





There is popular distrust of the proposition to monkey with the prairie crop.

President Stillman said any banker is likely to make an error. Aunt Cassie Chadwick agrees.

It's an ill wind that blows good to nobody. The "glass-put-in" man will have plenty to do for a while in Russia.

An English clergyman says that meat makes man immoral. This may explain why the trust is boosting the price.

Sir Henry Irving's son is to play in "Hamlet." May he never be troubled by the apparition of his father's ghost!

It is fortunate for the Oberlin students, perhaps, that Mrs. Chadwick don't sign Russell Sage's name to those notes.

A Pittsburg teacher notes that college professors are paid less than many cooks. Well, perhaps the cooks are really experts.

Watches are now made only an eighth of an inch thick. Your pocket book looks thin; too, after you have paid for one of them.

A leading critic says: "Few of the poets are new working at their trade." How does he know, since the real poets are always dead?

New York's glided youths have calligraphers for their dogs. Thus a hostess knows at once which to address when they are ushered in.

Pennycuik of Pennsylvania says he believes the devil is an editor. This shows that a very small reason may sometimes totter on his throne.

New York dealers in automobiles report the sale of over 100,000,000 worth of their machines in the last two weeks. The gasoline age is upon us.

J. Pierpont Morgan has bought King Leopold's interest in a Chinese railroad. It is pretty safe to say that Leopold didn't soak anybody on the deal.

It is found that Mrs. Chadwick's assets amount to about \$100,000. Foolish woman. Think of the fun she might have had with that much money.

The fact that a silver dollar of the vintage of 1894 recently brought \$1,100 in Chicago will bring tears to the eyes of the man who last blew it in at its face value.

When a woman gets in love you can't make her believe all men are alike, and when she has been married ten years you can't make her believe that they are not.

This "eridiascope" that makes a laughing man as big as a but may make the feminine bathing suit look as big as a handkerchief. But the machine looks like a cook stove.

A California professor has invented a logic machine, which on being fed with major and minor premises gives the correct conclusion. Congress would have no use for it.

A Chicago man is supporting his nineteen children and their mother on an income of \$9 a week. When it comes to expert financing there is something worthy of study.

A good deal of tin is made of the female bargain buttons, but it is just this class which saves many a man from misery by making the ends meet and a little more. Manchester Mirror.

There is a man in Brooklyn who has a gold brick worth real money. There are such gold bricks, but they are about as rare as the consciences that will not let its owner dodge his taxes.

A Cleveland editor advertises the loss of a diamond scarf pin and diamond watch charm. As editors are supposed to live the simple life, the question is, Where did he get those trinkets?

A girl in Tampa was wooed and won by mail but she backed out when the would-be bridegroom called. It is a sad fact that a good many men make their best appearance through the postoffice.

This story that Betty Green has a doubtless for her lunch every day should be discarded. Probably some enemy is trying to spread the notion that she is leading a life of reckless self-indulgence.

Thousands of children in New York have no breakfast at home before leaving for school. It was a wise missionary who said he could not convert a hungry man, and we listen to hear a teacher apply his words to another field.

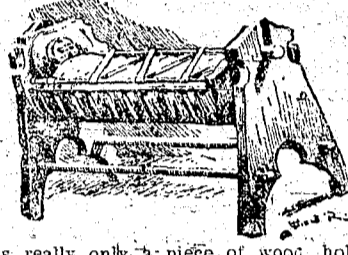
According to census bureau statistics telephone users in the United States increased "Hello Central" 5,070,554,553 times last year. The census bureau has failed to gather statistics showing how many times central replied: "The line is busy!"

FOR YOUNG FOLKS



The Dog. The dog is a funny animal. Domesticated kind. The white he wears his teeth before. He wears his smile behind. This seems quite paradoxical. Quite waggish—you won't fail. To note how'er a canine's smile is just a wagging tail. I used to know a little dog. Who smiled on me each night. When I returned from my day's work His tail wagged with delight. He was a joyous, happy dog—I chronicled with pain. The fact he lost his tail one day. He never smiled again. Oh, children, all be good to dogs. And to my warning bark; Don't twist their tails—nor draw their pups; 'Tis wrong to wreck a bark; Don't look a big dog in the eye (Your courage well might fail). To learn if he thinks well of you Watch if he wags his tail. —Houston Post.

Some Queer Cradles. A cradle. Well, perhaps you might not call it that, but the little Lapp baby is quite satisfied with it. Not only his nights but his days as well are spent in this funny cradle, which



is really only a piece of wood, hollowed out and shaped like a boat. He has nothing but dry moss to lie on, and no clothes whatever to cover his little naked body, but he is as cozy as possible under the soft moss and warm reindeer skin which his careful mother spreads over him. Generally, he is hung up by cords to the side of the hut, or rather his cradle is, but sometimes it is tied on his mother's back. When the family start on a journey it is swung on the horns of a reindeer, and the baby has a good time, and sees all the sights. The little Eskimo lives and sleeps in his mother's fur hood. He, too, wears no clothes, but is quite warm in the soft fur. When he becomes stronger he crawls up and peeps out. Some Russian cradles are made of wood or braided rushes, lined inside and out with skins. These have lids which are left open in summer and closed in winter. Baby might smother in these quarters were it not for the little skin covered hole in the top, which the mother opens once in a while to let in the necessary fresh air. There are other kinds of Russian cradles. Some, like baskets, may be set on the ground; others hang on the walls, and still others the mothers carry about the fields as they do their work. These last have canopies over them to shade them from the sun. The little Comanche pappoose has only a straight piece of bearskin, laced up with a little piece sewed into the foot, to spend its first days in, yet it never complains. The little Sioux has a much finer resting place, but even less comfortable, in my opinion. It is a wooden frame, painted yellow and studded with brass nails. To tiffs he is strapped down tight. Above him is hung a wooden hoop, with little bells, feathers, bright pieces of tinsel, and rags. These are his playthings. A great turtle shell is the cradle for some South California babies. When a few months old the baby is placed astride its mother's shoulders, its legs hanging down in front.

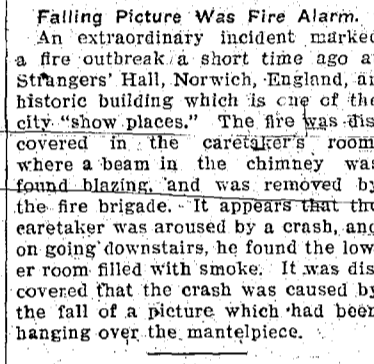
With Bottle and Goblet. Tell your company that you have a bottle and a goblet, both full to the brim of water, and that you are going to empty the goblet by means of the bottle without taking a drop of water from the latter. This is the way to prepare for it. With a red hot wire bore two holes through a cork and into them insert two straws, one of them extending above the cork as high as the goblet is deep, the other about twice as high. Now, with a little kneaded bread or wax close the upper end of the shorter straw and then force the cork into the mouth of the bottle until the water spurts out through the longer straw. Meanwhile you have the goblet of water on the table near you, and also a basin or bowl and a pair of scissors. Hold the goblet over the basin with your left hand, and with your right turn the bottle upside down, putting the shorter straw inside the goblet. As you do this have some one take the scissors and cut off the closed end of the shorter straw. Water will at once begin to run out of the longer straw into the basin, and will continue to run until the goblet is empty. You must, of course, hold the bottle so that the short straw will reach down to the bottom of the goblet. This is simply the operation of a siphon.

Game of Hen, Chickens and Hawks. As many boys and girls as choose can play in this game at one time. One player is picked out to act as hen. Another of the same size and weight is selected to be the hawk.

The player representing the hen puts a red handkerchief around his head, if he can get one, or in absence of such a thing, he trusses his coat up behind with a piece of string to represent the short, perky tail of a hen. The player who represents the hawk covers his head with a black or white handkerchief, and swings his arms during the game to represent the hawk's pinions. All the other players represent chicks, and children of all ages may join. All the chicks get behind the hen, clustering just as chicks do in a barnyard, and all keep their eyes on the hawk. He must approach the chicks to try to carry off one at a time. The hen must try to head him off, whichever way he may come. The chicks must dodge the hawk in every possible way, but they must also try never to run from behind the shelter of the hen. The hawk naturally tries to "cut out" one of the chicks and chase it away from the hen. Then the hen still trying to keep all the other chicks behind her, tries to save the fleeing chick by interposing. There is lots of chance here for clever tricks and swift play. The more really the players copy the actions of real hawks and chickens, the more interesting the game will be.

Falling Picture Was Fire Alarm. An extraordinary incident marked a fire outbreak a short time ago at Strangers' Hall, Norwich, England, an historic building which is one of the city "show places." The fire was discovered in the caretaker's room, where a beam in the chimney was found blazing, and was removed by the fire brigade. It appears that the caretaker was aroused by a crash, and on going downstairs, he found the lower room filled with smoke. It was discovered that the crash was caused by the fall of a picture which had been hanging over the mantelpiece.

Pretty Valentine Idea. This little courtier presents his lady love with flowers on St. Valentine's day. Paint the whole valentine as faintly as you can. The ribbon around the edge may be colored differently on the two sides. Cut it out and paste on a larger sheet of paper or cardboard, and you have a valentine any one will be delighted to get.



Seal Wandered Far Inland. While going the round of his house, a short time ago, John MacDonald, Glendale, Scotland, shepherd to the Congested Districts Board, discovered a seal high up among the hills, and at a distance of about a mile from the nearest arm of the sea. The animal, which was exceptionally large, and

spotlessly white, resented the interruption of the shepherd and his canine followers. A fierce combat ensued, and as the seal persistently refused to surrender, the brave shepherd was reluctantly obliged to give it the happy despatch. What induced the clumsy amphibian to wander so far from its native element it is difficult to surmise. It is hinted that the presence of such an unusual visitant among the insular hills portends some grave public calamity or revolution.

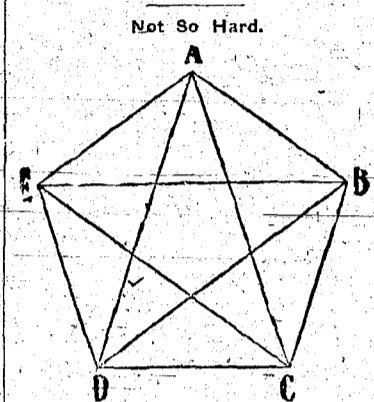
Queen Tidbits. How many of you have ever tasted cakes of ants? No, not the kind made by ants, but with ants. The children of other countries are as fond of cakes made of these insects as the New England boys and girls are of crullers. In Africa the natives wash the ants and fry them in butter very much as we would fritters. These cakes are regarded as great delicacies, and in that land are said to taste like nuts. In India ants are mixed in a batter and baked like cookies. In Brazil ants are grilled and the people eat them like marrons (chestnuts). The Romans gathered white worms from the leaves and trees of the acacia plant and cooked them. These worms were eaten alive by some Australian tribes, who say they taste like eggs. The Chinese fatten the white worms found on cabbage by feeding them apples and bananas. This diet is supposed to give them a better flavor. Little peasant children in remote parts of Europe catch bees, pull them apart, and suck the honey. They think if candy is flying about in the air they might as well help themselves to it. Magnanimous Victor. This is a story of a spelling class in China: The youngest of the children had, by hard study, contrived to keep his place so long that he seemed to claim it by right of possession. Growing too self-confident, however, he relaxed his efforts, and one day missed a word, which was immediately spelled by the boy standing next to him. The face of the victor expressed the triumph he felt, yet he made no move toward taking the place, and when urged to do so, firmly refused, saying: "No, me not go; me not make Ah Fun's heart sorry." That was even better than the apology by Whittier's little friend, who was sorry she spelled the word, and hated to go above him—but went Golden Rule.



A VALENTINE TO PAINT. This little courtier presents his lady love with flowers on St. Valentine's day. Paint the whole valentine as faintly as you can. The ribbon around the edge may be colored differently on the two sides. Cut it out and paste on a larger sheet of paper or cardboard, and you have a valentine any one will be delighted to get.



Not So Hard. Can you draw this pentagon and its diagonals without taking up your pencil, and without retracing a single line? Queen Tidbits. How many of you have ever tasted cakes of ants? No, not the kind made by ants, but with ants. The children of other countries are as fond of cakes made of these insects as the New England boys and girls are of crullers. In Africa the natives wash the ants and fry them in butter very much as we would fritters. These cakes are regarded as great delicacies, and in that land are said to taste like nuts. In India ants are mixed in a batter and baked like cookies. In Brazil ants are grilled and the people eat them like marrons (chestnuts). The Romans gathered white worms from the leaves and trees of the acacia plant and cooked them. These worms were eaten alive by some Australian tribes, who say they taste like eggs. The Chinese fatten the white worms found on cabbage by feeding them apples and bananas. This diet is supposed to give them a better flavor. Little peasant children in remote parts of Europe catch bees, pull them apart, and suck the honey. They think if candy is flying about in the air they might as well help themselves to it. Magnanimous Victor. This is a story of a spelling class in China: The youngest of the children had, by hard study, contrived to keep his place so long that he seemed to claim it by right of possession. Growing too self-confident, however, he relaxed his efforts, and one day missed a word, which was immediately spelled by the boy standing next to him. The face of the victor expressed the triumph he felt, yet he made no move toward taking the place, and when urged to do so, firmly refused, saying: "No, me not go; me not make Ah Fun's heart sorry." That was even better than the apology by Whittier's little friend, who was sorry she spelled the word, and hated to go above him—but went Golden Rule.



