

# Charlevoix County Herald.

Vol. 9

EAST JORDAN, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1905.

No 49

## The Proclamation of a Nation.

Thanksgiving Sermon by Rev. George E. Allan

Of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Olven at the Presbyterian Church Thursday, Nov. 30, 1905.

We are gathered together here to-day at the call of the President of the United States, and the distinctive object which we have in view is to render unto the Almighty Creator thanksgiving for all His goodness to us as individuals, and for His kind care over us as a nation, and to acknowledge our shortcomings and pledge ourselves solemnly and in good faith to overcome them. Truly this characteristic of ours in so coming together in our churches and school houses with this as our object is, indeed, indicative of one of the roots of honor in any nation in which it may be found. We may with perfect honesty say that we are citizens of the greatest Republic which the world has ever seen. I do not of course mean great in the sense in which it is so common for some to count greatness, namely, in powerful armies, in the number of ironclads in a navy, or in the extent of territory; but in the righteousness of her laws, the true and lasting happiness, and the real freedom of her people.

Now on this day we may look back over the year that has gone since you last met together thus, and I think, as we do so a great many things will rise to our vision for which, indeed, if we have in us the real metal, we ought to be thankful to Almighty God Who has so favored us as a people, and as a nation.

We are urged in this text of ours to manfully acknowledge our shortcomings. Now there can be no mistake on this matter, we have our full share. For any man to be so impudently as to make such statements as those which imply that he is "without sin", "holier than his fellows", and other remarks of a kindred nature, only reveals to the whole neighborhood in which he lives the fact that he is a very unworthy man, for whatsoever such an one does is right in his own eyes however flagrant it may be in the eyes of those who have the common sense to see and acknowledge their own shortcomings. The man is not by any means the most trusted citizen who does not see any faults and failings in himself, but the one who does not see them and resolves by the highest that is in him to make them stepping stones to better and nobler deeds is the man whom we delight to honor. What terrible deeds are done in the name of religion. But we who are trying to place before the world the ethical teaching of the Man of Gallilee do not forget the tremendous fact that religion in the very highest sense is synonymous with a true and noble life, and is well expressed by our great Teacher in that wonderful saying of His: "Whoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them."

We are in these days in a very great hurry in our search after honor and riches, and in some cases, we deeply regret to say, it does not matter in the least how they are gotten so long as we are successful in our endeavors. There has recently been concluded one of the greatest wars of modern times. At the beginning of that war there were names which were held in the very highest honor. Men so great that the common people looked to them as the saviors of their country. How long did this honor last? It was indeed of very short duration. How many in our own land have been looked up to as men of honor, but when their deeds have been brought to the light how great has been their fall. Young men, it is right to aim high in life. In this country I do not know what high places are closed to you. But be clear in your own minds on this point that the things which last, the things which will bear the strongest light of day, are only won after the most arduous work. "Get there first" is a common saying, yes but see that you get there not simply lawfully, but through the strenuous time see that your character shall remain unimpaired. The paths are not often the well-beaten ones, on the other hand they are hard and thorny, and the thorns will often leave their marks, and often times you will feel despondent and it would be better to give up in the

attempt because you see others that are not so careful in the how-going fast ahead of you. But see your heart, and with the Eternal God on your side—and remember He is only and always on the side of right,—be determined that whatever comes your life shall be clean, men who can look the world in the face, and if when you shall be old there shall be seen the marks of the battle of life, let this be said of you,—they are the scars of honor.

There is the haste to be rich. Look at the revelations which are now being made in our own land. You cannot read some of your best papers without the feeling of shame coming over you because your confidence in men is being shaken to its very root. It had hitherto been impossible for you to think that it were even possible that men could fall so low, and become so unworthy, but the old word

having a time of rejoicing that the God of Abraham ever pointed their way to this land in which they are as free as are all other citizens, and in numerous ways they have proven themselves the most loyal and sterling gentlemen. Yes my friends we are at peace with all the world. How much this means it needs a more eloquent pen to describe; but it reaches our homes, it reaches our commerce, in fact there is no branch of honest business, or line of life which this blessing of peace does not affect. Let us think on these things, and as we do so may our hearts thrill with the spirit of thanksgiving to the God of our fathers.

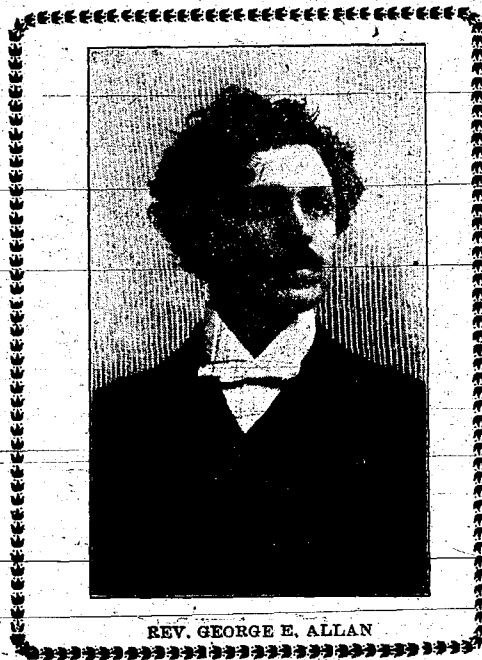
"The foes from whom we should pray to be delivered are our own passions, appetites and follies; and against these there is always need that we should war." A man's greatest foe is himself, and he who

marks of the Government mint is the article we prefer. It is not the man who lives a clean life, having never been tried, we would take as an example, but the one who lives a clean life having gone through the subtle ordeal of temptation. Both are good; the last has been tried and won. He has the right ring about him.

"During the year we have been blessed with bountiful crops. Our business prosperity has been great. No other people has ever stood on as high a level of material well-being as we now stand." Those of us who have had the privilege of world-wide travel can easily understand, at least, to some extent the fullness of the meaning of these words. Think of the enormous commerce which is being carried on night and day between this country and Europe, and the Orient. We to a great extent supply the world with food-stuffs, and other commodities. Should this business be stopped say for the period of three months, it would be nothing less than a world calamity. We have been indeed most wonderfully blessed. We have the land, and sense enough to know its value, and to know how to take care of it. No single vocation is sufficient to push the world. We need the farmer to care for his land and reap the harvest; others to sell it for the world markets; others to take it to the coast. All are Divine vocations. Every man to his work and the world moves on. Yes our prosperity has been very great. Our fathers could they but see us would rejoice with a joy unspeakable. In our own locality this year the farmers have had a most prosperous year, which means money to their credit at the bank, more comforts in their homes, and greater ease of mind. Let us receive these things in the true spirit of honest gratitude. The Eternal Mind has set at work a thousand things in the order of nature which have brought about these results. We receive them as true men, and bow before the Eternal with reverence and thanksgiving.

Again we have cause for thanksgiving in the fact that the popular conscience is being aroused in the matter of human government. You will no doubt have observed recent elections in cities, and States which for once the bayonet has not been used for the unclean spirit, which has been pre-eminent in our government. The working people and others had reached the limit of their endurance with this class of men at the head of their municipal affairs. They have arisen in some of these places in all their manly strength and in the ultimate we can always have the hand of men to govern our cities that we want. In fact a city is quite easily known by the class of men it produces at its head. The

keeps a close watch on the self-life, and checks the various signs of uprising in his own heart, and trains himself so carefully that he has over himself a perfect "self-control," is the strong man. There are two kinds of soldiers, one who is at the fire line all through the war, and the one who never went within a thousand miles of it. The latter, I think it is a well accepted fact, will have the most to say about his valor, and his valiant deeds, and the defence of his country. It is to the first of these however to whom common sense will give the honor, and he bears on his body the marks of the truly valiant man. The gold that has been tried, and has on it the



REV. GEORGE E. ALLAN

is still true, "Be sure your sin will find you out." No form of the unclean life can long be indulged in, but at last it will be forced to the light. Let not these things be ever said to our charge, rather may they be lessons to us. A clean life is always honorable and enduring, and on this day of thanksgiving may we be more than ever determined that this life shall be ours. Shun the very appearance of wrong doing. Set the right value on your sins. This statement some will misunderstand, but I have the idea that if a man rates himself as he should he will look on the doing of any form of known evil as beneath true manhood. The right life is not always the easy one. You have it in your power to make the impress of righteousness on the locality in which you live.

Let us also join with others in all parts of the country and render to the giver of all good things thanksgiving for the blessing of peace. "We are not threatened by foes from without." No indeed, we are at peace with all the world. (I should say however that just at this moment China wishes to boycott our goods, but then we boycott her people, so we are even). We are a great Brotherhood of 75,000,000 of people. This cannot be said of all the other nations. Thin of modern Russia, she has been brought to shame and humiliation by an outside foe—one that according to the code of this world was still in the class called "The Heathen," and yet by her noble deeds we are simply forced to place her in the very forefront of the nations,—and now she is on the awful verge of a terrible revolution. The common people, as in the history of the ages they have several times done, have arisen and called for the liberty which is the right of every son born in this world. Yet many of these people have paid the price of this cry at the point of the sword. When we think of the atrocities of the French Revolution and the things which led to them, we cannot but see again the signs of the times. What has been revealed to us is bad enough, but what is still unrevealed is perhaps much worse. Let then our patriotism reach out beyond our own bounds and pray to the Almighty God that there He will raise up men who shall be able to lead these people out of their present darkness and difficulties into the light and liberty of a true people. There are none suffering in that land today more than are the Jews. Hardly any rights are conceded to them. Life itself is made a burden almost too great for human endurance. Notice the contrast in the land. In New York City the Jews have just been

## Before Purchasing Books, Etc., For The Holiday Season

We cordially invite you to visit our store and examine our assortment, consisting of all the New and Popular Copyright Books. We are adding daily to our stock and intend to make our store a First Class Book and Cigar Store.

We carry the largest line of Cigars, Pipes, Tobaccos, Candies and Stationery in town.

Yours for business,  
**EAST JORDAN'S LARGEST CIGAR STORE.**  
E. O. COY PROP'R.

## Present to your Friends — As An Xmas Gift — a Portrait of Yourself.

Have them made at . . . .  
**PALMITER'S STUDIO.**

As the various styles—mounted on heavy or soft decorated mounts, also in folders, finished on platinum or carbon-platinum—will produce the best photographic effect, have sittings at once that the photos may be finished early and reach your friends at distant points.

This is the time of the year the light fades early; we cannot do justice by you if sittings are had later than three o'clock p. m.; especially on cloudy days.

W. T. BOSWELL, Operator.

# BOOSINGER BROS.

## Marvelous Values in Winter Clothing.



Suits in \$10, \$15 and \$18 values. Our only regret is that each one of you cannot see the handsome suits and overcoats that we are offering. They are the very latest and most popular styles.

If a man has made his pile, he can dress as he pleases; before that time he should be as careful of his dress as of his finger nails.

A young man in one of our special Suits or Overcoats is bound to create a good impression.

Clothes have more to do with making a man than they are given credit for. We are selling handsome Suits at \$12 and \$15 that are worth fully a third more.

We have just received our new styles in Neckwear; splendid in quality and of the most artistic colorings.

We are sole agents for the Detroit M'fg Co. celebrated caps; and for the well-known Clarendon Shirts—the greatest shirts in the world at a dollar. Our stocks are all complete and the price the very lowest considering the high quality of the goods that we are selling.



Quality First of All. Our Motto.

**BOOSINGER BROS**



# East Jordan Lumber Company

## CLOTHING.

### INSIDE INFORMATION.

Why some men appear tidy and neat while others look as though their clothes had passed through wringers.



HICKEY & FREEMAN CO. MAKERS ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Every Suit of Clothes you buy looks neat and tidy when you first buy it, whether it cost you \$3.75 or \$25.00. But the true value depends how long the suit will retain that appearance. The value of fine clothing is not on the outside. It is hidden in the unseen interior. When an honest coat is built, the tailor builds what might be termed a framework, shapes it to what an ideal of the customer's form should be, then puts the cloth on the outside. This interior framework, if it is to hold its shape, must be built from high class materials; best French Elastic Canvas, Irish Linen Stays and Tape, finest Lamb's wool Padding, Imported Sicilian Horse Hair cloth.

