

Charlevoix County Herald

Vol. 6.

EAST JORDAN, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, MAR. 7 1903.

No 28

ST 1897 XI.

RACKET STORE
Full line Tablets, Pencils, Stationery in boxes.

NEWS AGENCY
A new line of Jewelry.

Next to the Postoffice.
H. C. HOLMES.

Exponent, 10c.
Pride of Charlevoix, 5c.
Nickle Boom 5c.

R. F. Steffes.

Warne Block


Fresh GROCERIES

FRESH COOKIES AND CANNED GOODS

OF ALL KINDS ARE CONSTANTLY ARRIVING AT

WILL RICHARDSON'S
State Street Grocery.

BOOSINGER BROS.

"Governor"
The foremost Shoe for Men.
Made by Pingree & Smith

\$4 The new styles are now in. \$4

Style: "Top-notch."
Fit: Couldn't be better
Wear: Absolutely without an equal.
Price: A dollar under its worth.

Come To-day!
Come tomorrow, come any time but DO COME and see the new styles of "GLORIA"
The World's Model \$3.50 for Women.

Quality First of All - - Our Motto.

BOOSINGER BROS.

Village Officers Nominated.

The Caucus was well Attended.

The Choice for Greater number of Offices was Unanimous. Spirited Contest for Trustees.

The Village Caucus was held at the Town Hall Saturday evening, being called to order by the Clerk, Chas. Hudson at 7:30. Sixty-four votes were cast on the first ballot and several gentlemen arrived later bringing the total attendance to about seventy.

David F. Clement was elected chairman, R. L. Lorraine, secretary, L. M. Gage and George Frost, tellers and the officers were sworn. W. A. Loveday administering the oath.

L. A. Hoyt, who has made such an excellent officer during the past year was the unanimous choice of the caucus to succeed himself as Village President.

Chas. A. Hudson, who has held the office of Clerk for several terms, was also unanimously endorsed for re-election.

C. H. Whittington was the unanimous choice for the office of Treasurer.

For the first Trustee E. C. Plank and James Malpass were named. The vote stood 38 to 24 in favor of Mr. Plank and his nomination was made unanimous.

J. A. Boosinger and Wm. Palmer were nominated for second Trustee and Boosinger winning by six votes was made the unanimous choice.

For third Trustee there was a friendly contest between R. F. Steffes and Jas. Malpass, Mr. Steffes receiving a majority of seven votes was declared the nominee.

There was no opposition to Wm. E. Palmiter for Assessor and he was unanimously chosen for the place.

No other business appearing the caucus adjourned.

POLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Cures coughs and colds.
Cures bronchitis and asthma.
Cures croup and whooping cough.
Cures hoarseness and bronchial troubles.
Cures pneumonia and la grippe.
Sold by L. C. Madison & Co.

A COUNTY BAR ASSOCIATION ORGANIZED.

A meeting of the attorneys of the county was held at the Court House in Charlevoix Monday afternoon and the Charlevoix County Bar Association was formed. Officers were elected as follows:

President—Maj. E. H. Green
Vice Pres.—J. M. Eaton
Secretary—R. W. Kane
Treasurer—J. M. Harris
D. H. Fitch, J. M. Harris and A. H. Perkins were appointed as a committee to formulate suitable constitution and by-laws and report at the next meeting which will be held on the first day of the May term of Court. A committee consisting of Messrs. Kane, Fitch and Shanahan was appointed to arrange for a banquet on that occasion.

The prime object of the Association is to bring its members closer together in a social way and look to the general advancement of their welfare.

A SEVERE COLD FOR THREE MONTHS.

The following letter from A. J. Nussbaum, of Batesville, Ind., tells its own story. "I suffered for three months with a severe cold. A druggist prepared me some medicine and a physician prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I then tried Foley's Honey and Tar and eight doses cured me." Refuse substitutes.

Sold by L. C. Madison & Co.

List of Advertised Letters.

Unclaimed letters for the week ending Mar. 2:—
Klux, Mr. A. F., (2)
Post, John,
WM. HARRINGTON, P. M.

RAW OR INFLAMED LUNGS.

Yield rapidly to the wonderful curative and healing qualities of Foley's Honey and Tar. It prevents pneumonia and consumption from a hard cold settled on the lungs.

Sold by L. C. Madison & Co.

Grand Master A. H. Brown has been invited to meet with the Odd Fellows here next Friday evening and all members are requested to attend this meeting.

NOTICE.

If your hens don't lay or are troubled with vermin I will sell you a Poultry Food and Vermin Killer. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
MAX SCHEFFELS, South Arm.

Latest Fashion Notes.

ZIBELINE CLOTH COSTUME.

Simple and rich—the street costume here depicted. It is fashioned of deep zibeline cloth, the jacket, following the newest mode is cut without a collar and has a Directoire front which may be worn open or closed. The fronts, yoke and the wide turn-back cuffs are of heavy white broadcloth, embroidered with black Corticelli silk. Black passementerie ornaments and black mohair braid are used for the further garniture.



Braids and buttons play a most important part on gowns. The braids are simply beautiful in their varied designs. Black and white silk braids in curved designs are very handsome. One style of braid on a gown is out of the question; at least three and even five, are seen. Fancy silk braids are combined with different width of soutache, all carefully stitched down with Corticelli silk. Disks of black silk soutache are used a great deal. Another combination is heavy black silk brain embroidered in chenille.

PNEUMONIA FOLLOWS A COLD

but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar. It stops the cough, heals and strengthens the lungs and affords perfect security from an attack of pneumonia. Refuse substitutes.

Sold by L. C. Madison & Co.

POULTRY POINTERS.

When chickens grow very fast, it sometimes causes leg weakness. Under usual conditions a variety of food is better than any medicine that can be given.

The only safe way of disposing of dead fowls that have died of any contagious disease is to burn them.

Clover contains two elements that are in demand by the hens—nitrogen and lime. It is rich in the elements required for the whites of eggs.

When roup gets into a flock, it invariably leaves some ailment behind. The fowl that has been subject to it is seldom healthy again.

There is no cure for feather pulling except by more labor and time than an ordinary flock is worth. The best plan is to get rid of the guilty fowls as soon as possible.

A hen seldom begins to eat eggshells until she finds one broken or until she becomes accustomed to eating eggs thrown out into the yard. The safest plan is always to crumble them up fine before feeding.

IN CASE OF RABIES

The prevalence of hydrophobia among dogs all over the State makes the following advice of Dr. Koons, health officer of Grand Rapids very pertinent.

"In all cases where there is a possibility that a human being has been inoculated with saliva of a dog or other animal suffering from hydrophobia, it is important to remember that the animal should never be immediately killed; that the wound should be speedily cauterized and that antiseptics should be applied," said Dr. Koons.

"The dog should never be killed, for if it is really suffering from the rabies it will die in a week or 10 days. This will prove that the person has been exposed to the disease. The cauterizing of the wounds kills the poison and greatly decreases the liability of the person exposed taking it. It may be done with red-hot iron or a red-hot iron or with electricity. In extreme cases it may be done by in-

perienced hands, but it is preferable that it be done by a physician. As for the antiseptic, it is used for all wounds and prevents the setting in of blood poison or other complications entirely foreign to the dread disease of hydrophobia.

"Should it be proved by the ultimate death of the animal that the person has been exposed to the disease, he should immediately go to Chicago, the nearest place where he may receive the Pasteur treatment. In order to prevent a terrible death, the treatment must be taken before any signs of the disease begin to show.

"As a rule, this will not happen until three months after the disease was contracted. As a rule, the wound entirely heals up, but after a few weeks it becomes irritated and the patient becomes feverish and nervous. Soon convulsions develop, and within three or four days he dies in horrible agony. The froth at the mouth so often spoken of is not due to the disease itself, but is a secondary result due to the convulsions.

Dr. Koon has decided in his opinion that the disease among dogs in Michigan at the present time is the rabies. He says that the existence of such a disease has been proven beyond the question of a doubt, and that Michigan canines are suffering from it to-day.

DANGERS OF PNEUMONIA.

A cold at this time if neglected is liable to cause pneumonia which is so often fatal, and even when the patient has recovered the lungs are weakened, making them peculiarly susceptible to the development of consumption. Foley's Honey and Tar will stop the cough, heal and strengthen the lungs and prevent pneumonia.

Sold by L. C. Madison & Co.

NEW OFFICERS FOR CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR SOCIETY.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Presbyterian church held their semi-annual meeting at the home of Wm. E. Malpass Monday evening. Following are the names of the officers elected at this meeting for the ensuing term:

President—Mabel Malpass
Vice President—Park Atwell
Secretary—Myrtle Severance
Treasurer—Edna Gage.

First publication February 28th, 1903.

ORDER OF HEARING.

State of Michigan,
County of Charlevoix.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Charlevoix held at the Probate Office in the Village of Charlevoix on Monday, the 16th day of February in the year one thousand nine hundred and three.

Present, John M. Harris, Judge of Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of Joel M. Burdick. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified of Eber L. Burdick praying for appointment of an administrator thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the 23rd day of March at ten o'clock in the forenoon be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said Court, to be held at the Probate Office, in the Village of Charlevoix, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is Further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Charlevoix, three successive weeks, previous to said day of hearing.

JOHN M. HARRIS, Judge of Probate.
(A true copy.)

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on January 9th, 1903, the South Arm Lumber Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Wisconsin as plaintiff commenced suit by writ of attachment in the Circuit Court for the County of Charlevoix, State of Michigan, against the Cleveland Saw Mill and Lumber Co., a foreign corporation organized and existing by virtue of the laws of the State of Ohio, as defendant, to recover the sum of eight thousand dollars, (\$8,000) alleged to be due the said South Arm Lumber Company from the Cleveland Saw Mill and Lumber Co.

Said writ of attachment being returnable February 20, A. D. 1903.

Dated Feb. 24th, 1903.

SOUTH ARM LUMBER COMPANY,
by A. B. NICHOLS, its Attorney.

CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
The tenth Judicial Circuit in Chancery

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Charlevoix in Chancery, at Chambers on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1903.
Katie Krebs, Complainant,
vs.
John L. Krebs, Defendant.

In this case the complainant, Katie Krebs, and the defendant, John L. Krebs, are residents of this State, but is a resident of the British Province of North America.

Treasurer on motion of A. B. Nichols, Solicitor for Complainant, it is ordered that the Defendant enter his appearance in said cause, on or before the 15th day of March, 1903, and that the complainant cause to be published in the Charlevoix Herald, a newspaper published in said County, said publication to be continued once each week for six weeks in succession.

ALFRED B. NICHOLS, Circuit Judge,
Solicitor for Complainant. 2-14-7c

Wm. Germond,
Tonsorial Artist.

When in need of anything in my line, call on me and see my work.
LaLonde Building. East Jordan.

The Bow of Orange Ribbon

A ROMANCE OF NEW YORK

By AMELIA E. BARR

Author of "Friend Olivia," "I, Thou and the Other One," Etc.
Copyright, 1896, by Dodd, Mead and Company.

CHAPTER XVI.

For Freedom's Sake.

It was this thundery atmosphere of coming conflict, or hopes and doubts, of sundry lies and fearful looking forward, that Richard and Katherine Hyde came, from the idyllic peace and beauty of their Norfolk house.

It was an exquisite April morning when they sallied up New York bay once more. Joris took his daughter in his arms, murmuring "Mijn Katrinjtje, mijn Katrinjtje! Ach, mijn kind, mijn kind!"

He gave Hyde both hands; he called him "mijn zoon;" he stooped, and put the little lad's arms around his neck.

Lysbet had always admired Hyde, and she was very proud and happy to have him in her home and to have him call her "mother." The little Joris took possession of her heart in a moment.

In a few hours things had fallen naturally and easily into place. Joris and Bram and Hyde sat talking of the formation of a regiment. Little Joris leaned on his grandfather's shoulder, listening. Lysbet and Katherine were unpacking trunks full of fineries and pretty things.

About four o'clock, as Katherine and Hyde were dressing, Joanna and Batavius and all their family arrived. Hyde met his brother-in-law with a gentlemanly cordiality, and Batavius was soon smoking amicably with him, as they discussed the proposed military organization. Very soon Hyde asked Batavius, "If he were willing to join it?"

"When such a family a man has," he answered, waving his hand complacently toward the six children, "he must have some prudence and consideration. It is a fixed principle with me not to meddle with the business of other people."

"If you go not yourself to the fight, Batavius," said Joris, "plenty of young men are there, longing to go, who have no arms and no clothes; send in your place one of them."

"It is my fixed principle not to meddle in the affairs of other people, and my principles are sacred to me."

"Have you read the speeches of Adams and Hancock and Quincy? Have you heard what Col. Washington said in the Assembly?"

"Oh, these men are discontented! Something which they have not got, they want. They are troublesome and conceited. They expect the century will be called after them. Now, I, who punctually fulfil my obligations as a father and a citizen, I am contented, I never make complaints, I never want more liberty. You may read in the Holy Scriptures that no good comes of rebellion."

Bram rose, and with a long-drawn whistle, left the room. Joris said sternly: "Enough you have spoken, Batavius. None are so blind as those who will not see."

"Well, then, father, I can see what is in the way of mine own business; and it is a fixed principle with me not to meddle with the business of other people."

And he marshaled the six children and their two nurses in front of him, and trotted off with Joanna upon his arm, fully persuaded that he had done himself great credit, and acted with uncommon wisdom.

The next morning was the Sabbath, and it broke in a perfect splendor of sunshine. They all walked to church together, and Hyde thought how beautiful the pleasant city was that Sabbath morning.

Katherine and Hyde and Bram were together; Joris and Lysbet were slowly following them. Suddenly the peaceful atmosphere was troubled by the startling clamor of a trumpet. A second blast was accompanied by the rapid beat of a horse's hoofs, and the rider came down Broadway like one on a message of life and death, and made no pause until he had very nearly reached Maiden Lane.

At that point a tall, muscular man seized the horse by the bridle and asked, "What news?"