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Recalls Lincoln's Death

The death of John F. Coyle, once a well-known newspaper man in New York, at the age of 84 years, recalls a valuable chapter in history which he did not relate until twenty-five years after the assassination of President Lincoln. Coyle was editor of the famous National Intelligencer at Washington during the civil war. He and Ford, who owned the theater where Lincoln was shot, were fast friends. Coyle was arrested three times and badgered mercilessly in an effort to make him tell about the plot, of which he knew nothing except that Booth was his good friend. His innocence of knowledge before the fact was clearly established, and he was finally allowed to go free. Coyle told this story, as he stated, to stop the falsehoods which were circulated about his meeting with Wilkes Booth on the morning of the assassination and about a letter which Booth wrote to him before he fired the fatal bullet. "On the morning of April 14, 1865, I was conversing with Major Thomas Donoho, when Wilkes Booth joined us. Later Booth and I went into a nearby restaurant, and there he said to me: "Suppose Lincoln should be killed or die, what would be the result?" "Johnson would succeed him; there would be no change," I replied. "Then Gov. Seward would come next I believe. All that is provided for by law." "As I remembered it afterward, Booth grew excited and said: "But if

all could be swept away, what then?" "Anarchy and chaos," I said, "but such a thing could never happen. They don't make Brutuses nowadays." "No, no," he replied. "They don't," and abruptly left me. "This conversation made no impression on my mind. That night, while on my way to the offices of the National Intelligencer, I heard of the assassination. Already there was a rumor of a letter having been given by Booth to some one, who was instructed to deliver it to me. The fact, too, of my having been seen with him that morning was generally known and commented upon. It rendered me unpleasantly and dangerously conspicuous during the reign of terror. "It was generally believed that I had received the letter. But that remained a mystery until the winter of 1865, when John Matthews, a well-known actor and my friend, told me that Booth had given him a sealed package and requested him if he did not hear from him to the contrary to deliver it to me on the following day. After the assassination Matthews opened the letter and read it. Upon consideration he burned it. Matthews did not remember the entire text, but he told me that the concluding lines were these: "I know I shall be condemned for my act at the present time, but I am willing to trust to history and posterity for the vindication of my name and motives." "This is the whole story of my meeting with Wilkes Booth and all the knowledge I have of the letter he wrote."

He Knew Memphis Lawyers. Honorable Malcolm Rice Patterson, who represents the Tenth District of Tennessee in the lower house of Congress, and who describes himself in the Congressional Directory as a Democrat by faith and a lawyer by profession, tells a good joke on himself. During the past summer, Mr. Patterson wandered into the interior of his native state, and one morning he drifted into a small township where a friend was holding court. The star performer at the session was a venerable darkey, who had caused the arrest of an equally ancient ciron on charge of having attempted to pilfer his watch. The old man described, dramatically how the two had a few drinks of gin—that his companion had engaged him in earnest conversation and then had attempted to extract his watch and fob. Everything went against the defendant, and he was about to be sent down when Mr. Patterson, with the judge's permission,

asked the old man if he had recovered his watch and if so to produce it in court. The darkey shifted uneasily and then, diving down in his jeans, produced a watch, wrapped in several layers of tissue paper. "Bring the watch here," said Mr. Patterson. "I would like to see it." The old man shambled up to the judge's bench and digging over said, in a perfectly audible voice: "Judge, is that man one of them lawyer fellows from Memphis?" The judge answered in the affirmative. Then the darkey squared around and faced the honorable member of Congress. "Now, you jest looke here, sah," he said, "I ain't a-goin' fur to let you hab my watch; no, sah, not eben for a minute. I think a sight ob dat watch, and my ole massy done give it to me befo' I was done set free. If de judge wants to see it, I'll done give it to him, but there ain't no lawyer man from Memphis goin' to git he's hands on dat watch. No, sah; I done reckon I'd ebber git it back ergain." —Brooklyn Eagle.

Seeing Faults of Others. The only thing that can easily be found where it does not exist is fault. That is, you can easily find it in others. But in yourself, though you be blackened with it, you can't see it so easily. If the other fellow has a fault—and sometimes if he hasn't—you are quick to perceive it. You incessantly find fault with the weather. It is either too warm or too cold, too wet or too dry, too sunny or too cloudy, and you have a good deal to say about it. And the times never suit you. It's either hard times, or else some other people are making too much money by the methods you don't know anything about and so don't approve. Deep in your subconsciousness you are quite sure that money-making which you can't comprehend and can't imitate can't be honest. And the government is all wrong, too, in your opinion. As a matter of fact, you may confess to yourself that you are unable to vote with real discrimination for county sheriff, but you do think you know all about running the national government and settling all international differences. You may be loudly preaching for world-wide peace, when you can't get along amicably with your own wife. You may not be able successfully to run a little corner grocery, but you think you know all about regulating the big trusts. You don't know what are the elements of failure in your own business affairs, but you think you know just exactly what are the faults of the great railroads. The trouble with you is easily diagnosed. It is one of the most common disorders under the sun. You are "far-sighted" in your mental vision. You see only the things that are beyond the reach of your hands and are blind to those that lie about you. See the faults of the other fellow, but not your own. —Atlanta Journal.

One of Life's Tragedies. They found her stark and cold and dead, In that dark prison cell. Neglected and forsaken, And married past tongue to tell. Surrounded by grim spectral shapes That mocked her where she fell. How fared she to this dismal place? How came she here to die? From what sweet, flowered way of youth And girlhood, long gone by. Came she to this barred room or hell Upon these stones to lie? From what white skies to these of gloom, From what bright world and fair, From what dear arms of love to this Grim silence and despair? A blinded thing that blindly groped And in a web was caught? Far back in some white cradle, she Gazed in a mother's eyes, And smiled and lifted dimpled hands In wondering surprise. And in her eyes there was a hint Of yonder azure skies. Then came the dawn of womanhood, And life was rare and sweet. The pathway reaching down the years, Seemed flowered at her feet. A curtain hid this awful scene, This moment of defeat. So came at last the bitter end, And on a bitter night Grim death stalked in unheralded, In majesty of might. Ah! smote the prison house of clay, To give her spirit flight. And what of all her wasted years, With hope once highly fraught? And was she born into this world To suffer and for naught, A blinded thing that blindly groped And in a web was caught? They found her stark and cold and dead, In that dark prison cell. Neglected and forsaken, old And married past tongue to tell. Surrounded by grim spectral shapes That mocked her where she fell. —Chicago Chronicle.

Fist Blow Killed Deer. A few weeks ago, just before I left for Denver, we had venison for dinner which our cook killed with his fist. Game is so plentiful that all one has to do is to stand on his back porch and use a revolver to obtain almost anything in the way of meat that one could wish for. H. W. Lang, vice president of the Denver-Honduras Banana company, was telling of the attractions of his Honduras home. "The manner in which our cook obtained the venison was this," continued Mr. Lang. "We had been having high water in the Ubu river,

which flows through our plantation, and one morning our cook noticed a herd of half a dozen deer swimming across it. He jumped in a canoe, and killed one with a blow of his fist. However, deer are not the only game which we have a chance to try a shot at. "Leopards, alligators, beautiful tropical birds of every description, snakes of wonderful hues, are all numerous. Wild ducks can be secured in plenty—a few hours' shooting brought me fifty the other day, and parrots, which make excellent eating, having much the flavor of squabs, are also plentiful." —Denver Post.



# A Lost Lincoln Monument.

In 1867 It Was Proposed to Erect a National Memorial in Washington in Honor of the Great President—Captured Confederate Cannon Supplied for the Work—No Record Now of the \$100,000 That Was Raised for This Object.

A movement to erect a monument to President Lincoln has recalled the existence and mysterious passing of the National Lincoln Monument association, chartered by act of Congress, March 30, 1867.

The plan was backed by the most prominent men in the country at the time, and \$100,000 was raised by popular subscription. The design for the monument was executed by Clark Mills, the sculptor, a site in front of the Capitol was selected, and captured Confederate cannon were turned over to the association by the war department from which to cast the bronze figures surmounting the pedestal.

But the association and its organizers seem to have vanished into thin air, work on the monument was never even begun, and so far as can be learned the money was never returned.

From 1867 to 1882 the record of the association is clear, but there is absolutely nothing to show what became of it after that date. The list of incorporators submitted to Congress in the former year with the application for a charter included such prominent men as James Harlan, Alexander Ramsey, Schuyler Colfax, Frederick Douglass, Godlove S. Orth, Shelby M.

angular, the base of which and its three groups representing slavery.

"The first presents the slave in his most abject state, as when brought to this country. Here we behold him nude, deprived of all which tends to elevate the heart with any spirit of pride or independence.

"The second represents a less abject stage. He is here partly clad, more enlightened, and hence, realizing his bondage, startles with a love of freedom.

"The third is the ransomed slave, redeemed from bondage by the blood of Liberty, who, having struck off his shackles, holds them triumphantly aloft. The slave is pictured gratefully bowing at her feet.

"Between these groups are three bas-reliefs. The first represents firing on Fort Sumter. The two others represent the secede and house amending the Constitution.

"The second story, first group, represents the members of the cabinet in council, while Seward points toward Europe, as though explaining the importance of the act. The second group, officers of the navy and prominent Union men who stood by the president during the civil war.

"Third, the fall of Richmond, and the surrender of Lee.

he had it all. When the inspector figured out the amount that should be there he went to Lincoln and told him how much cash there should be in the postoffice.

"Well, I guess I have it," said Lincoln, as he drew forth a bundle of money.

"He counted it out and it tallied to a cent to the amount the inspector had found due the government. Lincoln had kept the government's money separate at all times. Although he carried it around with him, as the best method of caring for it, he had never allowed it to become mixed up with his own money. That incident was characteristic of Lincoln. He was scrupulously honest."—Washington Star.

## HELD GREAT RIVAL'S HAT.

Stephen A. Douglas at the Inauguration of Lincoln.

When Lincoln was inaugurated the first time there was one little incident that impressed those who saw it. The president-elect came forward upon the platform prepared at the east front of the capitol, with his natural awkwardness increased by the momentous circumstances of the occasion, and by a gorgeous wardrobe, in which it was evident he felt exceedingly uncomfortable. The stiff dress-coat, vest and pantaloons of black broadcloth were enough of themselves to disturb his mental and physical equilibrium, but to these were added other incumbrances in the shape of a brand new-silk hat and a ponderous gold-headed cane.

The cane he managed to put away in a corner, but the disposition of the hat perplexed him greatly. It was too good to throw away, too fine, as he thought, to rest upon the rough boards, so, for a minute at least, poor Lincoln stood there in the gaze of assembled thousands, grasping the hat desperately and seeking in vain for a safe place to deposit it. Douglas, who sat immediately in the rear, saw the embarrassment of his rival, and rising, took the shining beaver from its sorely bothered owner and held it during the delivery of the inaugural address.

Probably had Stephen A. Douglas been told, five years before, that he

# THE HAND OF LINCOLN.

BY EDMUND CLARENCE STEDMAN.

The subject of this poem is a plaster cast of Abraham Lincoln's hand. It is now in the National Museum at Washington. Atlas, according to the old mythology, was a man on whose shoulders the whole weight of the earth rested. According to the Bible, Anak was the ancestor of a race of giants.



LOOK on this cast, and know the hand  
That bore a nation in its hold;  
From this mute witness understand  
What Lincoln was—how large of mould

The man who sped the woodman's team,  
And deepest sunk the ploughman's share,  
And pushed the laden raft astream,  
Of fate before him unaware.

This was the hand that knew to swing  
The axe—since thus would freedom train  
Her son—and made the forest ring,  
—And drove the wedge, and tolled again.

Firm hand, that loftier office took,  
A conscious leader's will obeyed,  
And when men sought his word and look,  
With steadfast might the gathering swayed.

No courtier's, toying with a sword,  
Nor minstrel's, laid across a lute;  
A chief's, uplifted to the Lord  
When all the kings of earth were mute!

The hand of Anak, sinewed strong,  
The fingers that on greatness clutch;  
Yet, lo! the marks their lines along  
Of one who strove and suffered much.

For here, in knotted cord and vein,  
I trace the varying chart of years;  
I know the troubled heart, the strain,  
The weight of Atlas—and the tears.

Again I see the patient brow  
That palm erewhile was wont to press;  
—And now 'tis furrowed deep, and now  
Made smooth with hope and tenderness.

For something of a formless grace  
This moulded outline plays about;  
A pitying flame, beyond our trace,  
Breathes like a spirit, in and out.

The love that cast an aureole  
Round one who longer to endure,  
Called mirth to ease his ceaseless dole,  
Yet kept his nobler purpose sure.

Lo, as I gaze, the statured man,  
Built up from yon large hand, appears:  
A type that Nature wills to plan  
But once in all a people's years.

What better than this voiceless cast  
To tell of such a one as he,  
Since through its living semblance passed  
The thought that bade a race be free!

## NOT A RAIL-SPLITTER.

Lincoln Said to Have Denied Widely Prevalent Belief.

The Boston Republic lately printed some reminiscences of the Hon. John Conness, U. S. senator from California from 1863 to 1869, and the sole survivor of the eight pallbearers at the funeral of Abraham Lincoln. Mr. Conness, who is now a well-respected of Boston, attacked one well-rooted tradition, "Lincoln was not a rail-splitter," he said. "He once told me he never split a rail in his life."

"I recall distinctly the occasion on which Lincoln told me about the rail-splitting. I was at the White House one morning by appointment, discussing some official matter, and by degrees our conversation drifted into other channels. John Hay, then the assistant secretary, came in for a second with some papers, among which were one of the weeklies of the day with some picture or statement, referring to the 'Illinois Rail-Splitter.'"

"Do you know, Conness," said Mr. Lincoln to me, "there isn't a word of truth in this rail-splitting business, not a word; and yet what am I to do about it? The day after I was nominated I was standing on the front porch of my house, and the people were coming up to congratulate me, and parading by, some of them actually carrying on their shoulders the rails which I was supposed to have split."

"I was much confused and troubled, and did not know exactly what I could do about it. My impulse was to tell them, but then, I thought, here were masses of men taking their own means of expressing their pleasure at my nomination, and I asked myself if I should dampen the ardor of my supporters on the very threshold of the campaign, or let it go on and treat it as a means or incident in our election."

"Then all of a sudden there occurred to me a little story about an old farmer who lived up near where I did when I was a boy. He was an old bachelor, and didn't have much of a farm, and was a peculiar chap. Farm-hands didn't like to work for him, and he used to have a lot of trouble getting them."

"Finally he got one, a good, hard-working fellow, who was a great help to him, and who stayed longer than any of the others. This fellow had only one fault, he used to love to sing. He sang all the time about the house, and when the time was working in the field."

"By and by the old farmer got so that the singing disturbed him considerably. So he called up the man and said: 'Look here, John, you must stop this singing. It's really more than I can stand. Don't let me hear you again.'"

John went out and tried silence for a couple of days, but one morning the old farmer found a note for him saying: "Have gone to hoe where I can sing." So, Conness, I just thought I'd let 'em sing."

The real value of the tradition lies in its clear assertion of the fact that Lincoln was one of the humble people who grew to high estate. That is true, and because the tradition put the truth in a form that every one could grasp, it has survived.