This is what Hickey & Freeman's Coats are made up from. Their Coats retain their shape forever. Would be pleased to show you their complete line. Prices ranging from \$12 to \$20.

## Overcoats.

We also carry Hickey & Freeman's line of Overcoats, made up in the same manner, and beautiful patterns ranging in price from \$10 to \$22.50.

Come in and inspect this line of Clothing.



HICKEY & FREEMAN CO. MAKERS ROCHESTER, N. Y.

## MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

We have everything new and attractive in this line.

New Neckwear, New Hosiery, Nice All Wool Underwear \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, and a brand new line of

## Fancy Vests.

Come in and inspect our well selected stock of Clothing and Furnishings for the fall and winter wear.

YOURS FOR GOOD GOODS.

# East Jordan Lumber Company.

DON'T FORGET we are Agents for the White Sewing Machine.

CHARLEVOIX COUNTY HERALD  
G. A. Lisk, Publisher  
ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR

## The Proclamation of a Nation.

(Continued from First Page.)

places of which I am now speaking looked out for clean men and found them; and put them in office. The reformer was needed and found. The Kingly man is always to be found, but he is to be looked for, for as a rule he does not push himself in those places, and he is too much of a man to make use of the "wires." If he is not fitted for a given office he does not get that place by the strength of his pull. With all my soul I abhor that business, and be he preacher or politician or whatever else, who will fall so low as to do that sort of thing is too bad for respectable society. This business of "wire pulling" is one of the greatest curses of modern office seekers, and it keeps out of place men who are infinitely more worthy. "If once the law of veracity be acknowledged as a rule for human things, there will not anywhere be want of work for the reformer." Thank God for the fact that there are still many very noble men in our midst, and what we want without exception is "the noble in the high place, the ignoble in the low," that is, in all times and all countries, the Almighty Maker's Lay. Yes we thank God that we have with us still the heroic spirit, and perhaps no sadder proof of a man's own littleness can be seen than that he ceases to believe in great men. You young fellows that are now present, study the lives of those men who have left their impress for good on the nation. We honor a Washington, a Lincoln and a host of others, and our lives should be better because they have lived and left their influence in the history of our nation. We should gather golden lessons from their lives.

We should also give God thanks for the health which we now so much enjoy. As a rule one does not estimate this as highly as he ought to until, unfortunately, he has lost it. Then he enters into the reality of the fact, how rich he was, and how poor he is. The Gospel of our Bible deals with other things than going to church and saying our prayers. We preach today an ethical gospel which deals with all the problems that enter into every day life. What will make life richer, more restful, more healthful, and no matter who it is a member of the church and holder of high place, if his life be not clean, his profession is a stumbling block to weaker but more honest men. Life on a high level is what we want, and that is the religion which the Almighty is pleased with. Many people have lost their health who, perhaps had they given themselves proper care, would today have been enjoying the best of health. That which will make you stronger, young men, more fitted to bear the tasks of life you should by all means attend to. Your football is without doubt a very good thing. I do not say that there are not things in it which the game itself would be better if you could find a way to leave them out. There are some people who would cry out against you no matter what you did. They seem to think that you should stay at home the time you are on the field and read "Pugin's Progress." They are chronic grumblers, and are not to be heeded in any way. This game if properly attended to helps you to greater strength. There are those who sit in their houses, perhaps reading some devout book, who, if they would only go out into God's fields and enjoy the glorious breezes of nature, would be far better in themselves, and better with all mankind. There are other exercises which I counsel you to attend to. See that whatever you do is done with a right motive. See that your bodies which are God's temple, are kept as near perfection as it is in your power to keep them. Do what you can to keep this precious gift which God has given you. Keep a look out on your habits. Let all things be done in order.

We are asked on this day to consecrate ourselves to "a life of cleanliness, honor, and wisdom." I have already spoken of the first two of these. Now a word or two on the last named. Wisdom. It is not what we get at the university. It can not be said of any man that he has completed his education. There is no such thing either in this world or in that which is to come. Life here and there will always be progressive, at least, in that respect. After leaving the university, and I may say also to those who have not had that privilege, we may acquire real wisdom. All through the ages God has had His great men, and many of them have left in books their very best thoughts. We might therefore keep company

with these men. There is nothing to keep us back from a real close friendship with the Kings of Thought other than our own idleness. Let us seek their wisdom. Now in closing I want to say the world has had many great men, but none greater than the man Jesus. He is our example, He is our Savior. On this day of national thanksgiving give Him more than a thought. He has done for us more than can ever be told. The fulness of the meaning of the Incarnation of the Son of Man may not ever be understood, but life and glory He has opened up to us as did no other. He has revealed to us our immortal possibilities. He answers the great questions which our souls are constantly asking better than all others. He has turned much speculation into blessed verity. He has made it possible for us to reach after the highest, and leads the way. Depend on it, He has done more for human life than we may now think. He is the greatest factor in this world to day. There may be a few who do not so acknowledge, but they admire. Shall we not go a step further and trust Him, and aim in all our work to please Him?

Everything you eat will taste good and do good if you take King's dyspepsia Tablets. Sold by Warner's Pharmacy.



THE above picture is the mark of Scott's Emulsion, and is the symbol for strength and purity. It is sold in almost all the civilized countries of the globe.

If the cod fish became extinct it would be a world-wide calamity because the oil that comes from its liver surpasses all other oils in nourishing and life-giving properties. Thirty years ago the proprietors of Scott's Emulsion found a way of preparing cod liver oil so that everyone can take it and get the full value of the oil without the objectionable taste. Scott's Emulsion is the best thing in the world for weak, backward children, thin, delicate people, and all conditions of wasting and lost strength.

Send for free sample.  
SCOTT & BOWNE, CHEMISTS  
409-415 PRINCE STREET, NEW YORK  
Bc. and \$1.00. All druggists.

DO YOU WANT TO Buy, Sell or Exchange your Real Estate?

DO YOU WANT TO Borrow Money on your Farm Property?  
Titles Examined, Business Promptly and Accurately Performed.

F. E. BOOSINGER  
Attorney and Counselor  
East Jordan - Michigan.

EXCURSIONS VIA THE PERE MARQUETTE LIVE STOCK SHOW, CHICAGO.  
Dec. 16 to 23, inclusive.

For the above occasion ticket agents will sell round trip tickets at greatly reduced rates. Tickets on sale Dec. 16, 17, 18, 19, good for return not later than Dec. 24th. Ask agents for particulars.

HOME SEEKERS' RATES.  
Special Home Seekers' Excursions to points in the Southwest and South will be on sale at all ticket offices of this company on the following dates: November 21; December 5th and 19th. Ask ticket agents for particulars, or write W. C. Britton, H. J. Gray D. P., Saginaw and Grand Rapids, Mich. H. F. Moeller, G. P. A.

Cures Biliousness, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Torpid Liver and Chronic Constipation. Pleasant to take

Say!  
When you want anything in the Harness Line

Or anything in the Horse Goods Line, go to a Harness Shop for the best. We aim to keep everything in that line of goods; if you don't see what you want ask for it, but don't take anything without asking.

The East Jordan Harness Co.

I have the most complete line of everything you can possibly want in  
**GROCERIES**  
and shall be glad to supply your wants at lowest possible prices.  
We solicit a share of your patronage.  
WILL RICHARDSON.

Special Bargain Sale  
For Next Week Only.

Guaranteed Tool Steel  
**BUTCHER KNIVES**

Worth 35c,  
SPECIAL PRICE 19c Each.  
**STROEBEL BROS.**

CARR'S GROCERY.

You don't knowingly put poor coal, the kind that won't burn, in your stove.  
Don't put poor food, the kind that won't nourish, into your stomach.  
CHASE & SANBORN SEAL BRAND COFFEE

I Sell Food That Feeds.

Perfect confidence is everything, and you can have perfect confidence in all you buy of me.  
No ADULTERATED TEAS, SUGAR, FLOUR, FEEDS, ETC.  
PURE GOODS ONLY.  
I aim to please. Once a customer always a customer. My delivery service is prompt and reliable.  
George Carr - East Jordan  
Phone No. 2, two rings.

EXCURSIONS VIA THE Detroit & Charlevoix and Grand Rapids & Indiana Railways.

WINTER TOURIST TICKETS.  
To points in the South, also California on sale daily. Through sleeper to Cincinnati daily making direct connection for Florida ports. Rates and other information cheerfully furnished on application.

ONE WAY SETTLER'S TICKETS.  
To the South and Southeast, and round trip Homeseekers' Excursion. Tickets to the South, Southeast, West and Northwest, on sale first and third Tuesdays of each month at reduced rates.  
B. A. Ashley, Local Agent.  
M. F. Quaintance, D. P. A. (Petrokey)

**ORINO**  
Laxative Fruit Syrup  
Cleanses the system thoroughly and clears away complications of pimples and blotches.

**BEE'S LAXATIVE HONEY AND TAR**

An improvement on Cough, Lung and Bronchitis Remedies. Cures Croup, Strengthen the Lungs. Gently Moves the Bowels. Pleasant to the taste and good alike for Young and Old.



# MAGAZINE SECTION

## Charlevoix COUNTY Herald.

### LIFE OF BABY SAVAGE.

#### THE TREATMENT WHICH INDIAN PAPOOSES RECEIVE FROM SQUAW MOTHERS.

Indian Redskin Very Seldom Cries—Is Strapped to a Plank, Washed in the Creek and Hung on a Tree to Dry Out.

In the Indian papoose child nature is essentially the same as in the Caucasian babe, though there is a striking contrast in their manners, due to maternal treatment, or as a student of child nature might say, "to environment." The chief differences, really, between the little Indian and the little white is that the former is less a cry-baby than the latter. The reason for this is that the white baby usually gets what he cries for if it be within mother's power to procure it. Learning this from experience, for every mother knows how wise and shrewd the baby is, whenever he feels that a certain article would conduce to his contentment, he forthwith howls. Now, the papoose, so far from being encouraged in this vocal exercise, is repressed. His mother is unresponsive and the baby not achieving what he weeps for, soon learns that tears and wails profit not. Perhaps if the white mother dwelt in the deserts or the mountains so that baby's crying would not disturb the neighbors even she might let him cry till weariness brought sleep, and perhaps if the redskin mother lived among sensitive neighbors she might seek to pacify the crying babe with

When the bath is ended a cloth is tied round the baby and he is hung up on the branch of a tree or a sapling till sun and wind have dried him. Then he is packed in his basket and trundled on his mother's back homeward to the family tepee.

#### Death for Weaking Babies.

Nearly all Indian children that one sees are hardy and well formed. This is because only those of robust constitution survive the trials and exposure of their babyhood. It is desired that only the naturally strong should survive, for it is a custom in most of the tribes to willfully expose, suffocate or drown born weaklings or deformed babies. Death is the lot of the unhappy little baby whose health and physique are below the tribal standard.

The Albino child, and these are more common among the Indians than might be supposed, is certain to perish soon after birth, because the coming of such a child is regarded as evidence of displeasure of the Great Spirit. The redskin babe is released from his lacings and swaddlings as soon as he is old enough to walk, and then his real child life begins. He has great freedom. When it is warm enough to go without clothes, and the Indian child is inured to cold, he tumbles and romps naked. His pets are dogs and ponies and as fond of these as are his blond cousins. As he grows old enough to run he takes an interest in the athletic sports of the tribe and the usual young Indian games are deer and hounds, hide and seek, foot racing, pony racing, bow and arrow shooting, spear throwing, wrestling, and follow the leader.

#### Developing the Brave.

The child is given every possible encouragement to play and is never whipped by his parents, because it is the Indian's philosophy that whipping breaks the spirit of the child, and the Indian ambition is to be brave and self-reliant. It is a fact that though the Indian child is not subject to corporal punishment and the ruder forms of discipline which white children are often made to endure, they are reverent, obedient, docile and extraordinarily respectful toward their parents and seniors. It is the Spartan quality which the mother and father strive to develop in their boys.