"Great news! Great news! There has been a battle, a massacre at Lexington, a running fight from Concord to Boston! Stay me not!" But, as he shook the bridle free, he threw a handbill, containing the official account of the affair at Lexington, to the inquirer.

Who then thought of church, though the church bells were ringing? The crowd gathered round the man with the handbill, and in ominous silence listened to the tidings of the massacre at Lexington, the destruction of stores at Concord, the quick gathering of the militia from the hills and dales around Reading and Roxbury, the retreat of the British under their harassing fire, until, worn out and disorganized, they had found a refuge in Boston.

Joris was white and stern in his emotion; Bram stood by the reader, with a face as bright as a bridegroom's. Hyde turned to the reader, who stood with bent brows, and the paper in his hand. "Well, sir, what is to be done?" he asked.

"There are five hundred stand of arms in the City Hall; there are men enough here to take them. Let us go."

A loud cry of assent answered him. The news spread, no one knew how; but men poured out from the churches and the houses on their route, and their force was soon nearly a thou-

sand strong. Joris could hardly endure the suspense. About 2 o'clock, as he was walking restlessly about the house, Bram and Hyde returned together.

"Well?" he asked. "Oh, indeed, all fortune fitted us! We went en masse down Broadway into Wall street, and so to the City Hall, where we made an entrance."

"And you got the arms?" "Faith, we got all we went for! The arms were divided among the people."

"Where were the English soldiers?" "Indeed, they were shut up in barracks. Some of their officers were in church, others waiting for orders from the governor or mayor."

"And where went you with the arms?" "To a room in John street. There they were stacked, the names of the men enrolled, and a guard placed over them. And now, mother, we will have some dinner; the soldier loves his mess."

But events cannot be driven by wishes; many things had to be settled before a movement forward could be made. Joris had his store to let, and the stock and good-will to dispose of. Hyde's time was spent as a recruiting officer. In company with Willet, Sears and McDougall, Hyde might be seen enlisting men, or organizing the "Liberty Regiment," then raising. Every day's events fanned the temper of the city, although it was soon evident that the first fighting would be done in the vicinity of Boston.

For, three weeks after that memorable April Sunday, Congress, in session at Philadelphia, had recognized the men in camp there as a Continental army, the nucleus of the troops that were to be raised for the defense of the country, and had commissioned Col. Washington as commander-in-chief to direct their operations. Then every heart was in a state of the greatest expectation and excitement.

In June the Van Heemskirk troops were ready to leave for Boston—nearly six hundred young men, full of pure purpose and brave thoughts, and with all their illusions and enthusiasms undimmed.

The day before their departure, they escorted Van Heemskirk to his house. It would have been hard to find a nobler looking leader than Joris. And the bright young lads who followed him looked like his sons, for most of them strongly resembled him in person; and any one might have been sure, even if the roll had not shown it, that they were Van Brunts and Van Rippers and Van Rensselaers, Roosevelt, Westervelts and Terhunes.

Katherine and Lysbet had made the flag of the new regiment—an orange flag, with a cluster of twelve blue stars above the word liberty. It was Lysbet's hands that gave it to them. But few words were said. Lysbet and Katherine could but stand and gaze as heads were bared, and the orange folds hung to the wind, and the inspiring word liberty saluted with bright, upturned faces and a ringing shout of welcome.

It was to be the last evening at home for Joris and Bram and Hyde, and everything was done to make it a happy memory.

There had been some expectation of Joanna and Batavius, but at the last moment an excuse was sent. "The child is sick," writes Batavius; but I think, then, it is Batavius that is afraid, and not the child who is sick," said Joris.

After supper Bram went to bid a friend good-by, and as Joris and Lysbet sat in the quiet parlor, Elder Semple and his wife walked in. The elder was sad and still. He took the hands of Joris in his own and looked him steadily in the face. "Man Joris," he said, "what's sending you on sic a daft-like errand?"

Joris smiled, and grasped tighter his friend's hand. "So glad am I to see you at last, elder. As in you came, I was thinking about you. Let us part good friends and brothers. If I come not back—"

"Tut, tut! You're sure and certain to come back; and see I'll save the quarrel I have w' you until then. I came to speak aent things, in case of the warst, to tell you that if any one wants to touch your wife or your bairns, a brick in your house, or a flower in your garden plat, I'll stand by all that's yours, to the last shilling I have, and name shall harm them."

"I have a friend, then, I have you, Alexander. Never this hour shall I regret."

The old men bent to each other; there were tears in their eyes. Without speaking, they were aware of kindness and faithfulness and gratitude beyond the power of words.

Hyde and Katherine were walking in the garden, lingering in the sweet June twilight by the lilac hedge and the river bank. All Hyde's business was arranged; he was going into the fight without any anxiety beyond such as was natural to the circumstances. While he was away his wife and son were to remain with Lysbet. If he never came back, ample provision had been made for his wife and son's welfare, but—and he suddenly turned to Katherine, as if she had been conscious of his thoughts—"the war will not last very long, dear heart, and when liberty is won, and the foundation for a great commonwealth laid, why then we will buy a large estate

somewhere upon the banks of this beautiful river. A hundred years after this, your descendants shall wander among the trellises and out hedgés and boxed walks, and say, 'What a sweet taste our dear great, great grandmother had!'"

And Katherine laughed at his merry talk and touched his sword, and asked, "Is it the old sword, my Richard?"

"The old sword, Kate, my sweet. With it I won my wife. Oh, indeed, yes!" He drew it partially from its sheath, and mused a moment. Then he slowly untwisted the ribbon and tassel of bullion at the hilt, and gave it into her hand. "I have a better hilt-ribbon than that," he said, "and when we go into the house, I will re-trim my sword."

She thought little of the remark at the time, though she carefully put the tarnished tassel away among her dearest treasures; but it acquired a new meaning in the morning. The troops were to leave very early, and soon after dawn, she heard the clatter of galloping horses, and the calls of the men as they reined up at their commander's door.

They rose from the breakfast table and looked at their wives. Lysbet gave a little sob, and laid her head a moment upon her husband's breast. Katherine lifted her white face and whispered, with kisses, "Beloved one, go. Night and day I will pray for you, and long for you. My love, my dear one!"

Katherine held her husband's hand till they stood at the open door. Then he looked into her face, and down at his sword, with a meaning smile. And her eyes dilated, and a vivid blush spread over her cheeks and throat, and she drew him back a moment, and passionately kissed him again; and all her grief was lost in love and triumph. For, wound tightly around his sword-hilt, she saw—though it was brown and faded—her first, fateful love-token—the Bow of Orange Ribbon.

Postscript.
(Quotations from a letter dated July 5, A. D. 1885.)

"Yesterday I went with my aunt to spend 'the Fourth' at the Hydés. They have the most delightful place—a great stone house in a wilderness of foliage and beauty, and yet within convenient distance of the railroad and the river boats. Kate Hyde said the house is more than a hundred years old, and that the fifth generation is living in it. I am sure there are pictures enough of the family to account for three hundred years; but the two handsomest, after all, are those of the builders. They were very great people at the court of Washington, I believe. I suppose it is natural, for those who have ancestors, to brag about them, and to show off the old buckles and fans and court dresses; they have hoarded up, not to speak of the queer bits of plate and china; and I must say the Hydés have a really delightful lot of such bric-a-brac. But the strangest thing is the 'household talisman.' It is not like the luck of Eden hall; it is neither crystal ball, nor silver vase, nor magic bracelet, nor an old slipper. But they have a tradition that the house will prosper as long as it lasts, and so this precious palladium is carefully kept in a locked box of carved sandalwood, for it is only a bit of faded satin that was a love-token—a St. Nicholas Bow of Orange Ribbon."

(The End.)

GOT THE BRIDE'S GARTERS.

Eight Fair Orles Gladdened by the Lucky Talisman.

The fashionable Riverside Drive district is tittering over the originality of a young bride last week, whose gifts to her eight bridesmaids were garters. Each girl received a single garter. The bride was deep in arrangements before the wedding, when one of the Danish servants told her of a popular superstition in her native land. The maid said the very essence of good luck, both for bride and bridesmaid, might be accomplished by the bride giving the left garter to her attendant after the wedding ceremony. The Riverside Drive belle thought the superstition delightful, and being somewhat "faddish," she decided to try the Danish talisman. "But," cried the girl, "I have eight bridesmaids and only one left garter!" This predicament she confided to her fiancé, blushing prettily as she spoke the unmentionable word. The man solved the problem in a moment. He told her to wear eight pairs of garters for eight days, and on the wedding day to wear all left eight garters. In this way each bridesmaid might receive an acclimated garter, teeming with good luck. The ceremony was flourishing, and before the white-robed bride slipped into her going-away gown she called her faithful bridesmaids to a retiring room. "Girls," she said, "here is your gift." Then she unclasped eight left garters that encircled her silk hose and each girl received her talisman. A still worse dilemma was when the ushers asked the bridesmaids what their bridal gifts were. They answered, "Something lucky."

In the Zoo.

They stood in front of the elephants, watching the two big animals moving restlessly about. The man was of aldermanic proportions, of generous girth, well fed apparently, and also well satisfied with himself. The boy was a little bit of a chap, who clung to his father's hand quite desperately. It was evident that the boy was enjoying his first visit to the zoo. His questions were many. The last one he asked in the elephant house was:

"Daddy, do you think that elephant is as heavy as you?"

SETS ALONG WITHOUT ARMS.

Absence of Useful Members Troubles Texas Man But Little.

Paul Desmuke of Amphin, Atascosa county, Texas, was elected justice of the peace of his home precinct at the recent election. He is known throughout the state as the "armless wonder." He was born without arms, but to all appearances this physical deformity has not disabled him in the slightest degree. He is twenty-two years old and is well read in law, having recently been admitted to the bar. He performs all the duties ordinarily done with the hands with his feet. He is a fine penman. He holds the penholder either with his toes or between his teeth. Whenever one position becomes tiresome he changes to the other. He has been employed in the office of the district clerk of Atascosa county for several months, and the records which he has kept with his pen are models for neatness and legibility. He feeds himself with his feet and handles his knife and fork with as much dexterity as if they were hands.

New Cure for Lame Back.

Rutledge, Minn., Feb. 16th.—Mr. E. C. Getchell of this place relates a happy experience which will be read with interest by all those who have a similar trouble.

It appears that last winter Mr. Getchell was seized with a lameness and soreness in his back which grew worse and worse till at last it became very bad and made it very difficult for him to get about at all.

After a time he heard of a new remedy for backache which some of his friends and neighbors said had cured them, and he determined to try it. The name of the remedy is Dodd's Kidney Pills and Mr. Getchell has proven that it is a sure cure. He says:

"I used two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills according to directions, and my lame back was entirely cured and I am all O. K. again. Dodd's Kidney Pills are as good as represent."

This remedy is very popular here, and has worked some remarkable cures of Backache and Kidney Trouble.

THE NUMBER THIRTEEN AGAIN.

Occasion When Conductor Was Satisfied It Was a Hoax.

Car No. 1,313 is on the Broadway run. One night a passenger who traveled on that car noticed a strange matter. It struck him as the car passed Thirteenth street. He was standing on the rear platform, talking occasionally to the conductor. He noticed that the number of the conductor was 3,913. He noticed that there were thirteen people in the car, and he recalled that it was the thirteenth day of the month.

He pointed out these disturbing facts to the conductor.

"I should think it would make you nervous," he said.

"Only one't that I remember," said the conductor.

"When and how?" "There was thirteen babies in this here car yellin' in thirteen different keys all at the same time," replied the conductor.—New York Times.

DO YOUR CLOTHES LOOK YELLOW? If so, use Red Cross Ball Blue. It will make them white as snow. 2 oz. package 5 cents.

A man can't be the same kind of a husband twice. If he was good to his first wife, he is not quite so good to his second wife.

Got Rid of an Interviewer.

A young reporter called to interview Senator Quay and found him reading. After formal greetings had been exchanged the senator said: "Do you play poker? Of course you do once in a while. Then you will find this one of the best poker stories you ever saw," handing the newspaper man a book. The reporter, out of politeness, read a page. "Ah," said the senator, "I see you are interested. Take the book along and read it at your leisure. Good evening," and the dazed young journalist was out on the sidewalk before he could recover his breath.

\$100 Reward \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Remember, the people you would like to see dead may be the pall-bearers at your funeral.

Bathing the Baby.

Young mothers naturally feel anxious about the baby's bath. It is best to begin at six weeks to put the little one in water, first folding a soft towel in the bottom of the basin. Use only Ivory Soap, as many of the highly colored and perfumed soaps are very injurious to the tender skin of an infant. E. R. Parker.

The earnestness of life is the only passport to the satisfaction of life.—Theodore Parker.

Double Your Income.

By securing agency in your city for the Northwestern and Life Savings Co., of Des Moines, Iowa. It is a strong company. Write them to-day.

Unless you have suffered agony you cannot properly appreciate joy.

MISS TENA IFLAND, Box 100, Elliston, Ohio, offers to furnish information free as to how she was cured of pains in her side, stomach and nerve trouble. Write her.

Speak well of your friend; of your enemy neither well nor ill.—Italian proverb.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. Price 25c.

A reformer is often a man whose neighbors wish he would begin on himself.

FITS permanently cured. No more nervousness after dinner. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, M.D., 301 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

To cherish an enemy on the heart is to nourish an enemy there.

Perfectly simple and simply perfect is dyeing with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

He who no longer knows sin no longer needs the Saviour.

Clear white clothes are a sign that the housekeeper uses Red Cross Ball Blue. Large 2 oz. package, 5 cents.

The evil of the world is in sin and not in suffering.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Manfred, the German name, signifies A Great Peace.

Pain's Cure is the best medicine ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. ENSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

The hardest place in which a Christian man can be put, is the one he picks out for himself.

An Ideal Woman's Medicine.



