

Charlevoix County Herald.

Vol. 6,

EAST JORDAN, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, APR. 4 1903.

No 32

ST 1897 XI.

RACKET STORE
Full line Tablets, Pencils, Stationery in boxes.

NEWS AGENCY
A new line of Jewellery.
Next to the Postoffice.
H. G. HOLMES.

Exponent, 10c.
Pride of Charlevoix, 5c.
Nickle Boom 5c.

R. F. Steffes.
Warne Block

Fresh GROCERIES

FRESH COOKIES AND CANNED GOODS

OF ALL KINDS ARE CONSTANTLY ARRIVING AT

WILL RICHARDSON'S
State Street Grocery.

BOOSINGER BROS.

SHIRTS and COLLARS

Trade marks mean more to-day than ever before. Few purchasers pretend to be able to tell the quality of the average make of goods EXCEPT BY THE BRAND and that is where the significance of our goods comes in.

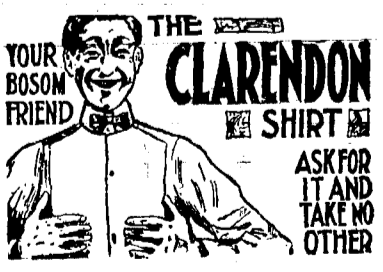
"CLARENDON" stands for the most perfect fitting and best style Shirts in the world for \$1.00.

"PENINSULAR" is the brand mark of the most substantial well-made Shirts that you ever saw at 50c. and 75c. Hundreds of the most particular men testify to the wearing qualities of our celebrated Shirts.

The "CORLISS" is the name given to the Collar that always fits and holds shape. Are you wearing this kind of Shirts and Collars? If you are you are next to the best Shirts and Collars that can be bought at any price. And ours are so reasonable, 50c. to \$1.00 for the Shirts; Collars, 15 cts., 2 for 25 cts. Latest styles.

Quality First of All - Our Motto.

BOOSINGER BROS.



Shall We Have A Creamery?

Mass Meeting Called for Saturday Next

To Decide what will be done. Farmers and Business Men Should attend this meeting.

Are we to have a creamery? That is the question that has been agitated among the farmers and in the Granges of this vicinity for the past two or three months. It has also been taken up at the Board of Trade meetings and discussed from the business man's viewpoint. While this sort of thing may be necessary to arouse the interest of the people, we have yet to learn where talk ever built a creamery or anything else. The time has come when something must be done in this matter; either go ahead and build a creamery or let it drop and devote our energies toward the securing of other things.

Realizing this fact, the Board of Trade at its meeting Monday evening called a mass meeting of the farmers and all others interested to be held in the Town Hall Saturday afternoon, April 11th, to decide what shall be done with this creamery project. At this meeting it is expected that the representatives of at least two creamery concerns will be present.

The business interests of the town are as a unit in favor of the creamery but it is with the farmer that the success or failure of the project lies. He is the man who is most vitally interested as it is to him that the benefits will accrue. The first benefit he will receive will be a steady market for the products of his farm and unlike any other line in which he can engage in dairying the farmer is constantly increasing the fertility and value of his farm as well as realizing large profits on his herd. It has been proved beyond a doubt that Northern Michigan is particularly adapted to stock raising and it is the opinion of the best informed farmers that the establishment of a creamery here will revolutionize farming and farming methods here and that the chance will be all for the better.

Every farmer in South Arm township and those of Wilson, Eveline, Jordan and Echo who are tributary to this place should come to the meeting

next Saturday afternoon and be prepared to furnish estimates as to the number of cows they could keep to furnish milk for a creamery.

The Hartford Day Sprin published the following this week:—and the editor a minister too! "Two years ago a Poland out on Nubbin Ridge swallowed a grain of wheat. Last week he was attacked with a fit of coughing and coughed up a fifty pound sack of flour and 100 pounds of bran. Truth is mighty and will prevail."

One of our subscribers looked through the Bible to find scripture to justify him in using tobacco and found just one passage. It was found in the last chapter of Revelations and is the second clause of the eleventh verse. We will bet that every one of the old sinners who use tobacco will read that verse within an hour after reading this paragraph.

State Land Commissioner Wildey will sometime in May offer for sale at auction about thirty thousand acres of state homestead lands in Gladwin county. The lands will probably be sold all the way from 50 cents to \$5 or \$6 an acre. The commissioner declares he could sell 100,000 acres of land for grazing purposes in the northern counties at \$2 an acre to a single customer.

CHRONIC BRONCHITIS CURED.

"For ten years I had chronic bronchitis so bad that at times I could not speak above a whisper," writes Mr. Joseph Coffman, of Montmorenci, Ind. "I tried all remedies available but with no success. Fortunately my employer suggested that I try Foley's Honey and Tar. Its effect was almost miraculous and I am now cured of the disease. On my recommendation many people have used Foley's Honey and Tar, and always with satisfaction."

Sold by L. C. Madison & Co.

List of Advertiser Letters.

Unclaimed letters for the week ending Mar. 30:—

Klux, A. F.,
Lloyd, John,
Strang, Mabelle,
Whalin, Mrs. Josephine,
Wm. HARRINGTON, P. M.

Foley's Kidney Cure if taken in time affords security from all kidney and bladder diseases.
Sold by L. C. Madison & Co.

DREADFUL ATTACK OF WHOOPING COUGH.

Mrs. Ellen Harrison, of 300 Park Ave., Kansas City, Mo., writes as follows: "Our two children had a severe attack of whooping cough, one of them in the paroxysm of coughing would often faint and bleed at the nose. We tried everything we heard of without getting relief. We then called in our family doctor who prescribed Foley's Honey and Tar. With the very first dose they began to improve and we feel that it has saved their lives." Refuse substitutes.

Sold by L. C. Madison & Co.

Latest Fashion Notes.

LOOSE COAT OF TAN CLOTH.

Loose coats and wraps promise to be quite the thing for winter wear, a fact which is to be welcomed, as then we are less liable to crush our dainty waists—something every woman has experienced and deplored. The material of this very attractive model is the palest shade of tan cloth, richly trimmed with cream "flet" lace. The sleeves are quite wide and flaring and are ornamented with three very narrow folds showing at the edge several rows of machine stitching done with the same shade of Corticelli silk, size D, which is generally used by the best dressmakers for this work.



A long loose coat of bright red lightweight lustrous cloth worn with a white wool gown would be charming for afternoon wear or driving. Indeed a full or three-quarter-length wrap of some description is quite an essential item in every perfectly appointed wardrobe this season. When the one wrap must answer for both street and evening wear, black taffeta or peau de soie may be used. Lace or embroidered bands are particularly effective on these coats, though for a simple and stylish effect a broad collar of Irish lace or one of embroidered batiste would be attractive.

PNEUMONIA IS ROBBED OF ITS TERRORS.

By Foley's Honey and Tar. It stops the racking cough and heals and strengthens the lungs. If taken in time will prevent an attack of pneumonia. Refuse substitutes.

Sold by L. C. Madison & Co.

On Saturday last the Pasteur Institute at Ann Arbor, which had been opened but two days, received its second patient. She is Miss Mable Swatridge of Detroit. A few days ago Miss Swatridge was feeding a sick dog out of her hand. It seems that she had a scratch on her hand and the dog's saliva covered this portion of her hand. It turned out that the dog was in the first stages of hydrophobia and she is there now taking treatment, as it was found some of the poison got into her system.

A CHATTANOOGA DRUGGIST'S STATEMENT.

Robt. J. Miller, proprietor of the Read House Drug Store, of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes: "There is more merit in Foley's Honey and Tar than in any other cough syrup. The calls for it multiply wonderfully and we sell more of it than all other cough syrups combined."

Sold by L. C. Madison & Co.

NOTICE.

If your hens don't lay or are troubled with vermin I will sell you a Poultry Food and Vermin Killer. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
MAX SCHEEELS, South Arm.

MY FRIEND FROM INDIA.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press says: "Farce more farcical than My Friend From India would be a public menace. Never has an audience laughed more continually, more convulsively than at the Metropolitan Opera House last night. Mr. DuSouchet has admirably realized the all sufficient ideal that laughter is to farce what persuasion is to oratory. Every line of My Friend From India was written to produce a laugh, and every line succeeds. The play enjoyed a longer run in New York than almost any other production of the season. Contrast and mistaken identity have been used with notable skill in ministering to the public's wholesome desire for to tormental fun, as contagious and innocent as it is unforced and natural."

The plan of the farce, as already mentioned, concerns complications resulting from a wealthy pork packer's attempt to secure social recognition by introducing to New York society a presumed theosophic oracle from India. The packer's son, when intoxicated, has taken home, by mistake, a barber who happens to cultivate theosophy. In order to shield himself, the son introduces to the father the barber as "My Friend From India." The contrast of the boorish matter-of-fact business man with the ultra-philosophic Mahatma robed in yellow, brings on many of the occasions for hilarity. Others are superinduced by twin clergymen, the one being real and the other a masquerader; and by two feminine costumes worn respectively by the disguised Mahatma and a woman. The costume confusion is further heightened, when, to avoid recognition, the theosophist retreats behind a mirror lacking the glass and deceives the shortsighted double by simulating herself reflected in the mirror.

There is no special argument to the farce, none of the prolonged satire that easily grows tiresome—everywhere is action, brightness and pungent humor.

The United States fish car from Northville has deposited 7,000,000 trout in the Bay at East Tawas.

First publication April 4th, 1903.

ORDER OF HEARING.

State of Michigan, ss. County of Charlevoix.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Charlevoix held at the Probate Office in the Village of Charlevoix on Monday, the 30th day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and three.

Present, John M. Harris, Judge of Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Joel M. Burdick. On hearing and filing the petition, duly verified of Welta McCalmont praying that the will of Joel M. Burdick be admitted to probate.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the 27th day of April at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the Village of Charlevoix, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is Further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereon, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the HERALD, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Charlevoix, three successive weeks, previous to said day of hearing.

JOHN M. HARRIS, Judge of Probate. (A true copy.)

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on January 9th, 1903, the South Arm Lumber Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Wisconsin as plaintiff commenced a suit by writ of attachment in the Circuit Court for the County of Charlevoix, State of Michigan, against the Cleveland Saw Mill and Lumber Co., a foreign corporation organized and existing by virtue of the laws of the State of Ohio, as defendant, to recover the sum of eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) alleged to be due the said South Arm Lumber Company from the Cleveland Saw Mill and Lumber Co.