## Emerson on Lincoln.

The president impressed me more favorably than I had hoped. A frank, sincere, well-meaning man, with a lawyer's habit of mind, good, clear statement of his fact, correct enough, not vulgar, as described; but with a sort of boyish cheerfulness, or that kind of sincerity and jolly good meaning that our class meetings on commencement days show, in telling our old stories over. When he has made his remark, he looks up at you with great satisfaction, and shows all his white teeth, and laughs. He argued to Sumner the whole case of Gordon, the slave trader, point by point, and added that he was not quite satisfied yet, and meant to refresh his memory by looking again at the evidence. All this showed a fidelity and conscientiousness very honorable to him. When I was introduced to him, he said, "Oh, Mr. Emerson, I once heard you say in a lecture, that a Kentuckian seems to say by his air and manners, 'Here am I; if you don't like me, the worse for you.'"—Diary of R. W. Emerson in the Atlantic.

## Can You Improve This?

It is not very well known that in the hall of one of the great colleges of England there hangs a frame enclosing a few sentences of which Abraham Lincoln is the author. They are considered the best English that was ever written. You or I might read them over and call them very simple indeed. And they are so simple that any child who reads at all can read and understand them. That is one thing that makes them great. It was his being simple and plain that made Lincoln himself great.

Now, here is a little paragraph by Lincoln which he made a rule of his conduct. Suppose you try to write it over and see how much you can improve it. See if each word is the right one, and try to find a better word for the place. Notice how simple this is; all but two are words of a single syllable:

"I am not bound to win, but I am bound to be true. I am not bound to succeed, but I am bound to live up to the light I have. I must stand with anybody that stands right, and with him while he is right, and part with him when he goes wrong."

## FRIGHT NOT HER WEAKNESS.

Nephew Had Record of His Aunt's Brave Deeds.

"I declare," said his Aunt Hetty, "war is an awful thing. It's terrible to think of men taking their lives in their hands day after day. If I had to stand up and get shot at day in and day out, I'd just die of fright!"

"But you're only a woman," said her nephew. "There's no fun in soldiering, though. I see that some men died recently in the Philippines of smallpox. By the way, auntie, did you ever see a case of smallpox?"

"Oh, yes. I nursed three or four smallpox patients. But I was vaccinated."

"And you've nursed patients with other contagious diseases, haven't you?"

"Oh, yes—diphtheria an' scarlet fever an' such as that—an' one cholera case."

"Weren't you afraid of taking the diseases?"

"Well, I didn't have much time to worry about that. I reckoned that if I'd take 'em I'd take 'em, an' if I wouldn't I wouldn't."

"And you ran upstairs when Cousin Sophy's house caught fire and saved her little girl, didn't you?"

"It wasn't much of a fire—"

"Oh, well, don't apologize for it. Do you know, auntie, I'm beginning to think you're a humbug!"

"Land sakes! What are you talking about?"

"Why, the idea of your trying to persuade me that you're afraid of bullets. You may tell that to somebody that doesn't know you, auntie—it won't go with me!"

## River Postman.

It is probable that London has the distinction of being the only port where the ships lying at anchor are privileged to have their letters delivered to them by river postmen, it being customary at other ports for sailors to apply personally for their letters unless the ship is in dock. The Thames is divided into two postal districts, each under the control of a river postman, who delivers letters and parcels every morning in a craft which resembles a fisher boat more than anything else. Of these districts the first extends from the Custom House to Limehouse and the second from Limehouse to Blackwall. The river postmen start on their rounds punctually at 8 o'clock every morning, and, needless to say, there is only one delivery a day. The mail bag may include as many as five hundred letters, but this number is largely increased about Christmas time. As he glides from ship to ship, the postman calls out, "Aho there!" and hands up the letters attached to a boathook to the waiting crew. It only takes from four to five hours to deliver the mail, so that the postman does not waste much time. In foggy weather, however, it takes considerably longer, owing to the difficulties of finding the various ships, and of steering between the large vessels as they lie at anchor.—New York Herald.

## An Infallible Timepiece.

When Joseph Jefferson was in New York last he devoted the most of his outdoor time to shopping for fishing tackle. One day he chanced to be in Herald square just as the Herald clock struck the hour.

"That's a pretty good timepiece," said Mr. Jefferson, "but I know a better. Age. It is a clock that never stops and never loses a second. The most skilled jeweler can make no watch that is so accurate as one's age."

"Nothing can exceed our early ambitions to escape from youth to manhood and appear older than we are except our subsequent anxiety to appear younger than we are. The first is natural, for Hope is before us, but the second is a weakness, for none can hope to reach that from which he is fleeing. If we could put back the great clock of time there would be an intelligent motive, but the timepiece of old Chronos never stops."—New York Herald.

## Faint Praise.

Senator Dewey, at a recent convention of railroad men, had occasion to introduce a well known speaker from the West.

"In making introductions," he began, "it is possible to say some very pleasant and agreeable things. I am always pleasant and agreeable when I make an introduction. I wouldn't, if I could, hurt the feelings in any way of the man whom I present. In this respect I differ from a certain Dakotan."

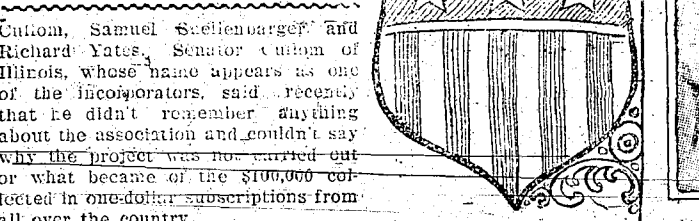
"This Dakotan arose in a crowded hall to introduce a lecturer from New York. He swaggered to the front of the platform, put his hands in his pockets, sneezed, and said: "Ladies and gents, I am called on to introduce this here man to you, but I can only say two things in his favor. One is that he has never been in jail. The other is that I don't know why he hasn't."

## Souvenirs.

Niais on some les notes d'antan? Where is the glove that I gave to him. Perfumed and warm from my arm that night— And where is the rose that another stole When the land was flooded with June moonlight. And the satin slipper I wore?—Lalack. Some one had that it was wrong, I fear. Where are those souvenirs to-day? But where are the snows of yesterday?

The glove was burned at his next lover's prayer. And the rose was lost in the mire of the street. And the satin slipper he tossed away. For his jealous bride had not fairly feet. Give what you will, but know, misdeeds. For a day alone are your favors dear. Be careful from the next day—some day— They will go—like the snows of yesterday.

—Anne Reeve Aldrich.



Cullom, Samuel Seldenberg and Richard Yates. Senator Cullom of Illinois, whose name appears as one of the incorporators, said recently that he didn't remember anything about the association and couldn't say why the project was not carried out or what became of the \$100,000 collected in one-dollar subscriptions from all over the country.

From the record it appears that on June 25, 1868, a little more than a year after the association obtained its charter, Congress passed a joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to place at the disposal of the association damaged and captured bronze and brass cannon and ordnance out of which to cast the principal figures surmounting the pedestal. The act provided that no such allotment of ordnance should be made, however, until the voluntary subscriptions to the monument fund should reach \$100,000.

While no record can be found to show just how much money was collected, it is probable in view of the above law that the amount was in excess of \$100,000, as the records of the War department show that under the act twelve brass cannon were issued to the association.

The last Congress record of the association is an act passed in 1882, providing that five trustees should constitute a legal quorum of the association; and it is believed that this provision was enacted owing to the dying out of interest in the project and the difficulty that had been experienced in securing attendance at the necessary meetings.

Recently a number of the engraved subscription receipts of the association have been found. They were executed at the bureau of engraving and bear the signature of Gen. F. E. Spinner, treasurer of the association and at that time treasurer of the United States as well. In view of this fact it has been suggested that if the books of the treasury department were carefully examined the \$100,000 or more subscribed by the people and placed in Gen. Spinner's care would be found on deposit.

The following description of the monument, as designed by Clark Mills and accepted by the association, was published at the time:

"The pedestal to be of granite, and figures bronze, the whole structure to be 70 feet, surmounted by thirty-five colossal figures. Its construction tri-

## THE ABRAHAM LINCOLN

The following figure is the president in the act of signing the proclamation. At his feet are Liberty and Justice, while behind his time, watching the hour-glass, missioned as it were, from heaven. At the base of the steps leading from the center structure are the equestrian statues of leading commanders of the army."

It can easily be seen from the above description just how pretentious was the monument proposed, and it is evident from such of the records as exist that the members of the association lost interest in their task before sufficient money was collected to enable them to begin work on the memorial. There are many prominent men in Washington who think that Lincoln should have such a memorial, and they hope that the awakened discussion of the matter may lead to some definite result.

"The cash-drawer of the postoffice there was Lincoln's vest pocket, but it was a cash drawer that was sacred to him. I remember on one occasion when a postoffice inspector came around and made a careful survey of everything in the postoffice. He took account of stock and figured out just how much Lincoln ought to have in cash belonging to the government. Some of Lincoln's friends were afraid that he might be a little short and went to him with offers of money if needed. He replied that he guessed



## KEPT CASH IN HIS POCKET.

Lincoln Had No Confidence in Banks When He Was Postmaster.

"The developments in the postoffice department," said Senator Cullom, "remind me of the early times in Illinois when Lincoln was the postmaster of the town of Salem."

"The cash-drawer of the postoffice there was Lincoln's vest pocket, but it was a cash drawer that was sacred to him. I remember on one occasion when a postoffice inspector came around and made a careful survey of everything in the postoffice. He took account of stock and figured out just how much Lincoln ought to have in cash belonging to the government. Some of Lincoln's friends were afraid that he might be a little short and went to him with offers of money if needed. He replied that he guessed

was destined to hold the hat of Abraham Lincoln while that individual was appearing for the first time as president of the United States the "little giant" would have laughed at the very idea.

Lincoln's birthday brings out the usual complement of Lincoln stories, and most of them have been published in one form or another, but J. D. Vetter of New York tells one that he says never appeared in print.

In the thick of the civil war, when Lincoln was troubled almost beyond what he could bear, two men from a western state applied to him for some minor offices. The president was disgusted at their importunities, but finally told them a story.

"One time a king went hunting. On his way to the forest he met a subject riding a donkey. 'Hello, king,' said the subject. 'Hello subject,' said the king. 'Where are you going, king?' 'I'm going hunting, subject.' 'Better not, it's going to rain.' 'No, it isn't,' said the king. 'my court astrologer said that it would be fair weather.' 'No, it's going to rain,' persisted the subject, but the king laughed at him and went hunting. It rained hard and the king returned to his castle wet and bedraggled and ordered that his astrologer's head be cut off. He sent for the subject who had foretold rain and made him court astrologer. But I am no good at forecasting,' said the subject. 'But you told me it was going to rain,' said the king. 'I knew that because my jackass hung his ears down,' replied the subject. 'Every time he does that it is going to rain.' 'Then I will make your jackass court astrologer,' said the king and he did.

Lincoln stopped there and his visitors laughed a little, but hinted that they did not see much point in the story. Then the president added: "Ever since that time every jackass in the kingdom has wanted a job."

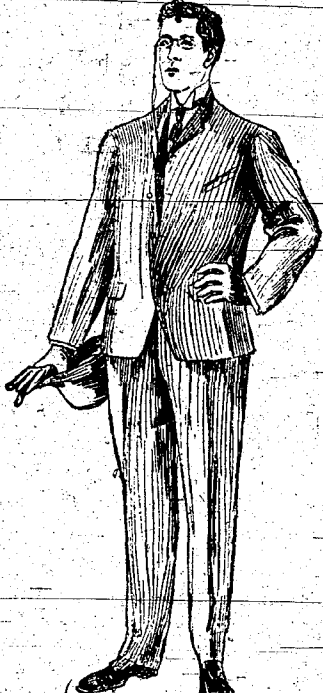


# East Jordan Lumber Company

## SPRING GOODS

Are NOW BEING OPENED UP.

### Clothing Department.



In ten-days' time we will show the most complete line of

**Men's Spring Suits**  
**Spring Overcoats**

Cravenette Coats

Boys', Youths' and Children's Clothing

Ever shown in our store.

They will consist of the most beautiful selection of dainty and exclusive fabrics imaginable.

### Hat Department

We already have in a part of our spring line of Hats. We have all the new styles and colors that are shown in the large cities.

### Shoe Department

We already have in a part of our new spring line of Shoes, consisting of Patent Leathers, Patent Leather Oxfords, Tans and Tan Oxfords, Vicis, Velours and Kangaroo.

Our big spring line of **QUEEN QUALITY** Shoes will soon be in—wait for them.

**New Spring Shirts and Neckwear** will be opened to your inspection in a few days.

### Dry Goods Department

New Dress Goods

New Gingham

New Prints

and in fact everything new is being opened up in the way of

**Dress Goods and Notions.**



### Groceries and Hardware Dep't

Our stock in these lines are always complete. Another carload Washburn & Crosby Flour just unloaded. Carload of Nails just unloaded—bought before the advance. Carload of Wire just unloaded—bought before the advance. Everything in the way of Hay, Grain and Feed, always on hand.

YOURS FOR GOOD GOODS.

# East Jordan Lumber Company.

### CHARLEVOIX COUNTY HERALD

G. A. Lisk, Publisher

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR

Entered at the postoffice at East Jordan, Michigan, as second class mail matter.

### "To Be or Not To Be?"

The Charlevoix Sentinel of last week contained an article of which the below paragraph was a part:

"We get it on pretty good authority that the 'restricting clause' of the late David Ward's will expires in May, 1906, and that after that date a policy of expansion will be inaugurated. It is rumored that a sawmill will be built on South Arm, near the Ward dock, to which the track of the D. & C. R. R. already is built, and that the road will be extended to Charlevoix.

"The advantages to both Charlevoix and East Jordan of the extension of this road cannot be overestimated. The construction of a mill near the head of South Arm would be of great industrial value to East Jordan, and a direct Lake Michigan connection for our sister village would be of great local value, to say nothing of the advantages to be derived from being on a practically trunk line into Detroit, which, with the large summer travel that would be diverted to it, would afford an excellent outlet. Very few people stop to think that, in reality, a gap of but fourteen miles intervenes between Charlevoix and two trunk lines—the Michigan Central and the G. R. & I., and that with this gap filled we would be four hours nearer Detroit than we now are. And the beauty of it is, the cheapness with which this gap can be filled. From the Ward dock to Ironton the route would be along the level lake front, and from Ironton to Charlevoix the old Ironton branch grade of the West Michigan exists, and has reverted, (with the exception of the 'Y') from the ownership of the railroad company to that of the original owners."