So says Mrs. Josie Irwin, of 325 So. College St., Nashville, Tenn., of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Never in the history of medicine has the demand for one particular remedy for female diseases equalled that attained by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and never during the lifetime of this wonderful medicine has the demand for it been so great as it is to-day.

From the Atlantic to the Pacific, and throughout the length and breadth of this great continent come the glad tidings of woman's sufferings relieved by it, and thousands upon thousands of letters are pouring in from grateful women saying that it will and positively does cure the worst forms of female complaints.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all women who are puzzled about their health to write her at Lynn, Mass., for advice. Such correspondence is seen by women only, and no charge is made.

IF YOU HAD A NECK As Long as This Fellow, and had SORE THROAT ALL THE WAY DOWN TONSILINE WOULD QUICKLY CURE IT. 25c and 50c. All Druggists. THE TONSILINE CO., CANTON, O.

THE ORIGINAL WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING. Made in black or yellow for all kinds of wet work. On sale everywhere. Look for the Sign of the Fish and the name TOWER on the buttons. A. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS. TOWER CARPENTERS CO., 100 N. TORONTO, CAN.

When answering Ads. please mention this paper.

SYRUP OF FIGS



Acts Gently; Acts Pleasantly; Acts Beneficially; Acts truly as a Laxative.

Syrup of Figs appeals to the cultured and the well-informed and to the healthy, because its component parts are simple and wholesome and because it acts without disturbing the natural functions, as it is wholly free from every objectionable quality or substance. In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal virtues of Syrup of Figs are obtained from an excellent combination of plants known to be medicinally laxative and to act most beneficially.

To get its beneficial effects—buy the genuine—manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price, fifty cents per bottle.

BEAUTY AND PURITY

**Ancient and Modern Ideas on the Subject.
Time and Disease the Effacing Agents
of Beauty. What Has Science Done
to Restore the Lily and the Rose?**

Socrates called beauty a short-lived tyranny, Plato a privilege of nature, Theophrastus a delightful prejudice, Theophrastus a silent cheat, Carneades a solitary kingdom, Homer a glorious gift of nature, Ovid a favor of the gods. Aristotle affirmed that beauty was better than all the letters of recommendation in the world, and yet none of these illustrious authorities has left us even a hint of how beauty is to be perpetuated, or the ravages of age and disease deduced. Time soon blunts the lily and the rose into the pallor of age, disease dots the fair face with cutaneous disfigurements and crimson the Roman nose with unsightly flushes, moth, if not rust, corrupts the glory of eyes, teeth, and lips yet beautiful by defaulting the complexion, and fills the sensitive soul with agony unexpressed.

It is such the unhappy condition of one afflicted with slight skin blemishes, what must be the feelings of those in whom torturing humors have for years run riot, covering the skin with scales and sores and charging the blood with poisonous elements to become a part of the system until death? It is vain to attempt to portray such suffering. Death in many cases might be considered a blessing. The blood and fluids seem to be impregnated with a fiery element which, when discharged through the pores upon the surface of the body, inflames and burns until, in his efforts for relief, the patient tears the skin with his nails, and not until the blood flows does sufficient relief come to cause him to desist.

Thus do complexion defects merge into torturing disease, and pined vanity give place to real suffering. A little wart on the nose or cheek grows to the all-devouring lupus, a patch of tetter on the palm of the hand or on the limbs suddenly envelops the body in its fiery embrace, a bruise on the leg expands into a gnawing ulcer, which reaches out its fangs to the sufferer's heart in every paroxysm of pain, a small kernel in the neck multiplies into a dozen, which eat away the vitality, great pearl-like scales grow from little rash-like inflammations in such abundance as to pass credulity; and so on may we depict the sufferings to which poor human nature is subject, all of which involve great mental distress because of personal disfigurements.

If there were not another external disease known, eczema alone would be a sufficient infliction on mankind. It pervades all classes, and descends impartially through generations. While some are constantly enveloped in it, others have it confined to small patches in the ears, on the scalp, on the breast, on the palms of the hands, on the limbs, etc., but everywhere its distinctive feature is a small watery blister, which discharges an acrid fluid, causing heat, inflammation, and intense itching. Ring-worm, tetter, scalled head, dandruff, belong to this scaly and itching order of diseases. Psoriasis, our modern leprosy, with its mother-of-pearl scale, situated on a reddened base, which bleeds upon the removal of the scale, is to be dreaded and avoided, as of old. Impetigo, barber's itch, erysipelas, and a score of minor disorders make up in part the catalogue of external diseases of the skin. Thus far we have made no allusion to those afflictions which are manifestly impurities of the blood, viz.: swelling of the glands of the throat, ulcers on the neck and limbs, tumors, abscesses, and mercurial poisons, with loss of hair, because the whole list can be comprehended in the one word scrofula.

It is in the treatment of torturing, disfiguring humors and affections of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, that the Cuticura remedies have achieved their greatest success. Original in composition, scientifically compounded, absolutely pure, unchangeable in any climate, always ready, and agreeable to the most delicate and sensitive, they present to young and old the most successful curative of modern times. This will be considered strong language by those acquainted with the character and obstinacy of blood and skin humors but it is justified by innumerable successes where all the remedies and methods in vogue have failed to cure, and, in many cases, to relieve, even.

The Cuticura treatment is at once agreeable, speedy, economical, and comprehensive. Bathe the affected parts freely with hot water and Cuticura soap, to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment

to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and, lastly, take Cuticura Resolvent, to cool and cleanse the blood. This treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep in the severest forms of eczema and other itching, burning, and scaly humors, and points to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of torturing, disfiguring humors, eczema, rashes, and inflammations, from infancy to age, when all other remedies and the best physicians fail. The remedies constituting the Cuticura system will repay an individual scrutiny of their remarkable properties.

Cuticura Soap contains in a modified form the medicinal properties of Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure and purest and sweetest of emollients, combined with the most delicate and refreshing of flower odors. It purifies and invigorates the pores of the skin, and imparts activity to the oil glands and tubes, thus furnishing an outlet for unwholesome matter, which if retained would cause pimples, blackheads, rashes, oily, mothy skin, and other complexional disfigurements, as well as scap affections and irritations, falling hair, and baby rashes. Its gentle and continuous action on the natural lubricators of the skin keeps the latter transparent, soft, flexible, and healthy. Hence its constant use, assisted by an occasional use of Cuticura Ointment, realizes the fairest complexion, the softest, whitest hands, and the most luxuriant, glossy hair within the domain of the most advanced scientific knowledge to supply.

Cuticura Ointment is the most successful external curative for torturing, disfiguring humors of the skin and scalp, including loss of hair, in-proof of which a single anointing with it, preceded by a hot bath with Cuticura Soap, and followed in the severest cases by a full dose of Cuticura Resolvent, is sufficient to afford immediate relief in the most distressing forms of itching, burning, and scaly humors, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy cure when all other remedies fail. It is especially so in the treatment of infants and children, cleansing, soothing, and healing the most distressing of infantile humors, and preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, and hair.

Cuticura Ointment possesses, at the same time, the charm of satisfying the simple wants of the toilet of all ages, in caring for the skin, scalp, hair, and hands far more effectually, agreeably, and economically than the most expensive of toilet emollients, while free from every ingredient of a doubtful or dangerous character. Its "One Night Treatment of the Hands," or "Single Treatment of the Hair," or use after athletics, cycling, golf, tennis, riding, sparring, or any sport, each in connection with the use of Cuticura Soap, is sufficient evidence of this.

Of all remedies for the purification of the blood and cleansing of the skin, none approaches in specific medicinal action Cuticura Resolvent. It neutralizes and resolves away (hence its name) scrofulous, inherited, and other humors in the blood, which give rise to swellings of the glands, pains in the bones, and torturing, disfiguring eruptions of the skin and scalp, with loss of hair.

Cuticura Resolvent extends its purifying influence by means of the pores to the surface of the skin, allaying irritation, inflammation, itching, and burning, and soothing and healing. Hence its success in the treatment of disfiguring humors of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, which fail to be permanently cured by external remedies alone.

The grandest testimonials that can be offered Cuticura remedies is their world-wide sale, due to the personal recommendations of those who have used them. It is difficult to realize the mighty growth of the business done under this name. From a small beginning in the simplest form, against prejudice and opposition, against monied hosts, countless rivals, and trade indifference, Cuticura remedies have become the greatest curatives of their time, and, in fact, of all time, for wherever in the history of medicine is to be found another approaching them in popularity and sale. In every clime and with every people they have met with the same reception. The confines of the earth are the only limits to their growth. They have conquered the world.

To the test of popular judgment all things mundane must finally come. The civilized world has rendered its verdict in favor of Cuticura.

MILITARY PLANS WELL GUARDED

Russians Effectually Conceal Movements on Afghan Frontier. The Russians evidently intend that no prying snail follow the military measures they are taking on the Afghan frontier. The official organ of the government of Turkestan publishes the following extraordinary prescriptions with regard to foreigners visiting Russia's possessions in Central Asia:

These possessions may be visited by any foreigner against whom no order of arrest has been issued by the Russian administrative or legal authorities. No foreigner is, under any circumstances, permitted to visit Kuschik (on the Afghan frontier), Termes, Kerki, the military stations extending from the latter place along the Amoo-Darya, or Tekikichlar, Tchalta, and the military posts along the Kaschik-Akkabat line. The same prohibition applies to the branch railway line to Kuschik.

Foreigners who are arrested will be at once forwarded to the authorities which have issued the order for arrest, or to the nearest town.

Foreigners caught spying out the country, or engaged in other practices regarded by the laws as criminal in Turkestan (including the Khanates of Buchara and Khiva), will be arrested and handed over to the authorities qualified to deal with them.

APT DESCRIPTION OF BRIDE.

Recently Married Sailor Tells of His Wife and Her Apparel.

A blue-jacket who has recently married gives the following description of his bride and her apparel: "My wife is just as handsome a craft as ever left millinery dry dock, is clipper-built and with a figure-head not often seen on small craft. Her length of heel is five feet eight inches and displaces twenty-seven cubic feet of air. Of light draught, which adds to her speed in the ballroom, full in the waist, spars trim.

"At the time we were spliced she was newly rigged fore and aft with standing rigging of lace and flowers; mainsail part silk, with forestaysail of Valenciennes. Her frame was of the best steel covered with silk, with whalebone stanchions.

"This rigging is intended for fair weather cruising. She has also a set of storm sails for rough weather, and is rigged out a small set of canvas for light squalls, which are liable to occur in this latitude sooner or later.

"I am told in running down the street before the wind she answers the helm beautifully, and can turn round in her own length if a hand-somer craft passes her."

Surprised the Kaffir.

Here is a story which "Oom Paul" tells: "One New Year's day I sent a Kaffir from my farm at Waterloo to my mother's farm to fetch some raisins. My mother sent me about five or six pounds and said so in a note, which the Kaffir conscientiously delivered. But the letter was a proof that the Kaffir had robbed me, for the raisins which he brought weighed much less than the quantity mentioned in the letter. I asked him what he meant by trying to cheat me and why he had eaten nearly all the raisins. 'The letter tells me,' I said, 'that there were a great many more than you brought me.' 'Eas,' he replied, 'the letter lies for how could it have seen me eat the raisins?—Why, I put it behind the big rock under a stone and then sat down on the other side of the rock to eat the raisins.'"

Wit on the Bench.

Justice Dickey of the Supreme court, Brooklyn, sometimes lightens the tedium of a trial with remarks brimful of good natured wit.

The other day a suit was brought before him for damages for assault. The plaintiff had been knocked down by the defendant and severely punished while he was prostrate. One of the witnesses was reluctant to answer the questions put to him and the court upheld him.

"Your honor does not seem to see the underlying principle in this case," expostulated the attorney for the plaintiff.

"It seems to me," replied the justice, "that the underlying principle in this case is your client, counselor."

Acclimated All Over.

When the Marquis de Lorne was Governor-General of Canada, as the story goes, he stood, clad in furs, watching winter sports at Ottawa. The temperature was about zero. An Indian a few feet distant seemed equally comfortable and as much interested in the games, though his body was mostly uncovered. The nobleman asked the savage how he could endure such exposure. "I should think you would freeze," he said. "Why white man's face not freeze?" replied the Indian. "Our faces are used to the cold," answered the Governor. The Indian ended the colloquy with the pithy retort, "Injun all face."

Abram S. Hewitt's Romance.

Friends of Former Mayor Abram S. Hewitt recall with interest the romance that surrounded his marriage. Mr. Hewitt in his younger days was a tutor of the Cooper children and was traveling in the Mediterranean with a large party. The vessel was wrecked, and several people were drowned. Young Hewitt showed remarkable bravery, and was the direct means of saving Miss Cooper's life. The friendship that sprang up in consequence ripened into love and shortly afterward the young woman placed her life in Mr. Hewitt's keeping.—New York Mail and Express.

A VENERABLE PASTOR CURED BY PE-RU-NA.

Pe-ru-na is a Catarrhal Tonic Especially Adapted to the Declining Powers of Old Age.

The Oldest Man in America Attributes His Long Life and Good Health to Pe-ru-na.

Mr. Isaac Brock, of McLennan county, Texas, has attained the great age of 114 years. He is an ardent friend of Peruna and speaks of it in the following terms. Mr. Brock says:

"After a man has lived in the world as long as I have he ought to have found out a great many things by experience. I think I have done so.

"One of the things I have found out to my entire satisfaction is the proper remedy for ailments due directly to the effects of the climate.

"For 114 years I have withstood the changeable climate of the United States. During my long life I have known a great many remedies for coughs, colds, catarrh and diarrhoea. I had always supposed these affections to be different diseases. For the last ten or fifteen years I have been reading Dr. Hartman's books and have learned from them one thing in particular: That these affections are the same and that they are properly called catarrh.

"As for Dr. Hartman's remedy, Peruna, I have found it to be the best, if not the only reliable remedy for these affections. It has been my stand-by for many years and I attribute my good health and my extreme old age to this remedy.