Said writ of attachment being returnable February 24, A. D. 1903.

Dated Feb. 24th, A. D. 1903.

SOUTH ARM LUMBER COMPANY, by A. B. NICHOLAS, its Attorney.

CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN.

Thirteenth Judicial Circuit in Chancery

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Charlevoix in Chancery, at Chambers on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1903

Katie Kribbs, Complainant,

vs.

John L. Kribbs, Defendant.

In this cause it appearing that the Defendant, John L. Kribbs, is not a resident of this State, but is a resident of the British Provinces of North America.

Therefore, on motion of A. B. Nicholas, Solicitor for Complainant, it is ordered that the Defendant enter his appearance in said cause, on or before four months from the date of this order, and that within twenty days the complainant cause this order to be published in the CHARLEVOIX COUNTY HERALD, a newspaper published in said County, said publication to be continued once each week for six weeks in succession.

FREDERICK W. MAYNE, ALFRED B. NICHOLAS, Circuit Judge, Solicitor for Complainant. 2-14-71.

Wm. Germond,
Tonsorial Artist.

When in need of anything in my line, call in and see me.
LaLonde Building. East Jordan.

In Mississippi anything progressive is a crime, even progressive eucbra.

To avoid the grave robbers drink boiled water and get vaccinated.

Balfour has a majority back of him that seems to authorize him to do things.

Really the Irish question has become so tame that Mr. Balfour is not afraid to pet it.

Lady Gordon is properly shut out from court. The King of England must not be contaminated.

Mr. Corbett is evidently extremely anxious to be the first one to profit by Mr. Jeffries' failing health.

At the Marquand sale a peach blow vase fetched \$1,200. A vase that will bring that much must be a peach.

Red hair, it is said, denotes purity of thought and intensity of feeling. What does the white horse indicate?

For those Chicago old maids to admit married life is the happiest is like a teetotaler describing the taste of rum.

The late Dr. Gatling invented both a death-dealing gun and an automatic plough. But he never beat one into the other.

Another "get-rich-quick" concern has gone up in St. Louis, and the "get-over-it-slowly" process begins for its "investors."

Brazil and Bolivia are getting ready to go to war. Evidently they are tired of fooling around with mere revolutions.

An American has been arrested in Milan, Italy, for throwing away money. Are the rich to be deprived of all their pleasures?

Cartoonist, isn't it about time to put away the David and Goliath idea? It has been in use for several years and really needs a rest.

It may be wise to keep a diary, but as the evidence in a recent divorce case shows, it is also wise to keep it securely locked up.

Beef is now just as cheap as pork. That seems to be the most cheerful way to state the fact that pork has risen to beef prices.

The King of Spain is to name the umpire between Mexico and Venezuela. Well, well, little Alfonso is getting to be quite a man.

Jan Kubelik married and accompanied by his wife is quite another big office proposition from Jan the possible hero of every matinee girl's romance.

Whole nations sometimes go to sleep. Mr. Balfour said that if the ministry did not suit, parliament could get another one easily. And it missed the chance!

Gen. Michailowski of the Macedonian committee is armed only with a name and a just cause, but the Turks have modern guns, even though they were bought on credit.

We are told that "real grandeur" is to distinguish the marriage of Miss Tlaw and the Earl of Yarmouth. But we are old-fashioned enough to remember that all is not gold that glitters.

Count Robert de Montesquieu says the Empress Josephine was so lavish with mink in her houndairs at Malmaison that the stones of these august retreats are still redolent of it. Whew!

It is estimated that a polar explorer can fit out an expedition for \$200,000, but as this estimate does not include the cost of the rescuing expedition the figures are obviously misleading.

London literary men have organized a club to suppress superfluous books. It might have been foreseen that ten years of Hall Caine and Marie Corelli would lead to some such reaction.

English yachtsmen say that the half-measure in keel which the Shamrock III is to use "will enable her to spin like a top every time she goes about." Still, for all her spinning she may not come out a-top.

There is a man in a Russian hospital who has papers to show that he is 200 years old. His age isn't as remarkable, however, as the fact that he doesn't claim to have smoked tobacco and guzzled whiskey all his life.

Who'll respond to Brother Parkhurst's call for three or four million dollars to start the ideal newspaper? That money ought to start it all right. All that would then be needed would be a few million more to keep it going.

A new burglar alarm photograph the burglar, arouses the family and calls the police. All it needs in addition is an attachment that will handcuff the burglar and hitch him to one of the legs of the grand piano in the parlor.

Are Too Wealthy To Have Children

In that section of New York where wealth is the greatest, where millionaires are many and fashion reigns, the proportion of children is less than one to each family. In that section of the city where poverty rules and people are herded together like cattle the proportion of children is three to each family.

In other words, the poor and illiterate multiply three times as rapidly as the rich and educated. Obviously there is a lesson here. Where luxury and ease abound the race—the American race—scarcely reproduces itself each generation, but in the humblest tenement houses, most of them homes of the foreigner barely able to speak the English language and utterly indifferent to all the great problems, except that greatest one of feeding hungry mouths, the little ones increase like the grains of corn in the full ear.

The facts brought out by a thorough investigation of conditions as they exist at both extremes of the social scale in this city—facts that have a counterpart in all sections of this country—corroborate in a marked way the views entertained by President Roosevelt. In a letter to Mrs. John Van Vorst, co-author of "The Woman Who Tolls," the President uttered a strong protest against the love of luxury and ease which is undermining the race supremacy of the American nation by preventing marriages and the production of large families. Race suicide, whether complete or partial, the President holds, is the greatest question before the country and amounts to a serious menace.

His views of the situation are expressed in these words:

"An easy, good-natured kindness and a desire to be independent—that is, to live one's life purely according to one's own desires—are in no sense substitutes for the fundamental virtues, for the practice of the strong racial qualities without which there can be no strong race—the qualities of courage and resolution both in men and women, of scorn of what is mean, base and selfish, of eager desire or fight or suffer, as the case may be, provided the end to be gained is great enough, and the contemptuous putting aside of mere ease, mere rapid pleasure, mere avoidance of toil and worry.

"Of course no one quality makes a good citizen, and no one quality will save a nation. But there are certain great qualities for the lack of which no amount of intellectual brilliancy, or of material prosperity, or of easiness of life can atone, and which show decadence and corruption in the nation just as much as if they are produced by selfishness and coldness and ease-loving laziness among comparatively poor people—as if they are produced by vicious or frivolous luxury in the rich.

"If the men of the nation are not anxious to work in many different ways, with all their might and strength, and ready and able to fight at need, and anxious to be fathers of families, and if the women do not recognize that the greatest thing for any woman is to be a good wife and mother, why, that nation has cause to be alarmed about its future.

There is no physical trouble among Americans. The trouble with the situation you set forth is one of character, and therefore we can conquer it if we only will."

This in general terms is the arraignment. Some figures have been supplied by Dr. George F. Shradly, who has made an extended study of the subject. He found the average family of the better or more educated class consist of only one or two children, the middle class family of from four to five, while the families of the lower classes run from five to nine. This finding has been substantiated in the present inquiry in the case of the first and the last groups.

No section of New York contains

more homes of wealth and refinement than the section of Fifth avenue in the neighborhood of Central Park. That stretch of the avenue extending between Fifty-sixth and Seventieth streets, comprising fourteen blocks and about three-fourths of a mile long, has upward of 100 private houses, the largest and finest in the city. They present an imposing appearance; their doors are open only to the elite; within them are all the appointments of luxury and refinement that money can buy, and troops of servants to do the slightest bidding. But in not a few of them the music of children's voices and the patter of childish feet are sounds not heard.

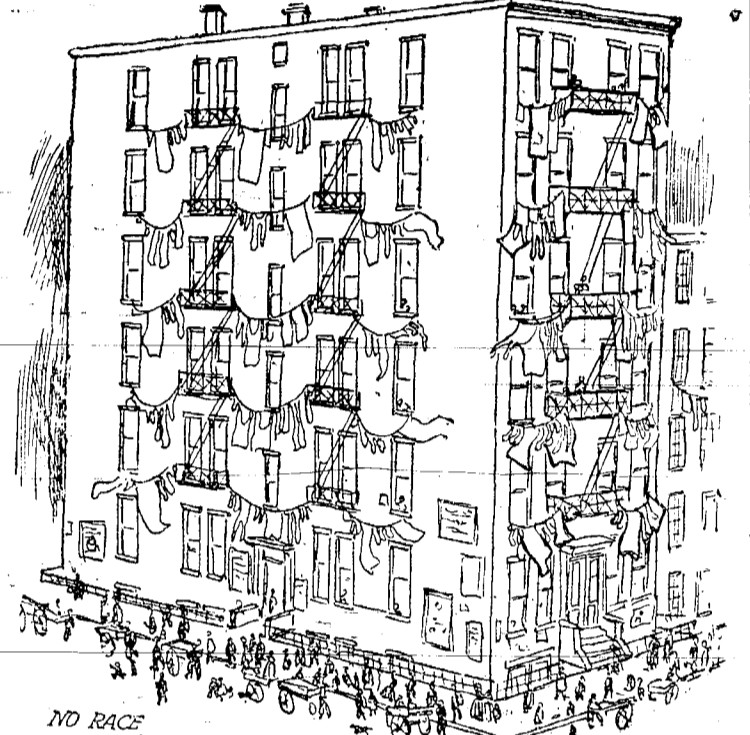
A census of the specified district, made as accurately as the difficulties of the inquiry permit, revealed the fact that fifty representative families have a showing of only forty-eight children, or less than one to each household.

Within the district are several one of which was taken into account. In it are domiciled at least ten families, who have a total of thirty children, an average of three to each family. Of families living in their own homes twenty-one are said to have no

of the eyes, for the children are seen about the streets in this quarter and nothing speaks of their existence to the passerby.

Down in the tenement district of the lower East Side the contrast is found. Here the streets are thronged with children, whether the weather be fair or foul. Their homes are poor, narrow, boxlike rooms in the huge tenement buildings. One of the largest of these stands on the corner of Orchard and Broome streets. It is six stories high and has accommodations for forty-eight families. At present forty-seven are housed in it, and these families have among them a total of 135 children. Seven families, recently married, have no offspring. The showing of the others is as follows: Nine families have one child each, nine families have two children each, six families have three children each, two families have four children each, seven families have five children each, three families have six children each, three families have seven children each, and one family has eight children.