#### School of the Indian.

The Indian lad of the wilds is not oppressed with book studies. He is taught his nature lessons in the forest, among the rocks or on the plains. He learns by hunting, and camping with his elders, and every Indian lad tries to win the prize of commendation by proficiency in those nature studies which the Indian holds to be the highest form of knowledge. It is around the camp fire, or the fire in the lodge, that the youth learns the traditions of his

### JAPANESE YELLOW PERIL.

#### HIOKI CALLS IT A MYTH, ISLAND NATION'S EYES NOT ON PHILIPPINES

Japan Stands for Open Door and a Square Deal to All-American Aid Welcomed.

Japan is inclined to resent the recurrence of allegations in the newspapers of this country that she has designs upon the Philippines. In an address before the members of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, Hon. Eki Hioeki, First Secretary of the Japanese Legation, expressed in no uncertain terms what is believed to be a definite statement of the policy of the Mikado with reference to the



HON. EKI HIOEKI Secretary of the Japanese Embassy.

attitude of that nation in her future industrial and commercial life. Mr. Hioeki lays special emphasis upon the frank and authoritative disavowals of the frequently-reported ambition of Japan to absorb the Philippine Islands for her own people.

"For the sake of argument," said Mr. Hioeki, "setting aside entirely for the moment consideration of the motive of Japan regarding the present subject, let me ask you a question. Can you believe that this great American people who glory in their national spirit in their gigantic strength, in their boundless wealth, in their marvelous development, and look forward with proud and confident anticipation to the time when they shall be the first in the race civilization has set for man to run, would allow her flag to be lowered, be it in the Philippines or anywhere else which legitimately belongs to her, by any hands but hers? No, most emphatically no. That is the spirit with which you cling to your new possessions in the Pacific and that ought to be the spirit of the people who respect honor and justice.

#### Would Mean Gigantic War.

"And who can better understand that spirit of the Americans than the Japanese? Therefore, if Japan harbored such a sinister design as is attributed to her, she must be prepared to plunge in a war far more gigantic than the one just ended against a nation to which she owes much that she owes today and to whose people she owes that moral and financial support so unreservedly given at the most critical period in her history. No, the Philippines are not worth the sacrifice of such a valuable friendship as that of America and the enormous losses in men and money which such a war would necessarily entail. Nor is Japan in a position to carry on another costly war, but for self-defense.

#### For Open Door in China.

"The increased prestige of Japan turned the eyes of the world toward the problem of what influence Japan will wield over China. Some people go so far as to assert that Japan will control China, proclaim the Monroe doctrine for Asia, and drive out from the East all the white devils and exterminate the Western influences within its borders.

"Without questioning either the value of the principles contained in the so-called Monroe doctrine or its applicability to the Eastern situation at present, I can simply say that such an idea has not entered into the Japanese mind and such a policy has not even the symptoms of formation. For the maintenance of the integrity and independence of China, Japan has joined hands with Great Britain. For securing equal opportunities in China, Japan lent her eager efforts to the United States to make the open door policy effectively operative.

#### Competition with America.

"It is absurd," continued Mr. Hioeki, "to say that in the course of a few years American goods will be crowded out of the Chinese market by Japanese competition. The main ground upon which rests this apprehension is that Japan has cheap labor at command. But labor in Japan does not remain cheap. The effect of the China-Japan war was to double the price of labor, and the war with Russia must raise it much higher. In spite of these disadvantages Japan must develop her commerce and industry, and she will have to compete with all the world, friend or foe. Her commercial war will be fought just as fairly and squarely as the real war. She asks no favor from China that is not granted to the entire world. She stands for the open door and, in the words of your great President, 'a square deal.'

#### American Capital Welcomed.

"Japan welcomes capital and material from any country. The United States is supplying materials for important Japanese industries; why can not she supply the capital? Why can there not be a commercial alliance between Japan and the United States? We are willing to divide a fair share

of the profits wherever gained with any people. The United States has been, is, and will be Japan's best customer.

#### Future of the Orient.

"The future of the Orient is great, and the greater it is the better for the world. With peace guaranteed by the Anglo-Japanese alliance, and equal opportunities in Korea and China secured by that treaty, as well as by the agreement of the policies of the three great Pacific powers—Japan, the United States and Great Britain—an important era has dawned upon the Orient. During the last quarter of a century all the great events of the world have transpired in the East. For years to come the East will still be the center of the world's great happenings."

#### BLACK WALNUT NUTMEGS.

##### Bishop Potter Was Sure That He Was Tasting the Real Article.

The power of suggestion is not merely a phrase; it really is a power. It has the strength to deceive men in the matter of cigars, wines, whiskies and what not. It is a force in medicine as every doctor knows. It is an agent in therapeutics. The power of suggestion and the force of example are intimately related. But to illustrate the pranks which suggestion may play with one's palate the following story is told on Bishop Potter, a reverend gentleman of ecclesiastic note and recent Subway Tavern fame:

In the course of his diocesan rambles he called on an old friend from the South. It was evening, and the bishop was invited to supper, not dinner, for as people of the South know, the appropriate time for dinner is midday and the meal after candle-light is supper. One of the dishes served was cottage cheese or as it is more often called in the language of the olden time "smear-case." This is often eaten under a plentiful dressing of cream and sugar. The bishop elected to have a "mess" of "smear-case" but his appetite craved a little grated nutmeg as a flavor. This was embarrassing to the host's wife at the foot of the supper table, but she said to Aunt Dinah, who waited on table, "Aunt Dinah, bring the bishop some nutmeg."

"Dar ain't no nutmegs in de pantry," whispered Aunt Dinah. "Well, ask Mrs. Tomlinson, next door, to lend me one." "She ain't got none. She done use de las' she had in makin' egg-nogs," reported Aunt Dinah. "Well, then, run down to Miss Betsy's and see if she's got a nutmeg," said the troubled hostess, who talked with augmented vivacity and animation to make the time pass quickly till that nutmeg should be brought. Soon Aunt Dinah came in, her black face wreathed with triumphant smiles, and placed before the bishop the mess of "smear-case" generously sprinkled with grated nutmeg. "Ah," said the bishop, speaking with that tone of complacent assurance, coming from a consciousness of a perfect familiarity with his subject, smacking his lips and winking with

#### Flood Damage to Railroad Bridge on Nolichucky River, East Tennessee.

#### A Fallen Appalachian Giant.



FOREST DESTRUCTION ON THE APPALACHIAN MOUNTAIN RIDGES.

a most beatific expression, "what a grateful flavor nutmeg does add to smear-case. This is the paragon of the season." The supper dishes cleared up and the bishop gone, the hostess said to Aunt Dinah, "Be sure and get Miss Betsy another nutmeg at the store in the morning." "Lor, Miss Betsy didn't had no nutmeg, I jes' took a piece of black walnut from de ole window sill what dat Yankee carpenter was repairin' to-day, and done grated it over de cheese,

### PRESERVING THE FORESTS FROM DESTRUCTION.

#### CRUSADE HEADED BY PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT TO PREVENT FOREST FAMINE AND FLOOD RAVAGE.

RICHARD HAMILTON BYRD.

Reserving forests in the west from monopolization for private gain is a government policy with which the people have become somewhat familiar, now to nearly sixty million acres; but the idea of applying this principle to the older forests in the eastern states may be new to some people and yet is becoming a prominent one. Nothing is giving it popularity and importance so much as the great interest manifested by the President in the subject.

There are proposed great national reservations in the Southern Appalachian forests, in the White Mountains, in Minnesota, and in other eastern states, entirely separate and apart from the great reservations in the west. President Roosevelt is an arch disciple of forestry and the great prominence into which the subject has jumped may be indicated by the growth of the Bureau of Forestry from a small office, a few years ago, employing half a dozen people, to an institution with annual appropriations of half a million dollars, employing hundreds of trained foresters in the field, and having the supervision, actual and tentative of nearly a hundred million acres of forest.

If there ever was a national question it is forestry, and the people of the country are wise in waking up, or fortunate in being wakened up, to its overshadowing importance before irrevocable damage shall have been done.

The largest of the proposed eastern forest reserves is that in the Southern Appalachian Mountains and that its establishment is a matter of national concern was dwelt upon with emphasis by President Roosevelt in his address at Raleigh, N. C., on October 20. He pointed out how vitally southern forests affect southern industries and thus the entire country. The entire south—the territory east of the Mississippi and south of the Ohio rivers—is affected by this proposed reservation of some four million mountain acres in which rise all the rivers which water this area. The President said:

"I want to say a word to you on a special subject in which all the country is concerned, but in which North Carolina has a special concern. The preservation of the forests is vital to the welfare of every country. China and the Mediterranean countries offer examples of the terrible effect of deforestation upon the physical geography, and therefore ultimately upon the national well-being of the nations. One of the most obvious duties which our generation owes to the generations that are to come after us is to preserve the existing forests. The prime difference between civilized and uncivilized peoples is that in civilized

heritage diminished in value we thereby prove our unfitness to stand in the forefront of civilized peoples.

#### Forest Wealth a Great Heritage.

"One of the greatest of these heritages is our forest wealth. It is the upper altitudes of the forested mountains that are most valuable to the nation as a whole, especially because of their effects upon the water supply. Neither state or nation can afford to turn these mountains over to the unrestrained greed of those who would exploit them at the expense of the future. We cannot afford to wait longer before assuming control, in the interest of the public, of these forests; for if we do wait, the vested interests of private parties in them may become so strongly entrenched that it may be a most expensive task to oust them. If the Eastern States are wise, then from the Bay of Fundy to the Gulf we will see, within the next few years a policy



CHARACTERISTIC ATTITUDE OF THE PRESIDENT IN NORTH CAROLINA ADDRESS.

set on foot similar to that so fortunately carried out in the high Sierras of the west by the national government. All the higher Appalachians should be reserved, either by the states or by the nation. I much prefer that they should be put under national control, but it is a mere truism to say that they will not be reserved either by the states or by the nation unless you people of the South show a strong interest therein.

#### Would Prevent Floods and Create Water Power.

"Such reserves would be a paying investment, not only in protection to many interests, but in dollars and cents to the government. The importance to the southern people of protecting the southern mountain forests is obvious. These forests are the best defense against the floods which, in the recent past, have during a single twelve-month period, destroyed property officially valued at nearly twice what it would cost to buy the Southern Appalachian reserve.

"The maintenance of your southern water powers is not less important than the prevention of floods, because if they are injured your manufacturing interests will suffer with them. The perpetuation of your forests, which have done so much for the South, should be one of the first objects of your public men. The two senators from North Carolina have taken an honorable part in this movement. But I do not think that the people of North Carolina, or of any other southern state, have quite grasped the importance of this movement to the commercial development and prosperity of the south."

#### The President's Message to Congress.

The special message sent to Congress by the President on the Southern Appalachian Reserve reads like a story. It touches upon the interest in the subject of the scientists and the lumberman, of the geologist and the farmer, the meteorologist and the fruit grower, the business man and the engineer, and the steamship pilot and the homemaker. The President transmits with his message a report of the Secretary of Agriculture, prepared in collaboration with the Department of the Interior, upon the forests, rivers and mountains of the Southern Appalachian region, and upon its agricultural situation as affected by them, and says in part:

The report of the Secretary presents the final results of an investigation authorized by the last Congress. Its conclusions point unmistakably, in the judgment of the Secretary and in my own, to the creation of a national forest reserve in certain parts of the Southern States. The facts set forth an economic need of prime importance to the welfare of the South, and hence to that of the nation as a whole, and



NAVAHOE PAPOOSES IN THEIR LITTLE CRIBS. The Little Redskin Not Achieving What He Weeps For Soon Learns That Tears and Wails Profit Not.

brides that the neighbors might not charge her with neglect of maternal duty, or her baby with an evil disposition. Yet another reason for the calm and placid habit and orderliness of the papoose as compared with his fair brother is that the darker little savage has no cradle, crib or go-cart to sport and gambol in, but is either packed tightly in a basket or strapped to a board. In this position he finds kicking and squirming uncomfortable exercise and his enforced repose develops into habit.

So, the stoicism and the taciturnity of the Indian are nurtured in early youth, though of course one reason for the Indian's lack of fluency in speech is that in his life and thought he has not the need of many words. The primitive white man was not voluble.