"It exactly meets all my requirements. I have come to rely upon it almost entirely for the many little things for which I need medicine. I believe it to be especially valuable to old people, although I have no doubt it is just as good for the young."

—Isaac Brock.

A New Man at 79.
Major Frank O'Mahoney, West Side, Hannibal, Mo., writes:

"I am professionally a newspaper correspondent, now 79 years old. I have watched the growing power of the Peruna plant from its incipency in the little log cabin, through its gradations of success up to its present establishment in Columbus, Ohio, and I conclude that merit brings its full reward.

"Up to a few years ago I felt no need to test its medicinal potency, but lately when my system needed it, your Peruna relieved me of many catarrhal troubles." Some two years ago I weighed 210 pounds, but fell away down to 168 pounds, and besides loss of flesh I was subject to stomach troubles, indigestion, loss of appetite, insomnia, night sweats, and a foreboding of getting my entire system out of order. During the months I gave Peruna a fair trial, and it rejuvenated my whole system. I feel thankful therefore, for although 79 years old I feel like a young man."—Major Frank O'Mahoney.

In old age the mucous membrane becomes thickened and partly loses their function. This leads to partial loss of hearing, smell and taste, as well as digestive disturbances. Peruna corrects all this by its specific

operation on all the mucous membranes of the body.

One bottle will convince any one. Once used and Peruna becomes a life-long stand-by with old and young.

Mr. Samuel Saunders of Blythedale, Mo., writes: "My disease was catarrh of the urethra and bladder. I got a bottle of Pe-ru-na and began taking it, and in a few days I was relieved and could sleep and rest all night. I think that Pe-ru-na is a valuable remedy. I had tried other very highly recommended medicines, but they did me no good. My physician told me that I could not expect to be cured of my trouble, as I was getting to be an old man (57 years). I feel very thankful for what Pe-ru-na has done for me."

In a later letter Mr. Saunders says: "I am still of the same mind with regard to your Pe-ru-na medicine."

Strong and Vigorous at the Age of Eighty-eight.



Rev. J. N. Parker.

Rev. J. N. Parker, Utica, N. Y., writes: "In June, 1901, I lost my sense of hearing entirely. My hearing had been somewhat impaired for several years, but not so much effected but that I could hold converse with my friends; but in June, 1901, my sense of hearing left me so that I could hear no sound whatever. I was also troubled with severe rheumatic pains in my limbs. I commenced taking Peruna and now my hearing is restored as good as it was prior to June, 1901. My rheumatic pains are all gone. I cannot speak too highly of Peruna, and now when 83 years old can say it has invigorated my whole system. I cannot but think, dear Doctor, that you must feel very thankful to the all-loving Father that you have been permitted to live, and by your skill be such a blessing as you have been to suffering humanity."—Rev. J. N. Parker.

Mrs. F. E. Little, Tolona, Ill., writes: "I can recommend Peruna as a good medicine for chronic catarrh of the stomach and bowels. I have been troubled severely with it for over a year, and all the distressing symptoms of catarrh of the stomach and bowels have disappeared. I will recommend it to all as a rare remedy. I am so well I am contemplating a trip to Yellow Stone Park this coming season. How is that for one 71 years old?"

In a later letter she says: "I am only too thankful to you for your kind advice and for the good health that I am enjoying wholly from the use of your Peruna. Have been out to the Yellow Stone National Park and many other places of the west, and shall always thank you for your generosity."—Mrs. F. E. Little.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

\$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's Good-year Welt (Hand-Sewd Process) shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

\$25,000 REWARD will be paid to anyone who can disprove this statement.

Because W. L. Douglas is the largest manufacturer he can buy cheaper and produce his shoes at a lower cost than other concerns, which enables him to sell shoes for \$3.50 and \$3.00 equal in every way to those sold elsewhere for \$4 and \$5.00.

W. L. Douglas's \$3.50 and \$3.00 shoes are just as good. Give them a trial and save money. Notice Increase from \$2.00 to \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00, \$6.50, \$7.00, \$7.50, \$8.00, \$8.50, \$9.00, \$9.50, \$10.00.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$6.00 GILT EDGE LINE, worth \$6.00 compared with other makes.

The best imported and American leathers, Heil's Patent Gilt, Enamel, Box Calf, Gilt Kid, Corona Tilt, and Hartman's Kangaroo. Fast Color Cycles.

The genuine name W. L. DOUGLAS. Caution: name and price stamped on bottom. Shoes by mail \$5.00.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKLYN, N. Y.

GREGORY'S SEEDS

For 40 years the standard for reliability. Always the best. New catalogue free. J. H. Gregory & Son, Earlshurst, Mass.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

MOTHER USED IT 50 YEARS AGO.

Writing from Jackson, Mich., Mr. R. P. House says: "Down's Elixir was my mother's medicine 50 years ago. I have never found its equal for myself or family. It cures coughs, colds, pneumonia, croup."

Henry, Johnson & Lord, Props., Ironton, W. Va.

POTATOES \$2.50 a Bbl.

Largest growers of Seed Potatoes in America. The "Royal New York" gives highest yield. In Wisconsin a yield of 740 bu. per acre. Price, \$2.50 per bushel, \$25.00 per ton. Free catalogue and literature. Write to J. H. Gregory & Son, Earlshurst, Mass.

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Successfully Prosecutes Claims. G. O. Harris, Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau, 1575 Broadway, New York City.

WESTERN CANADA

Attracting more attention than any other district in the world.

"The Granary of the World." "The Land of Sunshine." The Natural Feeding Grounds for Stock.

Area under crop in 1902 1,987,330 acres. Yield 1902 117,042,724 bushels.

Abundance of Water: Fuel plentiful; Building Material cheap; Good Grass for pastures and hay; a fertile soil; a sufficient rainfall and a climate giving season of growth.

HOMESTEAD LANDS OF 160 ACRES FREE, the only charge for which is \$10 for making entry. Close to Chicago, St. Louis, etc. Railways tap all settled districts. Send for Atlas and other literature to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to M. V. McInnes, 20, Avenue Theatre Block, Detroit, Mich., or J. G. Greig, 501 State St., St. Paul, Minn., the authorized Canadian Government Agents, who will supply you with certificates giving you reduced railway rates, etc.

USE WASHBURN-CROSBY'S

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

MAKES THE BREAD, THAT MAKES THE MAN.

THE NORTHWESTERN LIFE and SAVINGS COMPANY of DES MOINES, IOWA.

All policies required by law to be secured by deposit with the State Auditor of Iowa. Investment of funds limited by charter to loans on First Mortgages on Farms and on its own policies.

FEATURES:
A Limited Expense Fund.
Compulsory distribution of the earnings among its Policyholders.

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DEC. 31, '96,	\$27,447.00
DEC. 31, '97,	\$36,720.00
DEC. 31, '98,	\$119,612.00
DEC. 31, '99,	\$277,238.00
DEC. 31, 1900,	\$372,020.00
DEC. 31, 1901,	\$695,879.35
DEC. 31, 1902,	\$1,122,801.82
TOTAL ADMITTED ASSETS,	\$1,380,164.74

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As miles test the horse, so years test a remedy.

Mexican Mustang Liniment

Buy it now. has been curing everything that a good, honest penetrating liniment can cure for the past 60 years.

START A STEAM LAUNDRY in your town. Small capital required and big returns on the investment assured. We make all kinds of Laundry Machinery.

Write us. **Paradox Machinery Co., 181 E. Division St., Chicago.**

LAND Washington and Idaho; productive soil, delightful climate, choice farms. Will allow \$50 on railway fare if you buy. Write Reeder-Jackson Co., Spokane, Wash.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 DAYS' treatment FREE. Dr. E. M. GREEN'S HOME, Box 11, Atlanta, Ga.

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WIZARD OIL CURES ALL PAIN, SORENESS, SWELLING AND INFLAMMATION FROM ANY CAUSE WHATEVER. AT ALL 50 CENTS DRUGGISTS

GREEN RAPE 25 cents per ton.

Greatest, Cheapest Food on Earth for Sheep, Swine, Cattle, etc.

Will be worth \$100 to you to see what Hamlin's oil is capable of doing.

Billion Dollar Grass will positively make you rich 13 tons of hay and lots of pasture per acre, as the Bromus, Triticum, Speltz, Rye, wheat, the wild, hot soil, 45 bu. per acre. 200 Country Club, 250 bu. per acre and Triticum, yields 100 tons Green Fodder per acre.

For this notice and 100 cents we will give you 10 Farm Seed. Nurseries, fully worth \$10 to get a start.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

AGENTS WANTED 25 CENTS for new novelty. You can make \$25 a day easy. LEESOOT CO., 3961 Cottage Grove, Chicago.

W. N. U.—DETROIT—NO. 8—1902

When answering Ads please mention this paper

PISO'S CURE FOR CHICKEN WHITE ALLIGATOR Best Cough Syrup. In time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

East Jordan Company's Store.

SUIT And SKIRT SALE

No Time Like the Present

Your opportunity to secure a Spring Suit from our Special offering will close

Thursday, Mar. 12

As a Special inducement to close our entire stock of Suits we offer you 10 per cent. discount from Monday to Thursday night. (This offer applies only to Suits.)

Ladies' Skirts \$2.00 and up.
Ladies' Suits \$8.50 and up.

Don't overlook our

MILL-END SALE

of Cotton Dress Goods commencing Monday, Mar. 9th.

LADIES

Our Muslin Underwear is now on sale at prices the very lowest.

Corset Covers, 25c., Drawers, 25c., Skirts, 50 cts. and up.

Garden and Field Seeds now on Sale.

Farmers! Attention!

Will you use any Nails, Fence Wire, Paints and Oils. Secure what you shall need NOW. We will book your order for Nails and Wire.

EAST JORDAN LUMBER CO.

JOE O.GLENN, President. W. L. FRENCH, Vice President.
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State Bank of East Jordan.

CAPITAL, \$20,000.00 RESERVE \$ 0.

Money to Loan on Short Time.
Deposits of \$1.00 and upward received and interest allowed if left on deposit three months or longer.
Bank Money Orders sold at lowest Rates.
Fire Insurance Written - we have seven good companies.
Private Deposit Boxes to Rent at \$3.00 per year.

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M. H. ROBERTSON. GEO. G. GLENN.

Charlevoix County Herald

R. L. Lorraine, Publisher.

Entered at the postoffice at East Jordan, Michigan, as second-class mail matter.

Personal Mention.

Horace Howe is reported as on the sick list.

E. C. Plank was very ill the first of the week.

Roy Sherman was in Charlevoix on Wednesday.

A. F. Young, of Charlevoix, was in town Tuesday.

E. N. Clink returned to Detroit Thursday morning.

Austin Bartlett returned from Saginaw Friday evening.

Mrs. Chas. Daugherty has been very ill for the past week.

W. P. Porter made a business trip to Traverse City Monday.

Lawrence Doerr returned Saturday from his trip to Detroit.

Harrison Mitchell returned to his home in Big Rapids Monday.

Dr. C. A. Sweet was in Advance on professional business Friday.

Miss Goldie Fairchild is assisting in Palmer's photo studio for a few days.

John Nelson moved across the lake into a house on Bowen's Addition last week.

Mrs. D. Crothers entertained a number of friends at lunch Wednesday evening.

Dr. F. C. Warne and J. J. Gage drove down to Ironton Thursday afternoon.

W. B. Chapman and wife, of Boyne City, were the guests of W. P. Porter Tuesday.

Miss Cora Lorraine went to Bellaire Friday afternoon to meet her mother and sister.

Thos. Morrison has been suffering from a severe cold and unable to work for several days.

A. G. Muma returned to Big Rapids Monday being entirely recovered from his recent illness.

Mrs. F. L. Bryant is expected to arrive next week from Chicago to join her husband here.

Miss Ada Cory returned to Bellaire Tuesday after spending a week at the home of Wm. Germond.

W. J. Weikel came up from Charlevoix Tuesday and has been in town several days on business.

Mr. McIntire has been making repairs on the Michigan Telephone Co.'s switchboard here this week.

Attorneys Nicholas, Clink, Converse and Perkins went to Charlevoix Monday to attend Circuit Court.

Mrs. Dr. Ramsey, of Central Lake, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Weikel Wednesday.

Wm. E. Malpass made a business trip to Bellaire, Central Lake and Charlevoix the fore part of the week.

Mark Chaplin had the misfortune to run a nail in his foot Wednesday and has since been laid up in consequence.

J. N. Roy went to Grand Rapids Tuesday, starting from that place the next morning on his mail weighing job.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Crossman entertained Wednesday evening. Progressive authors was the feature of the evening.

Mrs. P. Walsh started Friday morning for Chicago to study the styles and purchase her spring stock of millinery.

Mrs. C. L. Lorraine and daughter Verschel returned Friday evening from a three weeks visit in southern Minnesota.

Mrs. J. E. Gilbert, of Pinconing, was the guest of Mrs. E. A. Ashley the first of the week, returning home Wednesday.

H. P. Parmelee, the genial representative of the New York Life, was in East Jordan Tuesday on of his periodical visits.

H. A. Kimball went to Charlevoix Monday to serve on the jury but as there was only one criminal case on the calendar and that put over until the next term Judge Mayne discharged the jury Monday evening.

Dr. F. A. Foster attended a meeting of the Pension Examiners at Charlevoix Wednesday.

E. N. Clink returned from Detroit Saturday evening. He is feeling very optimistic about the future of his patent wagon tongue.

Miss Elma Cron, stenographer in the office of Pros. Atty. Nicholas for several weeks past, has accepted a position in Milwaukee, going there this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Bush arrived on the East Jordan & Southern train Wednesday evening from a visit with friends in Southern Michigan, which has extended over several months.

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VILLAGE ELECTION NOTICE.

To the Electors of the Village of East Jordan, County of Charlevoix, State of Michigan:

Notice is hereby given that the next ensuing election for said Village will be held at Town Hall in said Village on

MONDAY, MAR. 9, A. D., 1903, at which election the following officers are to be chosen, viz: One Village President, one Village Clerk, one Village Treasurer, three Trustees for two years, one Assessor.

