

Charlevoix County Herald.

Vol. 9

EAST JORDAN, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1905.

No 40

'Twas a Hummer.

Twenty-first Annual Fair Best Ever.

Big Crowd, Exhibits Galore, Races Good, and Everybody Happy.

For several years past Mr. Weatherman has shed numerous drops of water to dampen the spirits of our Fair and to make good for all his short-comings and possibly because the Fair had become of age, gave us three ideal days. As a result the Twenty-first Annual surpassed anything ever given. There were over 300 more exhibits this year than last and the crowd was much larger. Wednesday's was the largest, a conservative estimate placing the number on the grounds between four and five thousand, and Thursday's was not much behind.

The Floral Hall was packed with exhibits of every description. The three Granges—South Arm, Peninsula and Marion—each had collections which surpassed anything ever shown before. The County Farm exhibit was simply elegant and the Manager, George Camp, as well as the others, deserves much praise. On a whole, the fruit—particularly apples—was perhaps the largest and most varied collection of any shown. Charlevoix County will never have to take a back seat on its fruit crop. The collection of Canned Fruits was also excellent. For some reason Division J.—Fancy Work—was not up to its usual standard. The stock was much better than a year ago.

Through a misunderstanding two of the booths for local merchants were left vacant, although a number would have gladly taken them had they known they were to be vacant. The principal ones occupying these booths were Empey Bros., Stroebel Bros., Argo Mills, C. H. Whittington and the East Jordan Lumber Company. Empey Bros. exhibit also included a handsome collection of hand-painted china—the work of Mrs. F. A. Foster.

At the election of officers which took place Thursday afternoon President Jacob H. Graf and Secretary LeRoy J. Sherman were re-elected; Martin Rhuling was elected treasurer and the four directors—Messrs. Joseph H. Lanway of East Jordan, John A. Newville of Boyne City, Herace Hipp of East Jordan and Herbert Olney of East Jordan—were elected.

The Races, which were the chief attraction, were witnessed by thousands who saw some good, clean contests, with an exception of one race where some jockeying was perpetrated and which received a sharp reprimand from the starter. Below are the winners.

TUESDAY.

3:00 Minute Class: Earl Fallnot, first; Doc, second; Lady Sycott, third. Purse \$75.00.

Running Race: Nellie, first; Ball, second; Sallie, third. Purse \$15.00.

WEDNESDAY.

2:45 Class, trot or pace: Metropole, first; J. O. K., second; Lady Sycott, third; Doc, fourth. Purse \$100.

2:18 Class, trot or pace: Little Duke, first; Beattie R., second; Sir Henry, third. Purse \$150.00.

Farmer's Race: Topsy, first; Billy, second; Robert, third; Maud, fourth. Purse \$25.00.

Automobile Race: Alfred Large of Bellaire, first; Harry S. Price of East Jordan, second. Purse \$100.00.

THURSDAY.

2:30 Class, trot or pace: Metropole, first; Lady Sycott, second; J. O. K., third; Fallnot, fourth. Purse \$100.

Free for All: Draw between Beattie R. and Little Duke; Sir Henry, third. Purse \$150.

Novelty Race: Biny, first; Black Nellie, second; Nellie, 3rd. These three horses are owned by Messrs. Whiteford, Wilder and Ranney. Purse \$15.00.

Not a cent wanted, unless you are cured. If you are sick and ailing, take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. A great blessing to the human family. Makes you well—keeps you well. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. WARNE'S PHARMACY.

It is a pleasure to take Dr. Dade's Little Liver Pills and enjoy their tonic effect upon the liver. Sold by Warne's Pharmacy.

Get your Insurance in the Prussian National of F. A. Kenyon. Reliable, prompt.

Pinesalve acts like a poultice. Best thing in the world for boils, burns, cracked hands, letter, etc. Sold by Warne's Pharmacy.

Masons Dedicate Hall.

On Monday evening Sept. 25th, the new quarters of the Masonic Lodge was duly dedicated in a very impressive manner. A number of invited guests were present to witness the pleasing event. Worshipful Master Wm. Palmer presided at the opening. After a song by the members and friends he introduced Right Grand Master John Rawson of Grand Rapids, (member of the Grand Lodge of the state) who conducted the Dedicatory ceremony. Frank T. Lodge, Grand Lecturer from Detroit, invoked the divine blessing. L. B. Winsor, Grand Secretary from Reed City, led the Grand March, which was very effectively done. The ceremony was very interesting and instructive and according to "affluent masonry." At the close the Grand Master paid a pleasing tribute to members of the order for the work displayed in arranging the rooms so beautifully and fittingly. They then adjourned to the Loveday Opera House for further entertainment which was tastefully decorated with autumn leaves. At the back of the stage a large compass and square beautifully lit up with electric lights. On one side of the room long tables were filled waiting to be used after the program. The opening selection was an Instrumental, O. H. Moyer, Violin; F. Brotherton, Cornet; C. Thompson, Trombone; Miss Grace Barrett, Piano. Address by Grand Master John Rawson was witty and well received. Vocal Duett, Messdames Wm. Palmer and H. I. McMillan with Mrs. A. J. Sniffen accompanist. L. B. Winsor Grand Sec. gave a very pleasing speech. Vocal Quartette, Messdames S. Bush, C. Halre, Messrs B. Doie, G. Frost with Mrs. A. J. Sniffen accompanist responded to encore, Don't fret. Frank T. Lodge, Grand Lecturer, gave a talk on Masonry, its benefits and beauties of the order, which left a good impression of the order and its benefits. Vocal Solo by Miss Blanche Robertson, accompanied by Arthur Cole on the piano, responded to encore (Old Black Joe) which was given impressive and sweet. Past Grand Master, Fletcher Ferril of Charlevoix, closed the literary part in a delightful talk. The Eastern Star ladies then finished the program by serving a banquet that was deliciously inviting and exceptionally pleasing to the inner man. 175 were seated at the tables which were tastefully decorated with cut flowers, autumn leaves and fruit. The favors were china astors. The orchestra played during the festive hour, after which by request Miss Robertson sang and played Annie Laurie and Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep. It was midnight ere the jolly crowd broke up to go to their several homes to dream of the pleasant pastime so freely given by the genial Masons. It was in the wee sma' hours of the morning ere those who were present from Central Lake and Charlevoix found their abiding places. It was acknowledged by all present that the E. Jordan Masons know the art of entertaining.

O. E. S. Installation.

The Eastern Star Officers for the ensuing year was duly installed by the installing officer, Mrs. J. B. Palmer, last Friday evening. The work was interesting and impressive. Mrs. Wm. Palmer newly elected Worthy Matron took charge of the meeting after the installation. Her opening remarks were well chosen and given with ease and in a graceful manner. Mrs. Wm. Stone followed with a Vocal Solo, Miss Margaret Hoyt accompanist. Miss Eugenia Boosinger gave the story of the two Dromedaries, comedy of errors. Miss Harriett Hoyt, Vocal Solo accompanied by her sister Margaret. Mrs. W. J. Smith recited Spartacus the Gladiator. The program being closed a pleasant hour was spent socially in which delicious punch and wafers were served. Mrs. Wm. Stone presiding at the punch table which was prettily decorated with cut flowers. The newly elected officers are as follows: Mrs. Wm. Palmer, Worthy Matron; Mrs. E. C. Plank, Worthy Patron; Mrs. L. A. Kenyon, Associated Matron; Mrs. Ida Price, Secretary; Miss Eugenia Boosinger, Treasurer; Mrs. Mary Colter, Conductress; Mrs. M. Muma, Associated Conductor; Mrs. J. B. Palmer, Chaplain; Miss Jessie Gibson, Aid; Mrs. C. A. Sweet, Ruth; Mrs. E. C. Plank, Esther; Mrs. E. J. Crossman, Martha; Mrs. Wm. Stone, Electa; Mrs. M. Luddock, Warden; Miss M. Bowman, Marshal; J. Colter, Sentinel; Miss Beattie Warren, Organist. The next regular meeting will be held Oct. 6th.

Annual G. R. & I. Excursions.

The G. R. & I. will give its annual excursions on Tuesday, October 3, to Detroit \$5.00, Toledo \$5.00, Chicago \$6.00, Grand Rapids \$4.00. The second excursion will be to Richmond, Ind., on Tuesday, October 10. Fare \$5.00. Tickets good to return for 10 days. See G. R. & I. agents for full particulars or address C. L. Lockwood, G. P. A., Grand Rapids, Mich.

Please call for your Framed at Whittington's.

Get a Fire Insurance Policy of F. A. Kenyon and be sure of prompt settlements.

Oct. 6-7-8 is the dates when Leahy the optician will again be here. Don't fail to read his ad.

Beautify your complexion, with little cost. If you wish a smooth, clear, creamlike complexion, rosy cheeks, laughing eyes, take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, greatest beautifier known. 35 cents. WARNE'S PHARMACY.

Croup is quickly relieved, and Whooping Cough will not "run its course" if you use the original Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar. This Cough Syrup is different from all others because it acts on the bowels. You can not cure Croup and Whooping Cough until you rid the system of all congestion, by working off the cold through a copious action of the bowels. Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar does this, and cures all Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. No opiates. Sold by Warne's Pharmacy.

Be Sure to Use Only Cream of Tartar Baking Powder

Food made with alum baking powder carries alum to the stomach unchanged. Scientists have positively demonstrated this and that such food is partly indigestible and unhealthy.

COMING!



Consult J. LEAHY EXPERT OPTICIAN

Sherwood House (Hotel Lakeside) Friday noon Oct. 6

and will remain until Monday noon.

Glasses, when properly fitted, will cure Headache, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, and all symptoms of Eye Strain.

I guarantee to fit any eyes that can be fitted. Fitting Children's eyes a specialty.

Photographed from Life. **REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY** Made a Well Man of Me. **THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY**

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all other fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indigestion, which unite one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, \$1.00 per package, or six for \$5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address: MARINE BUILDING, ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL. For sale in East Jordan by L. C. MADISON, Druggist.

There's Money in Growing Ginseng!

Prof. W. L. Howard of the Missouri State Agricultural College says: "I advise American farmers to cultivate Ginseng. Big profits may be realized. It is a hardy plant and is easily grown." A recent bulletin issued by the Pennsylvania State Agricultural College in part says: "The supply of native Ginseng root is continually diminishing and the price per pound is correspondingly increasing, while the constant demand for the drug in China stands as a guarantee of a steady market for Ginseng in the future." The market for our cultivated root will exist as long as the Chinamen exist." Counsel General W. A. Rubie of Hong Kong says in the U. S. Consular reports: "The sale of Ginseng root grown in America is very large here and the demand is so great that much more could be disposed of advantageously. The root is as indispensable to the 400,000,000 Chinese as is their rice."

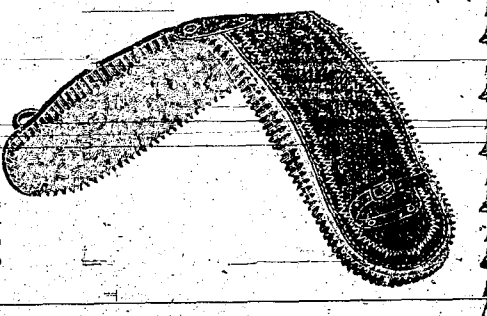
Ginseng is a staple on the market the same as corn, wheat and cotton. The present market price varies from \$5.00 to \$8.00 per pound according to quality, while the cost of production does not exceed \$1.50. There is room in an ordinary garden to grow several hundred dollars' worth each year. The plant is hardy and thrives in all parts of the United States and Canada, except in the arid regions. We are successful growers and can show you how to make money growing Ginseng. You can get a good start in the business for a small outlay, and soon have a comfortable income. We have several thousand choice roots for sale for fall delivery. The planting season begins in August and continues till the ground is frozen. Write us today for further particulars.

BUCKINGHAM'S GINSENG GARDEN

Growers and Exporters ZANESVILLE, OHIO.

At The East Jordan Harness Co.

New Felt Gigs and Coach Pads. New Team and Buggy Whips. New Trunks & Suit Cases. All just class and at Right Prices.



A few gallons of Prime Machine Oil to go at Reduced price to close out. Cheap while it lasts.

Buggies, Carriages, Wagons

We have just received a consignment of all kinds of Vehicles and can supply your needs at rock-bottom prices.

J. W. COATES BLACKSMITH and WOODWORKER. Repairing Promptly Attended To.

BOOSINGER BROS.

Exclusive Things in Women's Apparel

Our reputation as leaders is so firmly established that it is unnecessary to do more than announce the importance of our showings for the coming weeks which we are sure will interest every woman in East Jordan at the present time. The new fall apparel is ready, as will be demonstrated to all who visit our several departments of ladies' wear. Many Fur novelties shown for the first time this season. New things will also be apparent in our stock of Tailored Coats, our now famous home-made Waists and all the little accessories which go to complete a woman's wardrobe.

Clothes Original in Style.

Our styles are correct, and they embody all the little artistic touches of fashion of the best designers, while the severely plain styles adopted this fall are noted for their extremely clever cut—giving them a style individuality of their own. Model Showing of Cloaks at \$8 to \$25 that are out of the ordinary.

East Jordan's Finest Line of Waist Styles.

Of much importance is this display and sale of handsome novelties in Waists. The favored styles are here in profusion. The most extensive and varied line of novelties in Silk and Lace Waists ever shown in East Jordan.

Black Dress Goods: New Weaves.

Special showing and sale of new, high class imported fabrics for street or evening wear. Up-to-date materials in latest styles. Crepe de Chines, Crystals, Voiles, Eoliennes, Chiffon Broadcloths, Suitings, etc., 50c to \$1.50.



Quality First of All. Our Motto.

BOOSINGER BROS.

East Jordan Lumber Company

Our New Line of FALL and WINTER CLOTHING

Is Now Ready for Your Inspection.



New Suits

in every Style and Pattern out this season.

Prices from \$8.00, \$12.00, \$15.00, \$18.00, \$20.00.

Come in and look over this line before having your measure taken.

New Overcoats

are now on display and they are a swell lot.

We have them in price from \$5.00 to \$25.00.

Come in and try on a few of these Coats and judge for yourself.



HICKEY & FREEMAN CO. MAKERS ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Dress Pants.

See our new line of Fall and Winter Dress Pants, made just like the tailor-made goods for less money. Price \$3.50, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00.

Youths', Boys', Children's Clothing, Overcoats and Reefers.

We have a complete line of these goods in all prices.

Our New Line of Neckwear

Just Opened Up. The very newest things in these goods.

Men's Flannel Shirts

In all colors, ranging in price from 1.50 to 3.00.

Sweaters 50c, 1.00, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 5.00.

Come in and look over our big, new stock of Fall Goods.

YOURS FOR GOOD GOODS,

East Jordan Lumber Company.

CHARLEVOIX COUNTY HERALD

G. A. Lisk, Publisher

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR

Entered at the postoffice at East Jordan, Michigan, as second class mail matter.