#### Bath Day of Papoose.

The papoose has no nursery luxuries as little pale-face babes understand that phrase. He has no soft and tepid water prepared for him by a faithful maid or a fond mamma. He is never lathered o'er with perfumed soap nor dusted with sweet-scented powders. At intervals, usually two or three times a week, the mothers of the tribe or band take their babies to the nearest creek, pool or spring, unstrap the little ones and tumble them into shallow water, where they have a splashing time while the mothers swap the gossip of the tribe, for squaws are very feminine in their love of personal news and chit-chat involving other squaws, bucks and braves.

race. His mental food is composed of stories of warfare, and the chase. The education of the Indian maiden is conducted by her mother, who teaches all the domestic arts which the Indian maid should know.

#### A New Planet Discovered.

Be sure to read this week's story, Nebula, a recently discovered. Orb, within a hundred miles of the earth. The story is told by the historian of the exploring party which made the most remarkable airship voyage on record.

#### Had Great Powers.

A justice of the peace for the Maine woods, addressing the judge as "Most High," was reprimanded and told that there was but one "Most High." He who had created the whole world out of nothing. "Well, judge," he answered, "you created St Sewell justice of the peace, and if that isn't making something out of nothing, what is?"

#### Song of a Dakota Blizzard.

Ye that have steers, prepare to shed them now. On the election of Henry Addington to the chair of the House of Commons in 1789 the salary of the speaker was fixed at 6,000 pounds (\$90,000) per annum.

**BULL DOG SUSPENDERS**  
50 cents everywhere. Will Outwear Three Ordinary Kinds.  
Made in Light and Heavy Weights for Men and Youth. Extra lengths same price. With more elastic, warranted non-rusting metal parts, and absolutely unbreakable, soft, pliable Bull Dog leather ends, they are **POSITIVELY THE BEST SUSPENDERS MADE.** For more details, send for our **FREE CATALOGUE** to **HEWES & POTTER**, 111 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa. In the world, **AT LEADERS, BOSTON, MASS.** Valuable Booklet, "Dress and Suspender Styles," free on request.



They point to the necessity of protecting through wise use a mountain region whose influence flows far beyond its borders with the waters of the rivers to which it gives rise.

Among the elevations of the eastern half of the United States, the Southern Appalachians are of paramount interest for geographic, hydrographic, and forest reasons, and, as a consequence, for economic reasons as well. These great mountains are old in the history of the continent which has grown up about them. The hardwood forests were born on their slopes and have spread thence over the eastern half of the continent. More than once in the remote geologic past they have disappeared before the sea on the east, south, and west, and before the ice on the north; but here in this Southern Appalachian region they have lived on to the present day.

Under the varying conditions of soil, elevation, and climate many of the Appalachian tree species have developed. Hence it is that in this region occur that marvelous variety and richness of plant growth which have led our ablest business men and scientists to ask for its preservation by the Government for the advancement of science and for the instruction and pleasure of the people of our own and of future generations.

The conclusions of the Secretary of Agriculture are summarized as follows in his report:

The Southern Appalachian region

be protected and preserved. To that end the preservation of the forests is an indispensable condition, which will lead not to the reduction, but to the increase of the yield of agricultural products.

**We are Losing Millions of Dollars Annually.**

The floods in these mountain-born streams, if this forest destruction continues, will increase in frequency and violence, and in the extent of their damages, both within this region and across the bordering States. The extent of these damages, like those from the washing of the mountain fields and roads, can not be estimated with perfect accuracy, but during the present year alone the total has approximated \$10,000,000, a sum sufficient to purchase the entire area recommended for the proposed reserve (during the past year the flood loss was probably twenty million dollars). But this loss can not be estimated in money value alone. Its continuance means the early destruction of conditions most valuable to the nation, and which neither skill nor wealth can restore.

The preservation of the forests, of the streams, and of the agricultural interests here described can be successfully accomplished only by the purchase and creation of a National Forest Reserve. The States of the Southern Appalachian region own little or no land, and their revenues are inadequate to carry out this plan.



DEBRIS FROM FLOODS ON NOLICHUCKY RIVER, MAY 21, 1901.

This mass consisted of the wreck of barnhouses, furniture, bridges, cattle and probably several human beings, and covered a acres of fertile farmland near Erwin, Tenn. The Southern Appalachian region is one with an exceedingly heavy rainfall. The preservation of the forests on the mountain slopes will minimize the flood damage.

embraces the highest peaks and largest mountain masses east of the Rockies. It is the great physiographic feature of the eastern half of the continent, and no other such lofty mountains are covered with hard-wood forests in all North America.

Upon these mountains descends the heaviest rainfall of the United States, except that of the North Pacific Coast. It is often of extreme violence, as much as 5 inches having fallen in eleven hours, 61 inches in one month, and 165 inches in a year.

**Vast Waste of Farm Soil.**

The soil, once denuded of its forests and swept by torrential rains, rapidly loses its first humus, then its rich upper strata, and finally is washed in enormous volume into the streams, to bury such of the fertile lowlands as are not eroded by the floods, to obstruct the rivers, and to fill up the harbors on the coast. More good soil is now washed from these cleared mountain-side fields during a single heavy rain than during centuries under forest cover.

The rivers which originate in the Southern Appalachians flow into or along the edges of every State from Ohio to the Gulf and from the Atlantic to the Mississippi. Along their courses are agricultural, water-power, and navigation interests whose preservation is absolutely essential to the well-being of the nation. The regulation of the flow of these rivers can be accomplished only by the conservation of the forests.

These are the heaviest and most beautiful hard-wood forests of the



ON THE TOP OF THE APPALACHIANS Old Grandfather Mountain.

continent. In them species from east and west, from north and south, mingle in a growth of unparalleled richness and variety. They contain many species of the first commercial value, and furnish important supplies which can not be obtained from any other region.

**A Self Supporting Scheme.**

Maintained in productive condition they will supply indispensable materials which must fall under them. Their management under practical and conservative forestry will sustain and increase the resources of this region and of the nation at large, will serve as an invaluable object lesson in the advantages and practicality of forest preservation by use, and will soon be self-supporting from the sale of timber.

The agricultural resources of the Southern Appalachian region must

garlic and a large cupful of ripe tomatoes, chopped. Cover and simmer until the vegetables are thoroughly done. Salt to taste.

**Too Much For Human Better.**

He was much pleased with the place, but was quite bored by his host, who would eulogize everything that was brought to the table. "Try some of this," he would say, "it is some of my own raising," or "this is some of our own milk, and that lettuce is from the cold-frame you saw," or "these peas are from vines I planted just four weeks ago today." All of this was endured quite patiently until the host remarked, "Now try some of this chicken, I raised it myself."

"No, no, I can never believe that," said the visitor. "You've only been here a little over two years."

**IRVING AND BOOTH.**

Great Actors Who Sought to Elevate the Drama.

England's tribute to Henry Irving was worthy of his great powers and his great performances. It was recalled, too, with appropriate feelings, that he had made great sacrifices for his high ideals. He spent large sums in an effort to keep his London theater up to a lofty standard, but the times would not sustain him, and in his old age he was forced to take to



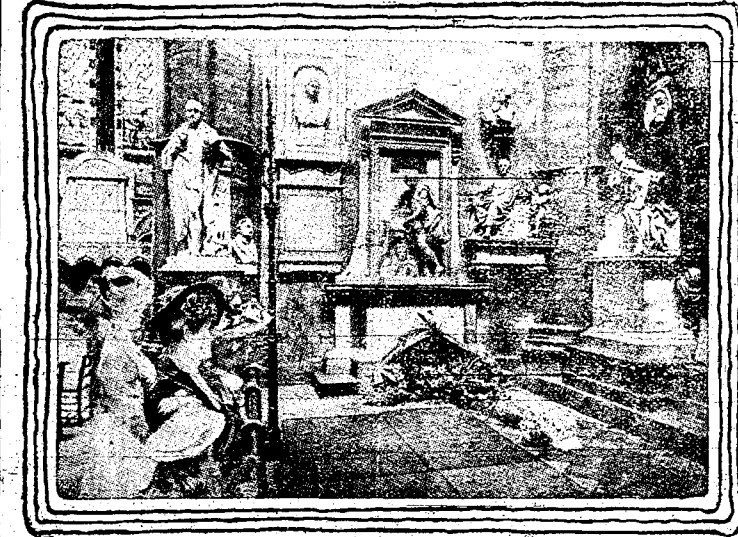
SIR HENRY IRVING

the road again, and even to present plays of only medium merit, unworthy of his gifts, to keep his head above water. Music hall jingle and horse play, cheap but stirring melodrama, and problem plays foul with smut, had overthrown in his own capital the first actor of his day.

Our own Edwin Booth, we should all remember, trod this same hard road. After he had reached the top with us, and was rich, he established, and sought to maintain, a temple where the drama in its best estate could be enjoyed by all who held the playhouse in veneration and affection. The structure was the finest of its kind in New York, and beautifully furnished. He opened it himself, with a supporting company of unusual excellence. For a time—a time all too brief—he prospered. His till was filled every night, and praise of his enterprise and devotion to art was general and generous.

But he could not hold the public to his splendid endeavor. Taste underwent a change. What has since come to be known as the commercialization of the theatre set in, and in time Booth's venture failed. The "shows" triumphed, and the temple devoted to real dramatic art was razed to make room for a business block. Stripped of his fortune, Booth, as more recently Irving, had to return to the road and resume the habits of a wanderer. He prospered, of course, but never, as his friends believed, recovered from this blow to his professional hopes.

The subject is much discussed, and some interesting things are said on either side. But, however the public may feel, it is to the glory of these two great actors that they resisted with all their means and influence what they conceived to be the decay



IRVING'S LAST RESTING PLACE IN WESTMINSTER ABBEY. The remains of the great actor rest beside the grave of Garrick and close to that of Charles Dickens.

of taste in the line of their endeavor, and stood up to the end for the best, and presented it with undiminished zeal and strength.

**Pay of Russian Officialdom.**

Those who keep track of affairs in Russia note the prominence of the Grand Dukes. These gentlemen of the people enjoy a sinecure unlike any other on earth. There are over fifty of them, and each is possessed of an annual income or salary of \$2,000,000, all combined imposing a burden of \$100,000,000 a year on the Russian people, as members or offshoots of the Royal Family. Their property, like that of the Czar, amounting to a vast sum is untaxed. The question may well suggest itself, why should Russia want to borrow war funds in Paris when she has her Grand Dukes untapped—and even untaxed? There is a chance now on the part of these titled mendicants to display a little patriotism, by opening their cash boxes. One of them, it is true, went to the front in the Japanese War, but made such a mess of himself that he was called home in disgrace.

**Everything Ready.**

Uncle John, whose death was hourly expected, was asked by his weeping wife if he couldn't take a little nourishment. He sniffed the air and said: "Mary, don't I smell ham cooking? I think I could enjoy a few slices." "Oh, no, John," she answered, "that you know is for the funeral."

How long does it take to fight a duel? Two seconds.

# You Can't Expect Long Life

## and Prosperity

If you persist in drugging your body to cover up aches and ails. You feel bad—then try to smother your feelings (nature's warnings) with tobacco, whiskey or coffee—

The most dangerous "friends" one can mix with. They cajole, and then kill.

## RENEW YOUR LEASE OF LIFE

Stop the food and drink that does not nourish.

Go on Grape-Nuts and cream and a simple diet. Quit coffee and let old Mother Nature put you well again.

You can call in the help of a powerful friend—the food beverage,

# POSTUM

"There's a Reason"

Be sure to read "The Road to Wellville" in Packages

**Suggestion for an Epitaph.**

Beneath these monumental stones Lies all that's left of Susan Jones. Her name was Chase and was not Jones. But Jones is used to rhyme with stones.

**Mason & Hamlin**  
PIANOS AND ORGANS  
STANDARD OF THE WORLD

**Foster's Ideal Crib**  
Accident Proof

**IF YOU WANT A JACK**  
Send for our Jack Catalogue. Sure to contain the description of exactly what you want.  
Hydraulic Jacks our Specialty  
Watson-Stillman Co.,  
46 Des St., N. Y. City.