The figures tell their own story, but only in part, since the families here represented who have fewest children are almost invariably young mar-



NO RACE SUICIDE HERE

ried couples. The tendency of the toward families of from four or five to nine children. To an investigator going directly from the fashionable Fifth avenue locality to the crowded regions where live the foreigners the contrast in this matter of child population is extremely striking and gives force to the suggestion the President makes in such striking language—

New York Press.

Wasn't Acquainted.

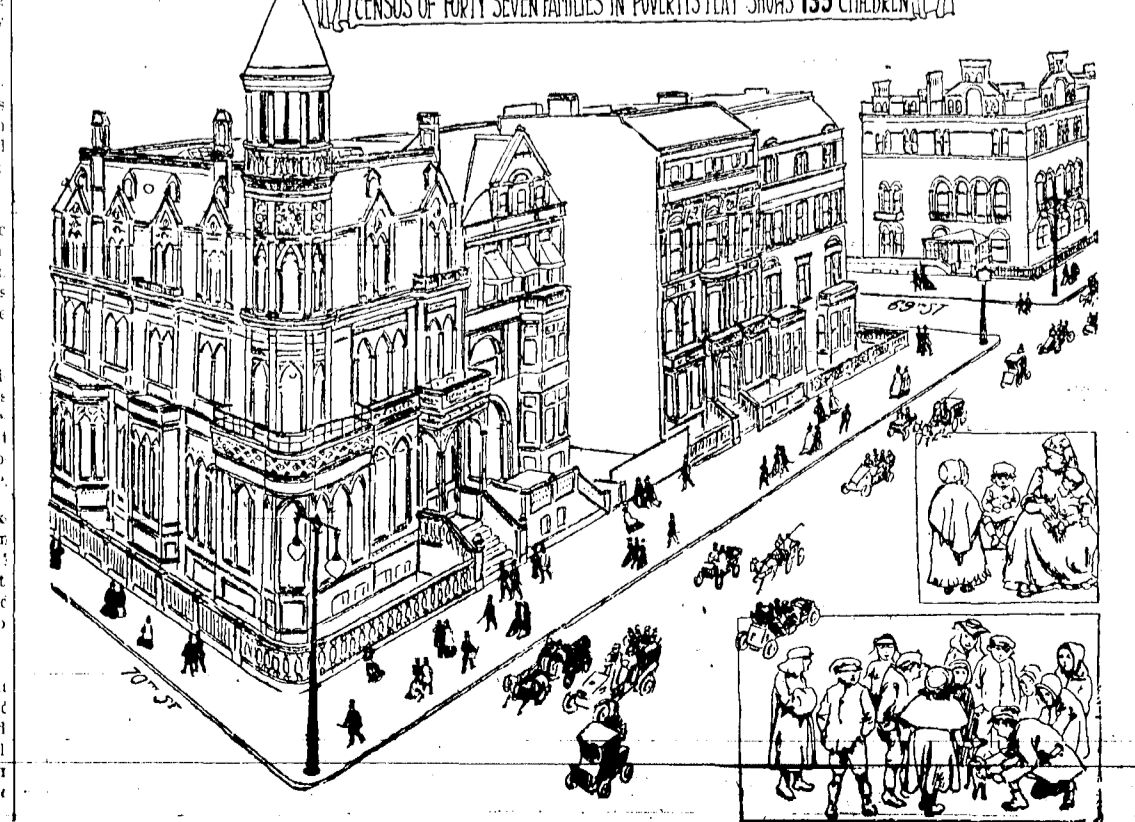
"Waiting in the bank directly in front of me was a charming woman of twenty or so who was having her first experience in banking," said the merchant as he lighted his cigar after luncheon. "She was asked the questions usual for one who is opening an account: her name, address, whether married, or single and her father's and mother's name. She got along all right until the clerk asked: 'Mother's maiden name, please?'"

"I don't quite understand, I'm afraid," she said hesitatingly.

"I mean your mother's name when she was a girl," explained the clerk.

"How should I know? I don't like impertinence, Sir! How should I know? I didn't know her when she was a girl. The idea! Are you trying to make fun of me, Sir?"—New York Times.

CENSUS OF FIFTY FAMILIES IN MILLIONAIRES' ROW SHOWS 48 CHILDREN.
CENSUS OF FORTY SEVEN FAMILIES IN POVERTY'S FLAT SHOWS 135 CHILDREN.



PLAYED WITH A GREAT MAN.

Carnegie Regarded Tom Morris as Among the World's Heroes.

As is well known, Andrew Carnegie is a devotee of the ancient Scottish game of golf and never misses an opportunity to try his skill with stick and ball. When he was made a Burgess of St. Andrew's, along with Lords Elgin and Balfour of Burleigh, he made a point of visiting the show places of the ancient city—the cathedral, the castle and the golf course. Among other clubmakers' places that of old Tom Morris faces the home hole. There Mr. Carnegie was met and welcomed by the Nestor of golf, old Tom, cap in hand. Mr. Carnegie hailed Tom as "the greatest man in the world," naming great soldiers, orators, musicians, principals and professors, none of whom could compare with Tom Morris, the greatest golfer. Pulling out his card, Mr. Carnegie wrote on the back of it, "To T. Morris, king of golfdom, from his loyal subject A. C.," which old Tom accepted with his old-world courtesy. Mr. Carnegie bargained with him for sets of clubs and for a match that he might be able to say: "I have played golf with old Tom Morris."

FOUND THEM HARD TO RAISE.

Slight Mistake Made by a Lover of Lobsters.

A great gormand, who had a passion for shellfish, inherited a fine estate and a large sum of money. He had been extravagant, and his friends were greatly rejoiced at his legacy. Mr. H. Barry, in "Ivan at Home," tells to what use the money was devoted:

"I went to town one day and soon learned that the prince was in his usual impecunious condition.

"Where has your legacy gone?" I asked.

"Why," he replied, "you know that I am very fond of lobsters; and having a river on my estate, I thought I would try to acclimatize them there; but unfortunately I have spent all the legacy in the attempt without succeeding. The quite forgot the water is not salt."—Youth's Companion.

Repatries in the House.

A recent interchange of fire between Col. Hepburn of Iowa, and Gen. Grosvenor of Ohio on the floor of the House: "Gen. Grosvenor—The gentleman from Iowa does not believe that any public man was ever sincere or honest in his advocacy of a proposition and always looks around for a selfish motive. That is because the gentleman himself has no other standard of morality than that. Col. Hepburn—I draw the line some where; I draw it at Ohio people. I do not propose to hold the gentleman from Ohio responsible for what he has said. I recognize the fact that I myself am getting old and that some day I will be senile."

Chance for Research.

Five-year-old Georgia had been taking a lively interest in school studies, especially in physiology and anatomy. We were studying an unfortunate porcupine, which had been caught in an apple tree, and we had made good illustrations of certain bones, when one day the girls took an old lounge apart. Having watched the operation for some time, he came running to me, his eyes on fire with excitement, his cheeks flushed and his locks lying behind him: "Come, come," he cried, "if you want to study physiology, now's your chance. The girls have got the lounge all to pieces."—Little Chronicle.

Original Claim for a Pension.

Perhaps the most remarkable pension application ever presented in Congress is that embodied in a bill introduced by Congressman Pearre of Maryland. It recites with great gravity and a wealth of circumstantial detail that the applicant, when a child in arms in 1861, was so frightened by Yankee invaders in Maryland that he became paralyzed and has never been able to do any work. There is talk of awarding Congressman Pearre some kind of championship in view of the originality of his bill.

Canada's Timber Lands.

The impression that British North America is covered with valuable timber is fallacious. Black walnut, red cedar and white oak are not found north of Toronto. A line drawn from the city of Quebec to Sault Ste. Marie will designate the northern limit of beech, elm and birch. The north shore of Lake Superior will mark the northern boundary of sugar hard maple.

Male Teachers Decreasing.

The number of men employed as teachers in the public schools of this country, according to United States Commissioner of Education Harris is slowly but steadily decreasing. In 1870 41 per cent of the teachers were males, and in 1900 the percentage had fallen to 29. The reason for the abandonment of school teaching by men is that it does not pay well enough.

Felt Need of Aid.

Dean Crane of Cornell, who represented President Schurman at the Cornell dinner at the Waldorf, began his address by saying he was like the youth who tried the Cornell entrance examination in English. The candidate had to give examples of the indicative, conditional, potential and exclamatory moods, and this is what he wrote:—"I am trying an English examination. If I answer ten questions I will pass. If I answer seven questions may pass. God help me!"—New York Times.



Quebec's System of Dairy Instruction.

A Canadian paper tells of the Quebec system of dairy instruction as follows:

A pretty clear idea of the system followed in Quebec was obtained from Messrs. Bourbeau, Leclair, and Plamondon at the Ottawa conference.

Practically all the cheese or butter factories are organized in syndicates. For each syndicate (including about 20 to 25 factories) there is an instructor. Above these instructors—of whom there are 45—is a chief instructor, Mr. Bourbeau, and three general instructors. To Mr. Bourbeau the local instructors make weekly written reports, and he is thus able to keep close tab on their work. In case of special difficulty the work of the local instructor is supplemented by a visit from a general instructor or Mr. Bourbeau himself.

Before a man can even apply for the position he must have served at least three years as chief of a factory. Then he may apply to the secretary of the Dairy Association for admission to the dairy school. When this application is made an inspector is instructed to visit the applicant at his factory and secure a statement from the purchaser of the factory's goods as to the quality of the latter. If the visit shows the factory in a satisfactory condition, and the report of the buyer as to the quality of the factory's output is favorable, the applicant for the place of inspector may enter the dairy school. If he passes the required examination at the end of the school term he is permitted to serve as instructor for 12 months. If his work that year merits the approval of the general inspector he can take a second term at the school and then, on passing another examination, he gets his diploma. But still he is not at the end of it, as he is required to return to the school once in three years in order that he may keep in touch with all the developments that occur from time to time in dairy practice; and even after all this he is subject to dismissal for cause. That ought to insure efficiency.

An instructor is really a Provincial officer. True, he must pass an examination before a board appointed by the Provincial Dairy Association, and part of his salary is paid by a tax upon the factories in his syndicate, but his appointment is ratified by the Lieutenant-Governor. Council; he receives a salary, and not fees, and half his salary is paid from the Provincial treasury. He thus has the standing and independence of a public officer and has the authority required to keep the factories under his supervision up to the mark.