There is no doubt that the road will be built but just when is a conjecture. The cost of building the eighteen miles between here and Charlevoix will be in the neighborhood of \$200,000—an amount altogether too much for the D. & C. people to assume alone. There is some doubt as to the prospect of traffic warranting the investment, unless the Michigan Central and G. R. & I. people contribute toward the building and throw their passenger service this way. It would make the routes between Charlevoix and Detroit about four hours short. Without doubt a sleeper would be seen in Detroit for night trips and it could be necessary to run the summer car over the D. & C. line.

When the 'restricting clause' expires a year from next May the trustees (appointed by the probate court under the will) will probably make some disposition of the property. Just what is a conjecture. No better place for saw-mills can be found than here and if such are established, it will keep the timber coming this way and furnish employment to a large number of men. There is some talk of a cooperage plant being started at the D. & C. terminal here, but in case same is built it will be done so by parties other than the Ward estate. However, if the trustees should see fit to sell the timber to Bay City parties, then a vast amount of the work will go the other way from us. In view of this fact it will be well for our Business Men's Ass'n to keep in close touch with above subject.

We have some of the finest saw mills in Michigan and there is no doubt but what with proper planning these can be increased.

### LaGrippe and Pneumonia.

Pneumonia often follows La Grippe but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar. It cures la grippe coughs and prevents pneumonia and consumption. Ask for Foley's Honey and Tar and refuse any substitute offered. Mr. G. Vacher, of 157 Osgood St., Chicago, writes "My wife had a severe case of la grippe three years ago, and it left her with a terrible cough. She tried a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and it gave immediate relief. A 50 cent bottle cured her cough entirely." Refuse substitutes. Sold by L. C. Madison.

New Line of Samples at Mad-daugh's. call and look them over.

Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar is an improvement over all cough, Lung and bronchial remedies. It acts on the bowels—drives the cold out of the system, cures croup, Whooping Cough, warts off Pneumonia and strengthens the lungs. Bee's Laxative Honey and Tar is the best cough Syrup for children. Tastes good. Sold by Warne's Pharmacy.

**PILES** absolutely cured by using "Hermit's" Salve. Price 25 and 50c. All Druggists. Book free.—Hermit Remedy Co., Chicago, Ill.

### School Notes.

Miss Mary Nemecek was a high school visitor Tuesday afternoon.

There was only a half holiday Washington's birthday, as Mr. Tice considered that enough.

The Eighth Grade program was not rendered Monday a. m. as several of the participants were absent.

Extemporaneous program for Feb'y 20th. Debate. Resolved that the saloon presents a more formidable question for solution than the trusts. Aff. Grace Gregory and Otto McKee; Neg. Ray Clark; Debate. Resolved that rhetoricals are more beneficial in schools than athletics. Aff. Howard Porter and Oral Miscnar; Why the small colleges are preferable to the great universities, Anna Haire; The true value of property, El'a Dunlap; The social message of Emerson, Nell Mad-daugh; Gambling, Austin Sheldon; Our Country, Clayton Shapton; Jails, Lay Bennett. The class lost two members at the last meeting, Miss Mildred Gilbert and Bert Sheldon.

Lyceum program Feb. 22nd; Minutes of last meeting read and approved; Song, School; Instrumental Solo, Eva Heller; Recitation, Lillie Sheehy; Vocal duet, Grace Barrett and Flora Haire; Debate, Resolved that civilization owes more to woman than to man, Aff. Mildred Gilbert, Letto Stewart, Winnie Maddaugh, Neg. Ralph Larson, Ellis Malpass, Nelson Larabee. The evidence in this debate was overwhelmingly in favor of the Aff. Inst. duet, Emily and Marion Malpass; Essay, Myrtle Ward; Recitation, Carrie Orvis; Moved and seconded that the Pres. be instructed to appoint a secretary to fill the place of Mrs. Gregory who has not been there since election. Carried. Adjourned.

When you need a pill it is always best to buy the best. Dade's Little Liver Pills are the best. Try them. They have a way of their own. Sold by Warne's Pharmacy.

### Consumption

There is no specific for consumption. Fresh air, exercise, nourishing food and Scott's Emulsion will come pretty near curing it, if there is anything to build on. Millions of people throughout the world are living and in good health on one lung.

From time immemorial the doctors prescribed cod liver oil for consumption. Of course the patient could not take it in its old form, hence it did very little good. They can't take

### SCOTT'S EMULSION

and tolerate it for a long time. There is no oil, not excepting butter, so easily digested and absorbed by the system as cod liver oil in the form of Scott's Emulsion, and that is the reason it is so helpful in consumption where its use must be continuous.

We will send you a sample free.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

Scott & Bowne Chemists 409 Pearl Street New York



A new kind of Gasoline Lamp has been installed by Frank Zitka, in his place of business on State St. which gives an excellent light and is likewise economical. The lamp shown gives a 100 candle power light and uses only a quart of gasoline in fifteen hours. The mechanism is simple and there is absolutely no danger in handling. Mr. Zitka is agent here for same and will be glad to show the working of the light, the different kinds manufactured and quote prices on same. They are known as the "Canton Hydro-Carbon Lamps." and are made to give from 100 to 200 c. p.

A safe, agreeable and mild remedy for constipation, biliousness and indigestion. Call "Prune Waters." 100 for 25 cents. Ask your Druggist. For sale at Warne's Pharmacy.

WANTED.—10 men in each state to travel, tack signs and distribute samples and circulars of our goods. Salary \$75.00 per month. \$3.00 per day for expenses. KUHLMAN CO., Dept. S. Atlas Building, Chicago.

They act on the contents of the bowels, cleansing them thoroughly with soothing effect. California Prune Waters, 100 for 25 cents. Ask your Druggist. For sale at Warne's Pharmacy.

California Prune wafers, nature's cure for all bowel troubles. Act promptly without pain or inconvenience. 100 for 25 cents. Ask your Druggist. For sale at Warne's Pharmacy.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.



If your stock is not doing just as well as you would like, there is undoubtedly a cause which can be easily remedied by RANCH FOOD. There is no season of the year when the condition of horses, cattle, sheep and hogs can not be improved by a tonic like RANCH FOOD, which tones up the animal system throughout, cleanses the blood and prevents disease. RANCH FOOD is almost infallible for the cure of the general diseases of domestic animals, including Distemper and Pinkeye in horses, Indigestion in cattle, Catarrhal Troubles in sheep and Hog Cholera. RANCH FOOD is not like the common stock foods on the market; it is made from roots, barks, herbs and seeds and its nature's own product scientifically compounded.

"RANCH FOOD is superior as a general conditioner and grain saver to anything I have ever used."—Ed. McVay, Sidney, Ohio.

Sold on a guarantee in 25 pound pails at \$3.00. In Packages at 25 and 50 cents.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY H.G. HARTER & Co. TOLEDO, OHIO.

For sale by STROEBEL BROS., East Jordan.

### Closing out of CUTTERS

We have in stock two Cutters—all that remains of the carload shipped us last fall—which we do not wish to carry over another season.

They are first-class in every particular and will be sold regardless of cost.

If you wish to purchase a Cutter at a bargain call on

### The East Jordan Harness Co.

### When In Need of Building Material

of any description such as Sash Doors Mouldings Turned Work and Scroll Sawing

Be Sure and Call at the Factory of **Waterman & Price** Contractors and Builders EAST JORDAN, MICH.

### FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Prevents Serious Results From a Cold.

Remember the name Foley's Honey and Tar. Insist upon having the genuine.

Three sizes 25c, 50c, \$1.00 Prepared only by Foley & Company, Chicago.

**ECZEMA** the most hopeless cases cured with "Hermit" Salve, guaranteed. All druggists, 25 and 50c. Book free. Hermit Remedy Co., Chicago.

**FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE** Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right







# MIRRORS SAY—

Some bitter things about people at times, and they talk to you to your face.

Do you converse with your mirror?



## WOODBURY'S FACIAL SOAP.

By its rare ability to nourish and cleanse the minutely constructed cuticle permits us to make a good looking-glass impression.

25 cents A CAKE.

### INITIAL OFFER.

In case your dealer cannot supply you send us his name and we will send prepaid to any address for \$1.00 the following toilet requisites.

- 1 Cake Woodbury's Facial Soap.
- 1 Tube "Facial Cream."
- 1 " "Dental Cream."
- 1 Box "Face Powder."

Together with our readable booklet Beauty's Masque, a careful treatise on the care of the "outer self."

Booklet free on application.

THE ANDREW JERGENS CO., CINCINNATI, O.

### At What Temperature Water Boils.

Water boils at different temperatures, according to the elevation above the sea level. In London water boils practically at 212 degrees Fahrenheit; in Munich, Germany, at 209 1/2 degrees; in the City of Mexico, at 200 degrees; and in the Himalayas, at an elevation of 18,000 feet above the level of the sea, at 180 degrees. These differences are caused by the varying pressure of the atmosphere at these points. In London the whole weight of the air has to be overcome. In Mexico, 7,000 feet above the sea, there is 7,000 feet less of atmosphere to be resisted. Consequently less heat is required and boiling takes place at a lower temperature.

### Feminine Confessions.

Whether we are doing the London season or a round of country house visits, the enjoyment of most women is largely dependent on the amount of opportunities accorded to them for flirtation. No matter how indignantly some of my sex may deny it, we all thrive on admiration.—Ladies' Field.

## HER BLOOD TOO THIN

GENERAL DEBILITY RESULTS FROM IMPOVERISHED BLOOD.

The Remedy That Makes New Blood Banishes Weakness, Headaches, Indigestion and Nervous Troubles.

Hundreds of women suffer from headaches, dizziness, restlessness, languor and timidity. Few realize that their misery all comes from the bad state of their blood. They take one thing for their head, another for their stomach, a third for their nerves, and yet all the while it is simply their poor blood that is the cause of their discomfort.

If one sure remedy for making good, rich blood were used every one of their distressing ailments would disappear, as they did in the case of Mrs. Ella F. Stone, who had been ailing for years and was completely run down before she realized the nature of her trouble.

"For several years," said Mrs. Stone, "I suffered from general debility. It began about 1896 with indigestion, nervousness and steady headaches. Up to 1900 I hadn't been able to find any relief from this condition. I was then very thin and bloodless. An enthusiastic friend, who had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, urged me to give them a trial and I finally bought a box.

"I did not notice any marked change from the use of the first box, but I determined to give them a fair trial and I kept on. When I had finished the second box I could see very decided signs of improvement in my condition. I began to feel better all over and to have hopes of a complete cure.

"I used in all eight or ten boxes, and when I stopped I had got back my regular weight and a good healthy color and the gain has lasted. I can eat what I please without discomfort. My nervousness is entirely gone, and, while I had constant headaches before, I very rarely have one now. I cheerfully recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to women who suffer as I did."

Mrs. Stone was seen at her pretty home in Lakewood, R. I., where, as the result of her experience, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are very popular. These famous pills are sold by all druggists. A book that every woman needs is published by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. It is entitled "Plain Talks to Women," and will be sent free on request.

When the little folks take colds and coughs, don't neglect them and let them strain the tender membranes of their lungs. Give them

## Shiloh's Consumption Cure

It will cure them quickly and strengthen their lungs. It is pleasant to take. Prices, 25c., 50c., and \$1.00.

# LAFFITTE OF LOUISIANA

BY MARY DEVEREUX

WITH ILLUSTRATIONS BY DON C. WILSON

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### CHAPTER XVIII.

When Laffitte and Greloire were ushered into Napoleon's cabinet, and the former's eyes fell upon him he had for so many years longed to see his first sensation was that of pain.

The slender form was gone—lost in the personality of the stout, middle-aged man, who, lounging in a velvet-cushioned chair, looked at Laffitte carelessly—coldly, as at an entire stranger.

His appearance and attitude bore out Greloire's remark—that it was said the emperor was "strangely indifferent to everything." Every line of the "listless face and relaxed form indicated this.

As the ex-soldier approached and bowed low, a faint smile lightened Napoleon's repellent expression, and he said, graciously, "Greloire, I am pleased to see you, and to know that you have not forgotten one who thought highly of you in more prosperous days. Who is this you bring with you?"

"Sire, Captain Jean Laffitte, of Louisiana," answered Greloire, after a moment's hesitancy; and Laffitte, coming forward, bowed respectfully.

"Jean Laffitte," Napoleon repeated slowly, looking not at the former, but at Greloire. "I have heard the name before, but not to the wearer's credit. I ask you, Greloire,—and his voice took a yet icier note,—"you, who are his sponsor, why Captain Jean Laffitte, of Louisiana, does not present himself before me?"

"I, Jean Laffitte, will answer your question, Sire; I, Jean Laffitte, of Louisiana! And I say to the man whom my boyish heart adored, and whom my man's heart loves, that I dare present myself to him because I have ships, gold, men, at my command, and all these, with my own life, are his, if he can find use for them."

There was a short silence, and one

"Tut, tut, boy," replied Napoleon, with all his old air of affection, and tapping the shoulder upon which one of his hands still rested, "when you have reached my years you will know better than to waste time and thoughts in useless regrets. Let the past go, Jean, my lad, and look only into the future."

The emperor resumed his seat, and resting his hands upon the arms of the chair, stared straight before him, while Laffitte stood looking down at the seated form.

"And may I not do something for you?" urged Laffitte, making a final appeal.

"No—no. Go, you and Greloire; you must leave me, for I feel it unwise that you remain another moment. You can do nothing—nothing, for me. But I am glad to have seen you—both of you; and I thank you, Jean, my valiant ghost from the past, for your offer and your love."

The emperor, as he spoke, leaned forward in his chair; and there was a caress in his smile and tone, as well as in his touch upon Laffitte's hand.

"If ever a time should come, Sire, when I can serve you, may I have the honor and happiness of receiving your commands?" was asked longingly.

"And you would come to me?" "Come to you?" said Laffitte, in a tone so emphatic that the emperor made a gesture of warning. "Yes; Sire, through all the ships, England might seek to intercept."

"If this be so, Jean, then perhaps you may some day hear from me. Meanwhile your adopted country (and I hope I may some time see it) is at war with England, my most implacable enemy; and the conflict may afford you an opportunity for freeing the name of Laffitte from oblivion. And, when this is done, I would ask of you to assume again your rightful name—the one belonging to your fa-



"Jean Laffitte, will answer your question, Sire?"

ther's title and estates." "My father's name and estates, Sire? Surely these are but phantoms of the past, with which I, Jean Laffitte, can have no connection."

The speculative eyes turned a smiling glance upon him as the emperor said, "It is scarcely a safe thing to aver what may or may not lie in the future. You, who seem so desirous of serving me—cannot you promise me this?"