**PENSIONS.**

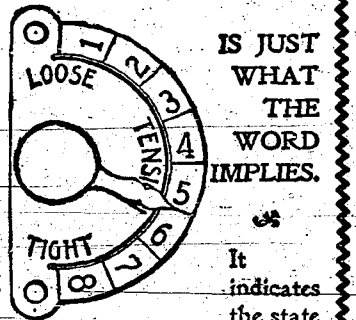
Over one Million Dollars allowed our clients during the last six years.  
Over one Thousand claims allowed through us during the last six months. **Disability, Age and Increase** pensions obtained in the shortest possible time. **Widows'** claims a specialty. Usually granted **within 90 days** if placed with us immediately on soldier's death. Fees fixed by law and payable out of allowed pension. A successful experience of 25 years and benefit of daily calls at Pension Bureau are at your service. Highest references furnished. Local Magistrates **pecuniarily benefited** by sending us claims.  
**TABER & WHITMAN CO.,**  
Warder Bld'g, Washington, D. C.

**BOOKS—BOOKS**

We have published some good ones specially suited for farmers. Books that will help every farmer to make more out of his farm. Write for our catalogue.

**WEBB PUBLISHING CO.,**  
St. Paul Minn.

**A Tension Indicator**

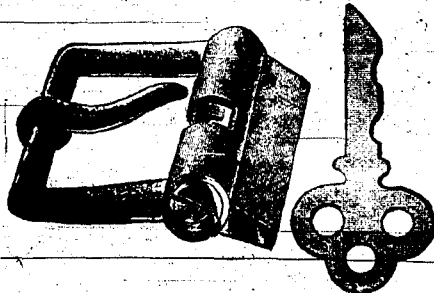


IS JUST WHAT THE WORD IMPLIES. It indicates the state of the tension at a glance. Its use means time saving and easier sewing.

**WHITE Sewing Machine.**

We have other striking improvements that appeal to the careful buyer. Send for our elegant H. T. catalog.  
**WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.**  
Cleveland, Ohio.

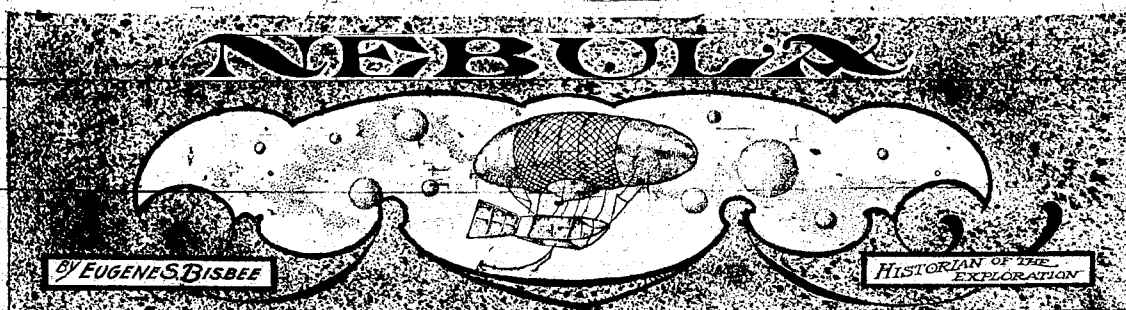
The Newest and Best **STRAP LOCKS** TO THE TRAVELER these Locks Are Necessities—Not Mere Luxuries



On straps they strengthen and make safe the trunk, suit or other traveling case, or lock telescope at any fullness. With chain fasten bicycle, horse or automobile or secure umbrella, bag, or coat to car seat or other permanent object. They are small, simple, durable, unpickable.

**LOCKS**—3 varieties—50 cents each; with leather trunk strap, 7 ft. \$1.00, 8 ft. \$1.25, 8 ft. heavy \$1.50, 8 to 10 ft. double \$2.50—with best 1 1/2-inch webbing 7 to 10 ft. \$1.00—with telescope, suit case, traveling case or mail bag strap or with chain 75c. By mail prepaid on receipt of price.  
**LYNCH MFG. CO., Madison, Wis., U.S.A.**





The short history of the most remarkable aerial exploration on record. Secured from and published with illustrations made of the trip, by courtesy of *The Technical World, Chicago.*

"Last fall I participated in an experience that for its wonderful phases has never been duplicated."  
John Bennett reached for his pipe, alighted it, and then placed toward me as if to ask if I wished to hear what he had to divulge. He is a very remarkable man, of that rare type fast disappearing. For more than half a century he has made his home in the heart of California's majestic mountains, and like the "Poet of the Sierras," he wears a flowing patriarchal beard, and hair to match, and is himself a student and a poet by nature with an appreciation of the most remarkable story.

"I am the oldest graduate of Yale in California," he said, and I think it was this that brought to the ranch a party of scientists from my old university. I am not at liberty to name them, for they are coming again to try another experiment, and until the experiment is made the whole thing is a secret of theirs. It will do no harm to tell as much as I intend to, however.

"They brought with them a delightful balloon, and considered that they were going to make an ascent and study the topography of the Sierras so as to be able to make an accurate map of the entire range. The balloon turned out that way however, as you will see.

"It is a sort of superficial way I have always been interested in aerostatics and kindred sciences, and when they asked me to accompany them as guide and companion I accepted the invitation with alacrity. We went farther up into the range, and made camp. They began the work of assembling the parts; and I want to say here that it was a complete thing as ever man made. There was everything, calculated to make a trip a success under the most adverse conditions. It is pretty cold up on top of the range above timber line, and arrangements had been made to prevent this condition from retarding the experiments. The car of the balloon was made of Isinglass over a frame of aluminum. It was entirely enclosed, and was heated from an electric motor, which also propelled the machine. Hydrogen gas was used as the lifting power, supplemented by another motor, and oxygen was manufactured and supplied to the occupants of the car while the atmosphere became too rarified for comfortable breathing. Provisions were stored for the party—enough to last six men a week—and when the ascent was made it seemed that not a thing had been overlooked. All sorts of anemometers, barometers and thermometers were taken along, and everything that might confront the party after leaving the earth.

"It was a sparkling morning when the signal was given, and we arose with a bound and were soon soaring over the tops of the snowy peaks. Never shall I forget that night as I gazed through the sides and bottom of the transparent car. So bright was the sunshine that we were forced to draw the green silk curtains at some of the windows. Within five minutes we were looking down on top mountains that were disappearing from us as we ascended from the top of a tall building; and the atmosphere had become so rarified that the oxygen tank was opened into the car, and the heating motor was started. Far off to the west, we could see the tiny valleys, and still farther, an endless blue expanse that marked the Pacific Ocean. Many men have gazed in the view from a balloon, but few have ever had the experience of making an ascension to a height above

were more than sixty miles above its surface. The thought staggered me; but we kept, the scientists exulting at such wonderful progress. Constant observations were being made of every condition, and all were noted down for future reference, and still onward and upward we soared for another hour.

"At the end of the third hour, I noticed a remarkable thing and called the attention of one of my companions to it. Hitherto the earth had, as I have said, been a blue-gray blot beneath us. It now appeared part blue and part pale gray, the latter color being toward the west; and, as I interested my other fellow travelers in the sight, the western portion of the colored map was seen to grow larger as the eastern portion diminished in size. None of my companions could account for the phenomenon. The entire field of our vision was changing, until now it seemed that only a portion of the old familiar blue remained, the pale gray

less rapidly than previously, and I happened to glance upward through the sides of the car. I almost fell over with astonishment, and could scarcely get my voice to call to the others what I saw. When I did, they were as amazed as I for directly above us floated a tremendous globe which we instantly recognized as a map of the continent of North America. It covered almost the entire sky, and seemed but a few miles distant, while beneath us was what certainly was another earth.

"Good gracious," exclaimed our leader; "we have made the greatest discovery of all the ages. We have discovered another world, and are falling onto it. That globe off there in the earth, and we have lost it and are about to land on another planet!"

"I confess that his explanation did not explain but he soon made himself plain by exclaiming to us that there are supposed to be many nebulous bodies float outside

the atmosphere of the earth, a fact that all scientists accept. Some of these bodies are as small as pinheads, while others may be larger. But in a few cases, as in the case of the earth, they have been discovered by the earth's astronomers as a puzzle to us.

"That is a simple matter of explanation," said our leader; "this asteroid has never been discovered, for the same reason that many small but important things have been for years overlooked by scientists in search of greater fields to conquer. It is within less than one hundred miles of earth, while the very nearest object that has ever attracted the telescopes of our astronomers is the moon, distant a quarter of a million miles. Can you not understand that no astronomer would ever train his instrument so as to focus an object less than a hundred miles distant."

"That sounds reasonable, yet I asked him how it was that it had never been seen with the naked eye.

"The answer, he answered, "because this little planet is less than ten miles in diameter. So small an object, with a color nearly identical with that of the earth's atmosphere, would never be noticed, unless it were in the line of its own orbit, and then it could not be seen at any time. It is a mere speck in the sky, and no man can tell how long it has floated around our earth. There may be many more of them, but for the present we will confine ourselves to this one, and soon shall land and see what there is to see."

"An aneroid barometer was then set through the trap in the floor, in order to ascertain the pressure of the atmosphere before we opened the car and step into the little world. The aneroid showed the planet was growing larger every moment, and we were now within less than a mile of its surface. The instrument showed that the pressure was eight pounds to the square inch, which equaled that on high mountains on the earth, so we were safe to land. The aneroid attached to the car at this time showed the pressure of breeze, and we gently dropped to the surface of the planet, as I had volunteered to call the discovery. As we looked upon the landscape, it seemed as if we had suddenly dropped into southern California, and could not possibly justify this condition of verdure with the small size of the tiny world, for such a little thing could not be expected to obstruct enough of the heat of the sun to produce such a condition.

"Puzzled, I myself dropped the aneroid through the trap-door and noted its register. It was eighty degrees—a fact that further surprised me—and I said so.

"I dare say we shall find that there are other sources of heat besides the sun, said one of my companions; and no sooner had we opened the car door and begun to climb down the anchor rope, which had been cast over than we discovered there were boiling springs everywhere, and the verdure was magnificent.

"Tying the anchor rope about a bowler, we began a survey of our world. But first of all I took a good look at the earth we had left a few hours before. It was a more magnificent sight than words can ever tell. It filled almost the entire dome of the sky, and the continent of North America looked exactly like a disc on a raised globe such as we have in school-rooms. I could locate San Francisco as well as if I had had a map and index; and from that western horizon could trace the outline of the United States to the city of Chicago, and so on to the gateway of Europe—New York. It was wonderful. The air was not so rare as to heat besides the sun, but it was not more than ten feet above the ground, and I felt wonderfully elated in mind and body, and ran lightly toward it, falling on my chest, and quenching my thirst with the refreshing water I had ever drunk.

"The first thing I did was to look around me, and as far as we could see from where we stood, there was no narrower place. We wanted to cross it, and I decided I could make the leap, old man though I am. I took a few steps backward, and then ran toward the bank and sprang into the air.

"I soared through that air like a bird, and landed at least twenty yards beyond the farther bank. My companions, as I alighted with the ease of a feather, first looked bewildered, and then broke into peals of almost unending laughter. For they understood the reason before I did. No, well, the explanation is as simple as all the others have been, and follows a well-known natural law. The gravitation of the little planet was almost as much less than that of the earth as its size, and I weighed—had scales been put about my neck—about one pound or less. With my muscles it was not difficult to jump seventy or eighty feet, the difficulty being to keep on the ground at all.

"Now, I suppose you are wondering how it was that the planet was not drawn to the earth by the great attraction of the latter body. It took the scientists less than five minutes to determine the reason accurately. It was because of the composition of the planet, such ingredients having been put together in its formation as to repel the advances of the earth toward a union, but not enough to drive the little fellow altogether away from a motherly protection. He had come within a certain distance, beyond which he could not pass. My companions called me back, as they wanted to make some calculations, and I sprang back as easily as I had jumped across.

"By looking at the earth, they had discovered that we were traveling around that planet from east to west, while it turned over from west to east. The combined motions in opposite directions made our speed about two thousand miles an hour, so that we should circle the earth and the planet in a certain number of days. This calculation was of the greatest importance, since we would have to time our departure accurately in order to land where we wanted to. If we allowed our balloon to ascend at the wrong time, it was just as likely that we should land ourselves over an ocean as over the land, and just as likely over Africa as over America.