Hitting Back.

Mrs. Laker—I am a true daughter of Eve.
Mr. Laker—I'd like to know in what way? You can neither cook nor wash dishes.
Mrs. Laker—Neither could Eve.—Chicago News.

Lucky Dog!

Mrs. Kidder—Oh, yes, he leads a regular dog's life with her.
Miss Gaussip—Indeed? Do you know I suspected she wasn't all that she—
Mrs. Kidder—Yes, she's petting and kissing him all the time.—Philadelphia Press.

His Father's Wealth.

"It strikes me as strange that a millionaire's son should believe in an equal distribution of wealth."
"He has six brothers and sisters, and only by an equal distribution can he get his share."—Houston Post.

Not Informed.

"Didn't you advertise 'no mosquitoes'?" asked the indignant guest.
"Yes," answered the summer landlord, "but I guess the mosquitoes didn't read the advertisement."—Washington Star.

Paradise In Advance.

"The man died eating watermelons," said one said to Brother Diekey.
"Yes, sub," he replied, "sometimes Providence puts us in paradise 'fo' we gits ter heaven."—Atlanta Constitution.

Practical.

"Never mind your poverty, darling. Ours will be the old story of love in a cottage."
"Yes, but who's going to supply the cottage?"—Brooklyn Life.

Pshaw.

Summer, summer, summer, sister at the shore,
Pop's in the sizzling city
Trying to make more
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$
So sister dear can win
A dude with standup collar
Loaded down with tin.—Houston Post.

List of Advertised Letters.

Following is a list of the letters remaining uncalled for in the East Jordan postoffice for the week ending Sept. 18th, 1905:

Barney, E.
Baler, George
Clark, Lewis
FRANK A. KENYON, P. M.

EXCURSIONS

VIA THE
Detroit & Charlevoix
and
Grand Rapids & Indiana
Railways.

LOW RATES TO PACIFIC COAST POINTS.

Commencing Sept. 15th, one way colonists tickets will be sold daily until Oct. 31st to points in Washington, Oregon and California. Rate from Petoskey via Mackinaw \$33.87. Rate from Petoskey via Chicago \$42.63.

ONE WAY SETTLER'S TICKETS.

To the South and Southeast, and round trip Homeseekers' Excursion Tickets to the South, Southeast, West, and Northwest, on sale first and third Tuesdays of each month at reduced rates.

SEATTLE, WASH., PORTLAND, OREGON.

And other North Pacific Coast points. Round trip \$57.15 via Mackinaw City. Round trip \$67.13 via Chicago. Tickets good 30 days. Choice of routes with liberal stop-off privileges. Tickets on sale daily to Sept. 30th.

SAULT STE. MARIE.

Daily excursions, \$5.00 round trip via Mackinaw City and boat or rail, tickets good 5 days. Sunday excursions \$3.00 round trip on train leaving Petoskey 6.25 a. m., return same day.

E. A. Ashley, Local Agent.
M. F. Quaintance, D. P. A.
Petoskey

BEE'S Laxative



HONEY AND TAR

An improvement over all Cough, Lung and Bronchial Remedies. Cures Coughs, Strengthens the Lungs and Gently Moves the Bowels.

Pleasant to the taste and good alike for Young and Old.

PREPARED BY
Pineale Medicine Co., Chicago, U. S. A.

You can apply ManZan inside, right where the pain is. It is put up in collapsible tubes with nozzle attachment for introducing it. ManZan stops pain instantly and cures all kinds of blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles. Sold by Warne's Pharmacy.

If a Cow gave Butter

mankind would have to invent milk. Milk is Nature's emulsion—butter put in shape for digestion. Cod liver oil is extremely nourishing, but it has to be emulsified before we can digest it.

Scott's Emulsion

combines the best oil with the valuable hypophosphites so that it is easy to digest and does far more good than the oil alone could. That makes Scott's Emulsion the most strengthening, food-medicinal world.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists
409 4-15 Pearl Street, New York
50c. and \$1.00. All druggists

"Silver Plate that Wears."
YOUR SPOONS
Forks, etc., will be perfect in durability, beauty of design and brilliancy of finish, if they are made from patterns stamped by Rogers Bros.
1847 ROGERS BROS.
Take no substitute—there are other Rogers, but like all imitations, they lack the merit and value identified with the original and genuine.
Sold by leading dealers everywhere.
Send for Catalogue.
Rogers Bros. International Silver Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

Everything you eat will taste good and do good if you take Ring's dyspepsia Tablets. Sold by Warne's Pharmacy.

One night is all the time necessary to prove that Pineules is the remedy in the world for backache and all kidney and bladder troubles. If you have rheumatism or any other blood disease a single dose will give relief. Sold by Warne's Pharmacy.

PROBATE ORDER.—State of Michigan.

In the Matter of the Estate of Fred E. Winters, deceased.

Peter K. Winters, Administrator of said estate comes into Court and represents that he is now ready to render his final account as such Administrator.

Therefore it is ordered, that Monday the 20th day of October, next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be set aside for the examining and allowing such account and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all persons claiming an interest in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held in the Probate Office in the City of Charlevoix and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed, and it is further ordered that said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the time and place for the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the CHARLEVOIX COUNTY HERALD, a weekly newspaper published and circulated in said county, in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

JOHN M. HARRIS, Judge of Probate.

CHANCERY ORDER.—State of Michigan.

In the Matter of the Estate of Lillie May Myers, deceased.

Lillie May Myers is not a resident of this State but is at the present time a resident of the Province of Ontario, Canada, therefore, on motion of Knowles & Converse, solicitors for complainant, it is ordered that the defendant enter her appearance in said cause on or before four months from the date of this order, and that within twenty days the complainant cause this order to be published in the CHARLEVOIX COUNTY HERALD, a weekly newspaper published and circulated in said county, in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

JOHN M. HARRIS, Judge of Probate.

KNOWLES & CONVERSE, Solicitors for Complainant.

Business Address, Boyne City, Mich.
ATTEST—A true copy.
DARWIN F. MEECH, Register in Chancery.

PROBATE NOTICE.—State of Michigan.

In the Matter of the Estate of Martin Stoehr, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that six months from the 21st day of August, A. D. 1905, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate office, in the City of Charlevoix, in said county, on or before the 6th day of November, A. D. 1905, and that said claims will be heard by said court on Monday, the 19th day of February, A. D. 1906, at the Probate Office in the City of Charlevoix, Michigan.
Dated, Sept. 5th, A. D. 1905.

JOHN M. HARRIS, Judge of Probate.

Cures Biliousness, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Torpid Liver and Chronic Constipation. Pleasant to take

Our New Fall And Winter CLOTHES Are Now In.



Those Famous Friend Brothers' Clothes

The Best Ready-to-wear Clothes in America.

If you want to be better dressed, for less money, with more style, better fitting, best made, strictly all wool with no mercerized cotton—then come here and buy a Friend Bros. Suit.

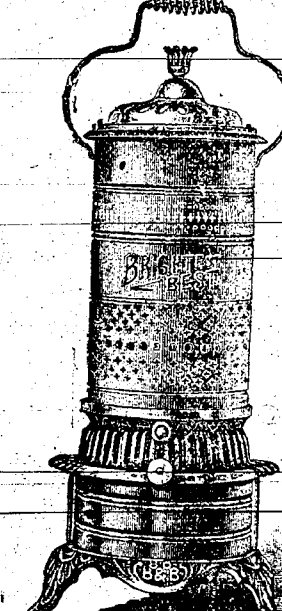
Look for the Label—little thing to look for, big thing to find. We are exclusive agents.

Clothing Shoes Etc. Furnishings Trunks Valises Etc.

THE BOSTON STORE

A. DANTO, PROP'R. Main Street East Jordan.

Brightest and Best OIL HEATERS.



Brightest and Best Oil Heaters are clean and odorless. Require no more care than an ordinary Lamp. The handsome polished Brass Oil Fount holds one gallon of oil, and will burn 10 to 12 hours, and heat comfortably, in cold weather, a room 15 to 20 feet square. 20 inches of solid pure white flame.

Perfect combustion, No smoke, no odor, Simple, Novel, Practical, Perfectly safe, Cannot explode.

Each stove is thoroughly is thoroughly tested before leaving factory, is warranted to be perfect and give absolute satisfaction.

Sold by W. E. MALPASS HARDWARE CO.

Some Points About A Grocery Stock.

Many people think that "groceries are groceries," and that it makes no difference where they buy. It's not so. The man who keeps his grocery stock neat and fresh is the man who deserves your patronage. Such are the kind of Groceries we aim to keep at this store including STAPLES, CANNED GOODS, PROVISIONS, FRUITS and VEGETABLES in season. We buy in small quantities and thus keep everything fresh. Prompt delivery and satisfaction guaranteed.

Our MEATS are Always Fresh. BOWEN & KENNY.

Telephone No. 61.

ORINO Laxative Fruit Syrup

Cleanses the system thoroughly and clears sallow complexions, pimples and blotches. It is guaranteed

MAGAZINE SECTION

Charlevoix County Herald.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

GOOD ROADS A NECESSITY FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF ROUTES IN-COUNTRY.

Post-Office Department Receives a Varied Line of Communications from its Carriers. Many Farmers Anxious to Co-operate.

"These two go hand-in-hand," said the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, Hon. P. V. DeGraw. "There are hundreds of what we call 'Adverse Reports' in which the Rural Agent, after inspecting a proposed rural free delivery route, reports that the roads are such as to preclude the possibility of a carrier traveling them at all seasons of the year. The Rural Community should not expect service at their doors unless they show a disposition to meet the Department half way by providing passable roads.

"The Department can neither compel carriers to travel bad roads, nor to risk their lives and the safety of the mail at dangerous fords and on unsafe bridges. Nor can carriers be required to leave their vehicles and open gates across roads. The policy of the Department requires either that gates

heavy rains. "At the Big Sandy Ford the water was six feet deep, and I thought I should have to go back to town. But the folks on the other side had a boat ready, and loaned me a rig. So I got through O. K. They had to repeat this for ten days. I told them I thought the Government would pay them for it, but they wouldn't hear to it. I wish you would thank them for their kindness." And the Department wrote a letter to the Postmaster, expressing its appreciation of their action.

But it is not always so. Read this from a Postmaster:

"I hate to complain—but there is a stretch of road through a creek bottom on route No. 2 that has been flooded for several weeks. The creek is choked up with brush and the water backs up two feet over the road for nearly a mile. The rural carrier says his buggy has been turned over several times, and his horse almost gets mired at one place. It would be a simple matter to open the creek so the water will run off. But the people up there say it isn't their business, and that if the carrier don't bring the mail they will complain to the Department. And the Road Supervisor says he hasn't any more money. What shall I do?"

Others write of washouts not mended, bridges tumbling down, trees blown across the highways. In one

NOT LIKE THE KAISER.

CROWN PRINCE OF GERMANY HELPLESS WHEN FIANCEE'S CHAPERONE DISAPPEARS.

Revival of Ancient Customs and Practices at the Royal German Wedding.—Small Scandal of the Kaiser's Court Circle.

The Emperor of Germany and the Empress as partners at a card game, with the Crown Prince and Crown Princess as opponents, with other members of the royal family similarly occupied, was an incident of the marriage festivities when Crown Prince Frederick William of Germany and the Duchess Cecilia of Mecklenburg-Schwerin were joined in happy matrimony. This was one of the ancient customs practiced by the Prussian royal family two centuries ago and earlier, and was revived a couple of months ago when the royal marriage was solemnized in the Fatherland. While the royal family were at the cards distinguished personages of the country and from abroad were received by the ruling family.

A Custom of the Dark Ages.

Another ancient ceremony practiced was a dance for royalty by torchlight, while a still more medieval custom was carried out after the bride and bridegroom had left the wedding party, when the chief lady-in-waiting gave to each of the guests a garter of silk and

WORK FOR SAKE OF ACHIEVEMENT.

Secretary Shaw Gives Some Good Advice in an Address to Young Men.

"The work of the world is not being done well. It does not improve, and success waits for the young man who can do it better than others," said Hon. Leslie M. Shaw, the Secretary of the Treasury, in a recent talk to young men. "Do not work for the sake of compensation. Work for the sake of achievement. The man who works for compensation wears himself out in eight hours, but the man who works for the sake of his employment can work more than twelve hours a day without experiencing fatigue. You are going into the busy world and there is good pay in store for good services. Competition is more intense now than it ever was before. You must continue to improve to get along and the best worker commands the highest compensation for his labors."

Leslie M. Shaw was dependent upon his own efforts for securing an education after he left the common schools. He taught school in the winter and worked in the harvest fields in the summer. Several years he tramped Iowa selling fruit trees and nursery stock, and no one ever said that the trees he sold did not come true to name or were not as he represented them. His energy was unbounded and he was determined to succeed in spite of his poverty. After years of hard work he earned enough to complete his college and professional course and graduated from the Iowa College of Law. After this he spent twenty years of untiring devotion to business. He left the governorship of the Hawkeye State to take control of the greatest financial institution of the world, the Treasury of the United States.

THE IMMIGRATION QUESTION.

ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT SOCIAL PROBLEMS OF THE PRESENT TIME.

Large Numbers of Europeans Annually Invaade American Industries, Returning Home After Each Season's Work.

American immigration is one of the serious problems of the day. Employers in one part of the country are clamoring for laborers, while in other sections, particularly the large centers, men are complaining that the steady influx of cheap European labor is a constant menace to their employment, and that men stand ready at any moment to take their jobs at cut-throat wages.

worthy citizens; herded together by the thousands in the great centers where their environments and pursuits are entirely different from anything to which they have been accustomed, they constitute a growing and very great menace.

In times of prosperity this fact may not be generally appreciated, but with each succeeding depression or "hard times" period becomes more and more apparent and a greater and greater danger.

Amending the Law; or Enforcing It?

It is believed, and the immigration officials are working to this end, that there should be a considerable tightening up of our immigration laws. It is certainly a detriment to the country to have a vast army of workers, even though they have sufficient intelligence to pass our inspection, come into the country and work for a season, and



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then go back to their European homes to remain until the next working season. These men, while in the United States, live on little or nothing, work steadily and carry home with them the bulk of their earnings. This is anything but an advantage to the general welfare of the country except as it enables certain contractors and captains of industry to secure labor more easily.

There is also more or less violation of the immigration laws; but this is only possible on any large scale where there is continuance at home. With the heavy hand of the law brought down, not only on the offending immigrant, but upon the party or agency which has induced him to make the attempt to unlawfully get past our borders, there would be far less of the undesirable class for the nation to assimilate.