Two Wisconsin Dairy Meetings.

The second meeting and the thirty-first meeting of the Wisconsin Dairy-men's Association were held in the city of Fond du Lac. At the latter meeting the president, J. Q. Emery, contrasted the conditions under which the two meetings were held. In part he said: "The second annual meeting of this association was held in the council chambers in this city of Fond du Lac, February 17 and 18, 1874. At that time Hon. W. D. Board, then secretary of the association, reported the production of cheese in this state as 19,000,000 pounds, which sold at about 10 cents a pound. The product of the Wisconsin cheese factories for 1902 approximates 90,000,000 pounds which at ten cents a pound (probably an under-estimate) shows a total estimated value of the cheese product of Wisconsin for 1902 to be \$9,000,000, an increase of more than 800 per cent on the product of 1873.

The published records of the Fond du Lac meeting for 1874 disclose no discussion whatever concerning the production of butter. The production of cheese only was considered. The records of that meeting do not in any way show the butter product in Wisconsin for that year. Such a thing, as our present system of creameries was unknown and probably, undreamed of, and there were few private dairies. Contrast that condition with the year 1902 when the factory-made butter in Wisconsin amounted to 74,000,000 pounds and the butter produced upon the farms may be taken at 44,750,000 pounds. The estimated value of creamery-made butter is \$14,975,000, and of the farm butter is \$8,950,000, making a total estimated value of the entire butter product of Wisconsin for 1902, the sum of \$23,745,000.

Meeting of Ayrshire Breeders.

The 28th annual meeting of the Ayrshire Breeders' Association was held at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, January 29, 1903, with about fifty members and visitors present. The officers elected were: Geo. H. Yeaton, Dover, N. H., president; Obadiah Brown, Providence, R. I., Thomas Turnbull, Jr., Casanova, Va.; Charles C. Doe, South Newbury, Vt.; E. J. Fletcher, Greenfield, N. H.; vice presidents; C. M. Winslow, Brandon, Vt., secretary; N. S. Winsor, Greenfield, R. I., treasurer; J. F. Converse, Woodville, R. I., J. Andrew Casterline, Dover, N. J., executive committee for three years. The report of the treasurer showed about \$5,000 in treasury. The report of the secretary showed a removal by death of six members and twenty-four new members added. It was voted to continue the Home Dairy test for the next year with the same premium.

THE MAID of MAIDEN LANE

Sequel to "The Bow of Orange Ribbon."

A LOVE STORY BY AMELIA E. BARR.

(Copyright, 1900, by Amelia E. Barr)

CHAPTER IV.—(Continued.)

At this moment Mrs. Hyde entered the room, her fair face alight with love. A servant carrying a tray full of good things to eat, followed her; and it was delightful to watch her eager happiness as she arranged meats, and sweetmeats, in tempting order for the hungry young man. As he ate, he talked to his father of those things interesting to him.

"Pray," asked Gen. Hyde, "what can you tell me about the seat of government? Will New York be chosen?"

"Upon my word, sir, the opinions are endless in number and variety; but, in truth, there is to be some sort of a compromise with the southern senators, who are promised the capital on the Potomac, finally, if they no longer oppose the assumption of the state debts."

"And Joris, the ladies? What say they on the subject?" asked Mrs. Hyde.

"Indeed, mother, some of them are lamenting, and some looking forward to the change. All are talking of the social disposition of the beautiful Mrs. Bingham. She will have to abate herself a little before Mrs. Washington, I heard one lady say; while others declare that her association with our republican court will be harmonious and advantageous; especially, as she is beloved in the home of the president."

"Our republican court! The definition is absurd!" said Gen. Hyde, "court pre-supposes both royalty and nobility!"

"We have both of them intrinsically, father."

"In faith, George! you will find, that intrinsic qualities have no social value. What people require is their external evidence. Now I am sleepy, I will talk to you more on these subjects in the morning. Good night!" He put his hand on his son's shoulder and looked with a proud confidence into the bright face, lifted to the touch.

Then George was alone with his mother; but she was full of little household affairs; and he could not bring into them a subject so close and so sacred to his heart. "I will speak to my mother in the morning," he thought, "to-night her mind is full of other things."

But in the morning Mrs. Hyde was still more interested in "other things." She had an architect with her, her servants were to order, her house to look after. So he ate his breakfast rapidly, and went out to the new stables. He expected to find the General there, and he was not disappointed. There was much to interest them; men were busy draining and building stone walls; plowing and sowing, and digging and planting. Yet, in the midst of all this busy life, George detected in his father's manner an air of melancholy. Presently he asked, "How goes it with your law books, George?"

"Faith, sir, I must confess, very indifferently. I have no senses that way."

"Consider, George, that not only this estate, but also the estate of your Grandfather Van Heemskirk must eventually come to you. Much of both has been bought from confiscated properties, and it is not improbable that claimants may arise who will cause you trouble. How necessary, then, that you should know something of the laws affecting land and property in this country."

"My grandfather is in trouble. I forgot to tell you last night, that his friend, Elder Semple, is dead."

"Dead!"

"Yes, sir."

For a few minutes General Hyde

heaven! you must forget Miss Moran. She is not to be thought of as a wife—for one moment."

"Sir, you are not so unjust as to make such a statement without giving me a reason for it."

"Giving you a reason! Look east, and west, and north, and south—all these rich lands were bought with your Uncle William's money. He made himself poor to make me rich. Tell me now what child is left to your uncle?"

"Only his daughter Annie, a girl of fourteen or fifteen years."

"Well, then, sir, what is your duty to Annie Hyde?"

"I do not conceive myself to have any special duty to Annie Hyde."

"Upon my honor, you are then perversely stupid! When your uncle wrote me that pitiful letter which informed me of the death of his last son, my first thought was that his daughter must be assured her right in the succession. There is one way to compass this. You know what that way is. Why do you not speak?"

"Because, sir, if I confess your evident opinion to be just, I bind myself to carry it out, because of its justice."

"Is it not just?"

"It might be just to Annie and very unjust to me."

"No, sir. Justice is a thing absolute; it is not altered by circumstances. What are you going to do?"

"I know not. I must think."

"I am ashamed of you! In the name of all that is honorable, what is there to think about? Have I a son with so little proper feeling that he needs to think a moment when the case is between honor and himself?"

"Sir, you are more cruel and unreasonable than I could believe possible."

"The railings of a losing lover are not worth answering. A man mad in love has some title to my pity."

"And, sir, if you were any other man but my father, I would say 'Confound your pity!' Our conversation is extremely unpleasant, and I desire to put an end to it. Permit me to return to the house."

"Let it be so. I will see you tomorrow in town."

He stood in the center of the roadway watching his son's angry carriage and his rapid, uneven steps.

"He is in a naked temper, without even civil disguise," he muttered, "and I hope that he will keep away from his mother in his present unreason."

His mother was, however, George's first desire. He did not believe she would sanction his sacrifice to Annie Hyde. When he reached the house he found that his mother had gone to the pond to feed her swans, and he decided to ride a little out of his way in order to see her there. Upon the soft earth the noofs of his horse were not audible, but when he came within her sight, it was wonderful to watch the transformation of her countenance. A great love, a great joy, swept away like a gust of wind, the peace on its surface, and a glowing, loving intelligence made her instantly restless. She called him with sweet imperiousness—"George! Joris! Joris! My dear one!" and he answered her with the one word ever near, and ever dear, to a woman's heart—"Mother!"

"I thought you were with your father. Where have you left him?"

"In the wilderness. There is need for me to go to the city. My father will tell you why. I come only to see you—to kiss you."

"Joris, I see that you are angry. What has your father been saying to you?"

"He will tell you."

"Money, is it?"

"It is not money. My father is generous to me."

"Then some woman it is?"

"Kiss me, mother. After all, there is no woman like unto you."

She drew close to him and he stooped his handsome face to hers and kissed her many times. Her smile comforted him, for it was full of confidence, as she said:

"Trouble not yourself, Joris. At the last, your father sees through my eyes. Must you go? Well, then, the Best of Belings go with you!"

She lifted her face again, and George kissed it, and then rode rapidly away.

He hardly drew rein until he reached his grandfather's house. The ticking of the tall house-clock was the only sound he heard at first, but as he stood irresolute, a sweet, thin voice in an adjoining room began to sing a hymn.

"Grandmother! Grandmother!"

Grandmother!!! he called, and before the last appeal was echoed the old lady appeared.

"Oh, my Joris!" she cried, "Joris! Joris! I am so happy to see thee. But what, then, is the matter? Thy eyes are full of trouble."

"I will tell you, grandmother. And he sat down by her side and went over the conversation he had had with his father. When he ceased speaking, she answered:

"To tell thee, Joris, is a great shame, and for nothing to sell thee is still worse. This is what I think: Let half of the income from the earldom go to the poor young lady, but thyself into the bargain, is beyond all reason. And if with Cornelia Moran thou art in love, a good thing it is; so I say."

"Do you see, Cornelia, grandmother?"

"Well, then, I have seen her; more than once. A great beauty I think her, and Doctor John has money—plenty of money—and a very good family are the Morans. Now, then, thy grandfather is coming; thy trouble tell to him. Good advice he will give thee."

Senator Van Heemskirk, however, went first into his garden and gathering great handfuls of white narcissuses and golden daffodils, he called a slave woman and bade her carry them to the Semple house and lay them in and around his friend's coffin.

With these preliminaries neither Joris nor Lysbet interfered; but when he had lit his long pipe and seated himself comfortably in his chair, Lysbet said:

"Where hast thou been all this afternoon?"

"I have been sealing up my friend's desk and drawers until his sons arrive. Very happy he looks. He is now one of those that know."

"I wonder, Joris, if in the next life we shall know each other?"

"My Lysbet, in this life do we know each other?"

"I think not. Here has come our dear Joris full of trouble to thee, for his father has said such things as I could not have believed. Joris, tell thy grandfather what they are."

And this time George, being very

"Drowned old wooden hookers, green w' drippin' wrack, Ships as never fetched to port, as never came back. Swingin' to the bushin' tide, dippin' to the swell, 'N' the crews all singin', sonny, beatin' on the bell. 'N' I wish— I wish as I was there."

"For ridin' in the anchorage the ships of all the world Have got one anchor down 'n' all sails furled; All the sunken hookers 'n' the crews as there port. 'N' I wish— I wish as I was there."

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East Jordan Company's Store.