"Once we were jotted down, and we then determined upon an exploration of our kingdom.

"At this point I did some figuring myself. It seemed reasonable to me to suppose that if I could jump seventy feet with little effort, I could run just so many times faster than I could on the earth. And I proved it. I pointed out to the others a clump of trees about a mile away, and then, asking them to time me, started. My work surprised me beyond expectations, for I leaped into the air about thirty feet at each bound, alighted easily, some sixty feet beyond, and took another bound, as shifty as if on the earth, yet with an ease that gave me not the slightest weariness. I ran back and found that I had made the two miles in a fraction under three minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.

"I am not going to tire you, my friends, but I don't get tired, circle it in less than forty minutes, and I'm going to do it."

"Two of the party volunteered to accompany me, and we started at a good clip, the stop watches being out of the world. "Go!" None of us seemed to mind the exertion, if floating lightly in the air can be called exertion; and we ran along through the forests and across the plains with the ease and grace of greyhounds. For half an hour we did not slacken our pace; but there appeared before us a deep gully, at the bottom of which was a stream. Here we came to a standstill. The gully was quite fifty feet deep and nearly a hundred wide at the top; and as far as we could see, there was no better crossing in sight. Elated at our work, we felt that certain we could make the leap, we all ran at it together. Every bound we took was better than the previous one; and when we reached the edge of the abyss, we sprang into the air like

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty-seven minutes.



**FREE!**  
LADIES THIS  
**Handsome Fur Scarf**  
GIVEN AWAY

Send us your name and address and we will send you free and post-paid 24 pieces of our jewelry novelties to sell at 10 cents each. Everybody you show them to will buy them of you. When sold send us the \$2.40 and we will at once send you this

**Handsome Fur Scarf**

It is nearly 48 inches long, made from black Lynx fur, has six full, bushy tabs, very latest style, and you know you will be more than pleased with it. When you receive it, we know you will say it is the most elegant and thoroughly good fur you have ever seen. Nothing similar to this scarf has ever before been offered as a premium; it will give years of satisfactory wear. It gives a stylish dressy effect to the wearer's appearance. The only reason we can offer them is we had a large number of them made up for us by one of the large furriers during the summer when trade was quiet; this is the only reason we are able to offer such an expensive premium. We hope you will take advantage of our offer without delay. This is an extraordinary offer and cannot be duplicated by any other reliable concern. We trust you with our jewelry until sold. It costs you nothing to get this fur. Address,

**COLUMBIA NOVELTY CO.,**  
Dept. 655, East Boston, Mass.

**TRY THIS EXPERIMENT.**

**Why a Red-hot Poker Does Not Hiss in Boiling Water.**

If a red-hot poker be thrust into cold water it hisses and spatters; if into boiling water there is no commotion.

When, in the first experiment, cold water comes in contact with the hot iron there is a sudden and explosive generation of steam, which causes the liquid to be scattered with a hissing noise, consequent upon the bursting of innumerable bubbles.

When, on the other hand, a poker is thrust into boiling water, which is already freely giving forth steam, the introduction of the hot iron by still further assisting steam production causes the poker to become at once surrounded by a sheath of vapor, which effectively prevents the water from coming into actual contact with the metal.

This sheath of vapor is comparatively a bad conductor of heat, so that but little heat passes from the iron to the water. There is no commotion, and the poker can be withdrawn still glowing brightly.

**THE JUGGLING OF FATE**

A number of years ago, Amos Rusie, the famous pitcher of the New York Club of the National Base Ball League occupied the lime light of public attention through his wonderful performance in the centre of the diamond.

At that time he received a salary of \$5,000 a year. For some little indiscretions he was disciplined by the club management, and rather than take the punishment he retired from base ball for a year or two; when he got back into the harness again, his cunning as a pitcher had deserted him.

For a time he drifted around without occupation, but later received employment as a lumber hand, with a compensation of \$1.50 a day. It is now announced that he has been successful in obtaining a position in Cairo, Ill., where he will receive \$4 a day.

Americans are the heaviest meat eaters in the world. This appetite is said to be an inheritance from the hunting and fishing stage of the country's life.

The annual income of the Emperor of Japan is \$2,750,000. His official allowance is \$1,500,000. He has an income of \$500,000 from the \$10,000,000 granted him out of the Chinese war indemnity, \$250,000 from his private estates, \$500,000 from the forests of the empire.

**SOARING-OVER SNOWY PEAKS.**

birds and landed on the opposite side fully ten feet beyond the edge. After this the going was simple, and we made the trip safely, having circled the globe in thirty



## A GREAT CHRYSANTHEMUM SHOW

GUY ELLIOTT MITCHELL.

Perhaps nowhere in the world can one find such a varied and magnificent collection of chrysanthemums as may be seen every autumn at the National Capitol. The chrysanthemum shows of Washington have become a fixed institution so that society-diplomatic circles as well—look forward interestedly for the opening of the government hot-houses which display the finest of Uncle Sam's experiments in this branch of flower growing.

Four feet tall on which grow eighteen different and distinct varieties, some white, some yellow, while others were pink, brown and red. This was obtained by grafting stems from valuable sorts on a good stock. The first chrysanthemum known to florists was yellow and was grown in Japan. It was carried over to China and from that country rapidly spread all over the world. The passing years however, wrought wonders, and the chrysanthemum, the "autumn queen,"

feet—Flax roots go down three and four feet—Grass roots, four to six feet. Red clover completely occupies the upper three feet of soil—Crimson clover roots in a single year grow to a depth of twenty to thirty feet. All of which may give some farmers new ideas as to cultivation which breaks the roots of plants, and the distance at which to plant. When late potato hills are three feet apart each way the soil is very fully occupied by the roots to a depth of three feet. Each potato hill, therefore, occupies twenty-seven cubic feet of soil.

**Salt Not Needed For Asparagus.** Another short article is on the Proper Fertilizers for Asparagus. Although salt has been considered a time-honored necessity for this crop, it has been found that asparagus will yield as well without as with it except for the fact that the salt prevents the growth of weeds.

Growing Mushrooms for Home Use, is another short article, and Onion Culture covers another. Another short article gives the remarkable results of forcing early rhubarb with ether.

Raising Calves on Skim Milk, supplemented, of course, by grain, is an instructive little article, covering the results of experiments in this line in the government stations in Iowa, Idaho, Kansas, Nebraska and Utah. Entire success has been had with the skim milk diet and the practice is considered even more desirable by some authorities than allowing the youngsters to have natural milk.

Other topics discussed are Noodles, a product prepared by European housewives and some manufacturers from flour with the addition of a certain amount of eggs and salt; the dough being rolled into sheets and cut into strips or fanciful shapes; Condition Powders and Special Stimulating Foods for Poultry and Farm Animals; the Relative Cost of Producing Meat from the Beef Type and the Dairy Type of Cattle; the Use of Animal Food for Young Ducks, showing the gains of ducklings on rations containing different proportions of animal food; the Bad Effect of Using Milk from Diseased Cows and the Production of Cider Vinegar.

This is a free bulletin and application should be made to your senator or member of congress, or to Secretary James Wilson at Washington.

### Coffee For the Army.

The yearly contract for supplying coffee for the United States Army is about to be let by the Quartermaster General, and the Department of Agriculture has been called upon to decide which brand shall be purchased. This test was made under the supervision of Dr. Wiley, Chief of the Bureau of Chemistry. He selected a jury of veteran coffee drinkers who know and can tell good coffee from bad by flavor and by the odor with the pot at probably a hundred yards distant. The jury assembled in Dr. Wiley's office, where the bureau cook had prepared several small lots of coffee from samples submitted. They were tested

"Empke Churn," reports Consul Liefeld, of Freiburg, Baden, does not even need a special vessel for holding the cream. The cream is placed in the vessel so that the dasher is in the center, and about 1-2 inches below the surface. The handle is then turned slowly for a few seconds, and then at a good speed, and within one minute butter is formed. Then some



ALFALFA TWO YEARS OLD.

fresh cold water is poured in and the handle turned slowly two or three times when the butter is ready for washing, salting and eating.

### OLD AGE PENSION.

Much Attention Given in France to the Care of the Indigent.

France evidently does not believe that the old should be chloroformed and put out of the way, for, according to official reports received from United States officials located at Paris, that government has a system of pensioning for the aged. For more than a century the French government has been experimenting with schemes for giving an annuity to the old, not, however with entire success.

At the present time deposits are received from any person, regardless of age, but the amount may not exceed 500 francs (\$96.50) in the course of a year. An account may be opened for a child of three years of age; a married woman may deposit money without her husband's consent. At any age between fifty and sixty-five (or earlier in case of permanent disability to work) the depositor may claim an annuity, which is calculated according to

## STOP YOUR RUNAWAY



THE GEER SAFETY REIN. NONE GENUINE UNLESS STAMPED. THE GEER SAFETY REIN. PAT. AUG. 28, 1900. You Can Do It EVERY TIME WITH A GEER SAFETY REIN. PRICE, COMPLETE, \$5.00 Expressage Prepaid. No more Smash-Ups; No more Lives Lost; Can be buckled on in a minute, to any Bridle; WORKS INDEPENDENTLY OF THE DRIVING REINS. Write for descriptive circular, free on application, to THE GEER MANUFACTURING CO., 47 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK. Will Stop any Horse or Money Refunded.

## Kirk's Sandwich

AMERICAN CROWN

SELF FEED FULL CIRCLE TWO HORSE

## SOAP

## HAY PRESS

A green soap, consistency of paste, a perfect cleanser for automobile machinery and all vehicles; will not injure the most highly polished surface. Made from pure vegetable oils. If your dealer does not carry American Crown Soap in stock, send us his name and address and we will see that your wants are supplied. Put up in 1 1/2, 2 1/2 and 50 lb. pails.

James S. Kirk & Company CHICAGO, ILL.

### Gleanings in Bee Culture

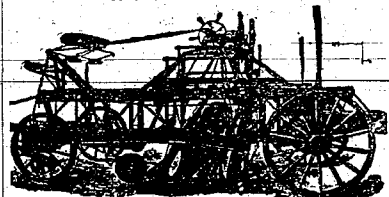
teaches you about bees, how to handle them for honey and profit. Send for free copy. Read it, then you'll want to subscribe. 6 month's trial 25c. Don't delay but do it to-day.

A. I. Root Co., Medina, Ohio.

### EXCAVATION WORK.

With Greatest Economy use the

### Western Elevating Grader and Ditcher.



ROAD CONSTRUCTION.

Western Wheeled Scraper Co. AURORA, ILL. Send for Catalogue.

The Baler for speed. Bales 12 to 18 tons a day. Has 40 inch feed hole. Adapted to bank barn work. Stands up to its work—no digging holes for wheels, Self-feed Attachment increases capacity, lessens labor, makes better bales and does not increase draft.

Send for Catalogue

SANDWICH MFG. CO., 12 1/2 Main Street, Sandwich, Ill.

## Well Drilling Machines

Over 70 sizes and styles for drilling either deep or shallow wells in any kind of soil or rock. Mounted on wheels or sills. With engines or horse powers. Strong, simple and durable. Any mechanic can operate them easily.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE

WILLIAM BROS., Ithaca, N. Y.

## SILOS

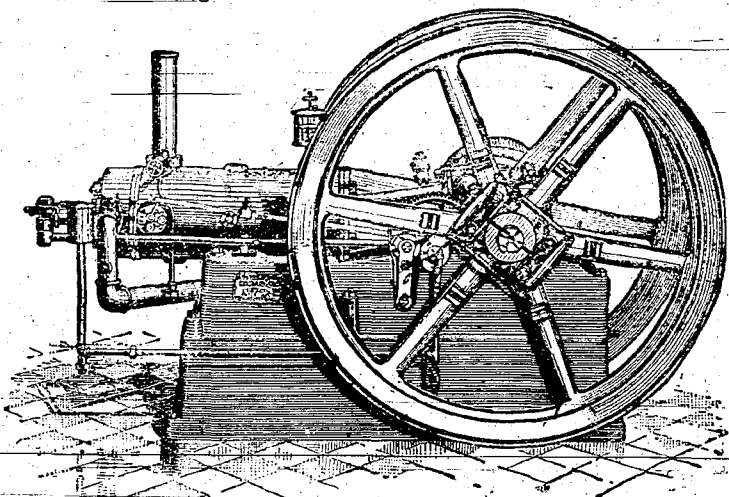
Pine, Fir, Cypress and Yellow Pine. Write for Catalogue.