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Next to Russia, the United States stands among the civilized nations, with 80,000,000. The German empire has 56,000,000; the Japanese Empire, 56,000,000; Austria-Hungary, 47,000,000; the United Kingdom, 42,000,000; France, 38,000,000; Italy, 32,000,000; and Spain, 18,000,000. China has 350,000,000, more or less, but she does not count in the calculation. Owing to the rapid growth of the United States, the English language is now spoken by more persons than any other civilized tongue. Charles V. said he spoke German to his horse, French to men, Italian to his lady friend and Spanish to God. In his days, three and a-half centuries ago, Spain was a land on which the sun never set, England was only a small spot on the map, and the English language held only a minor place in the civilized tongues. To-day more than 120,000,000 people speak English, 100,000,000 speak Russian (for not all the people of the empire talk the national tongue), 75,000,000 use German; 70,000,000 employ Spanish, including the inhabitants of the Latin American countries, and 40,000,000 speak French. Formerly French was the Court language of Europe, but now English is as well-known at the European capitals as is French. English,

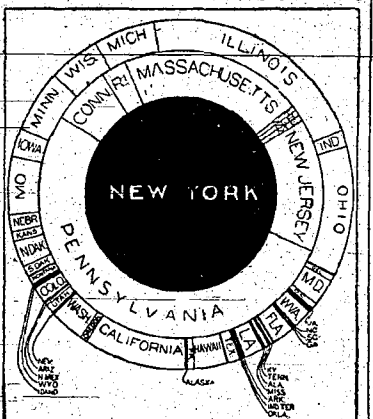


DIAGRAM SHOWING COMPARATIVE AMOUNT OF IMMIGRATION BY DIFFERENT STATES.

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on private and public roads covered by carriers be removed, or that they be made automatic, that is, of such construction that the carriers can open and close them without dismounting."

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Many letters on this subject come to the Department from rural carriers. At certain seasons heavy rains occur in all parts of the country. When roads are flooded and washed, bridges are carried out, and shallow fords become impassable, carriers often go miles out of their way to surmount such obstacles.

They are a loyal, uncomplaining class, these faithful messengers, bringing the mail day after day, in all weathers, cold and hot, wet and dry. And it is no more than fair that patrons assist them in every way possible, breaking out snowdrifts, draining bottoms, and bridging creeks.

"I want the Department to know what good citizens we have in this part of the country," wrote an appreciative carrier last winter, serving a 25-mile route in the Middle West. "We have had the heaviest snow of the season—roads drifted six to ten feet deep. All along my route the farmers were ahead of me with heavy sleds, breaking a road for my buggy; and when I was halfway around, four hours late, both me and Billy were tuckered out, they stopped me at a little

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It is safe to say that a rod of good pike will pay a larger dividend to the farmer than any equivalent investment he can make. Roads are as necessary as houses and farm tools. A good road is a saver of time, stock and gear; it encourages industry; it makes for success in agriculture; it further happiness; it opens the way to better civilization. As a rule in good-roads localities you find good farms, and prosperous farmers. To some extent the prosperity of a region exists in advance, and is responsible for the good roads, and in



THE NEWLY WEDDED CROWN PRINCE OF GERMANY

velvet having thereon the bride's monogram and the date in gold letters.

The Grand Duchess Anastasia, the mother of the Crown Princess, is a very easy-going woman, who cares but little for the straight-laced notions of proprieties of the German court, and it was partly on this account and through the numerous stories of her escapades, both before and after her husband's death, that she became at odds with the Kaiser.

Through her independence and an indiscretion of the betrothed last March, the engagement came within an ace of being broken off. Understanding, of course, that the fiancee of the Crown Prince was to be accompanied by her mother, the Kaiser gave his consent for his son to meet the lady of his choice at Florence.

A Helpless Young Bridegroom.

What was the dismay of the Crown Prince's advance enquiry when he found that the fiancee was only accompanied by a lady-in-waiting and a maid—a scandalous situation indeed, as viewed by the rules of etiquette of the royal family. The enquiry, an aged, experienced official, telegraphed Grand Duchess Anastasia to come instantly by special train, to arrive in Florence before the Crown Prince. But she replied that she could not undertake the journey as it was most fatiguing and she saw nothing wrong in her daughter being accompanied only by a lady-in-waiting. The Kaiser, on learning of the situation and of the refusal of the Grand Duchess, was most incensed. And while all this was going on the Crown Prince arrived in Florence, found his betrothed alone and then telegraphed his father of the situation and asked helplessly, "What shall I do?" For an answer his father ordered the Grand Duchess Cecilia home to her mother, and his son to leave at once for Berlin under penalty of having the engagement severed.

STATUTE REGULATES MORALS.

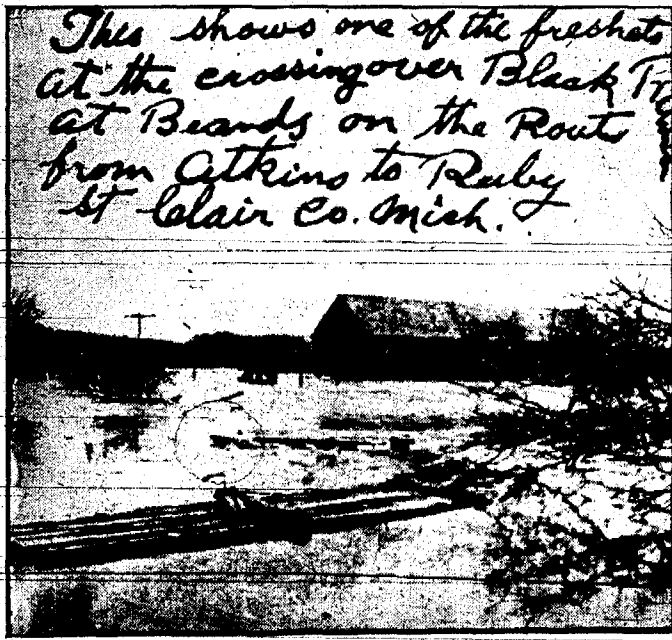
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"There are no laws to cover 89 out of 100 crimes committed every day in this era of high finance. In England, France, and the countries of Europe the necessity of safeguarding the people against financial crimes has been recognized by laws which have been enacted to this end.

"The trouble in this country is that the morality of a great many people is governed by what is on the statute books. Thousands of New Yorkers are blind to the moral side, and only know an act is immoral when it is written into the law as a felony.

"It is not so long since that I sent Larry Summerfield, the confidence man, to Sing Sing, and people who are writing me refuse to see why many of the high financiers of Wall Street should not follow him. I met Summerfield in a restaurant just before he was convicted and called him over to me. I told him I would talk to him as Jerome not as the district attorney. He said to me that he did not see how he could be convicted. He ended up with this declaration: 'I did not think I was doing anything which was against the criminal statutes. I was acting under the best legal advice to be had, and, so help me God, I thought I was doing what all the big fellows were—selling the suckers something that had no value at a high price.'



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Illustrated by Ernest Haskell

By Eugene P. Lyle, Jr. Published August 1st

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CUT OFF THESE AND MAIL TO US WITH \$1.50. DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & COMPANY, 133 East 16th Street, New York. Dear Sir: I enclose \$1.50 for which send me the Missourian. Name: _____ Address: _____ Key No. _____

MAGAZINE SECTION

Charlevoix COUNTY Herald.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

GOOD ROADS A NECESSITY FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF ROUTES IN COUNTRY.

Post-Office Department Receives a Varied Line of Communications from Its Carriers, Many Farmers Anxious to Co-operate.

"These two go hand-in-hand," said the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, Hon. P. V. DeGraw. "There are hundreds of what we call 'Adverse Reports' in which the Rural Agent, after inspecting a proposed rural free delivery route, reports that the roads are such as to preclude the possibility of a carrier traveling them at all seasons of the year. The Rural Community should not expect service at their doors unless they show a disposition to meet the Department half way by providing passable roads.

The Department can neither compel carriers to travel bad roads, nor to risk their lives and the safety of the mail at dangerous fords and on unsafe bridges. Nor can carriers be required to leave their vehicles and open gates across roads. The policy of the Department requires either that gates

heavy rains. "At the Big Sandy Ford the water was six feet deep, and I thought I should have to go back to town. But the folks on the other side had a boat ready, and loaned me a rig. So I got through O. K. They had to repeat this for ten days. I told them I thought the Government would pay them for it, but they wouldn't hear to it. I wish you would thank them for their kindness." And the Department wrote a letter to the Postmaster, expressing its appreciation of their action.

But it is not always so. Read this from a Postmaster: "I hate to complain, but there is a stretch of road through a creek bottom on Route No. 2 that has been flooded for several weeks. The creek is choked up with brush and the water backs up two feet over the road for nearly a mile. The rural carrier says his buggy has been turned over several times, and his horse almost gets mired at one place. It would be a simple matter to open the creek so the water will run off. But the people up there say it isn't their business, and that if the carrier don't bring the mail they will complain to the Department. And the Road Supervisor says he hasn't any more money. What shall I do?"

Others write of washouts not mended, bridges tumbling down, trees blown across the highways. In the

NOT LIKE THE KAISER.

CROWN PRINCE OF GERMANY HELPLESS WHEN FIANCEE'S CHAPERONE DISAPPEARS.

Revival of Ancient Customs and Practices at the Royal German Wedding, Small Scandal of the Kaiser's Court Circle.

The Emperor of Germany and the Empress as partners at a card game, with the Crown Prince and Crown Princess as opponents, with other members of the royal family similarly occupied, was an incident of the marriage festivities when Crown Prince Frederick William of Germany and the Duchess Cecilia of Mecklenburg-Schwerin were joined in happy matrimony. This was one of the ancient customs, practiced by the Prussian royal family two centuries ago and earlier, and was revived a couple of months ago when the royal marriage was solemnized in the Fatherland. While the royal family were at the cards distinguished personages of the country and from abroad were received by the ruling family.

A Custom of the Dark Ages.

Another ancient ceremony practiced was a dance for royalty by torchlight, while a still more medieval custom was carried out after the bride and bridegroom had left the wedding party, when the chief lady-in-waiting gave to each of the guests a garter of silk and

WORK FOR SAKE OF ACHIEVEMENT.

Secretary Shaw Gives Some Good Advice in an Address to Young Men.

"The work of the world is not being done well. It does not improve, and success waits for the young man who can do it better than others," said Hon. Leslie M. Shaw, the Secretary of the Treasury, in a recent talk to young men. "Do not work for the sake of compensation. Work for the sake of achievement. The man who works for compensation wears himself out in eight hours, but the man who works for the sake of his employment can work more than twelve hours a day without experiencing fatigue. You are going into the busy world and there is good pay in store for good services. Competition is more intense now than it ever was before. You must continue to improve to get along and the best worker commands the highest compensation for his labors."

Leslie M. Shaw was dependent upon his own efforts for securing an education after he left the common schools. He taught school in the winter and worked in the harvest fields in the summer. Several years he tramped Iowa selling fruit trees and nursery stock, and no one ever said that the trees he sold did not come true to name or were not as he represented them. His energy was unbounded and he was determined to succeed in spite of his poverty. After years of hard work he earned enough to complete his college and professional course and graduated from the Iowa College of Law. After this he spent twenty years of untiring devotion to business. He left the governorship of the Hawkeye State to take control of the greatest financial institution of the world, the Treasury of the United States.

THE IMMIGRATION QUESTION.

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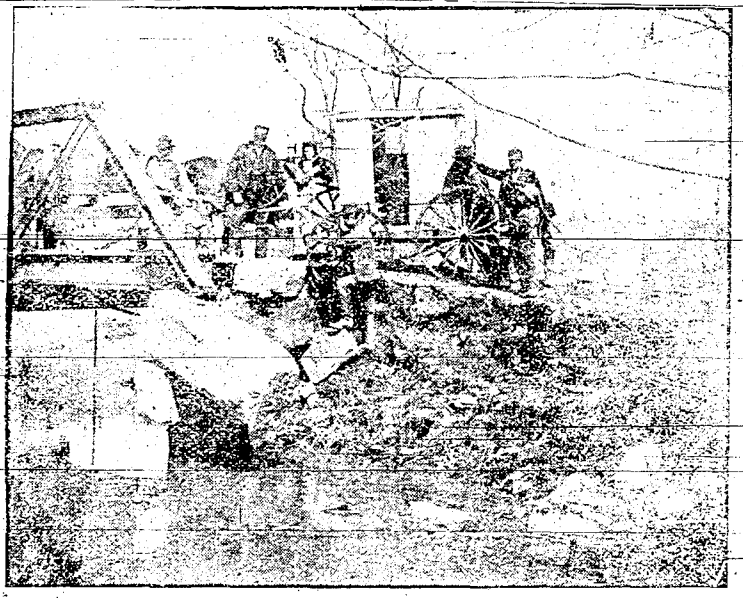
By Eugene P. Lyle, Jr.

Published August 1st

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THE NEWLY WEDDED CROWN PRINCESS OF GERMANY

This shows one of the freshets at the crossing over Toluak Pt. at Beards on the Route from Atkins to Ruby St. Clair Co. Mich.



PICTORIAL LETTER FROM A CARRIER.

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FARM NOTES.

Work of the United States Department of Agriculture.

GUY ELLIOTT MITCHELL.

The New Stingless Bee.

A gentle bee! Is such an insect in existence? Surely every thought of our honey-makers brings up an association of our childhood days when we used to rob the hives and partake of the stored-up sweetness, perhaps to be amply rewarded with swollen cheeks and hands as a result of the resentful nature of the busy workers. So, then, the announcement from the Department of Agriculture that it has discovered a stingless bee, or rather a bee with no inclination to sting, comes as something of a shock, making us wish that we were children again and able to once more enjoy the hidden treasure of a hive without having projected into our systems the irritating venom of the bee's sting.

To the beekeeper, and especially the amateur, this discovery of the bee ex-

Bee Hives in New York City.

The roof of a prominent business house in New York City is known to contain a prosperous apiary, while

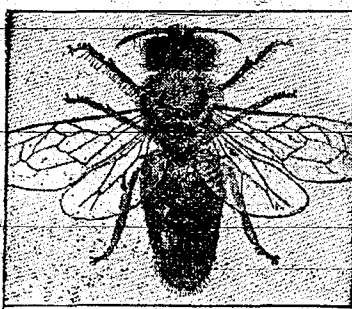


READY FOR ANGRY BEES.

another of about 40 colonies is located on the roof of a store in the business portion of Cincinnati, Ohio, and from which 30 to 40 pounds of honey per colony are usually obtained each year.

Mr. Benton, in speaking of the present methods of bee culture, stated that it is always desirable to have gentle bees, but that other essentials are a good smoker and a veil of black bobinet or Brussels net, to draw over the hat, and a pair of gloves, preferably of rubber, may be used at first. These appliances may be safely dispensed with if the gentlest bees are kept.

The Department of Agriculture maintains a modern apiary just a short distance from the main building where



GREAT HONEY BEE OF EAST INDIA.

The various experiments with different varieties of bees have been made.

Government Apiarist Bee Foraging.