ENTHUSIASM!

A Healthful Condition.

We need it in our homes; we need it in our business. Why should we not have it in our business when we know we have the merchandise you need, at prices beyond any competition, and plenty of it. Take, for example, our

Clothing Stock.

Should we be dull and lifeless when we attempt to show you

A pair of Boys' Knee Pants at	25c.
—A pair a little better for	35c.
A pair of good Corduroy Pants at	50c.
A pair of boys' long Pants at	\$1.00
and up to	2.50
Boys Knee Pant Suits,	\$1.25 to 5.00
Boys Long Pant Suits, at	\$5.00 and up.
A Man's All Wool Suit for	\$5.00

The most complete line of Men's Clothing and best fitters in Northern Michigan, Suits sell from \$6.50 to 20.00

HATS AND CAPS.

You cannot find a better assortment of all styles and shapes, 50c. to \$3.00

SHOES.

Men's Shoes; Ladies' Shoes, Boys' Shoes, Misses' Shoes, Children's Shoes, Baby Shoes. All New and Up-to-date. Uneda Shoe? Come to us.

DRY GOODS.

Can You Use

A good Print, at	5c.
A good Unbleached Cotton at	5c.
42-in. Pillow Tubing at	15c.
45-in. " "	16c.
A good Crash, (all linen)	8c., 10c., 12c.
A very complete line of Cotton Dress fabrics, white and colored, per yard,	8c. to 50c.

DRESS GOODS.

Don't miss our stock in looking for a Dress or a Skirt pattern. New things in, and to arrive.

Groceries.

Try our Canned Salmon, per can	10c.
Try our Canned (1 gal.) Apples,	23c.
Try our Soap, 6 cakes for	25c.
Try our Berrv Coffee, per lb.,	11c.
Try our Japan Tea, per lb.,	25c.
Try our Dried Apples, per lb.,	10c.
Try our new drink, "TRECOLA."	
Try our Rice, 5 lbs. for	25c.
Pure New Orleans Molasses, per can	25c.
Pure Buckeye Dairy Salt, 5c. and 10c.	

Crockery and Glassware.

A new line of 100-piece sets, Gold Band and Plain White, per set \$8.00 to \$9.00.

White China supplied by the piece or in parts of set Glassware of all kinds. Chamber Sets in new variety.

EAST JORDAN LUMBER CO.

Jos. C. GLENN, President. W. L. FRENCH, Vice President.
GEO. G. GLENN, Cashier.

State Bank of East Jordan.

CAPITAL, \$20,000.00 RPLUS \$ 0.

Money to Loan on Short Time.
Deposits of \$1.00 and upward received and interest allowed if left on deposit three months or longer.
Bank Money Orders sold at lowest Rates.
Fire Insurance Written—we have seven good companies.
Private Deposit Boxes to Rent at \$2.00 per year.

DIRECTORS—JOS. C. GLENN. W. L. FRENCH. WM. P. PORTER.
M. H. ROBERTSON. GEO. G. GLENN.

Charlevoix County Herald

R. L. Lorraine, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at East Jordan, Michigan, as second class mail matter.



STATE
For Justice Supreme Court—
Frank A. Hooker, Charlotte.
For Regents State University—
Loyal E. Knappen, Grand Rapids.
Peter White, Marquette.
COUNTY
For Commissioner of Schools—
Abel W. Chew, Bayshore.
TOWNSHIP
For Supervisor—
Jacob H. Graff,
For Township Clerk—
William A. Pickard.
For Township Treasurer—
Daniel E. Goodman,
For Highway Commissioner—
George W. Hayner,
For Member Board of Review
Jacob E. Chew.
For Justice of the Peace—
Fred E. Boosinger.
For School Inspector—
William F. Bashaw.
For Poundmaster—
William Webster.
For Constable—
William Johnson.
William A. Renard.

A Skillful Advertiser.
Many years ago Sir Thomas Lipton was a passenger on an East Indian steamer bound for Ceylon. While in the Red sea the boat was disabled, and it became necessary to throw overboard a part of her cargo. Lipton was an interested spectator of the preparations for lightening the ship. Suddenly he bolted the scene and by a twenty dollar dieker with the chief engineer secured a paint brush and a pot of black paint. Then, to the astonishment of the captain and passengers, he cheerfully labeled each box and bale thrown overboard "Use Lipton's Teas." The cargo, of course, floated ashore, and for miles in Araby and other lands the natives saw that legend. Subsequently the passengers on the injured steamer were compelled to abandon it and take to small boats. On reaching land Sir Thomas was the first to make a cable office and wire the destruction of the boat and safety of the travelers to London. The message was signed "Lipton." Of course his name was in every English newspaper the next morning, signed to that message, and he was the best advertised man in the kingdom.

Unappreciated.
The shrewdness of one of the founders of a famous estate in Maine gave rise to many amusing stories, one of which has recently been retold:

One day the man, who was a large lumber operator, was superintending a crew which was breaking up a log jam in the river. Suddenly the spruce on which he was standing slipped. The lumberman dropped out of sight in the water, and the logs closed over him. The nearest Frenchman saw the accident. Hopping briskly over the slippery logs, he helped the "boss" to land. Nothing was said about the accident. After an hour or so the Frenchman began to get anxious because the reward which he considered due was not forthcoming. He approached the lumberman and, pulling clumsily at his cap, stammered:
"I see you fall in, m'sieur, an' I run queek to pull you out 'fore you drown-ed."
"Pro'bly," snapped the lumberman—"pro'bly if you'd been tending to business 'as you'd oughter you wouldn't have seen me fall in!"

The Early Maine Schools.
The first schools in some Maine towns have been attended with romantic circumstances. The first school in Gullford, for want of a better place in which to fertilize the young idea, was held "in the loft over Captain Bennett's open shed." In Dexter the first gathering of urchins for instruction was in "Lieutenant Stafford's barn." In Corinth the first school was held in the open air under a large tree. The first schoolroom in Exeter was perhaps as unique as any. Crutched

poles were set in the ground back of Mr. Barker's barn and on these other poles were laid, while around the sides loose boards were set up on end to inclose the space where the school was held. Scholars of the present day would look askance at such conveniences.

An Old Legacy.
A Wednesbury (England) resident in the sixteenth century left \$1,000 to provide annually on St. Thomas' day three gowns and three coats to indigent persons of the parish. Following the custom of the times, the money was invested in land (in this case in minerals), and the original legacy has increased in value to \$30,000. Instead of the three gowns and three coats the charity commissioners who administer the funds are able to present 200 gowns and sixty coats.

Castor Oil.
A simple method of taking castor oil, according to Medical News, without producing any nauseating effects is to instruct the patient to wash out the mouth with water as hot as can be borne, swallow a little of it, then swallow the oil and follow this by rinsing out the mouth well with hot water. The first swallow of the water cleanses the mouth, makes the membranes hot, so that the oil does not stick, and consequently slips down easily.

Hard to Please.
Brown—You don't look very happy, Dumley.
Dumley—I have just lost a five on a bet.

Brown—That's bad.
Dumley—Yes. I had an awful attack of rheumatism this morning, and that young squirt of a doctor, 'Tipsalve, bet me a five he could cure it before night, and I'll be hanged if he didn't win the money!

From the Courts.
High above the buzz of factories, the clang of trolley gongs and the clatter of traffic rose a crash that terrified the visitor to America.
"I hear that noise wherever I go," said he. "What is it?"
"Don't be alarmed," were replied, "That's only somebody's relatives breaking his will."—Newark News.

The Trouble With the Clock.
"What time is it?" asked his wife suspiciously as he came in.
"About 1."
Just then the clock struck 3.
"Gracious! When did the clock commence to stutter?" he said, with a feeble attempt at justification and a joke.

A 'Prentice Hand.
"That man you had doing some carpenter work is a fraud."
"How do you know? He did good work."
"That may be, but he's no carpenter. He cleared up the mess he made."—Judge.

Foley's Honey and Tar

for children, safe, sure. No opiates.

The steamer Crysler is making daily trips to Charlevoix, leaving her dock at the foot of State Street at 9:00 o'clock every morning.

Foley's Honey and Tar contains no opiates, and will not constipate like nearly all other cough medicines. Refuse substitutes.
Sold by L. C. Madison & Co.

It is announced in the Grand Rapids papers that the Pere Marquette officials wish to dispose of their hotel properties, the hotel at Ottawa Beach, and The Inn at Charlevoix.—Courier.

Tired Out

"I was very poorly and could hardly get about the house. I was tired out all the time. Then I tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and it only took two bottles to make me feel perfectly well."—Mrs. N. S. Swinney, Princeton, Mo.

Tired when you go to bed, tired when you get up, tired all the time. Why? Your blood is impure, that's the reason. You are living on the border line of nerve exhaustion. Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla and be quickly cured.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows all about this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Groceries.

GAGE & CO.

Phone 32 (2 rings.)

New Hardware Firm.

W. E. MALPASS HARDWARE CO.
(Successor to Bridge Hardware Co.)

SEEDS

We carry a complete line of the celebrated D. M. FERRY & CO. Seeds for both Field and Garden.

Repairing bicycles

Is an important branch of our business. Bring in your wheels early and have them put in shape for the coming season.

W. E. MALPASS HARDWARE CO.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

\$33.00

TO THE Pacific Coast

from Chicago daily, February 15 to April 30.

Daily and Personally Conducted Excursions in Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Only \$6.00 double berth. Choice of routes. Dining cars, meals a la carte. The only double-track railway between Chicago and the Missouri River. The direct route. Fast time. Splendid service. Three trains a day to

San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland

UNION PACIFIC OVERLAND ROUTE WORLD'S PICTORIAL LINE

All ticket agents sell tickets via this route. Write for particulars to W. H. COCHRAN, Gen'l Agt. Pass & Dept., 17 Campus Martius, Detroit, Mich. Chicago, Union Pacific and North-Western Line

Who Makes Your Clothes?

We have interesting news for you on this very important question.

We are sole agents for

Monarch Tailoring Co.

Chicago's Foremost Tailors

And their complete line is on display in our store—beautiful patterns in all the latest weaves for Fall and Winter wear, and their guarantee to fit with every order.

Call and look over the LARGE ASSORTMENT.

The Low Prices will Surprise You

Boosinger Bros.

THE HERALD \$1.00 PER YEAR

LOW
WED
DAYS
HARD
WARE

Majestic Ranges.