Eagle Tank Co., 281 N. Green St., Chicago, Ill.

## International Harvester Co.

### GASOLINE ENGINES

When equipped with an I. H. C. gasoline engine, the farm, the dairy, the mill, the threshing machine, or the husker and shredder can be operated more economically than with any other power. Farmers who have water to pump, wood to saw, feed to grind or corn to shell, can do this work at a minimum cost with I. H. C. engines.



### I. H. C. HORIZONTAL ENGINE

I. H. C. gasoline engines are made in the following sizes: 2, 3 and 5 H. P., vertical type, stationary; 6, 8, 10, 12 and 15 H. P., horizontal type, stationary; and 6, 8, 10, 12 and 15 H. P., horizontal type, portable.

WRITE FOR GASOLINE ENGINE BOOKLET.

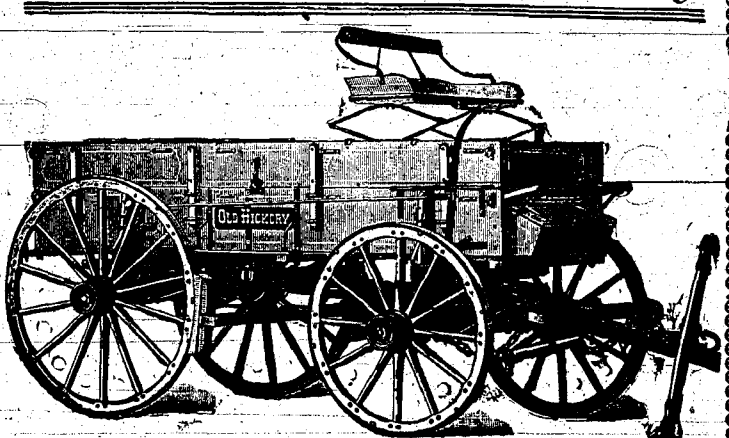
International Harvester Co. of America

7 Monroe Street Chicago, Ill., U. S. A.

## NO OTHER WAGONS APPROACH

In Perfect Adaptability Under all Conditions to

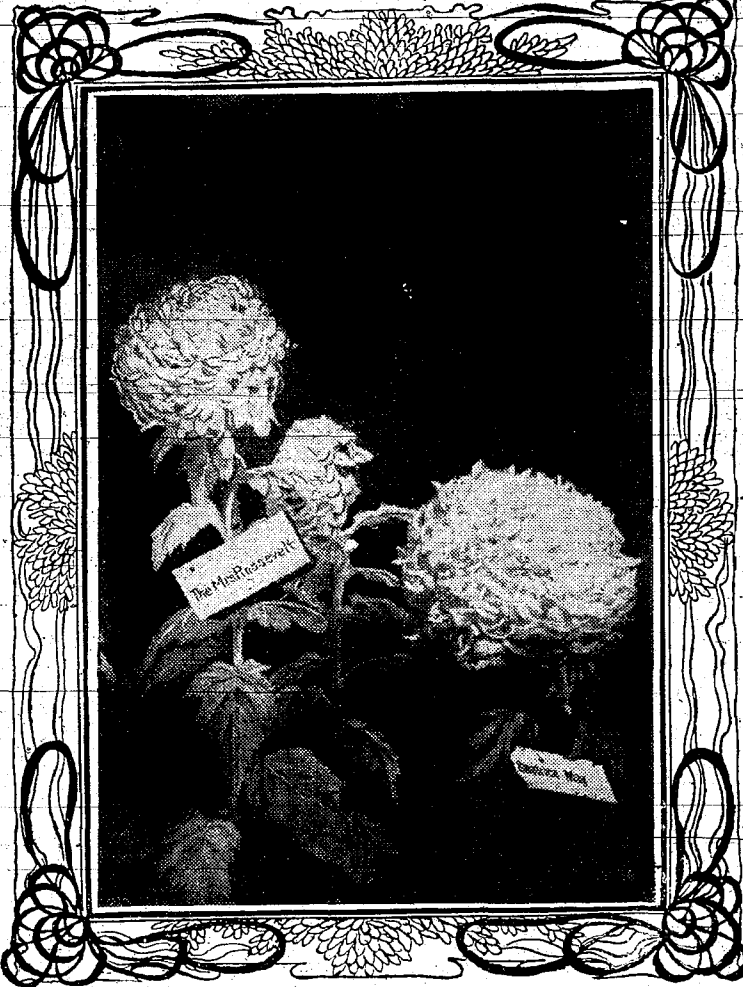
## The Strong Old Hickory



MANUFACTURED BY

Kentucky Wagon Manufacturing Co. LOUISVILLE, KY.

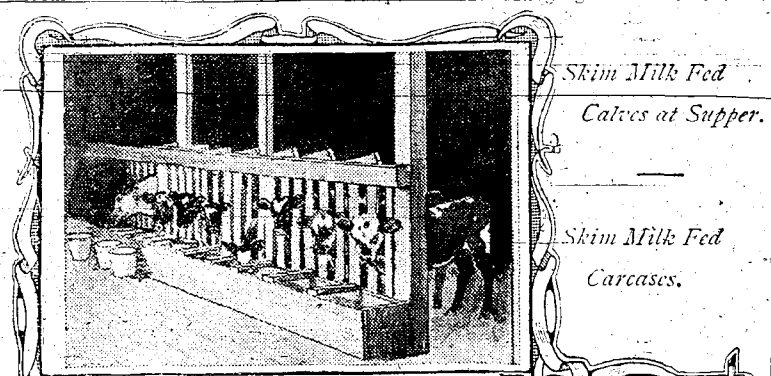
LARGEST PRODUCERS OF FARM WAGONS IN THE WORLD



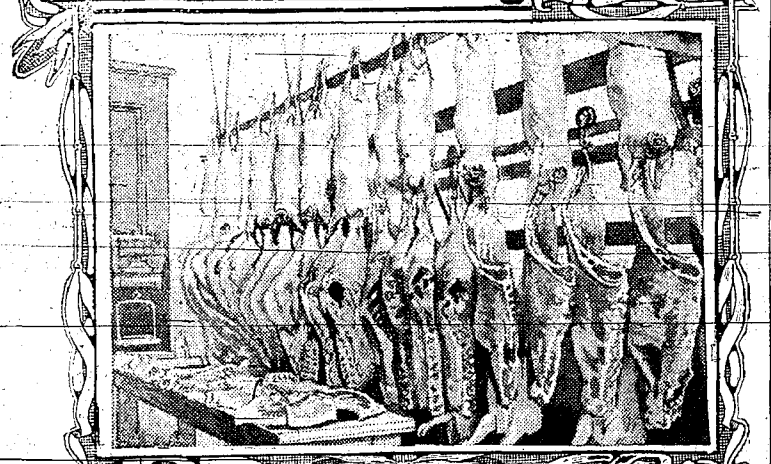
### THE TWO STAR CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

The Mrs. Roosevelt, a Yellow Beauty 10 inches across, and the Beatrice May, a Dazzling White Ball.

The annual chrysanthemum show of the Department of Agriculture, under the auspices of the Bureau of Plant Industry, of which Dr. B. T. Galloway is chief, has just been held in the new greenhouses of the department. The building was one mass of bloom with its several thousand of



Skim Milk Fed Calves at Supper.



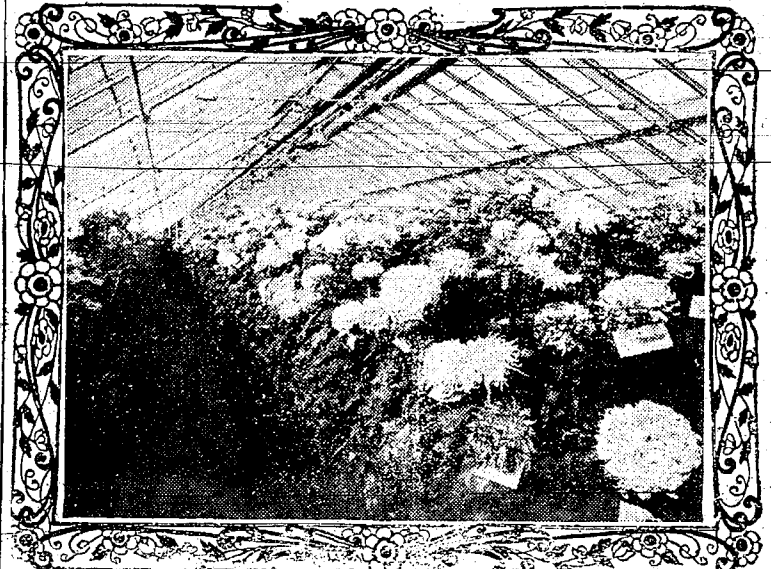
Skim Milk Fed Carcasses.

plants, representing about 150 different varieties. Many of these are the product of the government's gardeners, artificial pollination and cross breeding valuable varieties, bringing about most startling results. This year the most successful of the department's efforts is a magnificent yellow flower fully ten inches in diameter. The petals are extremely heavy, well shaped and all in all the bloom is a huge ball of molten gold. The flower is not merely one for show; florists who have seen it declare that it is of much commercial value.

**The Mrs. Roosevelt Chrysanthemum.** Secretary Wilson was so pleased with this "Seedling of 1905" that he authorized it named Mrs. Roosevelt in honor of the first lady of the land. But the department's experiments along the line of chrysanthemum crossing are not always a success. Last spring efforts were made to cross two varieties—Merza and Lieutenant-Colonel Du Croisset—the largest of the white and yellow kinds—with the hope of producing a combination of value. When the flower of the new plant unfolded itself it presented an ugly mass of brown, red, yellow and white, and of but ordinary size. It had gone back. Other hybrids have a tendency to go back to single petal varieties and to distinctly different color from the parents. And yet each year the efforts of the government gardeners are rewarded, even though they produce one good specimen by obtaining a chrysanthemum of rare beauty and shape.

### Good Grafting.

A plant at the Department's show this year which attracted more than usual attention was a specimen about



### CHRYSANTHEMUM WEALTH IN THE GOVERNMENT GREENHOUSE.

by the jury from cups and spoons. After the test the jury was dismissed and the members each wrote a separate report, giving his views of the coffee, and stating which of the samples he considered the best. These were placed in sealed envelopes and sent to Dr. Wiley who opened them and submitted the finding to the Quartermaster General. Dr. Wiley also constituted a part of the jury—a foreman, as it were—to ascertain whether his findings and judgments as to the quality of the coffee coincided with those of the others.

### Ca: Minute Butter.

The instantaneous ice-cream maker seems about to give way to an instantaneous butter maker. This is a churn capable of making butter in sixty seconds. The machine is so handy that it might very well be placed on the table as an accessory to the cups and teapot, and yet not look out of place. All that is



### A FAMILY OF EDIBLE MUSHROOMS.

necessary is to furnish the cream with a temperature of 60 degrees Fahrenheit, and butter can be made at any time desired—while you wait. The



## Briefs of the Week

**Circuit Court, Monday.**  
**Majestic Steel Range** last a life time.  
 I. Saperston of Alba was here first of the week.  
 Samuel Stevens left Friday for Arkansas.  
 State Farmers' Institute at Charlevoix Dec. 20-21.  
 E. F. Crossman was a Manistee business visitor this week.  
 Go to Mack's for your "1847" Silverware—the brand that wears.  
 Mrs. Frank Martinek was here from Central Lake first of the week.  
 Dentist H. B. Lehner spent Thanksgiving with relatives at Kalkaska.  
 Misses Lottie Cook and Pearl Emory of Charlevoix are guests of Miss Bessie Warne.  
 Supervisor and Mrs. Jacob Graf spent Thanksgiving with Mr. Graf's sister at Kalkaska.  
 Will Vought played football with the Traverse City team Thanksgiving Day.  
 Mr. and Mrs. Charles Roy and children of St. Ignace are guests of the former's mother, Mrs. Roy.  
 Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Sherman entertained Dr. J. O. La Core and family of Elk Rapids, over Thanksgiving day.  
 B. A. Dole, assistant at the State Bank of East Jordan, is at home at Bellaire this week confined to the house with quinsy.  
 Mr. and Mrs. Ernest O. Coy returned from Aiden Friday. They were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Will Vought who met them at Aiden, Thursday.  
 Deputy Sheriff Harrington arrested and placed in jail at Charlevoix a man named Councillor of Hudson, the hip who is charged with disposing of a mortgaged horse.  
 On Dec. 12 The Canadian Jubilee Singers and Orchestra give the excellent entertainment at Loversday Opera House, under the auspices of the local lodge Knights of Pythias.  
 "As ye sow" is the elemental law of recompense in store advertising. The planter who "economizes" on seed and the merchant who "economizes" on publicity are "two of a kind" in wisdom and foresight.  
 At the Board of Trade meeting last Monday evening several letters were read from parties desiring to locate manufacturing enterprises. A review of the work of the officers of the organization was given and the Board adjourned to meet next Monday evening at 8:00 o'clock. Those who are interested in the up-building of our town should be present.