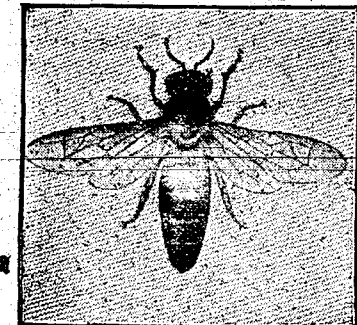
Mr. Benton has just departed on a tour of the globe hunting for desirable types of honey-makers. He will make a collection of the Caucasian bee, but perhaps the most interesting feature of his trip will be his visit to India and the Philippine Islands for the purpose of securing the giant bee of those countries. This bee has never been subjected to domestication, and its artificial culture is unknown. It is very much larger than any of the bees now being raised in apiaries, and the length of its tongue enables it to reach the sweets of many honey-laden flowers and plants which our own kinds cannot gather.

CARE OF LIVE STOCK IN TRANSIT.

Secretary Wilson's late visit to Chicago to inspect the incoming stock trains and the manner in which they are loaded with cattle will, it is stated, bring about an improved condition in the handling of interstate shipments of livestock. Mr. Wilson gave the Livestock and Railway Committee, appointed to confer with him, to understand that while he expected them to obey the law, his department had no intention of unduly hampering shipments, and that he would modify certain existing orders; but he demanded of them in return that they do everything in their power to make livestock shipments still more humane.

Speaking of the condition of cattle arriving in the yards, Secretary Wilson said:

"They appeared to have been well cared for. The department is not trying to impose hardships on the railways or the shippers, only to secure the best care for the stock sent out on the hoof. The railways have not observed the law, in my opinion, as closely as they might have done, but I am now assured that they will do so, and are anxious to co-operate with the government. If they do so, we will have no more trouble over this question."



NEW STINGLESS BEE.

perts comes as a thing long looked for and greatly to be desired. They have had dreams of bees that could be handled without gloves or masks, without smudge or smoke, and with a little regard of stings as though they were handling but common flies. It is true that some bees are more amiable than others, and with many persons where care is not taken to avoid all stings the system eventually becomes accustomed to the poison, so that beyond momentary pain a sting causes little or no inconvenience.

Has a Stinger; but Never Stings.

Of the races already in general cultivation, the Carulokus are the gentlest, but the "gentle" bee now exploited by the Department is the most amiable honey-giving insect of all, and is practically stingless, although he has a sting. This bee is the discovery of Mr. Frank Benton, the Apiarist of the Department of Agriculture, who was instrumental in hav-



FRANK BENTON, GOVERNMENT APIARIST.

ing it introduced from the Caucasus. This Caucasian bee is not inclined to sting, and may be handled at all times without resort to the protection of the bee veil or the smoke pot. Experiments were made to test the temper of the new bee by giving the hive containing them half a dozen severe kicks and then when they were well stirred up, by taking out several racks of the bees, handling them carelessly and making no effort to keep them from alighting on the hands or face.

Scoping Them Up by Handfuls.

They were even scooped up by the handfuls and poured back on the rack. The operator was not even stung once, and all through the experiments the honey-givers retained the amiability which has made them famous at the Department.

While bee raising is carried on successfully in the small towns in the country, few persons know that the city is well adapted, to a limited extent, to this interesting industry. The city of Washington is an example of this, bees located there doing better



BEE CORNER IN GROUNDS OF DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AT WASHINGTON.

during the spring and summer months than those in the surrounding country, owing to the excellent pasturage afforded for the bees in the numerous gardens, parks and nectar-yielding shade trees.

Craft in the Department.

Secretary Wilson's recent somewhat facetious remark that when he entered the Agricultural Department he found a corps of half-starved scientists was

not far from the facts in the case, and he can well point with some pride to the splendid organization of his department at this time, even though much hue and cry has been made over the recent discovery of "graft" in the statistical division of the department. It is only due Mr. Wilson also to say that it is entirely to his own enthusiasm and the enthusiasm and energy with which he has imbued the corps of chiefs and assistants which he has gathered about him that his department has advanced during his eight years of incumbency by such leaps and bounds. Although a department in name—a branch of the Cabinet—it was, prior to the present Secretary's appointment, little more than a bureau. It now takes rank as one of the foremost, important and most popular branches of the administration. The cynics declare that with less enthusiasm and more caution and conservatism there would have been less scandal. The proven facts brought to light thus far do not, as a matter of fact, disclose anything very terrible, or any concert of action to defraud the government or the people, and the individual cases which have been proven, and which may be proven, have and will be accorded summary action. The housecleaning now in progress will undoubtedly have a beneficial effect and any official deceptions will tend to improve future conditions.

In the meantime, the Department machinery is grinding ahead turning out extremely valuable products to the American farmer.

Growing and Making Maple Sugar.

The Maple Sugar Industry is an interesting bulletin (No. 59, Bureau of Forestry), prepared by William F. Fox and William F. Hubbard, and containing also a discussion of the adulteration of maple sugar by Chemist Wiley. Mr. Hubbard, one of the brightest young men of the Bureau of Forestry, was drowned recently, while canoeing on the Potomac River, near Washington.

BODILY HEAT OF ESKIMOS.

Normal Temperature Frequently Over One Hundred Degrees.

Observations made in our Alaskan territory show that the bodily temperature of the Eskimo is considerably higher than that of Europeans. While the mean temperature of the party making the observations, in December and July, was 98.1 degrees and 97.7 degrees, respectively, that of the Eskimos for the corresponding dates was 100.2 degrees and 98.4 degrees. Although the Eskimos live at a temperature of zero Fahrenheit here, at times, seem to be totally unconscious of the cold and open their clothing occasionally open their clothing around the



ESKIMO AND REINDEER.

waist and expose their bare skin to the cold air, just as one in a temperate climate would open his coat when abnormally warm through exercise. Arctic travelers have found that as a rule the Eskimos strip when in their houses and sleep naked. They seem as much addicted to drinking ice-cold water as do the people of the more civilized countries.

USE OF HERBS DECLINING.

Good Old Remedies Our Grandfathers Dug in Woods Have Passed Away.

In the village of Greenwich, England, in a quaint old street where the buildings are so thick that they tangle themselves together in a knot, there is a queer little shop with a sign over the door that reads, "An Herb for Every Pain."

On the shelves of this shop are to be found hundreds of different kinds of herbs for the cure of all bodily ailments. There can be found all the old-time herbs that our grandmothers used to have hanging around the walls of the kitchen and stored away in the attic, ready to be made into teas and syrups in case of sickness.

People who still have old-fashioned ideas about health and sickness go there for bugleweed, sumach, wintergreen, sassafras, camomile, horehound, yellow dock, catnip, cherry bark, mullein, extract of oats, lobelia and so on. All these herbs have the reputation of being good for some one or more ailments. Catnip for nervousness, sassafras for the blood, horehound and boneset for colds, sumach for sore throat, wintergreen for rheumatism, lobelia as an emetic in case of poisoning, mullein for consumption, etc.

Nearly all of these herbs are made into teas. Sassafras tea, boneset tea and catnip tea are brewed and served either cold or hot. Among the many hundreds of herbs that are sold in this little shop are some that are deadly poisons and they are labeled and sold under the same restrictions as other poisons.

The good old remedies that our grandfathers hunted and dug in the woods, those that our grandmothers planted and tended in the garden, have given way to harmful remedies, to drugs that leave the patient in a worse condition than when he began their use. We believe it has been a mistake to give up the old remedies.

No Rebate Tribulations There.

From the Washington Post. It is certain that the President will have no difficulty in adjusting the railway question in China, where there is no obstinate Senate in the way.

SOUTHERN TIMBER SUPPLY.

SUFFICIENT FOR NATION'S DEMANDS IF RATIONALLY USED.

Young Trees Planted on Cleared Areas Constantly Coming Forward to Maturity, Thus Making a Constant Supply.

Since the vast timber lands of the Northwest have been practically denuded the lumbermen in that region are seeking new fields in the South, for a lumberman is always a lumberman and a pioneer. The yellow pine and hardwood forests of several of the southern states, which have been long neglected for the lack of transportation facilities, have now attracted the attention of northern lumbermen and the southern forests are being visited by the railroad and the saw mill. Timber land which a few years ago was considered worth a dollar an acre now brings from \$10 to \$25, and with the advent of this practically new industry and increased population, much of this land after being logged has been disposed of for agricultural purposes at a large advance over what was paid for it with the timber standing, and has been converted into prosperous farm homes.

Lumber Waste and Forest Fires.

The average American lumber camp is known to be a most wasteful institution, little regard being paid to the growth of new timber, but the greatest danger comes from forest fires which are fostered through the dried tops and brush left by the lumbermen.

The excellent work of the government Forestry Bureau is, however, calling the attention of broad-minded men to the national seriousness of such waste, and it is stated that in the South the Southern Railway is doing its utmost to encourage ordinary business prudence on the part of land owners and mill operators to insure the perpetuation of our great timber resources. Throughout the South several species of pine trees grow up quickly on cut-over land, and even on new land. The New Orleans Times-Democrat states that with land comparatively cheap and worthless for agricultural purposes, the growing of pine in the South makes one of the safest investments, provided fires are kept out.

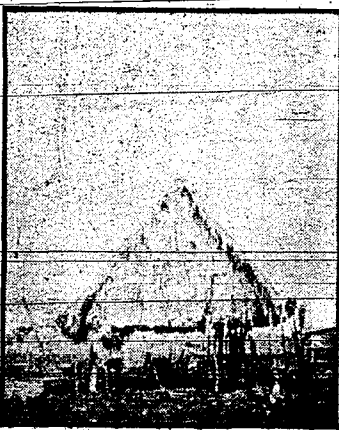
Rational Forest Cutting.

The rules and regulations adopted by a large lumber company in Louisiana, which has sought to cooperate with the Bureau of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture, provide for the cutting of its timber so that the supply will never be exhausted, only the surplus trees being cut, and for the planting of all cleared areas in young trees, constantly coming forward to maturity. While our present timber consumption is far in excess of the supply of maturing trees, it is stated by the Bureau of Forestry that if a similar system of forestry were applied to all American forests, it would insure an ample and continual supply of lumber for the needs of the nation.

DAIRYING ON SAN JUAN HILL.

Historic Spot Now the Abiding Place of Contented Cattle.

An official of the Department of Agriculture, in making investigations in Cuba shortly after the close of the Spanish-American war, found an illustration of the old truth that the business of peace follows closely upon the tracks of devastation of war. Close to the summit of San Juan Hill, up which Colonel Roosevelt and his Rough Riders plunged on that memorable July day, was found a dairy house sufficiently large to house three or four cattle.



THE MODERN DAIRY ON SAN JUAN HILL.

Around this was a fenced enclosure constructed of timber and barbed wire, evidently collected from the remnants of the trenches and entanglements constructed by both the Americans and Spaniards when they faced each other in deadly combat.

THEY EAT MOSQUITOS.

Young Fish Make Short Work of "Wrigglers."

Last March some 200 whitefish were born in the hatchery of the New York Aquarium, and they have now grown to an average length of about two inches. Naturally such little fishes, when born under the conditions of nature, would feed on minute forms of animal life usually present in water, but in the Aquarium it was necessary to provide food collected by man. First they got herring roe chopped up very fine and strained through cheesecloth. Later they were given finely chopped liver, but now they are partaking of a fish delicacy in the way of mosquito larvae.

For two or three years the aquarium has had a mosquito exhibit, showing the various interesting periods in the life of a mosquito. One of these, familiar to most of us, is the wriggler of the rain-water barrel and of stagnant pools and ponds. The aquarium collector often comes across places where perhaps a half a hundred thousand wrigglers can be scooped up in a gallon of water, and so it has been no difficult matter to provide an ample supply of live food for the tiny white fish and other babies of the finny tribe being artificially reared.

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AGE OF A COMMON CROW.

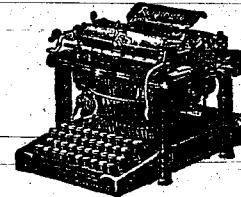
Tag Would Indicate That One Lived More Than Twenty Years.

George McCarren, a farmer living near this city, has just received a much prized little aluminum plate marked as follows: "Return to George McCarren, Orrville, Ohio," with which an interesting story is connected.

George McCarren, Sr., father of the man who received the little billet of aluminum, was an eccentric naturalist, and spent much time in the study of birds and insects. During McCarren's youth, about twenty years ago, he says he remembers being told by his father, the elder McCarren, of a dispute the latter had had with a fellow-naturalist of Akron, Ohio, as to the age to be attained by a common crow, and finally to settle the matter McCarren attached an aluminum tag to a crow captured in the fields and sent the bird forth with the plate securely fastened to its neck by wires. The legend on the plate requested the finder to return it to McCarren in case anything should happen to the bird.

As McCarren, jr. remembers it, the two men made a bet as to whether the plate would be returned within twenty years. If the crow was killed or died they counted on the little billet being found and returned to the address on the plate. If this were not returned they believed it would be sufficient evidence that the bird would be still alive. McCarren bet that the plate would not be returned within that time; hence he won the bet. The crow was shot by a farmer boy named Angers in Holmes county recently, and the billet returned to the son of the better, the elder McCarren having died before he could realize the proceeds and the satisfaction of winning his wager. The little billet is highly prized by the McCarrens as a memento of the father's eccentricity.

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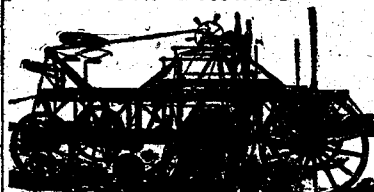
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The Avenging Hand

By Guy de Maupassant.

They formed a circle around Judge Bermutier, who was giving his opinion of a mysterious affair that had happened at Saint-Cloud. For a month this inexplicable crime had been the talk of Paris.

M. Bermutier, the dominant figure of the group, standing with his back to the fireplace, talked about it, discussed the various opinions, but came to no definite conclusions about the matter.

Many women had risen and come nearer, remaining standing, with eyes fixed upon the smooth-shaven face of the magistrate. They shivered and vibrated, through their curious fear, which tortured them like a hunger. One of them, paler than the others, after a silence said:

"It is frightful. It touches the supernatural. We shall never know anything about it."

The magistrate turned toward her, saying:

"It is probable, madame, that we never shall know anything about it; but for the word 'supernatural,' when you come to use that, it has no place here. We are in the presence of a crime skillfully conceived, very skillfully executed, and so well enveloped in mystery that we can not separate the baffling circumstances which surround it. Still, once in my life, I had to follow an affair which seemed truly to be mixed up with something very unusual. However, it was necessary to give it up, as there was no means of explaining it."

Many of the ladies called out at the same time, so quickly that their voices sounded as one:

"Oh! tell us about it."

M. Bermutier smiled gravely, as judges should, and replied:

"You must not suppose, for an instant, that I, at least, believed there was anything supernatural in the adventure. I believe only in normal causes. And, if in place of using the word 'supernatural' to express what we can not comprehend, we should simply use the word 'inexplicable,' it would be much better. In any case, the surrounding circumstances in the affair I will relate to you have affected me much."

The Vendetta.