"Indeed, yes, Sire," was the fervent answer as the speaker bent to touch with his lips the hand, pressing his own.

"Be it so. Now"—and the clasping hand released its hold—"you must leave me, and be sure to remember, my wish that you remain with Murier until you hear from me. Good-night, Greloire. Good-night, Jean."

The gray eyes and dark ones exchanged a last fleeting glance of parting as Laffitte, following Greloire from the room, paused an instant in the doorway to look back.

Laffitte, quartered in one of Madame Teche's dimly-hung chambers, slept little that night. He reviewed again and again the meeting with Napoleon, until his brain was in a turmoil of thought that banished sleep.

If the emperor would go to America, might not he, Laffitte, be the means of getting him there in safety?

It was late when Greloire went to sleep, still half-conscious of the footsteps in the room next to his own; and he awoke to see Laffitte standing by his bedside.

"It is scarcely an hour after sunrise, Greloire, and I regret to disturb you. But a messenger has just left a package with me, together with a written message from the emperor, requesting that you—and I leave the island now, as speedily as possible."

"So?" said Greloire, rubbing his eyes. "Then it is best that I leave this comfortable bed. Did you say the emperor sent you a packet?"

"Yes. And when I tore off the outer wrappings, I found upon the inner one his request that I should not examine it until we had left the island. What do you suppose can be the meaning of this?"

"Wait, mon ami; wait until you

open the packet. Then I must tell you something that has escaped my mind until now."

Breakfast was soon despatched; and, after thanking Madame Teche for her hospitality, her guests took their leave, pursued, until out of hearing, by voluble farewells and urgings to come again.

Murier walked with them to the beach, which they found deserted, with the full tide rolling in over the pebbled sand in a hushed way, as if its mood were depressed.

Laffitte, drawing a scarlet handkerchief from his pocket, waved it above his head; and the master of the fishing-smack replied with a speedy hullo that came faintly across the water.

The fisherman beached his boat near Greloire, who now called to them, and stood waiting as they strolled along to join him.

The captain of the smack was easily induced to land his passengers on the French coast; and they were scarcely under way before the former, asking Greloire to accompany him, went below, to open the package.

It was somewhat bulky, and as his fingers broke the last wrapping, a collection of papers, some of them discolored by years, others evidently of more recent date, fell upon the cabin table. And in their midst shone the dull gold frame of an ivory-painted miniature.

For a second Laffitte stared at this; then, picking it up, he looked intently at the gypsy-like face of the portrait.

"Ah, mon Dieu! How came the sight of this?" he cried, chokingly, the sight of the beautiful face, which Margot had taught him to love as the mother, whom he had never known, making the past more real than the present.

Greloire, who was lighting a cigar, said dryly, "Examine the papers, and if they do not tell you, perhaps I can do so."

Laffitte glanced at them hurriedly. They comprised his parents' marriage certificate, and all the other papers, together with the jewels, that had been in the small iron box so many years ago. There were also more recent papers, showing that the property in Languedoc had been released from sequestration, and held in trust by Napoleon, emperor of France, for Jean, son and heir of the Baron, and sometimes known as Jean Laffitte, of Louisiana, in North America.

All the documents were there, showing in detail the legal proceedings, instituted and perfected under the Consulate, and confirmed under the Empire.

As the last paper fell from his hand, Laffitte buried his face in his crossed arms and the heap of precious things upon the table.

All the past was rolling in upon him, a sea of living reality, so distinct and intense that the present appeared dim and vaporous.

What had, but last night, seemed to him legitimate in the light of his every-day world, as he met its events, now looked honor-stained when confronted with the appealing sweetness of the pictured face that had represented to his boyhood all that was best and purest; and the present sight of which had brought so vividly before his mental vision the dimmed face of faithful Margot, and that proud, stately man he had known as father, of whom he could recall no word or act dictated by other than a sense of the highest honor toward his fellows.

And Bonaparte, the idol of his youthful heart, but for so many years doubted and mistrusted,—he had obtained and treasured these proofs of the wayward boy's position as that father's son and heir, while the son himself was risking in alien lands the sacrifice of his rightful name and heritage!

An anguished silence kept him mute; and Greloire, as if understanding this, said nothing.

(To be continued.)

### SOME PRANKS OF LIGHTNING.

Fantastic Tricks Played Upon Unfortunate Victims.

One of the fantastic tricks which lightning plays upon its unfortunate victims is a kind of flashlight photography. There are numerous instances of this which are more or less "authenticated," but they seem almost too wonderful to be believed. One of these is of a young man in New Jersey who was struck by lightning and was taken in an ambulance to the hospital at once. There seemed to be no wound except a small mark on the back, but while the doctors and nurses were examining him a picture began to develop on the skin. Soon before the wondering eyes of the watchers appeared a perfect picture of the figure of Christ nailed to the cross. The explanation is that on the wall opposite the bed on which the young man lay was the picture which was reproduced on his skin.

Another instance is of a man who was struck by lightning, and on his chest were red marks resembling the tree with all its branches under which the man was standing when he was killed. From France comes the story of a peasant girl who was driving a cow from the pasture when she was overtaken by a storm, and she and the cow took refuge under the tree. A bolt killed the cow and stunned the girl. When she recovered consciousness she found on her chest a picture of the cow she had been driving.

The chateleine of the castle of Benatonnaire was sitting in a chair in her salon, when the chateau was struck by lightning. She was quite uninjured, but on the back of her dress was found a perfect copy of the chair on which she had been sitting, down to its minutest ornament. These are a few of the many strange pranks which lightning plays upon us.

### MUCH TROUBLE, LITTLE SMOKE.

Chinaman Has His Own Way of Enjoying Tobacco.

Of all smokers the Chinaman goes to the greatest trouble and obtains the least result. "He carries," says an observer, "a little box almost twice the size of an ordinary silver cigarette case. This is half-filled with water. In one end is a removable tiny tube to serve as a pipe, at the other end is the pipe stem. First of all he takes out the tube and blows through it to remove all blockage. Then he fumbles through his awkward clothes, searching for tobacco, and produces a bit of rag in which it is wrapped. Carefully he extracts a wad of tobacco, puts away his rag and slowly plugs the tube, which holds, perhaps, the tenth part of an ordinary cigarette. But he never has any matches. So he has to borrow or hunt out a brown paper stem and light it—it glows for a long time and can be put into flame again. He gives a long draw, slowly enjoying it to its full extent for the moment or two, then back again through the old routine to find his tobacco, fill his pipe and get it lighted."

CONVICTIONS ARE OF VALUE.

Must Be Planted Deep if They Are to Hold and Influence.

Nobody who is endowed with a good mind and wants to live to his satisfaction can afford to neglect the acquirement of convictions, says Edward S. Martin in the Metropolitan. "What are they? They ought to be opinions based on knowledge and definitely thought out. Practically they come in various ways—often by inheritance or as the result of early training; sometimes by association, sometimes from the automatic working of the mind during long periods when it is acquiring and sifting knowledge and experience. Sometimes, again, convictions seem to come suddenly, especially religious convictions, though there is usually a long process of preparatory thought behind them, and it is really only the final conclusion that is sudden. Deep convictions on any subject don't come ready-made. One has to work for them; to earn them. If they are to hold and to influence conduct, they must be planted deep."

Presents to Bible Society.

A number of curious presents have come to the Bible society in London. Gifts of embroidery to the value of over \$150 have been received from native Christian women in Manchuria. From the New Hebrides, the Antipodes sent more than \$30. These people manufacture arrowroot annually to pay for the bibles they need. About \$15 was contributed in kind by the aborigines of Mponoo, North Queensland, who collected oysters for the purpose, as they have no money of their own. Even the Dyaks of Borneo sent a collection in 16 London, though in former days their fathers collected human heads much as American boys collect postage stamps.

Japanese Servants.

A traveler says that the Japanese servant is a person of social importance. In the absence of the mistress exiers are entertained at tea by the housemaid, whose knowledge of the etiquette of tea drinking and whose grace and charm are often the equal of those of her employer.

A FELLOW FEELING.

Why She Felt Lenient Towards the Drunkard.

"A great deal depends on the point of view. A good temperance woman was led, in a very peculiar way, to revise her somewhat harsh judgment of the poor devil who cannot resist his cups and she is now the more charitable. She writes: "For many years I was a great sufferer from asthma. Finally my health got so poor that I found I could not lie down, but walked the floor whilst others slept. I got so nervous I could not rest anywhere. "Specialists told me I must give up the use of coffee—the main thing that I always thought gave me some relief. I consulted our family physician, and he, being a coffee fiend himself, told me to pay no attention to their advice. Coffee had such a charm for me that in passing a restaurant and getting a whiff of the fragrance I could not resist a cup. I felt very lenient towards the drunkard who could not pass the saloon. Friends often urged me to try Postum, but I turned a deaf ear, saying, "That may do for people to whom coffee is harmful, but not for me—coffee and I will never part."

"At last, however, I bought a package of Postum, although I was sure I could not drink it. I prepared it as directed, and served it for breakfast. Well, bitter as I was against it, I must say that never before had I tasted a more delicious cup of coffee. From that day to this (more than two years) I have never had a desire for the old coffee. My health soon returned; the asthma disappeared, I began to sleep well and in a short time I gained 20 pounds in weight. "One day I handed my physician the tablets he had prescribed for me, telling him I had no use for them. He stayed for dinner. When I passed him his coffee cup he remarked: 'I am glad to see you were sensible enough not to let yourself be persuaded that coffee was harmful. This is the best cup of coffee I ever drank.' He continued: 'the trouble is so few people know how to make good coffee.' When he got his second cup I told him he was drinking Postum. He was incredulous, but I convinced him, and now he uses nothing but Postum in his home and has greatly improved in health." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each package for the famous little book, "The Road to Well-Vi."

### AN OLD MAN'S TRIBUTE.

An Ohio Fruit Raiser, 78 Years Old, Cured of a Terrible Case After Ten Years of Suffering.

Sidney Justus, fruit dealer of Mentor, Ohio, says: "I was cured by Doan's Kidney Pills of a severe case of kidney trouble, of eight or ten years' standing. I suffered the most severe backache and other pains in the region of the kidneys. These were especially severe when stooping to lift anything, and often I could hardly straighten my back. The aching was bad in the daytime, but just as bad at night, and I was always lame in the morning. I was bothered with rheumatic pains and dropsical swelling of the feet. The urinary passages were painful, and the secretions were discolored and so free that often I had to rise at night. I felt tired all day. Half a box served to relieve me, and three boxes effected a permanent cure."



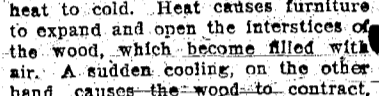
A TRIAL FREE.—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents.

Cause of Mysterious Sounds.

There is an old superstition that tapping sounds in a room foretell death. A correspondent suggests that these sounds are emitted from wooden furniture. "I have generally noticed," he says, "that I heard them after a sudden change in the temperature from heat to cold. Heat causes furniture to expand and open the interstices of the wood, which become filled with air. A sudden cooling, on the other hand, causes the wood to contract, and the interstices then close and forcibly expel the air with these explosive sounds."

Earliest Green Onions.

The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., always has something new, something valuable. This year they offer among their new money-making vegetables, an Earliest Green Onion. It is a winner, Mr. Farmer and Gardener!



JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 16c. and they will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

- 1,000 fine, solid Cabbages,
- 2,000 rich, juicy Turnips,
- 2,000 blanching, nutty Celery,
- 2,000 rich, buttery Lettuce,
- 1,000 splendid Onions,
- 1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
- 1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers.

Try these—then compare the great offer made to get you to test their warranted vegetable seeds and

ALL FOR BUT 16c POSTAGE, providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 25c in postage, they will add to the above a big package of Salzer's Fourth of July Sweet Corn—the earliest on earth—10 days earlier than Cory, Peep's Day, First of All, etc. [W.V.N. 07]

He Needs Much More.

There is in Mexico a man of the name of John Smith, whose wealth is estimated at \$45,000,000. It will, however, be necessary for him to get a good deal more than that if he wishes to make his name stand out prominently.

A Woman's Martyrdom.

Is too often her own fault, simply because she won't take sufficient trouble to try a medicine that so many thousands of women enthusiastically recommend, viz.: Dr. Caldwell's (Laxative) Syrup Pepsin. This bland, soothing, curative medicine, regulates disordered functions of stomach, liver, bowels, etc., and soon restores sick women to perfect health. Try it. Sold by all druggists at 50c and \$1.00. Money back if it fails.

Dog Tongs.

Preserved in the cathedral of Bangor, Wales, is a pair of old "dog tongs" which were used for ejecting quarrelsome dogs from church during service. A similar pair is preserved at Llanynys, Wales and bears numerous teeth marks.

The man who thinks he is the boss of the house because he is the breadwinner should be taught that he has not half the dough of the bread baker.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one drug that science has been able to cure in all the stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and restoring nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A woman's idea of a good conversationalist is a man who can think of something to say while she pauses to regain her breath.

In Winter Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder. Your feet feel uncomfortable, nervous and often cold and damp. If you have sweating, sore feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cents. Sample sent free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le-Roy, N. Y.

It makes a man awfully mad when he knows you're just polite to him because you are a lady and not because he's a gentleman.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Colic, flatulency has an equal for coughs and colds.—J. H. F. Boyer, Thirty Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

It's very difficult to believe in romance after seeing the way some men don't help their wives on the street car.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Bleeding or Straining Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAXO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 12 days.—50c.

There's no such thing as living God's way until you love God's way.



# BISHOP OWES HEALTH AND LIFE TO PE-RU-NA.

Ministers of All Denominations Join In Recommending Pe-ru-na to the People.

Public speaking especially exposes the throat and bronchial tubes to catarrhal affections. Breathing the air of crowded assemblies, and the necessary exposure to night air which many preachers must face, makes catarrh especially prevalent among their class. Pe-ru-na has become justly popular among them.



BISHOP L. H. HALSEY.



## The Friends of Pe-ru-na.

Despite the prejudices of the medical profession against proprietary medicines, the clergy have always maintained a strong confidence and friendship for Pe-ru-na. They have discovered by personal experience that Pe-ru-na does all that is claimed for it.