The polls of said election will be open at 7 o'clock a. m. and will remain open until 5 o'clock p. m. of said day of election.

By order of the Board of Election Inspectors of said Village.

Dated this 21st day of February, A. D. 1903. CHAS. A. HUDSON, Clerk of said Village.

A NIGHT ALARM.

Worse than the alarm of fire at night is the brassy cough of croup which sounds like the children's death knell and it means death unless something is done quickly. Foley's Honey and Tar never fails to give instant relief and quickly cures the worst forms of croup. Mrs. P. L. Cordier, of Man-nington, Ky., writes: "My three-year-old girl had a severe case of croup; the doctor said she could not live. I got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar, the first dose gave quick relief and saved her life." Refuse substitutes.

REGISTRATION NOTICE.

To the Electors of the Village of East Jordan, County of Charlevoix, State of Michigan:

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the Village above named, will be held at the office of L. A. Hoyt over the East Jordan Lumber Co.'s store within said Village on

SATURDAY, MAR. 7, A. D., 1903, for the purpose of registering the names of all such persons who shall be possessed of the necessary qualifications of electors and who may apply for that purpose; and that said Board of Registration will be in session on the day and at the place aforesaid from 9 o'clock in the forenoon until 8 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose aforesaid.

Dated this 21st day of February, A. D. 1903.

By order of the Village Board of Registration.

CHAS. A. HUDSON, Clerk of said Village.

Who Makes Your Clothes?

We have interesting news for you on this very important question.

We are sole agents for

Monarch Tailoring Co.

Chicago's Foremost Tailors

And their complete line is on display in our store—beautiful patterns in all the latest weaves for Fall and Winter wear, and their guarantee to fit with every order.

Call and look over the LARGE ASSORTMENT.

The Low Prices will Surprise You

Boosinger Bros.

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Call and look over the LARGE ASSORTMENT.

The Low Prices will Surprise You

Boosinger Bros.

Groceries.

GAGE & CO.

Phone 32 (2 rings.)

W. E. MALPASS HARDWARE CO.

(Successor to Bridge Hardware Co.)

Dealers In General Hardware, Cutlery, Etc

Stoves and Ranges

A large stock of goods just arrived, consisting of several new Bement Steel Ranges, also a full line of Cook Stoves. A fine lot of Heating Stoves at wholesale prices.

Graniteware, etc.,

A fine new line of Chrysolite Granite Tea and Coffee Pots, Kettles, Dippers, Pans, Etc., also a nice variety of Copper Nickel plated Kettles, Tea and Coffee Pots.

A new stock of Wringers, just arrived and other goods we have not space to mention. Call and see them.

W. E. MALPASS HARDWARE CO.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

\$33.00

TO THE Pacific Coast

from Chicago daily, February 15 to April 30.

Daily and Personally Conducted Excursions in Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Only \$6.00 double berth. Choice of routes. Dining cars, meals a la carte. The only double-track railway between Chicago and the Missouri River. The direct route. Fast time. Splendid service. Three trains a day to

San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland

UNION PACIFIC OVERLAND ROUTE

WORLD'S PICTORIAL LINE

Who Makes

Your Clothes?

We have interesting news for you on this very important question.

We are sole agents for

Monarch Tailoring Co.

Chicago's Foremost Tailors

And their complete line is on display in our store—beautiful patterns in all the latest weaves for Fall and Winter wear, and their guarantee to fit with every order.

Call and look over the LARGE ASSORTMENT.

The Low Prices will Surprise You

Boosinger Bros.

THE HERALD

\$1.00 PER YEAR

**THERE'S A DIFFERENCE
IN
SEED**

Both FIELD and GARDEN.

Landreth's Garden Seeds.
Sioux City Garden Seeds.

There are no better—
Few, if any as good.

Choice Grade Field Seeds
are the cheapest in the end.

Don't forget that we handle the above lines.
Yours for a good harvest.

W. A. Loveday & Co.

The masons finished the job of brick veneering Dr. F. A. Foster's barn Friday.

Olink, Converse & Perkins received a new Remington typewriter for their law office.

We are glad to note that Commissioner A. W. Chew is improving in health and was able to sit up the first of the week.

Henry Borst, an old and respected citizen of Boyne Falls, is dead at the age of 81. He was one of the pioneers of this region.

Makes mother eat, makes father eat, makes grandma eat, makes grandpa eat, makes the children eat. Rocky Mountain Tea does it. A great spring tonic. 35 cents.

Warne's Pharmacy.

The county medical association held an interesting session at the Hotel Bartlett yesterday and discussed at some length the topic of anesthetics. Dr. Armstrong leading off with a paper on this subject. It was voted to admit dentists to the association. The next meeting is in Charlevoix the second Tuesday in April.—Charlevoix Courier.

Regular communication of Mystic Lodge No. 379 F. & A. M. this evening.

Don't forget the Board of Trade meeting. It's Monday evening at the Woodmen Hall.

Atty. E. N. Olink has another patent in the vehicle line—a new device in a reach. His patent on this improvement was allowed on Tuesday of this week.

Wm. Spencer has purchased of H. Mitchell the lot just north of the HERALD office, 42 feet front, and will erect a two story brick block, plumber's shop on the first floor and living rooms overhead.

Messrs. Burke, Smith and Nelson, of Muskegon have been awarded the contract for the harbor improvements to be made at Charlevoix the coming season. Their bid for doing the work was \$8,964.40.

J. L. Hackett made a trip to Bellaire Thursday afternoon. He is inclined to be uncommunicative as to the object of his visit but we hear it intimated that he transacted business with the County Clerk. Nuff said.

SELZ SHOES.

J. L. WIESMAN,
LEADER OF LOW PRICES.
Loveday Block, East Jordan.

BREVITIES

Village election Monday next.

The East Jordan & Southern round-house at this place is being re-roofed.

Singer Sewing Machines at J. E. Strong's. Terms easy. E. A. Lewis.

There are seeds and there are seeds. W. A. Loveday & Co. handle the kinds that grow.

A handsome new cash register has been installed in the office of the Hotel Lakeside this week.

The Crume-Sifton butter dish factory at Saginaw which has been idle for some time, will be removed to Petoskey.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes the kidneys and bladder right. Contains nothing injurious.
Sold by L. C. MADISON & Co.

His doctor reports Richard Lewis as being practically out of danger, although his hand and forearm are still in very bad shape from the blood poisoning.

Dr. G. W. Beeman was in town a couple of days last week. He is now located at Delton, Osceola county, where he has charge of a drug store and is also practicing his profession.
—Maneclona Herald.

Farmers having grists to grind will please bring them in at once as the mill is going out of business April 1st. It will save you a long trip to Boyne Falls or Central Lake.
C. L. Orto, Miller.

Puts roses in her saucy cheeks,
Makes her eyes grow bright with fun,
Makes months seem like weeks;
That's what Rocky Mountain Tea has done.
Warne's Pharmacy.

J. J. Volruba will go on the road as traveling salesman with a line of harnesses, etc. He leaves to-day for Traverse City where he will make his headquarters. "Jim" knows the harness business thoroughly and should be very successful in his new undertaking.

The pension commissioner has discontinued the custom of mailing a daily list of pensions granted to each newspaper correspondent on the plea such a custom costs the bureau several thousand dollars a year. Hereafter therefore there will be no reports made of Michigan pensions granted.

A misplaced comma has got a Greeley county, Kansas, paper into a peck of trouble. The journal in question recently published an item in which the following sentence occurred: "Two young men from Leoti went with their girls to Tribune to attend the teachers' institute and as soon as they left, the girls got drunk." The comma belonged after the "girls," and the latter are making it hot for the editor.

The north bound Grand Rapids & Indiana train Monday afternoon, narrowly escaped serious disaster. As it approached Petoskey city limits it crashed into a logging bob piled high with logs, but fortunately came to a complete standstill with only a severe shock that sent the passengers cowering over their seats and hurled the engine crew into the soft snow. A teamster had become stuck on the track and had caused his team, but not to start to start the engine.

Register to-day.

The Christian Endeavor society are arranging to give a supper Friday evening, March 13th.

The Knights of Pythias will give a smoker at their Castle Hall next week Thursday evening, Mar. 12th.

Kalkaska is to have a foundry and machine shop secured through the efforts of their board of trade.

New telephones have been installed this week in the residences of J. L. Wiesman, P. Walsh, and D. VanSteenburg.

William A. French, ex-land commissioner, who was operated on for internal cancer some weeks since, died in a hospital at Saginaw Sunday.

STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

The decorators have been at work this week brightening up the interior of the Presbyterian parsonage, and making it ready for its new occupants. Rev. McKee and family.

La grippe coughs yield quickly to the wonderful curative qualities of Foley's Honey and Tar. There is nothing else "just as good."
Sold by L. C. Madison & Co.

It's nearly time to think of painting up the house and getting ready to keep in line with the "boom." W. A. Loveday & Co. can give some reliable information along the paint subject.

Great spring tonic. Drives out all impurities. Makes the blood rich. Fills you with warm tingling life. A spring blessing is Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents.
Warne's Pharmacy.

The Charlevoix Co. Pomona Grange will hold a regular session with Rock Elm Grange Thursday and Friday, March 19th and 20th. The first day there will be an open session devoted to the good roads question.

Henry Clark underwent an operation for appendicitis in a Detroit hospital on Tuesday of last week. At last reports he was doing nicely and hoped to be able to return to his home in Davison by the end of this week.

The Peet Bros. entertainment at the Loveday Opera House Saturday evening is enthusiastically praised by all who were present. Unfortunately, owing to the weather, they were not greeted by a very large audience.

Mrs. Wm. Healey went to Grand Rapids Monday to study the Spring styles. She will return about April 1st when she with Mrs. Chas. Gurrard will open dressmaking parlors. Both of the ladies have had several years experience in this line of work and we believe their venture will meet with success from the start.

Traffic Manager Crossman tells us that he expects the new locomotive of the East Jordan & Southern R. R. will be finished and delivered here by the first of April. The new machine is a six driver mogul specially designed to meet the requirements of the work she is to perform and will be a needed addition to the power equipment of the road.

All persons having in their possession rubber boots, coats, helmets or other property belonging to the Village are requested to return same to Marshal Wm. Johnson.
By order of Fire Committee.

The fact that the Loveday Opera House is on the "Stair" circuit for next season, means that next fall and winter will witness a still further improvement in class of attractions at East Jordan while a few of the best we have had are figuring on returning.

The matter of organizing a band here is being agitated and the idea is being very favorably received among the business men. There is certainly plenty of material here to make a first class musical organization of this kind and it is very evident that to be strictly in it we must have a band.

The regents of the University of Michigan have decided to establish a Pasteur institute at Ann Arbor for the treatment of hydrophobia. The other Pasteur institutes available for Michigan people are at New York and Chicago. As apparatus and buildings are available for immediate use it is expected that patients can be received by April 1.

George Vradenburg, the young man arrested here on Friday of last week by Sheriff Olinger, of Muskegon county plead guilty to the charge of stealing a fur overcoat at Montague and was sentenced to serve ninety days in the Detroit House of Correction. There are several other larceny charges against him and when he completes this sentence he will at once be again placed under arrest.

Some time ago Secretary Baker of the state board of health recommended that supervisors of the various townships of the state direct that all dogs be muzzled in view of the numerous cases of rabbies. So little attention has been paid to this recommendation that the secretary is endeavoring to persuade Governor Bliss to issue a proclamation on the subject believing it to be of the utmost importance.

COUGH SETTLED ON HER LUNGS.
"My daughter had a terrible cough which settled on her lungs," says N. Jackson, of Danville, Ill. "We tried a great many remedies without relief until we gave her Foley's Honey and Tar, which cured her." Refuse substitutes.
Sold by L. C. Madison & Co.

500

BOXES FOR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS EACH.

In response to the popular demand I have secured another lot of boxes containing Jewelry, Silverware, Novelties, etc., etc. These sell at 25 cents each. Call early as they are going fast and the supply is limited.

FRANK MARTINEK.

1,000

**Clocks, Good Time Keepers,
will be given away at**

WARNE'S PHARMACY

C. H. MADDAUGH,

SHOP ON MAIN STREET. **MERCHANT TAILOR** EAST JORDAN, MICH.

Samples of the Very Latest Styles always on hand.

MONEY

WE MUST HAVE IT

J. W. Coates,

will sell the balance of his large stock of Portland Cutters, Light and Heavy Sleighs at a big reduction.

HORSESHOEING

by a Practical Workman. Wood repair work promptly done.
J. W. COATES.

Science:

"Is knowledge gained and verified by exact observation and correct thinking"—so a suspender built on scientific principles, as is the "President" may easily show its adaptability to all men and conditions.

Our Guarantee

"A.H. breaks made good," covers every pair and every whim.

BOOSINGER BROS.

PROVERBS

"When the butter won't come put a penny in the churn," is an old time dairy proverb. It often seems to work though no one has ever told why.

When mothers are worried because the children do not gain strength and flesh we say give them Scott's Emulsion.

It is like the penny in the milk because it works and because there is something astonishing about it.

Scott's Emulsion is simply a milk of pure cod liver oil with some hypophosphites especially prepared for delicate stomachs.

Children take to it naturally because they like the taste and the remedy takes just as naturally to the children because it is so perfectly adapted to their wants.

For all weak and pale and thin children Scott's Emulsion is the most satisfactory treatment.

We will send you the penny, i. e., a sample free.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

SCOTT & BOWNE,
Chemists,
409 Pearl St., N. Y.

50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

Will

Sell my 160 acre improved farm, 8 miles from railway town, Texas county, Mo., 8 acres bearing orchard, good buildings and improvements, spring, creek, and well, 80 acres under cultivation, 40 in timber, black rich soil. Or will exchange it for smaller place or clear town property and cash. A bargain for somebody. Write for full particulars and state what you have to offer.
V. EDELBERG,
Care of box 367, East Jordan, Mich.