"I was Judge of Instruction at Ajaccio, a little town lying on the border of a beautiful gulf that was surrounded on all sides by high mountains."

"Yes," echoed the listeners.

"What I particularly had to look after there was the affairs of the vendetta. Some of them were remarkable; as dramatic as possible, ferocious and heroic. We found there the most wonderful subjects of vengeance that one could dream of, hatred a century old, appeased for a moment, but never extinguished, abominable plots, assassinations becoming massacres and almost glorious battles. For two years I heard of nothing but the price of blood, of the terribly prejudiced Corsican who is bound to avenge all injury upon the person of him who is the cause of it, or upon his nearest descendants. I saw old men and infants, relatives, with their throats cut, and my head was full of these stories."

"One day we learned that an Englishman had rented for some years a little villa at the end of the Gulf. He had brought with him a French servant."

"Soon everybody was occupied with this singular person who lived alone in his house, only going out to hunt and fish. He spoke to no one, never came to the town, and every morning practiced shooting with a pistol and a rifle for an hour or two. He was reputed a dead shot."

"Some legends about him were abroad; that he was a high personage fled from his own country for political reasons; and that he was concealing himself after having committed a frightful crime. Some particularly horrible details were even recited."

"In my capacity of judge, I wished to get some information about this man. But it was impossible to learn anything. He called himself Sir John Rowell."

"I contented myself with watching him closely; although, in reality,

there seemed nothing to suspect regarding him.

"I waited long for an occasion to meet him. It finally came in the form of a partridge which I shot and killed before the very nose of the Englishman. My dog brought it to me; but immediately taking it I went and begged Sir John Rowell to accept the dead bird, excusing myself for intrusion."

"He was a tall, powerful man, with red hair and red beard, very large, a sort of placid, polite Hercules. He had none of the so-called British haughtiness, and heartily thanked me in French for the delicacy. At the end of a month we had chatted together five or six times."

"Finally, one evening, as I was passing by his door, I perceived him astride a chair in the garden, smoking his pipe. I saluted him and he asked me in to have a glass of beer. I joined him."

"He received me with the fastidious courtesy of the English. With great precaution in the form of a lively interest, I put some questions to him about his life and his projects. He responded without embarrassment, told me that he had traveled much, in Africa, in the Indies, and in America. He added, laughing:

"I have had many adventures; oh! yes."

A Great Hunter.

"I began to talk about hunting, and he gave me many curious details of hunting the hippopotamus, the tiger, the elephant, and even of hunting the gorilla."

"I said: 'All these animals are very formidable.'"

"He laughed: 'Oh, no! The worst animal is man.' Then he began to laugh, with the hearty laugh of a big contented Englishman. He continued:

"I have often hunted man, also."

"He spoke of weapons and asked me to go into his house to see his guns of various makes and kinds."

"His drawing-room was hung in black silk embroidered with gold. There were great yellow flowers running over the somber stuff, shining like fire."

"It is Japanese cloth," he said.

"But in the middle of a large panel, a strange thing attracted my eye. Upon a square of red velvet, a black object was attached. I approached and found it was a hand, the hand of a man. Not a skeleton hand, white and characteristic, but a black, dried hand, with yellow joints and the muscles bare, and on them traces of old blood, of blood that seemed like a scale, over the bones sharply cut off at about the middle of the forearm, as with a blow of a cutlass. About the wrist was an enormous iron chain, riveted, soldered to this unclean member, attaching it to the wall by a ring sufficiently strong to hold an elephant."

"I asked: 'What is that?'"

"The Englishman responded tranquilly:

"It belonged to my worst enemy. It came from America. It was broken with a saber, cut off with a sharp stone, and dried in the sun for eight days. Oh, very good for me, that was!"

"I touched the human relic, which must have belonged to a colossus. The fingers were immoderately long, and attached by enormous tendons that held the straps of skin in place. This dried hand was frightful to see, making one think, naturally, of the vengeance of a savage."

"I said: 'This man must have been very strong.'"

"With gentleness the Englishman answered:

"Oh! yes; but I was stronger than he. I put this chain on him to hold him."

"I thought he spoke in jest and replied:

"The chain is useless now that the hand cannot escape."

"Sir John Rowell replied gravely: 'It always wishes to escape. The chain is necessary.'"

"With a rapid questioning glance, I asked myself: 'Is he mad, or is that an unpleasant joke?'"

"But the face remained impenetrable, tranquil, and friendly. I spoke of

other things and admired the guns.

"Nevertheless, I noticed three loaded revolvers on the pieces of furniture, as if this man lived in constant dread of attack."

"I went to see Sir John Rowell many times after that; then for some time I did not go. We had become accustomed to his presence; he had become indifferent to us."

Killed in the Night.

"A whole year slipped away. Then, one morning, toward the end of November, my servant awoke me with the announcement that Sir John Rowell had been assassinated in the night."

"A half hour later I entered the Englishman's house, with the central commissary and the captain of police. The servant, lost in despair, was weeping at the door. I suspected him at first, but afterward found that he was innocent."

"The guilty one was never found. Upon entering Sir John's drawing-room, I perceived his herculean body stretched out upon its back—dead—in the middle of the room. His waistcoat was torn, a sleeve was hanging, and it was evident that a terrible struggle had taken place."

"The Englishman had been strangled! His frightfully black and swollen face seemed to express an awful fear; he held something between his set teeth; and his neck, pierced with five holes, apparently with a pointed iron, was covered with blood."

"A doctor joined us. He examined closely the prints of fingers in the flesh and pronounced these strange words:

"One would think he had been strangled by a skeleton."

"A shiver ran down my spine and I cast my eyes to the piece on the wall where I had seen the horrible torn-off hand. It was gone! The chain was broken and dangling."

"Then I bent over the dead man and found in his mouth a piece of one of the fingers of the missing hand, cut off, or rather saved off by the Englishman's teeth, exactly at the second joint."

"Then they tried to collect evidence. They could find nothing. No door had been forced, no window opened, or piece of furniture moved. The two watch-dogs on the premises had not been aroused."

"Here, in a few words, is the deposition of the servant:

"For a month his master had seemed agitated. He had received many letters which he had burned immediately. Often, taking a whip, he had struck in fury this dried hand, fastened to the wall."

"He had retired late and shut himself in with care. He always carried arms. Often in the night he talked out loudly, as though fighting with some one. On that night, however, there had been no noise, and it was only on coming to open the windows that the servant had found Sir John assassinated."

"One night three months after the crime, I had a frightful nightmare. It seemed to me that I saw that hand, that horrible hand, running like a scorpion along my curtains and my walls. Three times I awoke in affright; three times I fell asleep and again saw that hideous relic galloping about my room, moving its fingers like paws."

"The next day they brought it to me, found in the cemetery upon the tomb where Sir John Rowell was interred—for they had not been able to find his family. The index finger was missing."

"This, ladies, is my story. I know no more about it."

"The ladies were terrified, pale and shivering. One of them cried:

"But that is not the end, for there was no explanation! We can not sleep if you do not tell us what was your idea or the reason of it all!"

"The magistrate smiled with severity, and answered:

"Oh! certainly ladies; but it will spoil all your terrible dreams. I simply think that the legitimate proprietor of the hand was not dead and that he came for it with the one that remained to him. But I was never able to find out how he did it. It was one kind of revenge."

money, and he is more careful of the laws. Through methods as inexorable as the laws of nature nothing ever goes to waste in the Rockefeller household. From morning till night the daily routine is one of studied economy in its every phase, bordering on parsimony. Like his father young Rockefeller is a hard worker, and he has the same immovability in purpose and aim.

"When I commanded the New York some years ago," he said, "I had a Jap servant with whom I was especially well pleased. He was prompt, remarkably quick to learn, and took such deep interest in everything that sometimes, to amuse myself, I devoted not a little attention to explaining things that he appeared not to understand. A good waiter, too, he was. Well, finally he disappeared."

"Some time later, when on the European station, I made a call on a Jap battleship lying in the harbor of Marseilles. The captain met us at the gangway and escorted us to his cabin. As we were seated, he suddenly turned, threw off his hat, and whipped a napkin over his arm."

"The captain would drink?" he said, in a tone I remembered.

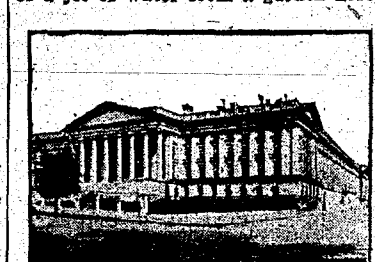
"Kato!" I cried, jumping to my feet.

"The same, he said, bowing. 'Captain Kato of the Mikado's navy.'"

RESTORING THE TREASURY.

Government Strong Box Will Resemble Building in Time of Andrew Jackson.

While a number of the Government departments have been having a general washing of their "dirty linen," the United States Treasury building is having its outer walls cleaned by a new system invented by a Marylander, James P. Bruce. Several weeks ago Mr. Bruce explained to the officials a method which he had discovered of cleaning granite and sandstone which gave results much better than accomplished by either brushes or sand blasts. He showed them what could be done with a small granite block. Dipping a large brush into a bucket of murky looking liquid he covered the stone's surface, after which, by the aid of a jet of water from a garden hose,



THE U. S. TREASURY BUILDING.

he washed the mysterious liquid off, leaving the stone as bright and clean as when it came from the quarry.

The process looked so easy and the results so surprising that the department authorities told him to go ahead and clean the foundations of the structure, paying him therefor at the rate of \$5 a day for his labor. After the foundation cleaning is accomplished, Mr. Bruce is to be given a contract to clean the entire building for \$2,000.

A Secret Discovery.

What the process adopted by him is, Mr. Bruce, of course, is not willing to reveal, and it appears that in order to be protected by letters patent he would have to give the authorities at the Patent Office the formula which he proposed to patent. This, when granted would be published, so that unscrupulous persons could go ahead and manufacture their own cleaning compounds.

Since the cleaning under this process the Treasury building has presented a marvelous transformation. The huge granite blocks which form the foundation of the building on all four sides, are as free from smoke or other discolorations as they were when first quarried. Flaws wrought by time, and the mortar in the seams stand out conspicuously. The foundation stones, lamp and fence posts, and the lower bases of the Ionic columns are dazzling white, while the uncleaned columns are a dull brown.

Example of Splendid Architecture.

The Treasury is regarded by persons who are good judges of architectural

beauty as the finest type of classic architecture, except the White House, and this is the verdict of many foreign architects who visit the Nation's capital. Around the outside of the building are sixty-six Ionic columns, each thirty-five feet long and three feet in diameter, many of which are monoliths or single stones. About three years ago these columns were cleaned by the sand blast method, but the results were not at all satisfactory. Before cleaning, the Treasury was one of the darkest, grimmest buildings in the country, its particular kind of stone appearing to catch and retain all the particles of soot and smoke in the air. Without it has to many eyes always retained a grand, if somewhat gloomy appearance, embodying great strength and solidity, a fit repository of the world's greatest financial institution.

Good, Useful, Old Age.

The pessimists to the contrary notwithstanding, there is a man in Lincoln, Nebraska, who feels himself still to be a useful member of his community. Although ninety-two years of age, he is to-day serving actively as city treasurer. He puts in a full day's work six days of each week and acts as spry as a youth of fifty. He will not use a cane, and only seldom needs the aid of glasses. Another man, who has just died in Forest, Ohio, at the age of eighty-five years, leaves the proud record of never having owed anybody an account. That triumph suffices, whether or not he accumulated a fortune, to stamp him as a financial genius.

In this connection it is interesting to know that Donald G. Mitchell, whom a world of readers love to call "The Marvel," recently celebrated his eighty-third birthday at his farm home, Edgewood, New Haven, Connecticut. He was a young man in point of calendar years so long ago that it is no shock to the multitudes who know him as the bachelor who indulged in reverses to be told that the birthday party was attended by his numerous grandchildren and great-grandchildren.

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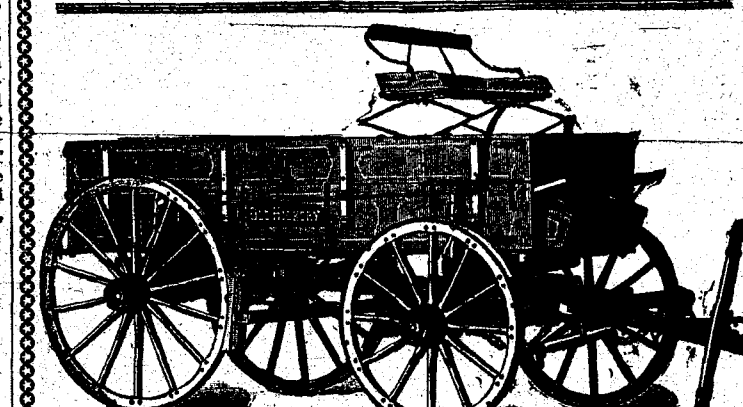
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Not (Bicycles) Not (The Racycle)

Which Stone will Turn Easier?

The Racycle Rides Further with one-quarter less work

MIAMI CYCLE & MFG. CO.

MIDDLETOWN, OHIO.

Ohio's Municipal Farming.

The city of Cleveland, Ohio, has taken an advanced step for the accommodation of the sick, the erring, the infirm, the mentally deficient and the unfortunate who need the care of the municipal government, by the purchase of an 850-acre farm, on which will be grouped hospitals and reformatories, where the work of healing, safeguarding and reforming the defective and delinquent will be carried on along

A Tension Indicator

IS JUST WHAT THE WORD IMPLIES.

It indicates the state of the tension at a glance. Its use means time saving and easier sewing.

It's our own invention and is found only on the

WHITE Sewing Machine.

We have other striking improvements that appeal to the careful buyer. Send for our elegant H. T. catalog.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.

Cleveland, Ohio.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, JR.

The World's Coming Billionaire Knows Well the Value of the Dollar.

This man, in his 30th year, is heir to the vastest fortune the world has ever seen. His health has never been good, being a sufferer from a stomach trouble, no doubt inherited from his



JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, JR.

father, the Standard Oil magnate, who though 66 years of age, has a more ruddy complexion and really more vigor than the son. The young man has recently returned from a half year's health seeking stay in Europe, but was little benefited. Like many another rich man, he has particular

fancies, his being to play the violin and teach a Bible class in the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, and for the latter two or three evenings a week are spent in preparing his address. He is an early riser, spends eight hours a day at his desk in the Standard Oil Building, 20 Broadway. His tastes and manner of living would meet the demands of Pastor Wagner's "Simple Life."

A Large Bible Class.

Mr. Rockefeller's Bible Class has a membership of over 300 persons, but his connection with those constituting it ends in the church. It is said that he is a keen observer of men and knows whether they come to his class for spiritual comfort or to "get next" to him and it has now come to be well recognized that the Rockefeller class is not an institution for the dissemination of Wall Street tips nor an employment agency for the Standard Oil Company. If he has given other than spiritual help to his pupils it is not publicly known. He is a ready talker and maker of epigrams and said in a late address that character, friends, health and success are the four things to strive for in life.