## The Bishop's Strong Tribute to Pe-ru-na.

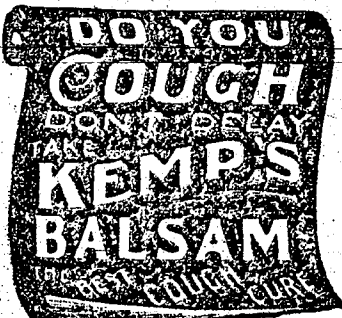
L. H. Halsey, Bishop C. M. E. Church, Atlanta, Ga., writes: "I have found Pe-ru-na to be a great remedy for catarrh. I have suffered with this terrible disease for more than twenty years, until since I have been using Pe-ru-na, which has relieved me of the trouble. 'I have tried many remedies and spent a great deal of hard-earned money for them, but I found nothing so effectual in the cure of catarrh as the great medicine, Pe-ru-na. I feel sure that Pe-ru-na is not only a triumph of medical science, but it is also a blessing to suffering humanity. 'Every individual who suffers with respiratory diseases will find Pe-ru-na a magnificent and sovereign remedy.'—L. H. Halsey, Bp. C. M. E. Church.

Pe-ru-na is the most prompt and sure remedy for catarrh that can be taken. Many a preacher has been able to meet his engagements only because he keeps on hand a bottle of Pe-ru-na, ready to meet any emergency that may arise.

## Steal Church Statue.

Thieves have carried off from the Church of Sauvéat, in the French department of Puy-de-Dôme, a massive and artistic copper statue of the Virgin, which is said to date from 1319.

If a woman has no troubles of her own she goes to a neighbor and borrows some.



It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in its first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.



The New Form

If you have not tried the new Celery King Tablets (the tonic-laxative) get a box of your drug-gist's for 25c. Celery King is the most satisfying medicine. Druggists sell it in Herb and Tablet form. 25c.



The main diet for breakfast. Delicious for luncheon. Appetizing for supper. Ask your grocer.

# The Great Nonesuch Remedy ST. JACOBS OIL

The old monk cure, strong, straight, sure, has for a large part of a century battled with and conquered Aches and Pains the world over. Price 50c. and 50c.

## INDEPENDENCE AS A MYTH.

Idea is a Delusion Leading to Warring of Character.

John says: "I am not going to be dependent upon any man, I am going to live my own life, in my own way, as I expect other men to live theirs. If they will leave me alone, I will leave them alone," and John flatters himself that he is asserting his own strength of personality—that he is emphasizing his individuality, writes Annie Payson Call in Leslie's Monthly. The truth is that John is warring himself every day by his weak dependence upon his own prejudices. He is unwilling to look fairly at another man's opinion, for fear of being dependent upon it. He is not only warring himself by his "independence," which is puffed up with the false appearance of strength, but he is robbing his fellow men, for he cannot refuse to receive from others without putting it out of his own power to give to others. Real giving and receiving must be reciprocal in spirit, and absolutely dependent upon each other. It is a curious and a sad study to watch the growing slavery of such "independent" people.

## NO POULTICES FOR SOLDIERS.

Revolutionary Decision Made by Army Physicians.

Linseed and linsed meal have been dropped from army medicines, and the army physicians have been notified that it is the opinion of the surgeon general's office that poultices have no place in modern therapeutics, all the good results obtainable from them being got in a much more cleanly way by hot wet compresses. The prohibition of the time-honored linsed meal, the best material for poultices, seems to interfere with a method practiced by a large number of physicians, who would be inclined to testify that without it our soldiers would not receive the best care. There is surely much to be said on both sides. The psychological effect at least of a poultice is entirely too great for a successful family physician to ignore, and why deprive the soldier of this old-fashioned comfort?—Medical Record.

Science for the Young. Thoughtful little Willie Frazier Carved his name with father's razor. Used the razor in a most careful manner. Father cut himself severely. Which pleased little Willie dearly. "I have fixed my father's razor. So it cuts!" said Willie Frazier.

Mamie often wondered why Acids trouble alkali. Mamie in a manner placid, Fed the cat her breakfast. Whereupon the cat grew frantic. Executing many an antic: "Ah!" cried Mamie overjoyed, "Pussy is an alkali!" Arthur with a lighted taper Touched the fire to grandpa's paper. Grandpa leaped a foot or higher. Dropped the sheet, and shouted "Fire!" Arthur wrapped in contemplation. Viewed the scene of conflagration. "This," he said, "confirms my notion—Heat creates both light and motion!" Wee, experimental Nina Dropped her mother's Dresden china From a seventh-story casement. Smashing, clashing, to the basement. Nina, somewhat apprehensive, Set to firing things in experiment. Yet it proves by demonstration Newton's law of gravitation.—Wallace Irwin, in Philadelphia Post.

Years Beginning on Sunday. In the course of the present century fourteen years will begin on Sunday. A painstaking individual has computed these occurrences, showing that in this century Jan. 1 will fall on Sunday as follows: The common years 1905, 1911, 1922, 1933, 1939, 1950, 1961, 1967, 1978, 1989 and 1995, and the leap years 1928, 1956 and 1984. This is a fraction less than the usual number computed in point of averages, the first and the last of the Sunday beginnings falling five years each from the close of the century. It is possible for Jan. 1 to occur on Sunday fifteen times in a single century.

Objected to Classification. A clergyman in Dublin once invited several of his colleagues to dinner, but was disappointed at not getting an answer from a very popular clergyman, whom he particularly desired to be present, so he called on his friend, fearing he might be ill. "You received my invitation, I hope?" "Yes," replied the other, "I received your very insulting communication." "Insulting!" "Very. Read it for your self." The amazed rector read it, and found that, by a truly clerical error, he had invited the clergyman to come and dine in order "to meet a few other clerical needs."

Formation of Peat. Peat is the product which results from the partial decay of vegetable matter—mosses and other marsh plants—which grows and dies in boggy places where the water stands. It is chiefly composed of sphagnum or bog moss. This moss has peculiarly absorptive properties, owing to the cuplike arrangement of its parts, which take up and hold water like a sponge. Sphagnum continues to grow after its roots have become detached from the ground. These two qualities explain why bogs occasionally slide from their old beds.

Triumph of Good Manners. Before the gentler measures of international high breeding the mischievous maxim, "Our Country, Right or Wrong," must increasingly give way, says the Century. Willingness to acknowledge a fault, disinclination to meddle in the affairs of others, sympathy for the weak against the oppressor, patience and reason as against petulance, rashness and force, are as possible to a nation as to an individual. A people should be as jealous of the nation's gentleness as of the national credit.

The Too Strenuous Life. "I am willing to go to jail or fishing with you if you can find my store without a customer from six to six any day in the year," said a merchant to a drummer, who asked for a moment of his time. But it is not well to live a life too strenuous—better hire another man or two and pass prosperity down the line rather than go to jail or die before your time. It is wise to fish occasionally. Dollars afford little consolation when aches all your bones and there is no pleasure in meat or drink either.

Freaks of Fortune. In January of last year a murderer named Helfert had just been sentenced in Moravia to penal servitude for life when he learned that he had won a prize of \$10,000 in the state lottery, and a few weeks earlier Ernesto Hijar was buried in a pauper's grave at Barcelona on the very day on which a ticket found in his possession won a prize of \$40,000 in the Spanish national lottery.

Sterilized Water for Navy. Dr. Le Mehaute suggests that on French war vessels water that has been sterilized by heat should be substituted for the distilled water at present used, which, in his opinion, is open to many grave objections, including excessive costliness.

Armored Motor Car. Heavy haulage work, such as that of stores, munitions and even heavy guns, is already done by motor in the Austrian army. Now the Austrians are going to have armored motor cars, each carrying a quick-firing gun.

Little Destitution in Japan. There is said to be no real destitution in Japan. Though some are very poor, yet all seem to be well fed, clothed and housed and are invariably cheerful and what is more surprising invariably clean.

Makes Bank Notes. A man has been arrested in Paris whose method was to tear a different piece of each of a number of bank notes, and then, placing the pieces together, produce a complete bank note which he was able to pass.

Is This Unconscious Humor? Arthur S. Laws, who has been living in Pendleton with his mother-in-law, Mrs. Anson Bright, has gone to Tacoma for a six months' rest.—Pendleton (Or.) Blade.

## THERE IS JUST ONE SURE WAY.

Dodd's Kidney Pills build up Run-down People. They make healthy Kidneys and that means healthy people. What Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Duffey say: Nora, Ind., Feb. 6th.—(Special)—That the sure way of building up run-down men and women is to put their kidneys in good working order is shown by the experience of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph L. Duffey of this place. Both were weak and worn and dispirited. They used Dodd's Kidney Pills and to-day both enjoy the best of health.

Mr. Duffey says: "I was very weak and almost past going. I tried everything which people said was good but got no benefit till I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. They helped me in every way and I am strong and well now." Mrs. Duffey says: "I was so bad that if anybody would lay down a string I felt I could not step over it. Since taking Dodd's Kidney Pills I can run and jump fences." Healthy kidneys insure pure blood; Dodd's Kidney Pills insure healthy kidneys.

Chinese Farmers Advance. Chinese farmers are beginning to demand modern tools, especially such as are useful for intensive farming.

# Women in Our Hospitals

Appalling Increase in the Number of Operations Performed Each Year—How Women May Avoid Them.



Miss Ruby Mushrush



Mrs. Fred Seydel

Going through the hospitals in our large cities one is surprised to find such a large proportion of the patients lying on those snow-white beds, women and girls, who are either awaiting or recovering from serious operations. Why should this be the case? Simply because they have neglected themselves. Ovarian and womb troubles are certainly on the increase among the women of this country—they creep upon them unawares, but every one of those patients in the hospital beds had plenty of warning in that bearing-down feeling, pain at left or right of the womb, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back, leucorrhoea, dizziness, flatulency, displacements of the womb or irregularities. All of these symptoms are indications of an unhealthy condition of the ovaries or womb, and if not heeded the penalty has to be paid by a dangerous operation. When these symptoms manifest themselves, do not drag along until you are obliged to go to the hospital and submit to an operation—remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has saved thousands of women from surgical operations. When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhoea, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (flatulency), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy.

The following letters cannot fail to bring hope to despairing women. Mrs. Fred Seydel, 413 N. 54th Street, West-Philadelphia, Pa., writes: Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— "I was in a very serious condition when I wrote you for advice. I had a serious womb and ovarian trouble and I could not carry a child to maturity, and was advised that an operation was my only hope of recovery. I could not bear to think of going to the hospital, so wrote you for advice. I did as you instructed me and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am not only a well woman to-day, but have a beautiful baby girl six months old. I advise all sick and suffering women to write you for advice, as you have done so much for me." Miss Ruby Mushrush, of East Chicago, Ind., writes: Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— "I have been a great sufferer with irregular menstruation and ovarian trouble, and about three months ago the doctor, after using the X-Ray on me, said I had an abscess on the ovaries and would have to have an operation. My mother wanted me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a last resort, and it not only saved me from an operation but made me entirely well." Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best. Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice and medicine have restored thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

## 32 YEARS SELLING DIRECT

We are the largest manufacturers of vehicles and harness in the world selling to consumers exclusively. We have No Agents but ship anywhere for examination and approval, guaranteeing safe delivery. You are out nothing if not satisfied as to style, quality and price. We make 200 styles of vehicles and harness. Complete Catalogues Free. Send for it. No. 227, Canopy Top Surrey. Price complete \$78. As good as sells for \$25 more. Elkhart Carriage & Harness Mfg. Co., Elkhart, Indiana.

One advantage about being an old maid is not having to tell a husband how much the new millinery cost. A woman would rather spend two dollars for dry goods than one for groceries. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, always cures wind colic. 25c a bottle. Many a young man asks for a girl's hand when what he really wants is her father's pocketbook. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is adapted to both sexes and all ages. Cures Kidney and Liver complaints, and purifies the blood. All druggists.

WHAT'S THE USE OF SAYING "GIVE ME A 5-CENT CIGAR," WHEN BY ASKING FOR A "CREMO" YOU GET THE BEST 5-CENT CIGAR IN AMERICA. "The World's Largest Seller"

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS, CHILDREN. Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC. A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP. Fac-Simile Signature of Dr. J. C. Doan, NEW YORK. EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson. In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA

Salzer's National Oats. Greatest oat of the century. Yielded in Ohio 187, in Mich. 223 in Ind. and in Dak. 210 bu. per acre. You can beat that record in 1906. For 10c and this notice we mail you free lots of farm seed samples and our big catalog, telling all about them. It is a wonder and thousands of other seeds. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. La Crosse, Wis.

MIXED FARMING WHEAT RAISING RANCHING. Three great pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the Free Horseteak Law of Western Canada this year. Magnificent climate—fertile soil—in their shirt sleeves in the middle of November. All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvest. "Extract. Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance. Schools, churches, markets convenient. Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—M. W. McInnes, No. 6, Avenue Theatre Block, Detroit, Michigan; C. A. Laurier, Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan. Please say where you saw this advertisement.

Thompson's Eye Water. GREGORY'S Guaranteed SEEDS. Grow quickly. Free Catalogue. J. H. Gregory & Son, Marblehead, Mass. W. N. U.—DETROIT—No. 6—1906. CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.



## Your Life Current.

The power that gives you life and motion is the nerve force, or nerve fluid, located in the nerve cells of the brain, and sent out through the nerves to the various organs.

If you are tired, nervous, irritable, cannot sleep; have headache, feel stuffy, dull and melancholy, or have neuralgia, rheumatism, backache, periodical pains, indigestion, dyspepsia, stomach trouble, or the kidneys and liver are inactive, your life-current is weak.

Power-producing fuel is needed; something to increase nerve energy—strengthen the nerves.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve is the fuel you need. It feeds the nerves, produces nerve force, and restores vitality.

"When I began taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve and Anti-Pain Pills I was confined to my bed by a nervous spell, the result of two years illness with malaria. I gradually grew so weak that I was unable to sit up. The spells would commence with cold chills, and I would become weak and almost helpless. My circulation was poor, had doctored right along but grew weaker and weaker. The Nerve seemed to strengthen me right away and my circulation was better. I have taken in all seven bottles of the Nerve, and I am entirely well."

ROSA E. WEAVER, St. Louis, Mo.  
Dr. Miles' Nerve is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails, he will refund your money.  
Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

## Rugs FROM OLD CARPETS

It will pay you to investigate before you place your orders for rugs. We are a responsible incorporated concern with a capital of fifteen thousand dollars and have factories at Petoskey, Michigan Soo, Canadian Soo, Ontario. We are the originators of "Sanitary Rugs," trade mark, from old carpets, all others are imitations. Write for a booklet. We have no agents canvassing. We pay the freight. All work guaranteed.