Lunches at all hours at The Inn.  
 Capt. L. Guard, here from Charlevoix, Monday.  
 Mr. and Mrs. George Carr were Charlevoix visitors, Sunday.  
 E. E. Shelters has purchased the Palace Bakery at Charlevoix.  
 Jacob Langmuir of Pontiac is guest of his niece, Mrs. Wm. Palmiter and family.  
 Go to E. A. Lewis' for Crockery.  
 Get your "1847" Silverware at Mack's.  
 Smoked Halibut Chips at E. A. Lewis'.  
 Not the cheapest but least expensive is a Majestic Steel Range.  
 Mrs. Wm. Gilbert is receiving a visit from her daughter, Mrs. Burr Standcliff and husband, of Boon.  
 When you want Silverware go to C. C. Mack's and look over his fine line of "1847" Rogers Bros. ware.

See Dentist H. B. Lehner when in need of anything in dentistry.  
 Meals or Lunches served at The Inn at all hours. Everything in season.  
 A fine assortment of Rugs and Kensington Art Squares at Whittington's.  
 Get your Insurance in the Prussian National of F. A. Kenyon. Reliable, prompt.  
 Dec. 9th and 7th is the date when Leahy the optician will again be here. See ad in this issue.  
 At Whittington's will be found Kitchen Cabinets, Sideboards, Buffets and the latest style of Dining Tables.  
 The general public today keep in close touch with all the market. The prices that Empey Bros. are giving on Furniture seemingly cannot last a great while.  
 Mrs. L. News n has decided to put on sale a full line of her celebrated Baked Goods. Those who have sampled them know that they're the best made in town. The kind that mother used to make."

**A MATTER OF HEALTH**  
**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
**Absolutely Pure**  
**HAS NO SUBSTITUTE**  
 A Cream of Tartar Powder, free from alum or phosphatic acid  
 ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.  
**How's This?**  
 We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.  
 F. J. CHENEY, & CO., Toledo, O.  
 We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.  
 WALTER KINKER & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.  
 Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials and references free. Price 75 cents per bottle, sold by all Druggists.  
 Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## Our New Line of Fall Goods

Are beginning to arrive. A large shipment was received this week. Call and look them over at once and have the first pick.  
 The quality is excellent and the prices are so low that you can't resist the temptation to buy.

## J. L. WIESMAN

LEADER OF LOW PRICES.

## E. A. LEWIS

### Fresh Goods Every Week

And none but the Best Brands in All Lines.  
 Teas and Coffees, Breakfast Foods, Flour, Buckwheat, Corn and Maple Syrup, Cookies, Confectionery and Fruit.  
 JUST RECEIVED—A Fine Line CROCKERY.  
 Orders Promptly Filled and Delivered. Phone 168.

## Empey Brothers Furniture Emporium

Is Becoming Widely Known.

There probably never was a time in the history of East Jordan when the same values could be had as there can today, and we are now well aware that the enormous prices that has been paid heretofore has forced many a man to send away and get their goods. It is very pleasing for us to know that we are reaching this class of people. They are willing to pay a reasonable profit.

### Our Motto:

"Always to Lead and Never to Follow."

Our buying in Carload Lots gives you the price.

We are now offering to the trade an **Iron Bed for \$1.25**

Also **6 Cane or Cobler Seat Brace Arm Chair only \$4.25.**

Quick Sales and Small Profits.

If you want to save money,

## Watch Our Bargain Tables!

See These Bargains:  
 6-inch Butcher Knife, 5c  
 2 boxes Shoe Blacking, 5c  
 Liquid Enamel Stove Polish, 5c  
 Large Wash Bowls 5c  
 4-oz. box talcum powder, 7c  
 Angel Food Tins, 5c  
 1-quart dipper, 5c  
 Good Curry Combs 5c.

## W. E. MALPASS HARDWARE CO.

### Some Points About A Grocery Stock.

Many people think that "groceries are groceries," and that it makes no difference where they buy. It's not so. The man who keeps his grocery stock neat and fresh is the man who deserves your patronage. Such are the kind of Groceries we aim to keep at this store including STAPLES, CANNED GOODS, PROVISIONS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES in season. We buy in small quantities and thus keep everything fresh. Prompt delivery and satisfaction guaranteed.

Our MEATS are Always Fresh.

## BOWEN & KENNY.

Telephone No. 61.



## Christmas Silverware

In plated and solid Silver of latest designs. I have a large and well assorted stock at prices I would like you to inspect.

—ENGRAVING FREE.

Make your selections now and have it laid away until you want it.

Sterling Silver Novelties galore.

## C. C. Mack

THE JEWELER.

Arthur Warne returned home from Chicago, Wednesday.  
 The finest and best assorted stock of Furniture in Charlevoix County will be found at Whittington's.  
 Empey Bros. are in close touch with the Sleigh trade. They have a very fine line of Children's Cutler and Sleighs.  
 H. B. Lehner, Doctor of Dental Surgery, is now located over Sherman's Market, where he is prepared to do all kinds of dental work.  
 "The Canadian Jubilee Singers" is an old and successful organization which has toured much of two continents and possesses many personal recommendations from noted people both in America and Europe and will positively be in East Jordan soon.  
 At the Methodist Episcopal Church on Sunday next, Dec. 3rd, Rev. George E. Allan will discourse on the following topics: Morning 10:30, "Holding to the Past a Detriment to the Future." Evening 7 o'clock, "Lessons from the Life of a Brave Young King." All East Jordan invited.

Seals on sale Saturday for "The Jubilee Singers"—these are genuine colored people, and among the best in the musical line.

A series of Gospel meetings will be held at the Presbyterian Church, beginning Sunday night. The pastor or will be assisted by the Rev. C. E. Thomas, pastor of the Franklin Avenue Presbyterian Church, of Lansing. Monday night, cottage prayer-meetings will be held in different parts of the town, to be announced later. On the other nights of the week, there will be preaching services at the church at 7:30 standard. A general invitation to attend these services is extended to all.

The musicale at the High School Wednesday evening given by the Seniors was a grand success. The crowd that was there were delighted with every number on the program. It opened with an Instrumental Duet by Fay Nicholas and Flora Porter; Vocal Solo, Flora Haite, accompanied by Mildred Gilbert; Reading, Mildred Gilbert; Selection, Mixed Quartette; Vocal Solo, Mrs. S. A. Bush; accompanist, Mrs. A. J. Suffer; a recitation by H. H. Fuller—brought down the house, he responded with a second; Viola Duet, Mildred Sweet and Emily Malpass, Verschoil Lorraine; Vocal Solo, Blanche Robertson, played her own accompaniment; Nell Maddaugh read one of Robert J. Burdett's famous articles; Instrumental Solo, Mrs. C. Andrews. A girls quartette closed the program. The "Andy Booth" was so well patronized that the stock was sold out. Try it again Seniors.

A very pleasant reception was given at the Methodist Episcopal Church by the Ladies Aid and Edworth League Tuesday evening, Nov. 28th, to their pastor, Rev. George E. Allan and wife. About two hundred were present. A program was rendered as follows: Singing, America. Address of welcome, J. B. Palmiter, which was very cordial. His thoughts spoken were on friendship and what it does for us. A Male Quartette, Messrs. Homer Maddock, Bert Sheldon, Oral Misenar and J. Thompson from our high school sang two songs, without an accompanist, which were heartily received. In behalf of the Churches, by Rev. J. A. McKee, was welcomed in a very happy strain. He gave the citizens of East Jordan a good record as to their loyalty to the churches, and the holding up of the pastor's hands. A guitar and banjo duet by Homer Maddock and Oral Misenar. They responded to an encore which showed the pleasure they gave to the audience. Mrs. W. J. Smith recited The Preacher's Reception, and for an encore gave The meekest Man. Both were heartily received. Miss Blanche Robertson sang (in her usual pleasing manner) two songs, a lullaby and a coon song. Mrs. Louis Otto accompanist. The Ladies Aid presented the Pastor with a handsome Library Table, the Epworth League a beautiful bouquet of Carnations. These were presented by M. H. Robertson, with well chosen words and in a charming way. In responding Rev. Allan then gave a twenty minute address and all who have ever heard him can vouch as to the capability of his being able to please. We as a community heartily welcomed him to our midst.

## Shoes

IS OUR BUSINESS.

## Ladies' & Gents' Fine Shoes.

Neoteric Fitting. In Anatomical and Material. All Scientifically Constructed and Symmetrically Adjusted to the Anthropological Pedal Extremities, for a Thaumaturgically Minute, Prompt, Monetary, Gesticulation.

Where Your Commands will be Executed with Rabdological Exactitude and Melliloquent Courtesy.

Shoes are Going Up—Our Prices are Still Down but can't Guarantee them to stay so.

Better get supplied now.

Yours to Please,

## G. A. HUDSON

EXCLUSIVE SHOES DEALER.

## No Self-Respecting Man

Can afford to take chances on being dependent in his old age, or on leaving those dependent on him unprovided for at his death. Every man who works for a living ought to lay aside a certain part of his income as an emergency fund and a provision for the future. A good way to do it is to have a Savings account.

## State Bank of East Jordan

CAPITAL, \$20,000.00. SURPLUS, \$1,700.00.

We sell Carson, Pirie Scott & Co. Carpets. Empey Bros. are also prepared to furnish you Draperies of all kinds.  
 Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Milford and little daughter left Thursday for Mr. Milford's old home in Pennsylvania. They will be absent about a month.  
 N. C. Sanders and wife have returned from East Jordan, near which place they have been keeping house for Mr. Sanders' son, Ed, on the latter's farm, since last December. Ed. Sanders will come over here for the winter soon, when he finishes his fall work. Belaire Independent.  
 At the Masquerade Ball at Loversday's Thursday evening the following were prize winners: Best ladie's costume—Miss Jennie Walker—cream spoon; best gentie-man's costume—Eugene Scott—gold lined shaving mug and brush; best funny costume—Jack Heston—black suit. Spectators prize was won by Miss Desphane. The awarding committee were Miss Emma Smith and Messrs. John Kenoy and E. M. Haight.  
 Celery at E. A. Lewis'.

Old papers for sale at this office.  
 For Crockery go to E. A. Lewis'.  
 Mrs. H. A. Carr, mother of George Carr, our new grocer, has sold her millinery store at Charlevoix and will make her home with her son in this village for a while.  
 Pain may go by the name of rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, pleury. No matter what name the pains are called, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will drive them away. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. At Warne's Pharmacy.  
 Nothing but happiness reigns at the Estate of David Ward's (camp 10 and this may be found true, especially at the mess tables where everything is served on the European or American plans, (terms used by the men.) Here is where their appetites are worked up to a ke-n pitch after taking a view of the tables laden with delicacies. Mr. W. C. Ward, who appreciates the men's good services, has provided a car of choice apples, 100 bushels pears and 10 bushels shelled popcorn, which the men deem a good piece of philanthropic work.—Aba beniteel.