Builders will do well to look up the
Materials such as
Hardware, Paints,
Oils,
Lime, Cements,
Pulp Plaster, Brick, Etc.
AT
W. A. Loveday & Co's.
CHOICE GRADE SEEDS.

LOVEDAYS
HARDWARE

BREVITIES

Election Monday.
L. C. Madison was in Charlevoix Monday.
J. H. Milford was in Charlevoix Tuesday.
D. Crothers is home to spend Sunday with his family.
School begins again Monday after the Spring vacation.
Horace Howe is able to be out again after his recent severe illness.
Miss Cora Lorraine entertained a party of friends Wednesday evening.
I. M. Devoe has been spending his vacation at his home near Mt. Pleasant.

Frank Crowell moved out onto a farm in Echo township Tuesday.
The East Jordan 2d team go to Boyne City to play a game of baseball with the 2d team at that place.
The masons commenced work on the foundation for the new flooring factory Wednesday.
Mrs. Newson has a force of carpenters at work building an addition at the rear of her store building.
Henry Winters returned Saturday afternoon, having completed his term of school in the Upper Peninsula.
The Ladies of St. Joseph Sewing Circle will meet with Mrs. Della Lemieux Thursday afternoon, Apr. 9th.
Judge Mayne, by appointment of Governor Bliss is holding a term of Circuit Court for Judge Davis, of Stanton.

John Munroe Jr. has his driver, the John Naylor, at work driving the piles for the foundation of the new flooring mill and elevator.
Thos. Morrison put on a dray line Monday morning in charge of N. L. Jones and asks a share of the public's patronage, if prompt and efficient service will entitle him to it.
To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.
James Hart returned Saturday from Grand Rapids, where he has spent two years studying in a veterinary college. He will spend the summer at his home north of town where he may be found by anyone desiring his services.
The knot sawyers at the East Jordan Lumber Co.'s shingle mill quit work Friday, the Company refusing their demand for a twenty-five cent increase in their daily wages. In consequence the mill is shut down and eighteen men are thrown out of employment.
Stanley, the 11-year-old son of W. E. Lanway died Thursday evening after a brief illness of only one week from inflammation of the bowels and pneumonia. Stanley was a bright little boy and will be sadly missed in his home and by his playmates at school. The funeral occurs this afternoon from the M. E. church.

Miss Josephine Campbell has been visiting friends in Petoskey the past week.
Dogs running at large in Central Lake must be muzzled, by order of the board of health.
Mr. and Mrs. Edward Price are now "at home" in their cozy little cottage on upper Main st.
Eber Burdick was in Charlevoix Monday in attendance at a session of the Probate Court.
Wm. Brant returned Saturday from Northport where he has been working on the new hotel.
Mrs. J. F. Kenny gave a progressive bridge party at her home on Esterley Street Friday evening.
F. A. Watson, Jas. Alcock, G. W. Dennis and A. B. Cross, of Charlevoix attended the Woodman county convention here Wednesday.
Mrs. L. Nequist entertained about twenty of her friends at her home on north Main street, on Tuesday afternoon. A pleasant time was enjoyed by all present.

Recognizing the efforts made, and the success attained, in getting good attractions for East Jordan, Mgr. Steinhour of Traverse City gave his recommendation which assisted in securing for next Monday night, the regular city production of "My Friend from India" which will appear at Loveday's Opera House Monday evening next. Seats now on sale, prices 25c to \$1.00.
The Charlevoix Sentinel has passed its 34th milestone, all of this time being under the editorial management of Bro. Willard A. Smith. Steadfast in its devotion to Charlevoix and Charlevoix county, ever loyal to the Republican party and its principles, the Sentinel richly deserves all the prosperity that has fallen to its lot. Here's hoping that it may continue to prosper for many years to come, under the guiding hand of Bro. Smith.

Isaac Bumgardner was married at Pierport, Mich., March 22, and arrived here with his bride Tuesday evening. They at once set up their housekeeping establishment over on the West Side. Mr. Bumgardner's mother and sisters living with them.
For a clear skin, clear all the way through. Transparent enough to let sunshine—rosy cheeks show through—take Rocky Mountain Tea. This month, spring time. 35 cents
Warne's Pharmacy.
M. H. Robertson has removed his office to comfortable quarters in the E. J. & S. depot in order to be nearer his work.

Young Plants

Every farmer knows that some plants grow better than others. Soil may be the same and seed may seem the same but some plants are weak and others strong.
And that's the way with children. They are like young plants. Same food, same home, same care but some grow big and strong while others stay small and weak.
Scott's Emulsion offers an easy way out of the difficulty. Child weakness often means starvation, not because of lack of food, but because the food does not feed.
Scott's Emulsion really feeds and gives the child growing strength.
Whatever the cause of weakness and failure to grow—Scott's Emulsion seems to find it and set the matter right.

Send for free sample.
Scott & Bowne, Chemists, 200 Pearl St., New York
50c and \$1.00; all druggists.

Personal Mention.

A. F. Young, of Charlevoix, was in town Friday.
Mrs. M. H. Thompson made a trip to Charlevoix Monday.
Alden Bartlett is assisting in Doerr & Goodman's hardware store.
Miss Mildred Gilbert is home from Petoskey for her spring vacation.
L. E. Smith and wife drove up from Charlevoix this (Saturday) morning.
Prosecutor Nicholas has been suffering from a very painful abscess over his right eye.
Dr. F. A. Foster attended a meeting of the Pension Examiners at Charlevoix Wednesday.
Section Foreman Fisher has moved with his family into rooms over the old Gage store building.
Bert Brabant was home from Boyne City over Sunday. Mrs. Brabant is very low with consumption.
Lawrence Doerr is in Traverse City on business connected with the Doerr & Munroe spraying machine.
Harry Church came over from Mitchell Friday to spend a few days with his sister, Mrs. Fred Haggatt.
Attorneys J. E. Converse and A. B. Nicholas had business before the Probate Court at Charlevoix Monday.
H. M. Enos was up from Charlevoix Thursday superintending the work being done on the foundation of the new flouring mill.

SCHOOL HOUSE STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

The Central school building at Charlevoix was struck by lightning Thursday afternoon shortly after school convened, wrecking the belfry and breaking every pane of glass in one room. Eighty children were in the room at the time and a panic ensued but fortunately no one was seriously hurt, only one girl being stunned by the shock.

R. F. STEFFES WILL ATTEND STATE CONVENTION.

The Woodmen, of Charlevoix county held a convention in the M. W. A. hall Wednesday to elect a delegate to the State convention of Woodmen to be held at Owosso, May 6th. There were three candidates for the position, Messrs. Cross, of Charlevoix, Hayes, of Boyne City, and Steffes, of this place, the latter being chosen on the second ballot. There are five Camps in the county located at Boyne Falls, Boyne City, Charlevoix, Bayshore and East Jordan and all of them sent delegates to the convention held here Wednesday.

ONLY ONE TICKET IN EVELINE

The voters in Eveline township will have only one ticket from which to choose their township officers this spring. Following are the nominations made:
Supervisor—Daniel S. Payton.
Clerk—Malcolm A. McDonald.
Treasurer—Griffin Nicoly.
Highway Commissioner—James H. Nicoly.
Justice of Peace (full term)—Albert B. Steele.
Member Board of Review—Fred L. Heller.
School Inspector—John Sanford.
Constables—George W. Jarman, Alexander Curry, Joseph Tuttle, and Geo. McMullin.

The surest and safest remedy for kidney and bladder diseases is Foley's Kidney Cure.
Sold by L. C. Madison & Co.

As good wine needs no bush, so a good play needs no advertisement—it advertises itself. Somehow or other a piece that has made a hit in the larger cities becomes distributed in the very air and all theatre-goers hear of it. So it is with "My Friend from India", who will hold a public reception at the Loveday Opera House Monday night, April 6th.

In reality this chap is a barber and his name is Ehafter. He was introduced into this "val" of tears by the fertile brain of H. A. DuBochet, for the purpose of driving away the blues and giving all those with troubles or business cares an opportunity to sit and bask in the sunlight of honest, wholesome merriment, and, for the time being, to forget the cares and troubles and responsibilities of life. That he has succeeded in his endeavor can be vouched for by hundreds of thousands who have witnessed and enjoyed this happy conceit.

Open the door, let in the air,
The winds are sweet, the flowers are fair,
Joy is abroad in the world for me,
Since taking Rocky Mountain Tea,
Warne's Pharmacy.

Central Lake had another bad fire early last Friday morning when the Spaulding House, one of the landmarks of the village, was destroyed with several adjacent buildings. No one knows anything of the origin of fire, which, fortunately, was not attended with any loss of life.

On the last page of this issue will be found the annual report of the township Clerk. Taxpayers will be interested in this as it shows where and for what purposes their money has been expended.

The High School base ball team had their first game of the season on Saturday last when they crossed bats with a team from Wilson township and won the game easily by a score of seventeen to 0.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE GOLD.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

Money
To loan on farm property.
H. J. P. GEORGE,
East Jordan, Mich.

Restaurant and Lunch Counter and good accommodations for Boarders on State St.
MRS. PHEBE DUFORD.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets
the remedy that cures a cold in one day

SELZ SHOES.

J. L. WIESMAN,
LEADER OF LOW PRICES.

Loveday Block, East Jordan.

500

BOXES FOR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS EACH.

In response to the popular demand I have secured another lot of boxes containing Jewelry, Silverware, Novelties, etc., etc. These sell at 25 cents each. Call early as they are going fast and the supply is limited.

FRANK MARTINEK.

Box Papers

The largest and finest line ever opened in East Jordan.

The Latest Novelties

in Stationery. Examine our Stock. No trouble to show goods.

Yours for Drugs,

WARNE'S PHARMACY

C. H. MADDAUGH,

MERCHANT TAILOR

SHOP ON MAIN STREET.

EAST JORDAN, MICH.

Samples of the Very Latest Styles always on hand.

MONEY

WE MUST HAVE IT

J. W. Coates,

will sell the balance of his large stock of Portland Cutters, Light and Heavy Sleights at a big reduction.

HORSESHOEING

by a Practical Workman. Wood repair work promptly done.

J. W. COATES.

Science:



"Is knowledge gained and verified by exact observation and correct thinking"—so a suspender built on scientific principles, as is the "President" may easily show its adaptability to all men and conditions.

Our Guarantee

"All breaks made good," covers every pair and every whim.

BOOSINGER BROS.