Is Expected to Take His Father's Place.

With the gradual and systematic withdrawal from business participation in his various business enterprises, the father has endeavored to seclude himself from the public eye, and coincidental with this subsidence is the greater projection of his son and namesake—the world's prospective billionaire. The son has been taught the value of pennies than many a man is of the dol-

lar, and he is more careful of the laws. Through methods as inexorable as the laws of nature nothing ever goes to waste in the Rockefeller household. From morning till night the daily routine is one of studied economy in its every phase, bordering on parsimony. Like his father young Rockefeller is a hard worker, and he has the same immovability in purpose and aim.

"Bob" Evans' Japanese Servant.

Admiral "Bob" Evans, in a recent conversation with a group of officers, threw a great white light upon one of the methods, at least, by which the Japanese have attained that splendid adaptability to European and American ways.

"When I commanded the New York some years ago," he said, "I had a Jap servant with whom I was especially well pleased. He was prompt, remarkably quick to learn, and took such deep interest in everything that sometimes, to amuse myself, I devoted not a little attention to explaining things that he appeared not to understand. A good waiter, too, he was. Well, finally he disappeared."

"Some time later, when on the European station, I made a call on a Jap battleship lying in the harbor of Marseilles. The captain met us at the gangway and escorted us to his cabin. As we were seated, he suddenly turned, threw off his hat, and whipped a napkin over his arm."

"The captain would drink?" he said, in a tone I remembered.

"Kato!" I cried, jumping to my feet.

"The same, he said, bowing. 'Captain Kato of the Mikado's navy.'"

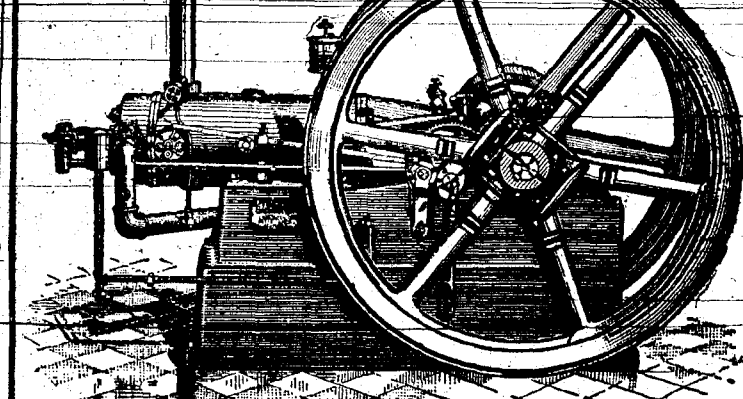
International Harvester Co.

GASOLINE ENGINES

When equipped with an I. H. C. gasoline engine, the farm, the dairy, the mill, the threshing machine, or the husker and shredder can be operated more economically than with any other power. Farmers who have water to pump, wood to saw, feed to grind or corn to shell, can do this work at a minimum cost with I. H. C. engines.

The pessimists to the contrary notwithstanding, there is a man in Lincoln, Nebraska, who feels himself still to be a useful member of his community. Although ninety-two years of age, he is to-day serving actively as city treasurer. He puts in a full day's work six days of each week and acts as spry as a youth of fifty. He will not use a cane, and only seldom needs the aid of glasses. Another man, who has just died in Forest, Ohio, at the age of eighty-five years, leaves the proud record of never having owed anybody an account. That triumph suffices, whether or not he accumulated a fortune, to stamp him as a financial genius.

In this connection it is interesting to know that Donald G. Mitchell, whom a world of readers love to call "The Marvel," recently celebrated his eighty-third birthday at his farm home, Edgewood, New Haven, Connecticut. He was a young man in point of calendar years so long ago that it is no shock to the multitudes who know him as the bachelor who indulged in reverses to be told that the birthday party was attended by his numerous grandchildren and great-grandchildren.



I. H. C. HORIZONTAL ENGINE

I. H. C. gasoline engines are made in the following sizes: 2, 3 and 5 H. P., vertical type, stationary; 6, 8, 10, 12 and 15 H. P., horizontal type, stationary; and 6, 8, 10, 12 and 15 H. P., horizontal type, portable.

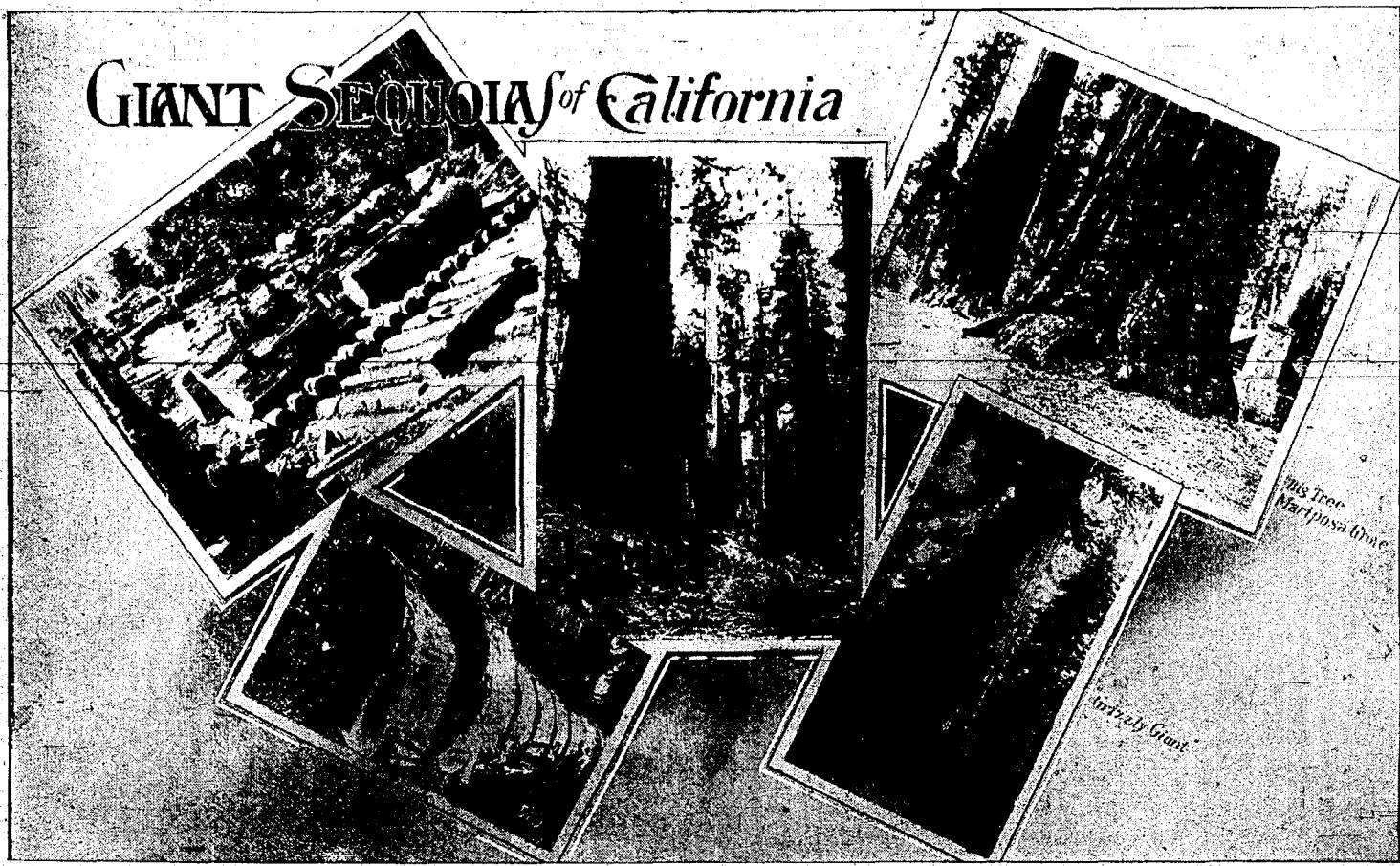
WRITE FOR GASOLINE ENGINE BOOKLET.

International Harvester Co. of America

(Incorporated)

7 Monroe Street Chicago, Ill., U. S. A.

GIANT SEQUOIAS of California



The giant Sequoias of California are surely one of the great wonders of America. Their huge proportions, vastly exceeding any of the other species of great trees of which the Pacific Coast country is prolific, coupled with the fact that they are one of the few floral descendants of a previous age (they flourished throughout the destructive glacial period) cause the beholder to view in silent wonder a work of nature more beautiful and imposing than anything which has ever been reared by the hand of man.

These gigantic Big Trees, prior to the glacial period, grew over a wide area of the American continent, but the rigors of that period crowded them down into a few favored spots on the Pacific Coast, where their groves stand as a connecting link between the present age of civilization and the unfathomable epochs of the dim past, far back beyond human tradition and fable.

Bark Two Feet Thick.

The Sequoia is a tree, Mr. Gifford-Pinehet, the Government Forester, tells us, which has come down through the vicissitudes of scores of centuries solely because of its superb qualifications. Its bark is often two-feet thick and nearly non-combustible, and the oldest specimens felled are found to be still solid and sound at the heart, while destructive fungus is an enemy unknown to it.

Man the Destroyer.

But puny man, civilized man, artistic and esthetic man, with his little span of active life of three or four decades, the enemy of many living things, is fast working that destruction among these forest giants which forty centuries of time have not accomplished. Yet some of the Big Tree groves have been purchased by the Government and saved from the hand of ruin; and it is interesting to note that while there has been thus far only destruction of these noble trees and practically no new growth, the Bureau of Forestry has successfully experimented in raising the young Sequoia. Last year Ranger Davis, in charge of the General Grant Park, successfully transplanted 800 baby Big Trees, and further discovered how best to secure the sprouting of the Sequoia seeds. His method is to rake the seeds lightly in good soil, covering this with a straw mulch and burning it over. The ground squirrels dug up some of the transplants, but these rodents were poisoned off. The young plants grew during the past summer from 10 to 13 inches each. Should these trees live and reach maturity, what transformation may they not see in the American Republic? Who of the great Americans of the past

century will be known in the world 4,000 years hence, who will have been lost in the great shuffle of Time's cards, for that is the age of some of the largest Sequoias as shown by microscopic examination of their rings of annual growth.

Four Hundred Feet Tall.

The tallest Sequoia of the Coast is now prostrate, the "Father of the Forest," belonging to the Mammoth Grove. How long this giant has lain recumbent none knows. When growing in its primitive majesty it exceeded 400 feet in height, with a circumference of 110 feet. Standing alone and apart from other trees, it rose a majestic pillar for 200 feet without a limb. In falling it struck against and partially demolished "Old Hercules," another ancient rival in size. The trunk of the "Father of the Forest" lies a huge hollow cylinder, predatory fires having eaten out its heart wood. In this great pipe a tall man can ride direct on horseback a distance of 80 feet.

Mr. J. M. Hutchings, in "In the Heart of the Sierras," thus describes another fallen Big Tree, in the Stanislaus Grove:

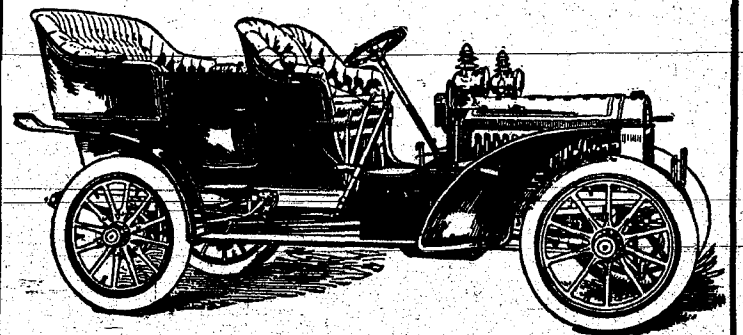
"The Canal Boat," as its name implies, is a prostrate tree, the upper side and heart of which have been burnt away, so that the remaining portion resembles a huge boat, in the bottom of which thousands of young Big Trees have started out in life, and, if no accident befalls them, in a thousand or two years hence they may be respectable-sized trees. "Noah's Ark" is another prostrate shell, hollow for 150 feet, through which for 60 feet three horsemen could ride abreast."

Save These American Wonders.

None of the giant trees of the tropics, the cottonwoods, the baobabs, or the eucalyptus of Australia compare in actual size and majesty with the magnificent Sequoia Gigantea of California. Rearing their high heads to heaven and looking down on the making of world history four, if not five, thousand years, it seems a pity and a shame that the hand of commerce should now lay these giants low. Every specimen of the Big Tree, and there are but a few groves left, should be protected by the Government for future generations to gaze upon and wonder. That the lumbering and timbering of these living monuments of a long-gone age should be allowed is little short of a crime. Trees that stood in full vigor when Christ walked the earth must surely awake a sentiment to appeal for their protection from sordid destruction.

OLDS MOBILES THE CAR THAT GOES

Highest Workmanship. Lowest Prices.



Cars for Immediate Delivery.

Olds Motor Works
DETROIT, MICH.

Admiral Togo a Lobster.

The story is told of Baron Komura that he evidently made a slip of his tongue when he spoke at a dinner a short time ago in calling Admiral Togo a lobster. Now to an American a lobster is very far from being a friendly name to call such a hero as Togo has proved to be. This was called to the Baron's attention when the statement

"Always Leave Them Laughing When You Say Good-Bye."

Tropical Conditions.

"Her father kicked you out, did he? I thought you said you'd make him come to terms?"
"So I did—heated terms. You should have heard them."

It Was Marry or Go to Work.

"George, dear," said the homely, happy little bride who had half a million in her own right, "why did you ever marry such an ugly girl as I?"
"You may not be a beauty, dear," answered the truthful George, "but you're worth your weight in gold; besides, I either had to marry or find something to do."

A Natural Scarecrow.

A farmer recently paid a visit to a neighbor and as he passed along by the side of the fields he made a mental note of the fact that no scarecrows were visible. Meeting his neighbor almost immediately, he opened conversation as follows:

"Good morning, Mr. Oates. I see you have no scarecrows in your fields. How do you manage to do without them?"
"Oh, well enough" was the innocent reply. "You see, I don't need 'em for I'm in the fields all day myself."

Reflections of a Bachelor.

From the New York Press.
Sometimes a man is so smart that he can save money even if he is married.

Family life is nearly always contented when the family is asleep. All old maids know how to teach mothers how to raise their children and young wives how to manage their husbands.

Saving money is a lot of fun for your heirs.

You can tell when a girl is not engaged by the way she pretends to be, and when a man is married by the way he pretends not to be.

A woman's idea of fortune tellers is to keep on going to them until she strikes one that she just knows tells her the truth because it is what she wants to hear.

A man has more principle, but a woman more conscience.

SOME AFTER THOUGHTS.

The writers of current history tell us that Mr. Rockefeller did not begin to accumulate money until he had passed the age of thirty-five. When it is considered how little of it he has left for the rest of us, we can all congratulate ourselves that he didn't get an earlier start.

