were seven men who actually fought the prince. When Labanga, pursuing the fugitives, first saw Labanga, he was running away from the prince, who was rushing at him. Labanga, crouching in the grass, threw an assegai at him. The first assegai stuck in the prince's thigh, and withdrawing it from the wound, he kept his feet as bay for some minutes. In the native's words: 'He fought like a lion. He fired two shots, but without effect, and I threw an assegai at him, which struck him, as I said at the time, but I always allowed Labanga's claim to have killed him, for his assegai hit the prince in the left shoulder, a mortal wound.'

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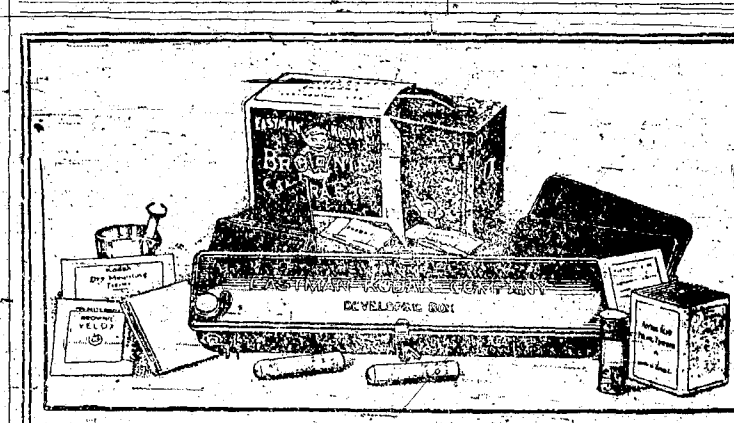
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