DREAMS AND THEIR MEANING

USUALLY THEY SIGNIFY SOMETHING WRONG WITH THE BODY.

THE gypsies, after all, are right. Dreams are true. A new dream book is out—not by a gypsy, but by a scrupulous blue stocking professor. To be sure the gray granddames have always held their dreams to be true, and have always interpreted their eerie visions of the night into future events of colossal moment. So, too, the romantic lassies in search of signs of lovers, and here and there some masculine rhapsodist, who warned to the world of the unreal and fanciful. But not to the scientific wise men. They have always known better—until now.

Now there are certain seers at the Van of the enlightened who say that physiology tells them that dreams reveal the fate of the dreamer, and that if the dreamer's physician is a clever fortune teller he will learn much to his edification concerning the dreamer's bodily state through their interpretation.

MM. N. Vaschide and H. Pierson, of the Paris Institute, are two leading exponents of the value of dreams in diagnosing physical disorders, and have collected from here, there and everywhere, of all times, not omitting the all-conquering present day illustrations and data which go to establish the accuracy of their position in a way not known to the ignominious gypsy.

This is their idea: In sleep the mind forsakes the outer world and yields itself to introspection. During our waking moments the external sensations prevail. The brain is preoccupied with what occurs outside the body, and, unless there be importunate calls from internal sources, pays no attention to what is happening within. When sleep overtakes us it is vice versa. The internal organic sensations predominate and occupy the exclusive attention of the mind unless external demands for its notice become emphatic. This is why reasoning begun during the course of the day or a problem too intricate for the preoccupied brain of waking hours can be carried on to successful issues in sleep. The brain is not disturbed with interruption.

For precisely the same reason physical ailments make themselves known first while we sleep. We dream of them because they exist, albeit in too rudimentary and unobtrusive a state to thrust themselves upon the notice of the brain while it is occupied with external interests. Sometimes there is a warning pain before the dream occurs. The dream follows along the direction indicated by the pain. If the pain is in the head the dream will be about the head; if the pain is in the foot the dream will be also.

Dreams are chiefly of three kinds—those which reveal the temperament of the dreamer, those which prognosticate disease, and those which are symptomatic of a disease.

People with sanguine temperaments dream about songs, dances, feasts, merry-making, fights, games. Those of a melancholy temperament dream of gloom, studious solitude, death. Those of phlegmatic temperament dream of white phantoms, water, humid places. The bilious dream of dark bodies, assassinations, incendiarism and the like.

In order to arrive at prognostications by means of dreams it is necessary that the dreamer do not normally dream during deep sleep. The dream itself then marks a physical derangement. In consequence dreams about eating and drinking and enjoyments of the pleasures of the table augur well. At the beginning of the disease, particularly if it is a fever, eating and drinking express less favorable omens. Dreams of gaiety signify healthy conditions; dreams of tranquility are favorable. Dreams of baths or of cold water foretell evil—periphrastics. Fiery serpents in dreams indicate hemorrhages. Dreams of embers or agitations of various descriptions, when occurring at the inception of a fever, predict prolonged illness. Violent pains, if not due to exterior causes, are signs of lesion, inflammation or gangrene in some form. Mountains in alluring precipices or impenetrable forests in dreams indicate disordered livers. Fire is the ill omen of mania.

Anxiety in dreams is a sign of heart affections. Dreams of over-exertion and exhaustion prognosticate hysteria. Nightmares in the beginning of the night indicate cerebral affections; in the middle of the night they mean bad digestion. Dreams of gustatory enjoyments indicate digestive affections. Fatiguing, suffocating dreams indicate dropsy of the chest. Terrifying dreams and hideous pictures show gastric affections. Floods, swamps and ponds mean cerebral disorders. Fear and anguish denote faulty circulation. Nightmares with repulsive animals, like rats, serpents and reptiles, indicate suffering from alcoholism. Nightmares also precede asthma. Short, frightful dreams of the nightmare genus foretell certain heart disturbances. Veritable romances, sometimes continued from one night to the next, are forerunners of hysteria and characteristic of people suffering from hysteria. The children of alcoholists always see animals in their dreams, such as cats, dogs, horses, lions or other frightful beasts of prey, although generally the sort of animals with which they are most familiar. Obstructions of all kinds are omens of certain varieties of dropsy.

When dreams are repeated several nights in succession there are certain signs of physical disorders, and should be related to the physician, who, if he understands diagnosis through the interpretation of dreams, can be materially assisted thereby in arriving at the correct conclusion regarding the malady affecting the dreamer. Sometimes dreams are helpful where nothing else will avail in reaching the seat of the trouble. One old woman repeatedly dreamed that she had to swallow nails and asphalt, which were given her for the purpose. A month later she developed an aggravated case of dyspepsia. A man apparently sound of health dreamed night after night of assaults upon himself by burglars, who slash him across the chest with knives. He goes to his physician and narrates his dreams and wants a cure for insomnia. Aneurism of the aorta is discovered. A woman dreams repeatedly that she is surrounded by flames. The physician, without hesitation, diagnoses her case as cardiac trouble.

At times a subject dreams of fits and wakes to find himself an epileptic. A young girl dreamed that she was surrounded by menacing men on a public thoroughfare. Several nights in succession the dream is repeated. A number of days later she ascends the stage case and finds herself taken with an attack of paraplegia. Other dreams predict progressive softening of the brain, etc.

Conrad Gessner, a German scholar, dreamed that he was bitten by a serpent. In five hours he had poisonous blood affections in the place the serpent bit him. Another scholar dreamed that he was bitten by a mad dog in the left foot. Soon after he discovered that in his left foot there was an ulcerated cancer. A man dreamed he was playing in water, and was found to have a dropsy head. One man dreamed that he had a leg of stone. He soon after had paralysis of that member. A man died of apoplexy three days after dreaming that he had it. A man dreamed that he had embarked on a ship with a captain who entered upon a violent discussion with him. They landed on a desert island and there fought a duel. He was struck on the same place a number of times. A few days later he had neuralgia at the spot where he had received the blows.

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A physician went to Egypt to study diseases of the eye, returned home, and ten years later the scenes of his Egyptian researches returned to him persistently in dreams. It was found that his eyes were affected by some disorder. Such faith in dreams has one of the exponents of dream theories as data for diagnosis that he says: "Tell me what you dream and I will tell you what you are."—Chicago Tribune.

Oldest Megaphone.
A curiosity of great antiquity is to be seen within St. Andrew's Church at Willoughton, near Gainsborough, England.

This is a quaint speaking trumpet with an obscure early history, dating back to the times of the Knights Templar. In shape it resembles a French horn and is more than five feet long, having a bell at the end of the graduated tube. It was formerly six feet in length, but is now telescoped at the joints, where the metal has apparently decayed. Tradition declares it was first used in case of need. It is believed that this curious instrument has often been used to call together the villagers, this dispensing with the usual bell, and to give additional power and strength to the choir, being then probably used by the chief singer, as the trumpet intensifies vocal sound to a marked degree. It is called a vuvv horn and there are only about six of them in existence. These medieval megaphones manifestly the value two or three times. Churches at Braybrook and Harrington have vuvv horns. In the early part of the last century the sexton of Braybrook Church used to go around the village on Sundays to summon with the vuvv horn people to attendance at the services.—Chicago News.

The Plural of "O."
Who will tell me what is the plural of O? Is it "os" or "oes"? Tomatoes is the plural of tomato; stillatoes is said to be the plural of stiltito. Here are some examples of inconsistency: Potato, potatoes; negro, negroes; buffalo, buffaloes; hero, heroes; dade, dades; toe, toes; canto, cantos; alto, altos; volcano, volcanoes; no, noes; pro, proes; tyro, tyros; wo, woos; octavo, octavoes; palmetto, palmettoes; grotto, grottoes; duello, duelloes; cargo, cargoes; libretto, librettoes, etc. You may have observed that our high and mighty lexicographers studiously avoid giving the plurals to these words, and to others ending in o. The right of an educated author to spell as he pleases should never be questioned. A foolish consistency is the hobgoblin of petty minds.—New York Press.

Reed's Correction.
The late Thomas B. Reed was once introduced to an office-seeking constituent. This man was of massive build, florid face and a girl of aldermanic proportions. His demands were positive, his language aggressive. He was full of egotism and consequently had no room for inability. Reed made some uncertain promises in regard to making an effort and the heavy office-seeker left.

"Mr. Reed, it would be to your advantage to assist that man," suggested the acquaintance who had introduced the stranger. "He is a tower of strength in his community."
Reed, who still retained in mind the enormous waist line, said caustically, "You mean a dome of strength."—Detroit Free Press.

LAST OF CLIFF DWELLERS.

Interesting Characteristics of the San Juan Pueblos.

One of the projected concessions for the world's fair is a village of the last of the ancient Pueblo Indians of New Mexico, the lineal descendants of the interesting cliff dwellers of prehistoric times on this continent. Although of pure Toltec strain, the San Juan Pueblos are blanket Indians, but they tend to this primitive dress an air of gaiety and rude splendor that characterized the Aztecs of the time of Cortez. Their blankets and headresses are emblazoned with patterns of gayly colored beads and silver ornaments of their own smithing, which set off their costumes with more or less effect.

They have their own mission schools, conducted by Catholic missionaries, and are a really intelligent and fairly well-educated race. They manufacture a kind of pottery, something similar to the celebrated ware of the Zuni Indians, and are a strictly agricultural people. A survival of ancient Aztec days is their national dance, "Los Matchines."

He Means It.
New Berlin, Ill., March 16th.—Mr. Frank Newton of this place speaks very earnestly and emphatically when asked by any of his many friends the reason for the very noticeable improvement in his health.

For a long time—over two years—he has been suffering a great deal with pains in his back and an oil-over feeling of illness and weakness. His appetite failed him and he grew gradually weaker and weaker till he was very much run down.

A friend recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills and Mr. Newton began to take two at a dose, three times a day. In a very short time he noticed an improvement; the pains left his back and he could eat better. He kept on improving and now he says:

"Yes, indeed! I am a different man and Dodd's Kidney Pills did it all. I cannot tell you how much better I feel. I am a new man and Dodd's Kidney Pills deserve all the credit."

Men will not be kept from the love of the world by making the world unlovely.

MISS TENA IFLAND,
Box 100, Elliston, Ohio, offers to furnish information free as to how she was cured of pains in her side, stomach and nerve trouble. Write her.