The price of meat has advanced twenty-five per cent. in Germany during the last six months, according to constant reports. The trusts are rather slow over there in copying American methods.

The Government Mint at Philadelphia is closed on the ground that "there is no demand for gold or silver coin." Surely, there are some sections of the country which have not been heard from on this point.

"What," asks the Boston Globe, "shall we do for our poor who work for \$1.50 a day?" The Washington Post says he ought to get it.

The Tobacco Trust makes the claim that the consumption of cigarettes has nearly doubled in Indiana since that State passed an anti-cigarette law. It's a little curious then why the Trust should be fighting the law.

"We are overrun by fads," says Professor Ross, of the University of Nebraska. The Professor is not at all in the progress of events. The automobile is no longer a fad.

The peace envoys studiously and deliberately evaded the question as to whether it should be judged Korea or Corea.

Editor Bok, of the Ladies Home Journal, says that the men—dress "pleasers." There are others that assert that they dress to anger other women.

Has the pedestrian any rights left? asks the Syracuse Post. He has one—the right to choose whether he shall be run down by a trolley car or an automobile.

The Chicago labor unions have taken up the question of a 44-year age limit, and intend to fight for it. The time will come when men will be more anxious to conceal their ages than women.

Since the extra session of Congress has been called off, there will be no wrangling over the subject of additional mileage for Congressmen.

The Massachusetts police force is out looking for a woman who left her happy home, taking with her a mongrel dog, 13 puppies, a cat and 4 kittens, a parrot and 2 sheep.

Mr. Witte states that Russia "has little resemblance to other countries." The other countries will not probably be aggrieved that such is the case.

Russell Sage, the New York multi-millionaire money lender, says he expects to be 100. Mr. Sage wants to be personally quoted at par.

It is a very fortunate thing that Mr. Rockefeller has outside investments, as his annual dividends from the Standard Oil Company amount to only \$16,000,000.

Mr. Charles Schwab is visiting Europe to "learn how to build the best ships in the world." Judging from recent war experiences, he will not get much useful information from Russia and Spain. It may be, however, that the Russian and Spanish ships themselves were all right.

THE WILD MUSK OX.

A STRANGE ANIMAL OF THE POLAR REGIONS WHICH DIES IN TEMPERATE CLIMES.

Attempts of "Buffalo" Jones, Lieut. Peary and Others to Domesticate It Have Failed.—Has a Shaggy Coat.

In November, 1901, there arrived in San Francisco a whaler having on board what was then the first musk ox ever brought alive to the United States. It was captured in March of that year at Langston Bay, Alaska, and consigned to Mr. C. F. Perlolet, of Chicago, who sold it to ex-Secretary Whit-



DRAWING OF MUSK OX MADE IN 1878.

ney of the Navy. It was presented to the zoological park of New York City. The desire to capture some specimens of musk oxen and bring them to the United States is of long standing, but all efforts in that direction have failed until the arrival of the one brought by Captain Boelish in 1901. While the habitat of the musk ox is so inaccessible as to make its capture one of great difficulty, yet the greatest obstacle was the opposition of the Indians who warned the party that the



WILD MUSK OXEN IN GREENLAND.

animals must not be taken out of the country alive. It was the belief of the natives that if any musk oxen left the country alive all other animals would die or leave the country and thus the people would perish of hunger. While they offered no objection to the killing of the animals, when they learned that the object of the ex-

pedition was to capture the animals alive; they refused to go on farther.

"Buffalo" Jones an Ox Hunter.

Hon. C. J. Jones, of Topeka, Kans., better known as "Buffalo Jones," has hunted the musk ox and he relates how on one occasion he and his companions had captured alive 5 yearlings out of one herd. The journey homeward with the animals was begun, the men driving the animals, which were all tied to a single rope. On the third day the men awoke to find that the Indians had cut the throat of every musk ox. They were determined that none of these animals should be taken out of the country alive. The Jones party were not willing to return to the hardships first encountered in order to get another herd with the prospect of another loss in the same manner.

Thrives on Scant Rations.

Musk oxen are found in the barren lands of British America, the Parry Archipelago and other lands to the northward of the continent. They prefer rocky, barren ground and mountains where grass and other food are scarce. The musk oxen possess great vitality and endurance, their breasts are as broad and well developed as that of a Norman horse. The meat on the ham extends well down to their hocks. While they vary in length from 6½ feet to 8 feet, they are in appearance much larger, due to the huge mass of woolly hair covering their bodies. General Greely, the explorer, in his government report stated that he came across one which weighed over 1,200 pounds, although he stated that the bulls usually vary from 850 to 500 pounds; the cows weigh about 750 pounds less. The flesh of the musk ox is excellent; in fact, the Greely party owed much of its health to its diet of this sort of flesh.

1902, Commander Peary, the Arctic explorer, brought to the park a small calf which he had captured in northeast Greenland. This little one, however, died within three weeks after its arrival in the United States. But this country can console itself that this side of the globe possesses the only musk oxen that are at present living in a wild state. Every attempt abroad has been a failure to rear this strange animal in captivity, and at the present time probably the total number so living may be counted on the fingers of one hand. A number of the animals have been captured but they do not seem to survive the fluctuating temperatures to which they are not accustomed.

MANUFACTURE OF ANTIQUES.

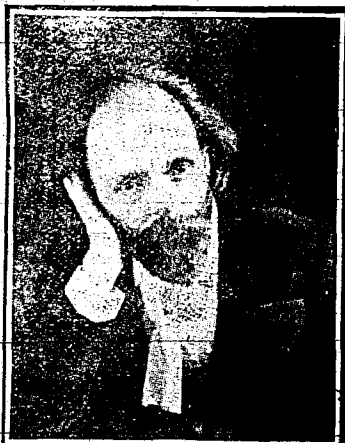
Flourishing Industry, Archaeologist Says, in Wisconsin.

"The manufacture of imitation antiques, especially in the form of copper and flint implements, is quite a prominent industry in Wisconsin, in spite of the fact that it is forced to flourish secretly, and that the Wisconsin Archaeological Society is doing all in its power to put an end to these frauds," according to H. J. Crosby, president of the State Archaeologists. "We have been able to locate a number of men throughout the state who have made a business of manufacturing these imitations, and we have recently secured the promise of one of the men in the interior part of the state that he will go out of the business."

THE PRODIGAL SON.

New Play by Hall Caine, Which Contains a Moral.

Hall Caine's new play, "The Prodigal Son" which had its initial production in Washington on August 28th, contains one scene showing the experience of the prodigal in a gambling house. Mr. Caine had been criticised by those who knew, in that his book on the same subject did not describe this



HALL CAINE.

scene true to life. In order that the play should not be lacking in accuracy of realism the author visited several gambling places on the Riviera. Experienced barcarat players pointed out to Mr. Caine the weaknesses of many points he had brought out and so under the guidance of one of the best known European gamblers and plungers, he visited all the most notorious clubs, casinos and gambling halls at Monte Carlo, and while his aristocratic guide played barcarat Mr. Caine took quiet notes of all that went on.

was made that in Japan the lobster is a sign of good luck; in fact, at wedding feasts miniature papiermache lobsters form an important part of the decorations as a sign of good luck to the young couple. Hence, what Baron Komura meant, when he called Togo a lobster, was that the Admiral had brought good luck to Japan and was her talisman.

A Bear Hunt in Bones.

An interesting group of skeletons may be seen in the museum connected with the University of Rochester, New York, which, as shown in the accompanying illustration from the "Technical World," might be called a skeleton bear hunt, for it not only represents



the bear, but also the hunter mounted on his horse and accompanied by his dog, the work of a clever taxidermist. The attitude of the figures show the bear at bay, standing upright on his hind feet, ready to attack either man or animal. The skeleton on the horse is that of an Indian with spear in hand ready to strike the bear, while his faithful dog is in the act of springing forward to aid his master.

The Pleasure of Work.

From the Washington Star.
"Does your boy, Josh, enjoy work?"
"Yes," answered Farmer Corntassel. "He can sit on the fence and watch people work for hours. I dunno as I ever see anybody that seemed to get more enjoyment out o' work than he does."



SOME PEOPLE HAVE GREATNESS THRUST UPON THEM.

Briefs of the Week

"Memory Day."
Jewish New Year's.
"Heart of Chicago," Oct. 9th.

Lovely weather for September.
Empey Bros. new furniture wagon looks swell.
Newspapers and Magazines fresh from the press, at Coy's.

The summer schedule gave way to the usual winter time card Sunday.

YOKE OF CATTLE FOR SALE—One yoke of cattle, wt. about 3500 lbs., 6-year-old, well broke. Call on or write, E. R. Taylor, Box 142, Ellsworth, Mich.

On account of the Jewish New Year's Holiday observance Wiesman's Store will be closed from 5:30 p. m. this Friday until next Monday morning.

The girls' basket ball team of the Charlevoix High School were defeated at East Jordan Saturday, by a team from that school, the score standing 19 to 6.

This year's peach crop, which was repeatedly killed off last spring, promises to be one of the biggest on record. It is estimated that the Michigan crop will be upwards of 6,000,000 bushels, nearly double that of most former years. An immense grape crop is also being marketed.

J. M. Harris, Judge of Probate, goes to Flint this week to attend the annual meeting of the State Association of Probate Judges. Mr. Harris is to present a paper before the Association, giving a synopsis of the recent decisions of the supreme court, as concerned with the probate courts. —Charlevoix Courier.

Married, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Smatts, in East Jordan the 21st, Mr. Redmond Burr of Central Lake to Miss Stella Smatts of Charlevoix. After a trip to New York on a visit to Mrs. Burr's sister, the home of Mr. and Mrs. Burr will be in Central Lake, where Mr. Burr is employed in the Pere Marquette station.

The Percheron Stallion, "Louis Le Blanc," died last Sunday morning of heart disease and with it went \$2400 in horse flesh. The Stallion was a fine steel gray, weighed 2000 lbs., and was purchased last April by a local stock company of Selby and Montague of Mt. Morris. An insurance of \$1000 was carried on the animal but through error in supposing that the insurance expired Oct. 12th instead of Sept. 12th as it did, the stockholders are out that amount and the insurance company so much ahead. The gentlemen who were the losers are: John Fitzgerald, Wm. Bennett, Fred Colburn, John Swaden, August Lew, David Gaunt, John Cramer, James Myers, George Kenay, Solou Barnes, Wm. Thompson.

Coy's for Chocolates.
New lot of Clothing at Boosinger Bros.

Hammocks strictly at Cost at Whittington's.
E. J. Crossman was a Cincinnati visitor, recently.

Carl Whiteford, U. S. A., is here visiting his parents.
Fred Whittington is at Ann Arbor, taking up U. of M. work.

Coy's Swiss Milk Chocolates are the finest and freshest in town.
Mrs. E. C. Plank is entertaining Mrs. S. C. Fell of Petoskey.

James Palmeter is entertaining a brother, Wm. F., of Windsor.
Miss Hattie Hunt of Chicago is guest of her mother, Mrs. Von Dell.

Mrs. E. A. Jefferies and infant son Ellison, were guests at D. C. Love-day's a few days last week.
The Presbyterian Ladies' Aid Society meet with Mrs. Stanley Bush next Friday afternoon, Oct. 6th.

Chaddock District School commences next Monday the fall term. Miss Lou A. Rice has charge of the school again this year.

Mrs. J. J. Pfender of Brown City was a business visitor in our city this week, and, while here, was guest of Mrs. Wm. Johnson.

G. R. & I. annual excursion to Detroit, Toledo, Chicago and Grand Rapids, Tuesday, October 3. To Richmond, October 10.

The Kimball residence recently owned by Sage, is now occupied by Wm. Vought, bookkeeper for Waterman & Price, and family.

Empey Bros. sold a bill of furniture to Central Lake parties of \$250 Sept. 25th. Pretty good for East Jordan, the only place to buy furniture.

E. J. & S. Annual South Bound Excursion Oct. 3rd., will sell tickets as follows: \$4.00 to Grand Rapids; \$5.00 to Saginaw, Detroit, Toledo, La Cross; \$6.00 to Chicago.

Chew's Restaurant closed this week for the winter. Mr. and Mrs. Chew having decided that the double task of running a farm and restaurant was too much for them and came to the wise conclusion to stick to the farm.

The two barrels sent to Shell Creek N. Dakota Indian School (the contents which was mostly contributed by the school children in East Jordan) has been received. Words of praise has come back that it was the best missionary barrel ever sent there. Everything was in such good condition and so useful for those people. We wish to express our gratitude to all who helped to make so many happy hearts, as we are sure it will when they receive the many useful and pleasing articles sent, and which was so willingly given when the plea was made for same. Mrs. W. S. Smith.

Wedding Rings at Maek's.
Miss Blanche Robertson is a Chicago visitor.

George Otis was here from Milwaukee this week.
"Heart of Chicago," at Loyeday Opera House, Oct. 9th.

For the Largest and Best Variety of Smokes in town, go to Coy's.
Mr. and Mrs. Carl Andrews returned first of the week from their Chicago trip.

Boosinger Bros. have received another large consignment of that artistic clothing.
Frank Martinek and wife were among those over from Central Lake to take in the Fair.

Our entire stock of Wall Paper is being closed out at 25 per cent. off. — C. H. Whittington.
J. Leahy the optician will soon be here. See his ad in this issue, it may mean much to you.

The Oliver Labadie show troupe gave three creditable performances at Loyeday Opera House this week.
The E. J. & S. have arranged for solid vestibuled coaches for their annual south bound excursion this year.

Mrs. Bergman has a bed-spread that became mixed in her washings. She would be pleased to return it to the owner.

A number of friends gave Mrs. J. W. Rogers a surprise party last Saturday evening in honor of her birthday anniversary.

On account of a Jewish Holiday The Boston Store will be closed from this week Friday evening until Monday morning.

FOR SALE: Ten copies of "Appletons Annual Cyclopaedia," bound in sheepskin and in excellent condition. See Mrs. W. C. HAIRE.

G. R. & I. annual excursion to Detroit, Toledo, Chicago and Grand Rapids, Tuesday, October 3. To Richmond, October 10.

The East Jordan Harness Co. has only two Open Buggies (runabouts) left which they will sell at actual cost. Don't wait or you will miss a bargain.

East Jordan may not be surprised to see people here from surrounding towns to buy Furniture. We certainly have got the largest Furniture Store in Northern Michigan and, according to all accounts, the lowest prices.

E. J. & S. South Bound Excursion this year connects with the Petoskey special and does not leave East Jordan until 7:30 a. m.

Booker Washington is a philosopher. He told the negro business men in session in New York that "the best way to solve the race problem is for each man to solve his own problems. The true way out of difficulty for either white men or black men has been and always will be to 'dig out.'"