Petoskey Rug Mfg. Carpet Co., Ltd.  
53-57 Mitchell street. 48L

## For a Good Home Meal

Go To  
**Chew's Restaurant**  
Meals Served at Seasonable Hours. Always Welcome.  
MRS. J. E. CHEW, Manager.  
State-st., East Jordan.  
Candy, Cigars, Etc.

## Frank Phillips

Tonsorial Artist.  
When in need of anything in my line call in and see me.  
LaLonde Building—East Jordan

## JOHN KENNY,

—GENERAL—  
**DRAYMAN**  
Moves household goods, baggage and Mer-  
chandise of all descriptions.  
Stove wood and lumber delivered.  
EAST JORDAN. MICH.

**LIPPINCOTT'S**  
MONTHLY MAGAZINE  
A FAMILY LIBRARY  
The Best in Current Literature  
12 COMPLETE NOVELS YEARLY  
MANY SHORT STORIES AND  
PAPERS ON TIMELY TOPICS  
\$2.50 PER YEAR; 25 CTS. A COPY  
NO CONTINUED STORIES  
EVERY NUMBER COMPLETE IN ITSELF

## Moses Lemieux

Practical Shoeshoeing  
and General Blacksmith  
All kinds of wood repair work  
done promptly.  
Last Shop East end of State-st.

## PATENTS

Promptly obtained or no fee. Write for our  
CONFIDENTIAL SYSTEM before  
you begin. We will guarantee  
to obtain PATENTS THAT PAY,  
and help inventors to success.  
Send model, photo or sketch, and we send  
IMMEDIATE FREE REPORT ON PATENT  
ABILITY. 20 years' practice. Regis-  
tered Patent Lawyers. Write or come to  
1015-1017-1019, Washington, D. C.

## D. SWIFT & CO.

## Teachers' Examination.

The regular Teachers' Examination will be held in the McKinley High School building in the village of Charlevoix, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, March 9th, 10th and 11th, 1905, beginning at 8:30 a. m. standard time.

The examination in reading will be based on Silas Marner.

Certificates of all grades will be issued at this examination.

J. H. MILFORD, Com.

## SMART SET.

THE SMART SET has fairly outdone itself in the March number, which marks the beginning of the sixth year of its existence. The complete novel is "The Princess Elopes," by Harold MacGrath, an author whose immense popularity is due to the fact that he is a born story teller. Mr. MacGrath is at his very best in this charming tale of a European princess and a young American medical student. It is a delightful blending of romance and delicate humor, touched everywhere with the deft hand of an author who has mastered his craft. Nothing better of its kind has appeared in a magazine in many a month.

The verse in the March Smart Set is of remarkably fine quality, and includes characteristic work by Madison Cawein, Zona Gale, Arthur Stringer, Florence Wilkinson, Gouverneur Morris, Edith M. Thomas, R. K. Munkittrick and John Vance Cheney.

If THE SMART SET maintains the standard of this number even approximately for the coming twelve months, the future success of the magazine will be as sure as its past.

## HERALD NOTES.

**MOUNTING BOARD.**—For the convenience of a number of our patrons who wish to use mounting board for Kodak work we have put in a supply to retail at 10c per sheet, size of sheet 22 by 28 inches.—The Herald.

Ladies should call on Maddaugh the Tailor for the finest Spring Suits obtainable in this city.

Remove the microbes which impoverish the blood and circulation. Stops all trouble that interferes with nutrition. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents. Tea or tablet form.—At E. C. Warne's.

**WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY MAN OR WOMAN** to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well established house of solid financial standing. \$30.00 straight cash salary with all necessary expenses paid weekly by check from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Position permanent; previous experience not essential. No investment required. We furnish everything. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Manager, 810 Como Block, Chicago, Ill.

"Throw Physic to the Dogs" California Prune Wafers are nature's own remedy for constipation and biliousness. 100 for 25 cents. Ask your Druggist. For sale at warne's Pharmacy.

As a remedy for poor appetite, indigestion, weak stomach and constipation, California Prune wafers are unequalled. 100 for 25 cents. Ask your Druggist. For sale at warne's Pharmacy.

## EXCURSIONS VIA THE

**Detroit & Charlevoix**  
and  
**Grand Rapids & Indiana**  
Railways.

**LOW RATES TO THE WEST.**  
Commencing March 1st, one way tickets will be sold daily until May 15th, to California and North Pacific Coast points at very low rates.

**SPECIAL HOMESEEKERS EXCURSION.**  
Tickets will be sold to points in Kansas, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory and Texas on Feb'y 21st, March 7th and 21st, good 21 days for return, at very low rates.  
**NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE, ALABAMA, AND PENSACOLA, FLORIDA.**

Tickets will be sold to above points at rate of one fare plus \$2.25 for round trip March 1st to 6th, return limit March 11th, subject to extension until March 25th.

**WASHINGTON D. C.**  
One fare plus 25 cents for round trip March 1st, 2nd and 3rd, return limit March 8th, subject to extension until March 13th.

**BATTLE CREEK MICH.**  
For Democratic State Convention and State Farmer's tickets will be sold at one fare plus 25 cts for round trip Feb'y 27th to March 1st, return limit March 1st and 4 b.

M. F. Quaintance, D. P. A.  
Petoskey.  
E. A. Ashley, Local Agent.

Pirating Foley's Honey And Tar, Foley and Co., Chicago, originated Honey and Tar as a throat and lung remedy, and on account of the great merit and popularity of Foley's Honey and Tar many imitations are offered for the genuine. Ask for Foley's Honey and Tar and refuse any substitute offered as no other preparation will give the same satisfaction. It is mild and laxative. It contains no opiates and is safest for children and delicate persons. Sold by L. C. Madison.

## BILIOUSNESS AND CONSTIPATION CURED BY THE FORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

Because the liver is neglected people suffer with constipation, biliousness, headaches and fevers. Colds attack the lungs and contagious diseases take hold of the system. It is safe to say that if the liver were always kept in proper working order, illness would be almost unknown.

Theford's Black-Draught is so successful in curing such sickness because it is without a rival as a liver regulator. This great family medicine is not a strong and drastic drug, but a mild and healthful laxative that cures constipation and may be taken by a mere child without possible harm.

The healthful action on the liver cures biliousness. It has an invigorating effect on the kidneys. Because the liver and kidneys do not work regularly, the poisonous acids along with the waste from the bowels get back into the blood and virently contagion results.

Timely treatment with Theford's Black-Draught removes the dangers which lurk in constipation, liver and kidney troubles, and will positively forestall the inroads of Bright's disease, for which disease in advanced stages there is no cure. Ask your dealer for a 25c. package of Theford's Black-Draught.

One of Ring's Dyspepsia Tablets after eating even if you can eat but little, will digest the little you do eat, and cure indigestion, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Belching, and Weak Heart. Sold by warne's Pharmacy.

**ManZan** is the Pile Remedy that reaches the spot and stops all pile pain instantly. If you suffer with Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Protruding Piles and want to be cured, it is only necessary to use ManZan, the Great Pile Cure. Sold by warne's Pharmacy.

It is surprising how quick California Prune Wafers act. They wake up the sluggish liver. No gripe, no pain. 100 for 25 cents. Ask your Druggist. For sale at warne's Pharmacy.

For cracked hands, chapped lips, and rough skin, Pinesalve is the quickest, best cure. One application in one night proves it. Sold by warne's Pharmacy.

If you haven't time to prepare Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, it is now made in tablet form also. Get a package already to use. Makes you well; keeps you well, 35 cents. At E. C. Warne's.

Look out for Coughs, Croup and whooping Cough. They are dangerous at this season of the year. They lead to pneumonia or consumption. You can prevent or cure all such complaints with Be's Laxative Honey and Tar—an improvement over all cough, lung and bronchial remedies, and the best Cough Syrup. Sold by warne's Pharmacy.

## BEE'S Laxative

## HONEY AND TAR

An improvement over all Cough, Lung and Bronchial Remedies. Cures Coughs, Strengthens the Lungs and Gently Moves the Bowels. Pleasant to the taste and good alike for Young and Old.  
PREPARED BY  
Foley's Honey and Tar Co., Chicago, U. S. A.  
Sold by E. C. WARNE

## Detroit & Charlevoix R. R.

Time Schedule in effect Sunday, Jan'y 1st, 1905.

Going East	Stations	Going West
A. M.	Leave	P. M.
9 00	South Arm	6 45
9 20	Wards	6 15
9 25	Jordan River	6 10
9 30	Graves' Camp	6 05
9 40	Green River	5 50
10 30	Alba	5 30
11 40	Deward	4 40
12 15	Frederic	4 10

CLARK HAIRE,  
General Manager.

## Grand Rapids & Indiana R. R.

In Effect Sept. 25, 1904.

Trains Depart from Petoskey:  
Going South—9:25 a. m. daily; 2:50 p. m., except Sunday; 11:20 p. m., except Saturday.  
Going North—2:55 p. m., daily; 9:35 p. m., except Sunday; 6:05 a. m., except Monday.

Trains Depart from Alba:  
Going South—10:44 a. m. daily; 4:09 p. m., except Sunday; 12:36 a. m., except Sunday.  
Going North—1:38 p. m., daily; 8:18 p. m., except Monday; 4:48 a. m., except Sunday.

M. F. Quaintance, C. L. Lockwood  
A. J. Petoskey, Mich. G. R. T. A.

## East Jordan & Southern R. R.

TIME TABLE  
(In effect Dec. 4, 1904)

LEAVE EAST JORDAN at 7:30 a. m., and 2:15 p. m.; Arriving at Bellaire at 8:40 a. m., and 3:15 p. m.  
LEAVE BELLAIRE at 10:00 a. m., and 4:00 p. m.; Arriving at East Jordan at 11:00 a. m., and 5:00 p. m.  
All trains daily except Sunday.  
Trains run by central standard time.

W. P. PORTER, E. J. CROSSMAN,  
Gen. Manager Traffic Mgr.

## PERE MARQUETTE

In effect Dec. 4, 1904.

Trains leave Bellaire as follows:  
For Traverse City, 9:58 a. m., 3:28 p. m.  
For Grand Rapids, Chicago and West 9:58 a. m. and 3:28 p. m.  
For Saginaw and Detroit:—9:58 a. m., 3:28 p. m.  
For Charlevoix and Petoskey:—8:53 a. m., and 8:05 p. m.

H. F. MOELLER,  
General Passenger Agent.  
E. N. STEWART, Agent, Bellaire.

## EXCURSIONS VIA THE PERE MARQUETTE

LOW RATES WEST.

One-way, second-class colonist fares to the West, Northwest and California. On March 1, 1905, extremely low one-way rates will be offered to points in the West, Northwest and California. Tickets will be on sale every day through the month of March. Ask Agents for particulars or write H. J. Gray, D. P. A., Grand Rapids.

LOW RATES SOUTH.

Mardi Gras at New Orleans, March 6-7-8, 1905.

On account of the Mardi Gras Festival at New Orleans on above date, the Pere Marquette will sell tickets at rate of One Fare for the Round Trip plus \$2.25. Good going March 1st, inclusive; good returning not later than March 11.

**PILES** in any form are dangerous, health-destroying, death-dealing. 25 cents restores your life. A trial jar of "Hermis" Salve will prove its infallibility. 25c. 50c. A. H. Druggists, Hermit Remedy Co., Chicago.

**HOLLIST'S**  
**Honey Mountain Tea Nuggets**  
A Busy Medicines for Easy Preparation. Brings Golden Health and Refreshment. A Specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Acne, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Stomach Disorders, Headache and Backache. It's the only Mountain Tea in tablet form, 25 cents a box. Genuine made by Hollister Dano Company, Madison, Wis.  
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE



## The NEW BOOKLOVERS MAGAZINE

THE BOOKLOVERS MAGAZINE is new every month. It has no made-in-advance program; no traditions to live up to; no example to model after. The current number now on the news stands is the very newest magazine in the field. It isn't like any other and it isn't meant to be. Even its advertising pages are a little more attractive than in most magazines. It is the best 25c worth in the magazine world. You will enjoy the exquisite color pictures, the profuse general illustrations, the clever stories, and the up-to-date, informing articles. Three Dollars a year—twenty five cents a single number.

THE BOOKLOVERS MAGAZINES  
1323 Walnut Street,  
Philadelphia.

## CUTTERS AT YOUR OWN PRICE.

I have a few Cutters on hand which I wish to dispose of before the season is over. To do this I will sell them Regardless of Cost.

J. W. COATES BLACKSMITH and WOODWORKER.  
Repairing Promptly Attended To.

I have the most complete line of everything you can possibly want in

## GROCERIES

and shall be glad to supply your wants at lowest possible prices.  
We solicit a share of your patronage.

WILL RICHARDSON.

## BURPEE'S SEEDS GROW AND WIN MORE PRIZES

than the products of any other brand! Besides several Gold Medals, they won a Grand Prize for vegetables at the St. Louis Exposition. If you intend to try Burpee's Seeds, we will mail you our Complete Catalogue of 178 pages, with beautiful colored plates and illustrations from photographs taken at our famous FORDHOOK FARMS, the largest trial grounds in America. Write TO-DAY!  
W. ATLEE BURPEE & CO., SEED GROWERS, PHILADELPHIA

## JAS. L. HACKETT

Will write your Fire Insurance in FIRE TRIED companies. Will give prompt and efficient service in making all kinds of Deeds, Mortgages, Contracts, Leases, Bonds etc., for which we carry a complete line of legal forms.  
Will loan money on first class improved farms at 7 per cent interest, in sums of \$100 to \$5000 for from one to six years.  
SOLDIERS and PENSIONERS! Are you receiving the amount of pension to which you are entitled under the Age Order of the Commissioner of Pensions, approved March 15, 1904? If not, perhaps we can assist you in getting an increase.  
NOTARY PUBLIC—WITH SEAL.

## DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

Nine out of every ten men have been guilty of transgressions against nature in their youth. Nature never excuses, no matter how young thoughts or ignorant he may be. The punishment and suffering corresponds with the crime. The only escape from its ruinous results is proper scientific treatment to counteract its effects.  
The weakness must be stopped—the NERVES must be built up and invigorated, the BLOOD must be purified, the PHYSICAL SYSTEM must be vitalized, the BRAIN must be nourished. Our New Method Treatment provides all these requirements. Under its influence the brain becomes active; the blood purified so that all pimples, blotches and ulcers disappear; the nerves become strong as steel, so that nervousness, bashfulness and despondency disappear; the eyes become bright, the face full and clear—energy returns to the body; and the moral and physical systems are invigorated and manly. We invite all the afflicted to call and consult us confidentially and free of charge. Cures Guaranteed or No Fee. We treat and cure: Varicose, Blood Diseases, Skin Diseases, Stricture, Nervous Debility, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.  
CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE.  
If unable to call, write for a QUESTION BLANK for Home Treatment.  
**DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN,**  
148 SHELBY ST., DETROIT, MICH.  
K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K

# LA GRIPPE—PNEUMONIA

So many people who have apparently recovered from an attack of La Grippe are stricken with Pneumonia. This is due to the fact that the Bronchial Tubes and Lungs are left weakened and unable to resist disease.

# FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

not only cures La Grippe Coughs, and prevents Pneumonia, but strengthens the Lungs so they will not be susceptible to the development of serious lung troubles. Do not take chances with some unknown preparation that may contain some harmful drug when FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR costs you no more and is safe and sure. Contains no opiates.

I had a bad case of La Grippe about ten years ago which left my Lungs so weak that I have been troubled more or less every winter since until I used FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR, which cured me completely and my Lungs no longer trouble me.—J. H. BROWNING, D.D.S., Orick, Mich.

Three sizes—25c, 50c, \$1.00. The 50-cent size contains two and one half times as much as the small size and the \$1.00 bottle almost six times as much. Refuse Substitutes.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY



# Supplement to Charlevoix County Herald

East Jordan, Michigan, Saturday, February 25, 1905

## ANNUAL TAX SALE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN  
County of Charlevoix

The Circuit Court for the County of Charlevoix in Chancery.

In the matter of the petition of James B. Bradley, Auditor General of the State of Michigan, for and in behalf of said State, for the sale of certain lands for taxes assessed thereon:

On reading and filing the petition of the Auditor General of the State of Michigan, praying for a decree in favor of the State of Michigan, against each parcel of land therein described, for the amounts therein specified, claimed to be due for taxes, interest and charges on each such parcel of land, and that such lands be sold for the amounts so claimed, by the state of Michigan.

It is ordered that said petition will be brought on for hearing and decree at the March term of this Court, to be held at Charlevoix in the County of Charlevoix State of Michigan, on the 18th day of March, A. D. 1905 at the opening of the Court on that day and that all persons interested in such lands or any part thereof, desiring to contest the lien claimed thereon by the State of Michigan, for such taxes, interest and charges, or any part thereof shall appear in said Court, and file with the clerk thereof, acting as register in chancery, their objections thereto, on or before the first day of the term of this Court above mentioned, and that in default thereof the same will be taken as confessed and a decree will be taken and entered as prayed for in said petition. And it is further ordered that in pursuance of said decree the lands described in said petition for which a decree of sale shall be made, will be sold for the several taxes, interest and charges thereon as determined by such decree, on the first Tuesday in May thereafter, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m. on said day, or on the day or days subsequent thereto as may be necessary to complete the sale of said lands and of each and every parcel thereof, at the office of the County Treasurer, or at such convenient place as shall be selected by him at the County Seat of the County of Charlevoix, State of Michigan, that the sale then and there made will be a public sale, and each parcel described in the decrees shall be separately exposed for sale for the total taxes, interest and charges, and the full amount charged against such parcel, and accepting a conveyance of the smallest undivided fee simple interest therein; or, if no person will pay the taxes and charges on take a conveyance of less than the entire thereof, then the whole parcel shall be offered and sold. If any parcel of land cannot be sold for taxes, interest and charges, such parcel shall be passed over for the time being and shall be made to the succeeding day, or before the close of the same, be reoffered, and it, on such second offer, or during such sale, the same cannot be sold for the amount aforesaid, the County Treasurer shall bid on the same in the name of the State.

Witness the HON. FREDERICK W. MAYNE, Circuit Judge, and the seal of said Circuit Court of Charlevoix County this 18th day of January, A. D. 1905.

FREDERICK W. MAYNE,  
Circuit Judge.

Countersigned, DARWIN F. MEECH,  
Register.

STATE OF MICHIGAN

The Circuit Court for the County of Charlevoix in Chancery.

The petition of James B. Bradley, Auditor General of the State of Michigan, for and in behalf of said State, respectfully shows that the list of lands hereinafter set forth and marked "Schedule A," contains a description of all the lands in said County of Charlevoix upon which taxes were assessed for the years mentioned therein, and which were returned as delinquent for non-payment of taxes, and which taxes have not been paid, together with the total amount of such taxes with interest computed thereon to the time fixed for sale, and collection fee and expenses, as provided by law, expended against each of said parcels of land.

Your petitioner further shows to the Court that said lands were returned to the Auditor General under the provisions of act 206 of the Public Acts of 1893, as delinquent for non-payment of said taxes for said years respectively, and that said taxes remain unpaid; except that lands included in said "Schedule A" for taxes of 1890 or prior years were returned to the Auditor General as delinquent for said taxes under the provisions of the general tax laws in force prior to the passage of Act 200 of the Public Acts of 1891, and which taxes remain unpaid.

Your petitioner further shows that in all cases where lands are included in "Schedule A" as aforesaid for taxes of 1890 or of any prior year, said lands have not been sold for said taxes or have been heretofore sold for said delinquent taxes and the sale or sales so made have been set aside by a Court of competent jurisdiction, or have been cancelled as provided by law.

Your petitioner further shows and avers that the taxes, interest, collection fee and expenses, as set forth in said "Schedule A," are a valid lien on the several parcels of lands described in said schedule.

Your petitioner further shows that the said taxes on said described lands have remained unpaid for more than one year after they were returned as delinquent; and the said taxes not having been paid, and the same being now due and remaining unpaid as above set forth, your petitioner prays a decree in favor of the State of Michigan against each parcel of said lands, for the payment of the several amounts of taxes so delinquent against said lands, that each of said parcels of land may be sold for the amounts due thereon, as provided by law, to pay the lien aforesaid.

And your petitioner will ever pray, etc.

February 14th, 1905.

## SCHEDULE "A" TAXES OF 1902

Description	TAXES OF 1900					TAXES OF 1901					TAXES OF 1902				
	Amount of Taxes	Interest	Collection Fee	Charges	Total	Amount of Taxes	Interest	Collection Fee	Charges	Total	Amount of Taxes	Interest	Collection Fee	Charges	Total
Township 34 North of Range 7 West.															
NW 1/4 of NE 1/4 sec 27, 40 acres	6.10	3.05	24.10	10.00	43.25	5.23	1.36	21.10	7.80	25.39	1.36	21.10	7.80	55.65	
NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 sec 10, 40 acres	2.85	1.48	12.10	5.55	21.98	5.34	1.43	22.10	8.14	29.01	1.43	22.10	8.14	52.68	
SE 1/4 of SE 1/4 sec 4, 80 acres	11.28	4.29	45.10	17.02	78.69	9.27	2.41	37.10	13.05	61.83	2.41	37.10	13.05	104.39	
SE 1/4 of NE 1/4 sec 20, 80 acres	11.74	4.46	47.10	17.67	80.97	1.92	42.06	1.00	45.00	90.00	42.06	1.00	45.00	138.06	
Village of South Arm															
Lots 17, 18 and 19															
Township 32 North of Range 4 West.															
SW 1/4 of SE 1/4 sec 1, 40 acres	2.87	76	11.10	4.73	88.76	2.12	63	10.10	4.15	79.90	63	10.10	4.15	157.10	
SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 sec 14, 40 acres	5.31	1.38	21.10	7.90	35.70	4.42	68	10.10	4.15	86.75	68	10.10	4.15	178.90	
SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 sec 14, 80 acres	10.60	2.76	42.10	14.78	70.24	8.84	13	10.10	5.19	137.33	13	10.10	5.19	284.66	
SE 1/4 of NE 1/4 sec 18, 40 acres	1.93	60	08.10	3.51	73.54	3.22	84	13.10	5.18	103.04	84	13.10	5.18	210.22	
SE 1/4 of SE 1/4 sec 24, 80 acres	6.68	1.74	27.10	9.69	45.21	3.22	84	13.10	5.19	103.04	84	13.10	5.19	210.22	
Township 33 North of Range 4 West.															
NW 1/4 of SW 1/4 sec 20, 40 acres	14.80	3.30	58.10	19.98	96.18	1.97	61	08.10	3.56	123.71	61	08.10	3.56	247.42	
SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 sec 18, 40 acres	10.78	2.78	43.10	14.95	71.61	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
SE 1/4 of NE 1/4 sec 19, 40 acres	1.38	36	06.10	2.80	50.54	3.70	90	15.10	5.93	114.23	90	15.10	5.93	229.16	
SE 1/4 of NE 1/4 sec 19, 80 acres	2.63	53	08.10	3.64	64.28	2.42	63	10.10	4.15	79.00	63	10.10	4.15	158.00	
SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 sec 20, 40 acres	9.91	76	12.10	4.79	106.86	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 sec 20, 80 acres	19.82	152	24.10	10.58	216.72	3.14	102	15.10	6.11	231.93	102	15.10	6.11	453.86	
SW 1/4 of SE 1/4 sec 22, 80 acres	30.69	7.98	123.10	40.90	202.67	1.55	40	06.10	3.04	212.26	40	06.10	3.04	424.52	
SW 1/4 of SE 1/4 sec 22, 80 acres	12.11	3.15	48.10	16.74	80.10	1.55	40	06.10	3.04	212.26	40	06.10	3.04	424.52	
NE 1/4 of SE 1/4 sec 30, 40 acres	40.81	2.81	43.10	15.05	101.77	1.55	40	06.10	3.04	212.26	40	06.10	3.04	424.52	
SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 sec 36, 80 acres	6.22	1.62	25.10	9.03	38.07	2.42	63	10.10	4.15	79.00	63	10.10	4.15	158.00	
Township 32 North of Range 5 West.															
W 1/4 of NW 1/4 sec 3, 80 acres	5.63	1.78	26.10	9.49	42.00	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
E 1/2 of NE 1/4 sec 4, 80 acres	6.53	1.70	28.10	9.49	46.72	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
SW 1/4 of SW 1/4 sec 4, 40 acres	4.67	1.21	19.10	7.07	31.05	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
E 1/2 of SE 1/4 sec 4, 80 acres	12.42	3.23	50.10	17.15	83.00	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
SW 1/4 of SW 1/4 sec 5, 40 acres	4.68	1.22	19.10	7.09	31.09	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
N 1/2 of NE 1/4 sec 6, 80 acres	5.88	1.62	23.10	8.61	39.21	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
NW 1/4 of NE 1/4 sec 10, 40 acres	3.80	1.01	16.10	6.07	26.98	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
NW 1/4 of NE 1/4 sec 10, 80 acres	7.60	2.02	32.10	12.14	53.96	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
W 1/4 of SE 1/4 sec 12, 20 acres	4.97	1.29	20.10	7.46	33.82	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
N 1/2 of SE 1/4 sec 24, 80 acres	6.03	1.67	24.10	8.64	39.54	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 sec 28, 40 acres	3.01	7.8	12.10	4.61	27.52	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
Township 33 North of Range 5 West.															
NE 1/4 of SE 1/4 sec 2, 40 acres	5.92	1.54	24.10	8.70	40.16	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
20 acres of West side of E 1/2 of NW 1/4 sec 12, 20 acres	2.49	65	10.10	4.24	27.88	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
W 1/2 of NW 1/4 sec 12, 80 acres	14.06	3.69	60.10	20.46	98.31	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
W 1/2 of SE 1/4 of SW 1/4 sec 12, 20 acres	3.12	83	12.10	5.05	33.10	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
E 1/2 of NW 1/4 sec 18, 80 acres	2.66	74	11.10	4.71	28.21	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
SE 1/4 of NE 1/4 sec 14, 40 acres	1.20	36	06.10	2.81	16.37	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
NW 1/4 of NE 1/4 sec 20, 40 acres	7.60	1.98	30.10	10.88	40.56	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 sec 20, 80 acres	7.48	1.94	29.10	10.72	39.24	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
SE 1/4 of SW 1/4 sec 20, 80 acres	3.32	99	15.10	5.86	34.27	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
E 1/2 of NW 1/4 sec 22, 80 acres	4.58	1.19	18.10	6.95	28.82	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
N 1/2 of SW 1/4 sec 22, 80 acres	4.77	1.24	19.10	7.20	29.31	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
N 1/2 of NE 1/4 sec 26, 80 acres	9.09	2.26	36.10	12.81	58.26	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
SE 1/4 of SW 1/4 sec 32, 40 acres	4.83	1.26	19.10	7.28	27.47	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
SE 1/4 of SW 1/4 sec 32, 80 acres	9.63	2.48	38.10	14.59	55.70	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
NE 1/4 of NW 1/4 sec 34, 40 acres	5.38	1.39	21.10	7.93	35.00	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 sec 34, 80 acres	5.08	1.32	20.10	7.60	34.10	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
E 1/2 of W 1/2 of NE 1/4 sec 36, 40 acres	3.80	94	14.10	5.68	23.56	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
SE 1/4 of SW 1/4 sec 36, 40 acres	3.47	90	14.10	5.51	22.88	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
W 1/2 of SE 1/4 sec 36, 80 acres	6.42	1.67	26.10	9.85	35.45	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
Township 32 North of Range 6 West.															
W 1/2 of NE 1/4 of NW 1/4 sec 2, 80 acres	7.65	1.99	31.10	10.95	53.69	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
A part of the SE 1/4 of SW 1/4 commencing at a point 20 rods east of south-west corner of section running thence east 20 rods thence north 40 rods thence west 20 rods thence south 40 rods to place of beginning, sec 2, 80 acres	71.18	03	100	1.92	173.13	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
A part of the SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 commencing at the north and south 1/2 line of section running thence east 20 rods, thence north 80 rods thence west 20 rods thence south 80 rods to place of beginning, sec 2, 16 acres	23.04	100	2.16	25.20	25.20	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
West 1/2 NW 1/4 sec 2, 80 acres	66.00	100	3.81	70.81	70.81	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	
West 1/2 NW 1/4 sec 2, 80 acres	66.00	100	3.81	70.81	70.81	1.57	51	08.10	3.56	113.22	51	08.10	3.56	226.78	

(Continued on other side this sheet)



Table with columns: Description, Amount of Taxes (Dollars, Cents), Interest, Collection Fee, Charges, Total. Multiple columns for each category. Includes detailed descriptions of land parcels and their locations.