A new baby in a home soon makes the rest of the furniture look shabby.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold
Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25c.

When the church is a continual holdup it will not be missed on an up-lift.

Permanently cured. No other nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE TRIAL BOTTLE and treatise. DR. H. H. KLINE, Ltd., 311 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

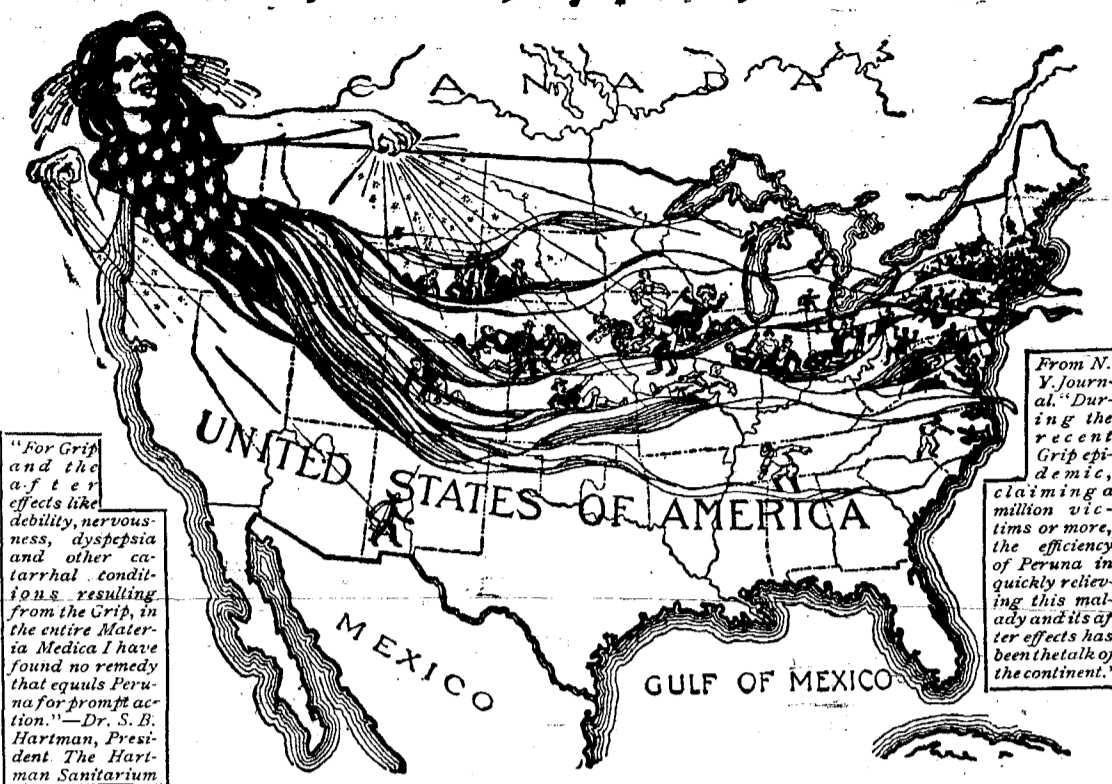
The more fashionable the devil appears the more fatal will be his approach.

RED CROSS BALL BRUSH
Should be in every home. Ask your grocer for it. Large 2 oz. package only 5 cents.

A woman's idea of economy is to have things changed.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. Use a bottle.

The Grip Leaves Thousands in its Path Weak, Nervous, Dyspeptic, Catarrh Wrecks.



"For Grip and the after effects like debility, nervousness, dyspepsia and other catarrhal conditions resulting from the Grip, in the entire Materia Medica I have found no remedy that equals Peruna for prompt action."—Dr. S. B. Hartman, President The Hartman Sanitarium

out of my system in a few days and did not hinder me from pursuing my daily work. "I should like to see our Board of Health give it official recognition and have it used generally among our poor sick people in Greater New York."—Joseph A. Flinn.

D. L. Wallace, a charter member of the International Barber's Union, writes from 15 Western avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.: "Following a severe attack of the grippe I seemed to be affected badly all over. I suffered with a severe backache, indigestion and numerous ills, so I could neither eat nor sleep, and I thought I would give up my work, which I could not afford to do."

"One of my customers who was greatly helped by Peruna advised me to try it, and I procured a bottle the same day. I used it faithfully and felt a marked improvement. During the next two months I took five bottles, and then felt splendid. Now my head is clear, my nerves steady, I enjoy food, and rest well. Peruna has been worth a dollar a dose to me."—D. L. Wallace.

Mr. O. H. Perry, Atchison, Kansas, writes: "Again, after repeated trials of your medicines, Peruna and Manalin, I give this as my expression of the wonderful results of your very valuable medicine in its effects in my case after repeated trials."

"First, it cured me of chronic bronchitis of fifteen years' standing, by using two bottles of Peruna in January, 1894, and no return of it."

"After I was cured of bronchitis I had a gripe every winter for several winters. But, through the use of Peruna, it got gradually weaker in its severity, until it dwindled down to a mere stupor for two or three days. Now the stupor does not trouble me any more."—O. H. Perry.

A Congressman's Experience.
House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio. Gentlemen—"I am more than satisfied with Peruna, and find it to be an excellent remedy for the grip and catarrh. I have used it in my family and they all join me in recommending it as an excellent remedy."

Very respectfully,
George H. White.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

LIKE A DEMON grip has crossed our country, leaving behind scores of physical wrecks.

Victims of catarrh of the head, catarrh of the throat, catarrh of the lungs, catarrh of the stomach, catarrh of the kidneys, catarrh of the pelvic organs, are to be counted by hundreds of thousands. Grip is epidemic catarrh, and sows the seed of chronic catarrh within the system.

This is so true that few grip sufferers are able to make a complete recovery until they have used Peruna.

Never in the history of medicine has a remedy received such unqualified and universal eulogies as Peruna.

A New York Alderman's Experience.
Hon. Joseph A. Flinn, alderman Fifth District, writes from 104 Christopher street, New York City, as follows:

"When a pestilence overtakes our people we take precaution as a nation to preserve the citizens against the dread disease. "La grippe" has entered thousands of our homes this fall, and I noticed that the people who used Peruna were quickly restored, while those who depended on doctor's prescriptions, spent weeks in recovering, leaving them weak and emaciated."

"I had a slight attack of the grippe and at once took Peruna, which drove the disease

Good for Children.
My babies had whooping cough; our druggist gave us a cough medicine; it did no good, so we went back and he gave us Downs' Elixir, and it helped my babies wonderfully. I would not use any other now. Mrs. David Glass, East Aurora, N. Y.

Henry, Johnson & Co., Props., Burlington, Vt.

Life's needs depend on religion's ideals.—Rum's Horn.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are fast to light and washing.

Mammon is the mother of misery.

COOK BOOK FREE.

Except cost of mailing. We will send our splendid GOLD MEDAL COOK BOOK, containing over 1,000 carefully prepared recipes, to any lady who will send us eight cents in stamps and the names and addresses of two housewives who would also like one of these books. Address WASHBURN-CROSBY CO., Minneapolis, Minn., makers of

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

Mention this Paper.

Happy Homes

One of the essentials of the happy homes of to-day is a fund of information as to right living and the best methods of promoting health and happiness. With proper knowledge, each hour of recreation, of enjoyment and of effort may be made to contribute to that end and are of not less value than the using of the most wholesome foods and the selecting of the best medicinal agents when needed. With the well-informed, medicinal agents are used only when nature needs assistance and while the importance of cleansing the system effectually, when bilious or constipated, has long been known, yet until within recent years it was necessary to resort to oils, salts, extracts of roots, barks and other cathartics which were found to be objectionable and to call for constantly increased quantities.

Then physicians having learned that the most excellent laxative and carminative principles were to be found in certain plants, principally in the leaves, the California Fig Syrup Co. discovered a method of obtaining such principles in their purest condition and of presenting them with pleasant and refreshing liquids in the form most acceptable to the system and the remedy became known as—Syrup of Figs—as figs were used, with the plants, in making it, because of their agreeable taste.

This excellent remedy is now rapidly coming into universal use as the best of family laxatives, because it is simple and wholesome and cleanses and sweetens the system effectually without disturbing the natural functions and without unpleasant after effects and its use may be discontinued when it is no longer required.

All who would enjoy good health and its blessings should remember that it is the one remedy which physicians and parents well-informed approve and recommend and use and which they and their little ones alike enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all reliable druggists, at the regular price of fifty cents per bottle, in original packages only, having the name of the remedy—Syrup of Figs—and the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N. Y.

DYSPEPSIA CURED

Without Harmful Drugs.

Peptorene, The Famous Health Tablet of Battle Creek, Is Safe and Sure—

Trial Treatment Free.

Next time you are passing by your favorite drug store, step in and ask for a box of Peptorene Tablets. They cost only twenty-five cents, but if you need them, they'll do you a hundred dollars worth of good. A thorough renovation of the digestive organs—removing all accumulations that should be removed, toning up the stomach to do its daily work—will be of priceless value to you. Peptorene will do this, and does not contain any substance which can injure the system or create a troublesome habit. Sold by all druggists. Liberal sample and booklet free if you write the Battle Creek Health Tablet Co., Ltd., W. 4 Gordon Bldg., Battle Creek, Mich.

\$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's Goochwaite (Hand-Saved Process) shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

\$25,000 REWARD will be paid to anyone who can improve this statement.

Because W. L. Douglas is the largest manufacturer he can buy cheaper and produce his shoes at a lower cost than other concerns, which enables him to sell shoes for \$3.50 and \$3.00 equal in every way to those sold elsewhere for \$4 and \$5.00.

The Douglas secret process of tanning the bottom gives produce a most durable and will wear longer than any other tanning in the world. The sales have more than doubled the past four years, which proves its superiority. Why not give W. L. Douglas a trial and save money?

Notice: Increase 1910 Sale: \$5,000,000. In Business: 100 Years: \$5,000,000. A gain of \$5,000,000 in Four Years.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$4.00 GILT EDGE LINE, Worth \$6.00 Compared With Other Lines.

The best imported and American leathers, Healy's Patent Gait, Enamel, Box Gait, Gait, Vel Kid, Coronet Gait, and Hessian Gait. Fast Color Epsom. Caution: The genuine have W. L. DOUGLAS name and price stamped on bottom.

Shoes by mail, 50c extra. J. H. Catalog free. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

W. N. U.—DETROIT—NO. 12—1903.

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