A northbound freight train on the G. R. & I. was going down a long grade one mile from Boyne Falls Tuesday when it collided headon with a freight train which was switching in the Boyne Falls yards. The two engines, both of the largest size on the road, were smashed to pieces. Twenty cars were destroyed, four of them burning. The fire exploded several barrels of alcohol, with which one of the cars was loaded. The explosions could be heard for miles. Levi Hill, of Grand Rapids, in charge of northbound engine, No. 79, jumped, and escaped death by a narrow margin. His fireman also jumped and received slight injuries. The crew of No. 28 also escaped. The grade upon which the accident occurred is nine miles long with a fall of one and one-half per cent. Brakes were set on the northbound train, but slipped. Traffic was badly delayed by the wreck, trains being sent around by Petoskey and Kalkaska.

Note E. J. & S. Annual Excursion this year leaves East Jordan at 7:30 instead of 8:00 o'clock as in previous years.

WILSON.
Wm. Saunders has been quite ill the past few days.

Bert Price came over and got his Corn Shredder one day last week.
Max Ostenburg's little girl has recovered from her recent illness.

Farmers are busy putting in fall grain and harvesting their late crops.
Mr. and Mrs. Bert Price and daughter visited at Joe Sutton's on Sunday last.

Miss Myrtle Isaman visited her sister, Mrs. Vester Garberson in Boyne City several days recently.

Miss Ruby Shephard is taking Miss Grace Nowland's place at the Cushman House in Boyne for a few weeks.

A good attendance at Wilson Grange last Saturday evening. The following delegates were elected to attend the County Convention to be held at Boyne River, Oct. 3rd., Mr. and Mrs. George Todd, Rochford Brintnall and John Isaman.

High School Notes

East Jordan and Central Lake played foot ball at the Fair Grounds Thursday afternoon, East Jordan losing 11 to 0. The Central Lake team was much heavier than ours, and not a High School team. Then they objected to our putting subs in for the second half. After a waste of much time, however, they consented to allow us to put one in. The scores were made in the first half, the second one, by mere chance. In passing the ball there was a fumble, it went into the air, and a Central Lake player carried it to their goal. Our players did good work, doing most of the playing, and holding the larger men well. We'll have a winning team yet.

The East Jordan High School Basketball team played Charlevoix Saturday, and won the game 19 to 6. The return game is to be played Saturday next at Charlevoix.

Extemporaneous Class Program.
Debate "Resolved that capital punishment should be abolished. Affirmative: Bert Sheldon, Otto Mc Kee, Harold Turner, Eva Mackey. Negative: Margaret Hoyt, Dan Seymour, Nell Camp, Howard Porter.

Speech, "Habits" May Stewart. Speech, "Why Were the Japanese Peace Terms so Easy?" Nell Mad daugh.

Moved and seconded that we adjourn. Carried.
Nell Maddaugh.
Secretary.

Lyceum Program.
Song, School Solo, Flora Haire; Debate, "Resolved that Europe has more resources than America"; Instrumental, Bertha Shier.

Wednesday and Thursday afternoons the students were freed from school duties and went to the Fair.

Old papers for sale at this office.
Musical Instruments of all kinds at Maek's Jewelry Store.

Closing out Sale of Hammocks now on at Whittington's.
Take your Watch, Clock and Jewelry repairing to Maek, the Jeweler. Work promptly done and fully guaranteed.

\$5.00 to Detroit and Toledo, \$6.00 to Chicago, \$4.00 to Grand Rapids on G. R. & I. annual excursion, October 3rd. \$5.00 to Richmond, Oct. 10th. Ask local agent about it.

E. A. Lewis has a large stock of Masons Cans of all sizes.

Backache is never known to those persons who take an occasional dose of Pineules. The value of the resin obtained from the Pine tree has long been recognized in the treatment of diseases of the bladder and kidneys. One dose of Pineules will give relief, and one bottle will cure. Sold by Warne's Pharmacy.

E. J. & S. excursion to Detroit, Toledo, Chicago, Saginaw and Grand Rapids Oct. 3rd.

It is difficult to cure a cough or free yourself from the discomforts of a cold unless you move the bowels. Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar acts on the bowels and drives all cold out of the system. For Croup, Whooping cough, Colds, and all Lung and Bronchial affections, no remedy is equal to the original Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar. A Liquid Cold Cure. Sold by Warne's Pharmacy.

Boys will be Boys

And it's a Problem to Shoe them.
We have the

Footwear

that stands the racket with plenty of comfort thrown in.

The Hirth-Krause Hard Knock Shoes

Knocks the spots off any other make of Shoes for the money.

Made of specially tanned, wear-defying leather—with good, stout soles.

Built on foot forms that are natural and trim.

If you can't bring him, send your boy to us.

Yours to please,
HUDSON,
EXCLUSIVE SHOE DEALER.

Our New Line of Fall Goods

Are beginning to arrive. A large shipment was received this week. Call and look them over at once and have the first pick.

The quality is excellent and the prices are so low that you can't resist the temptation to buy.

J. L. WIESMAN

LEADER OF LOW PRICES.

EMPEY BROS. GRAND FURNITURE OPENING

Our New Brick Block is completed, and it is modern in every sense of the word. We shall occupy 8,000 Square feet of Room

To handle our Mammoth Stock of Furniture. Our goods having been bought by the Carload, and Strictly for Cash, we believe we are in a position to give you better value for your money than you can get elsewhere.

You will be amply rewarded, while in the city, to call in and look over our stock, and note our very Low Prices. You will have our careful attention, and it will be a pleasure to us to show you through our beautiful stores and mammoth stock of Furniture, regardless of whether you purchase or not. Our Souvenir, too, is very useful in your homes.

Let Everybody Call In.

You will be welcome. You will be more than pleased. You will be amply repaid.

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E. A. LEWIS Staple and Fancy Grocers.

Canned Peaches, Pears, Raspberries, Strawberries, Blackberries and Pineapples.
BREAKFAST FOODS: Cream of Wheat, Maple Flake, Shredded whole Wheat, Malta Vita, Grape Nut, Puffed Rice, Rolled Oats, Nudylene and Avena, Fine Line of Cookies.
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Tuesday, 7:15 p. m.
Thursday, 7:15 p. m.
Touching at Ludington, Ar. Milwaukee 6:30 a. m. Mondays and 6:00 a. m. Wednesdays and Fridays. Lv. Milwaukee Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 8:00 p. m., arriving next morning at 5:00 at Ludington and 7:30 a. m. at Manistee.
J. O. NESSEN, Gen. Mgr. Manistee, Mich.

Detroit & Charlevoix R-R

Time Schedule in effect Sunday, Sept. 3rd, 1905.
Going East Stations Going West
A. M. Leave Arrive P. M.
9:00 East Jordan 5:30
9:20 Wards 5:00
9:25 Jordan River 4:55
9:30 Graves' Camp 4:50
9:40 Green River 4:40
10:50 Alha 4:20
11:40 Deward 3:30
12:25 Frederic 2:45
CLARK HAIRE, General Manager.

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Promptly obtained or no fee. Write for our CONFIDENTIAL LETTER before applying for patent; it is worth money. We obtain PATENTS THAT PAY, and help inventors to succeed. Send model, photo or sketch, and we send IMMEDIATE FREE REPORT ON PATENTABILITY. 23 years' practice. Registered Patent Lawyers. Write or come to us at 505-507, 7th St., WASHINGTON, D. C.

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Built entirely upon merit. Medium priced.
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\$5,000

Reward will be paid to any person who can find one atom of opium, chloral, morphine, cocaine, ether or chloroform in any form in any of Dr. Miles' Remedies.

This reward is offered because certain unscrupulous persons make false statements about these remedies. It is understood that this reward applies only to goods purchased in the open market, which have not been tampered with in any way.

Dr. Miles' remedies cure by their soothing, nourishing, strengthening and invigorating effects upon the nervous system, and not by paralyzing and weakening the nerves as would be the case if these drugs were used.

For this reason Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are universally considered the best pain remedy. I have suffered for 25 years with severe pains in my head, heart and back, and have tried everything I could get and could not find any relief until I got a box of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. I suffered as long as 12 hours at a time with such severe pains that I feared I would lose my mind. The Anti-Pain Pills gave me relief in from 10 to 20 minutes. I do not have to use Morphine any more. I wish you would publish this so that other sufferers may find relief."

R. F. D. No. 6, WALKER, Ind.
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the true package will benefit. If it fails he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

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When in need of anything in my line call in and see me.
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Practical Horseshoeing and General Blacksmithing
All kinds of wood repair work done promptly.
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A Day Medicine for Tea People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A Specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Neuritis. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form. 35 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister, Halsey Company, Madison, Wis.

EOZEMA

the most reliable cases cured with "Hermit" Salve, guaranteed. All druggists and Post Free. Hermit Remedies Co., Chicago, Ill.

NEW SHORT STORIES

Dr. Peck Obeded the Law.
The late Rev. Dr. J. O. Peck, so well known in the Methodist church, was an admirer of consistency. When preparing for college he attended a co-educational school, the old Newbury seminary in Vermont, where very strict rules were laid down to regulate the association of the sexes.

One morning as he reached the entrance to the campus, a young lady also arrived from the opposite direction, and at the same moment a drenching shower began. Young Peck had an umbrella, but the lady had none, so he gallantly held his over her head until he left her at the ladies' entrance to the chapel.

Being called to account for this, Peck replied: "No wrong was intended, but I could not see the lady get wet when I could prevent it. Neither did I wish to get drenched myself, so saw no other way but to share my umbrella with her."

"But," remonstrated the grave professor, "do you not know, Mr. Peck,



THEY WALKED TEN FEET APART.

that ladies and gentlemen while students at this seminary are not allowed to walk together without permission from some member of the faculty?"

"I do, sir. But allow me to ask if a lady and gentlemen thus chance to meet on their way to the seminary how far apart they must walk not to infringe upon this rule?"

"Really—ahem—I should say ten feet at the least."

An exchange of notes between Mr. Peck and the young lady caused the two to reach the campus entrance the following morning at the same moment, and Peck was carrying in his hand a ten foot pole. Politely handing one end of the pole to her, he carried the other, and thus they went to chapel. —Boston Herald.

Blind Man Who Tells the Time.

Charles Bohannan of Taylorsville is totally blind. Light and darkness are the same to him, but he makes his certain way about the streets with the aid of a cane and sometimes puts to shame men possessed of two good optics. The other day Charlie visited the county jail. After talking awhile he pulled out his watch, an ordinary gold timepiece with a double case, held it in his hands a moment in the usual way and then snapped it shut, with a sigh of relief.
"Well, it's time for me to start home," he remarked.
"What time is it, Charlie?" he was asked quizzically.
"One minute to 3," was the prompt response.
Every watch in the crowd except Charlie's came into view. It required longer for the men with good eyes to verify Charlie's observation than it did for him to ascertain the time, but he was declared correct almost to the second.
"Goodby!" And he was off without waiting to hear the discussion his feat had precipitated. — Louisville Courier-Journal.

A Story of Jefferson.

New York still has at least one of its old time firms of booksellers, the sort of business house which is law unto itself and alters not the law to suit the convenience of any one, however great, says the New York Times. Joseph Jefferson had been a customer of this firm for years, but had never seen either of its members, who may just as well be called Jones & Smith as anything else. One day Jefferson called at the shop, his errand being to protest against a long delay in delivering some books he had ordered. The old gentleman arrived in a very irate state of mind, but soon cooled off when he observed the pained expression of the shopkeeper.

"You understand," said the veteran, "that I don't wish to be offensive to you. It is your confounded firm I am complaining of. If you are Jones, I say confound Smith. If you are Smith, I say confound Jones. I don't mean to be personal at all."

The Only City.

An amusing story of Hans von Bulow, the famous German pianist and conductor, is contained in the volume of his letters that has just been issued in Germany. After a very successful appearance which he made at a concert in Chicago he came forward in acknowledgment of the applause. Beaming on the audience he began: "After all, ladies and gentlemen, there is only one city"—here he was interrupted by a prolonged burst of applause. When there was a lull he concluded, "and that is—New York!" —Harper's Weekly.

CHICKENS DYING?

No use letting chickens die from Cholera, Gapes and Roup, when the worst cases can be cured so easily and quickly with **CREWSO POULTRY POWDER**.
Crewso Poultry Powder is a TONIC—just what chickens need. It makes chicks grow rapidly; keeps them healthy and makes early layers.

"We lost 100 chicks from Cholera. Tried all kinds of poultry foods and remedies without a cure. The Crewso Poultry Powder you expressed to us stopped the plague and cured the balance of our flock." —A. N. Overmier, Ulsaca, Mich., R. P. D. No. 3.

SOLD ON A GUARANTEE

Hot weather brings lice. Lice kill the chicks and torture the grown fowls. Get rid of these pests with **HARTER'S LICE KILLER**. Sold in large either top cans at 50c. It never fails.

2 pound PACKAGE 25 cents

Feed **RANCH FOOD** to horses, cattle, sheep and hogs. Positively cures Diarrhea and Pinkeye in horses. It cures and restores the appetite and revivifies, and rejuvenates the entire animal system.

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PERE MARQUETTE RAILROAD

Chicago \$6.00 Toledo \$5.00
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Tickets good to return until October 13th, inclusive. See posters or ask local agent.

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Sash Doors
Mouldings
Turned Work and
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Be Sure and Call at the Factory of
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VARICOCELE NERVOUS DEBILITY CURED

If you have transgressed against the laws of nature, you must suffer. Youthful ignorance, later excesses and nervous diseases have wrecked thousands of promising lives. Treat with scientific physicians and be cured. Avoid quacks. E. A. Sidney, of Toledo, says: "At an early age I was the victim of youthful complaints. I treated with a dozen doctors, who all promised to cure me. They got my money and I still had the disease. I had given up hope when a friend advised me to consult Drs. K. & K., who had cured him. Without any confidence I called on them, and Dr. Kennedy agreed to cure me or no pay. After taking the New Method Treatment for six weeks I felt like a new man. The weakness ceased, worry veins disappeared, nerves grew stronger, hair stopped falling out, urine became clear and my physical system vitalized. I was entirely cured by Dr. Kennedy and his compound from the bottom of my heart."

We Treat and Cure Blood Diseases, Varicocele, Stricture, Nervous Debility, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

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CURED OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE.
Mr. Robert G. Burke, Elmore, Saratoga Co., N. Y., writes—I am glad to have an opportunity of telling what magnificent results I have had from using FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE after having tried other advertised medicines and several physicians. Before I began it I had to get up from 15 to 20 times each night to relieve my bladder. I was all mixed up with dropsy and my eyesight was so impaired that I could scarcely see one of my family across the room. In fact, I was so badly used up that I had given up hope of living when I was urged by a friend to try FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE. One 50-cent bottle worked wonders, and before I had taken the third bottle the superfluous flesh had gone, as well as all other symptoms of Kidney trouble. My friends were surprised that I was cured, as they all thought I was going to die. Every few days some one comes from this camp to tell the name of the wonderful medicine that cures the worst case of Bright's Disease, and not one that has tried it has failed to be benefited.

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