Notice.

Having sold our business we shall now give our attention to the collection of all accounts due the firm. We offer you a discount of 5 per cent on all accounts paid in full before April 1st. Payments may be made to W. E. Malpass at the store or to A. F. Bridge BRIDGE HARDWARE CO.

Restaurant and Lunch Counter and good accommodations for Boarders on State St.
MRS. PHEBE DUFORD.

Will

Sell my 160 acre improved farm, 8 miles from railway town, Texas county, Mo., 8 acres bearing orchard, good buildings and improvements, spring, creek, and well, 80 acres under cultivation, 40 in timber, black rich soil. Or will exchange it for smaller place or clear town property and cash. A bargain for somebody. Write for full particulars and state what you have to offer.
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V. EDELBERG,
Care of box 367, East Jordan, Mich.

Police & Fireman's SUSPENDER

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. The remedy that cures a cold in one day.

If a thing is worth a care, do it carefully.

Any man's salary would be large if it were not for his expenses.

A woman likes flattery as a child likes sugar on its bread—spread on thick.

And now will the numerous widows of the sultan of Sulu apply to congress for a pension?

With a surplus of \$9,600,000 for 1902, Spain is in a position to start the foundation of a new navy.

Automobiles are to be used in transporting the mail. All that the public has to do is to provide good roads.

While the North is wrestling with the coal situation the South is excited over the appearance of green bugs.

It costs Uncle Sam \$1,250,000 annually to predict that to-morrow will be fair. And then it is likely to rain.

It is said that Zola made \$1,500,000 writing books. What a power he might have been as a captain of industry.

It is a curious and unnoticed fact that the command, "Thou shalt not lie," does not appear once in the decalogue.

The head of the Shakers in America at the age of eighty-three, quite excusably thinks that he is old enough to shake his job.

The colored girl who fired six shots at her recreant lover and missed him each time should have practiced with a seven-shooter.

J. Pierpont Morgan has passed covering 55,000 miles of railroad. What a lot of conductors he must be acquainted with.

No school boy ever had to write a moral copy book text so often that he wrote it on the fence on the way home.

If Uncle Russell Sage's new valet is calculating on eking out a small stipend with tips and perquisites he is likely to get left.

Yale students are to collect the voices of all remaining Indian tribes in a phonograph. Presumably Yale is planning a new yell.

A Georgia paper asks: "Why will young men carry pistols and brass knuckles to church with them?" Why, indeed? Give the minister a show.

Boys and girls who survived the swimming season are now furnishing material for casting accidents. At any cost Young America must have a good time.

"Shall I," exclaims Mrs. Pat Campbell, "shall I bare my soul to every little reporter?" No, don't. Choose the big ones. They are robust, and can stand it.

Imagine the expression on Uncle Russell Sage's face when he reads that college professors ought to be retired, as past their usefulness, at the age of seventy.

The German legislators have struck a blow at the Standard Oil Company. It was merely a glancing blow, however, and the company is still in the ring and smiling.

Vienna surpasses all other capitals in the number of suicides committed each year. Also in the number of princesses who abandon their impetuous husbands.

Certain disaffected elements in China are clamoring for a new emperor. Their desires are not likely to be gratified further than to hear something from the old one.

A Chicago savings bank offers to give a metal mantel bank free to anyone who asks for it. Incidentally, to prevent backsliding in the saving habit, the savings bank retains the key.

Despite the possession of vast riches Mr. Rockefeller is not a contented man. He longs for a good appetite, a cure for nervousness, a panacea for insomnia and a chance to make more money.

A nickel-in-the-slot restaurant has just been opened in New York. The chief claim to recognition which we can see in this innovation is that the same machine will dispense a high ball to make you forget the lunch.

The New York woman who has been married four times and divorced three times and is now trying to be divorced again must feel more or less discouraged by her experiments in matrimony.

Sir Henry Maxim's declaration that the bank of Monte Carlo can't be beaten is a maxim that gamblers will do well to accept without discussion.

It now appears that William K. Vanderbilt's house, Idle Hour, is built on sand. Why should a man with so many "rocks" make such a blunder?

COURTIN' A WIDDER

By GEORGE A. HARRIS

Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Publishing Company

"Yes, cousin Deb, there is no use talkin' I've seen more bad luck than any man livin' and it does seem sometimes as if the Lord or the Old Boy—I dunno which—had a pertickler spite ag'in me, and took delight in pillin' on the whacks! Who would ever have s'posed a big, noble lookin' woman like B'Indy would have dropped off right in the dead of winter when my rheumatiz and lumbago, and ashmy and brownkeeters, always rage the wot kind? O, dear! what shall I do?" and Ebenezer Pert, a little wizened man, with pale watery blue eyes, and scattering wisps of yellow hair, buried his nose in the depths of a gingham handkerchief a yard square, and groaned dismally.

"Do," responded cousin Deb. "Why, spunk up and put the best foot forward. A widderer of your age with nine children on his hands has got to hustle. You can't lay round and eat and sleep and smoke old cob pipes same as you always have done."

"I never disputed Job's troubles," sniffed Ebenezer, and he flourished the gingham handkerchief spasmodically, "never—he had 'em-like me—but his comforters was angels compared to mine. 'Twould melt a heart of stone to see the way I'm fixed. But my sufferin's air about over—I shall never climb winter hill—I feel it in my bones. I ain't had a decent thing to eat since poor B'Indy died, nothin' but dough cakes and slops, and my stummick is all out of kilter. Poor B'Indy! what a treasure I've lost! so prudent, so clever natered!"

"Look here, Ebenezer, I've advised and advised, but what has it amounted to? If there is anything I despise it is a snivellin' man that has got no gumption. You've got to face facts, B'Indy's gone, you've lost your burden bearer, and all your howlin' won't bring her back," and Deb, flashed a glance at her elderly relative which was far from sympathetic.

"I know it, Deb—" he whimpered, "but my poor heart is buried in her grave. Nobody knows my feelin's but myself. I shall never find another to take her place—not if I live to be as old as Methuseller! She took all the care of the critters and the milkin', and the barn and the house, and the young uns, and if—"

"If," broke in Deb sharply, "you don't stop your wallin' I'll leave this house inside of twenty minutes, bag and baggage. I've heard it jest as long as I'm a goin' to. I have been here two months and you've not made the least effort to git a housekeeper."

"I'd like to know who I'm goin' to git?" queried Ebenezer, and he eyed her warily through his fingers.

"Well, there is plenty of widders. I heard Elder Trigger say there was twenty-seven drawin' pinshins out of the government, right in this neighborhood."

"Well," said Ebenezer in a resigned tone, "it's pooty cold weather for a man of my years to start out lookin' up widders, but I s'pose its got to be done. Do you think of any pertickler one you can rickermend?"

"Well-let-me-think—there is Mis' Holden, she's as smart as a steel trap."

"Yes, but I won't have her, she is homier than a hedge fence."

ried old Jumper jest after I married B'Indy and things has always gona kind of skew-guy for us both. Poor little Janie, she was an awful pooty girl, red cheeks and black eyes, and shaped just like a weasle. I snum Deb, how I would like to see her and git to talkin' over old times! Who knows but I can coax her to keep house for me awhile, and then—um—um—and he poked his cousin's ribs significantly.

"That's the way to talk, Ebenezer. I think she would come over and jump at the chance. All you lack is git-up. Why can't you ride over to Durham to-night—strike while the iron is hot you know."

"Sart'in Deb, sart'in!" and he sprung to his feet with a suddenness which fairly took away her breath, "just hunt me up a paper collar, and grease my best boots, and don't forget a clean handkerchief in case I should shed tears. I s'pect the neighbors will say its airly for me to go courtin' widders, but what they say don't put short cake in my mouth, or mend the holes in my stockin's. No-sir-ee—"

"and he snapped his fingers—"Let 'em cackle!"

The widow Jumper's kitchen was as cosy and comfortable as fresh paint and paper, cretonne covered furniture, and gay home made rugs could make it. A cheerful log fire blazed in the

old fashioned fireplace, and Janie was in the act of lighting the evening lamps when there came a loud rap-rap at the door.

"Its only me—Mis' Jumper," answered a faint voice from outside. "Don't you remember Ebenezer Pert?"

"Well I guess I do!" and she threw the door wide open letting a stream of warmth and light upon the shivering figure on the doorstep.

"I am so glad to see you, Mr. Pert!" and she clasped his numb fingers enthusiastically. "Let me take your overcoat and muffler, you must be nearly frozen! Now set up to the fire and give your poor feet a good toastin'."

"Have you been to supper—no—well then let me git you some and a cup of hot tea—shant I?"

"I should feel terribly obliged if you would fix Jumper. I don't mind tellin' you I'm jest about on my last legs. I s'pose you've heard about poor B'Indy?"

"O, yes, Mr. Pert, such sad news at ways travels fast. But you must try and reconcile yourself to the ways of providence."

"I try to marm—but its pesky hard," and he began to ransack his pockets in quest of a handkerchief. "Losin' B'Indy was a turrible blow!"

"It must have been, Mr. Pert," and the widow rubbed her nose with a corner of her white apron sympathetically. "But I can feel for you—dear friend—I have lost two beloved companions—"

Mr. Pert. It used to be 'Ebb'y' once, don't you remember?"

"Y-e-e-a-s?"

"I've thought of you all these years Janie, I have I swan—I never see any one I loved 'half as well as I did you. P'haps you don't believe it but its the truth. Now things has worked our way spoin' we fine conditions. Say, Janie, will you live me?"

"O-O-My-My-My—"

"Say 'Yes, Janie."

"Yes, Ebb'y."

ADDED TO HIS DIGNITY.

Newly-Elected Congressman Conscious of the Honor.

He was a large man and his bosom swelled with pride as he stepped up to the desk and registered. It was evident that he knew he was a man of distinction.

The clerk glanced at the name and was puzzled.

"Haven't you stopped with us before, Mr. Barker?" asked the clerk.

"Dozens of times," answered the large man.

"I thought I recognized you," said the clerk, "but there seems to have been a change in your name."

"There has been," asserted the large man; "a most important change."

"You always registered before as 'John Barker,' and now you have it 'H. J. Barker.'"

"Of course, of course," returned the large man. "I guess you haven't heard from my district or you wouldn't worry about that. I've been elected to Congress."

"Oh," said the clerk, puzzled.

"That gives me another initial, doesn't it?"

"I don't quite see—"

"What a thundering lot of ignorance some of you city people have. That makes me Honorable John Barker, doesn't it? And that's H. J. Barker for short; ain't it?"

THE USES OF TURPENTINE.

A Very Valuable Article to Have Around the House.

Turpentine, either in resinous form or in spirits, has a household value. A child suffering with the croup or any throat or lung difficulty will be quickly relieved by inhaling the vapor and having the chest rubbed until the skin is red, and then being wrapped about with flannel moistened with fiery spirits. Afterward sweet oil will save the skin from irritation, says the Woman's Home Companion. In the case of burns and scalds turpentine has no equal. It is the best dressing for patent leather; it will remove paint from artists' clothes and workmen's garments; it will drive away moths if a few drops are put in closets and chests; it will persuade mice to find other quarters if a little is poured into the mouse holes; one tablespoonful added to the water in which linens are boiled will make the goods wonderfully white; a few drops will prevent starch from sticking; mixed with beeswax it makes the best floor polish, and mixed with sweet oil it is unrivaled as a polish for furniture—the latter mixture should be two parts of sweet oil to one part of turpentine. Some physicians recommend spirits of turpentine, applied externally, for lumbago and rheumatism. It is also prescribed for neuralgia of the face.

DRIVEN OUT BY BOLL WEEVIL.

Alarming Ravages of the Pest in the Southern States.

One of the most serious and damaging results of the invasion of Texas by the Mexican boll weevil is made public for the first time by ex-State Senator A. H. Carter of Fort Worth, who states that many thousand of South Texas farmers are leaving the state and locating elsewhere, because of the devastation wrought in their localities by these pests, says the St. Louis Globe Democrat. He says that possibly 50,000 people, all told, will go to New Mexico, Oklahoma and Indian Territory, particularly to the two last countries, and that he knows of many people who have already left the state. Not only are the boll weevil ruining the south part of the state, but they are being discovered in other sections. A farmer living in this county has recently found the pest about five miles north from this city. The question, Senator Carter says, is the most serious one that the people of not only Texas, but the entire cotton-growing sections of the South, have to contend with since Texas was admitted into the Union.

The Open Sky.

Underneath the open sky I would let the world go by, Every shred of harassing Lapping with the swallow's wing; Every scream from eagle's gray loom Sweeping amid the bloom; Every "issue of regret," Fadrig like the mists that fret Height and hollow, ere the morn In the Orient is born; Every grief, or old, or new, Smoothed by God's unchanging blue, And the hush-song of the rill In the shadow of the hill, Where the beech boughs whisper so Tender, lovingly, and low; Every doubt dispelled and blown Even from the vision-zone By the air as kind as creep "Through the lilted fields of sleep; Every fear transmitted to Hopes as prismy as the dew, And the old earth-joy again Flooding soul and heart and brain; Underneath the open sky I would let the world go by! —Clinton Scollard in *Alms'ee's*.

Afterthoughts.

"It frequently occurs," said the member of Congress, "that the most important part of a woman's letter is the postscript."

"Yes," answered his wife, "and I have been informed that quite frequently the most important thing about a bill is the amendment."

Scenes on City Ponds During Cold Weather

From the Portly Father of a Family to the Mischief-Making Small Boy, All the Skaters Are Bent on Having the Best Time Possible.

AS A RESULT of the recent cold snap it seemed as if all New York, with and without skates, flocked to the pond in Central Park, says the New York Sun. Included among the spectators were all kinds and conditions of people. Babies in arms were there as well as old men who swapped reminiscences with gusto and seemed to enjoy the fun as much as anybody.



A Beginner.

consisted of pet dogs. For the most part they behaved with the calmness peculiar to the New York dog under any, and all circumstances. Most of them went on the ice.

One, a collie, trudged sedately along beside his mistress who, although she wore no skates, made a tour of the pond over and over again and insisted on taking her constitutional in the very thick of the skaters. Another dog, a big English bull, was less compliant. His mistress was on skates. But she didn't stay on them very long.

As she took the ice airily and gracefully bystanders were highly entertained to see that in one hand she grasped the leader of the bulldog and in the other the fist of a four-year-old youngster dressed all in white. The chubby legs of the four-year-old did their part valiantly and would have made a pretty good showing too, had it not been that mamma's companion on the other side concluded that the pace was altogether too slow for him, even if he didn't have skates, and so proceeded to haul his mistress along like a ship under full sail.

When last seen the trio were making at top speed for a pavilion, and as the impatient bulldog passed the circus-spect collie on the way there he winked his off eye.

Almost every chair was in use. The lake was dotted with the chairs. In one case pater familias, somewhat heavy and portly, was pushing his wife along in one, and at his side skated a rosy young daughter. In another, a very young Benedict, with a meek cast of features, skated loyally along behind his better half who was seated in a chair holding the baby, the latter going through a first ex-



The Lady, the Baby and the Tiger.

perience on a skating pond with every appearance of satisfaction.

Some of the chair's best customers, though, are beginners, who, falling to secure the support of some self-sacrificing friend, cheerfully pay down twenty-five cents for the sake of having something, anything, to cling to at a desperate moment.

Without question the skater who enjoys himself most is the small boy.

So far he has been on hand morning noon and night and if the absentee roll of the public schools has not been swelled of late, then appearances are not to be trusted.

The small boy's specialty is speed rather than fancy stunts. His forte is to charge through the densest group of skaters like a cannon ball at the most unexpected moments, thereby calling down maledictions in showers on his head, instead of striving to gain the admiration of the public by the more intricate exhibitions of skill indulged in by his elders.

As a means to this praiseworthy end, his skates this year are longer than ever—almost as long as his legs in fact—and some nervous people are suggesting the advisability of having these very long skates suppressed.

"How is the skating to-day, sonny?" was asked of a youngster of twelve who was busy unstrapping a pair of skates about eighteen inches long.

"Fine," he exclaimed, with emphasis, and he grinned when he said it.

His record, it seems, for less than one hour's skating was to lay low a middle-aged man of athletic build, and two young girls and almost to capsize a chair containing two small children. After the last exploit he was put off by a policeman. But he was back again the next day.

A rumor went the rounds early last week that skating policemen were to be a feature of all the parks from this time on, Central Park not excepted. Therefore, many visitors to the lake when the ball went up, were surprised to find all the blue coats in attendance walking stolidly around on their feet much as usual. One woman could not hide her disappointment.

"I understood," said she, addressing a policeman, "that all you policemen on duty at the lake were to wear skates."

"Well, Miss," was the reply, "I have heard nothing about it. I don't think many of us know how to skate."



The Baby's First Experience.

and he looked down dubiously at his own somewhat substantial proportions.

An added source of satisfaction to night skaters was moonlight which from 10 to 11, at least, changed the place into something like fairyland and then kindly lighted the skaters home. The sentimental ones were in ecstasies.

"Charlie and I went skating last night," confided one young woman to another on their way down town the next morning, "and before I got home he asked me—" a jangling trolley whizzed along; just then and drowned the rest of the sentence.

Secrets of Plant Life.

Plants have developed almost as many dodges for perpetuating their existence as animals, only we don't so easily recognize them. Every seed, bulb or tuber is not merely a reservoir of material for the plant that is to grow out of it, but also a mass of fuel for supplying heat necessary to the sprouting seedlet. More than this, if you look at the early spring buds and flowers you will notice that those which are likely to be exposed to frost, such as catkins or willow and hazel, are well protected by a thick covering of soft material.

Money in Poultry Raising.

In a recent contest for suggesting the best way to make \$5 grow, the prize was awarded to a man who advised that the amount be invested in eggs-for-hatching. He cited, among other things, the case of a boy who exchanged a penny for an egg and this egg grew, successively, into a hen, six chickens, a pig, a calf, and a pony, with bridle and saddle.

Germany's Tallest Soldier.

Germany's tallest soldier is a non-commissioned officer six feet eight inches in height.

A portable infant's swinging bed to be adjusted at night and folded away in the day—a convenience in flat keeping where space is scarce.

IN HISTORIC CAMBRIDGE

Where General Washington First Took Supreme Command of the Continental Army.

On Sunday, July 2, 1775, an illustrious stranger, mounted on a noble steed, and accompanied by several mounted attendants, rode into Cambridge. He was a tall, well formed man, of distinguished mien, and wore the cocked hat, the blue and buff uniform and insignia of a major-general of the Continental army.

It was soon noised about town that this stranger, Gen. George Washington, the newly appointed commander-in-chief of the patriot army, had arrived, and, furthermore, that next day, on the west side of the training field, in what is now known as Old Cambridge, he would formally assume command of the troops. As may be supposed, the news spread like wildfire, and the excitement was intense.

Up to this time the American forces were practically without a head, but now it was instinctively felt that a brilliant and trusted leader had arisen. Who was to be their civil and political savior. And the event fully proved that the quiet entrance of this noted Virginian into the place was not only an event of great local importance, but one of the most momentous and far-reaching incidents in the world's political history.

On the morrow—Monday, July 3—Washington formally took command of the American army. It goes without saying that it was a day of deepest import to this country. For on that day George Washington, intrusted by the Continental Congress with the chief command of the American army, and thus made the foremost man of the revolution, entered upon the active duties of his office, and was received with enthusiasm by the little band of heroes assembled at Cambridge. As he entered the confines of the camp, the shouts of the multitude and the thunder of artillery gave note to the enemy, beleaguered in Boston, of his arrival. His military reputation had

conditions of the wants of the country and of the army. The necessity of appointing a commander-in-chief and the qualities requisite in that high office were dwelt upon, and then the speaker concluded by putting in nomination George Washington of Virginia.

"As soon as his name was mentioned, Washington rose and withdrew from the hall. For a moment he was overpowered with a sense of the responsibility which was about to be put upon him, and to his friend Patrick Henry he said, with tears in his eyes: 'I fear that this day will mark the downfall of my reputation.' On the 15th of June the nomination was unanimously confirmed by Congress, and the man who had saved the wreck of Braddock's army was called to build a nation."

With great dignity he accepted the appointment, refused all compensations beyond his actual expenses, set out with an escort by way of New York, and reached Cambridge fifteen days after the battle of Bunker Hill. When Washington arrived in Cambridge one of the first things that occupied his attention was the selection of a building suitable for his headquarters. After inspecting several of the most commodious and available ones in that immediate vicinity, his choice fell upon a large, square mansion on the Watertown road, built in 1759 by Col. John Vassell, an unswerving Loyalist—a "Tory," as his class was opprobriously termed—who had just fled to England. Here, in the future home of Longfellow, the illustrious soldier established his headquarters, and continued it as his military home for the ensuing eight months, during the remainder of the siege of Boston. Washington's office and Longfellow's study were in the room on the first floor to the right of the door (as you face the house); the officers' room and library being back of it, and the drawing room

Benjamin Franklin of Boston, printer, philosopher and poet, statesman and diplomat, who "plucked the lightning from the clouds and the scepter from tyrants."—Boston Globe.

AS A POLISH POET SAW HIM.

Interesting First Impression of Gen. George Washington.

The Century recently contained an historical "find" in the unpublished diary of a friend of Kosciusko, the Polish poet Niemcewicz, who visited General Washington at Mount Vernon in June, 1798, as confirmed by the general's diary. The impressions of the first President and his conversations give unique value and interest to the paper. The visitor thus records his first meeting with the general and his wife, the narrator's "lie" referring to his effort to conceal the fact that Kosciusko had left America to head a Polish organization:

"Mr. Peters' house is at the extreme point of the city, quite near Georgetown. We arrived there between 6 and 7 o'clock. One can guess how my heart was beating. I was to see the man for whom since my youth I had had great respect. I caught sight of him through the window and recognized him at once. About a dozen people were coming toward us. I saw only him. I was presented to him by Mr. Law. He held out his hand to me and clasped mine. We went into the parlor. I sat down beside him; I was moved, dumb and could not look at him enough. It is a majestic face, in which dignity is united with gentleness. The portraits that we have of him in Europe are not like him at all. He is nearly 6 feet high and very strongly built; he has an aquiline nose, blue eyes; his mouth and particularly his lower jaw, are large. He wore a tall coat, black stock-

HAS MUCH READY MONEY.

Cash Holdings of Russell Sage Must Be Enormous.

It is a common saying that Russell Sage owns more ready cash than any other man in America. Few people know the reason. Conservative bankers estimate that he has loaned out on collateral at most time cash to the extent of \$25,000,000, while in times when rates are tempting he adds from \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000 to this interest-drawing principle. His income on this alone amounts to over \$1,250,000 per annum. His income from glittering investments is at least as great. His one luxury is a team of fast horses. He pays \$12,000 ground rent for the real estate on which his Fifth avenue house is built, and his annual expenses outside of that amount to about \$13,000. It will readily be seen that he is not likely to die poor. Few banks have more actual cash outstanding than has Russell Sage. His total fortune is put at \$30,000,000.

The reason he holds few stocks of any kind is not hard to find. It lies in the fact that he is one of the very few financiers in Wall street who does not believe in the extension of consolidation of industries. He believes that most of the industrial enterprises of the recent past are founded on unsound business principles. He is one of the few people who have refused to become a member of the Morgan syndicate. He gave as his reason his belief that the pace was too fast and that some one would be hurt.

Mr. Sage says that he sold Missouri Pacific last spring at 118. The reason he sold it was that he thought it was too high. He bought his stock at 8, so he frankly confessed that he didn't see any better thing to do with it at 118 than to sell it. So he sold. That is one of the reasons he is able to lend out huge sums of money. He sells at boom times the stocks he buys in receiverships.

BACK TO THE FARM.

St. Louis Paper Thinks Policeman Made Wise Choice.

After ten years as a St. Louis policeman Hugh McMahon tired of life in a great city and has gone back to the country. Like Clarence the Cop, he has been "transferred again," but this time at his own wish.

He has gone back from the force to the farm; from politics to potatoes; from courts to carrots; from station to stable; from clubs to clods; from "plug-uglies" to plows; from "pinches" to parsnips; from mud to meadow; from garbage to garden; from blood to blossoms.

He has gone back from writs to roses; from arrests to rest; from pool-rooms to cool rooms; from sunstrokes to sunflowers and sunsets; from violence to violets; from helmets to hollyhocks; from dens to daisies; from running crooks to running brooks; from murderers to meditation; from quick thieves to quiet thoughts; and from "green goods" men to the green things of Nature herself.

Who shall say that he has not chosen the better part of life? "God made the country and man made the town," and at the very best, it sometimes seems, man made a bad job of it.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Goldenrod and Memories.

From far-off, blue Wisconsin hills, There came a gift of flowers to me. With prisoned sunlight in their depths, And fragrance sweet of field and tree, They smooke of days long passed away, Of hazy-golden autumn eves, Of moonlight filtered softly down, Through canopies of yellow leaves.

And like fair ghosts, for years laid low, Come back to haunt familiar ways, There rose to mind the fairy dreams Woven in long-zoned childish days, Dreams great with noble deeds and true, Of hard-won fame, and wealth and power.

And who shall say the ripper years, But mock that golden fairy dower?

For speaks a living voice, as from The perfumed flowers my friend has sent, The visions of the child are true, For what is wealth but sweet content? For better than the fairies' pelf, The hard-earned wage of honest men; Thy noblest deeds are every day's, Done bravely, once and yet again.

Power? It is ours, above a king's, And godder than exalts a throne, If we but make a single life The brighter, that 'tis next our own, The soul that rules its living Self Is mightier than a scepter's sway, The fairy realm of childish dreams: It lies about us every day.

Shooting the Old Year Out.

The practice of shooting out the old year has obtained in this town from the earliest time. But this morning the shooters did not confine their aim to the passing year. Some of the more reckless of the marksmen turned their guns upon the arc and incandescent lamps of the electric light plant and shot them all out with the dead year. They also shot the power away, too, leaving the town in darkness and helplessness, and thus for the space of an hour or two everything was brought to a standstill.

All this happened at an unfortunate time for a newspaper office, which cannot wait on light or power. The Republican, though, surmounted the obstacle which the New Year revelers had put in its way by restoring to commission that old reliable and peace disturbing gasoline engine upon which it has learned to lean in many hours of darkness and weakness, and which does not permit itself to get scared and panic stricken and bluffed into silence and paralysis when guns go off at midnight.—Arizona Republic.

Sewing in Public Schools.

Halifax school board wishes to discontinue teaching infants sewing, on the ground that it causes defective vision.



AGRICULTURE

Canada Thistles.

Some of the earlier American botanists held the opinion that while the Canada thistle had doubtless been introduced into New England from Europe, it was probably indigenous in western Canada. It now appears very improbable that it is indigenous anywhere on the American continent. It was evidently introduced into the French settlements in Canada earlier than into the English and Dutch colonies of New England and the Middle States. It is reported to have been found about the residences of French missionaries in Canada early in the seventeenth century. There is a tradition that it was purposely introduced into Canada by the French for feeding swine; but there appears to be no just ground for this tradition, as there is no record that thistles were ever used to any considerable extent as food for swine in Europe. It is said to have been introduced into eastern New York with the hay and camp equipment of Burgoyne's army in 1777. It probably reached Vermont at the same time or previously, as it was recognized as a troublesome weed in that state earlier than in New York. The farmers of Vermont had become so greatly alarmed by its progress that a law was passed by the legislature in 1795 directing its destruction on all lands within the state. In 1813 the legislature of New York passed a law authorizing certain towns to pay rewards for its destruction. These laws were well enforced at first, as they were passed at the request of the farmers directly interested. But the farmers soon learned that the thistle could be controlled, and then their alarm ceased and with it their interest in the complete extermination of the plant.

Storing Seed Corn.

A communication from the Iowa Experiment Station says:

Owing to the extremely wet season followed in many sections by an early frost, the problem of seed corn for 1903 is of unusual importance. Those who save seed corn from their own fields should take unusual precautions to thoroughly dry and store in a well ventilated place. There are many different methods of storing seed corn, but the experiments which have been conducted by the station indicate:

1st. That it is not advisable to harvest immature corn and place in a warm room, as there is danger that the corn will begin to germinate as a result of the moisture and warmth.

2nd. That corn intended for seed should be allowed to thoroughly mature on the stalk or in the shock before husking.

3rd. That the best results are obtained when stored in a dry and thoroughly ventilated place.

4th. That cold does not injure the vitality of corn when it is thoroughly dried and kept dry, but on the other hand, if allowed to gather moisture, freezing will reduce the vitality and may destroy it entirely.

5th. That it is unwise to store seed corn in barrels or boxes, as it will gather moisture. Corn often contains a great deal of moisture, even though it appears to be thoroughly dry. This is especially true during the fall and early winter months.

The one thing that seems to be the most essential in the storing of seed corn is thorough ventilation.

Nitrogen Gatherers.

Bulletin 76 of the Illinois station says: The investigations of Atwater in America, Boussingault and Ville in France, Helmriegel, Willfarth and Nobbe in Germany, Lawes and Gilbert in England, et al., have fully established the scientific facts: (1) that leguminous plants, as the clovers, peas, beans, vetches, alfalfa, etc., have the power to gather or accumulate free nitrogen from the atmosphere; (2) that this fixation of free nitrogen is actually accomplished by microscopic organisms called bacteria which live in little nodules or tubercles, upon the roots of the legumes; and (3) that for different species of leguminous plants, there are also different species of "nitrogen gathering" bacteria. Many investigations have also been conducted to determine the amounts of nitrogen which can be fixed by different leguminous plants, but these experiments have actually been carried on in pure sand cultures under conditions which necessitate that all nitrogen which the legumes secure must be obtained from the air. There is abundance of evidence that leguminous plants secure some nitrogen from the air when grown in ordinary soil, if they are provided with the bacteria. Indeed, the presence of the tubercles upon the roots is one of the evidences that free nitrogen is being fixed, and another evidence of that fact is found in the beneficial effects of clover and other legumes in crop rotations.

Low Wages in Scotland.

Calthness, Orkney and Shetland are Scottish counties in which the wages of agricultural workers are at the lowest. A plowman there still considers himself well paid at 14 shillings a week.

Jamaica May Grow Cotton.

Jamaica is talking of introducing the cultivation of cotton to make up for the decline in sugar. Cotton is being grown in Montserrat, in Santa Lucia, and in several of the Leeward Islands.



BAD BACKS.

Bad backs are found in every household. A bad back is a back that's lame, weak or aching. Most backache pains come from kidney derangements and should be promptly attended to. Reach the cause of backache by relieving the kidneys and curing their ills. Doan's Kidney Pills are for the kidneys only and cure the dangers of urinary and bladder disorders, from common inflammation, to Dropsy, Diabetes, Bright's disease. Case No. 49,321.—Mr. W. H. Hammer, well-known builder, residing at 125 N. Hinde street, Washington C. H., Ohio, says: "I am glad to endorse a remedy which possesses such inestimable value as Doan's Kidney Pills. They cured me of inflammation of the bladder which had caused me much annoyance and anxiety because of the frequency and severity of the attacks. I have advised others to take Doan's Kidney Pills and I know they will not be disappointed in the results." A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Hammer will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.

When a town woman sees an advertisement of a cow for sale, she wonders what the price is, and if the cow is a good one.

WESTERN CANADA AROUSING GREAT INTEREST.

The Wonderful Yields of Wheat Attracting Thousands.

Until the last five or six years but little attention was given to that vast area of grain-producing land lying north of the 49th parallel, and immediately adjoining the northern boundaries of Minnesota and Dakota.

The Canadians themselves were aware of the wealth that lay there, but being unable to fully occupy it, they have asked the Americans to assist them in converting the land from its virgin state to one that will largely supplement the grain-producing area of the North American continent and the response has been most liberal.

During the year 1901 upwards of 20,000 from the United States went over to Canada, being induced to settle there by the reports that reached them of the success of those who had preceded them during the previous years. This 20,000 was increased to 30,000 during the year 1902, and it is fully expected that there will be fully 50,000 during the present year. The work of the immigration branch of the Canadian government is not now being directed towards giving information as to the advantages of settlement in Canada as it is extending an invitation to the Americans to follow those who have gone.

Those who have charge of the work point with considerable pride to the success of those who have been induced to take advantage of the offer of 160 acres of land free in Canada, and have no cause to hesitate in continuing the invitation. Many of those interested say there are no more free homesteads to be had in Canada, but the writer has most positive assurance from the Canadian government that there are thousands of such homesteads to be had, and in one of the districts now being opened up fully as good as the best, and it is probably the best.

The Canadian government has established agencies at St. Paul, Minn.; Omaha, Neb.; Kansas City, Mo.; Chicago, Ill.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Milwaukee, Wis.; Wausau, Wis.; Detroit, St. Paul, St. Louis and Marquette, Mich.; Toledo, Ohio; Watertown, S. Dakota; Grand Forks, N. Dakota, and Great Falls, Mont., and the suggestion is made that by addressing any of these, who are authorized agents of the government, it will be to the advantage of the reader, who will be given the fullest and most authentic information regarding the results of mixed farming, dairying, ranching, and grain raising, and also supply information as to freight and passenger rates, etc.

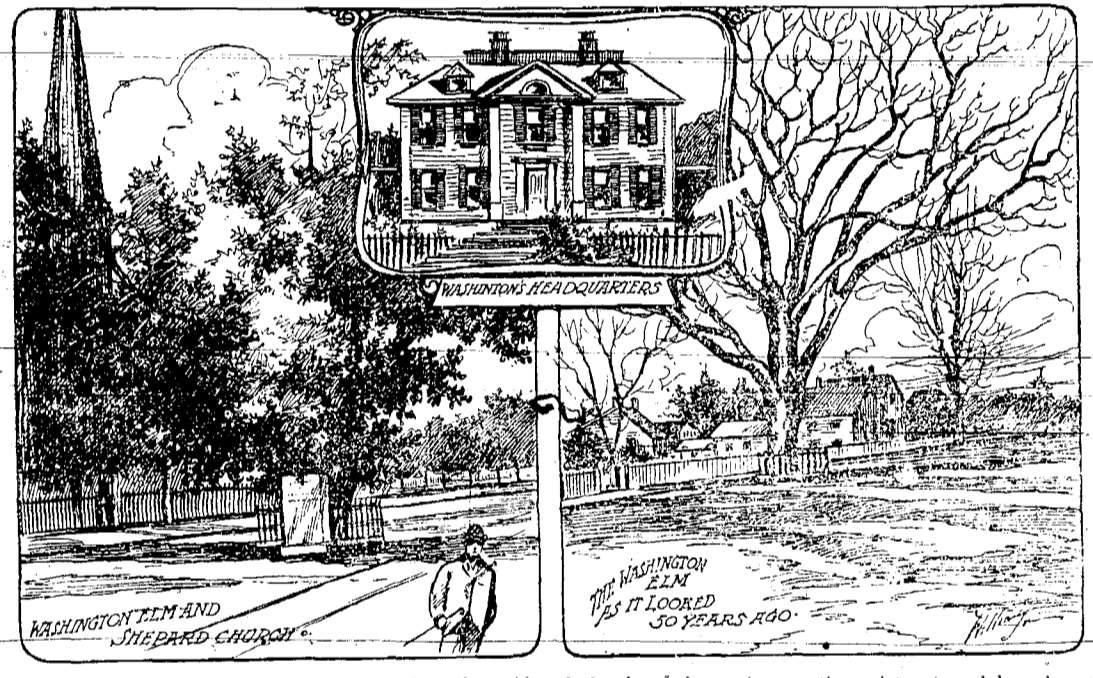


AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea" or "Lane's Family Medicine."

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE. All druggists or by mail, 50c and 50c. Buy to day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, O. F. Woodward, Le Roy, N. Y.

SAVE MONEY Buy your goods at Wholesale Prices. Our 1,000-page catalogue will be sent upon receipt of 10 cents. This amount does not even pay the postage, but it is sufficient to show us that you are acting in good faith. Better send for it now. Your neighbors trade with us—why not you also? Montgomery Ward & Co. CHICAGO The house that tells the truth.



WASHINGTON ELM AND SHEPPARD CHURCH.

WASHINGTON'S HEADQUARTERS.

THE WASHINGTON ELM WAS IT LOOKED 50 YEARS AGO.

preceded him, and excited great expectations. They were not disappointed. His personal appearance, notwithstanding the dust of travel, was calculated to captivate the public eye, and as he rode through the camp, amid a throng of officers, he was the admiration of the soldiery and of a curious throng collected from the surrounding country. Happy was the countryman who could get a full view of him and to carry home an account of it to his neighbors. His excellency was on horseback, of course, and was accompanied by several military gentlemen. It was not difficult to distinguish him from all others, for his personal appearance was truly noble and majestic. He was in the prime and vigor of middle life, having, on the 22d of February, reached the age of 43.

And then, on the broad highway—now Garden street—not far from and in sight of embryonic Harvard college, in the grateful shade of a majestic elm, the "father of his country" drew his sword and performed the simple ceremony of taking command of the patriot army, an army whose Acton minutemen at Concord bridge April 19 had "fired the shot heard round the world"; whose few brigades of raw militia on June 17 had met the veteran troops of England on Bunker Hill and commemorated their prowess, winning a moral, if not a military, victory; and which newly organized and persistent army, after a wasting, disheartening war of seven years' duration, firmly established upon this continent a republic of freedom that was destined to become one of the greatest as well as the best nations on the face of the globe. The incident marked the commencement of Washington's career in the service of his country. How gloriously was the promise given by his bearing redeemed!

To go back a little: On the very day that the important British fortress, Fort Mifflin, surrendered to Col. Ethan Allen, the Colonial Congress, which had adjourned in the previous autumn, reassembled at Philadelphia. Washington was there, and John Adams and Samuel Adams, Benjamin Franklin and Patrick Henry; Thomas Jefferson came soon afterward. "A last appeal was addressed to the King of England; and the infatuated monarch was plainly told that the colonists had chosen war in preference to voluntary slavery. Early in the session John Adams made a powerful address, in the course of which he sketched the

on the other side of the front door. Here, in December, the general was joined by his wife, Martha Washington, who remained there until after the British evacuation of Boston.

More than a century and a quarter has passed since the dramatic scene of July 3, 1775, was enacted beneath the historic elm in ancient Newtowne, but the tree, alive, but showing the decrepitude of age, still exists. The "Washington elm" is aptly framed in historic environments. On one side of it is the elegant Shepard Memorial church, completed in 1872, which is the first home of one of Cambridge's earliest denominational societies (Congregationalist), among whose modern distinguished members were the late Hon. Charles Theodore Russell (its senior deacon) and family, including his son, the late Gov. William E. Russell. On its other flank is Cambridge Common, with its elaborate soldiers' monument, erected to honor the memory of 4,588 Cambridge men who served and the 938 who perished in the civil war.

A neat circular iron fence protects the elm from vandal hands, and attached to the fence is a granite tablet bearing this inscription, written by the poet Longfellow:

"Beneath this tree Washington first took command of the American army, July 3, 1775."

Although Washington, on taking command of the army, found his duties manifold, intricate, appalling and overwhelming, he was strengthened and encouraged by the loyal, efficient support of the civil and military leaders of New England. This in Massachusetts alone was a tower of strength, for, besides Benjamin Lincoln of Hingham, the first secretary of the war department, and Henry Knox of Boston, the founder and chief of the artillery service of the Continental army, the successor of Gen. Lincoln as secretary of war and founder of the celebrated Society of the Cincinnati, he had the moral and practical support of four great civil Bay State leaders—Samuel Adams of the sturdy old Puritan stock of Boston; John Hancock of Boston, president of the Continental Congress of 1776, first signer of the Declaration of Independence and afterward governor of the commonwealth; John Adams of Quincy, second president of the United States and one of the most active members of the Congress of 1776, and

ings, satin waistcoat, and breeches of the same color.

"He began by questioning me about Gen. Kosciusko. I was extremely embarrassed and confused. The first word I said to this great man was a lie. That was what this mysterious departure brought me to. He put to me the following questions:

"How long are you in this country?"

"Eight months."

"How do you like it?"

"I am happy sir, to see in America those blessings which I was so ardently wishing for in my own country. To you, sir, are the Americans indebted for them."

"He bowed with a modest air, and said to me:

"I wished always to your country well, and that with all my heart."

"He uttered these last words with much feeling."

"We spoke with Mrs. Washington of the small likeness that there is between the general and his portraits. She asked Mrs. Peters at last to play the piano, which she did, and played the eternal 'Battle of Prague' (a favorite piece of music in America) very well. Tea was served. I found an opportunity to be beside the general. He praised an address that the town of Norfolk had given to the President.

"I was delighted to see the good father in good humor. He turned to ward me and asked me if I had traveled much in the United States. I replied that I had not been farther than New York, that I was surprised at the progress with such a new country had made in culture and population.

"There are the Eastern states," he said to me, "that are the most advanced in culture and population."

"They were," said I, "the first in which the Europeans settled."

"On the contrary," he replied, "the first settlement was in Virginia, and then in New England. But it is the division into townships which is so favorable to the maintenance of order, police and public establishments. The population there is very industrious; every farmer, even the poorest, lives in independence."

"The company rose to depart. . . . The general conducted us; in leaving he said to me:

"I shall be very happy to see you at Mount Vernon; I shall be there in a few days; I hope you will come."

